The role of Citizen Science in Open Science

Dr. Uta Wehn

Associate Professor, IHE Delft
Co-Chair Citizen Science & Open Science CoP (CSGP)

Citizen Science with Application to Nuclear, Seismic and Air Quality Monitoring: Introduction

8 March 2021









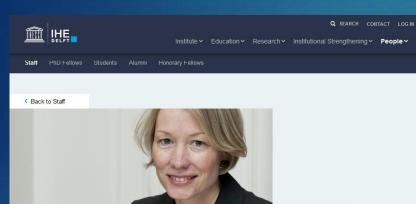




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- Open Science
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- Towards a global consensus on Open Science

Background



Associate Professor of Water Innovation Studies

I BIOGRAPHY

Dr. Uta Wehn is Associate Professor of Water Innovation Studies and head of the Knowledge & Innovation Studies Development group at IIIE Delft. She is a social scientist from the field of science, technology & innovation studies, with a background in ICTs, drawing on more than 20 years of combined industrial, research and international development experience. Her work at the intersection of data and knowledge co-creation, digital innovations and water and environment focuses on the social dynamics of innovation and how to harness digital transformations for participatory environmental governance and sustainable development.

She leads the acquisition and implementation of large interdisciplinary research and capacity development projects. Her current Citizen Science projects include case studies in Europe, the Middle East and Africa, using LivingLabs principles and tailoring user-centred and multi-stakeholder co-design methods to Citizen Science. She has extensive experience with





Uta Wehn
Associate
Professor of Water
Innovation Studies

J +31152151802

u.wehn@un-ihe.org

☐ View my profile on Linkedin













Citizen Science communities

There is not one global Citizen Science community,

nor one view to represent, nor one representative body





dedicated forum emerging at the global level

Citizen Science Community of Practice (CS & OS CoP) under the CSGP

Interim CoP Chairs:

- Uta Wehn
- Claudia Goebel
- Libby Hepburn

Citizen Science

Citizen Science

- Volunteered geographic information
- Crowdsourcing geospatial data
- Public Participatory GIS
- People-centric sensing
- Participatory sensing
- eParticipation
- Environmental Virtual Observatories
- Citizen Observatories
- Community-based Monitoring & Information Systems
- Community Science
- Participatory Action Research

. . . .



Many forms of Citizen Science

Practitioners emphasize that Citizen Science...

- Works across all areas of research and knowledge production, including monitoring of environmental or health conditions;
- Is applicable across all scientific disciplines, alongside a variety of disciplinary traditions and research methods;
- Involves participants in one or more steps of the scientific research process;
- Follows protocols and principles of the discipline within which the research is framed; and,
- Varies in terms of the roles, responsibilities, and leadership opportunities for citizens, scientists and other stakeholders.



Open Science

Open Science to Society



Mansell. R. and Wehn, U. (eds) (1998) *Knowledge Societies – Information Technology for Sustainable Development*, Oxford: Oxford University Press [also published in Chinese].

Open Science to **Society**

The scientific process



Source:: UNESCO (2020) https://en.unesco.org/sites/default/files/open_science_brochure_en.pdf

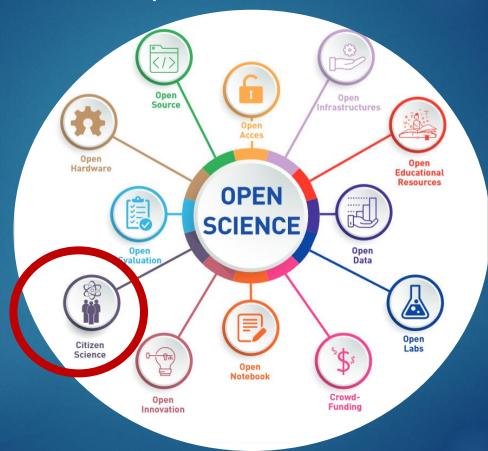
Open Science to Society

What do we need to do or have in place in order to open Science to Society?

Please choose your **top 3 priorities** menti.com **92130420**



Components of Open Science

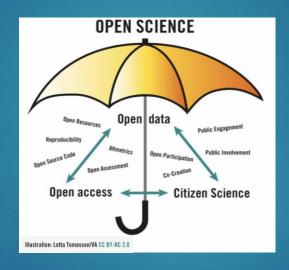


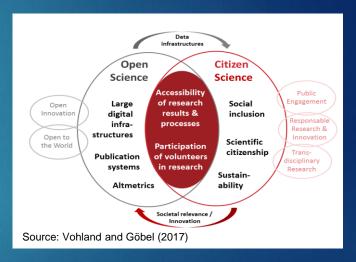
Source:: UNESCO (2020) https://en.unesco.org/sites/default/fi les/open_science_brochure_en.pdf

The role of Citizen Science in Open Science

Citizen Science & Open Science

- Both Citizen Science and Open Science are emerging movements
- Becoming more significant and layered with more sophisticated understanding of the themes, dynamics and shared characteristics.





The role of Citizen Science in Open Science

"While Open Science opens the door of academia to the world, Citizen Science invites the world in to experience science." (survey respondent, CS & OS CoP short paper)

Citizen Science can be understood as providing *meaning* to Open Science in a process dimension



Opening up access to data, publications, and other research products is necessary but not sufficient to transition science fully towards Open Science

Citizen Science presents the means for open, holistic and participatory processes of knowledge generation, therefore an important pillar of Open Science to enable it to add this significant value

Guiding principles for Open Science implementation

Implementing "good" Citizen Science

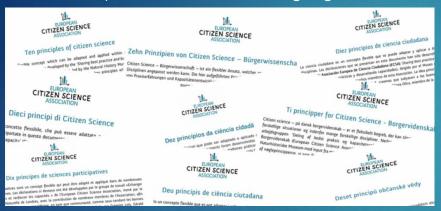
- Scientific expertise is no longer regarded per se as superior to other forms of expertise
- Pluralities of knowledge frameworks
- Global dimensions

Open Science for whom, and to what end?

Who benefits, and to what degree?
Who stands to lose and how, and who is excluded?

Guiding principles

ECSA 10 Principles of Citizen Science (Robinson et al., 2018) – available in >25 languages



Platforms for sharing training, resources & information about citizen science (e.g. EU-Citizen.Science, CSGP)

7 principles of Open and Collaborative Science by OCSDnet



Citizen Science & Open Data

"...contrary to what many people assume, data sets from volunteers are among the **most restrictive** in how they can be used." (Groom et al., 2017)

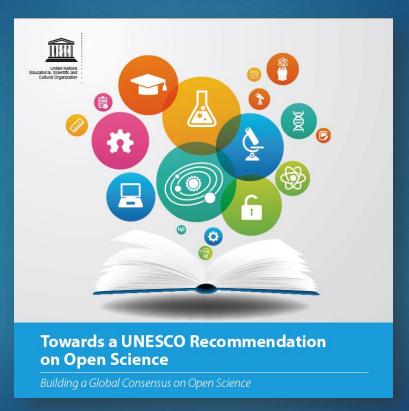


Challenges

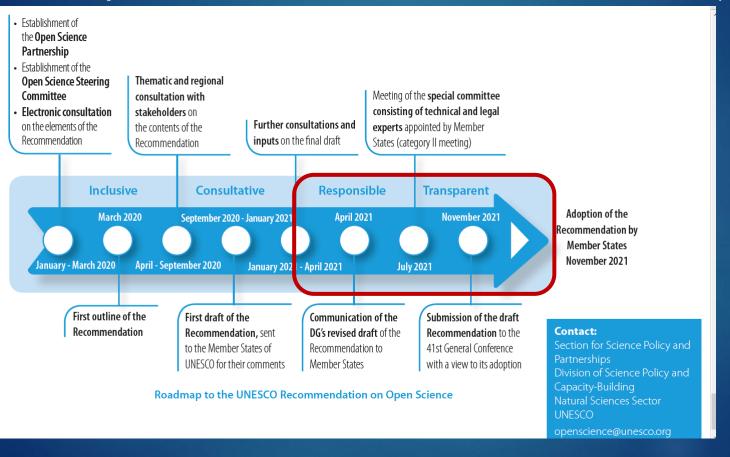
- Avoid misuse of the data (e.g. revealing the location of observed endangered species)
- Ethical challenges (privacy of observer)
- Data policy can be difficult to agree on
- Lack of common nascent data and metadata standards, and limitations to data management including licensing remain, alongside a lack of awareness, capacity or access to infrastructure

Towards global consensus on Open Science

Towards global consensus on Open Science



Roadmap towards the UNESCO Recommandation on Open Science



Source:: UNESCO (2020)

https://en.unesco.org/sites/default/files/open_science_brochure_en.pdf

Global perspectives of Citizen Science & Open Science

- May 2020: Call for input representing perspectives of Citizen Science communities
- Views of 63 Citizen Science practitioners from 24 countries synthesised.
- Short paper 'Global Citizen
 Science perspectives on
 Open Science' (May 2020)
- CS&OS CoP formed, >130 members around the globe
- Statement of the CS&OS
 CoP on the 1st Draft
 UNESCO recommendation
 (Dec 2020)

GhanaLithuaniaTurkey
FranceArgentinaFinland
UnitedStates
CzechRepublicItaly
TheNetherlands
UnitedKingdom
JapanSouthAfricaSerbia
IrelandAustraliaCanada
KenyaHongKong
Portugal
GermanyAustria

Global Citizen Science perspectives on Open Science

Written input by the CSGP Citizen Science & Open Science Community of Practice to the UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science

31 May 2020

Authors: Uta Wehn1, Claudia Göbel2, Anne Bowser3, Libby Hepburn4, Muki Haklay5

The contributors to this paper included Jens Bemme, Michela Bertrer, Marit Bogert, Egle Butkeviciene, Cobi Calyx, Darlene Cavalier, Luigi Cecaroni, Ted Cheeseman, Antony Cooper, Theresa Crimmins, Melissa Demetrikopoulos, Daniel Dörfer, Shannon Dosemagen, Mohammad Gharesifard, Margaret Gold, Bastlan Greshake Tovarras, Gerild Hager, Rick Hall, Florian Heigl, Plen-Yuan Hsing, Turgay Kerem Koramaz, Sonia Liffan, Jonathan Long, Seán Lynch, Melis Meloche, Andigleka Mhaijlov, Alice Motion, Maina Muniafu, Tony Mumphy, Ricardo Mutuberria, Michelle Nell, Eva Novakova, Marta Oliviera, Jessica L. Oliver, Emu-Felictas Ostermann-Miyashita, Lucile Ottolini, Thomas Paffriger, Jim Salmons, Sven Schade, Lea Shanley, Laura Smith, Karen Spacha-Godoy, Angela Tavore, Marta Teperek, Laure Turcati, Jordi, Vallverdú, Katerina Zourou, Paul Vartih-Allier.

Short Paper: https://osf.io/6qjyg/

Statement of the Citizen Science & Open Science Community of Practice (under the Citizen Science Global Partnership) on the <u>DRAFT UNESCO</u> Recommendation on Open Science

8 December 202

Until 31 December 2020, stakeholders including the CS & OS CoP have an opportunity to provide feedback on the Draft Recommendation. Via this joint statement, members of this CS & OS CoP wish to provide consolidated feedback, not foreclosing individual responses by the CS & OS CoP members to UNESCO via the broader consultation process.

Background on the CS & OS CoF

The Citizen Science & Open Science Community of Practice (CoP) was formed in early 2020 under the <u>Citizen Science Global Partnership</u> as a response to the <u>UNESCO</u> process of formulating a <u>Recommendation on Open Science</u>. The CS & OS CoP Intends to seize the opportunity to advocate for and support Citizen Science as an essential element of a global perspective of Open Science. This represents a key occasion for international exchange and cooperation that should extend beyond the <u>UNESCO</u> process. At <u>UNESCO</u>'s invitation, the CoP produced an input paper providing global perspectives on Citizen Science and Open Science as an expension of <u>UNESCO</u>, and will continue to contribute to the <u>UNESCO</u> process of <u>UNESCO</u>, and will continue to contribute to the <u>UNESCO</u> promendation on <u>Open Science</u> are the process unfolded.

Statement of CS&OS CoP https://osf.io/9v67u/

Summary – role of Citizen Science in Open Science

Many forms of Citizen Science

Citizen Science is NOT only about data collection

 it presents the means for open, holistic and participatory processes of knowledge generation

Citizen Science can be understood as **providing meaning to**Open Science in a <u>process</u> dimension

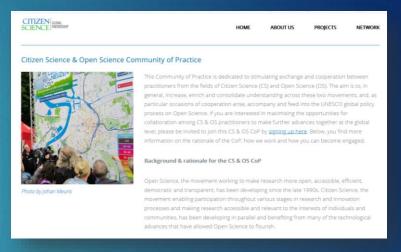
Focus on implementing "good" Citizen Science

Thank you!

Dr. Uta WehnAssociate Professor, IHE Delft
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u.wehn@un-ihe.org

Join the Citizen Science & Open Science CoP!



citizenscienceglobal.org/projects.html#csos











