

Identify the problem/phenomena you are trying to solve/understand e.g.

- Girls are not choosing to study physics at school / at university
- During university / early career women may choose to have children and take majority of child care, resulting in an asymmetry between her and her colleagues without main child care responsibility career progression
- Society may expect different careers from men and women
- Decision makers may be biased towards male applications

We can do outreach projects and communication projects to help solve or discuss these problems!





Design outreach and communication projects with specific aims in mind, how to achieve those aims, identify the problems and how to combat them:

EXAMPLE: Problem – Few girls study physics

Aim: Work to invite girls into physics

Audience: Choose a target audience, 5-8 year olds, 9-12, 12-16... Identifiable issues: Girls identify being a scientist with being male

### Solution:

- Role models!! This means us! This means our picture of a scientist/ physicist
- Confidence building, play with experiments, lead and speak up

In November 2005 Women in Physics in South Africa (WiPiSA) was launched, with funding from the Department of Science and Technology (DST) and under the auspices of the South African Institute of Physics.

There is a growing global concern over the declining number of students at higher education institutions enrolling for, and graduating in, physics.

South Africa, like many other countries, experiences under-representation of women in physics in all institutions, including academia, research and development, government institutions and industry.



WiPiSA aims to address the following areas of concern:

- Attracting girls into physics, including changes in teaching and curricula
- Launching a successful physics career, including mentoring and evaluation
- Getting women into higher positions in institutional and leadership structures
- Breaking stereotypes
- Balancing family and career
- Jobs
- Funding, and eligibility for funding
- Improving the institutional structure and climate for



Myself and Sahal applied for funding to address these WiPiSA Goals:

- Attracting girls into physics, including changes in teaching and curricula
- Breaking stereotypes



Partnered with Sahal Yacoob, University of Cape Town, ATLAS experiment

Aims of project:

Motivate female high school students to study physics by understanding, visualising and being inspired by the various career possibilities.



Breakdown stereotypes of what a physicist is and does, to all audiences.

Increase the understanding of the general public and parents the varied career possibilities and knowledge that it is a unisex field

Inspiration:





### Plan

- Create a set of posters of women in physics in South Africa, with inspiration quotes, to be sent to high schools across the country to be displayed on the walls, and put online
- To change ideas of both girls and boys, and parents

Very diverse in terms of

- Economic status
- Ethnicity
- Culture
- Rural or urban



### South Africa: Limpopo

"Traditionally women's role is to stay home and take care of the house and kids. So you want to go to university, and do, what, with that degree?"





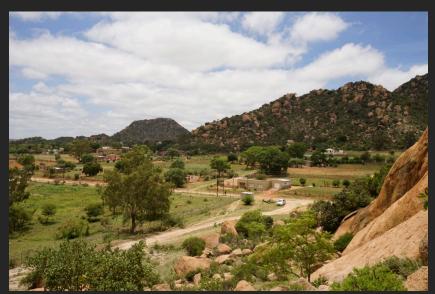


### South Africa: Hellen Chuma

- Hellen grew up in Makgofe, a small village in Polokwame, South Africa
- She is studying for her PhD in material physics
- Her main challenge was financial support for my undergraduate degree
- •"I went with a hope to further my studies and get a well-paying job to be able to take my family out of poverty"



### South Africa: Hellen Chuma



"My mother was very supportive, she believes education is the way to go because she believes if she had an opportunity to go o school she would have had a different life"



"When my mother wanted to go to school her dad said no. A woman who goes to school becomes undesirable. So women don't go to school, they must listen to their husbands. So that's how village people are raised. "

### South Africa: Sylvia Ledwaba

- Sylia is studying PhD in Physics at the University of Limpopo
- •When awarded a prize in physics for her research, was mocked by male colleagues
- "They laughed at me and said I only got the prize because I am a women"
- "I think they are intimidated by a women, they cannot accept a women doing better than them"



"If we have a boy and a girl and we have bicycle then you'll find the boy always will have the first go, until he has had enough, then it's the girls turn. A girl can't be better than you, you know. It starts with the small things."



### Hellen Chuma

Material Modelling, University of Limpopo

Limpopo. She is a PhD student where she studies the use of emission control technology.

Hellen Chuma is from Makgofe, at the university of Limpopo palladium as a catalyst for













Il love doing research,

technology works, and

actually improving the

science. I find it beautiful.

learning about how

Material Modelling, University of Limpopo

dent at the University of Lim-spends her time working to popo. Originally from Ma- make for efficient portable popo.

Sylvia Ledwaba is a PhD stu-shashane, Limpopo sylvia

power sources as part of her PhD at the University of Lim-







### South Africa: Cape Town

"I think for a lot of us, especially for women of colour, to pursue a career in research, there was a lot of sacrifices that had to be made, and so those who made it had more supportive families.

This is especially true if you are the first person in their family to go to university. I'm here, because, for instance, in my case both my parents have two degrees each"

Tana Joseph





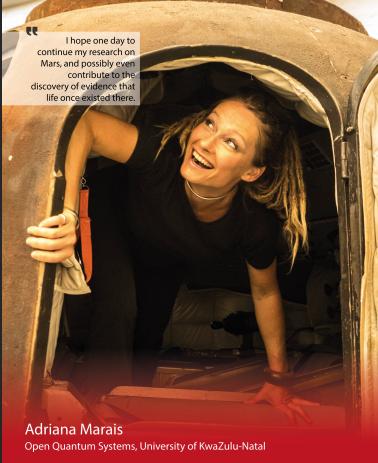
Astronomy, University of Cape Town

mer at the University of Cape she studies black holes outside radiation.

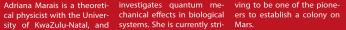
Tana Joseph is a Radio Astrono- Town. As part of her research of our galaxy which emit X-Ray



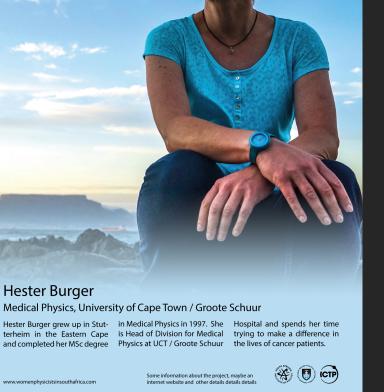




Some information about the project, maybe an internet website and other details details details







Hester Burger

I had two loves. One was biology, and the other one

was physics. So medical

physics was actually the obvious choice to go into, I

peoples' lives.

love making a difference in



### Igle Gledhill

Fluid Dynamics, Centre of Scientific and Industrial Research

the CSIR. She is from Graham- range of problems ranging Shuttle.

Igle Gledhill studies the aero- stown. An expert in fluid dyna- from molecular treatments dynamics of agile aircraft for mics, Igle has studied a wide of TB and HIV to the Space









Astronomy, University of Cape Town

Originally from Pietermari- of Cape Town working on the of a galaxy (the Active Galactic tzburg, Riona Ramraj is a PHD details of the light emitted from Nucleus) in order to determine candidate from the University the brightest part at the centre their nature and evolution.

Some information about the project, maybe an internet website and other details details details

My grandfather used to

every week. And I always

take me to the library

made sure that at least

one of the books I took

was a science book.









### Tana Joseph Astronomy, University of Cape Town

Tana Joseph is a Radio Astrono- Town. As part of her research of our galaxy which emit X-Ray

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I hope one day to

contribute to the

continue my research on

Mars, and possibly even

discovery of evidence that

life once existed there











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Hester Burger grew up in Stut-terheim in the Eastern Cape is Head of Division for Medical and completed her MS-degree. Physics at UCT / Groote Schuur the Wesse of Cancer patients.







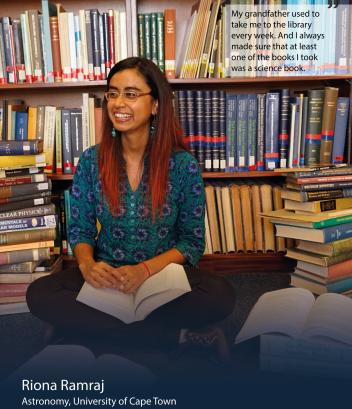


Open Quantum Systems, University of KwaZulu-Natal

Adriana Marais is a theoretical physicist with the University of the pronection of t

Adriana Marais





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www.womenphysicistsinsouthafrica.com

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- •More women than men are graduating in science in the Arab world
- In physics the number is much higher
- This is very encouraging that Arab countries do not struggle to get women to study science





The number of women studying physics in the Palestinian Territories is greater than the number of men, yet women faculty members remain a tiny minority.

The demands of social norms, of gender bias across the international scientific community, in addition to the challenges of pursuing science in the developing world and under occupation render a career in physics a difficult undertaking.

Yet despite these obstacles, and in an ever changing landscape, more and more women are choosing to embark on a career in physics.







Dr Wafaa Khater was born in the village of Ein Sinia in the West Bank, the ninth of ten children.

"My father was a farmer and we all worked with him, I am a peasant girl who grew up on the farm. Whenever I said I wanted time to study for my exams and I wanted to excuse myself from working on the farm, father told me 'It's the fresh air and farm fresh vegetables that make you smart at school' ".

- If the family can afford it, they will almost certainly send the daughters to universitywomen make up half of the people that go to university
- After university women often marry have children and may work part time.



"Maybe the only thing that restricts our dream to continue our education is the social point: you should have a family. You should marry, but according to my family it's my choice, they didn't restrict me with these social ideas"

Waad awad

### Physics in Palestine: Tasneem Saleem

- Physics master student at Birzeit University 2014
- Married with two young children
- Was the strongest in her year
- Masters HEP at Paris Sud, PhD on ATLAS experiment, currently a postdoctoral fellow



"Maybe a lot of people say that when you have children what will you do with your certification? But I say that this is my life and I love this field I have a lot of interest. So I don't listen to people."

### Physics in Palestine: Tasneem Saleem

Tasneem: "Being a women in physics, I see its normal for me. I don't see such a difference.

Maybe because here in the university all of us are girls. When Kate came and said that there are a lot of girls I was surprised."

"Because I can see that in the West there are a lot of facilities for any one to study. And we here in Palestine we have really a lot of challenges to do that. I am really surprised why there are so many facilities to do science there are no women."



### Reverse gender gap

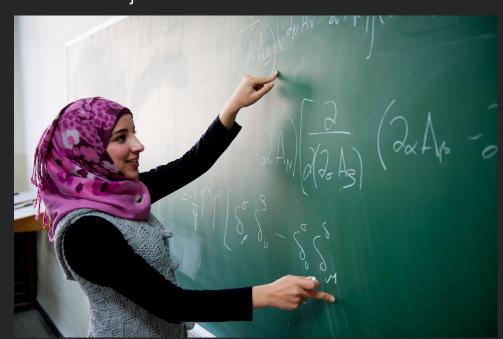
### Palestinian women don't think that physics is for boys

"Did you ever feel that studying Physics was a subject for men? And what is it like to

be a female scientist?"

Suhad: "Well first, I don't know why you say Physics is only for men, because here in our university in the science as a whole many students are women, not men.

For example in undergraduate we were 18 girls and only 3 boys. So with respect to me it is not strange to be a female scientist."

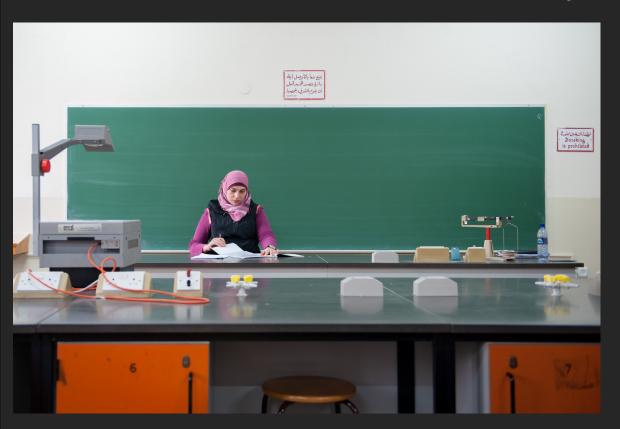


The women in physics in Palestine were inspirational, we wanted to share their thoughts and ideas about issues in physics, gender and living under occupation.

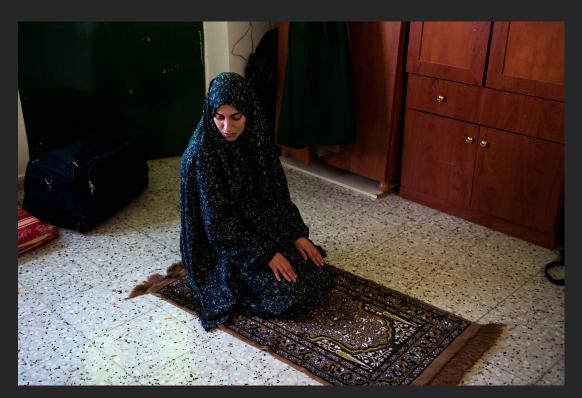


Doa Hawamdeh:

"I think physics is the mother of all the sciences. If I can learn physics I will learn mathematics, chemistry, everything. It is the principle of life. That is my feeling."

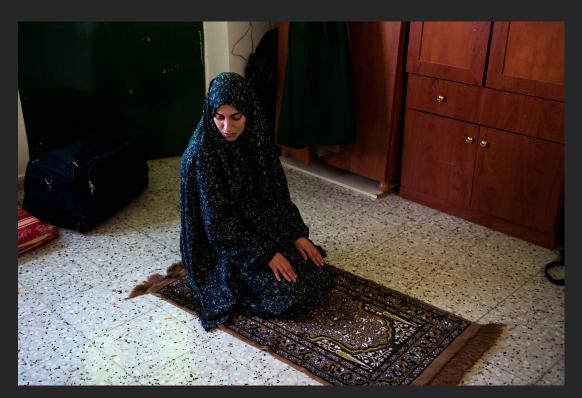


Dr Wafaa Khater: "Nowadays with the existence of the Palestinian Authority and the state-to-be Palestine, there is a Ministry of Education and Higher Education which provides various kinds of grants and loans to help students get their education, and more and more young women are going to university to get a degree as they are not entirely dependent on their parents to support them financially."



Worood Shadeed: "I don't have my own family, but when you get married and have children it is difficult for you. I know that it's difficult, but you can.

We see Wesal and Tasneem, yes, they have family and they are studying and they have work. Of course their lives are harder but you can."



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Communication and Outreach

Always think about:

- What are your aims and goals what are you trying to achieive?
- Who are your target audience what do they need?
- What are your key messages? What do you want them to go away with?
- What platforms will you use to communicate/ deliver a program?

### Physics Without Frontiers

ICTP Physics Without Frontiers works to inspire, train and motivate physics and mathematics university students worldwide with some focus on science and technology lagging countries, to help build the next generation of scientists. Each project is unique, developed with the country's specific needs in mind.



- We work with volunteer scientists, who are PhD students, postdoctoral researchers, or lecturers from all over the world passionate to promote physics and mathematics.

- PWF has worked with over 5000 students worldwide in 17 different countries! Read about our <u>projects</u> in countries all over the world!

https://www.ictp.it/physics-without-frontiers.aspx @ictp\_PWF

