



the
abdus salam
international centre for theoretical physics

ICTP 40th Anniversary

SMR.1572 - 29

**Workshop on
Novel States and Phase Transitions in Highly Correlated Matter
12 - 23 July 2004**

Local quantum criticality and non-fermi liquid properties

**Qimiao SI
Department of Physics & Astronomy
Rice University
6100 Main St.
Houston, TX 77005-1892
U.S.A.**

These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants



Local Quantum Criticality and Non-Fermi Liquid Properties

Qimiao Si
Rice University

Outline:

1. Quantum critical heavy fermions
2. Destruction of Kondo effect: EDMFT
3. Beyond the microscopics
4. More experiments
5. Bose-Fermi Kondo in magnetic quantum dots



ICTP, July 22, 2004



**Lijun Zhu, Stefan Kirchner,
Eugene Pivovarov,
Silvio Rabello, J. L. Smith
Kevin Ingersent
Daniel Grempel
Jianxin Zhu**



(Rice University)

(Univ. of Florida)

(CEA-Saclay)

(Los Alamos)

S. Paschen

T. Lühmann

T. Cichorek

O. Trovarelli

F. Steglich

P. Gegenwart

S. Wirth

K. Neumaier

C. Geibel

P. Coleman

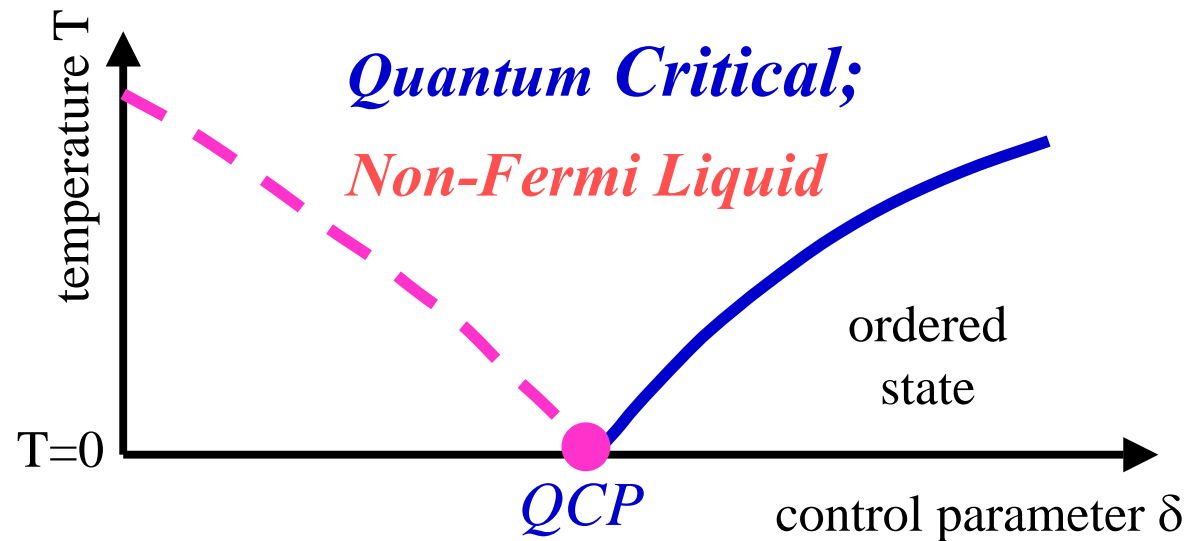
R. Küchler

N. Oeschler

O. Tegus

J. A. Mydosh

Quantum Critical Electron Systems



- **Quantum criticality** \longrightarrow **breakdown of Fermi liquid theory**
- **Non-Fermi liquid excitations** \longrightarrow **new types of quantum critical points**
- **High T_c superconductors (?), heavy fermions, ...**

- **Kondo lattices:**

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{ij,a} I_{ij}^a S_i^a S_j^a + \sum_{ij,\sigma} t_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^\dagger c_{j\sigma} + \sum_{i,a} J_K^a S_i^a s_{c,i}^a$$

- **Kondo lattices:**

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{ij,a} I_{ij}^a S_i^a S_j^a + \sum_{ij,\sigma} t_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^\dagger c_{j\sigma} + \sum_{i,a} J_K^a S_i^a s_{c,i}^a$$

- **Heavy fermions near a magnetic QCP:**

- YbRh_2Si_2 (critical $B_{ab}=60\text{mT}$, $B_c=0.7\text{T}$)

tetragonal; easy-plane anisotropy ($M_{ab}:M_c \approx 100:1$ at low T); $T_K^0 \approx 20\text{ K}$

- $\text{Ce}(\text{Cu}_{1-x}\text{Au}_x)_6$ (critical $x \approx 0.017$)

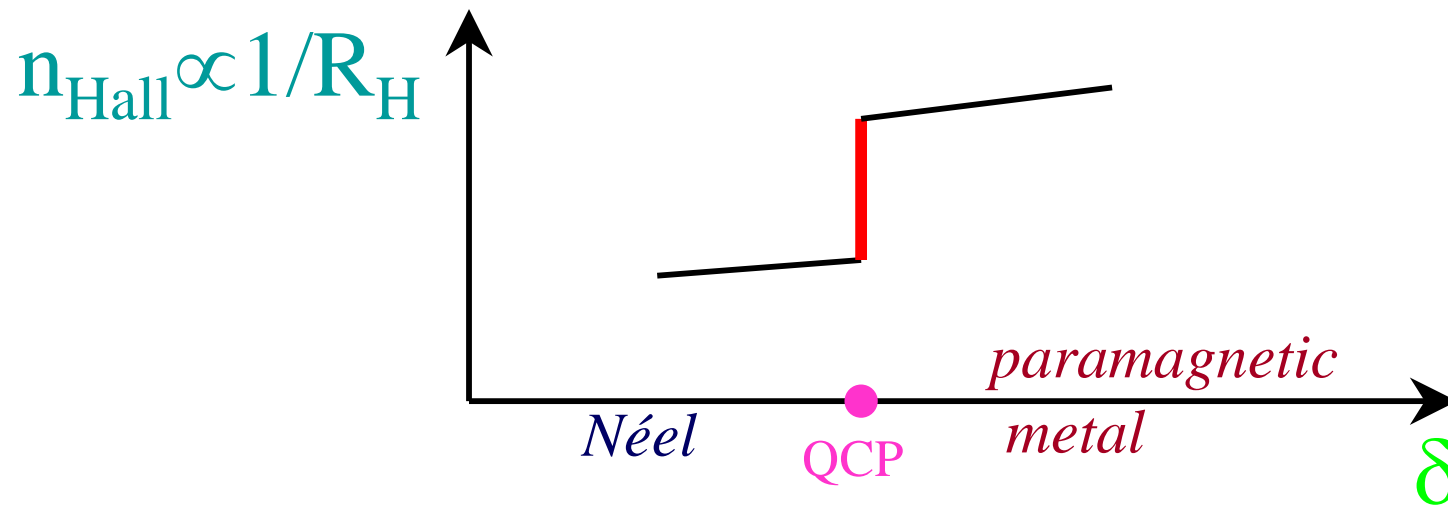
nearly orthorhombic; Ising-anisotropy ($M_c:M_a:M_b \approx 10:2:1$); $T_K^0 \approx 6\text{ K}$

- Phases: AF metal; paramagnetic metal

- **Heavy fermions near a magnetic QCP (cont'd):**
 - CePd_2Si_2
 - CeIn_3
 - CeNi_2Ge_2
 - YbAgGe [new toy – frustrated (hexagonal) lattice]
 - CeMIn_5 (?)

Hall Effect in YbRh_2Si_2

- The Hall number has a sharp jump @ QCP in the $T = 0$ limit (by extrapolation):



- Suggesting a sudden collapse and reconstruction of the Fermi surface at the QCP

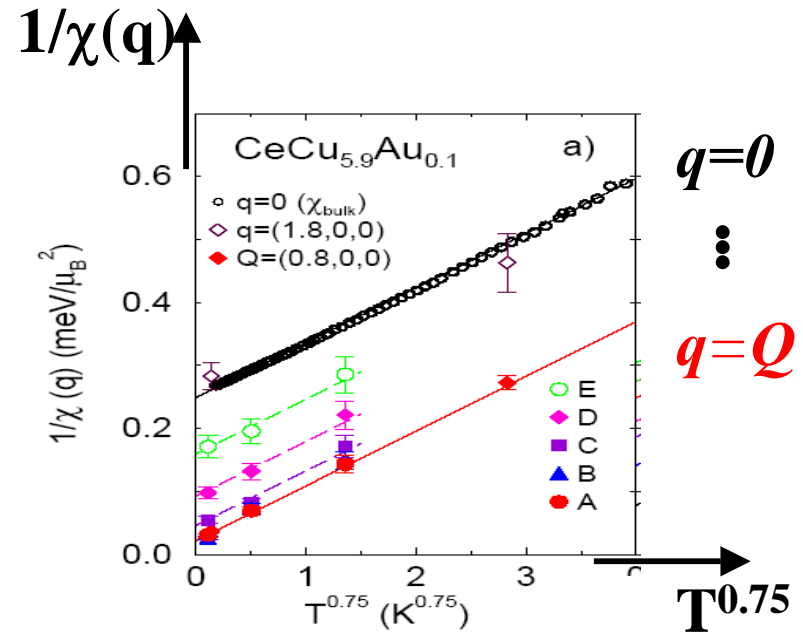
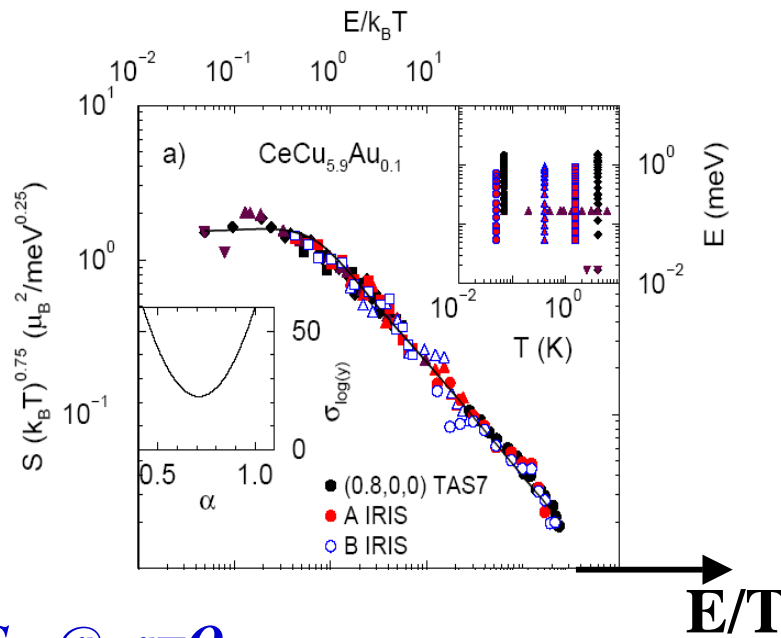
S. Paschen et al., preprint '04

Dynamics of the quantum critical $\text{CeCu}_{5.9}\text{Au}_{0.1}$

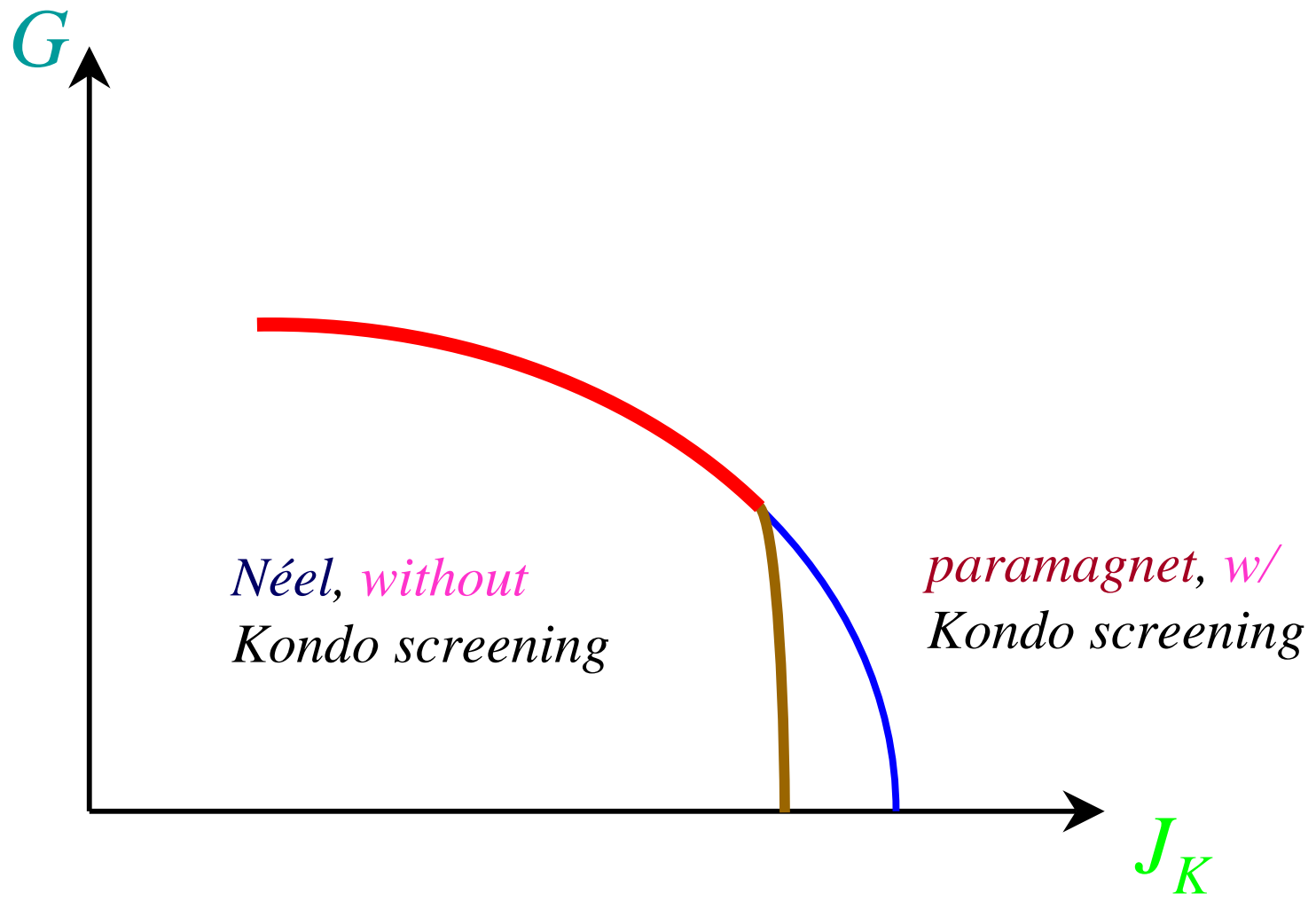
- **Frequency and temperature dependences of the dynamical spin susceptibility:**
 - **an anomalous exponent $\alpha < 1$**
 - ω/T scaling
 - **implying non-Gaussian fixed point**
- **The anomalous exponent α is seen essentially 'everywhere' in the momentum space**

Dynamical and Static Susceptibilities in $\text{CeCu}_{5.9}\text{Au}_{0.1}$

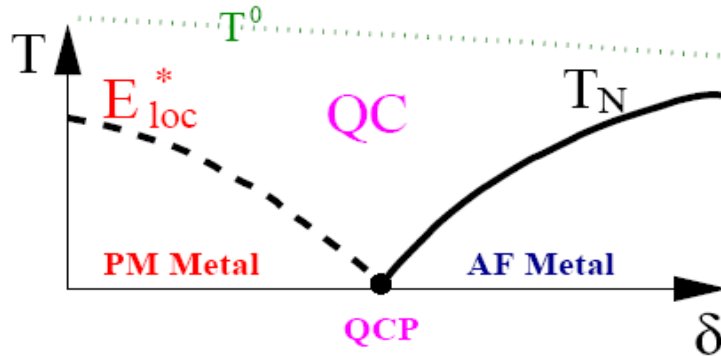
- E/T scaling
- Fractional exponent $\alpha=0.75$
- $\alpha=0.75$ 'everywhere' in \mathbf{q} .



A. Schröder et al., Nature '00; PRL '98; O. Stockert, H. v. Löhneysen, A. Rosch, N. Pyka, & M. Loewenhaupt, PRL '98



Local Quantum Critical Point



Destruction of Kondo effect ($E_{loc}^* \rightarrow 0$) at the QCP

- Local susceptibility also diverges:

$$\chi_{loc}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\Lambda} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{-i\omega}$$

where $\Lambda \approx T_K^0$

- “spin self-energy” has anomalous exponent

$$M(\omega) \approx -I_Q + A(-i\omega)^\alpha$$

where $\alpha = \frac{1}{2\rho_I(I_Q)\Lambda}$

QS, S. Rabello, K. Ingersent, & J. L. Smith, Nature 413, 804 (2001)

DMFT* of Kondo Lattice

(* Georges and Kotliar, Metzner and Vollhardt, ...)

- **Mapping to a self-consistent Kondo model**

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = J_K \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{s}_c + \sum_{p,\sigma} E_p c_{p\sigma}^\dagger c_{p\sigma}$$

+ *self-consistency conditions*

- **Correctly describes Kondo screening: heavy fermion phase with large Fermi surface**
- **But: no competing mechanism against Kondo effect: Kondo screening is too robust**
- **No dynamical competition between Kondo and RKKY**

Extended-DMFT* of Kondo Lattice

(* Smith & QS; Chitra & Kotliar; Sengupta & Georges)

- Mapping to a Bose-Fermi Kondo model:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = J_K \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{s}_c + \sum_{p,\sigma} E_p c_{p\sigma}^\dagger c_{p\sigma} + g \mathbf{S} \cdot \sum_p \left(\vec{\phi}_p + \vec{\phi}_{-p}^\dagger \right) + \sum_p w_p \vec{\phi}_p^\dagger \cdot \vec{\phi}_p$$

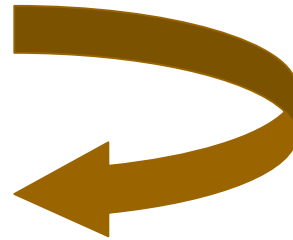
+ *self-consistency conditions*

- The effective impurity problem determines
 - Electron self-energy $\Sigma(\omega)$
 - “spin self-energy” $M(\omega)$
- Dynamical spin susceptibility:

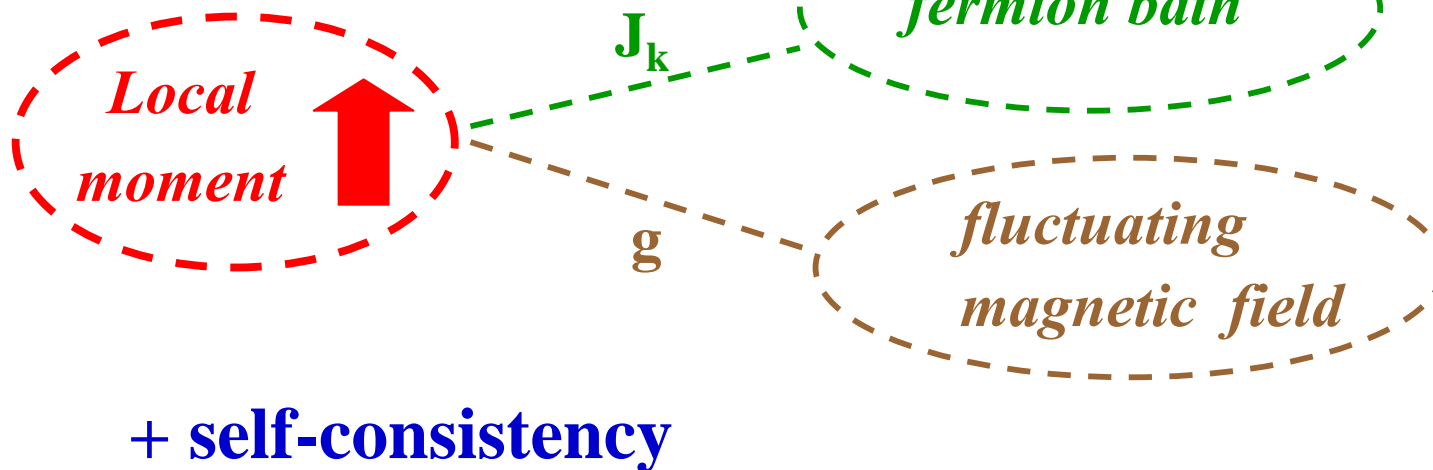
$$\chi(\mathbf{q}, \omega) = \frac{1}{M(\omega) + I_{\mathbf{q}}}$$

Extended-DMFT of Kondo Lattice

Kondo Lattice



Bose-Fermi Kondo



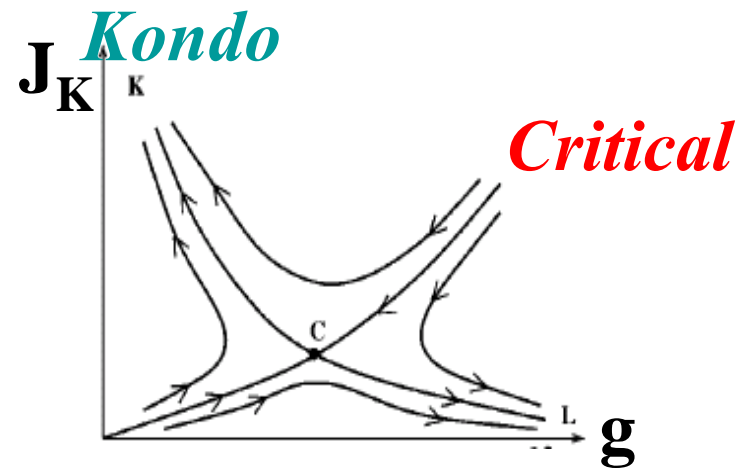
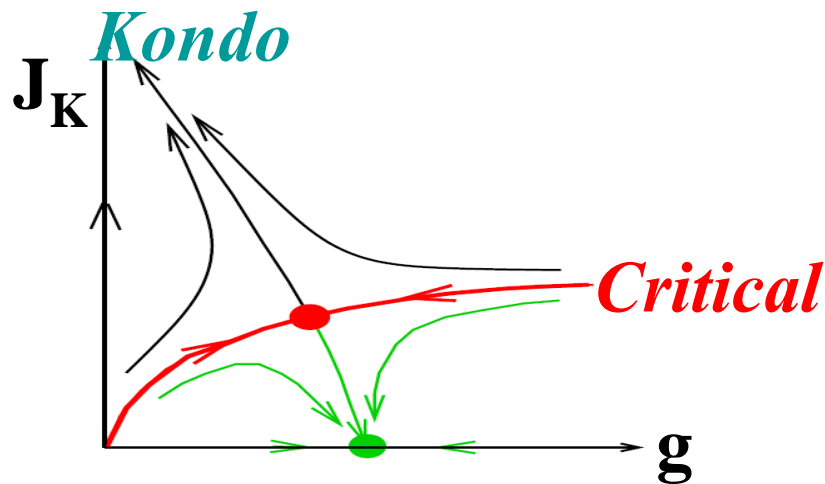
Cf. QS, S. Rabello, K. Ingersent and J.L.Smith, Phys. Rev. B '03 for details

ϵ -expansion of Bose-Fermi Kondo model:

$$\sum_p \delta(\omega - w_p) \sim \omega^{1-\epsilon}$$

SU(2) & XY

Ising



Critical: $\chi_{\text{loc}}(\tau) \sim 1/\tau^\epsilon$

Crucial for LQCP solution

Order ϵ : *J. L. Smith & QS '97; A. M. Sengupta '97; Higher orders in ϵ and spin anisotropies: L. Zhu & QS '02; G. Zarand & E. Demler '02*

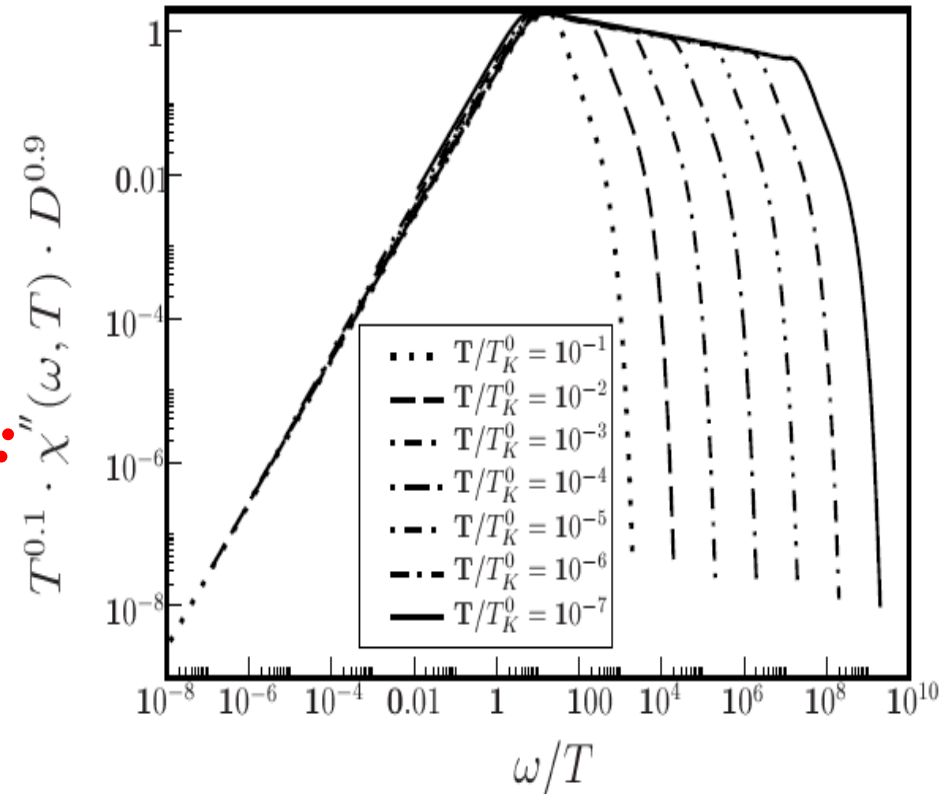
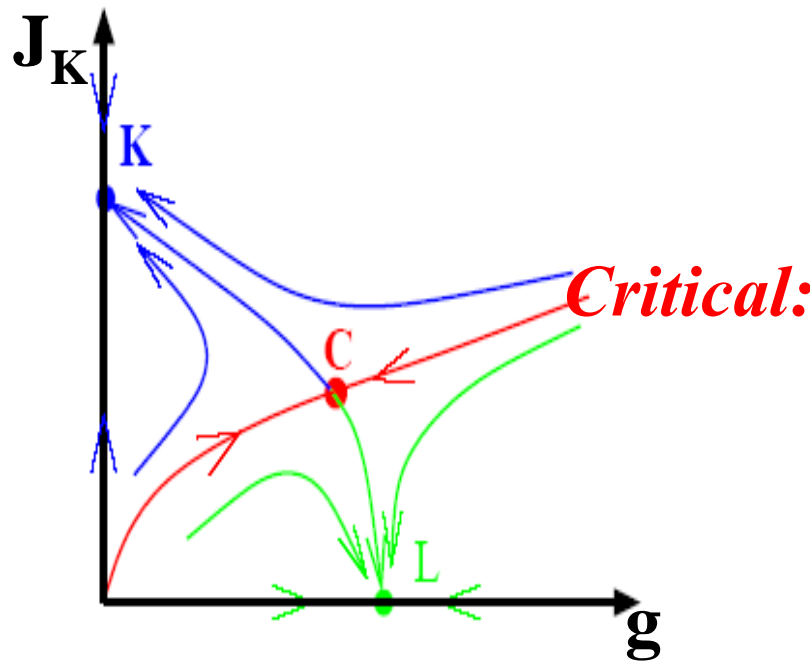
$J_K = 0$: *S. Sachdev & J. Ye '93 (large N); M. Voja, C. Buragohain & S. Sachdev '00*

Dynamical large-N of Bose-Fermi Kondo

$$SU(N) \times SU(\kappa N)$$

(Parcollet & Georges, PRL '97;
Cox & Ruckenstein, PRL '93)

$$\sum_p \delta(\omega - w_p) \sim \omega^{1-\varepsilon}$$



L. Zhu, S. Kirchner, QS, & A. Georges, cond-mat 0406293;

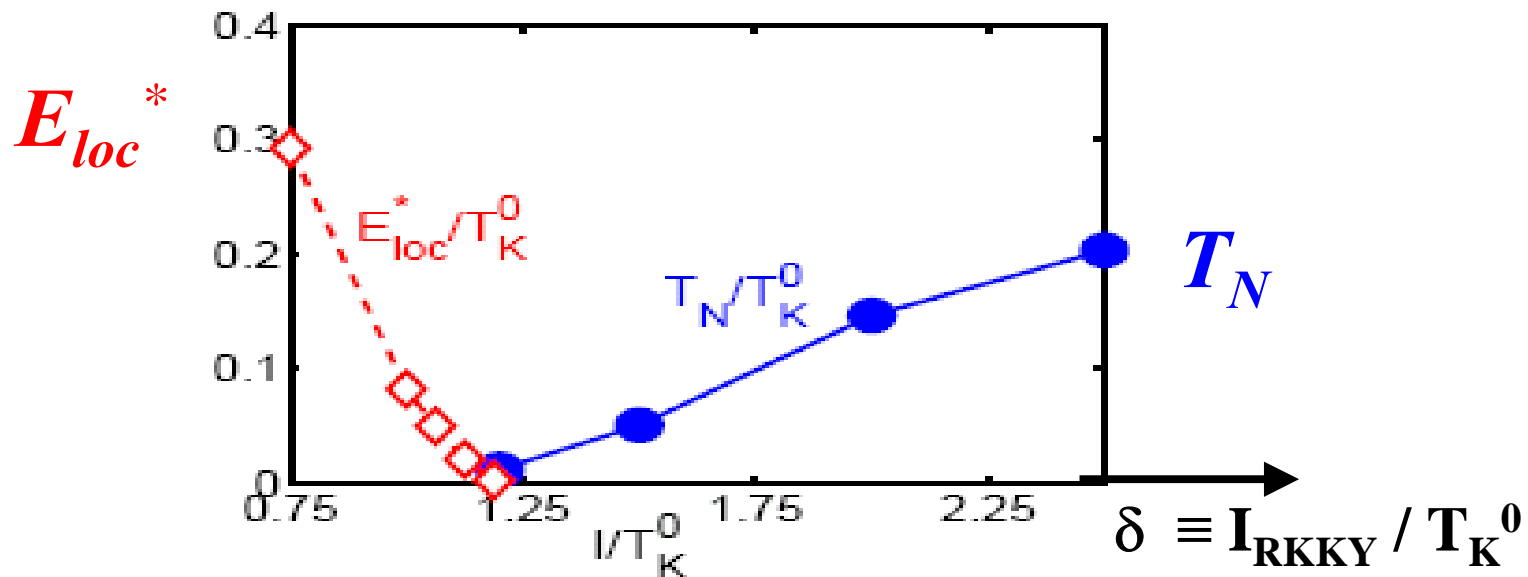
S. Kirchner, L. Zhu, & QS, cond-mat 0407307

Kondo lattice with Ising anisotropy

EDMFT of

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_0(c) + \sum_i J_K \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{s}_{c,i} + \sum_{ij} I_{ij} S_i^z S_j^z$$

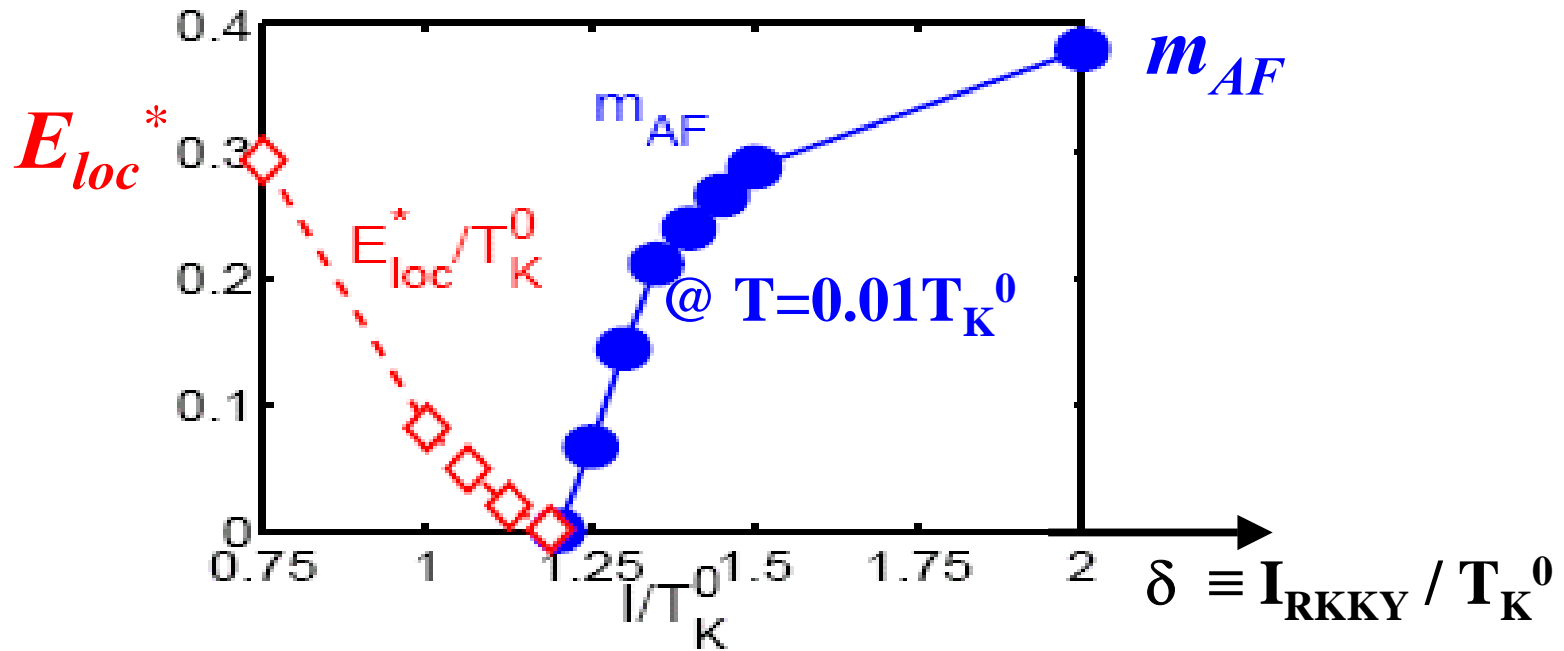
(Quantum Monte Carlo algorithm of Grepel and Rozenberg '99)



The destruction of Kondo resonances ($E_{\text{loc}}^* \rightarrow 0$)
meets with the vanishing of the Néel temperature

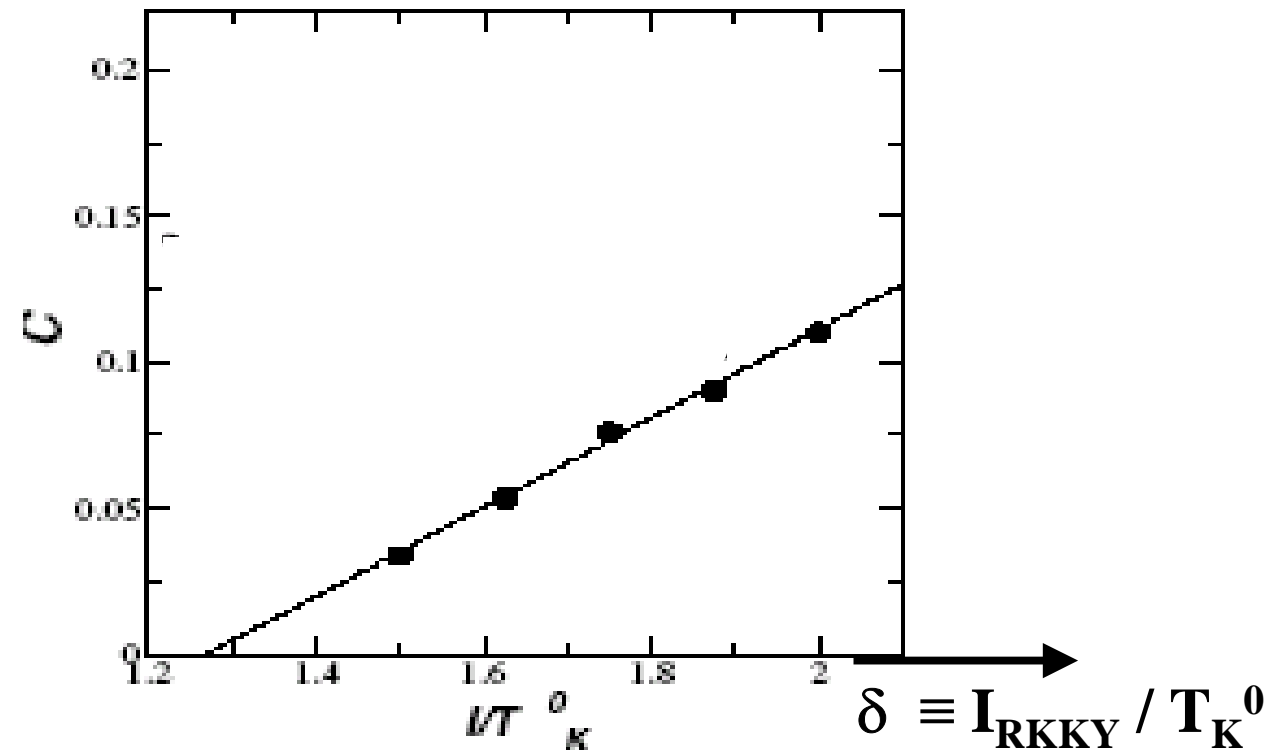
J.-X. Zhu, D. Grepel, & QS, Phys.Rev.Lett. '03

Kondo lattice with Ising anisotropy: Evidence for 2nd-order transition at T=0 (cont'd)



- $m_{\text{AF}} \rightarrow 0$: continuous AF transition
- $E_{\text{loc}}^* \rightarrow 0$: destruction of Kondo resonances

Kondo lattice with Ising anisotropy: Evidence for 2nd-order transition at T=0 (cont'd)



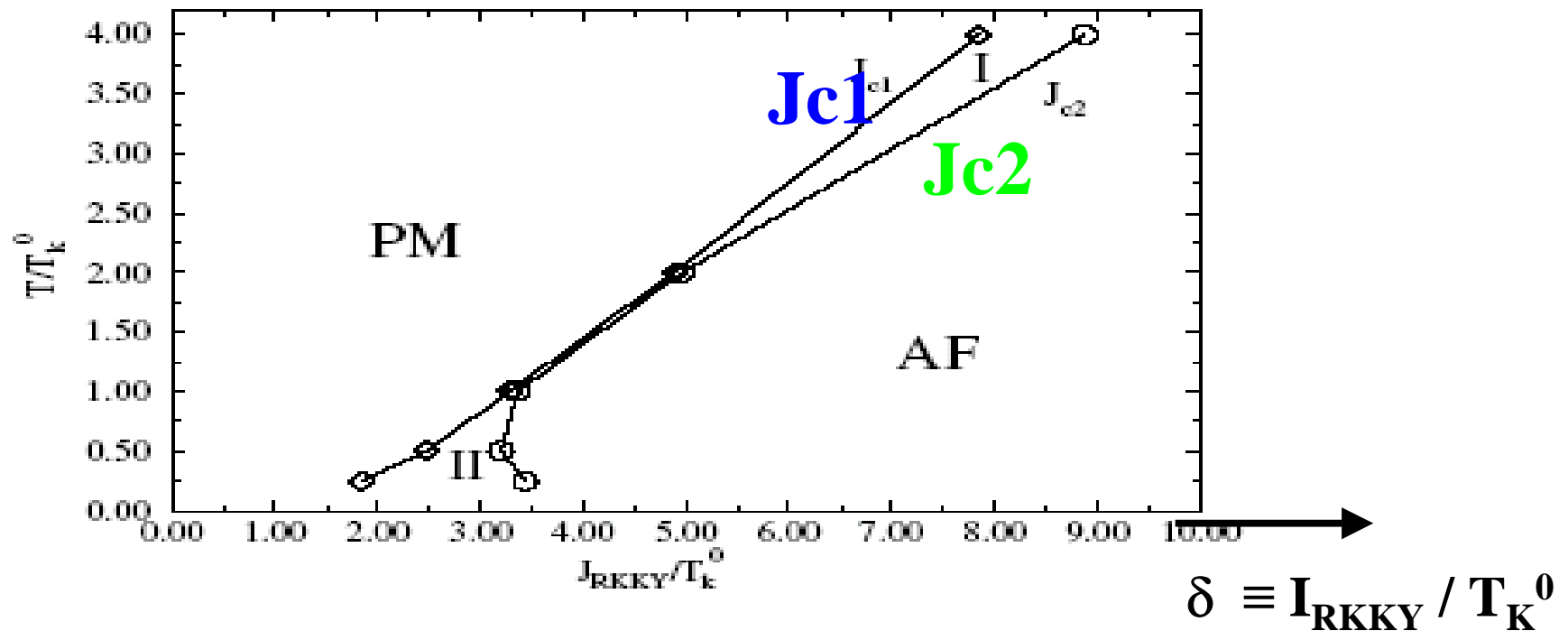
Curie constant C in the nominally “paramagnetic” solution as a function of I/T_K^0 .

EDMFT of Anderson lattice with Ising anisotropy

(P. Sun and G. Kotliar, Phys.Rev.Lett. '03)

EDMFT of

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_{\text{Anderson-lattice}} + \sum_{ij} I_{ij} S_i^z S_j^z$$



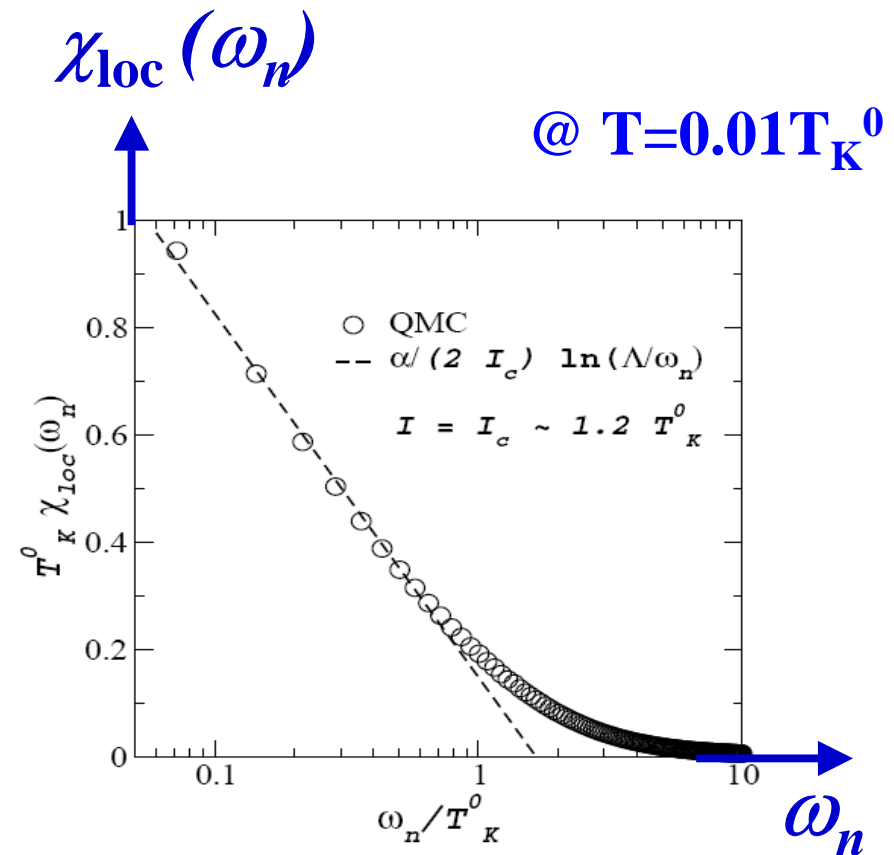
- Along J_{c1} line, weaker first order at lower T
- If J_{c1} line terminates at a 2nd order transition at $T=0$, then $J_{c2}(T=0)$ must be equal to $J_{c1}(T=0)$

Quantum Critical Dynamics

- Local spin susceptibility
at $I \approx I_c \approx 1.2 T_K^0$:

$$\chi_{\text{loc}}(\omega_n) = \frac{1}{2\Lambda} \ln \frac{\Lambda}{|\omega_n|}$$

- Calculated $\alpha \approx 0.7$

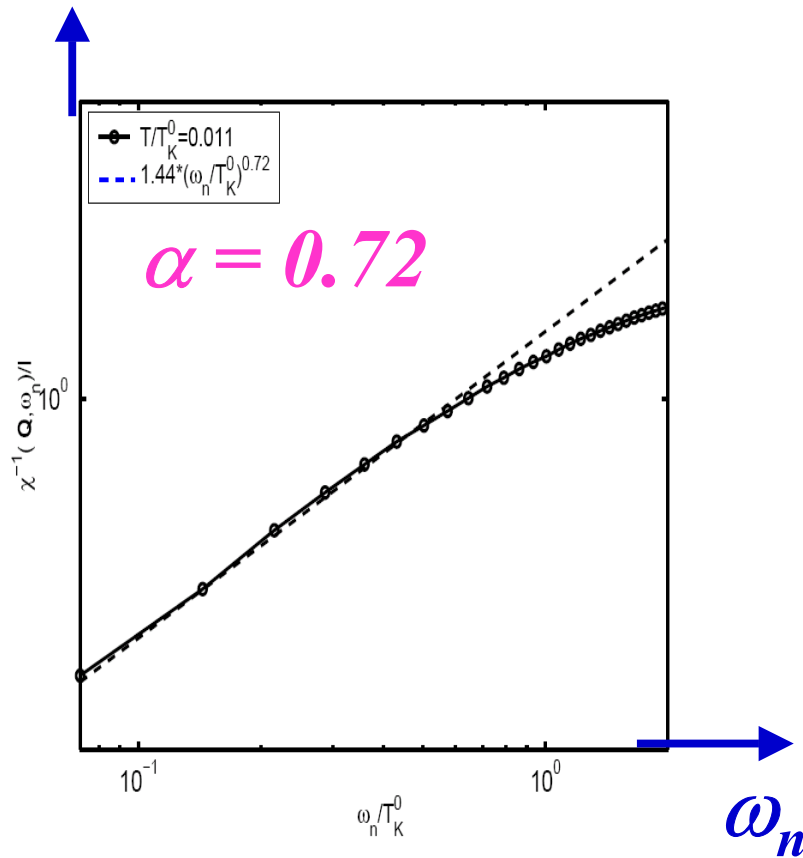


D. Grempel and QS, Phys. Rev. Lett. '03

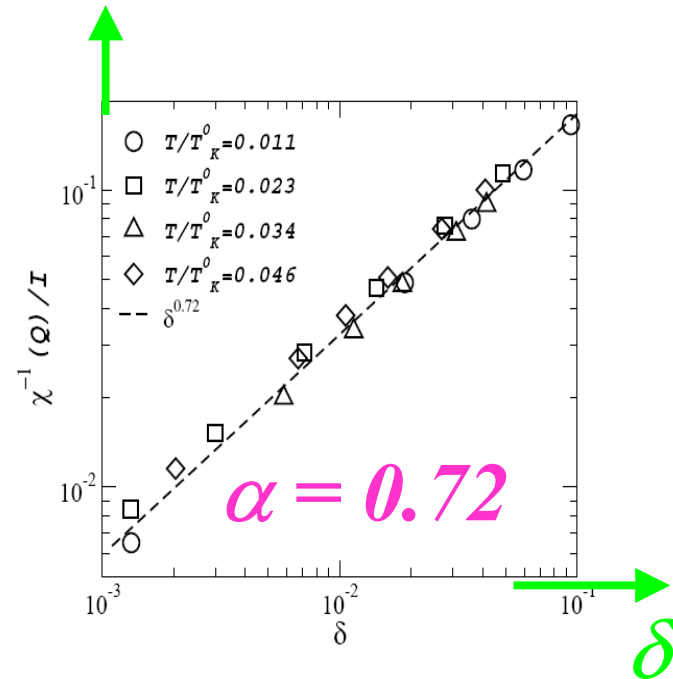
Fractional exponent in the dynamics

- Inverse peak susceptibility at $I \approx I_c$

$\chi^{-1}(Q, \omega_n)$



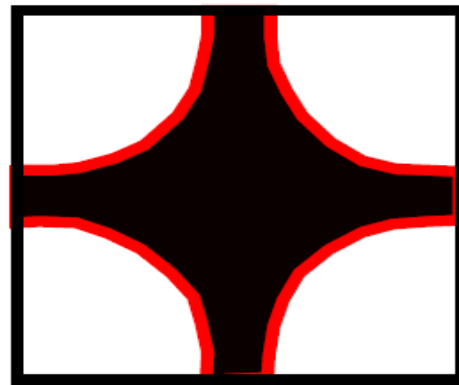
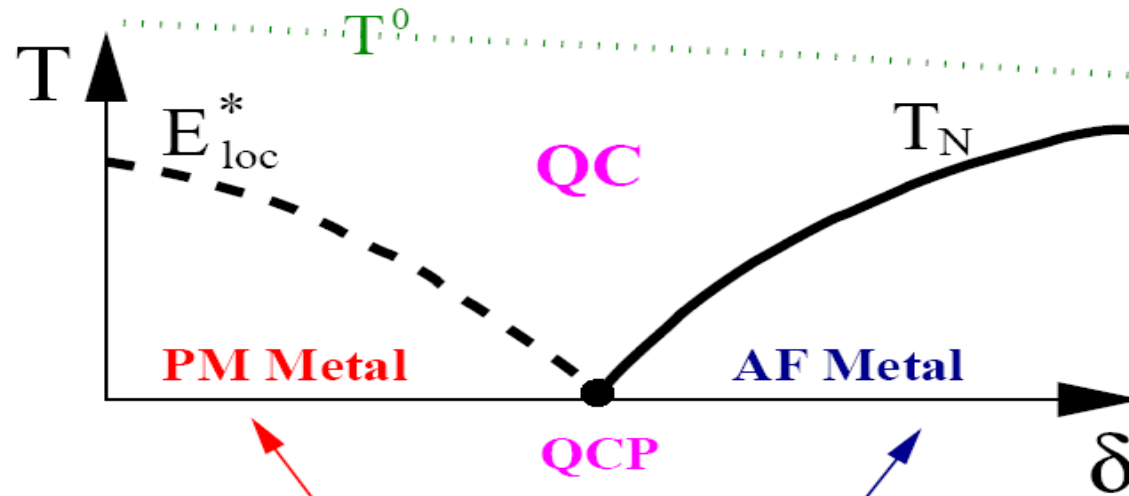
$\chi^{-1}(Q)$



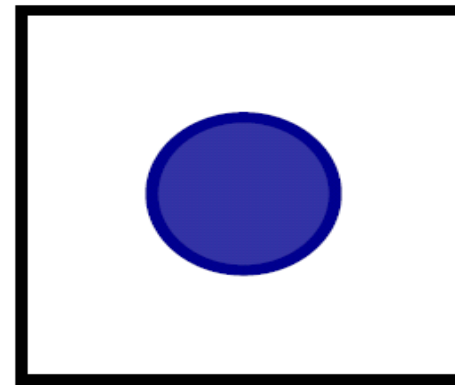
$$\delta(T, I_c) \propto T;$$

$$\delta(T=0) \propto (I_c - I)$$

Fermi Surface Evolution




'Large' FS

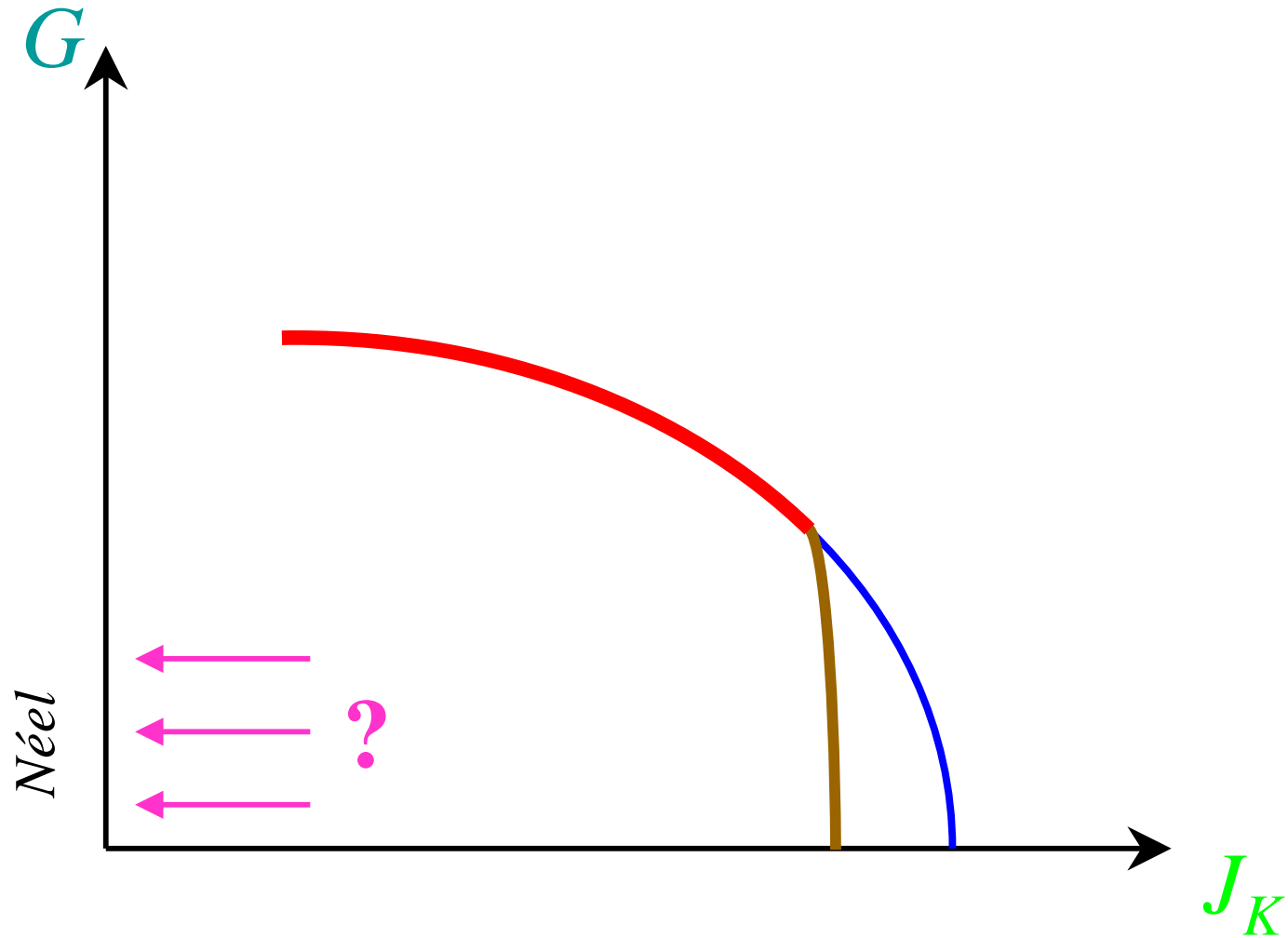


'Small' FS

In what sense is the QCP local?

- **Localization of f-electrons**
 - $m^* \rightarrow \infty$ over the entire Fermi surface as $\delta \rightarrow \delta_{\text{QCP}}$
 - Reconstruction of the Fermi surface across δ_{QCP}
- **Anomalous spin dynamics everywhere in q .**
- **Destruction of Kondo effect** 
 - Non-Fermi liquid excitations part of the quantum-critical spectrum.

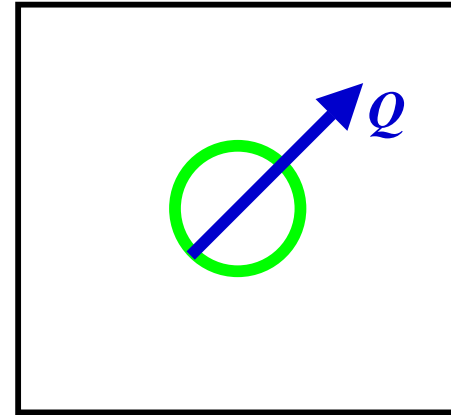
- **What happens beyond EDMFT?**



- **Ising case:** Kondo coupling to fermions irrelevant
- **Heisenberg case:**

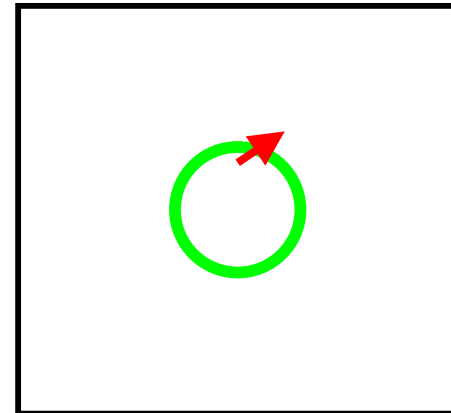
$$S(\mathbf{x}, \tau) \approx m + n e^{i\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{x}}$$

– Coupling of fermions to n irrelevant:



– Coupling of fermions to m :

$$\sum_a y^a \int d\mathbf{x} d\tau m^a(\mathbf{x}, \tau) m_c^a(\mathbf{x}, \tau)$$



***Related problem
in 1D:***

$$\beta(y_{\perp}) = \left(1 - \frac{K_{\tau}}{2} - \frac{1}{2K_{\tau}}\right) y_{\perp} + uK_{\tau}y_{z}y_{\perp}$$

$$\beta(y_{z}) = uK_{\tau}^2y_{\perp}^2$$

$$\beta(K_{\tau}) = \left(1 - K_{\tau}^2\right) y_{\perp}^2$$

where $u = \sqrt{2\pi}v_s / (v_s + v_{\tau})$

E. Pivovarov, & QS, Phys.Rev. B '04;

O. Zachar, & A. M. Tsvelik, Phys. Rev. B '01;

A. E. Sikkema, I. Affleck, & S. R. White, Phys. Rev. Lett. '97;

O. Zachar, S. A. Kivelson, & V. J. Emery, Phys. Rev. Lett. '96

Spin dynamics at the LQCP

- **Dynamical spin susceptibility:**

$$\chi(\mathbf{q}, \omega) = \frac{1}{(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{Q}}) + A (-i\omega)^\alpha \mathcal{M}(\omega/T)}$$

- *cf. CeCu_{6-x}Au_x (A. Schröder et al '98; O. Stockert et al. '98)*
- *UCu_{5-x}Pd_x(?) (M. Aronson et al. '95; D. MacLaughlin et al. '00)*

- **Static bulk spin susceptibility:**

$$\chi(T) = \frac{1}{\Theta + B T^\alpha}$$

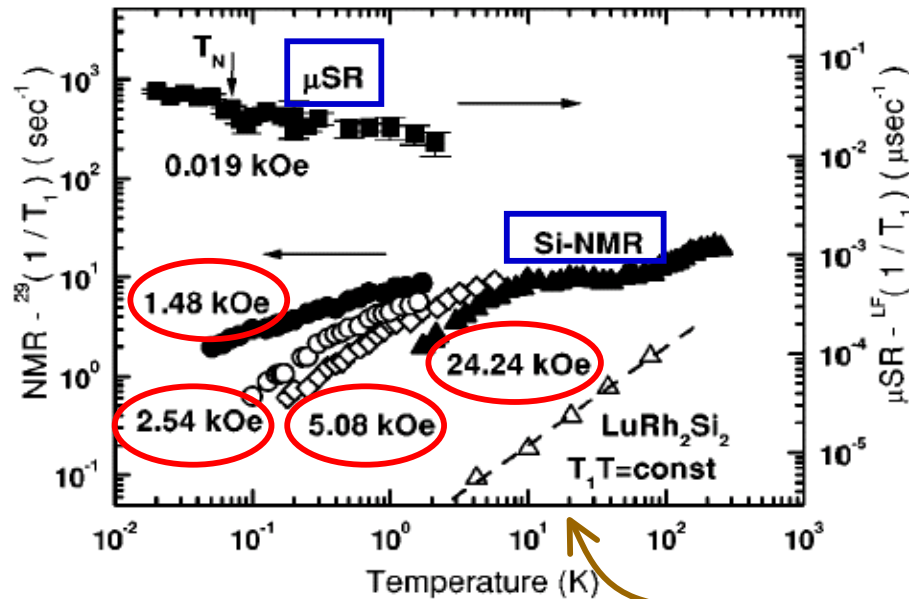
- *cf. CeCu_{6-x}Au_x (A. Schröder et al. '00)*
- *YbRh₂Si₂ (P. Gegenwart et al. '02)*
- *CeCoIn₅(?) (J. Thompson et al. '02, S. Nakatsuji et al. '02)*

- **NMR relaxation rate:**

$$\frac{1}{T_1} \sim A_{hf}^2 \frac{\pi}{8\Lambda}$$

- *cf. YbRh₂Si₂ (K. Ishida et al. '03)*
- *CeCu_{6-x}Au_x (R. Walstedt et al. '03): $(1/T_1)_{Cu} \sim T^\alpha$
[sum over generic q – transfer hyperfine coupling?]*

NMR and μ SR relaxation rates in YbRh_2Si_2



- B/T scaling
- $1/T_1$ extrapolates to const. as field $B \rightarrow B_c$

T_K^0

NMR: K. Ishida, K. Okamoto, Y. Kawasaki, Y. Kitaoka, O. Trovarelli, C. Geibel, & F. Steglich, PRL '02; PRB '03

μ SR: K. Ishida, D. E. MacLaughlin, O. O. Bernal, R. H. Heffner, G. J. Nieuwenhuys, O. Trovarelli, C. Geibel, F. Steglich, '02

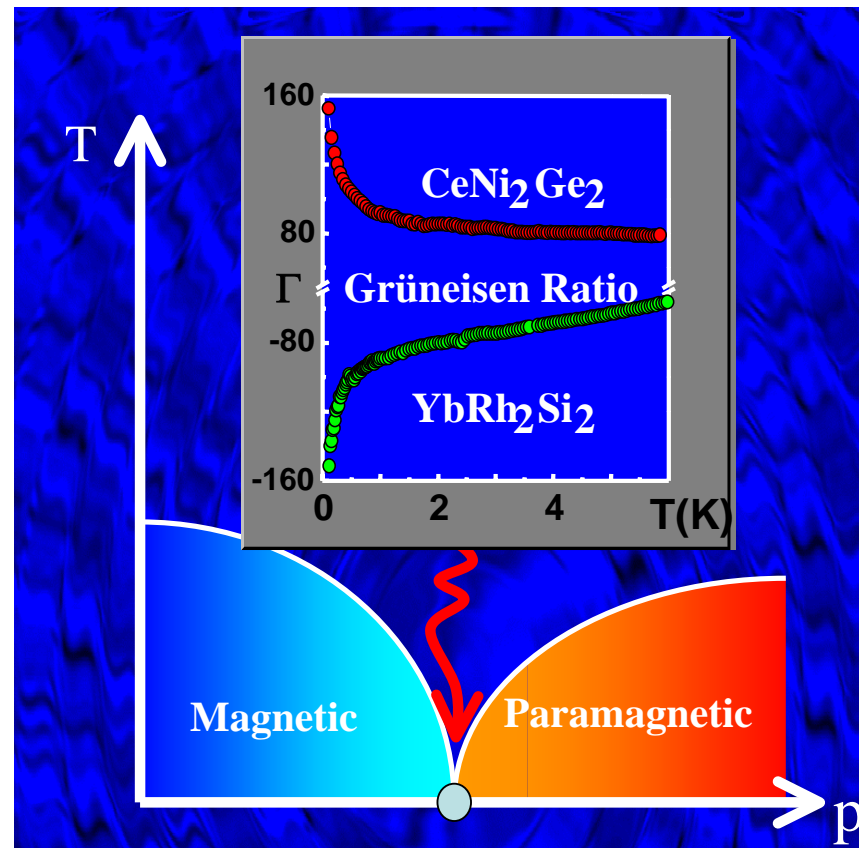
Divergence of the Grüneisen Ratio

$$\Gamma \sim \frac{\text{thermal expansion } \alpha \equiv \frac{1}{V} \frac{\partial V}{\partial T}}{\text{specific heat } c}$$

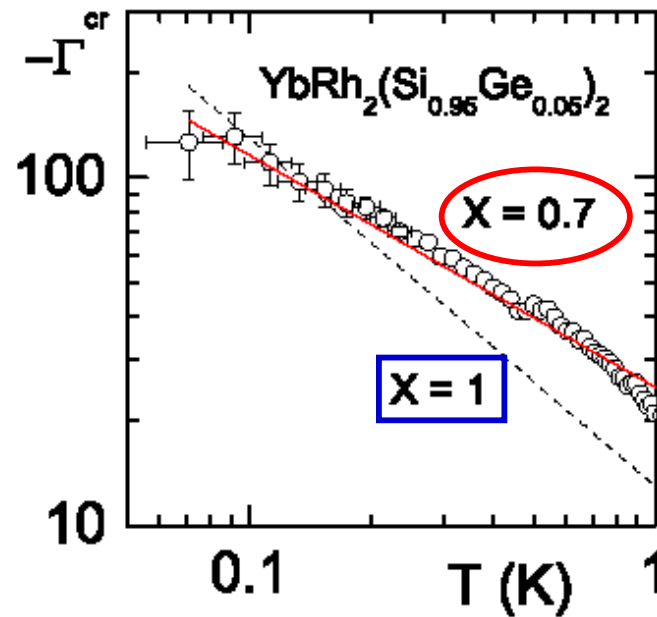
$$\sim \frac{\partial S / \partial p}{T \partial S / \partial T} \rightarrow \frac{1}{T^x}$$

*L. Zhu, M. Garst, A. Rosch,
and QS, Phys. Rev. Lett. '03*

*R. Küchler et al.,
Phys. Rev. Lett. '03*



Grüneisen exponent in Ge-doped YbRh_2Si_2

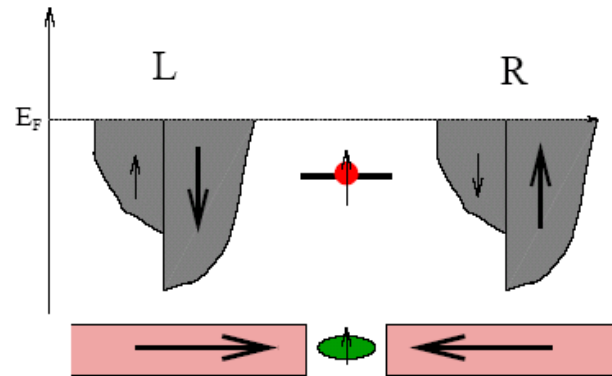


- **LQCP:** $x_{\text{loc}} \approx 0.66$ to 2nd order in ϵ -expansion for the XY case
- **Cf. AF-SDW:** $x = 1 / \nu z = 1$

R. Küchler et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. '03

Quantum criticality in magnetic quantum dot

(S. Kirchner, L. Zhu, QS, and D. Natelson, unpublished '04)



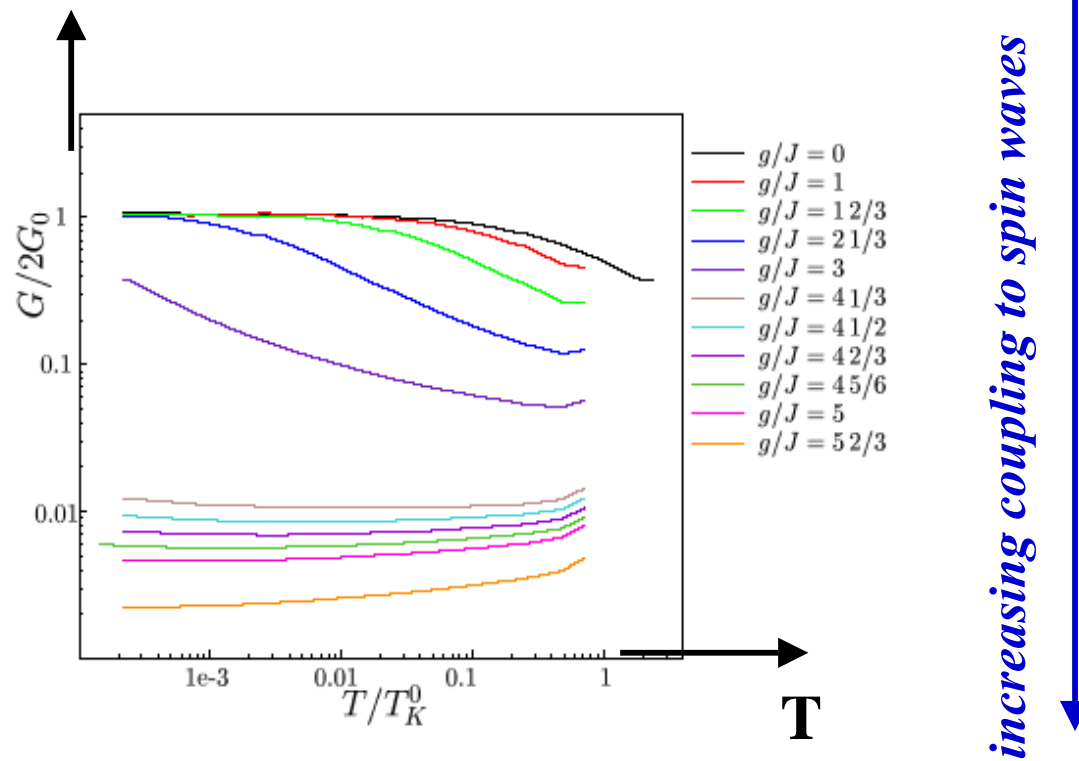
**Cf. for parallel configuration:
Splitting of Kondo resonance
(J. Martinek et al, PRL '03;
P. McEwen, D. Ralph, et al.,
APS March Meeting '04)**

- **Spin waves: Sub-ohmic dissipation bath ($\gamma=0.5$)**
- **Bose-Fermi Kondo model w/ xy-symmetry**
- **Tuning the relative couplings of the dot spin to spin waves and fermions leads to a QCP**

For mixed-valence quantum dot with Ohmic bath: K. Le Hur '04

Quantum criticality in magnetic quantum dot (cont'd)

Linear-response conductance



SUMMARY

- **Two types of quantum critical metals**
 - T=0 SDW transition (Gaussian)
 - **Locally quantum-critical: destruction of Kondo effect exactly at the magnetic QCP (interacting)**
- **Microscopic (EDMFT) results of Kondo lattice models**
- **Evidence from Hall effect, inelastic neutron scattering, NMR, and Grüneisen ratio**
- **Beyond microscopics**
- **Relevance to other strongly correlated metals?**

How can the Hertz picture* break down?

[* paramagnons fluctuating in (d+z) dimensions]

- *Non-Fermi liquid electronic excitations may be part of the quantum-critical spectrum:*
 - Such electronic excitations arise exactly at the QCP
- *Quantum temporal fluctuations may not simply be extra z-dimensions of classical fluctuations:*

$$Z \sim \sum_{\text{config in } (\mathbf{x}, \tau)} Z(\text{config})$$

The partition function for an individual configuration in space and time may not be positive semidefinite (cf, the “minus sign problem” of quantum Monte Carlo).

- Robustness of the LQCP (for $\alpha < 1$): GL
- Kondo versus Mott-Hubbard systems:

