

Architecture of the Gite **WMS**



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Outline

This presentation will cover the following arguments:

- Overview of WMS Architecture
- Job Description Language Overview
- > WMProxy overview







First Part Architecture of the gLite WMS

Scientific Instruments and sensors in the Grid, ICTP Trieste, 24.04.2007





User request

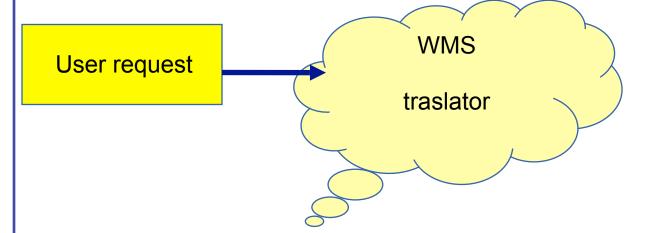




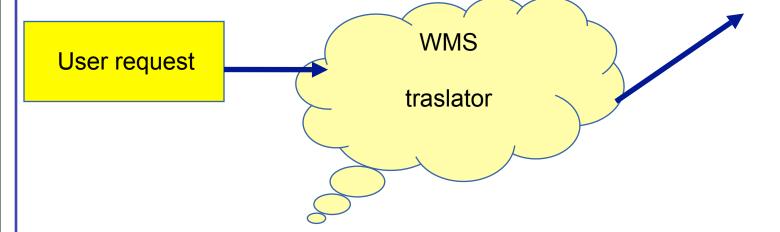
User request



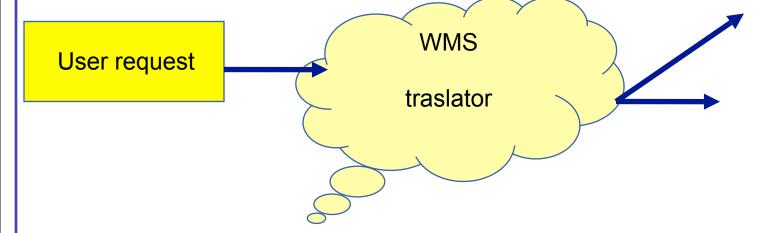




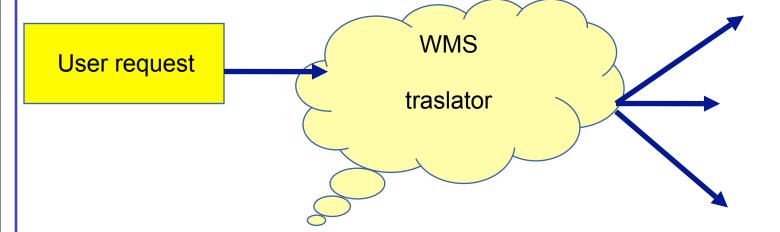




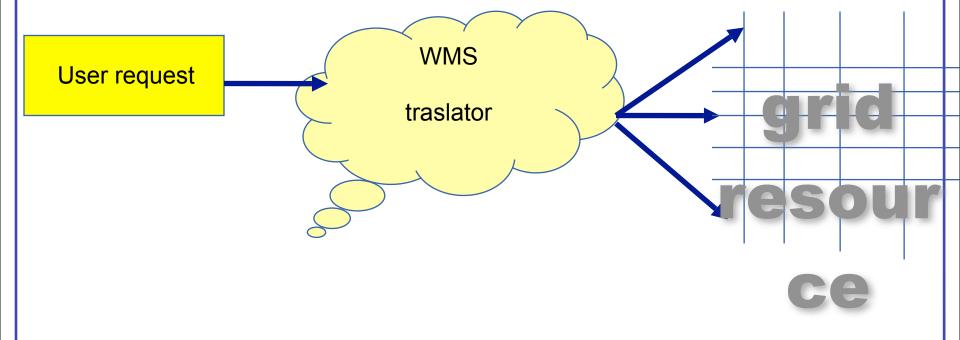












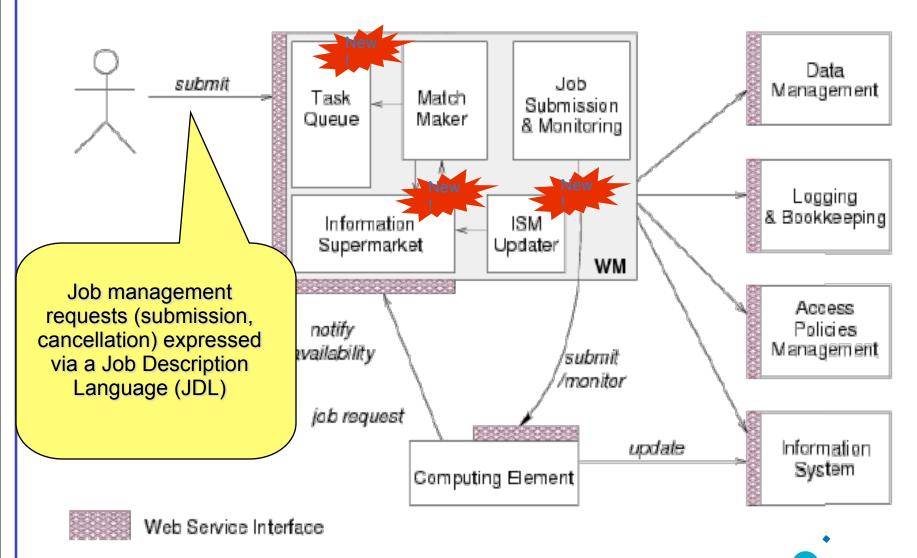


WMS Objectives

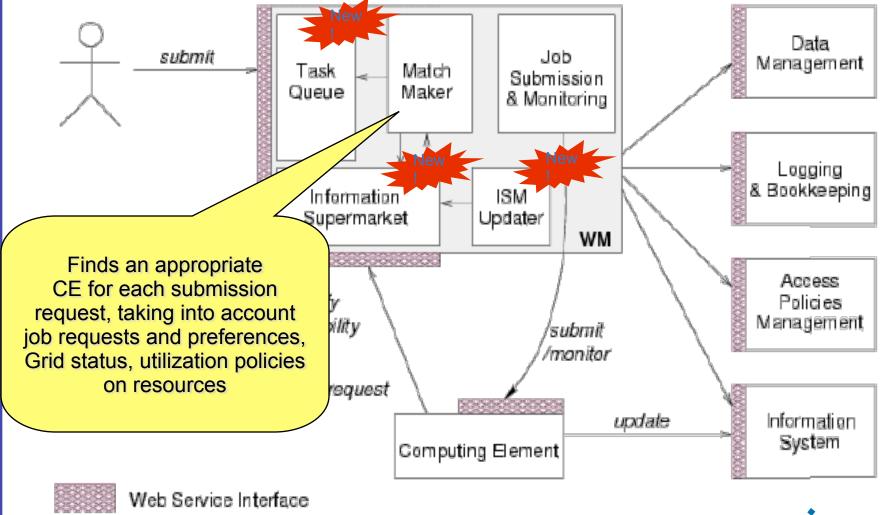
- The Workload Management System (WMS) comprises a set of Grid middleware components responsible for distribution and management of tasks across Grid resources.
- The purpose of the Workload Manager (WM) is accept and satisfy requests for job management coming from its clients
 - meaning of the submission request is to pass the responsibility of the job to the WM.
 - WM will pass the job to an appropriate CE for execution
 - taking into account requirements and the preferences



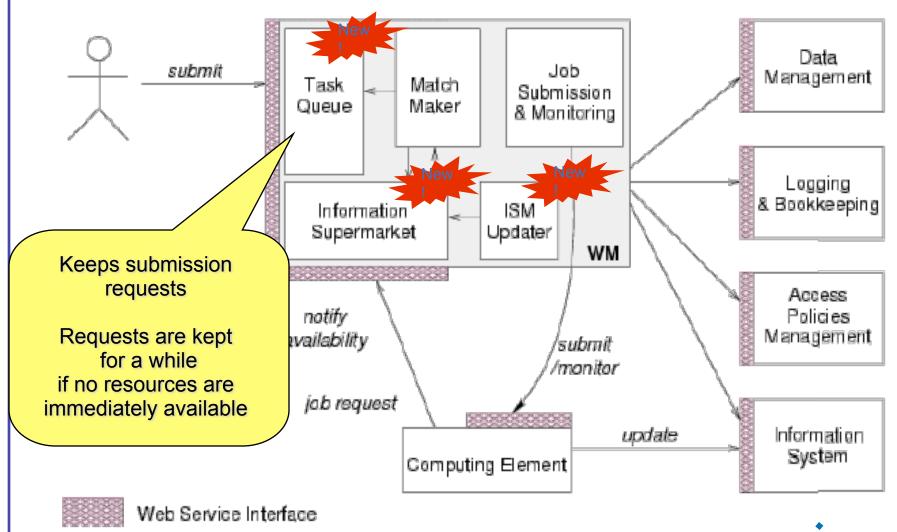
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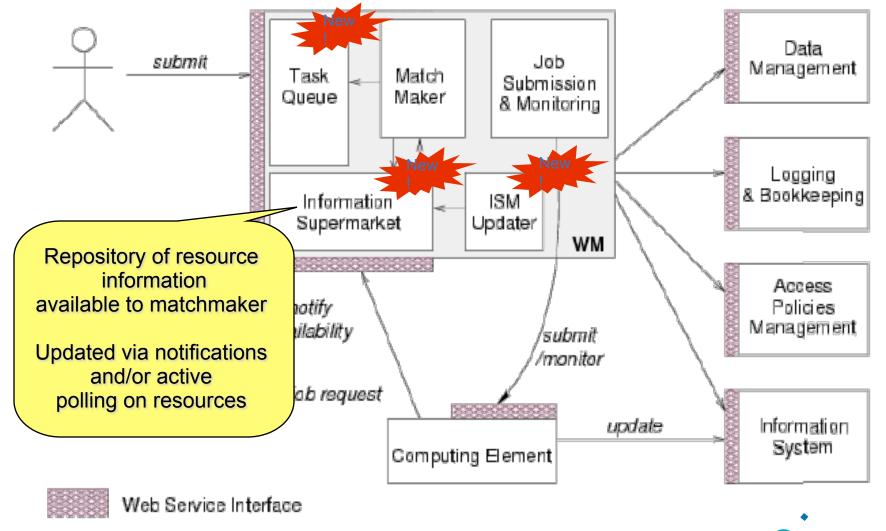




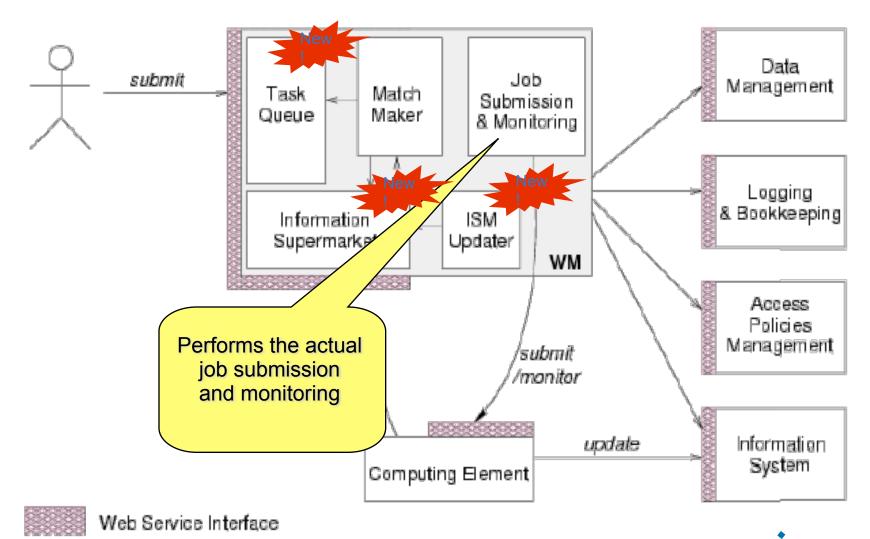














NS and WMProxy

• The Network Server (NS) is a generic network daemon that provides support for the job control functionality. It is responsible for accepting incoming requests from the WMS-UI (e.g. job submission, job removal), which, if valid, are then passed to the Workload Manager.



• The Workload Manager Proxy (WMProxy) is a service providing access to WMS functionality through a Web Services based interface. Besides being



WMS Information Supermarket

 ISM represents one of the most notable improver.
 in the WM

 The ISM basically consists of a repository of resource information that is available in read only mode to the matchmaking engine

the update is the result of



WMS Task Queue

- The Task Queue represents the second most notable improvement in the wM internal design
 - possibility to keep a submission request for a while if no resources are immediately available that match the job requirements
 - technique used by the AliEn and Condor systems

- Non-matching requests
 - will be retried either periodically
 - eager scheduling approach





WMS components handling the job during its lifetime and performs the submission

- Job Adapter (JA)
 - is responsible for
 - making the final touches to the JDL expression for a job, before it is passed to CondorC for the actual submission
 - creating the job wrapper script that creates the appropriate execution environment in the CE worker node
 - transfer of the input and of the output sandboxes
- CondorC
 - responsible for
 - performing the actual job management operations
 - job submission, job removal
- DAGMan
 - meta-scheduler
 - purpose is to navigate the graph
 - determine which nodes are free of dependencies
 - follow the execution of the corresponding jobs

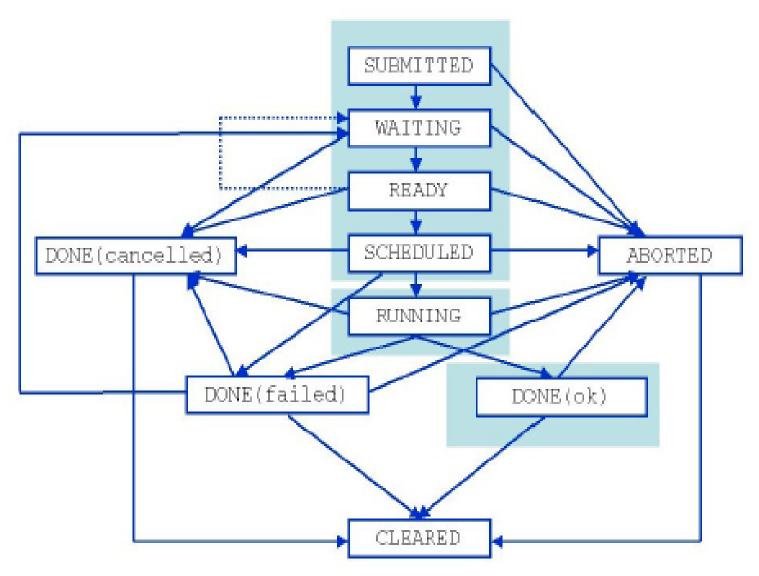




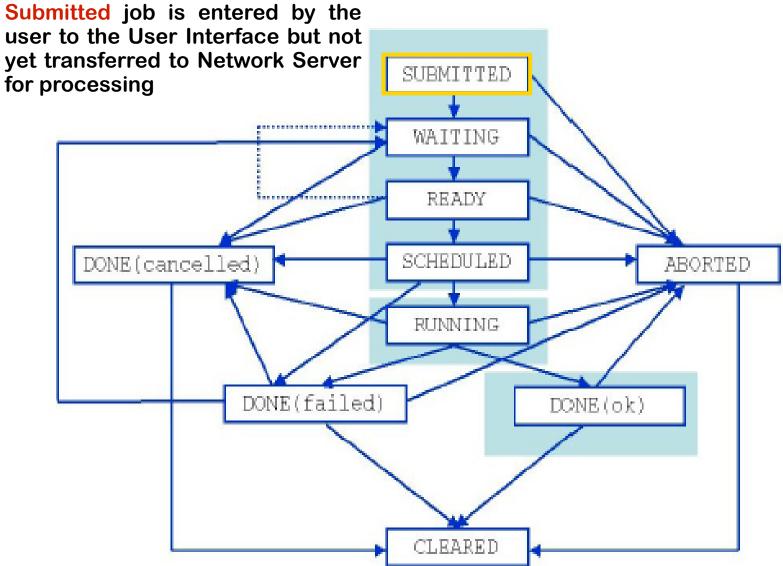
- Log Monitor (LM)
 - is responsible for
 - watching the CondorC log file
 - intercepting interesting events concerning active jobs
- Proxy Renewal Service
 - is responsible for assuring that,
 - for all the lifetime of a job, a valid user proxy exists within the WMS
 - MyProxy Server is contacted in order to renew the user's credential
- Logging & Bookkeeping (LB)
 - is responsible for
 - Storing events generated by the various components of the WMS
 - Delivering to the user information about the job's status



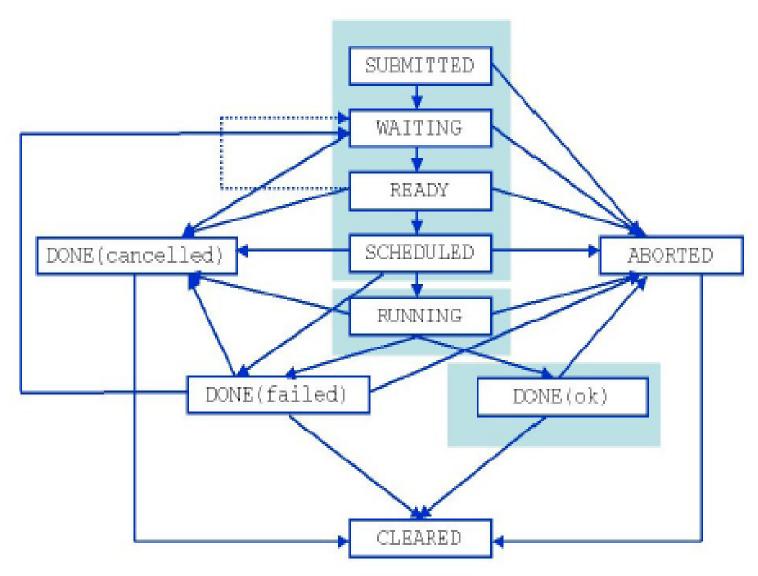




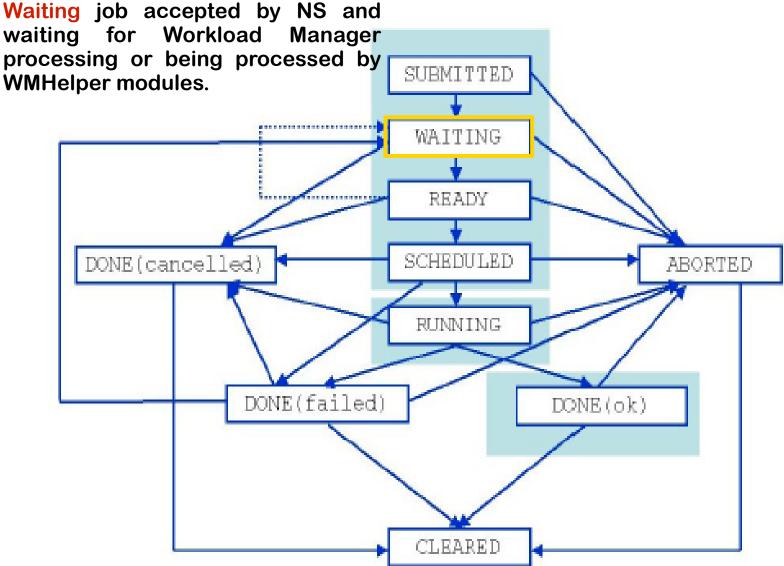




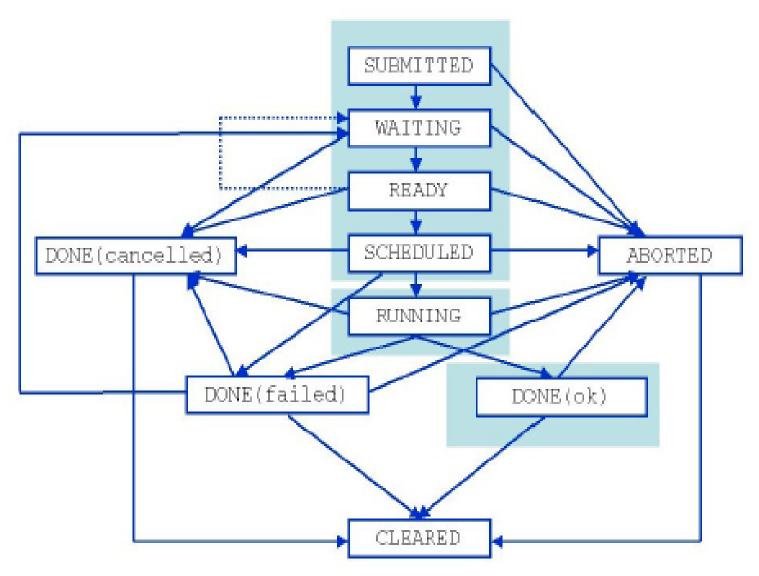




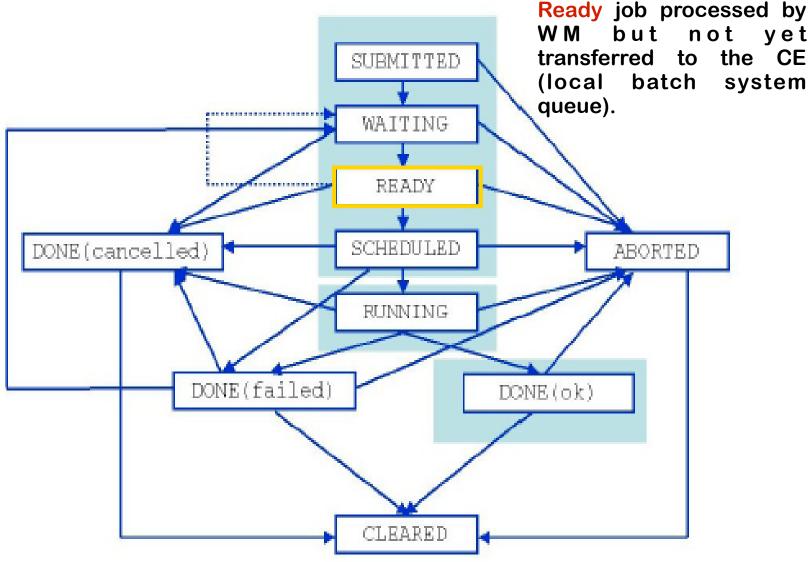




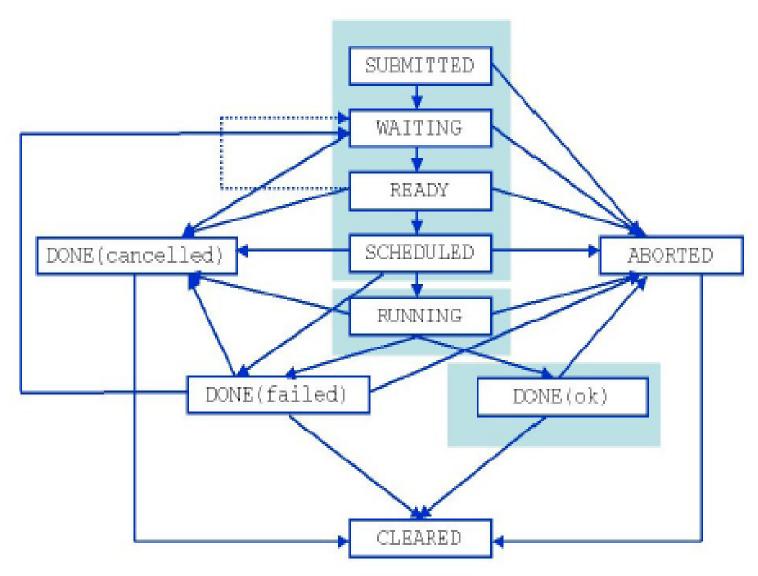




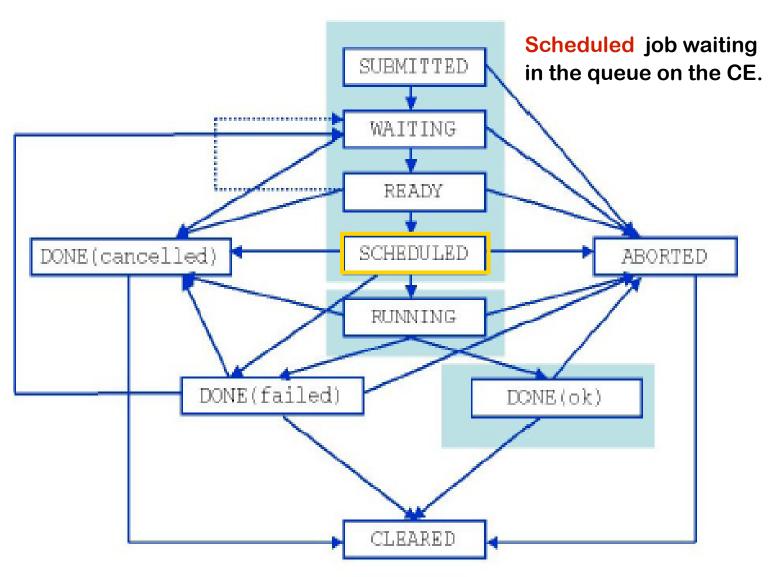




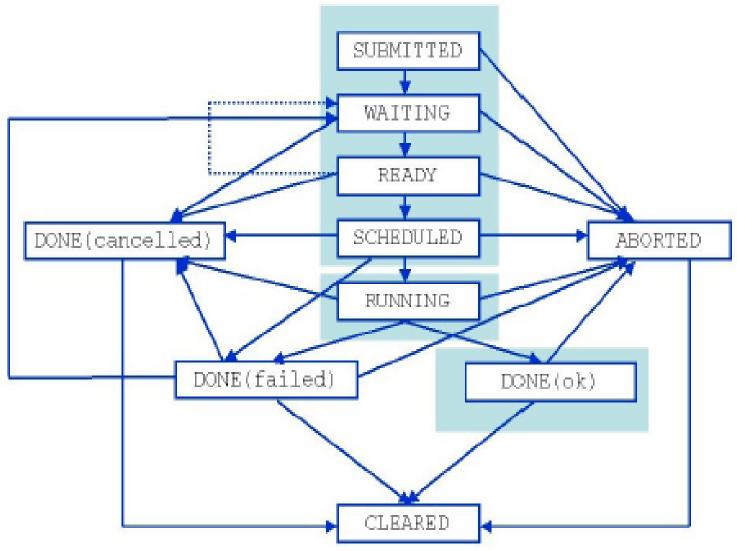




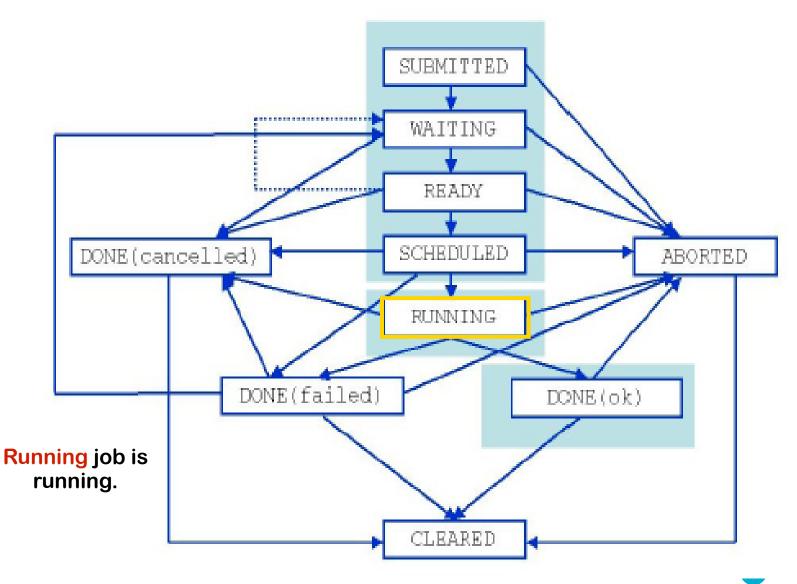




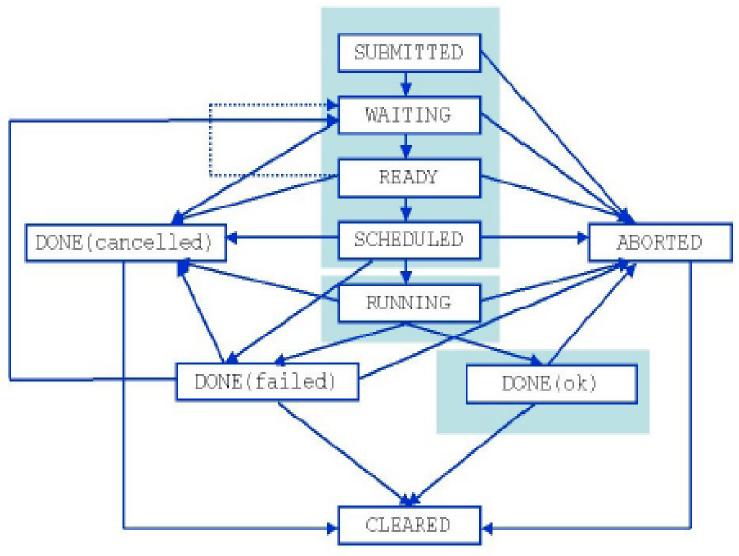




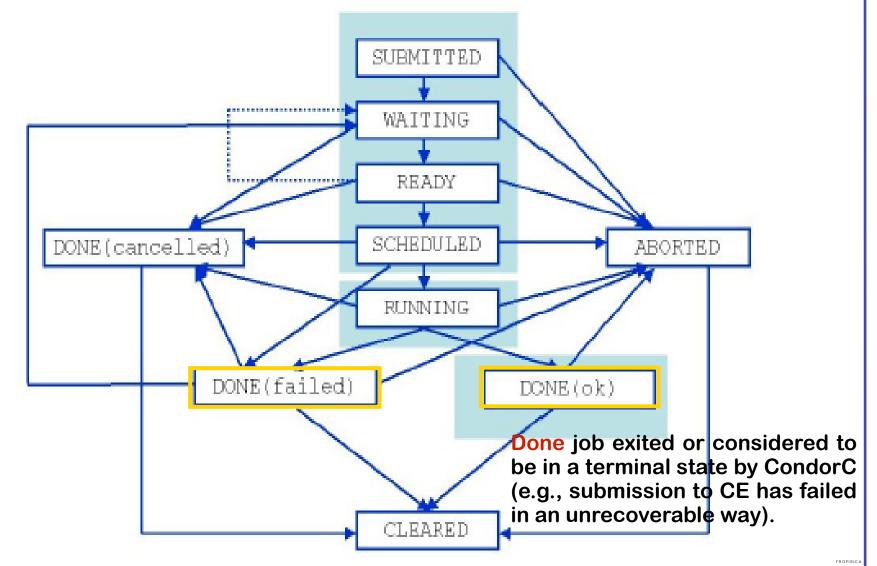




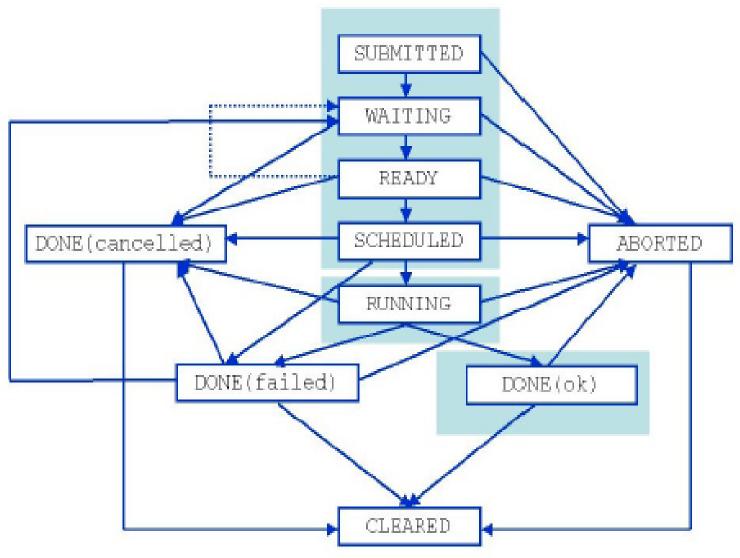




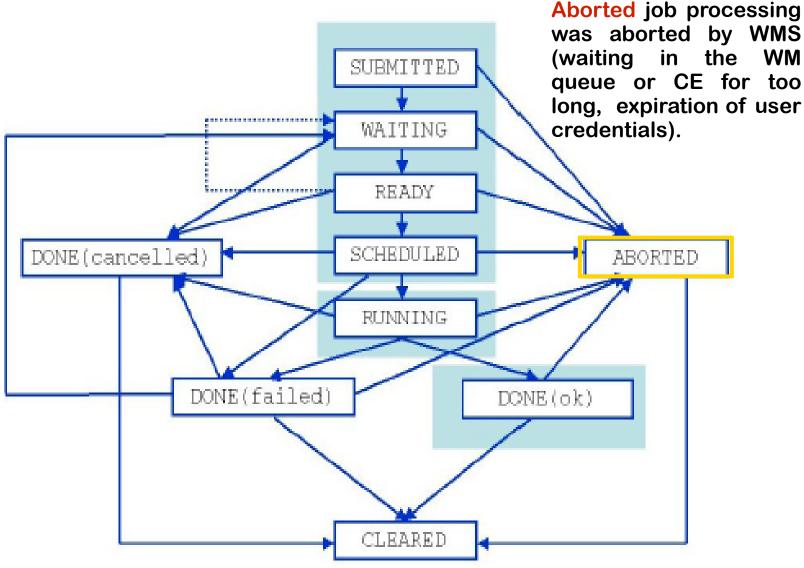




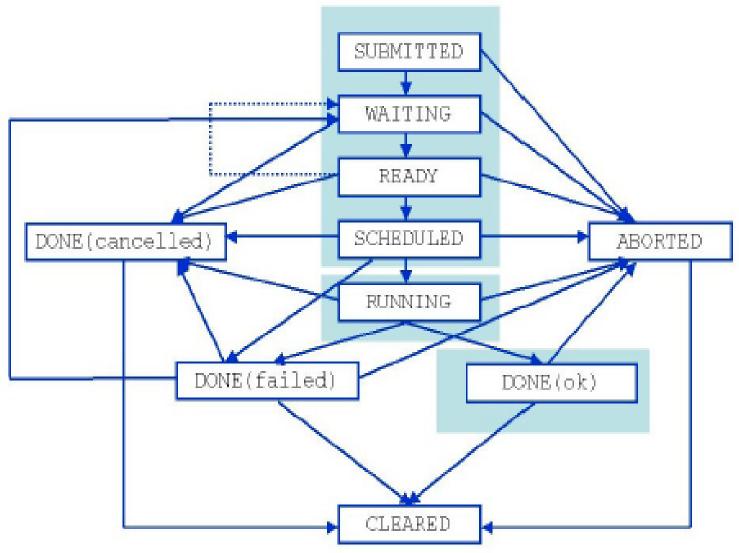




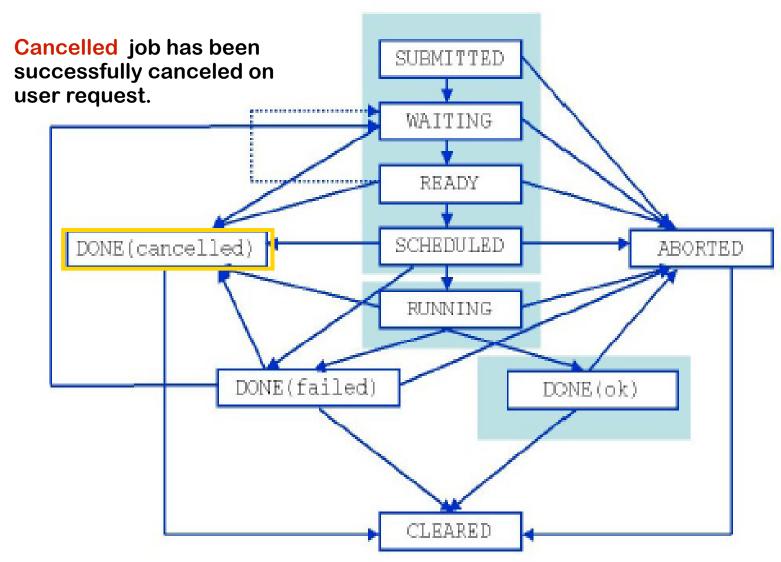




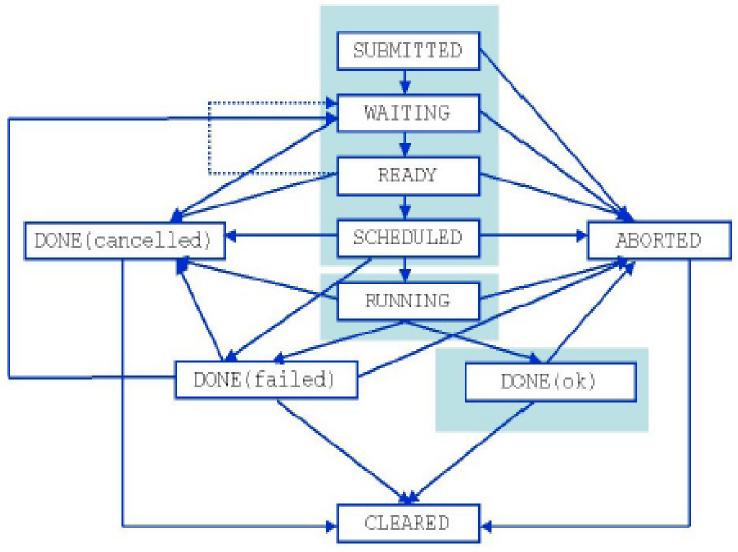




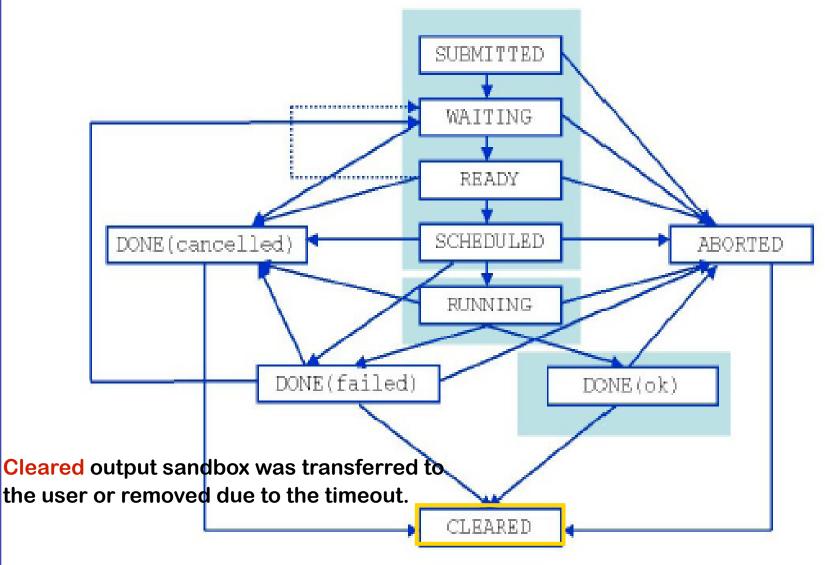


























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Submit a job/DAG for execution on a remote Computing Element



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Start a local listener for an interactive job



- The most relevant command the WMS (NS):
 - edg-job-submit <jdl_file>
 - edg-job-list-match <jdl_file>
 - edg-job-status <job_ld>
 - edg-job-get-output <job_ld>
 - edg-job-cancel <job_ld>
- In gLite 3.0:





- Job Submission
- where <jdl file> is a file containing the job description, usually with extension .jdl.





If the request has been correctly submitted this is the tipical output that you can get:

edg-job-submit test.jdl

The job has been successfully submitted to the Network Server.

Use edg-job-status command to check job current status.

Your job identifier (edg_jobId) is:

- https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/rIBubkFFKhnSQ6CjiLUY8Q

In case of failure, an error message will be displayed instead, and an exit status different form zero will be retured.





It is possible to see which CEs are eligible to run a job specified by a given JDL file using the command

edg-job-list-match test.jdl

COMPUTING ELEMENT IDs LIST

The following CE(s) matching your job requirements have been found: adc0015.cern.ch:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-infinite adc0015.cern.ch:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-long adc0015.cern.ch:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-short





After a job is submitted, it is possible to see its status using the glite-job-status command.

edg-job-status https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/X-ehTxfdlXxSoIdVLS0L0w

BOOKKEEPING INFORMATION:

Printing status info for the Job:

https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/X-ehTxfdlXxSoIdVLS0L0w

Current Status: Scheduled

Status Reason: unavailable

Destination: lxshare0277.cern.ch:2119/jobmanager-pbs-infinite

reached on: Fri Aug 1 12:21:35 2003





A job can be canceled before it ends using the command glite-job-cancel.

edg-job-cancel https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/dAE162is6EStca0VqhVkog

- https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/dAE162is6EStca0VqhVkog





After the job has finished (it reaches the DONE status), its output can be copied to the UI

edg-job-get-output https://lxshare0234.cern.ch:9000/snPegp1YMJcnS22yF5pFlg

Retrieving files from host lxshare0234.cern.ch

JOB GET OUTPUT OUTCOME

Output sandbox files for the job:

- https://lxshare 0234.cern.ch: 9000/snPegp1YMJcnS22yF5pFlg

have been successfully retrieved and stored in the directory:

/tmp/jobOutput/snPegp1YMJcnS22yF5pFlg

By default, the output is stored under /tmp, but it is possible to specify in which directory to save the output using the --dir <path name> option.





Second Part Job Description Language



Job Description Language

The JDL is used in gLite to specify the job's characteristics and constrains, which are used during the match-making process to select the best resources that satisfy job's requirements.



Job Description Language

The JDL syntax consists on statements like:
Attribute = value;

Comments must be preceded by a sharp character

(#) or have to follow the C++ syntax

WARNING: The JDL is sensitive to blank characters and tabs. No blank characters or tabs should fellow the semicolon at the end of a line.



Job Description Language

- In a JDL, some attributes are mandatory while others are optional.
- An "essential" JDL is the following:

```
Executable = "test.sh";

StdOutput = "std.out";

StdError = "std.err";

InputSandbox = {"test.sh"};

OutputSandbox = {"std.out","std.err"};
```

If needed, arguments to the executable can be passed:

```
Arguments = "Hello World!";
```





If the argument contains quoted strings, the quotes must be escaped with a backslash

e.g. Arguments = "\"Hello World!\" 10";

Special characters such as &, |, >, < are only allowed if specified inside a quoted





Workload Manager Service

 The JDL allows the description of the following request types supported by the WMS:

Job: a simple application

DAG: a direct acyclic graph of dependent jobs

With WMSProxy

Collection: a set of independent jobs

With WMSProxy





Jobs

- •The Workload Management System currently supports the following types for Jobs :
 - •Normal a simple batch, a set of commands to be processed as single unit
 - •Interactive a job whose standard streams are forwarded to the submitting client
 - MPICH a parallel application using MPICH-P4 implementation of MPI
 - Partitionable a job which is composed by a set of independent steps/ iterations
 - Checkpointable a job able to save its state
 - Parametric a job where one or more of its attributes are parameterized

Support for MPI and parametric jobs is only available when the submission to the WMS is done through the WMProxy service





Jobs

The Workload Management System currently supports the

a set of independent subjobs, each one taking care of a step or of a sub-set of steps, and which can be executed in parallel pbs :

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nose standard streams are for the job execution can be suspended and resumed later, starting from the same point wh

it was first stopped

Support for MPI and parametric jobs is only available when the submission to the WMS is done through the WMProxy service



Scientific Instruments and sensors in the Grid, ICTP Trieste, 24,04,2007. JDL: Relevant Attributes

- JobType (optional)
 - Normal (simple, sequential job), Interactive, MPICH, Checkpointable, Partitionable, **Parametric**
 - Or combination of them
 - Checkpointable, Interactive
 - Checkpointable, MPI

```
E.g. JobType = "Interactive";
  JobType =
 {"Interactive", "Checkpointable"};
```





Executable (mandatory)

- This is a string representing the executable/command name.
- The user can specify an executable which is already on the remote CE
- Executable = {"/opt/EGEODE/GCT/egeode.sh"};
- The user can provide a local executable name, which will be staged from the UI to the WN.

```
Executable = {"egeode.sh"};
InputSandbox = {"/home/larocca/egeode/
egeode.sh"};
```





Arguments (optional)

This is a string containing all the job command line arguments.

E.g.: If your executable sum has to be started as:

\$ sum N1 N2 -out result.out





Environment (optional)

List of environment settings needed by the job to run properly

```
E.g. Environment = {"JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/j2sdk1.4.2_08"};
```

InputSandbox (optional)

- List of files on the UI local disk needed by the job for proper running
- The listed files will be automatically staged to the remote resource
- E.g. InputSandbox = {"myscript.sh","/tmp/cc.sh"};





OutputSandbox (optional)

List of files, generated by the job, which have to be retrieved from the CE

```
E.g. OutputSandbox ={ "std.out","std.err", "image.png"};
```



Requirements (optional)

- Job requirements on computing resources
- Specified using attributes of resources published in the Information Service
- If not specified, default value defined in Ul configuration file is considered

```
Default. Requirements =
  other.GlueCEStateStatus == "Production";
```

Requirements=other.GlueCEUniqueID == "adc006.cern.ch:2119/jobmanager-pbs-infinite"

Requirements=Member("ALICE-3.07.01", other.GlueHostApplicationSoftwareRunTimeEnvironment);



References

4 JDL Attributes

http://server11.infn.it/workload-grid/docs/ DataGrid-01-TEN-0142-0_2.pdf

https://edms.cern.ch/document/590869/1

http://egee-jra1-wm.mi.infn.it/egee-jra1-wm/api_doc/wms_jdl/index.html

LCG-2 User Guide Manual Series
 https://edms.cern.ch/file/454439/LCG-2-UserGuide.html



Third Part Workload Manager Proxy



WMProxy (Workload Manager Proxy)

- is a new service providing access to the gLite Workload
 Management System (WMS) functionality through a simple Web Services based interface.
- has been designed to handle a large number of requests for job submission
 - gLite 1.5 => ~180 secs for 500 jobs
 - goal is to get in the short term to ~60 secs for 1000 jobs
- it provides additional features such as bulk submission and the support for shared and compressed sandboxes for compound jobs.
- It's the natural replacement of the NS in the passage to the SOA approach.





- Support for new types strongly relies on newly developed JDL converters and on the DAG submission support
 - all JDL conversions are performed on the server
 - a single submission for several jobs
- All new request types can be monitored and controlled through a single handle (the request id)
 - each sub-jobs can be however followed-up and controlled independently through its own id
- "Smarter" WMS client commands/API
 - allow submission of DAGs, collections and parametric jobs exploiting the concept of "shared sandbox"
 - allow automatic generation and submission of collections and DAGs from sets of JDL files located in user specified directories on the UI





WMProxy C++ client commands

The commands to interact with WMProxy Service are:

glite-wms-job-submit <jdl_file

glite-wms-job-list-match <jdl_

In our examples:

glite-wms-job-*
are

edg-job-*

glite-wms-job-cancel <job_lds>





- gLite 3.0 User Guide
 - https://edms.cern.ch/file/722398/1.1/gLite-3-UserGuide.pdf
- R-GMA overview page
 - <u>http://www.r-gma.org/</u>
- GLUE Schema
 - http://infnforge.cnaf.infn.it/glueinfomodel/
- JDL attributes specification for WM proxy
 - https://edms.cern.ch/document/590869/1
- WMProxy quickstart
 - http://egee-jra1-wm.mi.infn.it/egee-jra1-wm/ wmproxy_client_quickstart.shtml
- WMS user guides
 - https://edms.cern.ch/document/572489/1





Questions...

