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Introduction: WEB (Nuclear Structure and Decay Data: Introduction to Relevant Web Pages)

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NUCLEAR STRUCTURE AND DECAY DATA: INTRODUCTION TO RELEVANT WEB PAGES

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Summary

A brief description is given of the nuclear data centres around the world able to provide access to those databases and programs of highest relevance to nuclear structure and decay data specialists. A number of Web-page addresses are also provided for the reader to inspect and investigate these data and codes for study, evaluation and calculation. These instructions are not meant to be comprehensive, but should provide the reader with a reasonable means of electronic access to the most important data sets and programs.

1. Introduction

A network of international/national nuclear data centres constitutes the infrastructure for the provision of a wide range of atomic and nuclear data services to scientists worldwide (Table 1). More than 100 data libraries are readily available cost-free from these centres through the Internet, CD-ROM and other media.

Two nuclear data centres of particular note are the National Nuclear Data Center (NNDC) at Brookhaven National Laboratory and the Nuclear Data Section at the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA-NDS) in Vienna, Austria. Access to the most relevant databases and associated codes through their web addresses are described below (both main directional web pages are shown in the Annex):

National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven - http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/

IAEA Nuclear Data Section: http://www-nds.iaea.org/

and IAEA-NDS mirror sites at IPEN, Brazil, http://www-nds.ipen.br/ and BARC, Mumbai, India, http://www-nds.indcentre.org.in/ that are maintained by NDS staff.

All libraries and related documentation held by the Nuclear Data Section are available free of charge to scientists in IAEA Member States. Overviews are given by Schwerer and Obložinský (2001) and in the document *Index of Nuclear Data Libraries Available from the* IAEA *Nuclear Data Section* (Schwerer, 2007) – also available on:

http://www-nds.iaea.org/reports/nds-7.pdf to download as PDF file.

Brief descriptions of the contents and format of most libraries are published in the IAEA-NDS-report series (Schwerer and Lemmel, 2007), while an introduction to NDS database projects and services can be found at http://www-naweb.iaea.org/napc/nd/index.asp

2. Nuclear Structure and Decay Data Evaluators' Network

A network of centres has been established that specializes in nuclear structure and decay data (Pronyaev *et al.*, 2004); see also Table 2 for a list and access addresses through the Web and e-mail contacts. These laboratories and institutes are involved in all facets of compilation and production of recommended nuclear structure and decay data (*i.e.*, review, evaluation and processing), sharing the evaluation work by mass chain, and meeting biennially to discuss their common problems and interests under the auspices of the IAEA Nuclear Data Section.

3. World Wide Web (WWW)

The web page of the IAEA Nuclear Data Services can be found at the web addresses http://www-nds.iaea.org/ (IAEA, Vienna, Austria), http://www-nds.iaea.org/ (IAEA, Vienna, Austria), http://www-nds.indcentre.org.in/ at BARC, India; the equivalent web page for NNDC is http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/. These pages contain interactive access to the major databases, as well as overviews of all nuclear data libraries and databases available from the IAEA (IAEA Nuclear Data Guide) and NNDC, and access to various reports, manuals, nuclear data utility programs, Nuclear Data Newsletters and other informative documentation.

The web addresses specified above provide links with the following highly relevant databases (see also Section 4):

- ENSDF evaluated nuclear structure and decay data (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/ensdf/)
- MIRD medical internal radiation dose tables (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/mird/)
- Wallet cards Ground and metastable state properties (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/wallet/)
- NUDAT selected evaluated nuclear data (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nudat2/)
- NSR Nuclear Science References (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/)
- Masses Atomic Mass Evaluation Data File (http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/amdc/)

For example, NSR bibliographic information can be explored through:

- Known author name,
- Keynumber (e.g., 1970Ya02 consists of the first two letters of the lead author (Ya (of Yamazaki)), year (1970), and number designation (02)); also to be found in *Recent References*, *Nuclear Data Sheets*, although curtailed since early 2004; *Recent References* are also available as PDF files see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/recref.html),
- Nuclide,

as well as through other criteria.

The reader is encouraged to access all of these databases, codes and information manuals through an explorative process, and assess their user-friendliness and usefulness. Your feedback is also welcome, and would help us to improve our web services.

4. Access to Relevant Databases and Programs

The data in some of the nuclear structure databases have been evaluated and assembled through the combined efforts of specialists within the international nuclear structure and decay-data evaluators' network (Section 2), while others are effectively more user-friendly derivatives and subsets of these same data files (e.g., Nuclear Wallet Cards and NuDat).

4.1 Primary databases

NSR: <u>N</u>uclear <u>S</u>cience <u>R</u>eferences is a bibliographic database for low and intermediate energy nuclear physics and available on-line

(see http://www-nds.iaea.org/nsr/ and http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/).

ENSDF: Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File is the 'master' library for nuclear structure and decay data maintained through the evaluators' network co-ordinated by the IAEA (see Section 2), and containing evaluated experimental data for most known nuclides in the mass range from 1 to 294; published in *Nuclear Data Sheets* (Tuli, 2008) and *Nuclear Physics A* (Bakker, 2008) and available on-line (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/ensdf/).

4.2 Other specialised and derived databases

Atomic masses 2003 (Wapstra *et al.*, 2003): mass evaluations for over 2900 nuclides; available on-line (see both http://www.ndc.bnl.gov/masses/).

Nuclear Wallet Cards (Tuli, 2005): basic properties of ground and metastable states; available as pocket book and on-line (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/wallet/). The NNDC site also contains Nuclear Wallet Cards for Radioactive Nuclides (Tuli, 2004), available as a pocket book and online, and Palm Pilot versions of both books.

NuDat: <u>Nuclear Data</u> contains user-friendly extracts of applications data from ENSDF and the Nuclear Wallet Cards, plus thermal neutron data; available on-line (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nudat/).

MIRD: Medical Internal Radiation Dose is based on ENSDF and data processed by RADLST to generate, for example, tables of energies and intensities for X-rays and Auger electrons (Burrows, 1988); available on-line (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/mird/).

Reduced Transitional Probabilities: Electric quadrupole transition probabilities for the ground to first 2+ state of even-even nuclides extracted from the evaluation of Raman *et al.* (2001) (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/be2/).

Double Beta Decay: Set of double beta (ββ) decay data based on experimentally observed double beta (ββ) decay transitions in 48 Ca, 76 Ge, 82 Se, 96 Zr, 100 Mo, 116 Cd, 128,130 Te, 130 Ba, 150 Nd and 238 U (see <u>http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/bbdecay/</u>)

XUNDL: eXperimental Unevaluated Nuclear Data Library is a compilation of experimental nuclear structure and decay data in ENSDF format – oriented primarily to high-spin data, but also contains some reaction and decay data (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/ensdf).

4.3 Programs

Useful computer codes for the calculation of specific nuclear structure and decay data parameters include the following:

BrIcc: calculates internal conversion electron coefficients based on the "frozen orbitals" approximation (Band *et al.*, 2002 and Raman *et al.*, 2002), internal electron-positron pair formation coefficients based on Schlüter and Soff (1979), and Hoffman and Soff (1996), and E0 electronic factors based on Hager and Seltzer (1969), Bell *et al.* (1970), and Passoja and Salonen (1986);

GABS: calculates absolute γ -ray intensities;

GTOL: undertakes least-squares fits to γ -ray energies and calculates net feeding to nuclear levels;

LOGFT: calculates $log\ ft$ values for β and electron-capture decay, average β^{\pm} energies and capture fractions based on Gove and Martin (1971);

PANDORA: checks "correctness" of the physics in ENSDF;

and others are available through the NNDC web page

http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nndcscr/ensdf_pgm/.

4.4 Interactive calculational tools

Users can perform calculations interactively over the web by means of four processing tools:

Nuclear Structure Calculational Tools:

- BrIcc: calculates internal conversion electron coefficients based on the "Frozen orbitals" approximation (Band *et al.*, 2002 and Raman *et al.*, 2002), internal electron-positron pair formation coefficients based on Schlüter and Soff (1979), and Hoffman and Soff (1996), and E0 electronic factors based on Hager and Seltzer (1969), Bell *et al.* (1970), and Passoja and Salonen (1986) (see http://www.rsphysse.anu.edu.au/nuclear/bricc/);
- HSICC: calculates internal conversion coefficients based on the theoretical values of Hager and Seltzer (1968), and Dragoun *et al.* (1969 and 1971) (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/hsicc/);
- LOGFT: calculates *log ft* values for β and electron-capture decay, average β^{\pm} energies and capture fractions based on Gove and Martin (1971) (see *http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/logft/*).

Atomic Masses, Q-values and Threshold Energies: calculates reaction Q-values, threshold energies and decay Q-values based on the 2003 Update to the Atomic Mass Evaluation (Audi *et al.*, 2003), and retrieves other quantities contained in this evaluation (see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/qcalc2/).

4.5 Other network web sites

Web sites of other members of the Nuclear Structure and Decay-data Network (Table 2) contain much useful information, for example:

Energy Levels of Light Nuclei, A = 3 - 20: evaluations, preprints, lists of recent references, reprints for A = 3 - 20 nuclides, and Palm Pilot applications and databases (see http://www.tunl.duke.edu/NuclData/);

jvNubase: ground and metastable state properties, based primarily on ENSDF with some additions derived from more recent data

(see http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/amdc/jvnubase/Nucleus.html);

RadWare: software package for interactive graphical analysis of gamma-ray coincidence data library of level scheme files in the RadWare ASCII-gls format that have been derived from ENSDF, XUNDL and contributed level schemes (see http://radware.phy.ornl.gov/).

4.6 Nuclear structure and decay-data evaluator's corner

<u>http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nndc/evalcorner/</u> is primarily designed for ENSDF evaluators and currently contains:

- an interface to ENSDF which allows evaluators to retrieve ENSDF mass chains and nuclides in a basic format (*i.e.*, ComTrans has not been run),
- simplified NSR retrieval system designed for ENSDF evaluators,
- new ENSDF analysis and utility codes in β testing, and
- links to relevant manuals and materials from previous ENSDF or NSDD workshops.

5. Concluding Remarks

The contents of this report represent a brief introduction to the means of accessing a powerful set of compiled and evaluated nuclear structure and decay-data libraries, as well as codes for the analysis and development of such data. Useful applications of these data and tools are wide ranging, and the reader is encouraged to explore their potential through the various routes outlined above, and so develop a much greater understanding of their capabilities.

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see also http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nndcscr/ensdf pgm/analysis/radlst/radlstdoc.pdf.

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Gove, N.B., Martin, M.J., 1971. Log ft tables for beta decay. Nucl. Data Tables A10, 205-317.

Hager, R.S., Seltzer, E.C., 1968. Internal conversion tables: Part I: K-, L-, M-shell conversion coefficients for Z = 30 to Z = 103. Nucl. Data Tables A4, 1-235.

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Table 1. Network of International/National Nuclear Data Centres.

IAEA Nuclear Data Section, Vienna, Austria

http://www-nds.iaea.org/

US National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven, USA

http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/

OECD, NEA Data Bank, Paris, France

http://www.nea.fr/

Russian Federation Nuclear Data Centre,

Obninsk, Russian Federation

http://www.ippe.obninsk.ru/podr/cjd/

9 co-operating specialised centres within:

PR China, Hungary, Japan (2), Republic of Korea, Russian Federation (3) and Ukraine

Table 2. Nuclear Structure and Decay-data Network.

US National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven, USA (maintenance of master ENSDF database)

http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/

Contact: J. K. Tuli (network co-ordinator) e-mail: Tuli@bnl.gov

Nuclear Data Project, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, USA

http://www.phy.ornl.gov/ndp/

Contact: M. S. Smith e-mail: MSmith@mail.phy.ORNL.gov

Isotope Project, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, USA

httn://ie lhl gov/

Contact: C. M. Baglin e-mail: baglin@lbl.gov

[Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho Falls, USA]

Contact: C. W. Reich e-mail: cwreich@clearwire.net

Triangle University Nuclear Laboratory, Department of Physics, Duke University, USA

http://www.tunl.duke.edu/NuclData/

Contact: J. H. Kelley e-mail: kelley@tunl.duke.edu

Argonne National Laboratory, Nuclear Engineering Division, Argonne, USA

http://www.td.anl.gov/NDP/

Contact: F.G. Kondev e-mail: kondev@anl.gov

Nuclear Data Centre, Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Russian Federation

Contact: I. A. Mitropolsky e-mail: mitrplsk@pnpi.spb.ru

Institute of Atomic Energy, Beijing, PR China

Contact: Ge Zhigang e-mail: gezg@iris.ciae.ac.cn

Jilin University, Physics Department, Changchun, PR China

Contact: Huo Junde e-mail: jdhuo@mail.jlu.edu.cn

Commissariat d'Énergie Atomique, Bruyères-le-Châtel, France

Contact: J. Blachot e-mail: jblachot@orange.fr

JAEA Nuclear Data Centre, Tokai-Mura, Japan

Contact: J. Katakura e-mail: katakura.junichi@jaea.go.jp

Nuclear Data Centre, Physics Department, Kuwait University, Kuwait

Contact: A. Farhan e-mail: <u>Ameenah@kuc01.kuniv.edu.kw</u>

Department of Physics and Astronomy, McMaster University, Hamilton, Canada

http://physwww.physics.mcmaster.ca/~balraj/

Contact: B. Singh e-mail: ndgroup@mcmaster.ca

Department of Nuclear Physics, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia

http://wwwrsphysse.anu.edu.au/nuclear/

Contact: T. Kibédi e-mail: <u>Tibor.Kibedi@anu.edu.au</u>

Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee, India

http://www.iitr.ac.in/departments/PH/

Contact: A. K. Jain e-mail: ajainfph@iitr.ernet.in

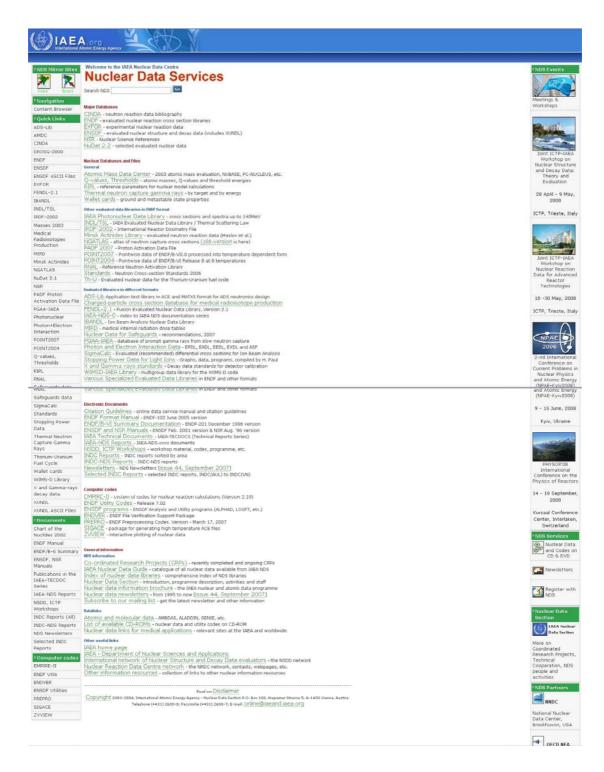
IAEA Nuclear Data Section, Vienna, Austria (co-ordination of network meetings)

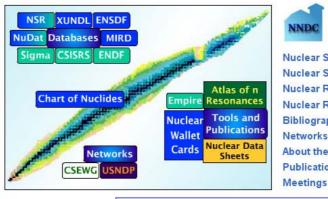
http://www-nds.iaea.org/

Contact: A. L. Nichols e-mail: a.nichols@iaea.org

ANNEX

Directional Web pages for NDS and NNDC







National Nuclear Data Center

Nuclear Structure and Decay Databases Nuclear Structure and Decay Tools **Nuclear Reaction Databases Nuclear Reaction Tools Bibliography Databases** Networks and Links **About the Center Publications**

Site Index - Search the NNDC:



go

Astrophysical Reaction Rates New Covariance Workshop, June 24-27

AMDC Atomic Mass Data Center, Q-value Calculator

CINDA Computer Index of Nuclear (reaction) Data

ENDF Evaluated Nuclear (reaction) Data File, Sigma

NMMSS & DoE NMIRDC Safeguards & inventory decay data standards

Nuclear Wallet Cards for Homeland Security

Atlas of Neutron Resonances Parameters & thermal values

CSEWG Cross Section **Evaluation Working Group**

ENSDF Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File

NSR Nuclear Science References

NuDat Nuclear structure & decay Data

CapGam Thermal Neutron Capture y-rays

CSISRS alias EXFOR Nuclear reaction experimental data

IRDF International Reactor Dosimetry File

Nuclear Data Sheets Nuclear structure & decay data journal

USNDP U.S. Nuclear Data Program

Chart of Nuclides Basic properties of atomic nuclei

Empire Nuclear reaction model code

MIRD Medical Internal Radiation Dose

Nuclear Wallet Cards Ground & isomeric states properties

XUNDL Experimental Unevaluated Nuclear Data List

-Links ordered alphabetically Order by category

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