

Interplay of magnetism, superconductivity and orbital order in 5-pocket FeSC's

Laura Classen

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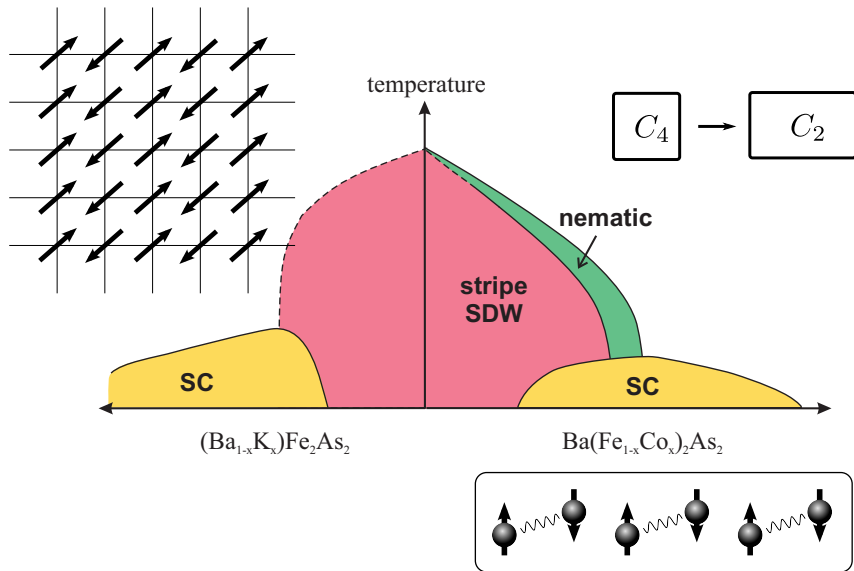
ERG 2016, Trieste

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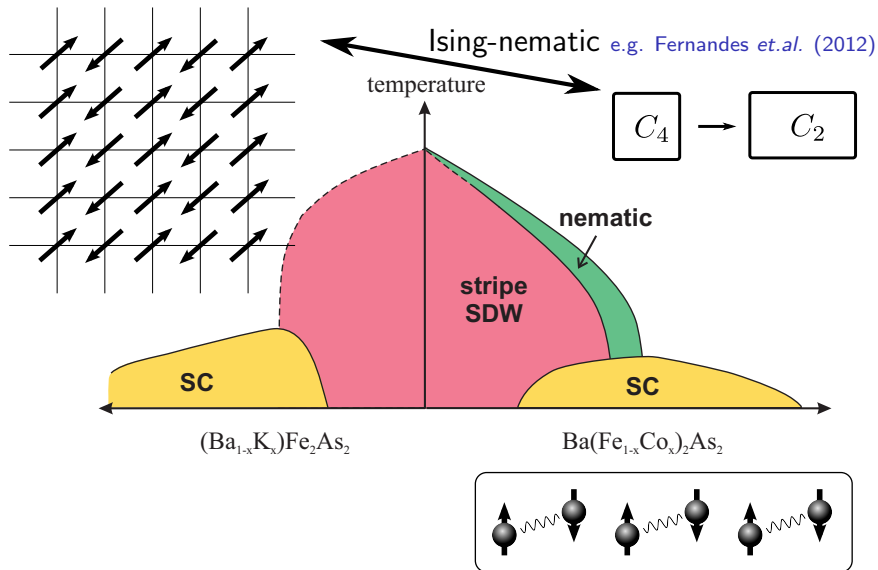


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Phase diagram

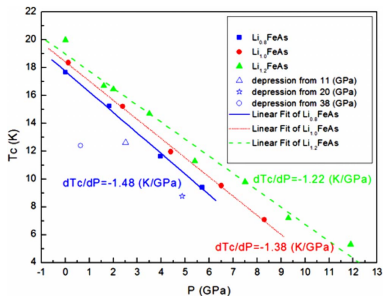


Phase diagram

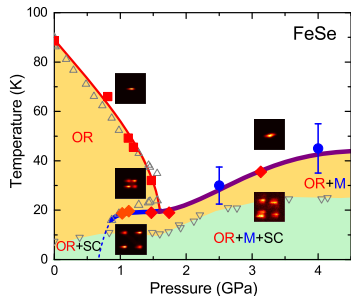


Phase diagram II

- E.g. LiFeAs and FeSe: no (stripe) SDW



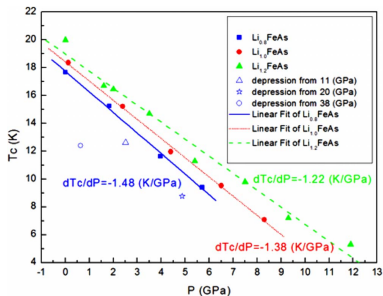
S.J. Zhang *et.al.* (2009)



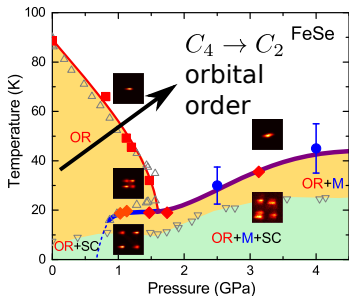
K. Kothapalli *et.al.* (2016)

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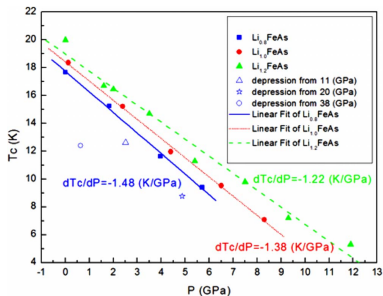
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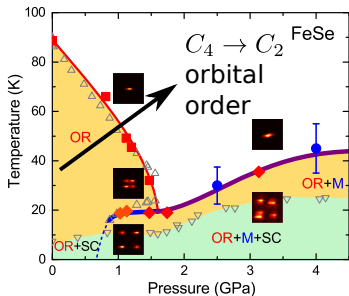
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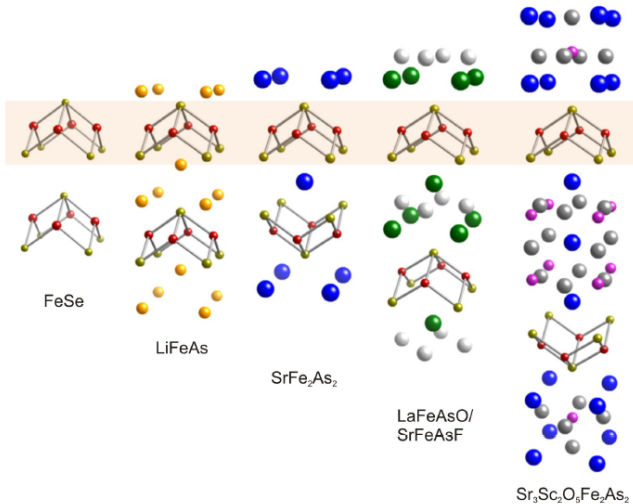


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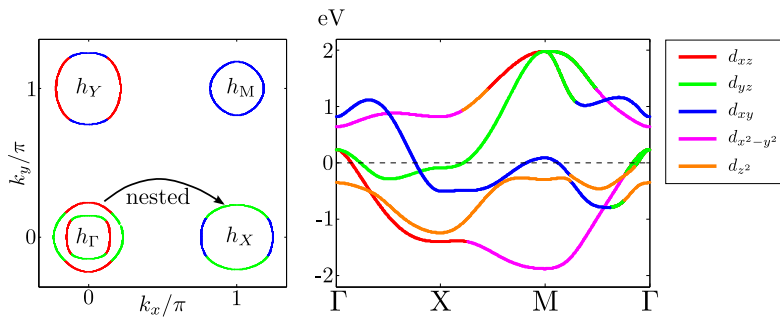
- Superconductivity without magnetism in parent compound?
- Origin of nematicity? Ising-nematic vs. orbital order?
- Connection between different FeSC's?

Structure

- Common iron-pnictogen or iron-chalogen plane

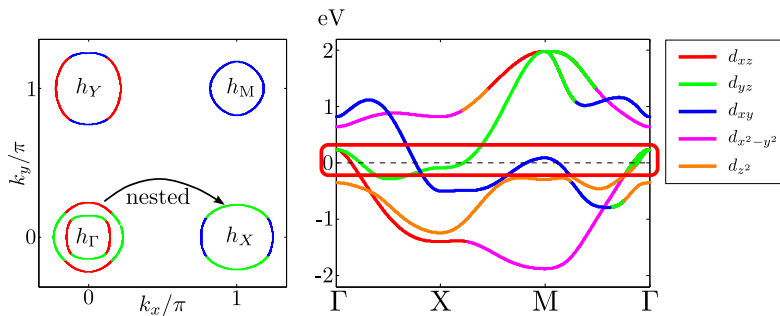


Band structure



H. Ikeda *et al.* (2010)

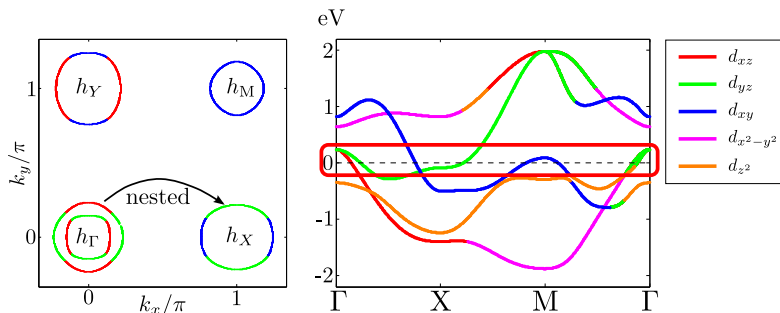
Band structure



H. Ikeda *et al.* (2010)

- Before: Band models as simplified descriptions

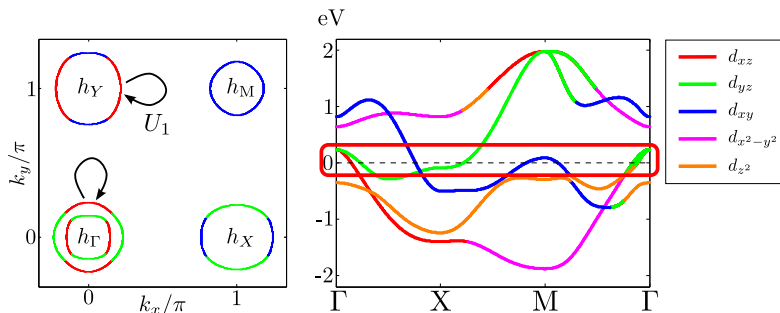
Band structure



H. Ikeda *et al.* (2010)

- Before: Band models as simplified descriptions
- Account for orbital dof's: 3 orbitals involved close to Fermi surfaces d_{xz} , d_{yz} , d_{xy}

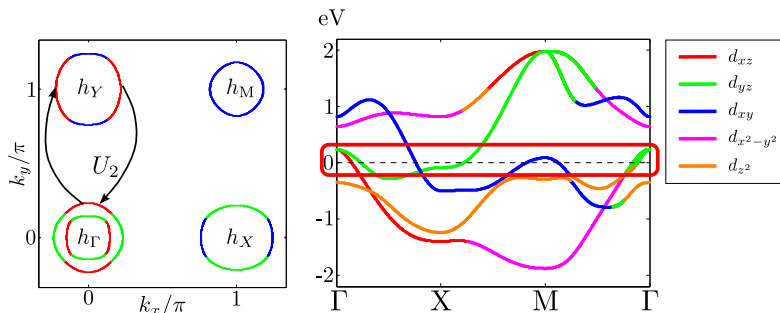
Band structure



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- Before: Band models as simplified descriptions
- Account for orbital dof's: 3 orbitals involved close to Fermi surfaces d_{xz} , d_{yz} , d_{xy}
- Plus all distinct interactions of low-energy orbital states (full model: 40 couplings)
- Start: onsite interactions U , U' , J , J'
- End: RG flow determines relevant processes

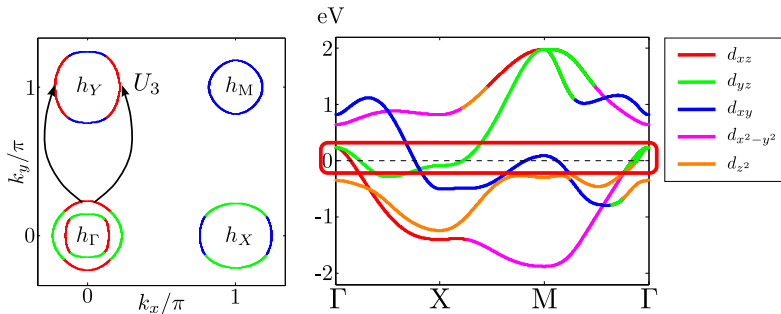
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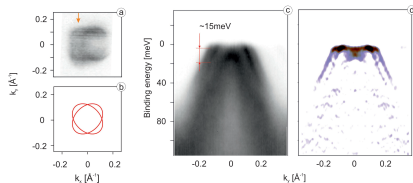


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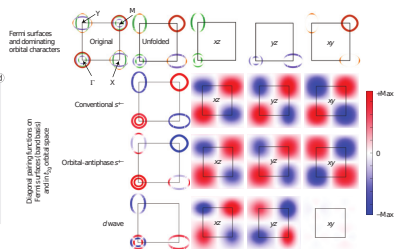
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Advantage: Account for orbital dof's

- Allows to describe orbital dependencies of different orders
- E.g. band splitting due to orbital order or orbital-antiphase s^{+-} SC



A. Fedorov *et al.* (2016)

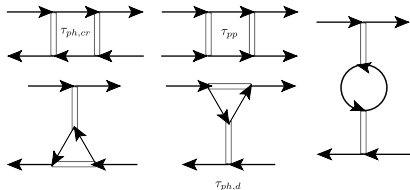


Yin *et al.* (2014)

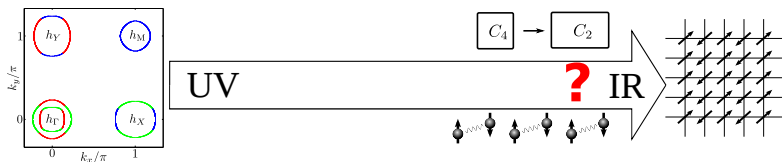
- Pomeranchuk orbital order: $n_{xz}(\Gamma) - n_{yz}(\Gamma) \neq 0$ explains band splitting at Γ

Parquet RG

- Describe scale evolution by progressively integrating out high-energy fermions
- Only 1-loop logarithmic contributions

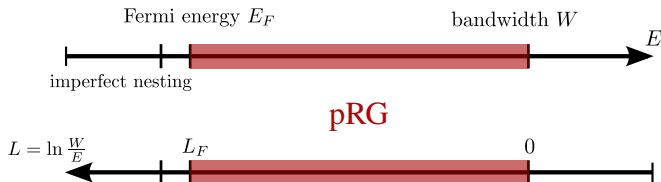


- Largest *susceptibility* determines winner of competing orders

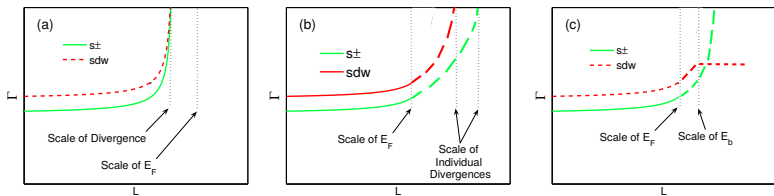


- Similar to patching fRG, but number of interactions is chosen by symmetry instead of number of FS patches
- Thomale, Platt, Hanke, Bernevig (2011)
- Advantage: Treat all instabilities on equal footing, analytically feasible

Hierarchy of energy scales



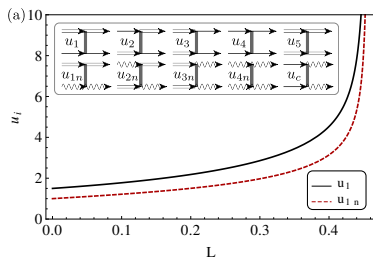
- PRG works above E_F , where channels are coupled
- Below E_F channels decouple \rightarrow RPA physics
- Deviations from nesting cut particle-hole instabilities



S. Maiti and A. Chubukov (2011)

Fixed trajectories

- Flow to strong coupling - Signals instability



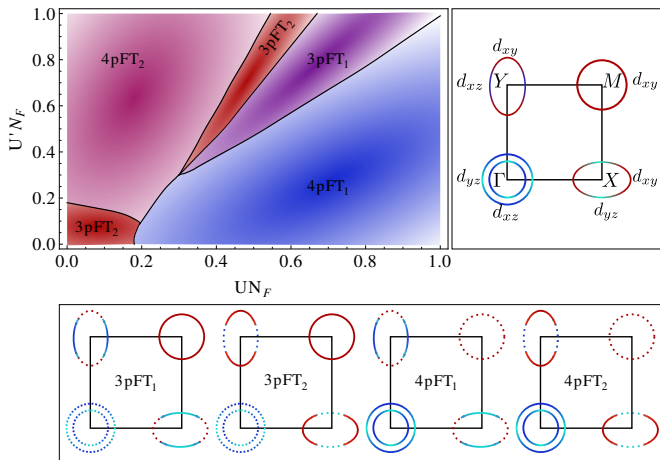
- Ratios of couplings tend to universal fixed values
- Fixed ratios \rightarrow Express all in terms of one dominant coupling

$$u_i = \gamma_i u_0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad u_0 \propto \frac{1}{L_0 - L}$$

- Fixed trajectory solution of $\beta_i = \partial_L \gamma_i = \frac{1}{u_i} (\partial_L u_i - \gamma_i \partial_L u_0) = 0$
- Stability matrix $\partial \beta_i / \partial \gamma_j |_{\gamma^*}$

Flow of full 5p model

- Simple fixed trajectories: decoupling into 4 or 3 pockets



- Basins of attraction depend on initial values U , U' , J , J' and quasiparticle masses

Does order develop? \rightarrow Susceptibilities

- Couplings on FT as input for vertices

$$\text{E.g. } \Gamma_{SDW}^M = e_X^\dagger \sigma h_M + h_M^\dagger \sigma e_X$$

$$\delta\Gamma_{SDW}^M = \Gamma_{SDW}^M U_{1n} + \Gamma_{SDW}^M U_{3n}$$

- Susceptibilities

$$\delta\chi_{SDW} = \text{Diagram with } \Gamma_{SDW}^2 \text{ and a wavy line}$$

- Vertex flows like $\Gamma_i \propto (L_0 - L)^{-\beta}$

$$\Rightarrow \chi_i \propto \int_L dL' \Gamma_i^2(L') \propto (L_0 - L)^{1-2\beta}$$

- Order only develops if $\beta > \frac{1}{2}$ for $T_{ins} > E_F$

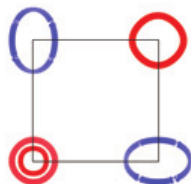
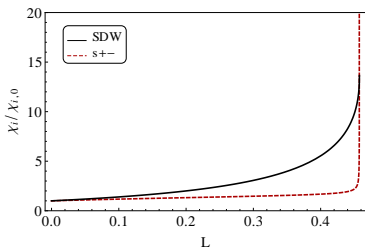
Superconductivity without magnetism?

- On stable fixed trajectories

$$4\text{-pocket: } \beta_{SDW} = 0.30 \quad \beta_{SC} = 0.86$$

$$3\text{-pocket: } \beta_{SDW} = 0.43 \quad \beta_{SC} = 0.72$$

- \Rightarrow If E_F small enough, SC wins over magnetism
cf. also Thomale, Platt, Hanke, Bernevig (2011)

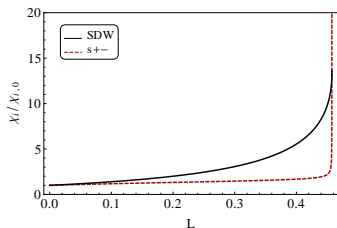


- SC is of s^{+-} type (Orbital antiphase s^{+-} subleading)
- Gap magnitudes on hole pockets differ for flow to 3 and 4 pocket model

Type of magnetism and origin of nematicity

Flow to 3 pocket model

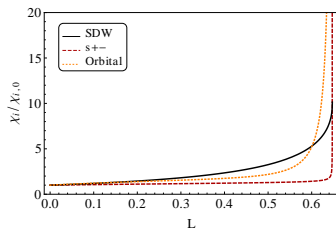
- If $E_{ins} > E_F$



- No orbital order at Γ

Flow to 4 pocket model

- Orbital order wins competition

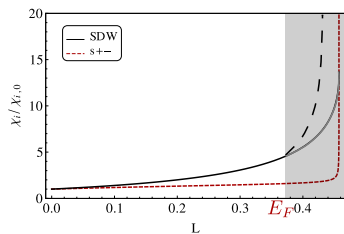


*Eremin, Chubukov (2014): Fernandes, Chubukov, Khodas (2016)

Type of magnetism and origin of nematicity

Flow to 3 pocket model

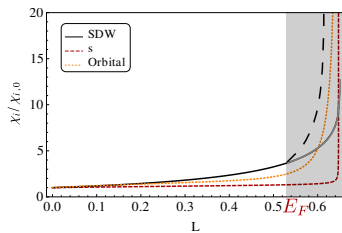
- If $E_{ins} > E_F$ If $E_{ins} < E_F$



- No orbital order at Γ
- Ginzburg-Landau*: stripe SDW
→ Ising-nematic order

* Eremin, Chubukov (2014); Fernandes, Chubukov, Khodas (2016)

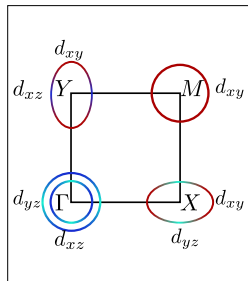
Flow to 4 pocket model



- Orbital order wins competition
- checkerboard SDW
→ no nematic order

Conclusion

- PRG flow of full 5-pocket low-energy model for FeSC's analyzed
- Amazingly simple fixed trajectories: decoupling into 3-pocket or 4-pocket model
- Same microscopic model provides 2 different scenarios for SC



e.g. BaFe_2As_2 with $E_F > E_{ins}$

- Stripe SDW in parent compounds
- SC upon doping
- Ising-nematic order

e.g. LiFeAs , FeSe with $E_F < E_{ins}$

- Superconductivity without magnetism in parent compound
- Orbital Order possible

See also: LC, Xing, Khodas, Chubukov submitted

First simplified model: Chubukov, Khodas, Fernandes arXiv:1602:05503

Role of weakly unstable fixed trajectories: Xing, LC, Khodas, Chubukov in preparation