



Air Pollution Mitigation

How to evaluate the best strategies ?



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French National Institute for Industrial Environment and Risks

Integrated Environmental Health Impact Assessment

of Air Pollution and Climate Change in Mediterranean Areas

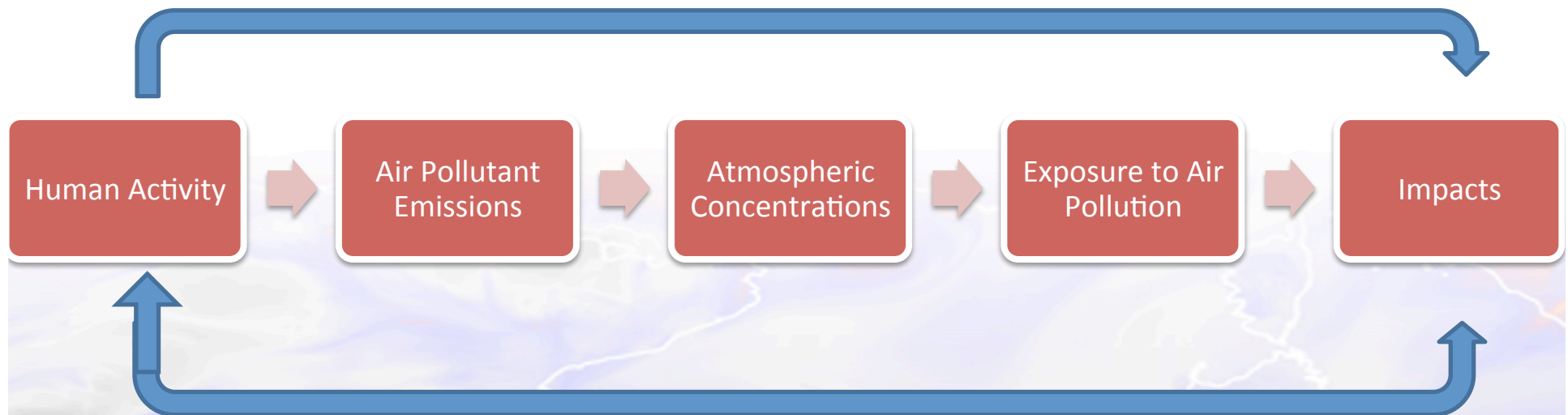
International Centre for Theoretical Physics, Trieste, Italy 23-27 April, 2018

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pour un développement durable |

Integrated Assessment: optimisation problem

Successive testing different scenarios (« trial & error »)



Two-way « optimisation »: GAINS approach



Overview

- Using Air Quality Models for Decision Support
 - Assessment
 - Long-term (climate)
 - Mid-term (2020-2030)
 - Forecast (days)
 - Trigger short term mitigation measures
 - Raise awareness about the need of long term mitigation



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Air quality under climate change

Climate drives meteorological condition conducive to air pollution episodes (heat waves, scavenging, ...)

Climate Change

Air Pollution

Some air pollutants have an impact on climate (ozone, black carbon, etc...)

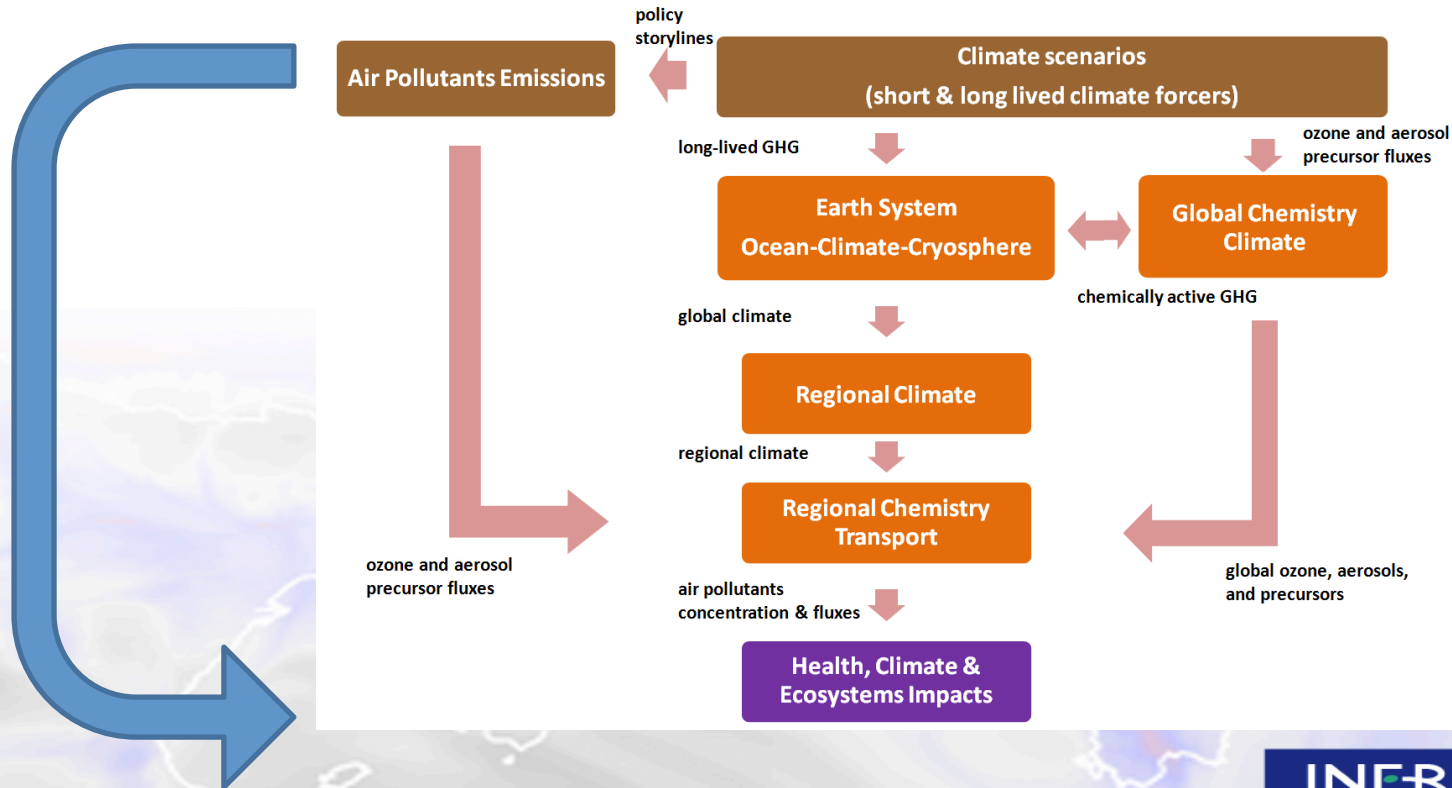
Atmospheric mitigation policies have an impact on both climate and air quality

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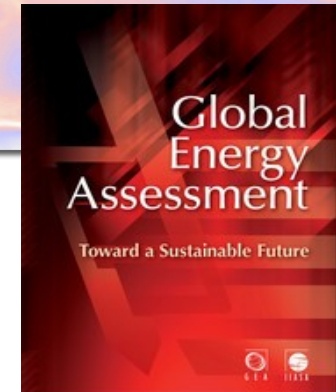
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Air quality under climate change

Cost
Benefit
Analysis

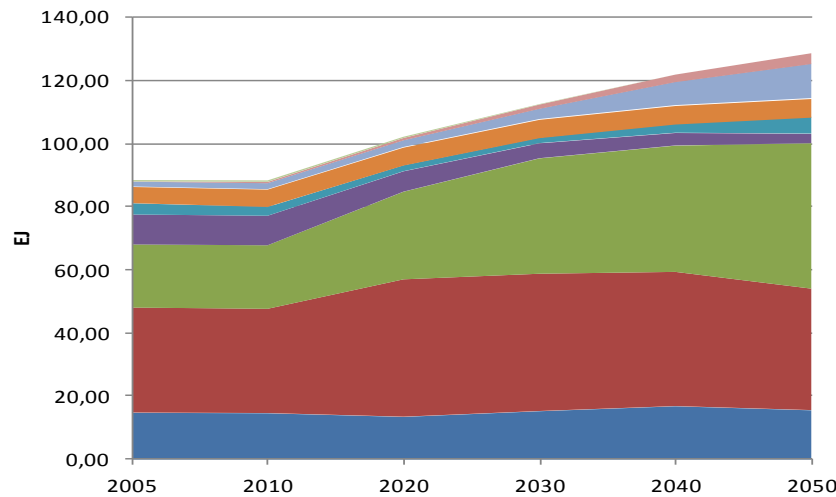


Emission projections

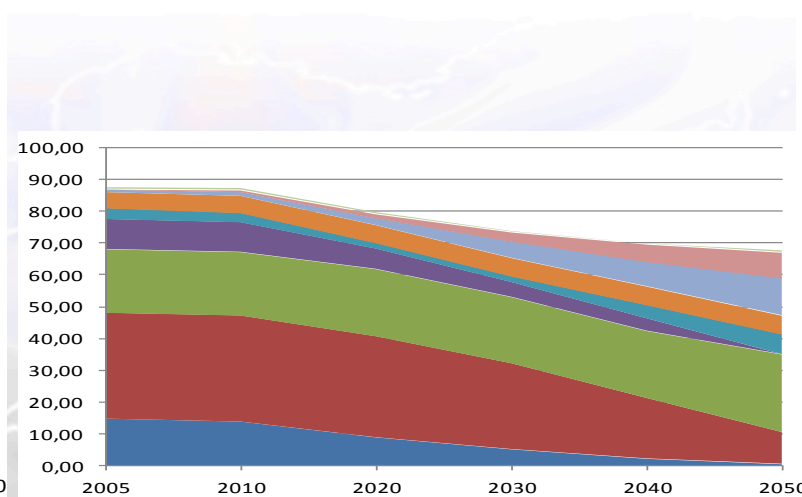


- The global energy assessment of the International Energy Agency (2012)
- Primary energy consumption in Europe:

Business as usual



Mitigation



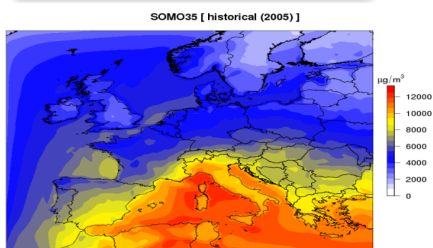
- GEOTHERMAL
- SOLAR
- WIND
- HYDRO
- BIOMASS
- NUCLEAR
- GAS
- OIL
- COAL

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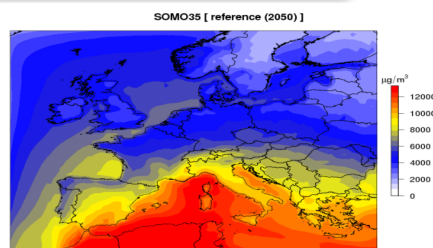
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Future Air Quality: SOMO35 (sum of O3max > 35ppb)

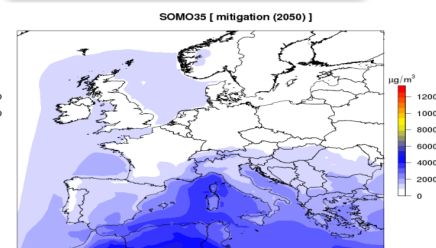
Historical



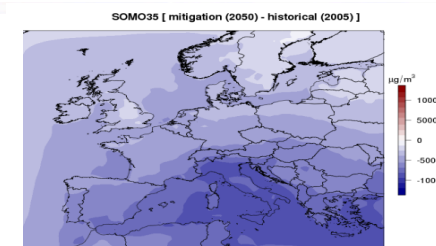
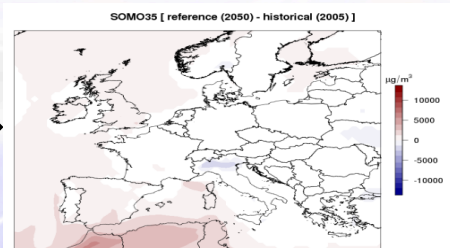
2050 Reference



2050 Mitigation



Difference
%
historical

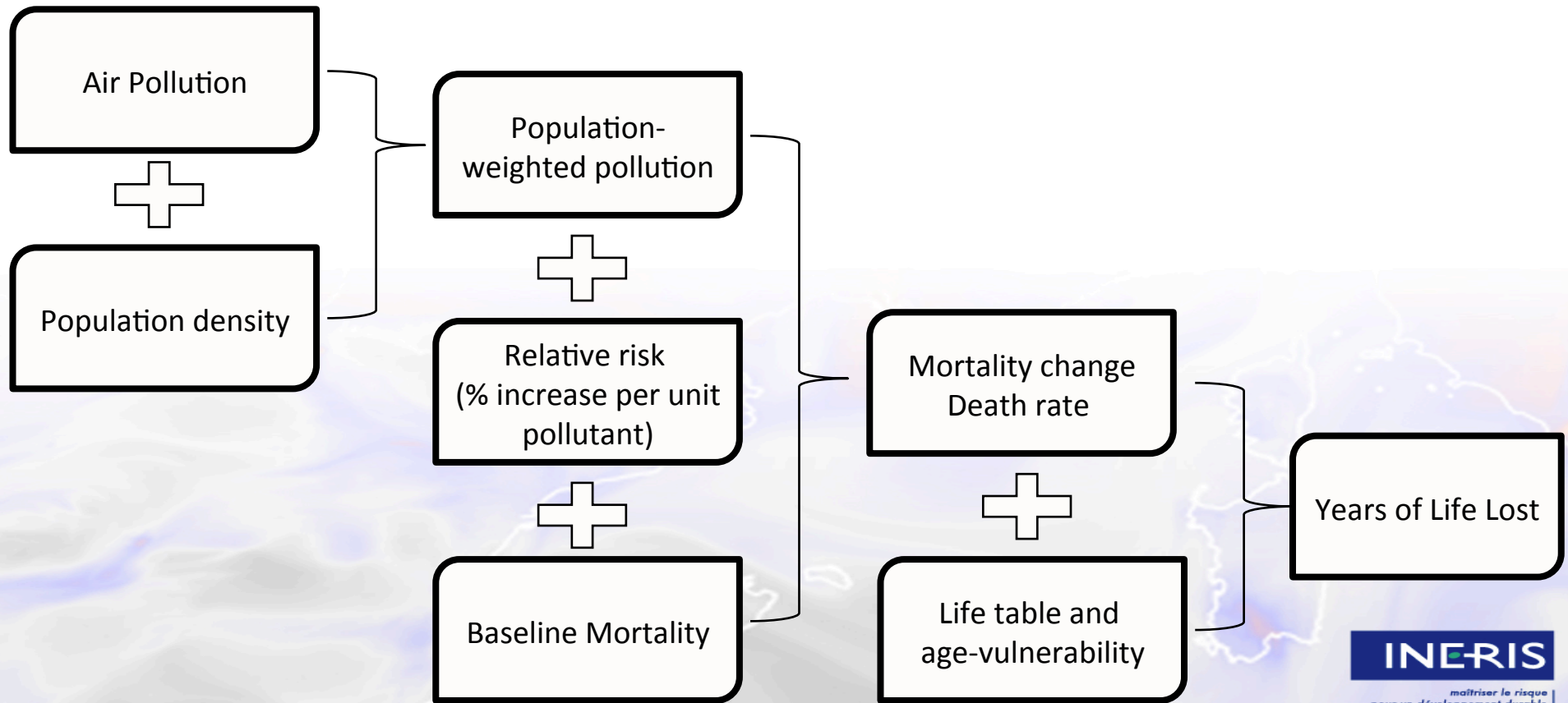


- Projections: status-quo for the Reference, large decrease for the Mitigation

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Health impact assessment



Analyse Coût-Bénéfice





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Assessing an emission reduction Plan

- French National Plan for the Reduction of Air Pollutant Emissions (May 2017)
- Under the auspices of French Ministry of Environment
- Consortium of
 - Energetic prospective
 - Air Pollutant emissions
 - Air Quality Modelling
 - Health impact assessment
- Indicators
 - Legal
 - Acceptability
 - Environment (AQ)
 - Economics (cost/benefits)



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« Aide à la décision pour l'élaboration du PREPA »
Rapport Principal

Livrable n°2 faisant suite à la consultation des Parties prenantes

MEEM
BUREAU DE LA QUALITE DE L'AIR



30 juin 2016

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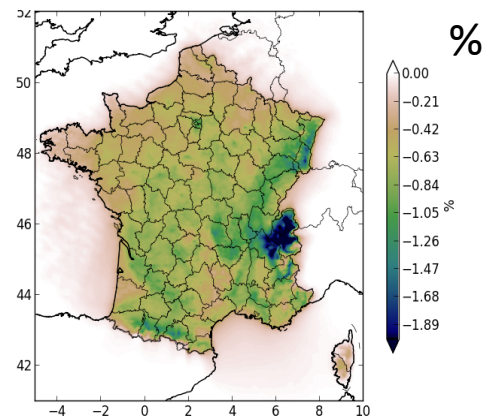
List of mitigation measures

Mesures dans les transports	
Normes Euro 5 et V relatives aux véhicules légers et aux véhicules utilitaires	TR1 _{ME} (1)
Euro 6 norms for ligh & heavy duty vehicles	TR2 _{ME} (1)
Electric and hybrid vehicles	TR3 _{ME} (1)
Etape Euro 6c avec cycle Real Driving Conditions	TR4 _{MA} (2) (3)
Règlement n°168/2013 du 15 janvier 2013 relatif aux véhicules à 2 ou 3 roues	TR5 _{MA} (2) (3)
Renouvellement en véhicules propres d'une part des véhicules des flottes publiques	TR6 _{MA} (2) (3)
Restriction de circulation en cas de dépassement des seuils d'alerte de qualité de l'air en zones urbaines	TR7 _{MA} (2) (3)
Promotion du développement des transports en commun urbains électriques	TR8 _{MA} (2) (3)
Increasing taxes on fuels	TR9 _{MA} (2) (3)
Limitation de l'accès en centres villes aux véhicules les plus polluants (ZCR)	TR10 _{MA} (2) (3)
Limitation des émissions de l'abrasion des freins	TR11 _{MA} (2) (3)

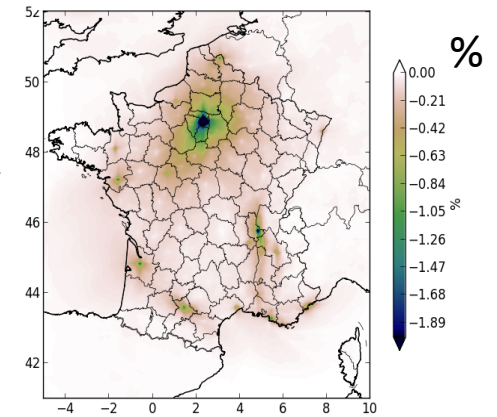
Quantification in an Air Quality Model

- Environmental:
 - Chimere Chemistry Transport Model + Data Fusion
 - Benefit of the measure for background and peak pollution
 - Health benefits assessed with AlphaRiskPoll
 - include economic valuation for cost benefit analysis

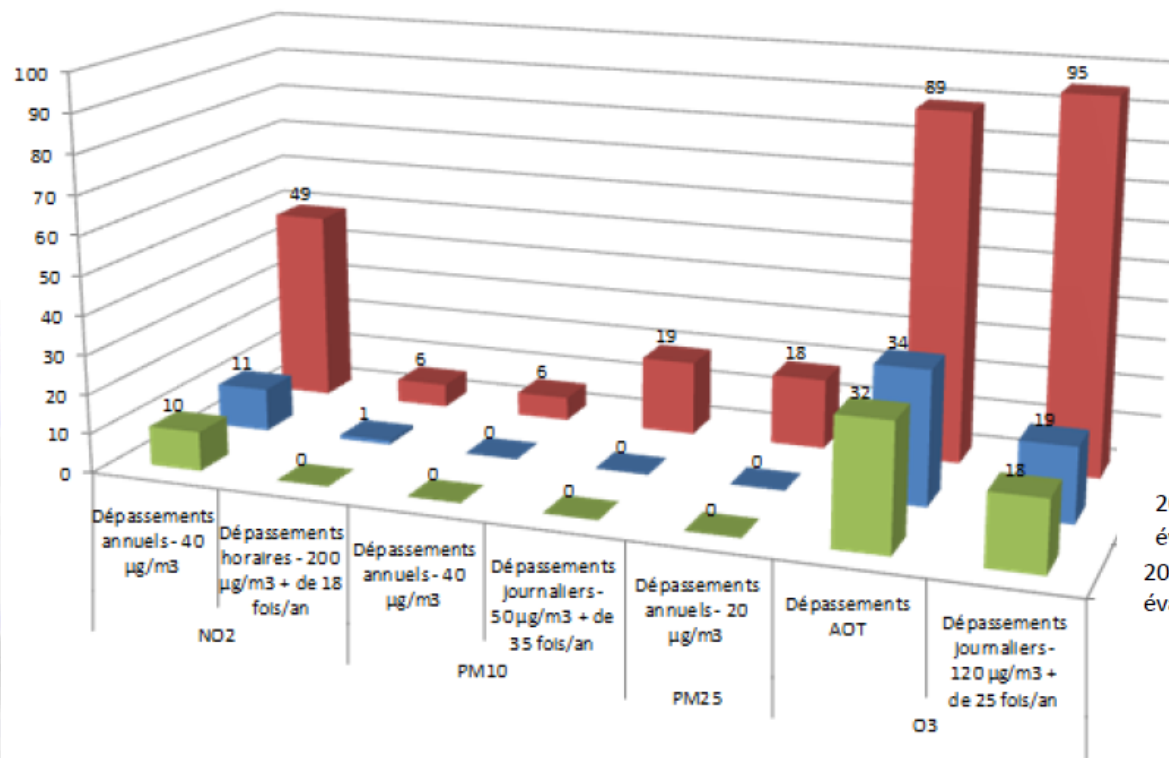
Benefit on
[PM₁₀] of
high perf
wood stoves



Benefit on
[NO₂] of
reducing
access to city
centre



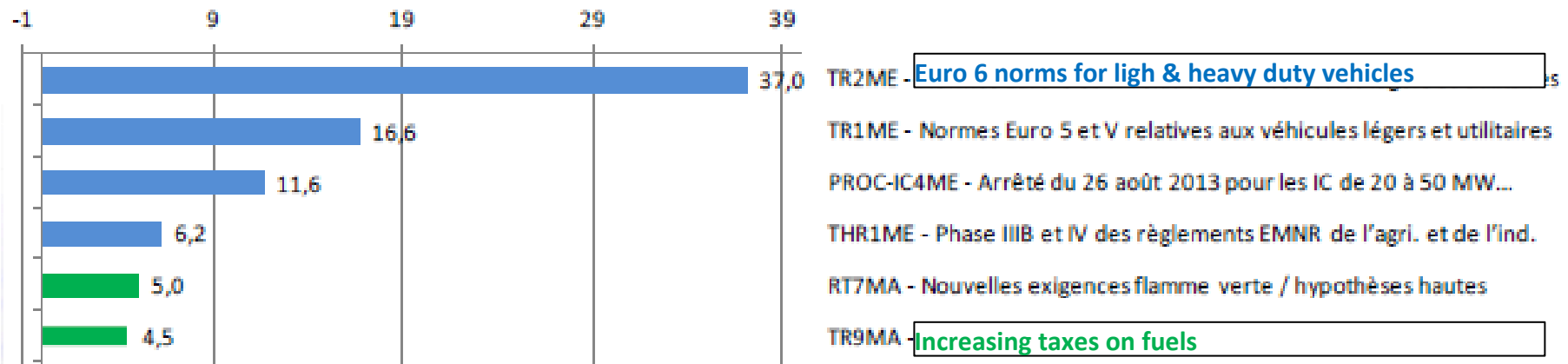
Impact on exceedances of regulatory thresholds



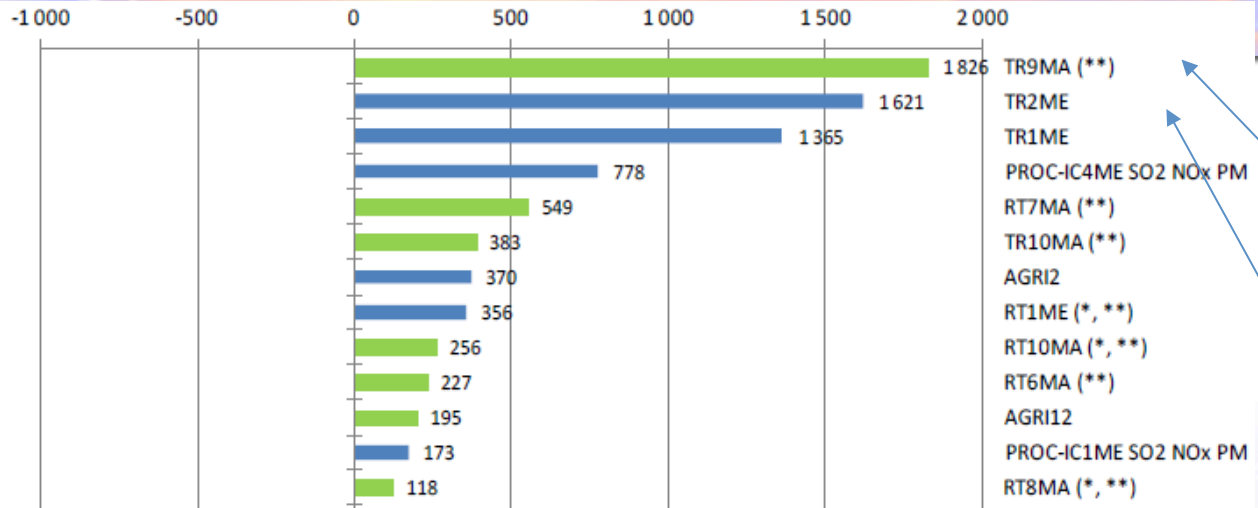
2010
 2020 PREPA avec mesures existantes évaluées
 2020 PREPA avec mesures existantes évaluées et MA haut

Overall impact on air quality

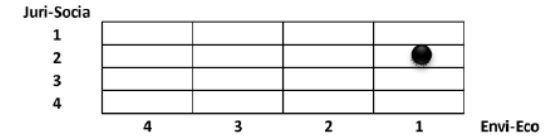
- AQ synthetic indicator



Net benefits (million €)



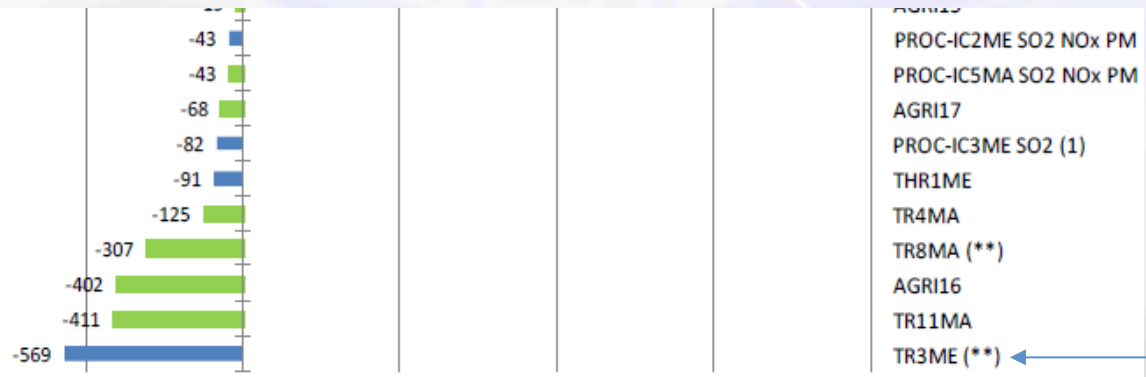
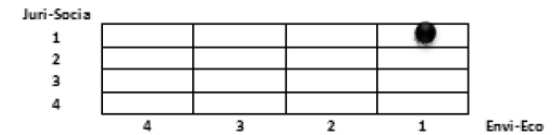
TR9MA - Augmentation des taxes sur les carburants



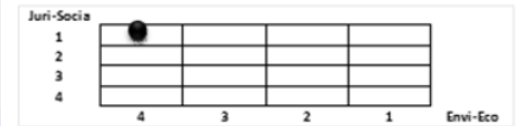
TR9MA: increasing taxes on fuels

TR2ME: Euro 6 Norms

TR2ME - Normes Euro 6 et VI



TR3ME - Pénétration des véhicules hybrides et électriques



TR3ME: Electric and hybrid vehicles



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Forecasts: Copernicus Atmospheric Monitoring Service

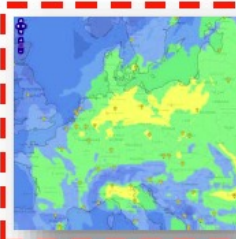
Atmosphere Monitoring

CAMS: COPERNICUS ATMOSPHERE MONITORING SERVICE

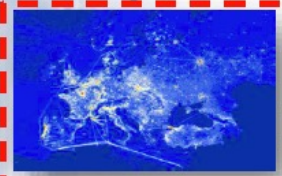
<http://atmosphere.copernicus.eu>



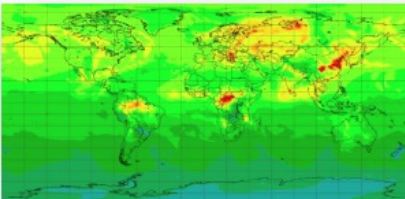
European Air Quality and products in support of policy users



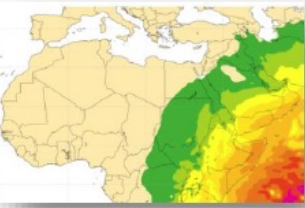
Emissions and surface fluxes



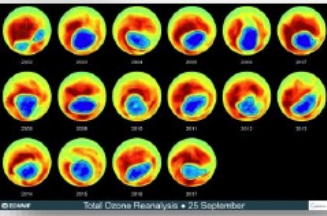
Global analyses, forecasts and reanalyses



Solar radiation and UV index



Ozone layer



Direct access to main daily global products at <http://atmosphere.copernicus.eu/charts/cams>

New one in progress!!

ECMWF Copernicus Europe's eye on Earth

European Commission

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Interactive scenario analysis: CAMS Air Control Toolbox

CAMS ACT: Air Control Toolbox

[Read More](#)

Date
2018-12-01

Pollutant
PM10

Percentage of reduction

main activity sectors

Traffic



Industry



Residential



Agriculture



Colour scale



update

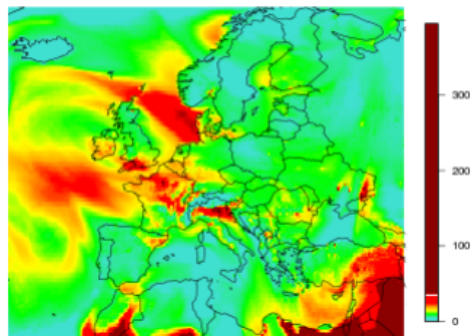
Raw forecast

Raw forecast
(excluding natural sources)

User scenario
(excluding natural sources)

Difference

PM10 - daily mean ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)



Reference PM10 map including from all sources (natural and anthropogenic)
CHIMERE CAMS Regional Forecast.

CAMS ACT: Air Control Toolbox

[Read More](#)

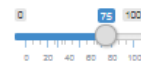
Date
2018-12-01

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Percentage of reduction

main activity sectors

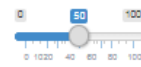
Traffic



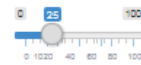
Industry



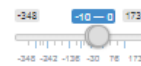
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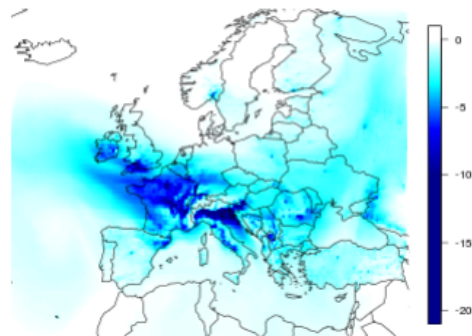
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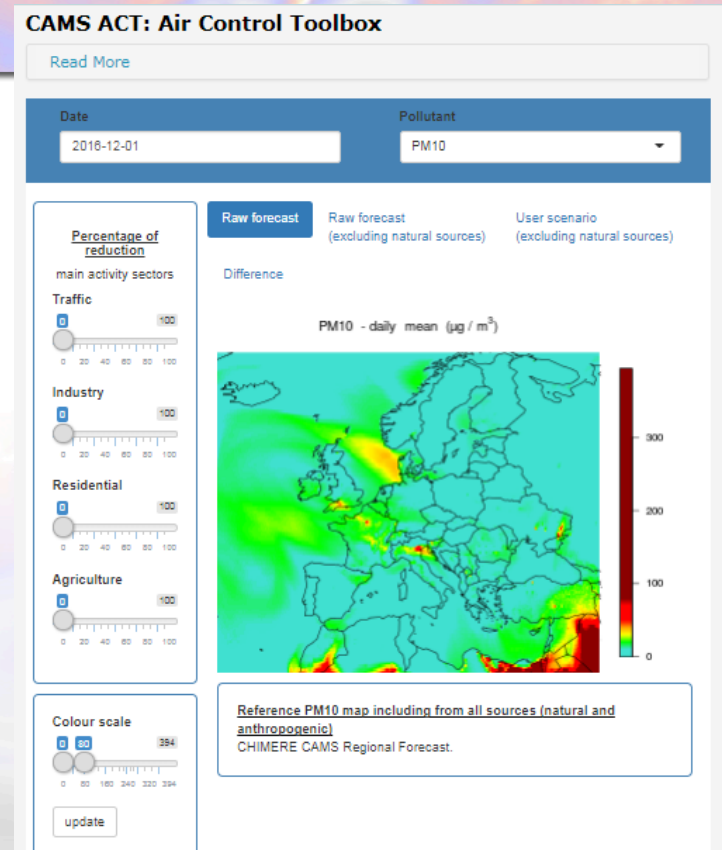
Difference between the reference PM10 map including from only the main anthropogenic sources and the user scenario assuming a Europe-wide uniform reduction of:
Agriculture: 25 % ; Traffic: 75 % ; Residential: 50 % ; Industry: 0 %. Based on a non linear surrogate model trained on CHIMERE CAMS Regional Forecasts.

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CAMS ACT: How it works

- Training scenarios
 - Chimere
 - 3 days forecast (D+0, D+1, D+2)
 - 0.25deg resolution
- Emission reduction of training scenarios
 - AGR 60%, AGR 100%
 - IND 60%, IND 100%
 - RH 90%
 - TRA 60%, TRA 100%
 - AGR 30% & IND 60%
 - TRA 100% & AGR100%
 - TRA 30% & IND 60%
- Surrogate model
 - Non linear combination of the training scenarios
 - Flexible web tool (immediate response)

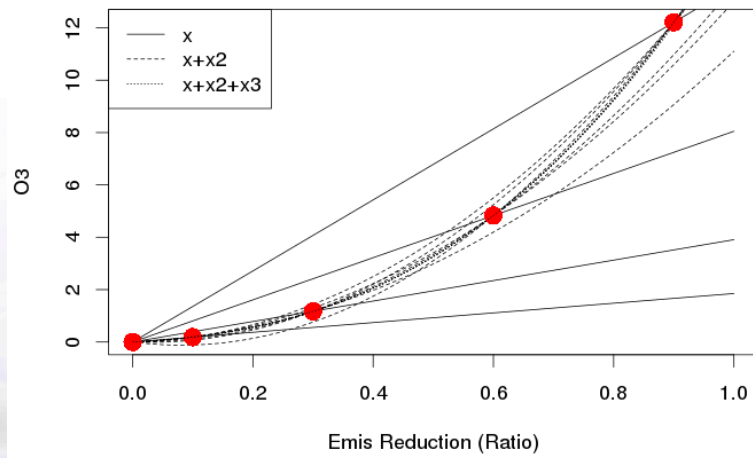


$$REF = AGR + AGR^2 + IND + IND^2 + RH + TRA + TRA^2 + AGR \times IND + TRA \times AGR + TRA \times IND$$

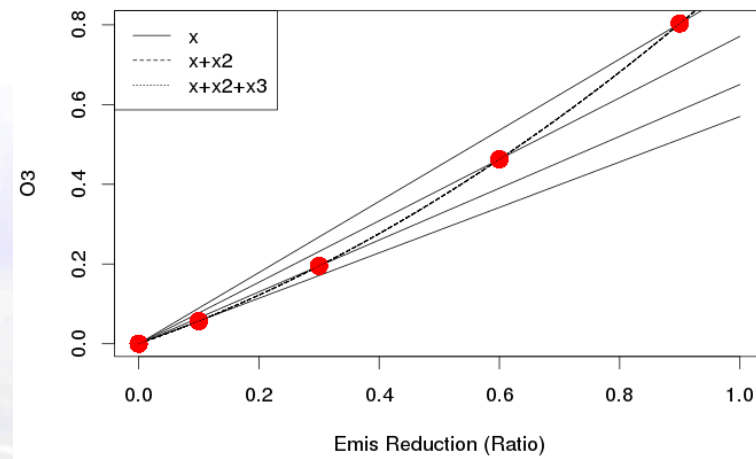
CAMS ACT: non-linearities

O3 daily max (Paris)

Paris O3 TRA 20170620



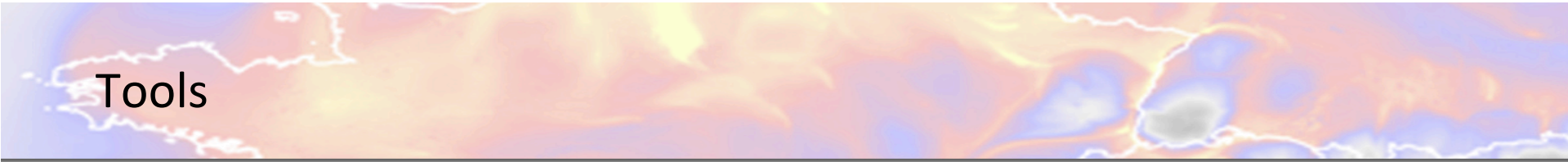
Paris O3 IND 20170620





Case Studies

- Contributions to air pollution episodes:
 - Activity sectors:
 - Traffic, industrial, residential, agriculture
 - Local / non-local sources



Tools

- Copernicus Atmospheric Monitoring Service:
 - Support to policy
 - <http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/>

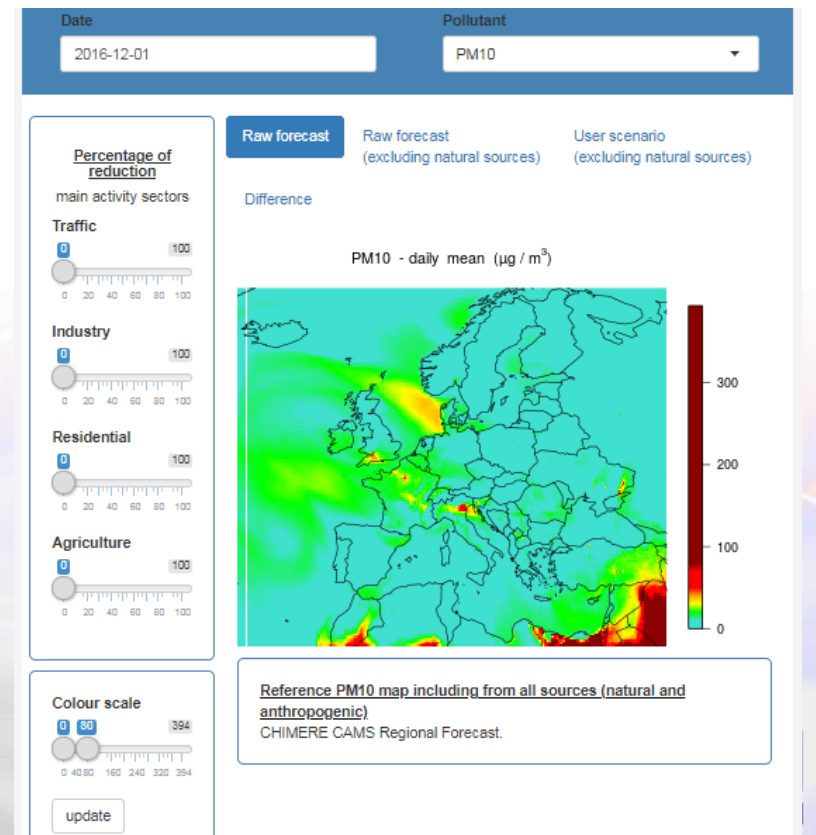


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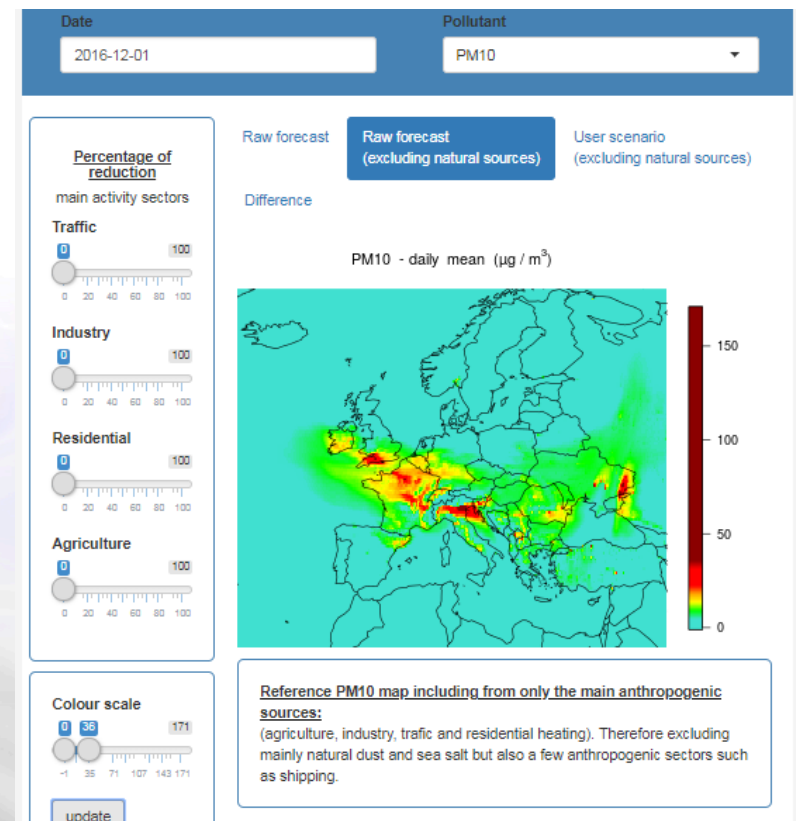
Contribution of Activity Sectors: CAMS Air Control Toolbox

- http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/CAMS_ACT.html



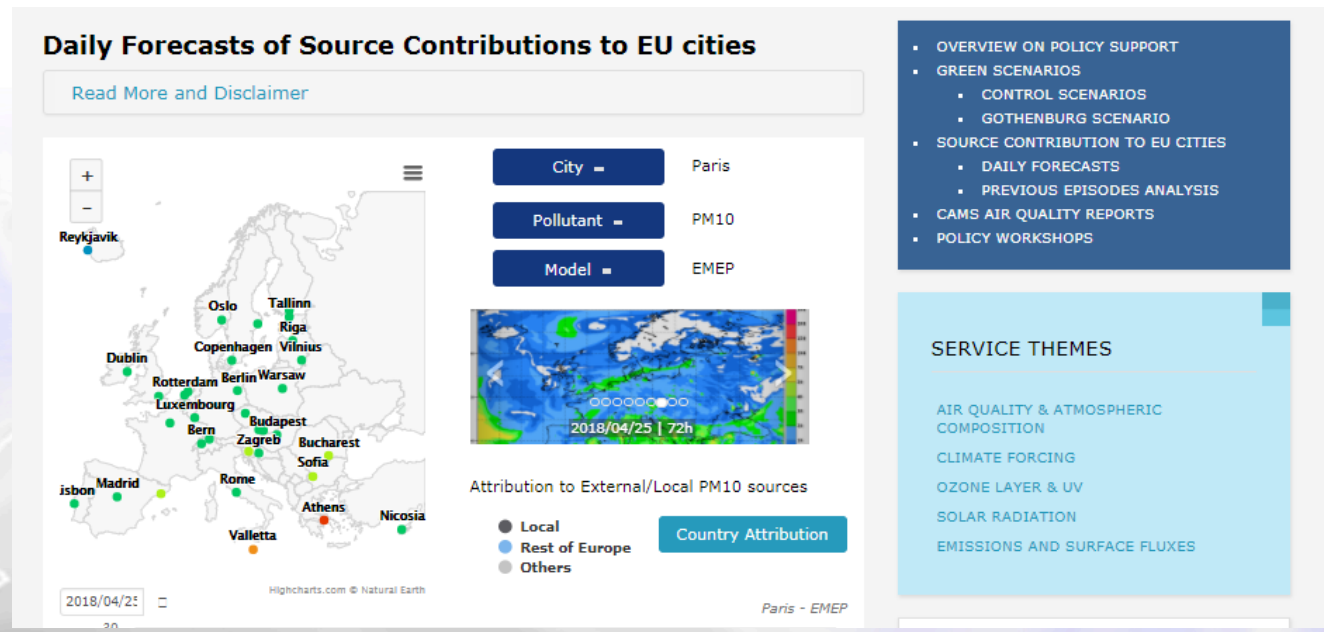
Contribution of Activity Sectors: CAMS Air Control Toolbox

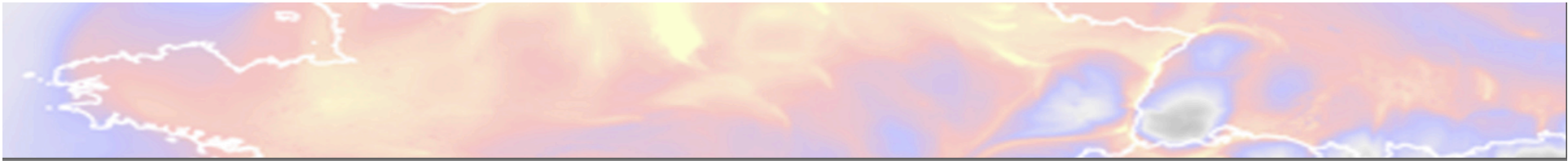
- http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/CAMS_ACT.html
- Raw Forecast (exclude natural sources)
 - Adjust color bar => update
- Select
 - Date
 - Pollutant
 - Level of reduction of air pollutants (100%)
 - Update colorbar!



Contribution of local sources: CAMS City Allocation

- <http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/DailySourceAllocation.html>
- Select
 - City
 - Pollutant
 - Model=EMEP
 - Date





Case Study

- Contribution of activity sectors
 - http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/CAMS_ACT.html
 - Raw Forecast (exclude natural sources)
 - Adjust color bar => update
 - Date
 - Pollutant
 - Level of reduction of air pollutants (100%)
 - Update colorbar!
- Contribution of local/non-local sources
 - <http://policy.atmosphere.copernicus.eu/DailySourceAllocation.html>
 - City
 - Pollutant
 - Model=EMEP
 - Date

• Episodes:

– Activity Sectors

- 2016/12/01 PM10
- 2015/03/18 PM10
- 2017/06/21 O3

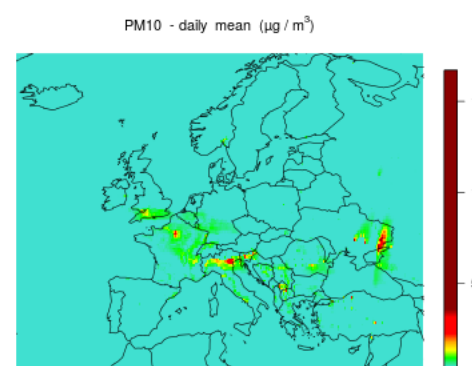
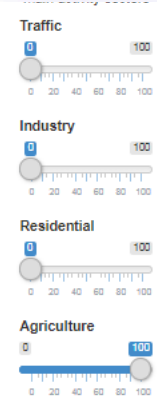
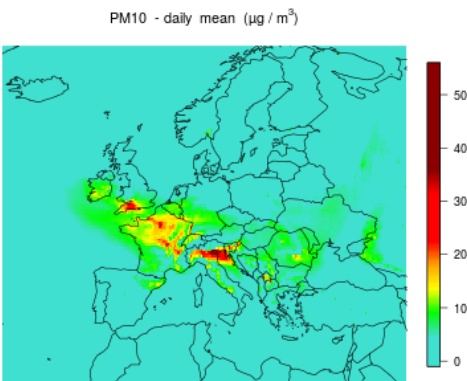
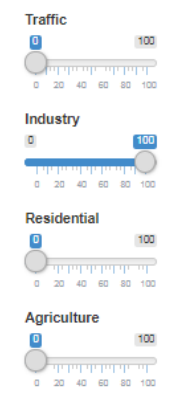
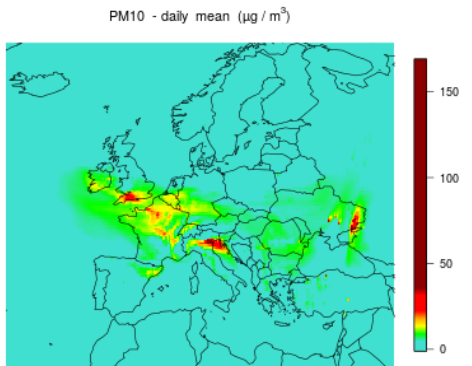
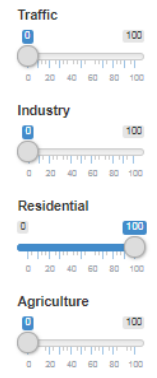
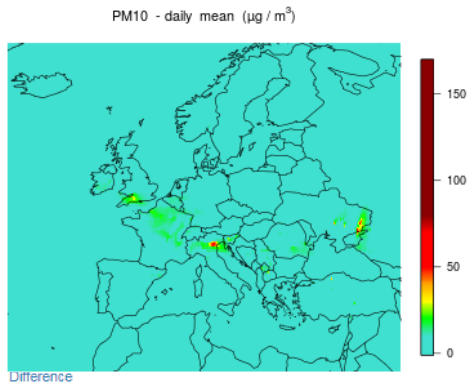
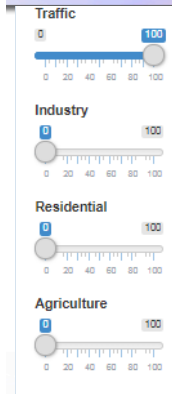
– Local sources

- 2016/12/01 versus 2016/12/06 PM10

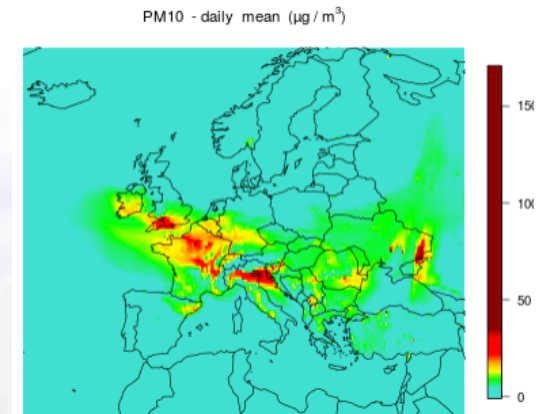
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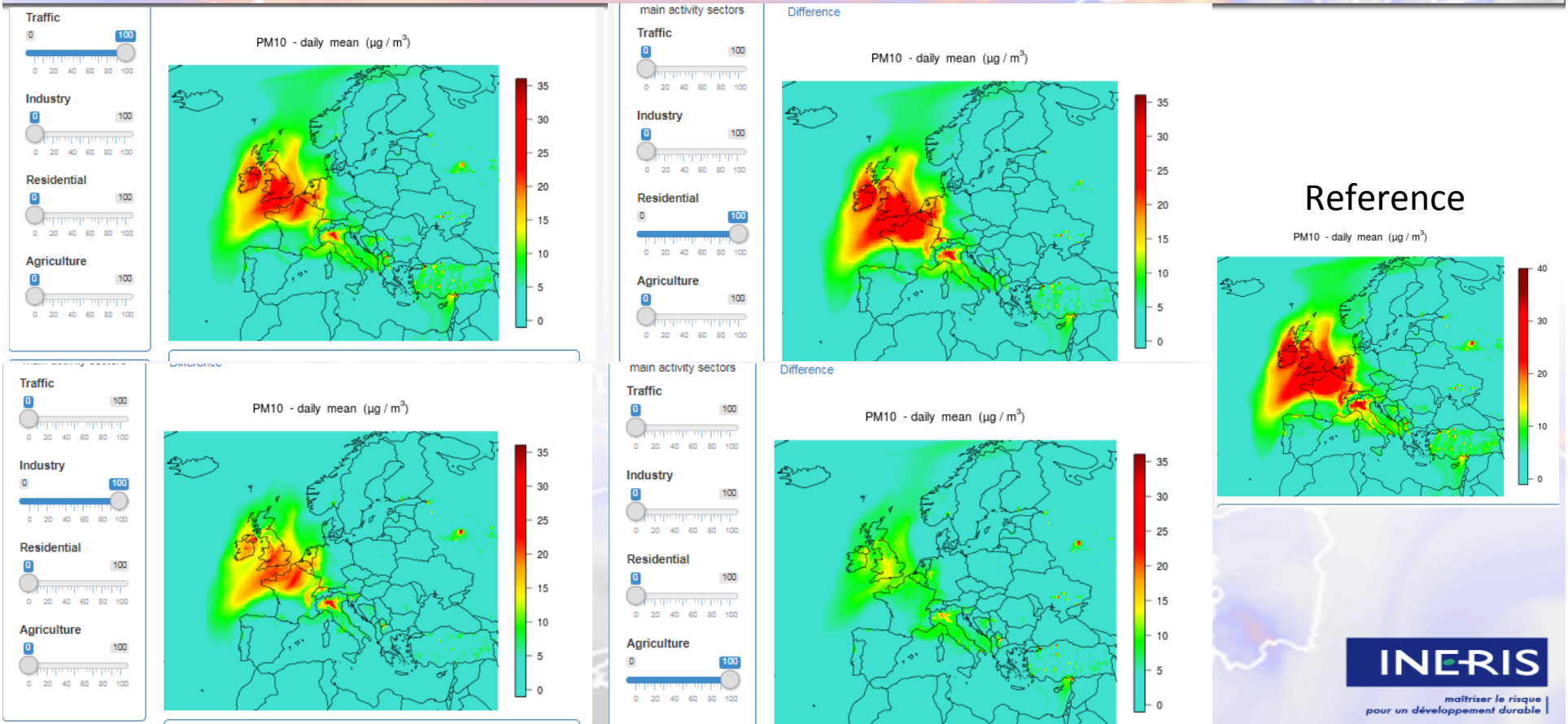
20161201: PM10



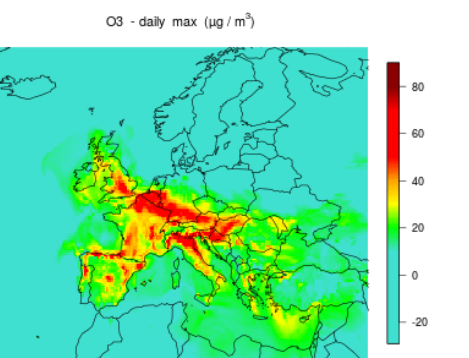
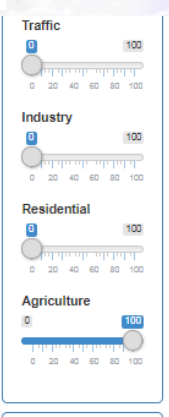
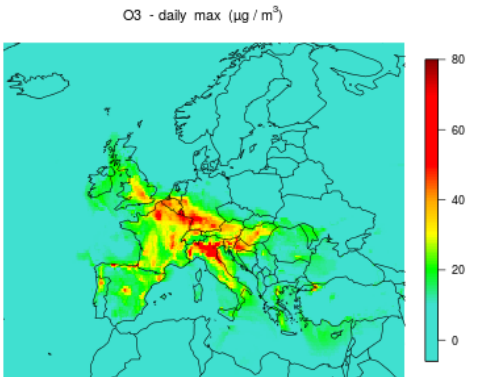
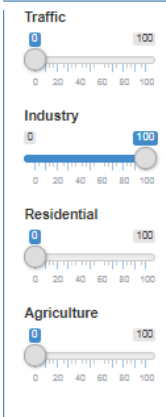
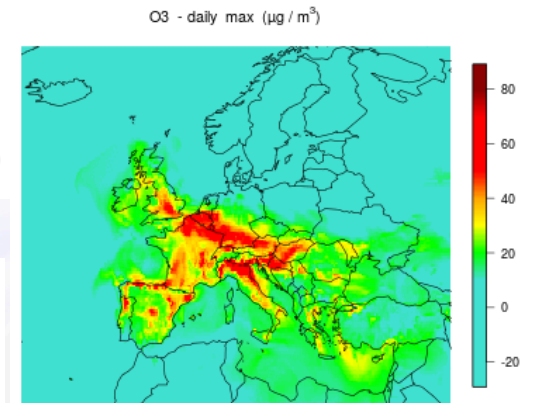
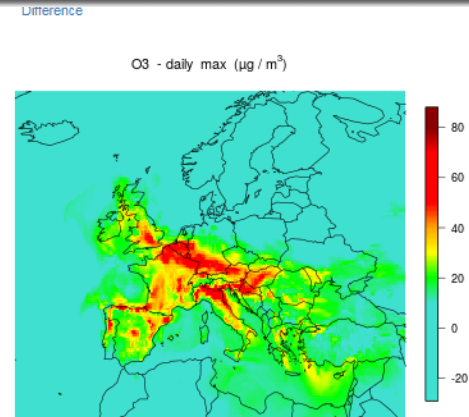
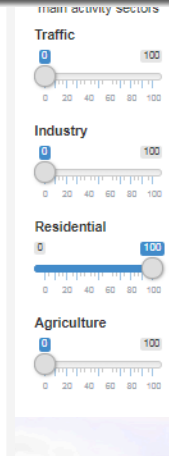
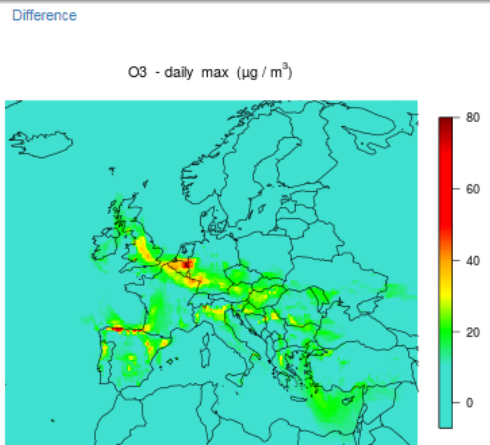
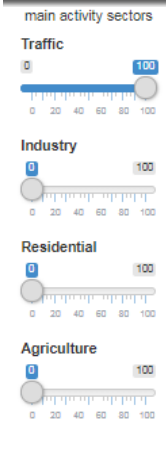
Reference



20150318: PM10



20170621: O3

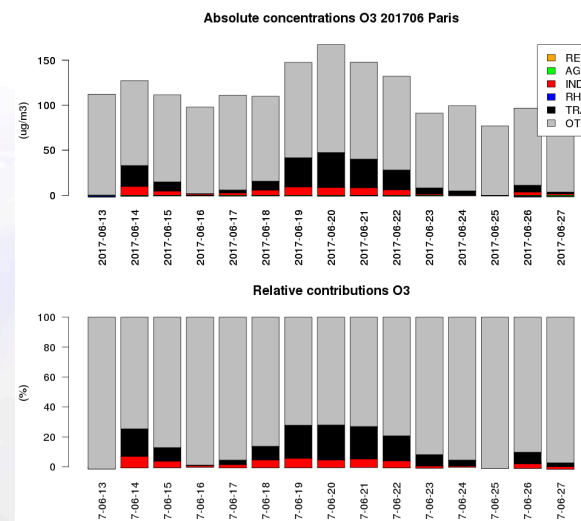
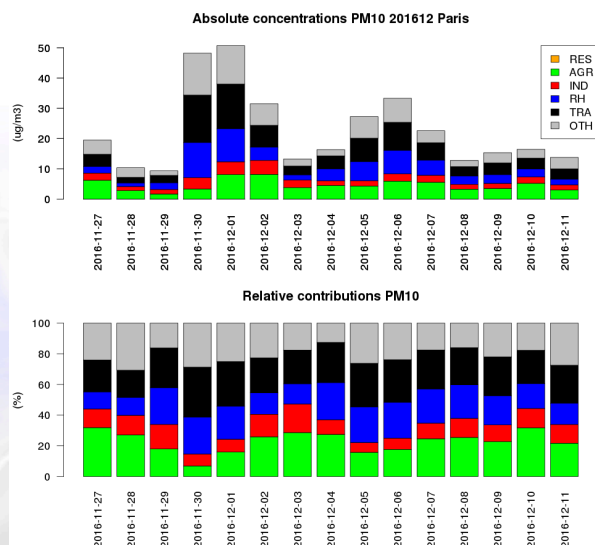
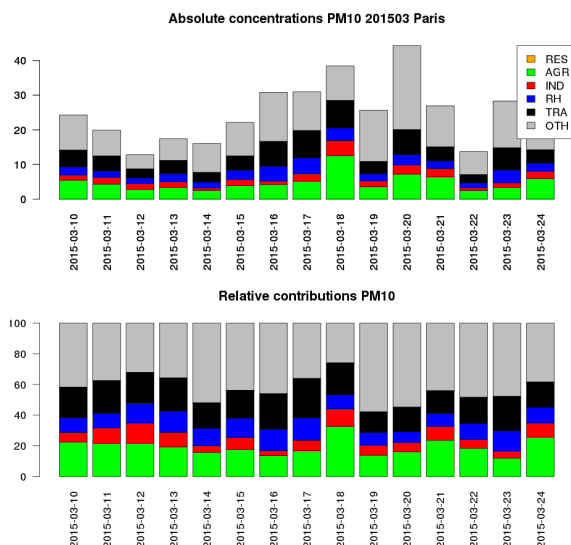


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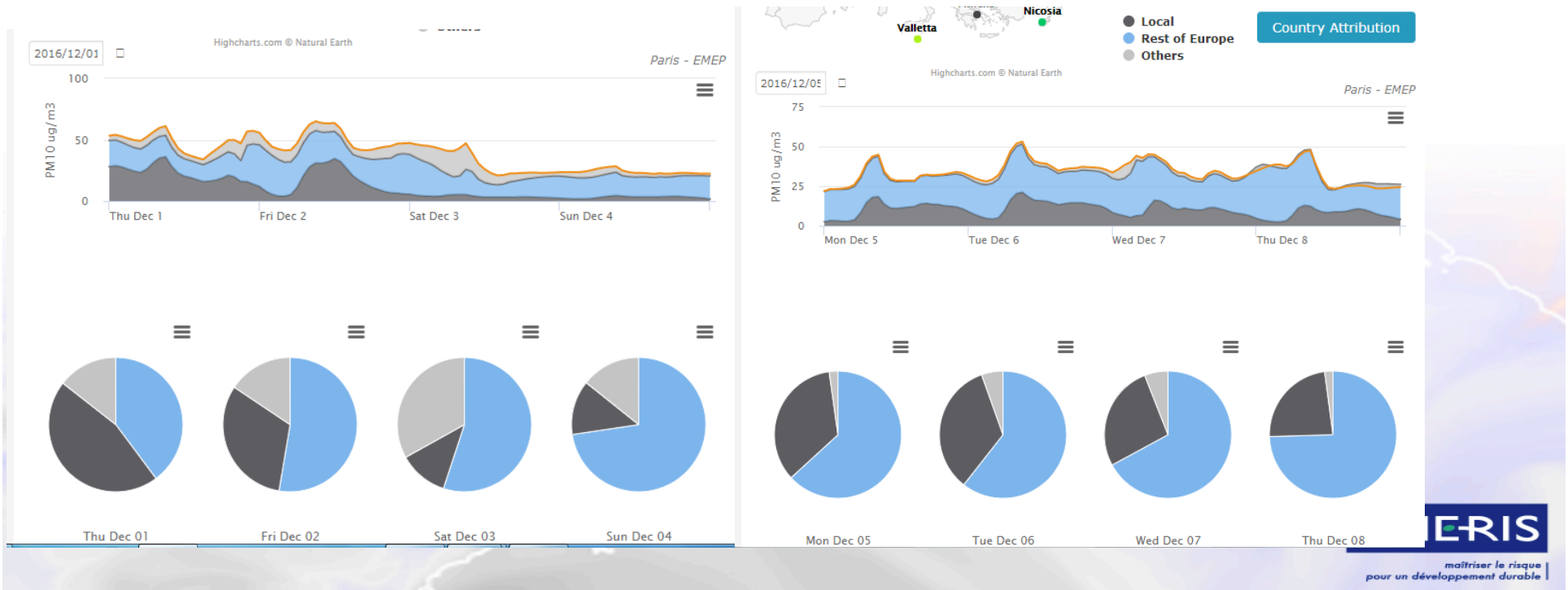
maîtriser le risque
pour un développement durable

Source Apportionment

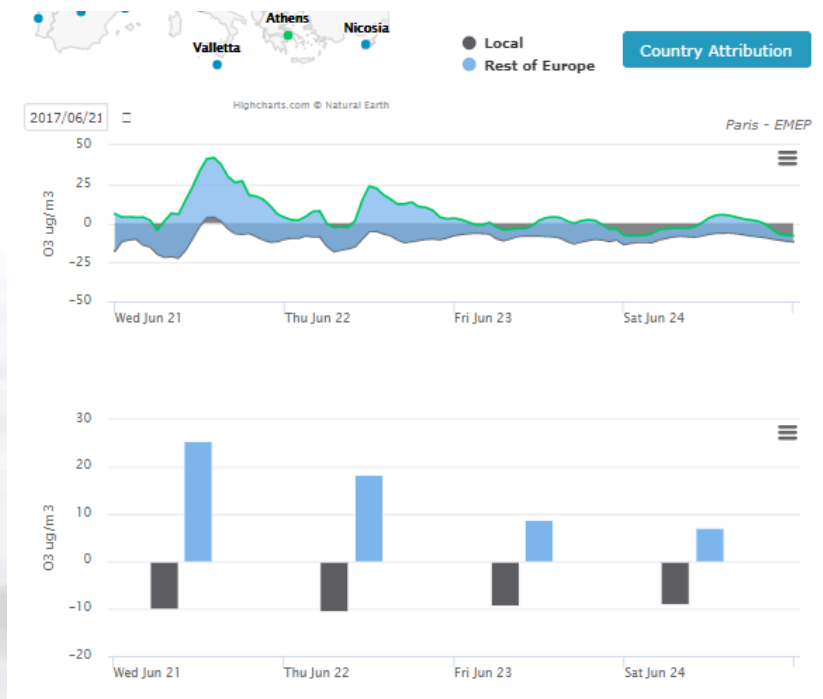
- 20150318 PM10 / 20161201 PM10 / 20170621 O3



City Allocation: December 1st versus December 6th 2016 (PM10)

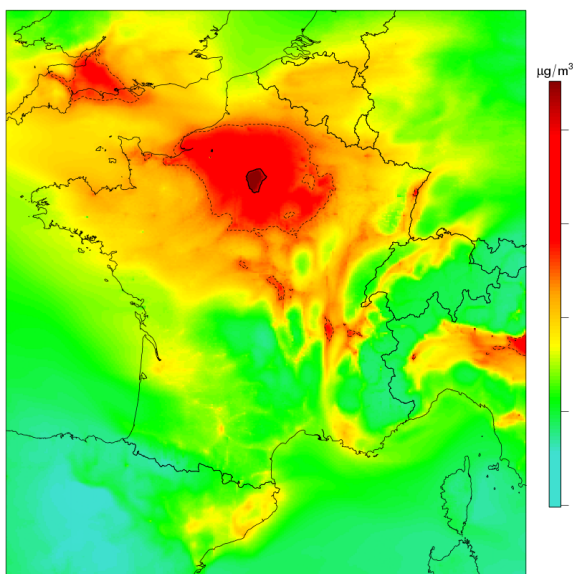


City Allocation: June 21 2018 (O3)

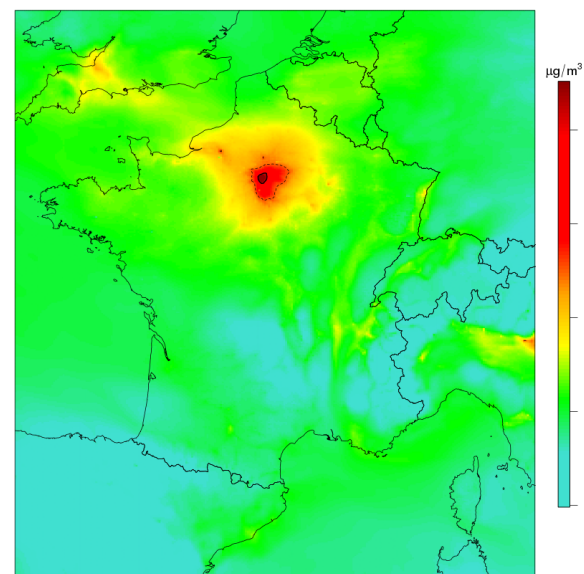


Benefits of long term action

20161201, PM₁₀

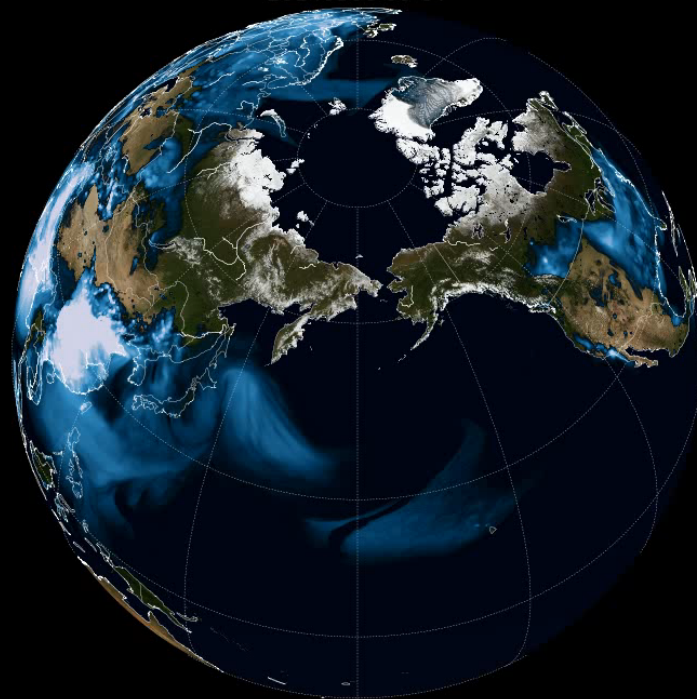


Under NEC2030 emissions



Applying nation-wide emission reductions as defined in the 2030 NEC objectives, the episode would have been much smaller

20140306 00 UT



INERIS Youtube Channel
<https://youtu.be/xuUseEOL0Lj8>