

# WWW Atomic and Molecular Data

**Workshop on Atomic and Molecular Data for  
Fusion Energy Research**  
ICTP -Trieste

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# Atomic and Molecular Data Unit

<http://www-amdis.iaea.org>

- Objective: establishment of recommended numerical databases for use in fusion energy research:
  - atomic and molecular collisions
  - radiative processes
  - atomic and molecular structure characteristics
  - particle-solid surface interactions
  - physico-chemical and thermo-mechanical material properties
- WWW, main support to provide the information
  - AMBDAS, a bibliographic database
  - ALADDIN, a numerical database
  - GENIE, a web search engine
  - Web calculation tools

# Atomic and Molecular Data Unit

- **DCN**: Atomic and Molecular Data Centre Network
  - Bibliographic data for AMBDAS
  - Priorities in data generation, compilation and evaluation
  - Development of web search engines
- **CRP**: Coordinated Research project
  - Numerical data (experimental and theoretical): data collection, data production, data evaluation
- **Consultancies**
  - Web calculation tools
  - XML format for atomic and molecular data
  - Numerical data

# DCN

- The A+M/PMI Data Centre Network (DCN) includes 10 national data centres
- Activities in collection, assessment (evaluation) and generation of atomic and molecular (A+M), particle surface interaction (PSI) and bulk material properties (plasma-material interaction - PMI) data for fusion and other applications.
- The activities of this DCN related to fusion research are coordinated by the IAEA A+M Data Unit
- The DCN represents one of the main instruments by which the international fusion related A+M/PMI data collection and evaluation programmes are implemented. The heads of the national A+M/PMI data centres, members of the A+M/PMI DCN, constitute a standing Advisory Group for advising the Agency on the technical aspects of A+M/PMI data exchange and processing.
- Advisory Group meets every 2 years

# CRP: Co-ordinated Research Project

## **Joint Project with research effort on topic of interest to fusion:**

- Representatives from approximately 10 research institutions
- Duration of 3-5 years
- Research Coordination Meeting (RCM): periodic meeting at IAEA Headquarters

## **Goals:**

- Data generation
- Compilation and assessment of data
- Data evaluation
- Establishment of databases

## **Data and results:**

- Final results published in “**Atomic and Plasma-Material Interaction Data for Fusion**” (**APID**)
- Data included in electronic database: <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/ALADDIN/>

# Active and Planned CRPs

Title	Duration
Data for molecular processes in edge plasmas	2001-2005 ( <i>ending</i> )
Tritium inventory in fusion machine	2002-2006
Atomic and molecular data for plasma modelling	2005-2008
Atomic data for high Z element impurities in fusion reactors	2005-2008
Data for surface composition dynamics relevant to erosion processes	2006-2009

# CRP on Data for Molecular Processes in Edge Plasmas

## **Overall Objective:**

To identify the specific molecular processes that are important to the plasma physics in the edge regions and to provide data for some of these processes

- Most important molecular species were identified as molecular hydrogen with all possible isotope distributions, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> group hydrocarbons, silicates, nitrogen compounds and H<sub>2</sub>O
- Major processes for which data are needed: ionisation, recombination, attachment, detachment, excitation, de-excitation, dissociation, charge transfer, chemical reactions, energy transfer and plasma wall interactions
- Final report will be published in APID 13. Data are included into ALADDIN as soon as available.

# CRP on Tritium Inventory in Fusion Reactors

**Overall Objective:** Gather and generate new data relevant to the overall inventory of tritium in fusion reactors, with special emphasis on the interactions of tritium with plasma facing components and methods for tritium removal

- Removal of tritium will be an important issue for ITER
- Important materials include carbon, tungsten and beryllium
- Cannot be assumed that the first wall will be carbon free
- Effects of dopants are important, and dependent on particle and heat load
- Flux and fluence dependence of chemical erosion important in modelling
- Still some questions on erosion sources
- Electron-simulated desorption, glow discharge and laser heating are all being investigated for tritium removal
- Research has been initiated on all topics
- Last RCM in September 2006

# CRP on A + M Data for Plasma Modeling

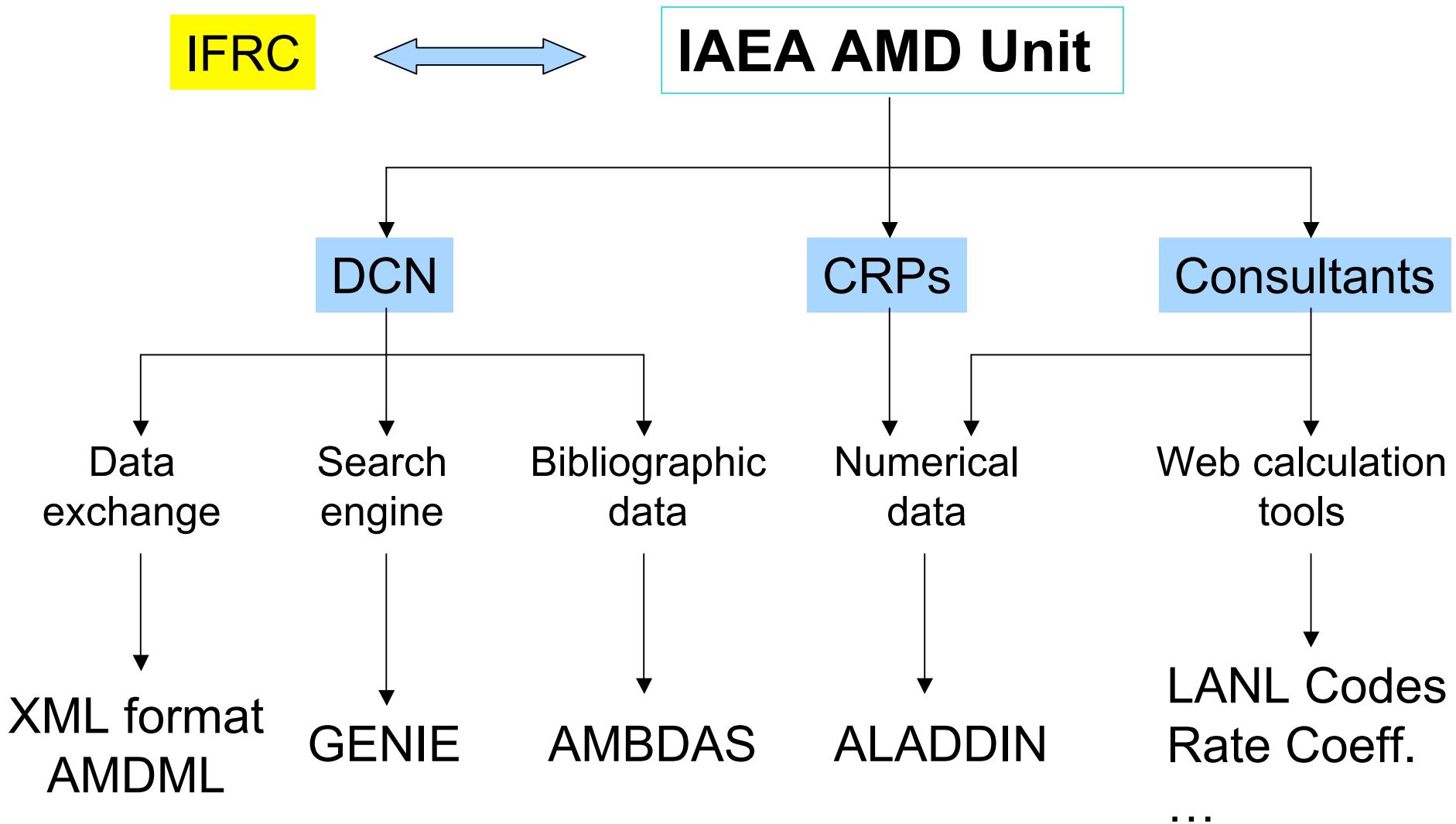
**Overall objective:** gathering and generating new data relevant to modeling the edge region of plasmas relevant to nuclear fusion energy devices

- Cross sections, rate coefficients, branching ratios, and kinetic energies from various sources for hydrides (with isotopes) and hydrocarbons.
- Surface interactions, such as sticking and generation of hydride species
- First RCM in September 2005

# CRP on Atomic Data for High Z elements impurities in Fusion Reactors

## Overall objective:

- Heavy elements from erosion of plasma facing components, introduction for diagnostics purpose, unavoidable contamination
- $Z \geq 13$ , priority to noble gases (Ar, Kr, Xe) and Si, Cl, Cr, Fe Ni, Cu, Mo, W
- Ion stage considered: ion stages giving rise to the most distinct spectral lines
- Output: benchmark data for most important processes (transition probabilities, excitation and ionization cross sections, charge transfer and recombination)
- First RCM in November 2005



# Bibliographic Data

# Bibliographic Search

- **Bibliographic databases**
  - AMBDAS, IAEA
  - CFADC, ORNL Oak Ridge
  - GAPHYOR, University of Paris XI
  - FUSION, NIFS (subscript of INSPEC)
- **Specialized databases**
  - NIST: energy levels, transition probabilities, line broadenings
- **Web search engines**
  - General: Google, Yahoo...
  - Specialized: Crossref
- **Electronic publishers**
  - AIP, IOP, ...
- **On line libraries:** LANL, NASA

# Bibliographic databases

- General Databases for A+M, PMI and Fusion Research
  - AMBDAS, IAEA, Vienna Austria  
<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/AMBDAS>
  - CFADC, ORNL, Oak Ridge USA  
<http://www-cfadc.phy.ornl.gov/bibliography/search.html>
  - GAPHYOR, Université Paris XI, Orsay France  
<http://gaphyor.lpgp.u-psud.fr/gaphyor/gaphyor.html>
  - FUSION (subset of INSPEC), NIFS, Japan  
<https://dbshino.nifs.ac.jp/>  
Logon ID : triesta      Password : kXdb\$nGy
- Specialized databases
  - NIST Atomic Spectra Bibliographic databases  
<http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/ASBib1/index.html>
    - Energy levels, wavelengths
    - Transition probabilities
    - Spectral line broadenings

# GAPHYOR

<http://gaphyor.lpgp.u-psud.fr/gaphyor/gaphyor.html>

Domain: atomic and molecular physics

- Properties of atoms and molecules
- Photon collisions
- Electronic collisions
- Heavy particles collisions
- Macroscopic properties of gases
- Particle surface interactions

Interface and data structure

- No title
- Standard and advanced search

# AMBDAS

<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/AMBDAS>

IAEA bibliographic database: 112 000 records from 42 000 references

Domain covered: information of interest for fusion energy research

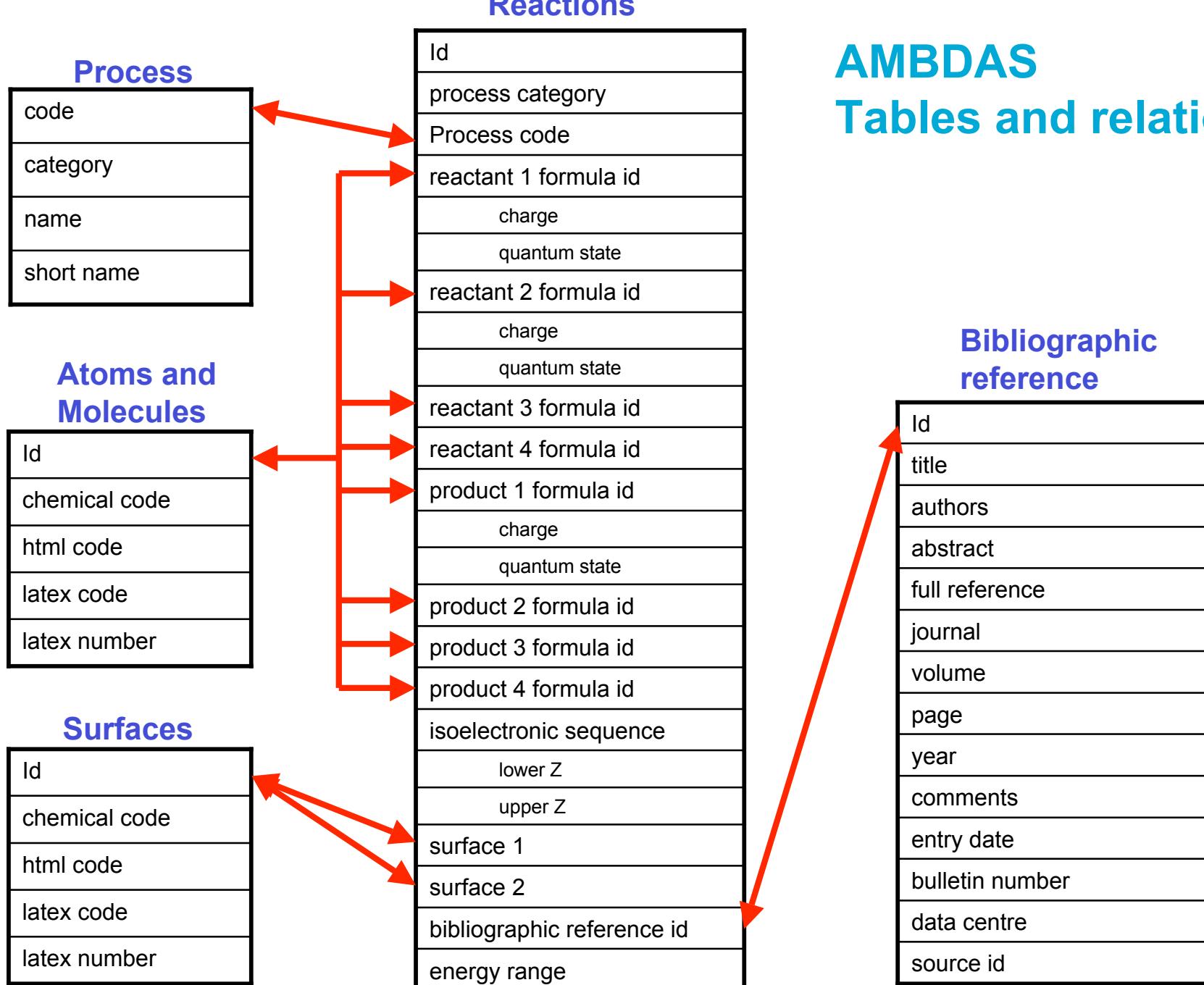
- Structure and spectra: transition probabilities, oscillator strengths, interatomic potentials, energy levels, wave lengths
- Atomic and molecular collisions
- Surface interactions
- Particle beam-matter interactions
- Fusion research of general interest

Data collected through the DCN

- NIST: structure and spectra
- ORNL, Oak Ridge: atom and molecular collisions, plasma interactions
- Other data centres: laboratory report, thesis...

# AMBDAS

## Tables and relations



# AMBDAS Query

<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/AMBDAS>

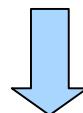
- Physical/chemical criteria
  - Process category
  - Process
  - 1 or 2 reactants with or without ionization stage
  - 1 product of reaction with or without ionization stage
  - 1 surface
  - 1 isoelectronic sequence
- Bibliographic criteria
  - Keywords on title
  - 1 or 2 authors
  - Journal/book/report

# AMBDAS main journals

1. Journal of Physics B	IOP
2. Physical Review A	APS
3. Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research section B	Science Direct
4. Physica Scripta	IOP
5. Surface Science	Science Direct
6. Astronomy Astrophysics	EDP
7. Journal of Nuclear Materials	Science Direct
8. Chemical Physics Letter	Science Direct
9. Physical Review B	APS
10. Journal of Chemical Phys.	AIP
11. Physical Review Letters	APS
12. Astrophysics Journal, Part 1	University of Chicago

# Electronic Publishers

- IOP <http://www.iop.org/EJ/>
  - Journal of Physics B, Physica Scripta...
- APS <http://publish.aps.org/>
  - Physical review A and B, Physical Review Letters..
- Elsevier (Science Direct) <http://www.sciencedirect.com/>
  - Surface Science, Chemical Physics Letter...
- AIP <http://www.aip.org/pubs/>
  - Journal of Chemical Physics
- EDP: <http://www.edpsciences.org/index.cfm>
  - Astronomy Astrophysics Journal (free)



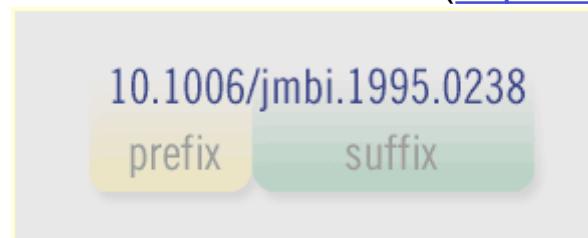
**CrossRef**

# Crossref

- This project is to implement full-text interpublisher searchability  
<http://www.crossref.org/>.
- CrossRef pilot launches a typical general web search but filters the result set to the scholarly research content from participating publishers, with the intent of reducing the noise produced by general web searches.
- Result is a cross-publisher citation linking system that allows a researcher to click on a reference citation on one publisher's platform and link directly to the cited content on another publisher's platform, subject to the target publisher's access control practices.
- CrossRef citation-linking network today covers millions of articles and other content items from several hundred scholarly and professional publishers.
- CrossRef is the official DOI registration agency for scholarly and professional publications.
- Crossref pilots:
  1. <http://portal.acm.org/xrs.cfm>
  2. [http://www.iop.org/EJ/search\\_crossref](http://www.iop.org/EJ/search_crossref)
  3. ...

# DOI

- A Digital Object Identifier (DOI), is a unique string created to identify a piece of intellectual property in an online environment (<http://www.doi.org/hb.html>)



- A DOI in text or header information can be resolved by embedding it in an HTTP hyperlink to the DOI proxy, <http://dx.doi.org>. This redirects the DOI to the currently registered location for this content item:  
doi:10.1103/PhysRevA.71.022713 can be resolved as  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevA.71.022713>.
- To include the DOI in a citation to an article, simply append it at the end, prefaced by "doi:" as follows:

Sheng-Guang Wang, Dong-Bo Cao, Yong-Wang Li, Jianguo Wang and Haijun Jiao  
“CH<sub>4</sub> dissociation on Ni surfaces: Density functional theory study”  
Surface Science, **doi:10.1016/j.susc.2006.06.008**

# Web Libraries

- The NASA Astrophysics Data System,  
digital library for Physics and  
Astrophysics
  - basic search and advanced search  
<http://adswww.harvard.edu/>
- LANL Library  
<http://catalog.lanl.gov/F>

# Web Search Engines

- **Google:** <http://www.google.com/>
- Yahoo: <http://www.yahoo.com/>
- Alta Vista: <http://www.altavista.com/>
- Ask.com: <http://www.ask.com/>
- MSN: <http://search.msn.com/>
- **Dogpile:** <http://www.dogpile.com/>
- **CrossRef**

# Numerical Data

Databases

Search engine: GENIE

Web calculation tools

# Numerical data

- Data Centres with numerical data on line
  - NIST <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData>
  - CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>
  - NIFS <http://amdata.nifs.ac.jp/>
  - IAEA <http://www-amdis.iaea.org>
  - ORNL <http://www-cfadc.phy.ornl.gov>
  - KAERI <http://amods.kaeri.re.kr>
  - *Open ADAS*
- Smaller websites

# Data Quality

- Traceability
- Reference: published data, how and where
- Quality of the organisation originally reporting the data
- Year of publication / production
- Experimental / theoretical / compilation
- Method
- Accuracy
- Raw data / fitting function / interpolation

# Spectroscopic Data

## Atoms and Molecules Properties

- Atomic Spectra: waves lengths, energy levels, transition probabilities → GENIE
  - ASD 3.1, NIST, Atomic spectra <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/ASD>
  - KAERI AMODS Spectral lines <http://amods.kaeri.re.kr/spect/SPECT.html>
  - Kurucz's CD-ROM <http://cfa-www.harvard.edu/amdata/ampdata/kurucz23/sekur.html>
  - Atomic Line List v.2.04 <http://www.pa.uky.edu/~peter/atomic>
  - TOPbase (Opacity Project) <http://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/topbase/home.html>
  - Kelly Atomic Line Database <http://cfa-www.harvard.edu/amdata/ampdata/kelly/kelly.html>
  - MCHF/MCDHF Collection <http://atoms.vuse.vanderbilt.edu>
  - CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>
- Molecular spectra
  - NIST Molecular Spectra Database <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/MolSpec/>
  - NIST Chemistry Webbook <http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/>
  - Finding Chemical Spectra and Spectral Data, University of Texas, Austin <http://www.lib.utexas.edu/chem/info/spectra.html>
- Ionization potentials, CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>

# Collisional Data

- IAEA ALADDIN <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/ALADDIN>
- Atomic and Molecular Data, NIST  
<http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/contents-misc.html>
- CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>
  - Electron impact ionization, excitation
  - Dielectronic recombination
  - Photon ionization, auto ionization
  - Ion molecules collisions
- AMDIS NIFS <http://dbshino.nifs.ac.jp> (login and password)  
Rate coefficients, cross sections
  - Atomic data: excitation, ionization, recombination
  - Molecular data
- CFADC, ORNL ALADDIN <http://www-cfadc.phy.ornl.gov/aladdin/aladdin.html>
- KAERI, total and differential cross sections by electron impact  
<http://amods.kaeri.re.kr/impact/IMPACT.html>
- OPEN ADAS

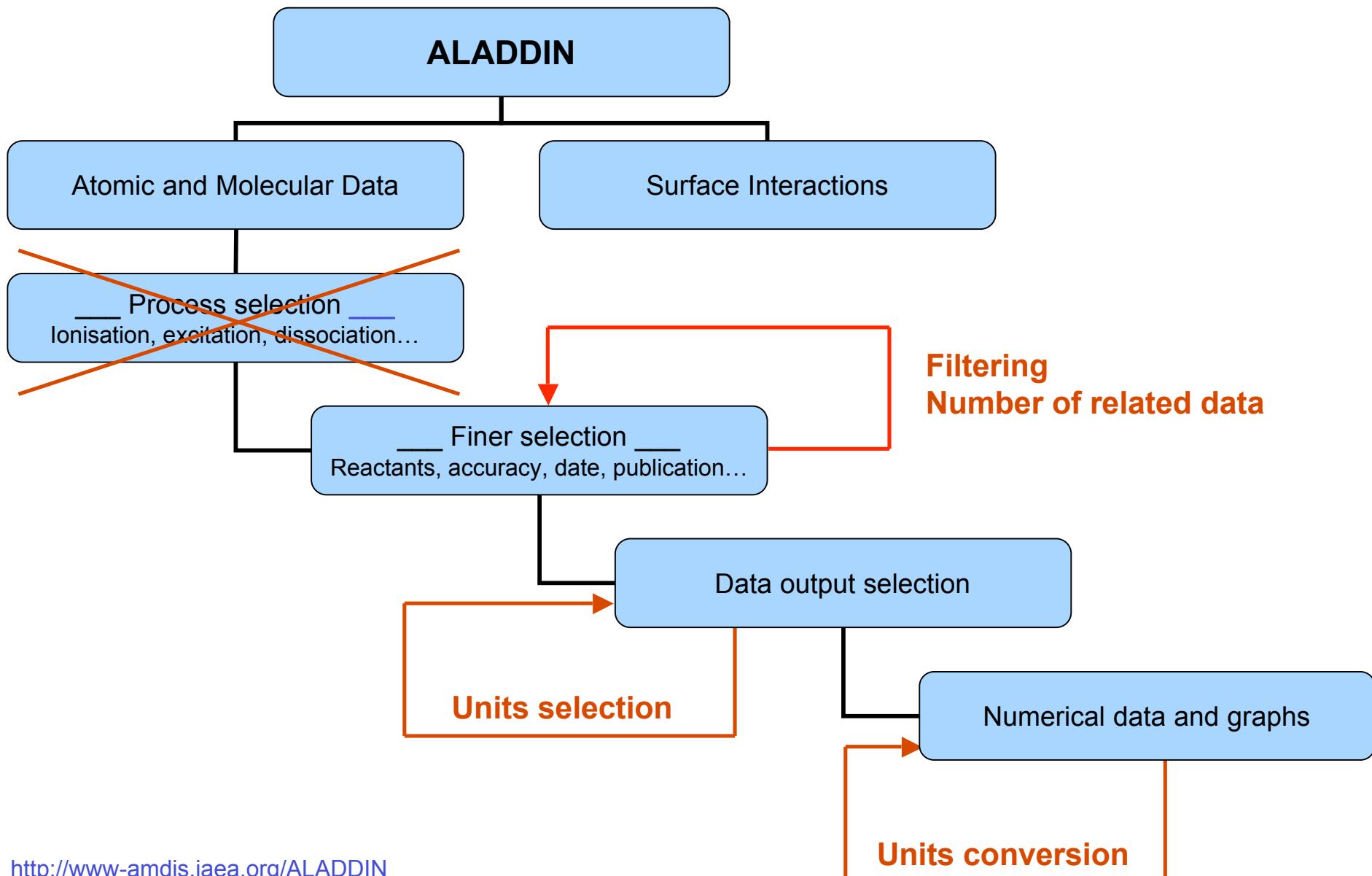
# ALADDIN

## Domain

- Atomic and molecular collisions (8000 data)
- Particle surface interactions (1500 data)

## Search criteria (atomic and molecular data)

- process and category of processes
- 1 or 2 reactants, including possible ionization and quantum state
- 1 product, including possible ionization and quantum state
- data quantity: cross sections, rate coefficients differential cross sections
- data type: experimental, theoretical, derived
- data accuracy
- Bibliography: publication, author, date



# OPEN-ADAS

**ADAS** is an interconnected set of computer codes and data collections for modelling:

- Radiating properties of ions and atoms in plasmas
- Analysis and interpretation of spectral measurements

Database scope: data for fusion and astrophysical application

ADAS accessible to members (fee), not WWW access

**Project**

To develop a free WWW access to ADAS data

# Search Engine



# GENIE

General Internet Search Engine

- <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/GENIE/>
- <http://www2.lpgp.u-psud.fr/genie/> (mirror site)

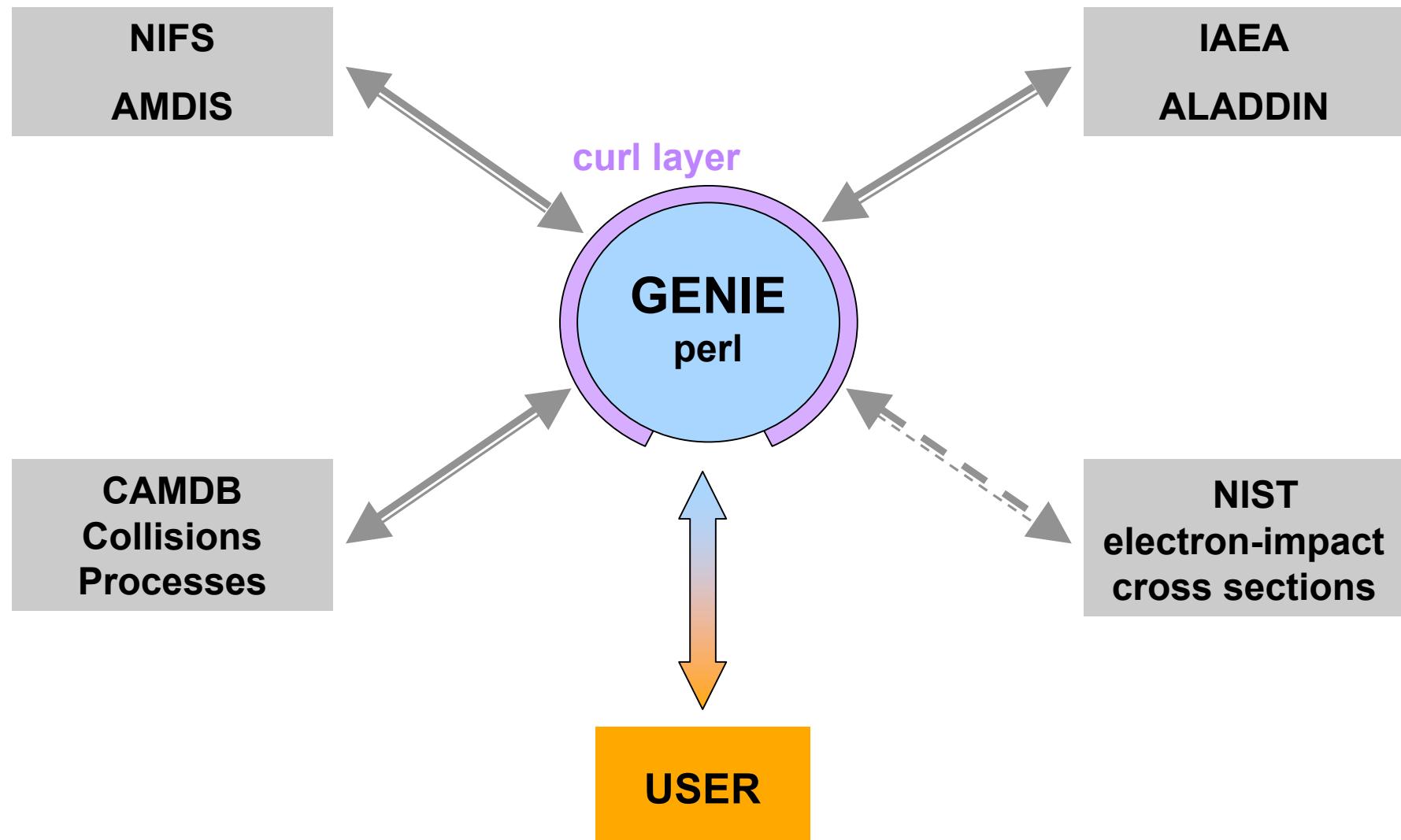
Spectroscopic data

- Oscillator strengths, transition probabilities and energy levels
- 8 databases

Electronic Collisions

- Electronic ionisation or excitation cross-sections and rate coefficients
- 4 databases

# Excitation and Ionization Cross Sections



# Web calculation tools

## IAEA

- Cross sections of bare nuclei on hydrogenic ions:  
<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/HEAVY/>
- Average approximation for electron impact excitation of atomic ions:  
<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/AAEXCITE>
- Results from collisional radiative calculations of plasmas are available, as carried out with the Los Alamos modeling codes:  
<http://www-amdis.iaea.org/RATES/>

## LANL

- Los Alamos atomic physics codes: an interface is available to run several Los Alamos atomic physics codes to calculate atomic structure and electron impact excitation, as well as ionization processes  
<http://aphysics2.lanl.gov/tempweb/lanl/>

# Database definition

- Origin: computer science, but broadened to popular use even to non-electronic data collections.
- Possible definition: database is a collection of records stored in a computer in a systematic way, so that a computer program can consult it to answer questions
- A database implies:
  - **Schema**: definition of the different objects (tables and relations between tables)
  - **Database model**: the relational model is the most common one
  - **Database management system** (DBMS) to manage and query the data.

# **Exercises**

## **Bibliographic data**

Using different databases and CrossRef

1. Find a recent publication of Joshipura on excitation of CH<sub>4</sub>
2. Find publications on “excitation cross sections for e, Fe<sup>13+</sup> collisions” (3 more recent publications)
3. Make a biblio in your field of interest for the recent years

## **Numerical Data**

Using different databases and GENIE

1. Looking for all excitation cross sections/coefficient rates for e, C<sup>4+</sup>
2. Looking for a specific transition:  
e, C<sup>4+</sup> [1s<sup>2</sup> 1S] → e, C<sup>4+</sup> [1s2p 1P]

## Bibliographic Data Links

### General Databases for A+M, PMI and Fusion Research

- AMBDAS, IAEA <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/AMBDAS>
- CFADC, ORNL <http://www-cfadc.phy.ornl.gov/bibliography/search.html>
- GAPHYOR, LPGP <http://gaphyor.lpgp.u-psud.fr/gaphyor/gaphyor.html>
- FUSION, NIFS <https://dbshino.nifs.ac.jp/>

Logon ID : triesta      Password : kXdb\$nGy

### Specialized databases:

NIST Atomic Spectra Bibliographic database <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/ASBib1/index.html>

- Energy levels, wavelengths
- Transition probabilities
- Spectral line broadenings

### Crossref pilots:

- <http://portal.acm.org/xrs.cfm>
- [http://www.iop.org/EJ/search\\_crossref](http://www.iop.org/EJ/search_crossref)

....

### Electronic publishers

- IOP: <http://www.iop.org/EJ/> (Journal of Physics B, Physica Scripta...)
- APS: <http://publish.aps.org/> (Physical review A and B, Physical Review Letters..)
- Elsevier (Science Direct) <http://www.sciencedirect.com/> (Surface Science, Chemical Physics Letter...)
- AIP: <http://www.aip.org/pubs/> (Journal of Chemical Physics)
- EDP: <http://www.edpsciences.org/index.cfm> Astronomy Astrophysics Journal (free)

### Web Libraries

- The NASA Astrophysics Data System <http://adswww.harvard.edu/>
- LANL Library <http://catalog.lanl.gov/F>

## Numerical data links

### Collision Data

IAEA ALADDIN <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/ALADDIN>  
CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>

Electron impact ionization, excitation, dielectronic recombination, photon ionization,  
auto ionization, ion molecules collisions

AMDIS NIFS <http://dbshino.nifs.ac.jp> Logon ID : triesta Password : kXdb\$nGy  
Atomic data: excitation, ionization, recombination  
Molecular data  
CFADCALADDIN, ORNL <http://www-cfadc.phy.ornl.gov/aladdin/aladdin.html>  
Atomic and Molecular Data, NIST <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/contents-misc.html>

### Spectroscopic Data

Atomic Spectra: waves lengths, energy levels, transition probabilities → GENIE

ASD 3.1, NIST, Atomic spectra <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/ASD>  
KAERI AMODS Spectral lines <http://amods.kaeri.re.kr/spect/SPECT.html>  
Kurucz's CD-ROM <http://cfa-www.harvard.edu/amdata/ampdata/kurucz23/sekur.html>  
Atomic Line List v.2.04 <http://www.pa.uky.edu/~peter/atomic>  
TOPbase <http://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/topbase/home.html>  
Kelly Atomic Line Database <http://cfa-www.harvard.edu/amdata/ampdata/kelly/kelly.html>  
MCHF/MCDHF Collection <http://atoms.vuse.vanderbilt.edu>  
CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>

Molecular spectra

NIST Molecular Spectra Database <http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/MolSpec/>  
NIST Chemistry Webbook <http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/>  
Finding Chemical Spectra and Spectral Data, University of Texas, Austin  
<http://www.lib.utexas.edu/chem/info/spectra.html>

Ionization potentials, CAMDB <http://www.camdb.ac.cn/e/>

**Search engine GENIE** <http://www-amdis.iaea.org/GENIE>