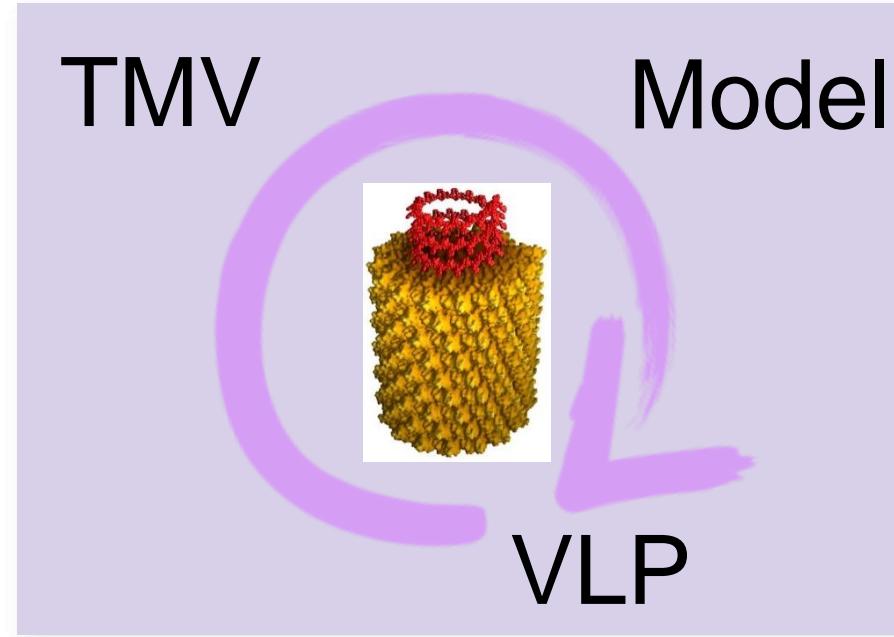


Self-Assembly Dynamics of Linear Virus-like Particles: Theory and Experiment



Paul van der Schoot



Technische Universiteit
Eindhoven
University of Technology

Universiteit Utrecht



Collaborators

Experiments



Armando
Hernandez-Garcia



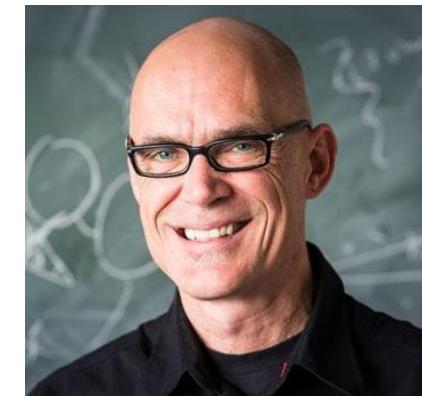
Renko
de Vries



Daniela
Kraft



Melle
Punter



Willem
Kegel



Universiteit Leiden

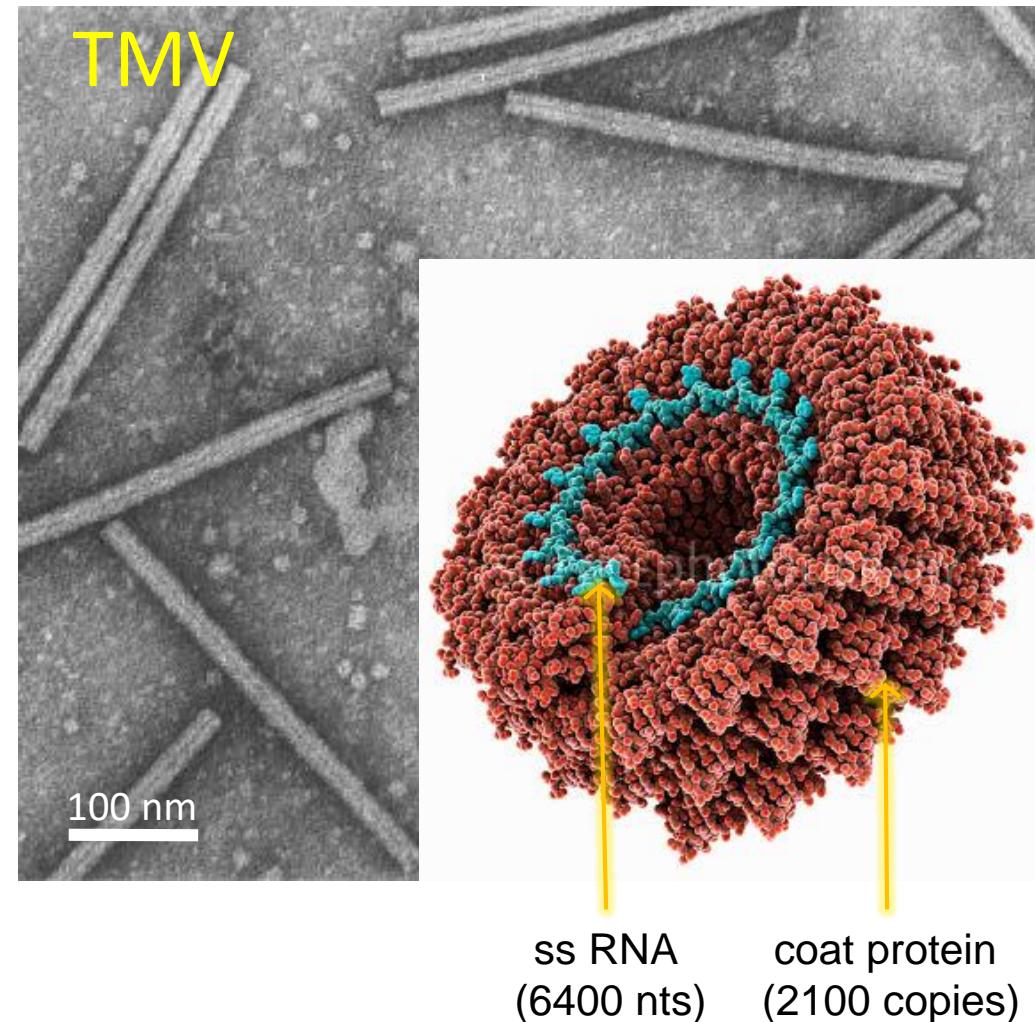
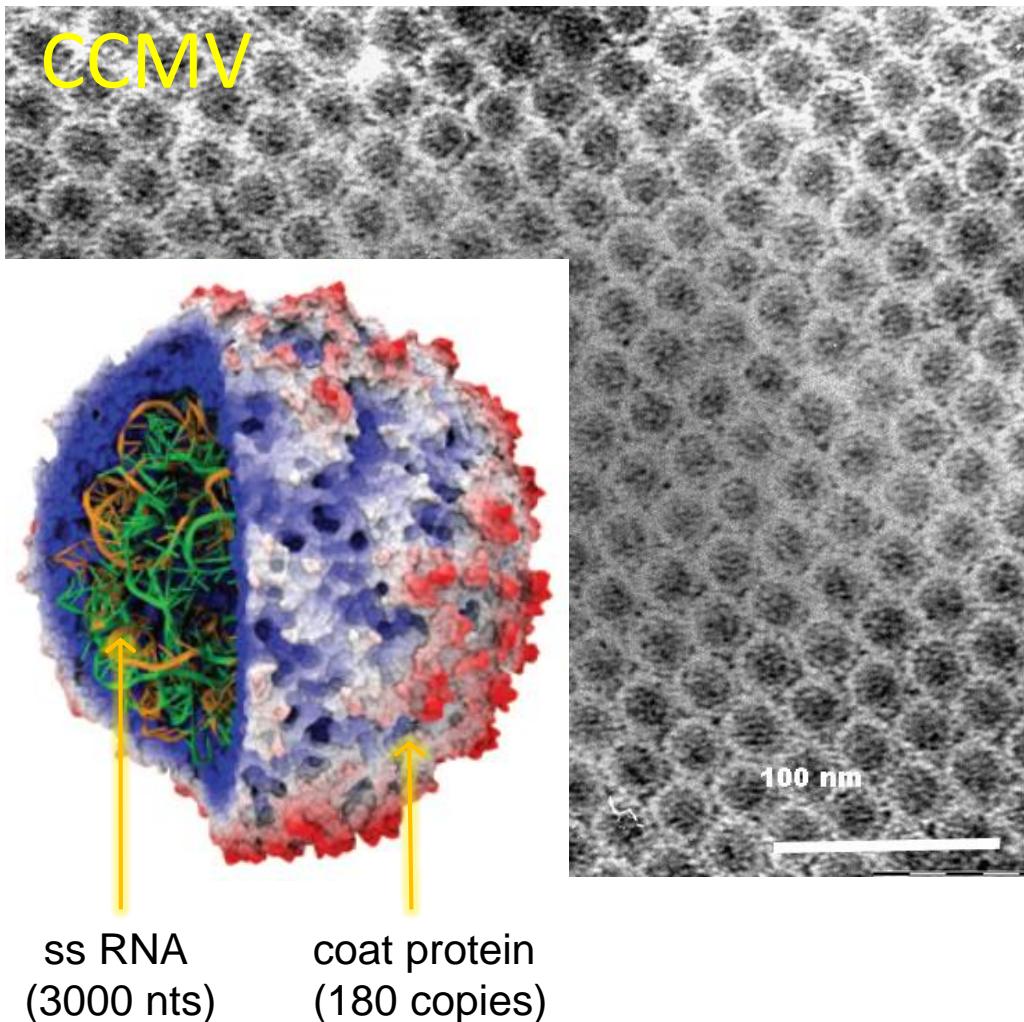


Universiteit Utrecht

Funding:

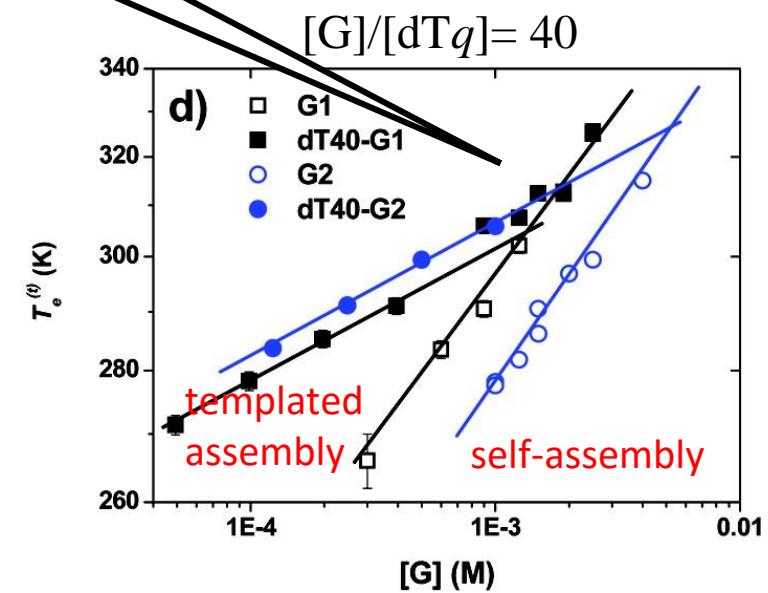
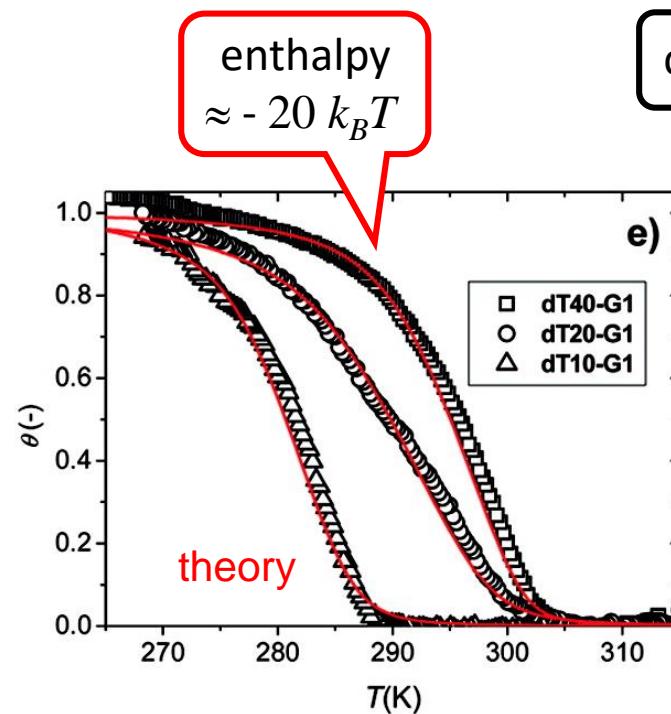
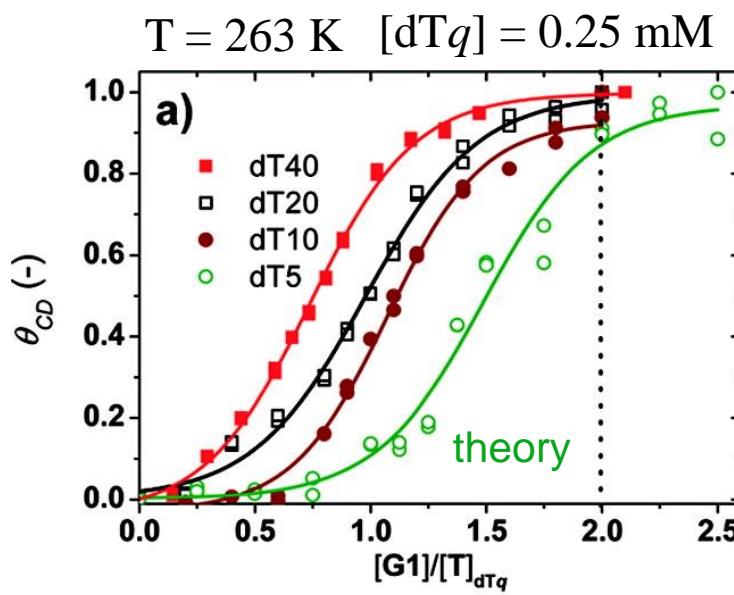
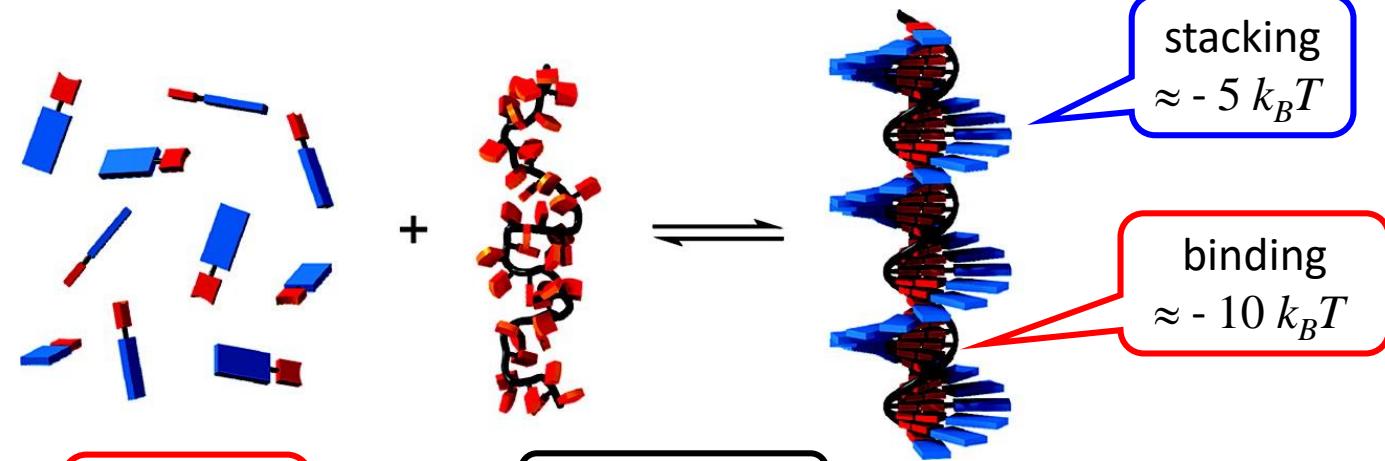
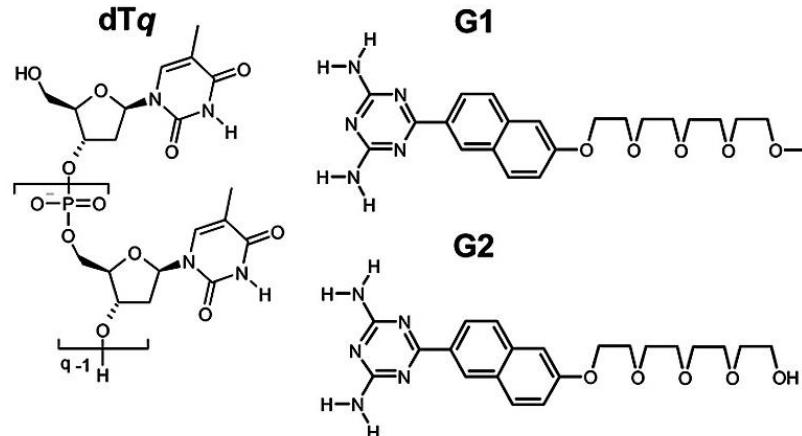


Simple viruses

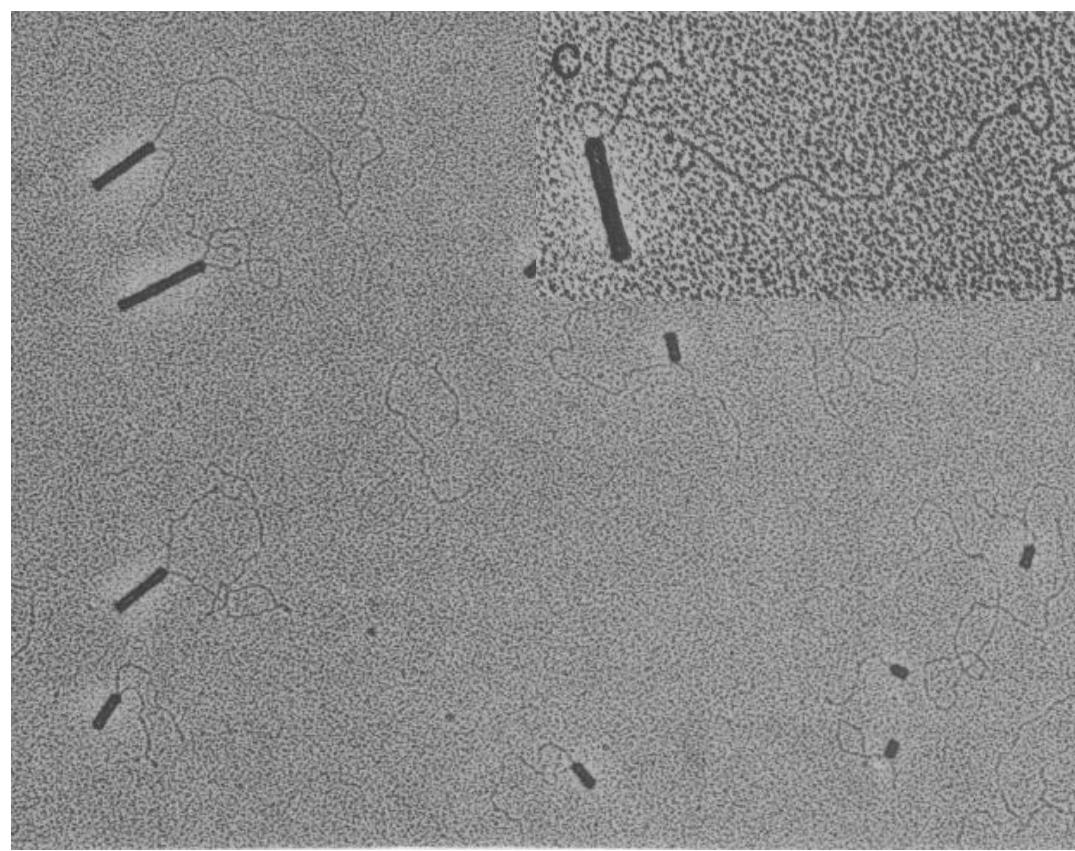
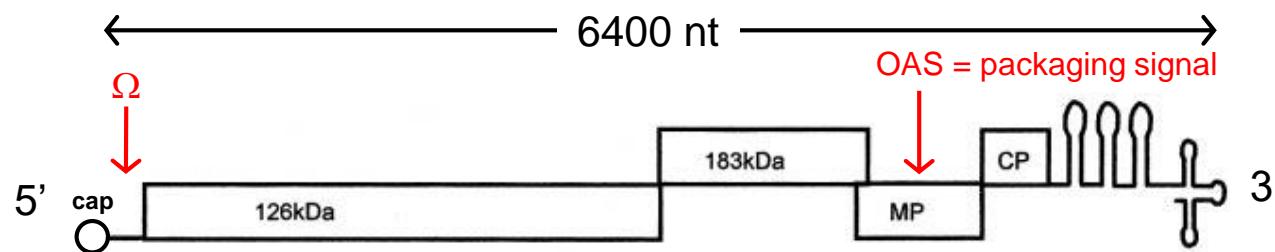


www.apsn.org/edcenter/introppl/lessons/viruses/pages/tobacкомосаic.aspx

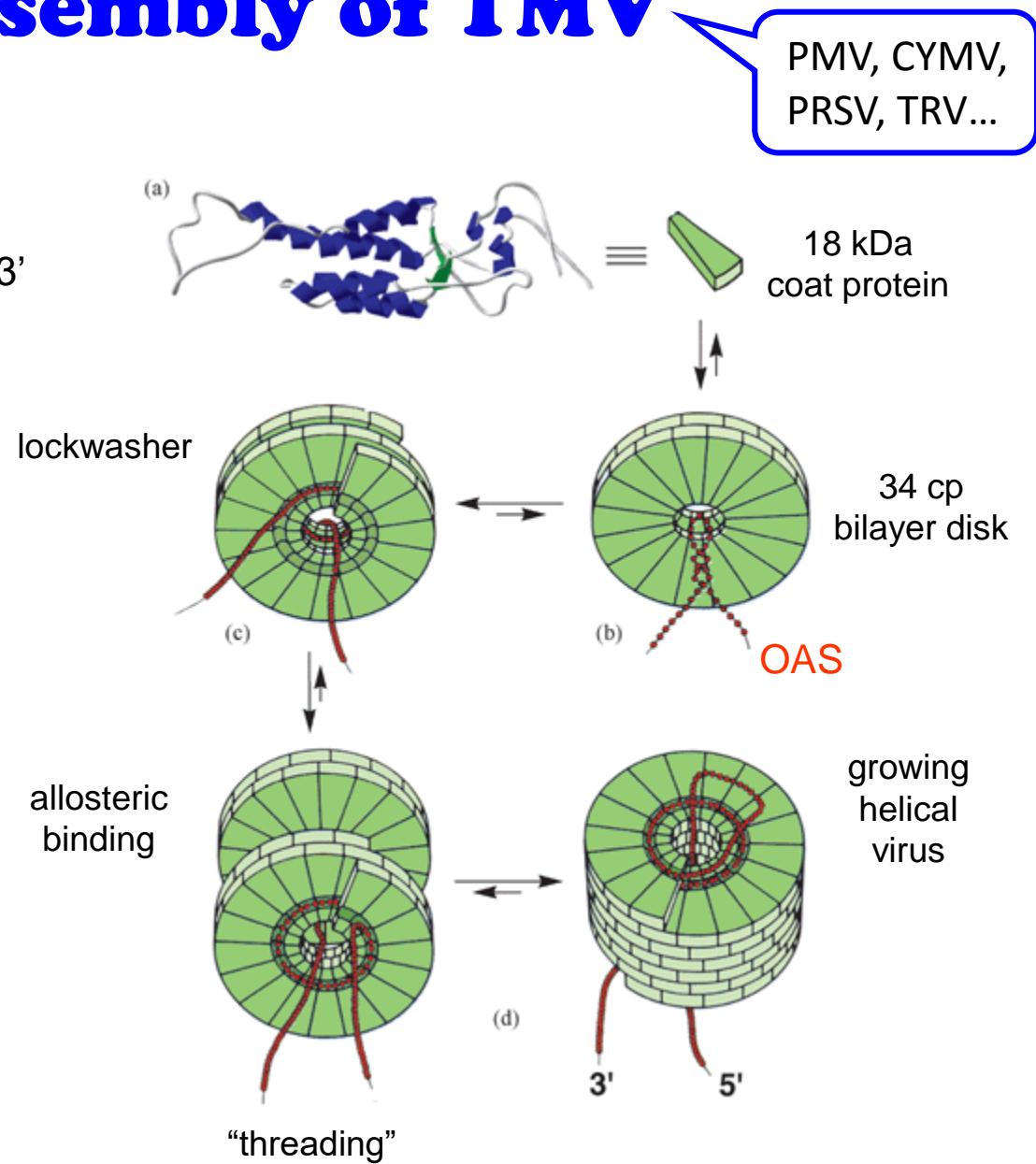
Random templated assembly?



Directional self-assembly of TMV

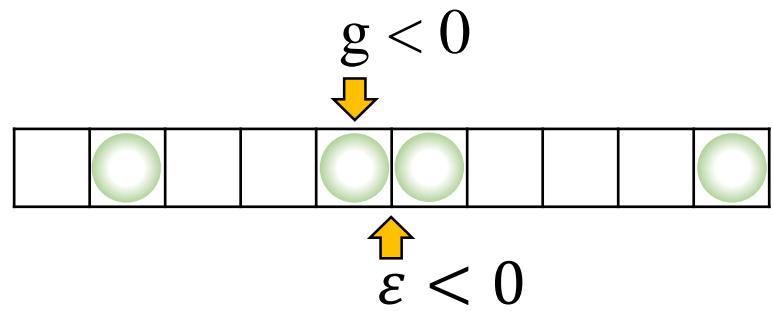


Lebeurier et al. PNAS 74 (1977), 149.



Engineering directional assembly

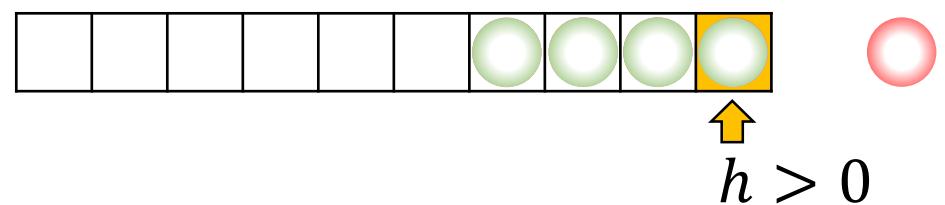
random
templated
assembly



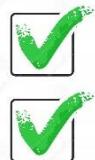
binding → templated assembly
interaction → co-operativity
→ self-assembly



directional
templated
assembly

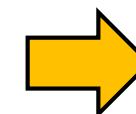


switching → suppresses self-assembly
allostery → co-operativity



statistical
mechanics

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mass action} \rightarrow S = \phi_P \exp[-\varepsilon - g] \equiv \phi_P / \phi_P^* \\ \text{stoichiometry} \rightarrow \lambda = \phi_T / \phi_P \\ \text{co-operativity} \rightarrow \sigma = \exp[-h + \varepsilon] \end{array} \right.$$



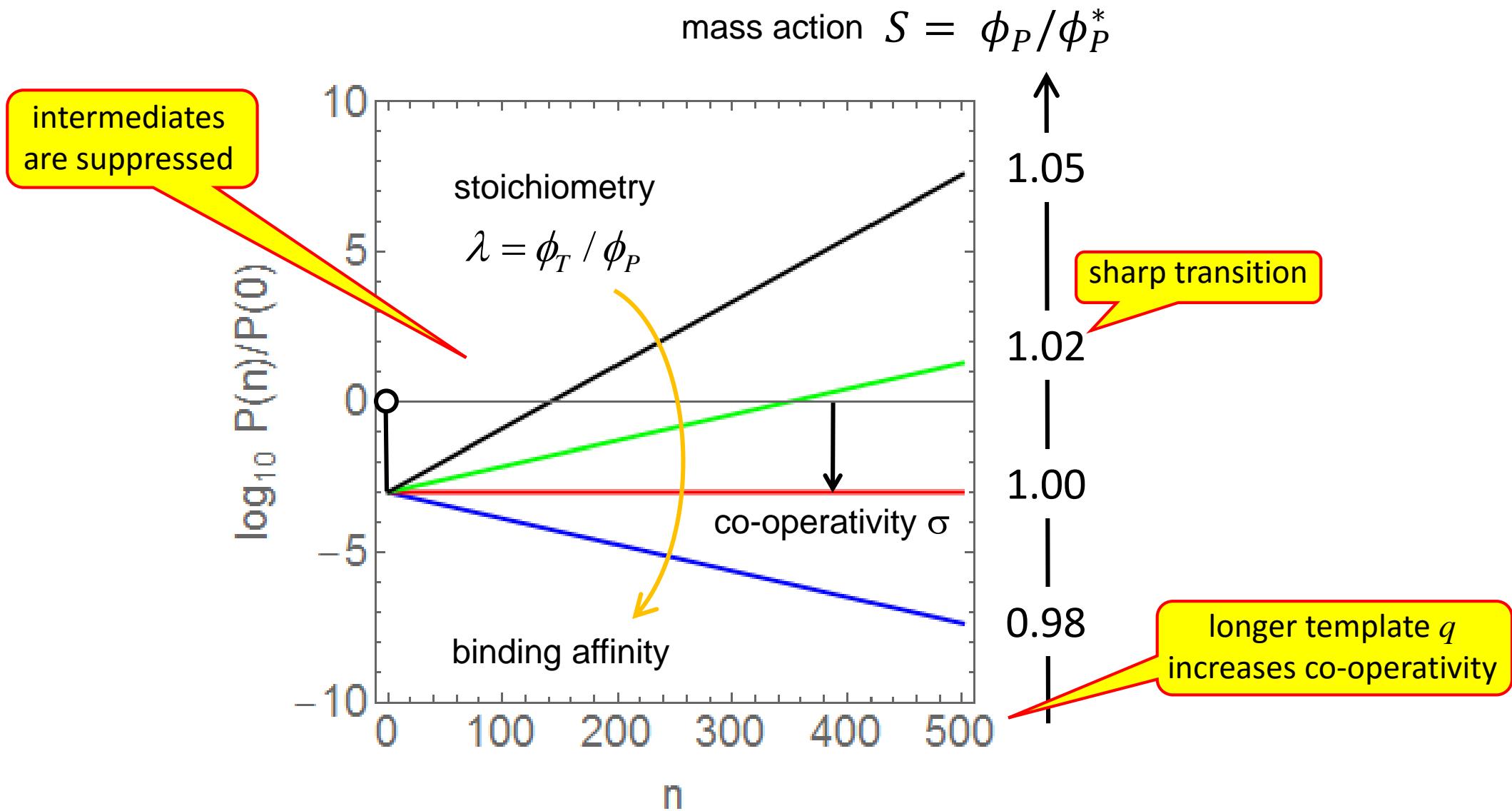
equilibrium distribution $P(n)$

rate
equations

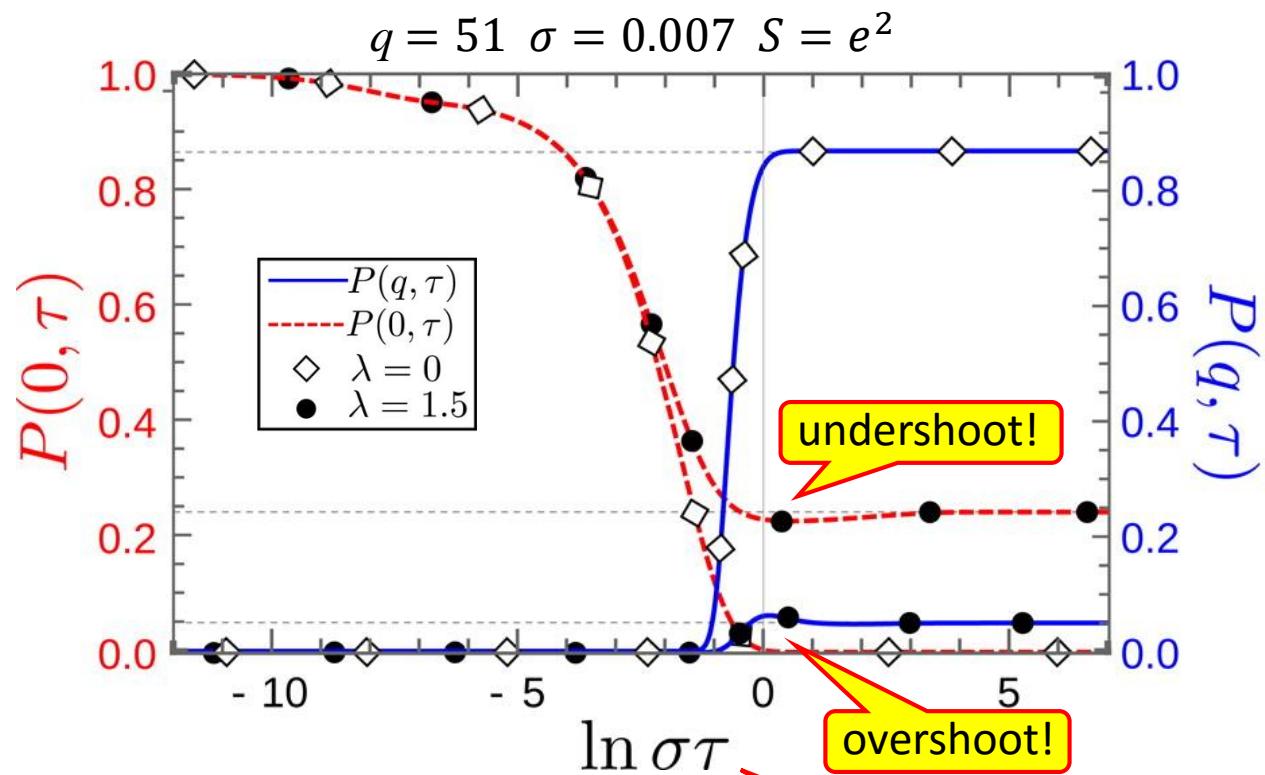
$$k_-(n) = k_+ \cancel{\exp[g + \varepsilon + (h - \varepsilon)\delta_{n,1}]} \quad \Rightarrow$$

non-equilibrium distribution $P(n, t)$

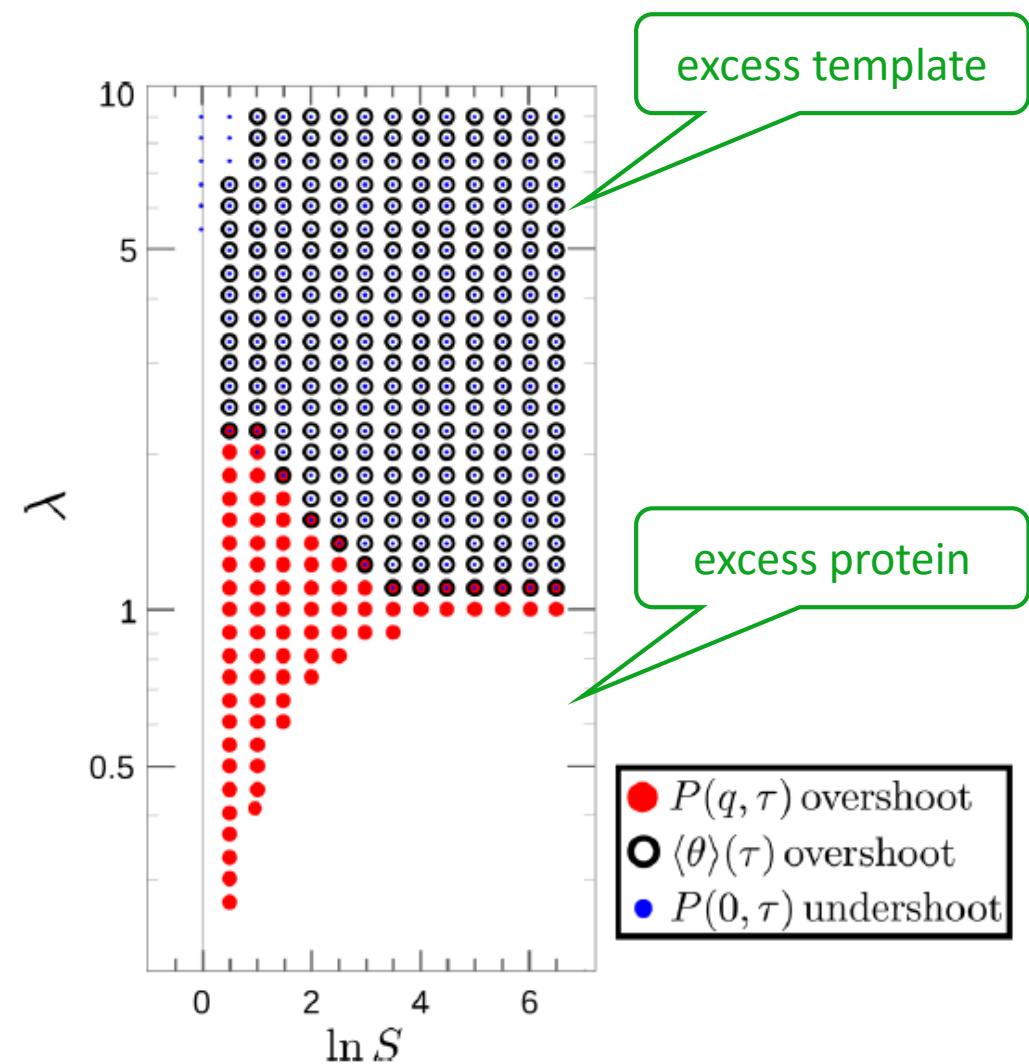
The advantages of zipping...



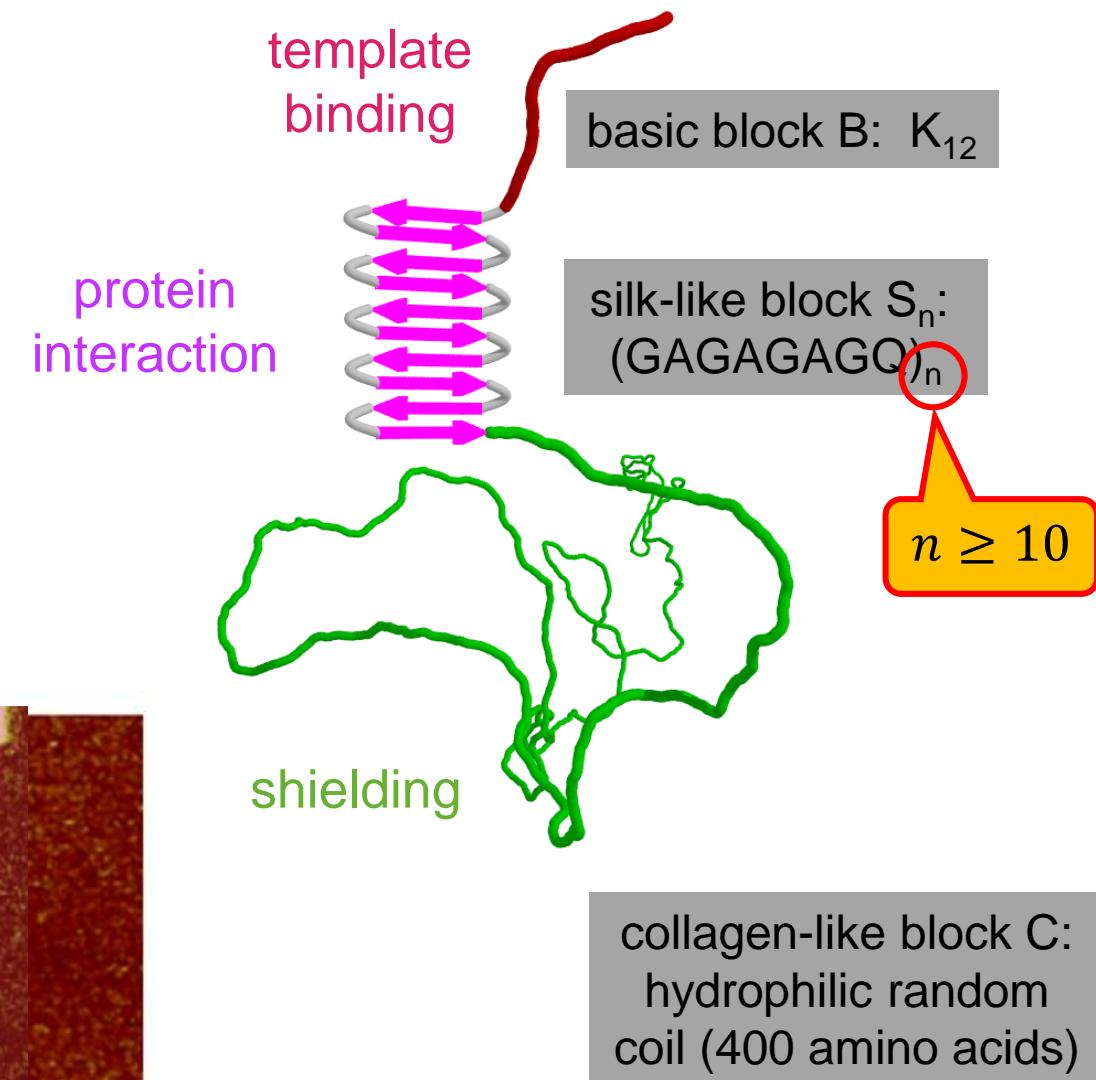
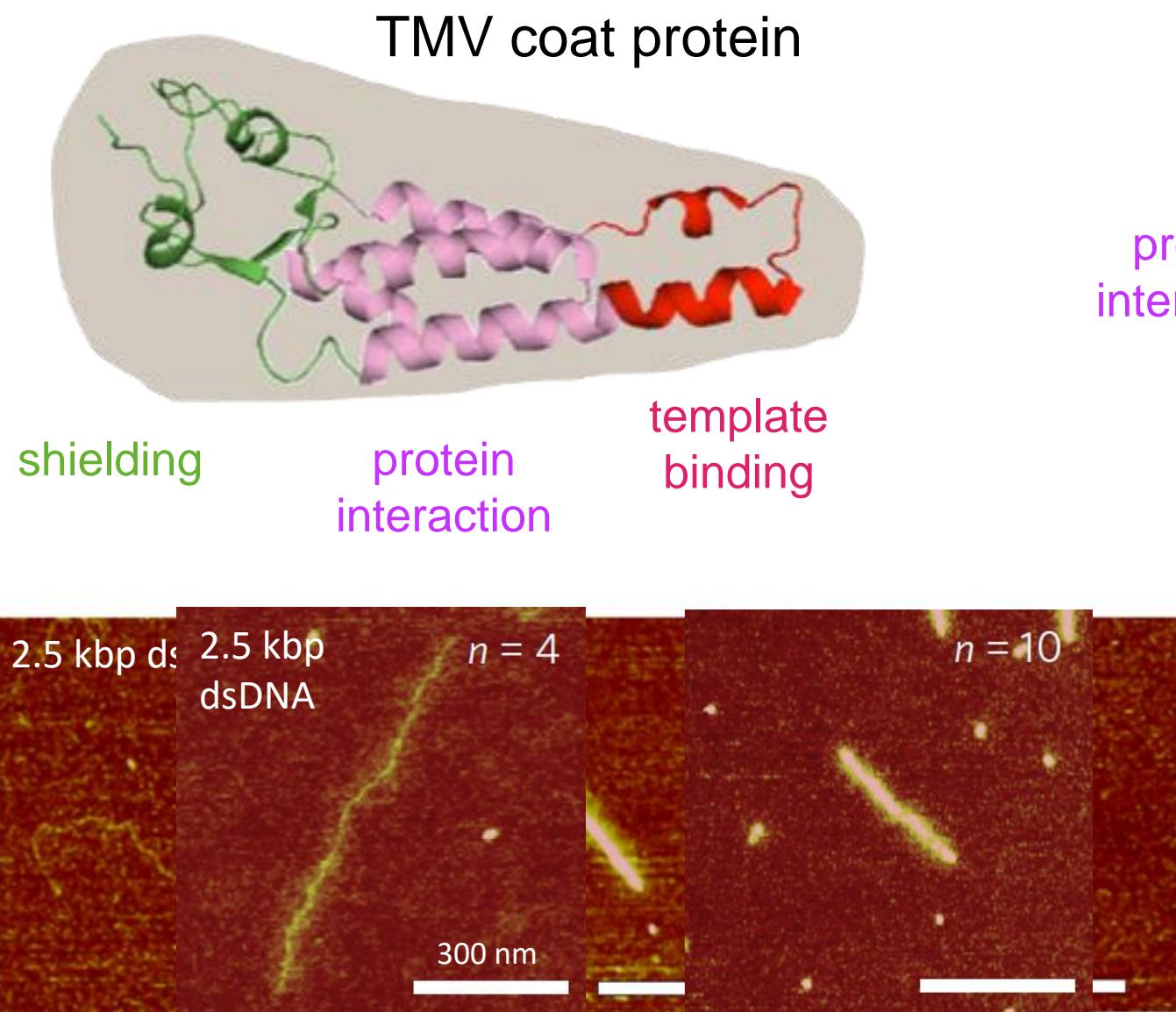
Zipper dynamics



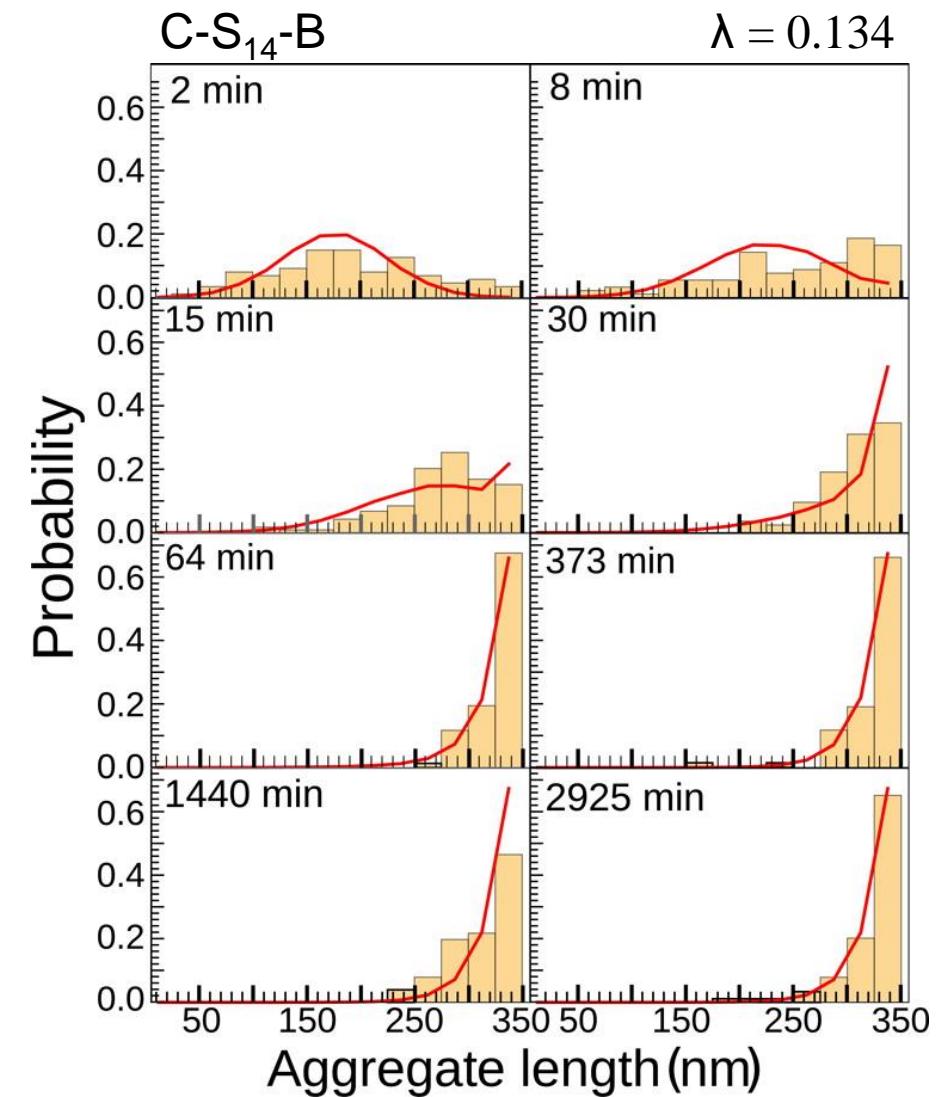
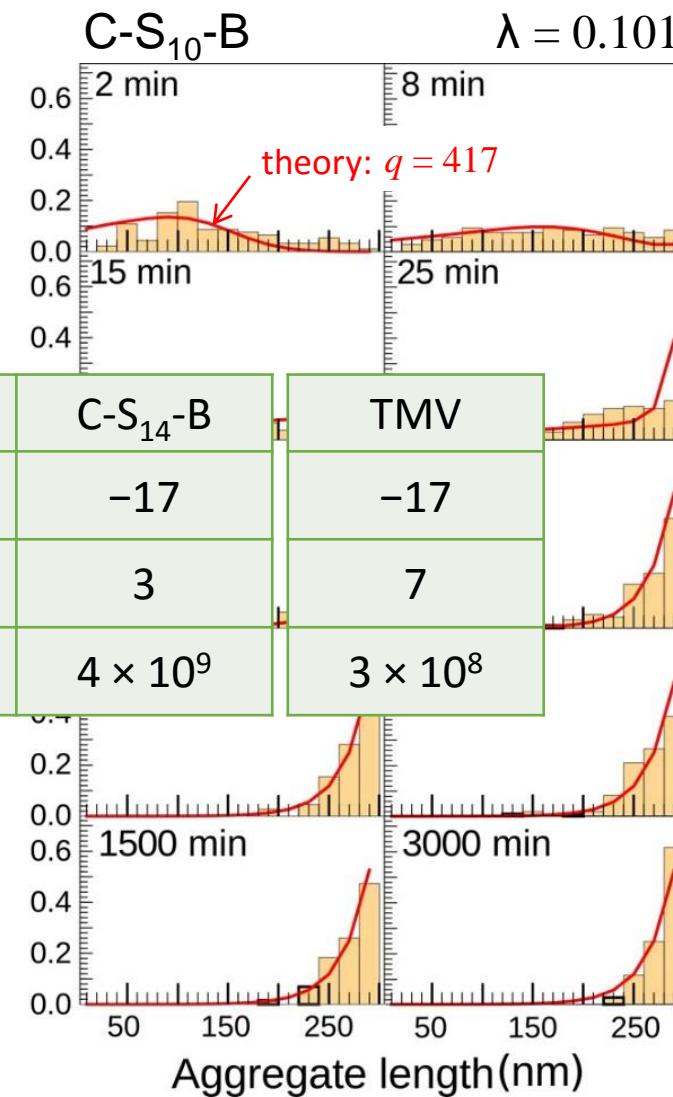
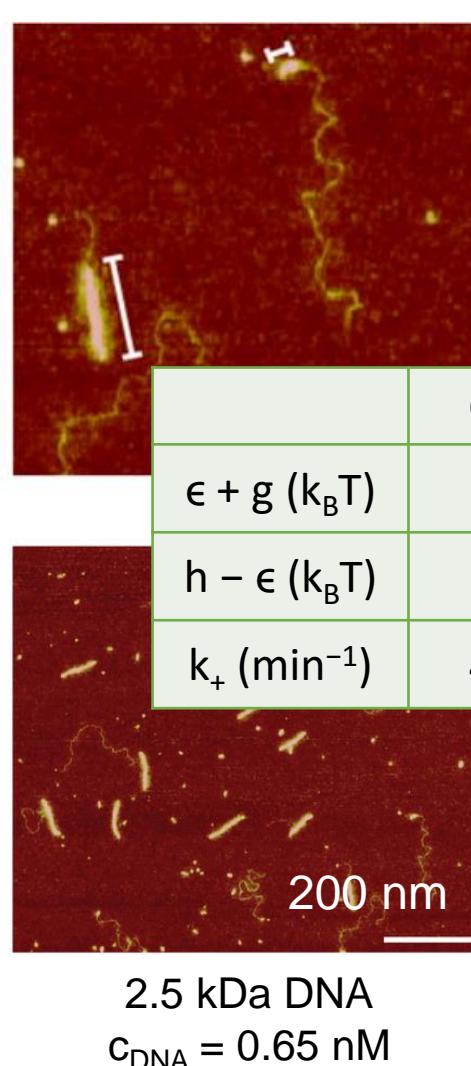
$$\tau \equiv k_+ \phi_P t$$



Our model triblock coat protein C-S_n-B

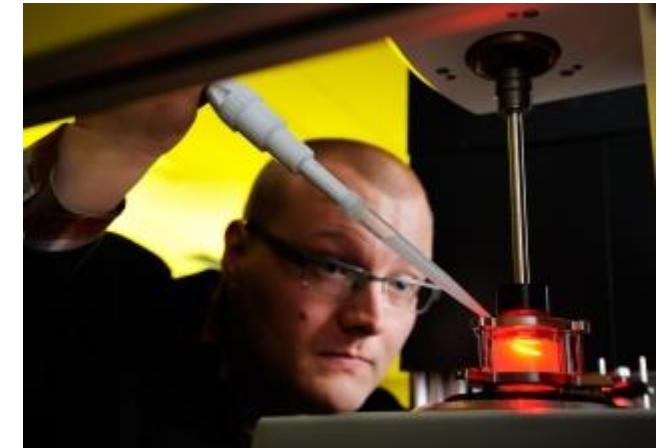
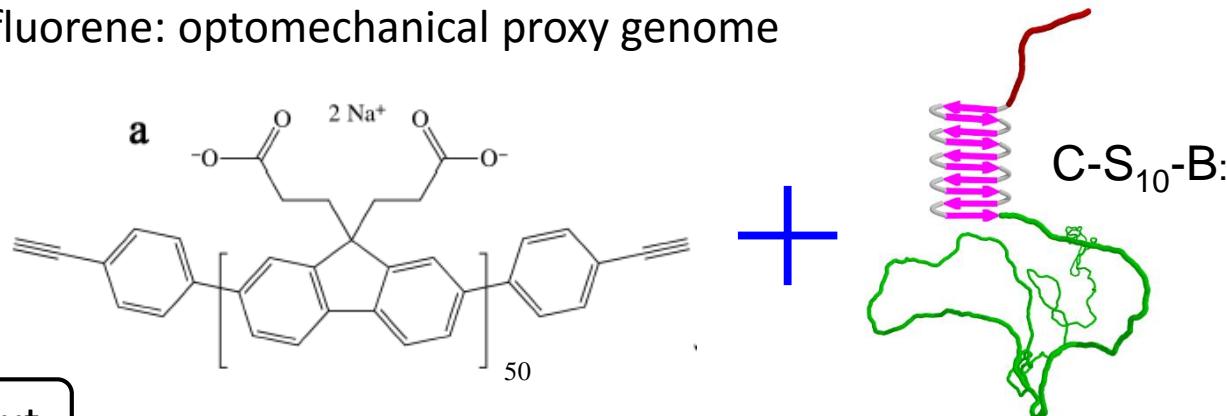


Comparison with experiments

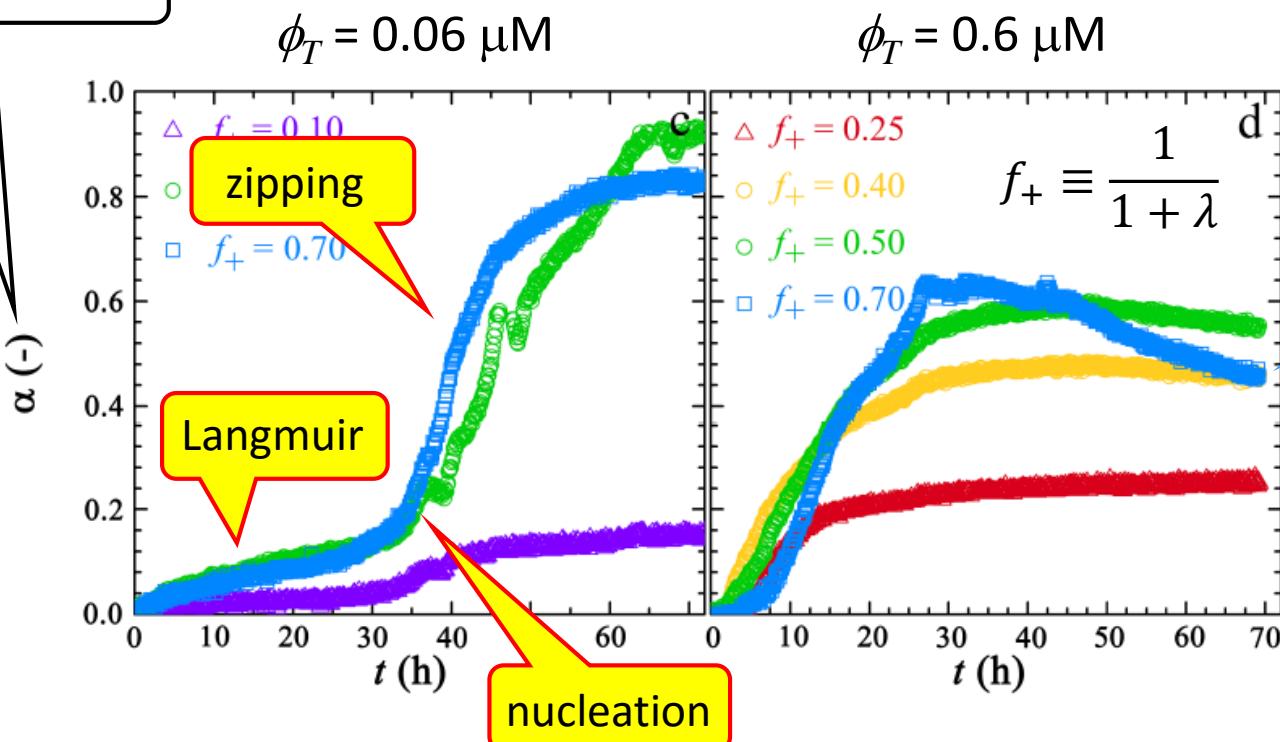


Things get yet more complicated...

polyfluorene: optomechanical proxy genome

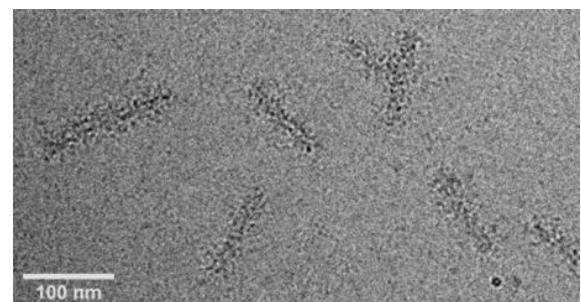


fraction taut



Joris Sprakel
WAGENINGEN UNIVERSITY
WAGENINGEN UR

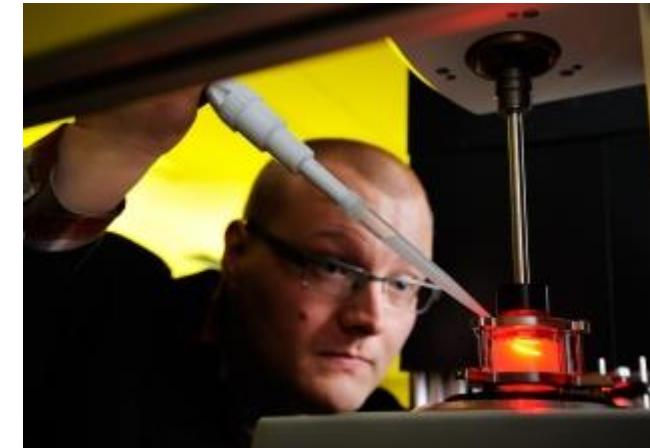
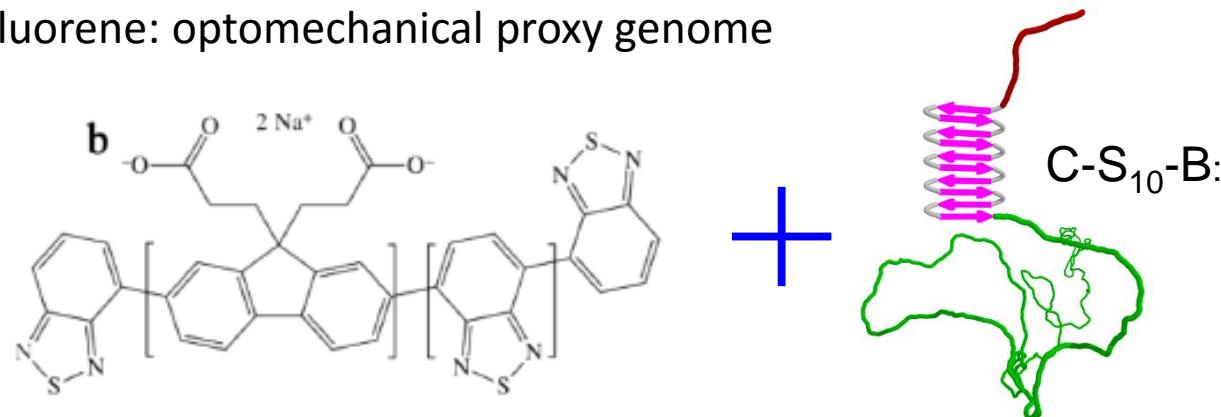
Garcia-Hernandez et al. *Nature Nano* 9 (2014), 698.



- parasitic self-assembly
- co-assembly templates

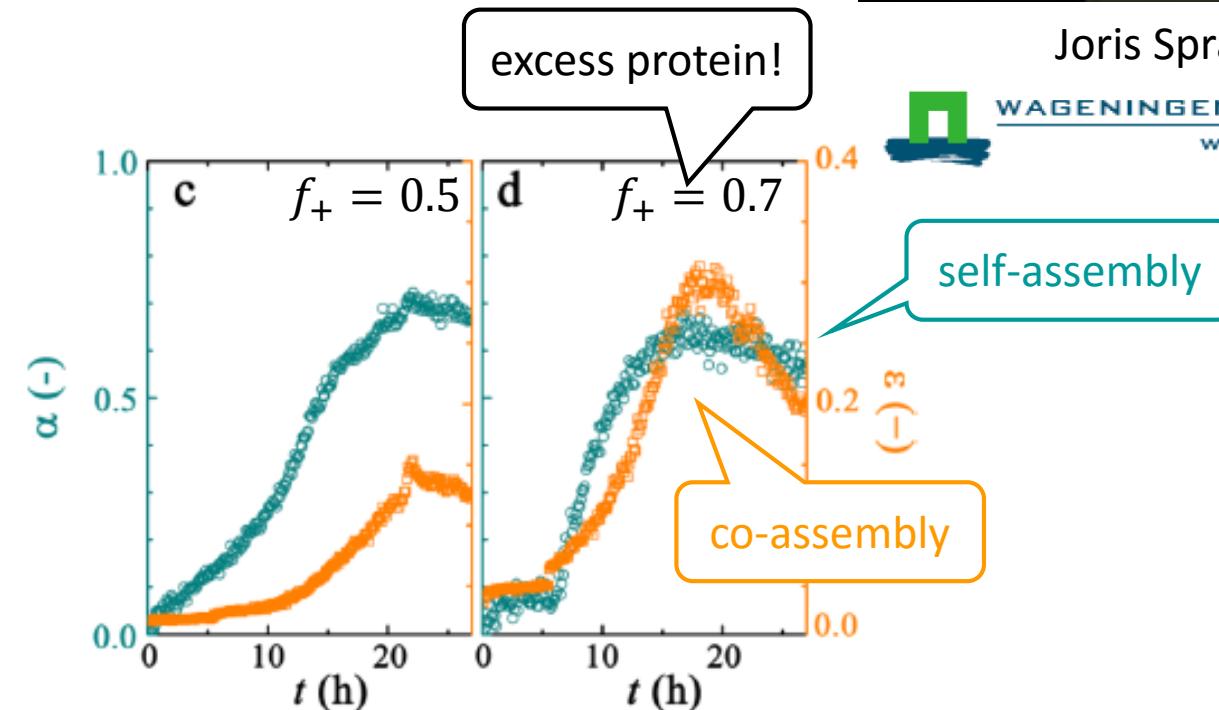
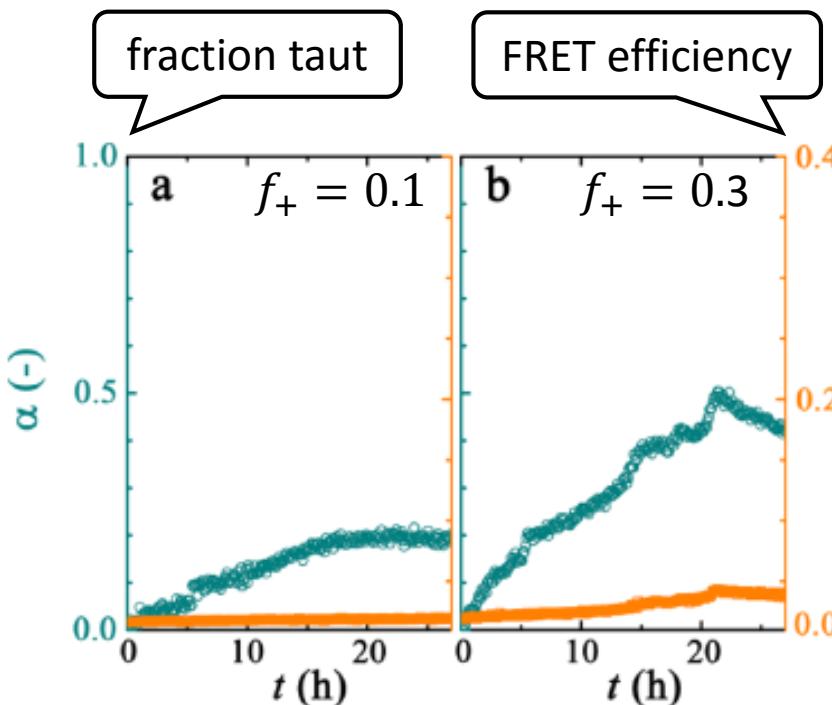
Things get yet more complicated...

polyfluorene: optomechanical proxy genome

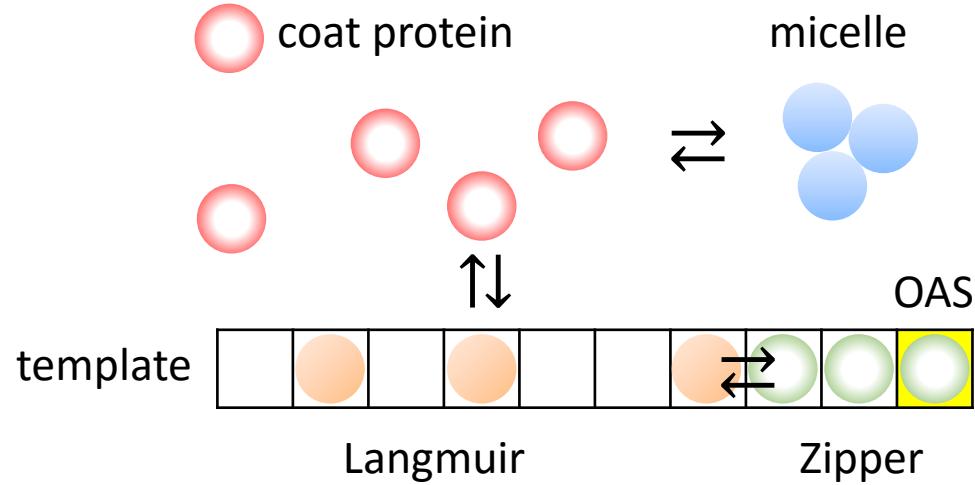


Joris Sprakel

WAGENINGEN UNIVERSITY
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Langmuir, Zipper & Micelle dynamics...



Sander Kuipers
Universiteit Utrecht



critical concentrations

$$\phi_{P,Z}^* = e^{-12}$$
$$\phi_{P,L}^* = e^{-11}$$
$$\phi_{P,M}^* = e^{-9}$$

mass action

$$\phi_P / \phi_{P,Z}^* = e^2$$
$$\lambda = 0.2$$

aggregate sizes

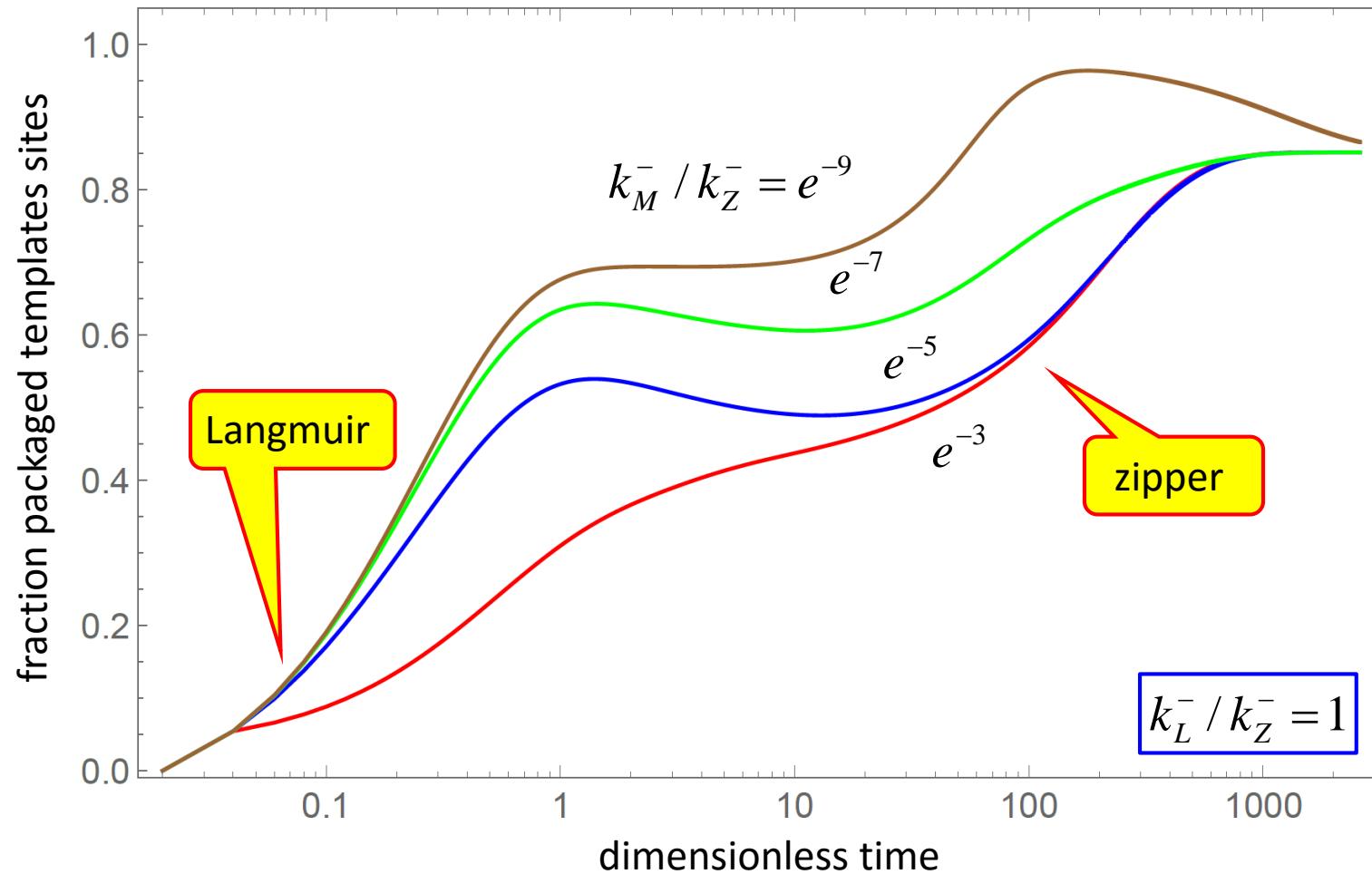
$$q_T = 50$$
$$q_M = 5$$

co-operativity

$$\sigma = 0$$

excess protein!

Langmuir, Zipper & Micelle dynamics...



Sander Kuipers
Universiteit Utrecht



Conclusions

- Protein polymers can be designed to mimic coat proteins of linear viruses
- Our model triblock protein co-polymer successfully encapsulates DNA
- Allostery and directional assembly seem crucial ingredients
- The kinetic zipper model describes the time evolution of the encapsulation of DNA
- We predict over- & undershooting under conditions of excess DNA
- Overshooting under conditions of excess of protein may occur in competition with micellisation