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Economic Development for Physicists from Developing Countries

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EXPERIENCES IN SUPPORTING PATENT ACTIVITIES IN A PUBLIC UNIVERSITY IN MEXICO

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Technology Transfer in Mexico Status and Future Challenges



IOP Workshop **"Economic Development for Physicists from Developing Countries"** Trieste, Italy November 29th, 2006

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TECHNOLOGY INDICATORS OF MEXICO'S CURRENT PERFORMANCE

II. EXPERIENCE OF A PUBLIC PATENTING CENTER III. OTHER AVAILABLE TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS

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A population of nearly 105 million people

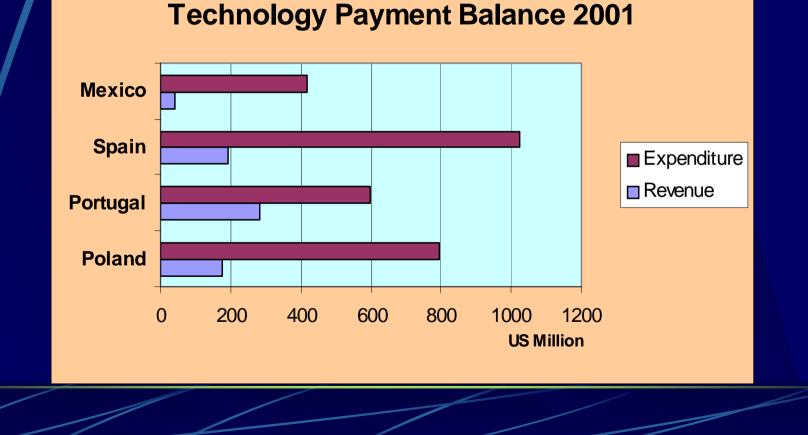
Mexico and Brazil are the driving economies in Latin America

□Ranked as the 10th exporting economy in terms of GDP and the 12th economy in the world

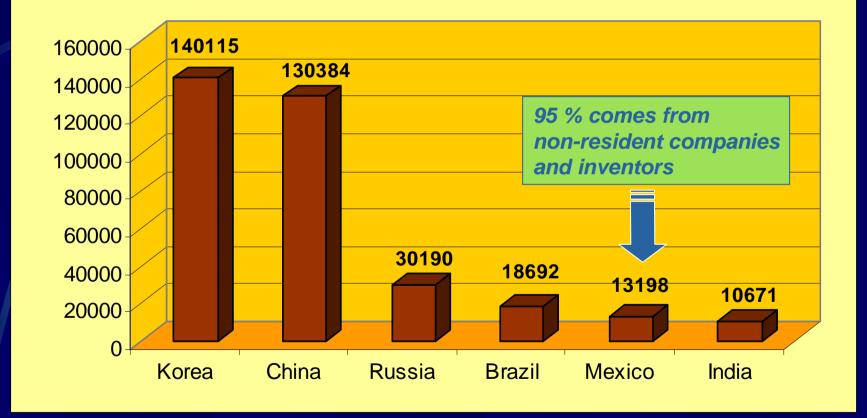
Exports to the US of more than 165 billion dollars

Leader in commercial treaties with other countries

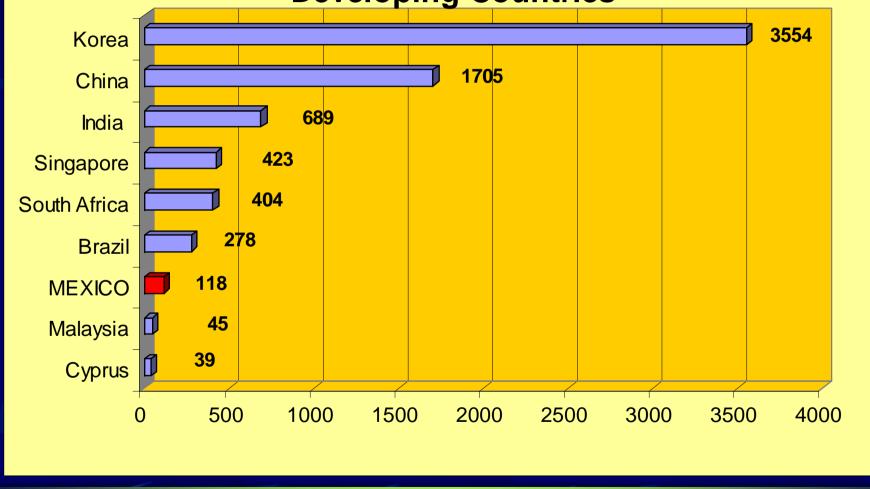
Technology Balance of Payments (TBP). Currency input and output regarding industrial property right transactions:



Patent Applications by Office 2004



PCT Patent Applications 2004 Developing Countries



National Researchers' System (SIN)

Created in 1984 to acknowledge researchers on scientific and technological knowledge production

An economical bonus is given to researchers based on their knowledge production

□Until recently, patents have deserved more attention by researchers (more points and more bonus)

U"Publish or perish"

Most of innovation initiatives are proposed by researchers more than being a result from a defined policy line in technological development

Historically, universities and research centers have shown a stronger linkage with government entities than with private industry

In spite of above facts, ...

Mexican inventors, scientists and innovative companies are strongly creative, having a high-level of education, and gradually being recognized as a reliable source of technological knowledge **Innovation in Mexico**

A sustainedly driven innovation-promoting strategy is mainly required in order to:

Encourage innovation activities in Mexican companies and institutions

Promote IP and technology transfer as an important source of profit for companies and institutions What is Mexico doing to encourage technology transfer and patent activities?

1. PROMOTE INSTITUTIONS LINKED TO TECH TRANSFER

2. PROMOTE TECHNOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3. INTRODUCTION OF OTHER INCENTIVES

Available Infrastructure for physicists in Mexico

Infrastructure is not a limiting issue for technological Innovation in Mexico

Institute of Physics (UNAM) and other smaller institutes in regional universities



REGINA. Nanoscience Research Network, created in 2003 Public Research Centers: About a dozen relevant centers with R&D activities in areas of physics. Some of them:

CIMAV. Center on Advanced Materials Research

Material Science
 Environmental Technology Science
 Advisory on patents and IP



CIO. Center on Optics Research

Computer vision and artificial intelligence
 Holography and photosensitive materials
 Physics and engineering of laser





INAOE. National Institute on Astrophysics, Optics and Electronics

Astrophysics
 Computer Science
 Operating the Large Millimeter Telescope (LMT)

CINVESTAV. Center on Research and Advanced Studies from IPN. Department of Physics



Solid State Group
 High Energy Physics Group
 The Pierre Auger Project
 Statistical Physics Group

IPICYT. Potosino Institute of Scientific and Technological Research

Advanced Materials
Molecular Biology
Geosciences





Some developments in physics from Mexico

(12) United States Patent Landgrave et al.

(54) SPECTACLE LENSES INCORPORATING ATORIC SURFACES

- (75) Inventors: Enrique Landgrave, León (MX); Antonio Villalobos, Ensenada (MX); Criscida González, Ensenada (MX)
- (73) Assignee: Augen Opticos SA de CV, Baja California (MX)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 11/015,081

(22) Filed: Dec. 16, 2004

Prior Publication Data

006.011

Jun. 22, 2006

351/177; 351/176

Mexican researchers from CICESE and CIO

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(10) Patent No.: US 7,111,937 B2 (45) Date of Patent: Sep. 26, 2006

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Landgrave, J.E.A. and Moya-Cessa, J.R., Generalized Coddington Equation in Ophthalmic Lens Design, Journal of the Optical Society of America; vol. 13, No. 8, pp. 1637-1644, Aug. 1996. Hayford, M.J., Optimization Methodology, Proceedings of SPIE Vo. 531, Geometrical Optics, 1985.

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(57) ABSTRACT

An atoric surface is formed such that the surface coordinate lines are parallels with the shape of off-set curves of the trajectory curve of a swept surface, and meridians with the shape of the section curve of such swept surface. The lines of curvature of the surface coincide with the coordinate lines, so that the surface cylinder axis at any point P of the atoric surface is tangent to one of the two coordinate lines that passes through P. Atoric surfaces with lines of curvature in the form of meridian and parallel curves are highly suitable for astigmatic surfaces in spectacle lens design. The atoric surface design methodology provided herein is used to generate a broad range of surfaces from this class, thereby providing substantial flexibility over prior methods.

45 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets

Some developments in physics from Mexico

(12) United States Patent Urquidi

(54) CAPACITIVE SENSOR FOR DETERMINING LINEAR OR ANGULAR POSITION

- (75) Inventor: Carlos A. Urquidi, Chihuahua (MX)
- (73) Assignee: Delphi Technologies, Inc., Troy, MI (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of unpatent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 11/071,941
- (22) Filed: Mar. 4, 2005
- (51) Int. Cl. G01R 27/26 (2006.01)

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(10)	Patent No.:	US 7,049,828 B1	B1
(45)	Date of Patent:	May 23, 2006	006

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d by examiner

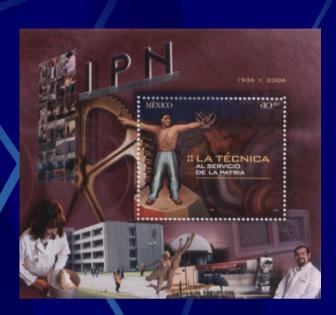
Primary Examiner—Anjan Deb Assistant Examiner—John Thu

A large multinational corporation in parts for automotive industry

spaced-apart electrodes and an air gap therebetween. A

spaced-apart electrodes and an air gap increasing position reference plate, which can be straight for sensing linear position or curvilinear for sensing angular position, is disposed in the air gap, with the electrode member being attached to a moving component and the reference plate mounted on a stationary object or vice-versa. The reference plate is formed with an opening, the width of which varies throughout the length of the opening, so that the capacitance between the electrodes varies depending on the position of the plate relative to the electrode member.

18 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



II. EXPERIENCE OF A PUBLIC PATENTING CENTER



The reasoning behind Patenting Center's concept

Mexico is lagged in terms of patent and technology licensing activities even compared with other emerging economies

□Universities (specially public ones) and Research Centers are the main generators of technological innovations in Mexico The reasoning behind a Patenting Center (2)

Inventors are not clearly aware of Intellectual Property limits and benefits

□IMPI (IP authority in Mexico) has acquired a significant expertise in the last 10 years as a result of strengthening its Capabilities, then it has a contribution to make to Mexican technological performance



Instituto Mexicano de la Propiedad Industrial **Centro de Patentamiento**

What about IMPI?



In addition to handling IP files and matters, IMPI provides:

Seminars and workshops for training on IP

Publications (users' guides, etc.)

BANAPAT and pymetec management

□International agreements (e.g, search authority for Spanish-speaking countries in LatinAmerica)

Centro de Patentamiento

Starting on 2002, IMPI has promoted and supported the creation of Patenting Centers within academic institutions, research centers and companies



 □3 strengthened centers along 2005 (UNAM, COMECYT and IPN)
 □5 centers under process of strengthening

Centro de Patentamiento "IPN-IMPI Ing. Guillermo González Camarena"

IPN. *National Polytechnic Institute*. A 70 year old institution, being the largest public university with technical and technological orientation



In addition of being a key generator of technical professionals in Mexico, It is a significant provider of scientific and technological knowledge for Mexican society Centro de Patentamiento "IPN-IMPI Ing. Guillermo González Camarena"

Created on June 2005

Purpose: Support to researchers and academic staff from IPN for:

Training on IP basis and available IP figures
Patent pre-filing searches
Patent filing procedures
Availability of IMPI's patent examiners

Centro de Patentamiento "IPN-IMPI Ing. Guillermo González Camarena"

Achievements in the first year in operation:

Personalized attention for 400 researchers, professors, students and public in general

□6 patent applications filed before IMPI

□10 training courses on IP matters for IPN researchers and students

Centro de Patentamiento

"IPN-IMPI Ing. Guillermo González Camarena"

Some supported projects through CPIPN:

□Improved biomechanical arm, made of stainless, steel, aluminium and fibers

□Perspirometer. Determination of colour fastness to water and perspiration fo textiles

Acoustic materials

Challenges regarding licensing within IPN

- Some challenges still remain mostly in adding value to the patenting activity:
- Developments should be driven by an industry/ market demand
- Researchers should be aware that licensing profits may give benefits to the whole research process
- Competences should be enhanced among staff devoted to licensing management

Patent Information for SME

PYMETEC : www.pymetec.gob.mx

Launched in June 2006
IMPI and Secretariat of Economy funded it
Free access from any place in the world

Patent Database (1,200,000)

Discussion Forums



Patent Information for SME

Technologies which are protected in Mexico, with possibilities to be licensed by their holders

Technologies susceptible of being used in Mexico

Technologies currently not protected in Mexico and therefore of free access

A Success Story in the Use of Patent Information

Aromatic Matches



Use of IPC
A Chinese patent (*not protected in Mexico*)
Materials Available in Herb Markets in Mexico
Use of Faculty of Chemistry (UNAM) infrastructure
Integration of technology development into a feasibility study

III. OTHER AVAILABLE TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS

AVANCE Program



A Program sponsored by the National Council of Science and Technology (CONACYT)

"Last-Mile": Supporting scientific and technological mature and feasible developments which may become into:

high added value businesses or new business lines

Pre-feasibility study	US \$ 18,000
Business promotion contracting	\$ 42,000
Support for filing national patents	\$ 2,500

AVANCE Program



Entrepreneur Program: Technological projects in the step of scaling-up to production stage

Up to 20 % of initial capital for starting-up without Exceeding

US \$650,000

For a maximum of 5 years

AVANCE Program



CONACYT-NAFIN Fund: Financing for working capital, machinery and equipment acquisition

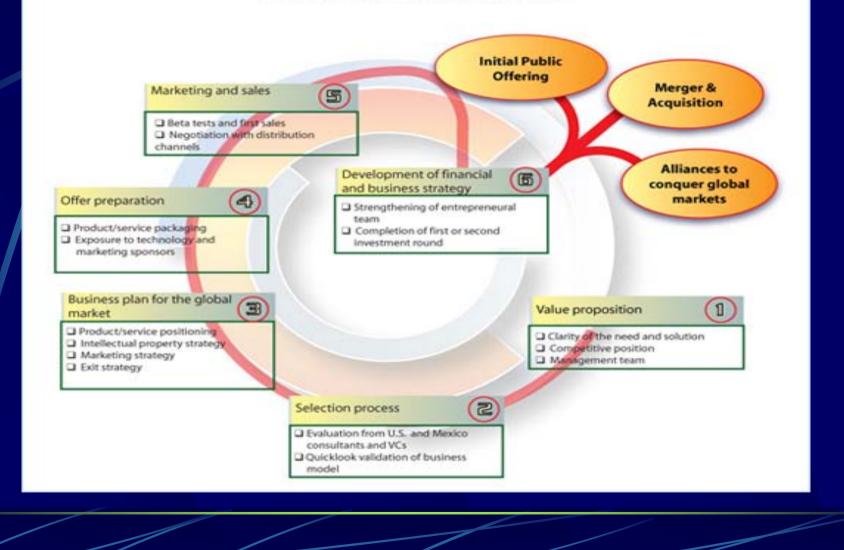
Banking loan granting for companies which develop technology-based projects

Projects currently under commercial stage

Money is available for fixed asset acquisition or working capital funding

TechBA Program

TechBA ACCELERATION PROCESS



TechBA Program

TechBA is Mexico's Technology Business Accelerator Program designed to grow and develop its premier high-technology companies for the global economy.

TechBA is extensively supported by the Mexican Ministry of Economy and operated by FUMEC, The George E. Brown US-Mexico Foundation for Science.

□ With facilities in Silicon Valley, California, Austin, Texas and Montreal, Canada, TechBA is a structured business development process that enables small and medium size companies to compete in the global economy.

TechBA Program

The portfolio of Mexican companies currently working in Silicon Valley includes the following services and manufacturing fields:

Handheld devices
Software
Biometric solutions
High precision instrumentation

"We were surprised and very impressed with the high caliber of companies involved in TechBA's accelerator program" Gadi Behar Managing Director of Silicom Ventures



IV. FUTURE CHALLENGES

For several years, the most common limitations linked to technology transfer and patent activities in Mexico are summarized in four items:

Culture
Policies
Funds
Market Knowledge

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

- I. A strong clarification of what IS and what IS NOT Intellectual Property:
- IP available figures for protection
 Basic requirements for patenting
 Law and Regulations,

and understanding thereof

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

2. To approach to free patent databases in order to get familiar with the huge amount of information available for technology development

BANAPAT and pymetec
Latipat
EPO-espacenet
USPTO
WIPO

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

3. Make them sensible that IP is not only limited to play an "active" role (patenting, licensing, etc.) therein, but also in using available technological knowledge and in avoiding infringing rights from third parties

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

4. A transition from an "isolated effort" to a "team effort" among researchers towards technology development

Policies

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

Triggering Human Resource development in Technology Management and Intellectual Property matters

> Developing profit-oriented Tech Transfer policies within a win-to-win relationship

Change from "science-driven" project management to "technology-driven" one (SNI)

Funds

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

Approach to AVANCE program in a pre-proposal stage:

❑Clarification of Program's coverage❑Advisory in a business plan prospection

Promoting a change in SNI's vision to give a higher premium to patenting activities

Market Knowledge

What are we providing to potential inventors and technologists?

- An outline of business opportunities in marketplace derivated from a smart use of IP assetts
- Use of patent information for identification of possible investors, licensee/licensor
- Strengthening the linkage among R&D activities, inventors, and industry demands



Thank you !



TechnoCore

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