

2443-20

**Winter College on Optics: Trends in Laser Development and Multidisciplinary
Applications to Science and Industry**

4 - 15 February 2013

Sensing applications (part 1+2)

S. Svanberg
*Lund University
Sweden*

Winter College, ICTP, February 2013

Optical Sensor Applications

Sune Svanberg



LUNDS
UNIVERSITET

**Physics Department and
Lund Laser Centre
Lund University
Sweden**



**Center for Optical and
Electromagnetic Research
South China Normal University
Guangzhou, China**

Lund Collaborators:

**B. Anderson, M. Andersson, S. Andersson-Engels, K. Barup,
M. Brydegaard, L. Cocola, H. Edner, E. Krite-Svanberg,
M. Lewander, S. Lindberg, P. Lundin, J. Hällström, R. Grönlund,
Z.G. Guan, K. Jakobsson, H. Jayaweera, A. Johansson, L. Mei,
A. Merdasa, L. Persson, L. Rippe, J. Sandsten, M. Salman,
M. Sjöholm, G. Somesfalean, J. Swartling, T. Svensson,
K. Svanberg, P. Weibring, C. Xu, J. Ålebring**

Guangzhou Collaborators:

**Zhang Hao, S.L. He, Jing Huang,
K. Svanberg, X.X. Wu, G.Y. Zhao, S.M. Zhu**

International Collaborators:

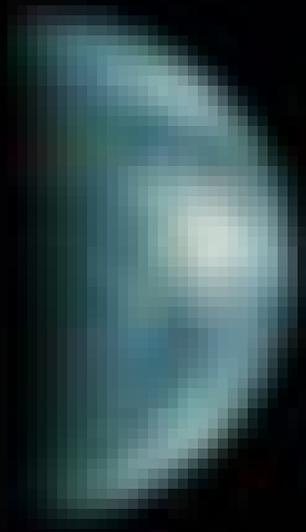
**Z.G. Zhang, X.T. Luo, Harbin; S.L. He, L. Mei, Hangzhou
G. Cecchi et al., Firenze, A. Papayannis, Athens;
African LAM Network, African Multispectral Network**





Strategic Research
“Science to Shape a Better World”

The cosmic perspective.....



*Earth and Moon
photographed from
Mars*

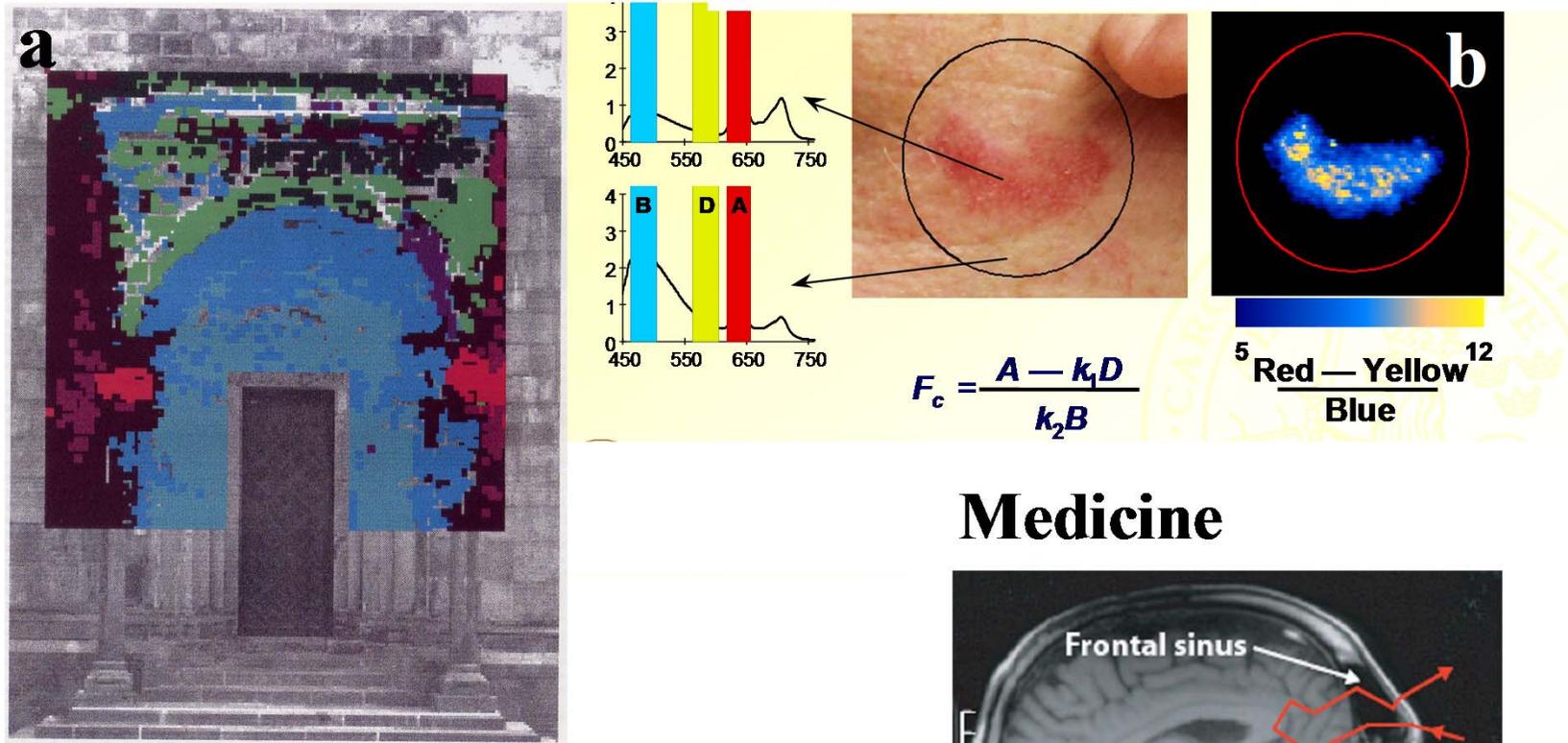
ENVISAT

Space sees no borders!

ESA



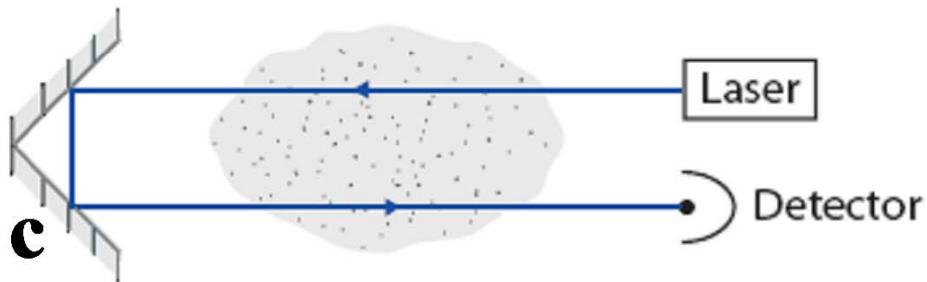
Environmental Monitoring - Biophotonics



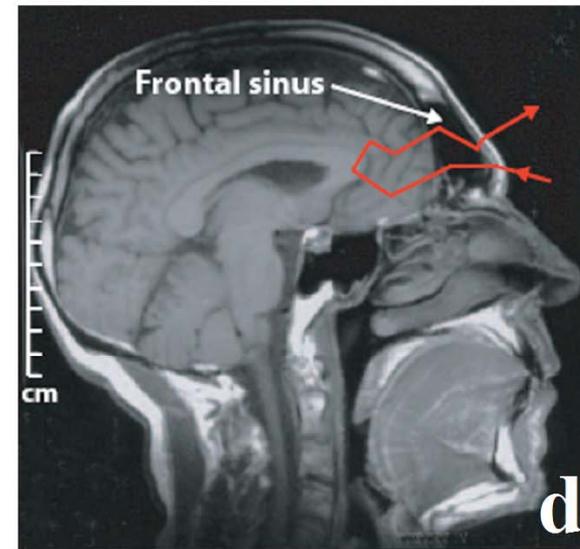
$$F_c = \frac{A - k_1 D}{k_2 B}$$

5 Red — Yellow 12
Blue

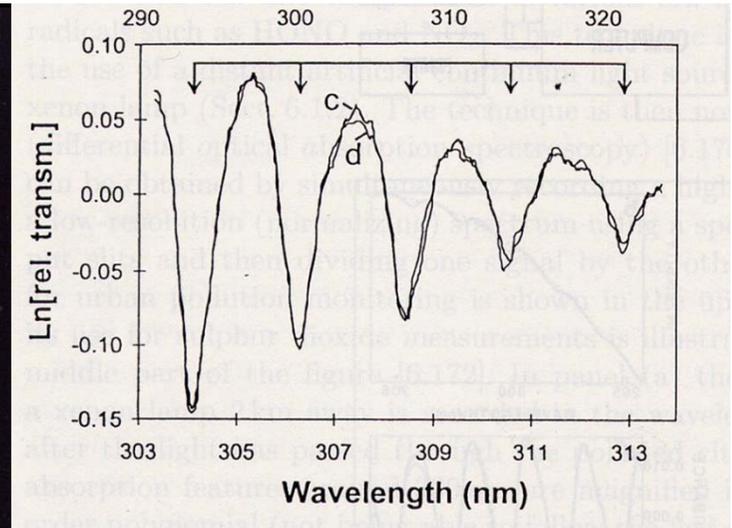
Environment



Medicine



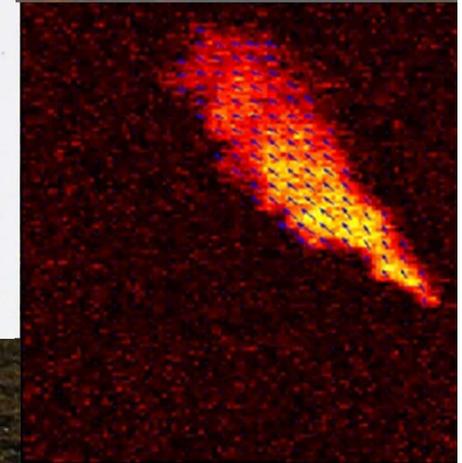
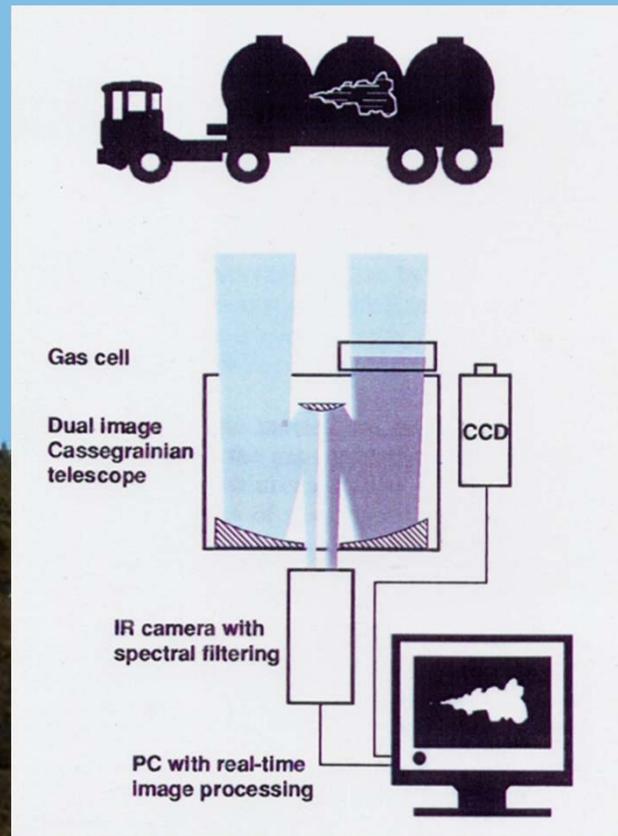
Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy DOAS



Opsis AB

IR passive gas-correlation imaging

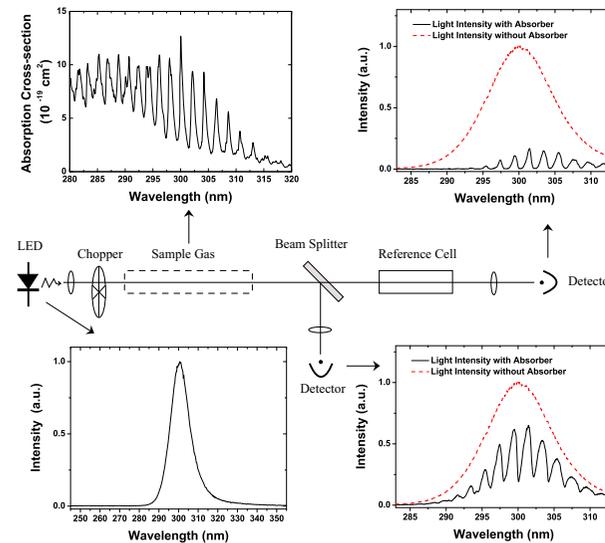
Which flare is leaking ethylene?



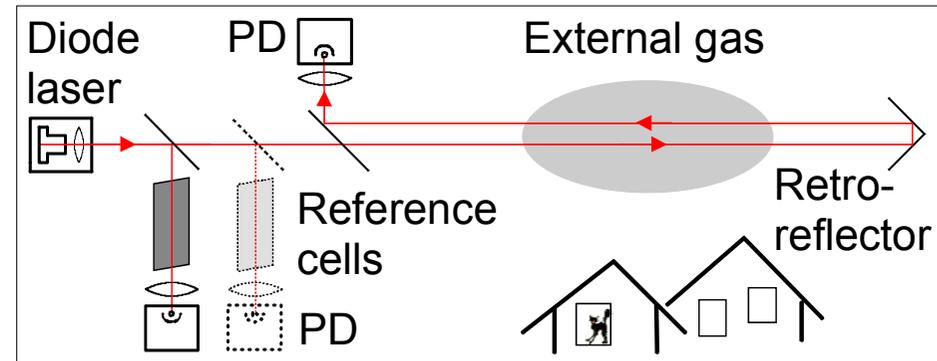
Sandsten et al.

New techniques for sensitive gas measurements (long path absorption):

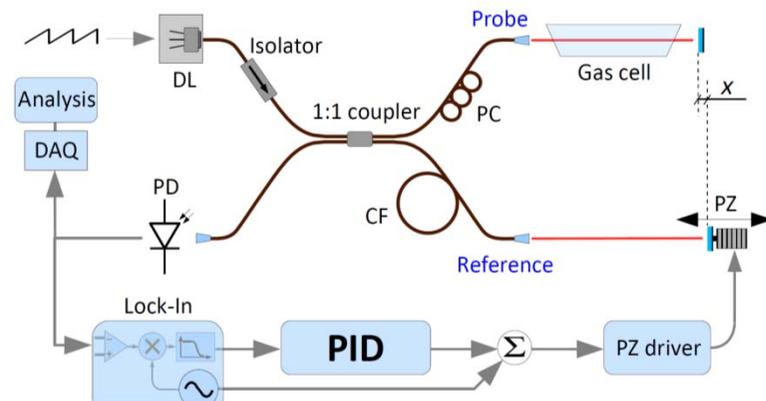
**Gas Correlation
LED spectroscopy**
Appl. Phys. B94 (2009)



**Temporal correlation
multi-mode diode laser
spectroscopy**
Appl. Phys. Lett. 86 (2005)

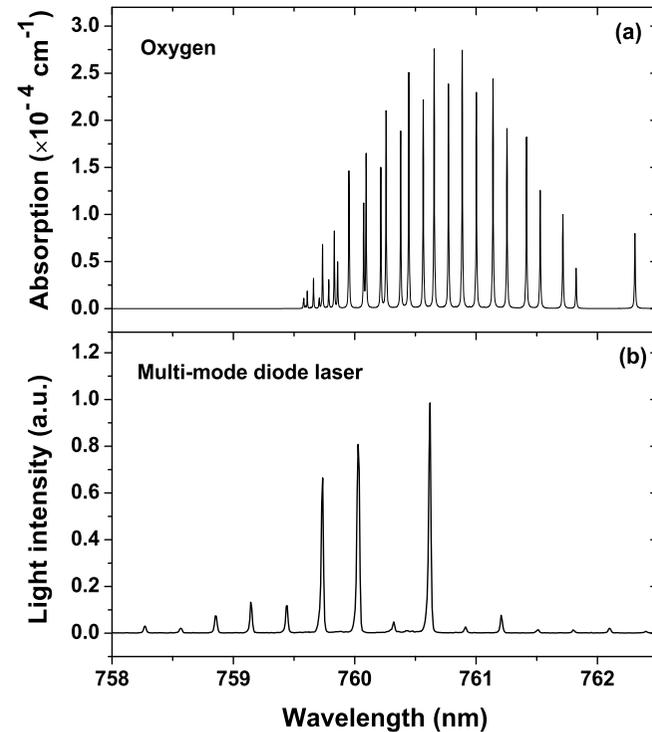
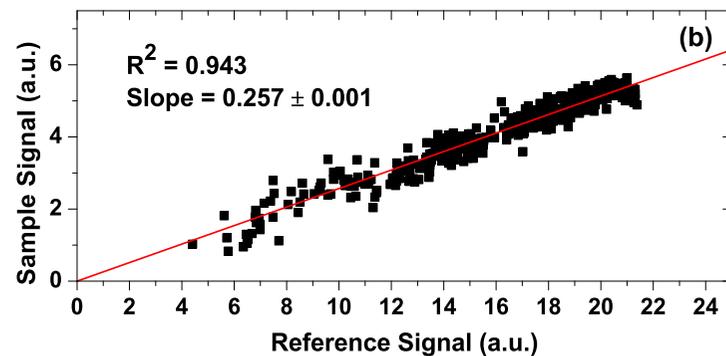
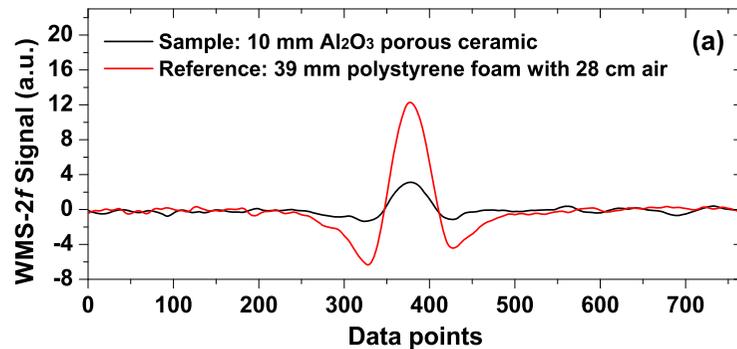
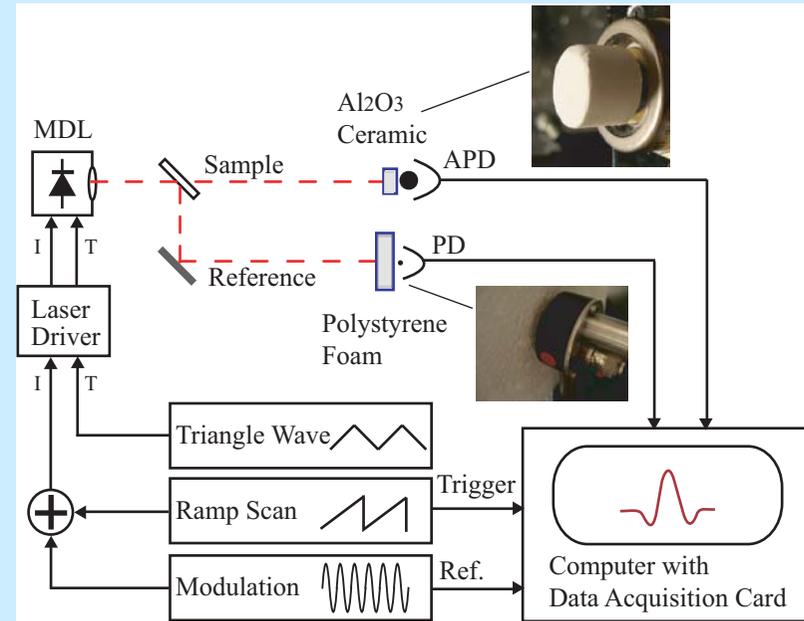


**Zero background
absorption spectroscopy**
Opt. Expr. 16 (2009), Appl. Opt. (2011)



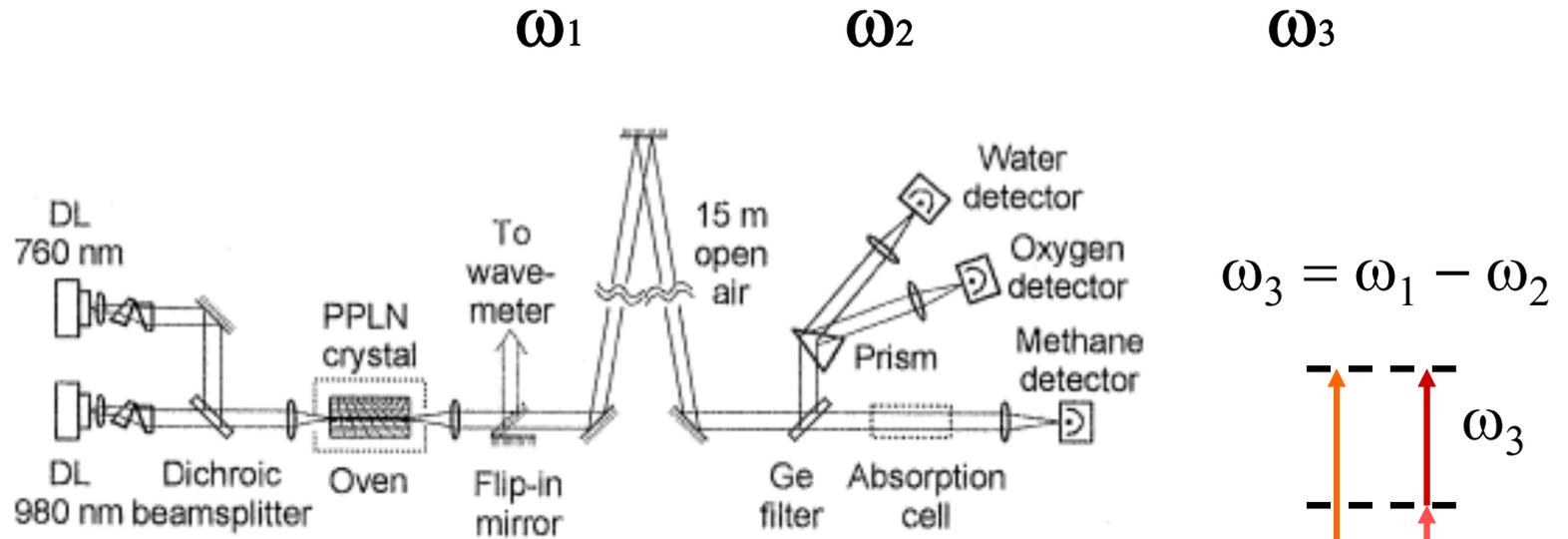
Gas correlation spectroscopy using multi-mode diode lasers

Luo et al., Appl. Phys. B 2011

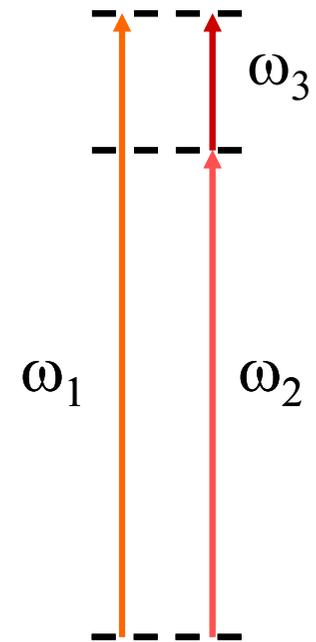
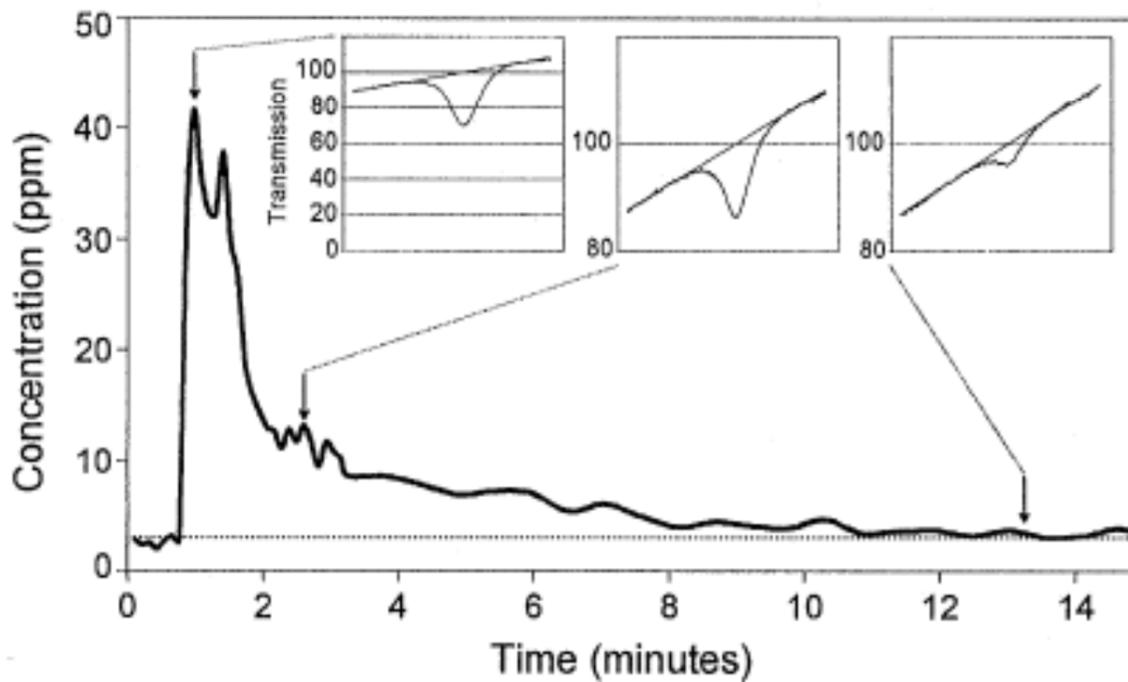


Diode laser difference frequency generation

Simultaneous monitoring of Oxygen, Water vapour and Methane

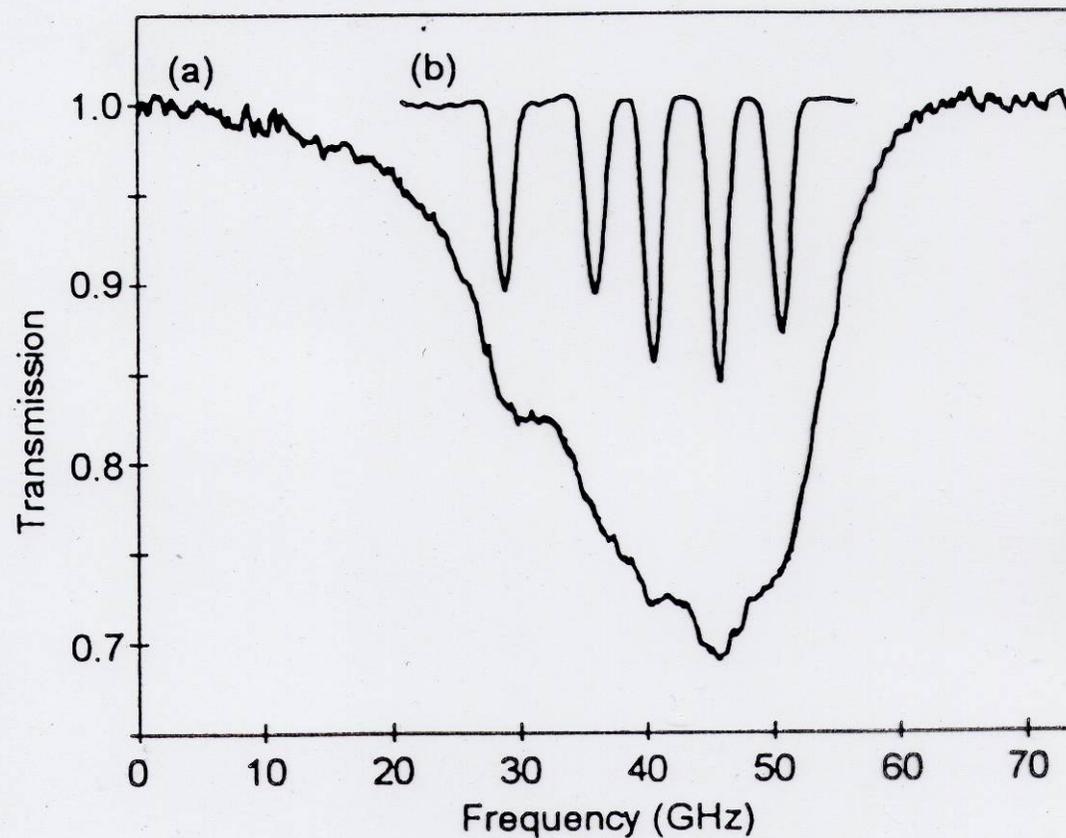
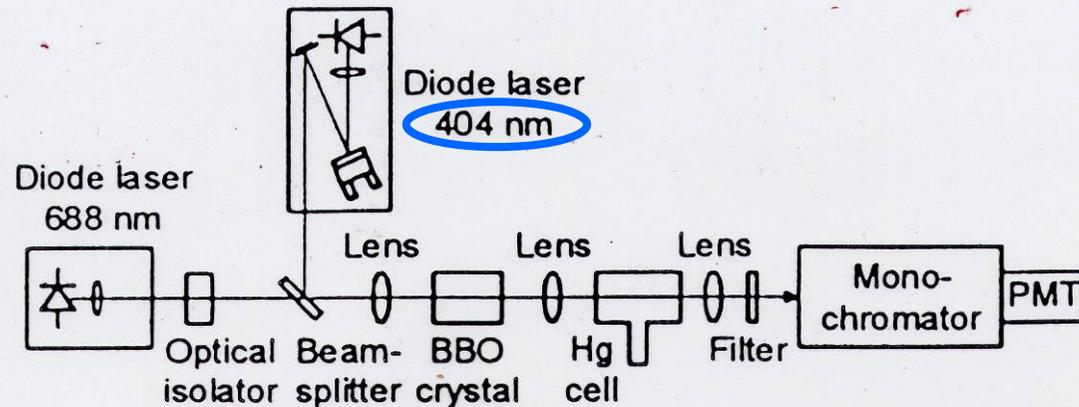


$$\omega_3 = \omega_1 - \omega_2$$

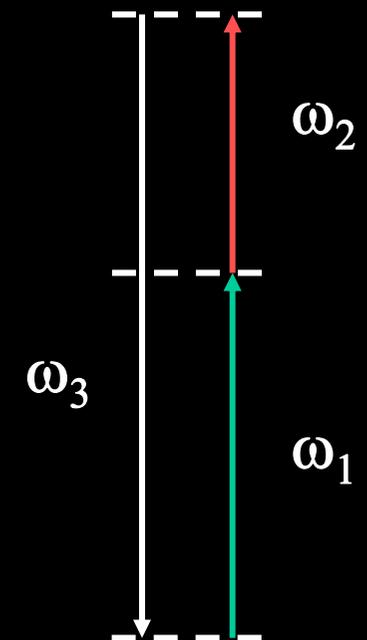


Gustafsson
et al.
Appl. Phys. B

Sum-frequency generation to 254 nm: Hg



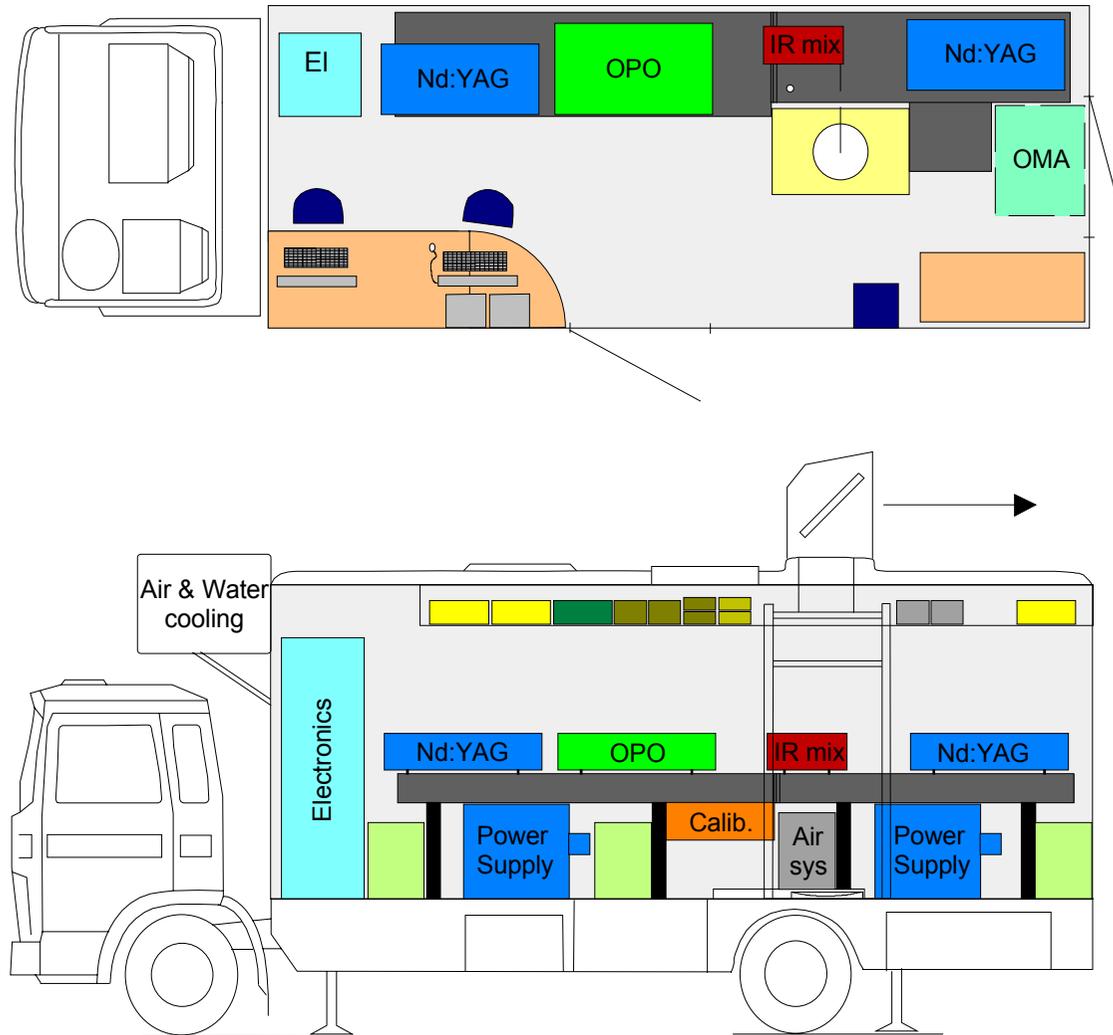
$$\omega_3 = \omega_1 + \omega_2$$

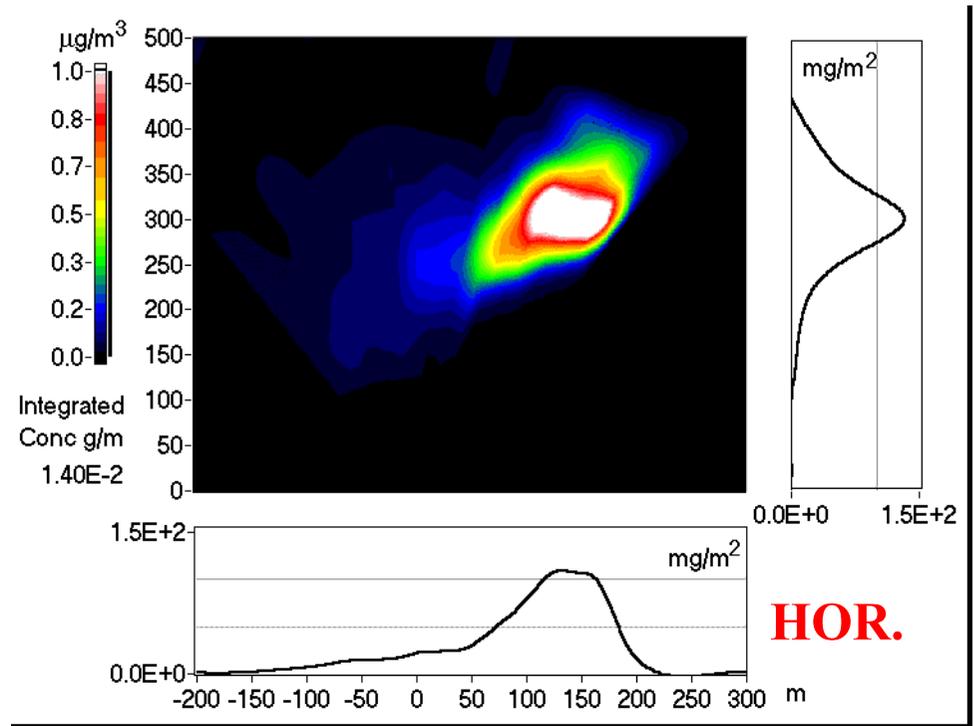
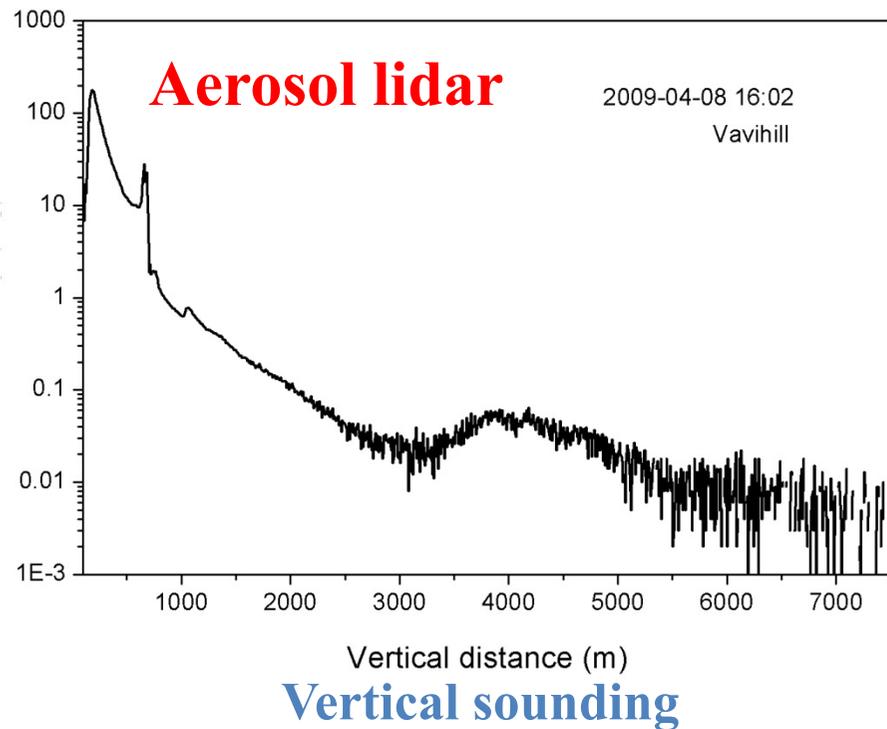


Also:
 SO_2, NO_2
 H_2O

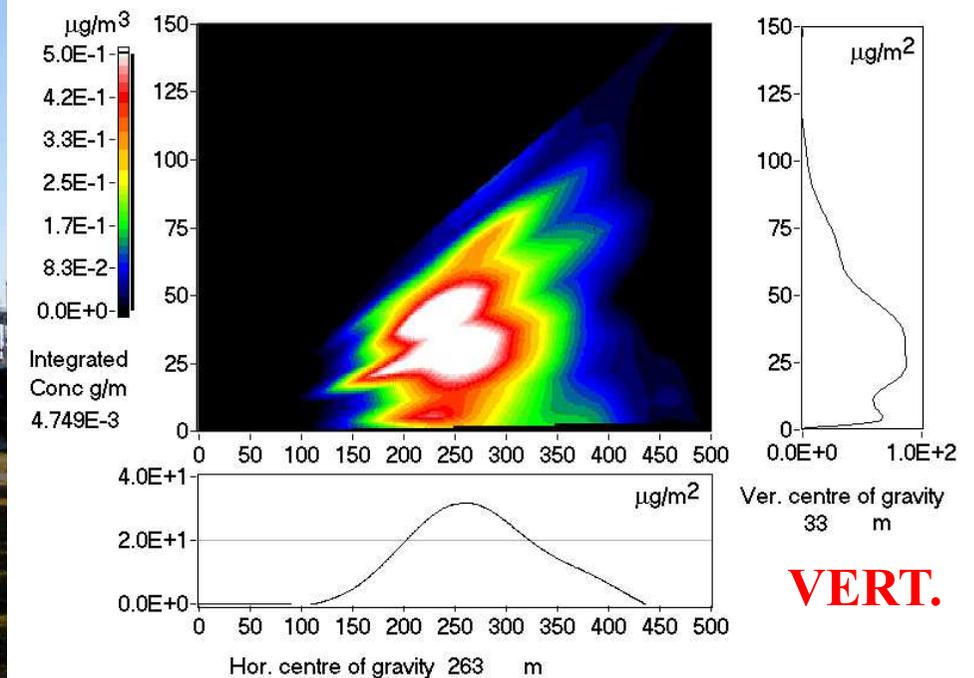
LIDAR

Lund mobile Lidar system





IAL atomic mercury monitoring
Rosignanano, Italy
254 nm



Stromboli



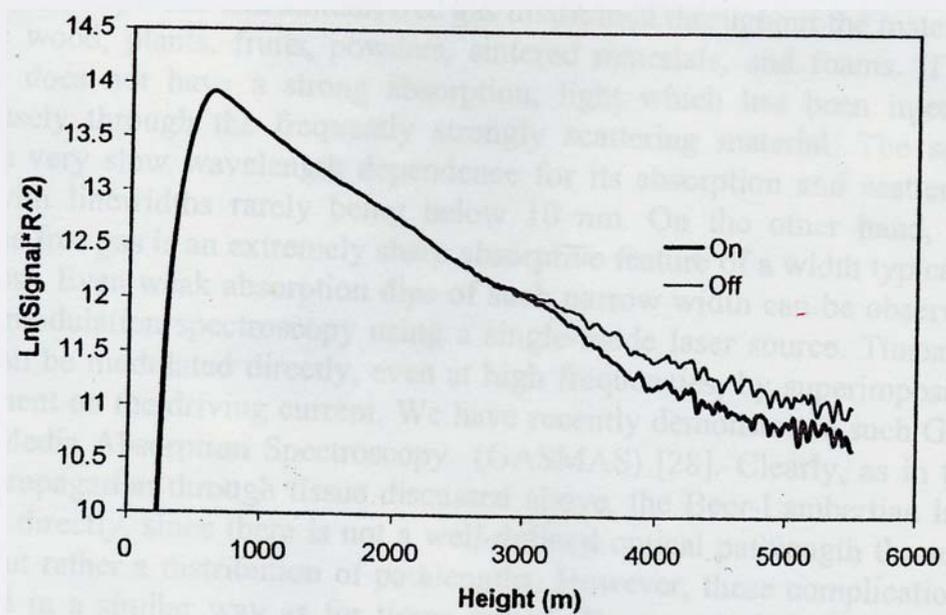
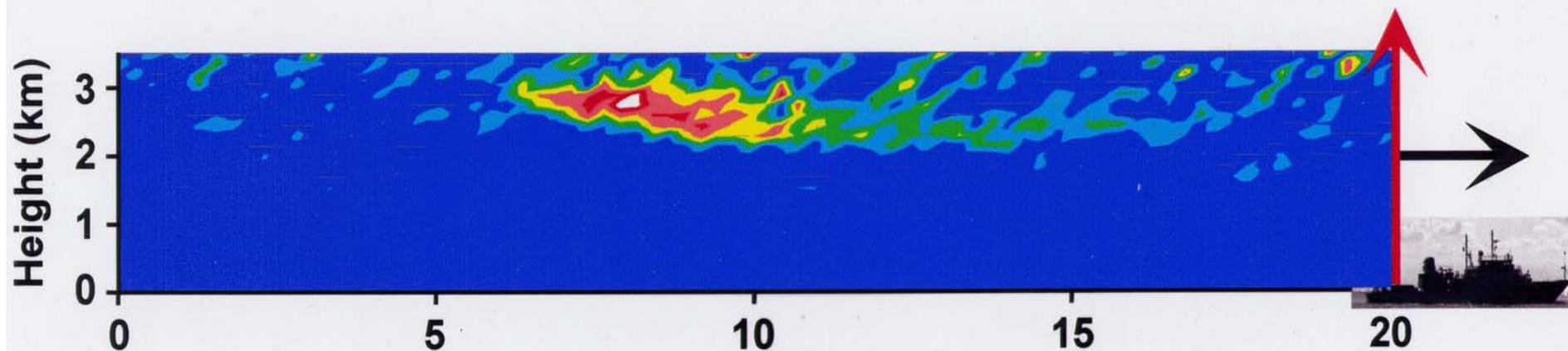
Vulcano



Etna

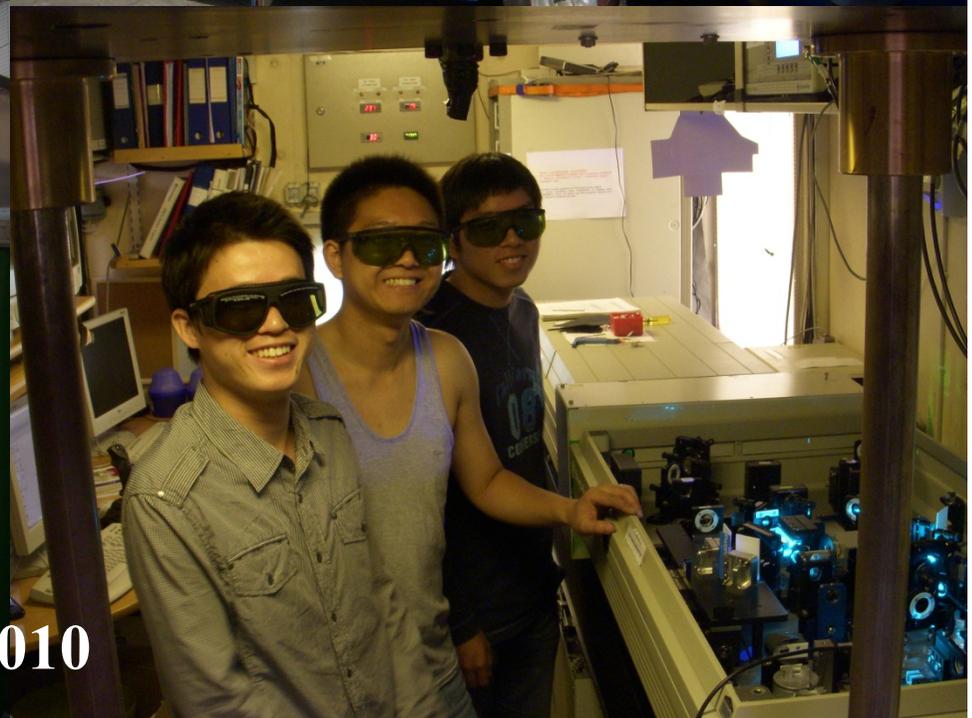


Sulphur dioxide plume from Etna - Flux: 50 tonnes/h



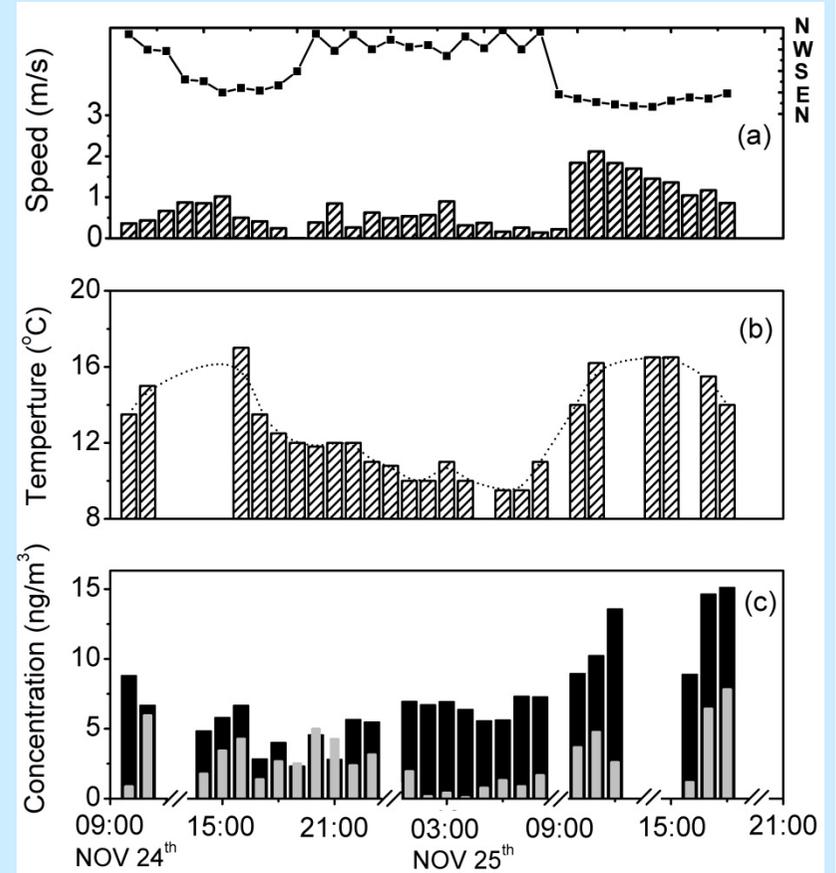
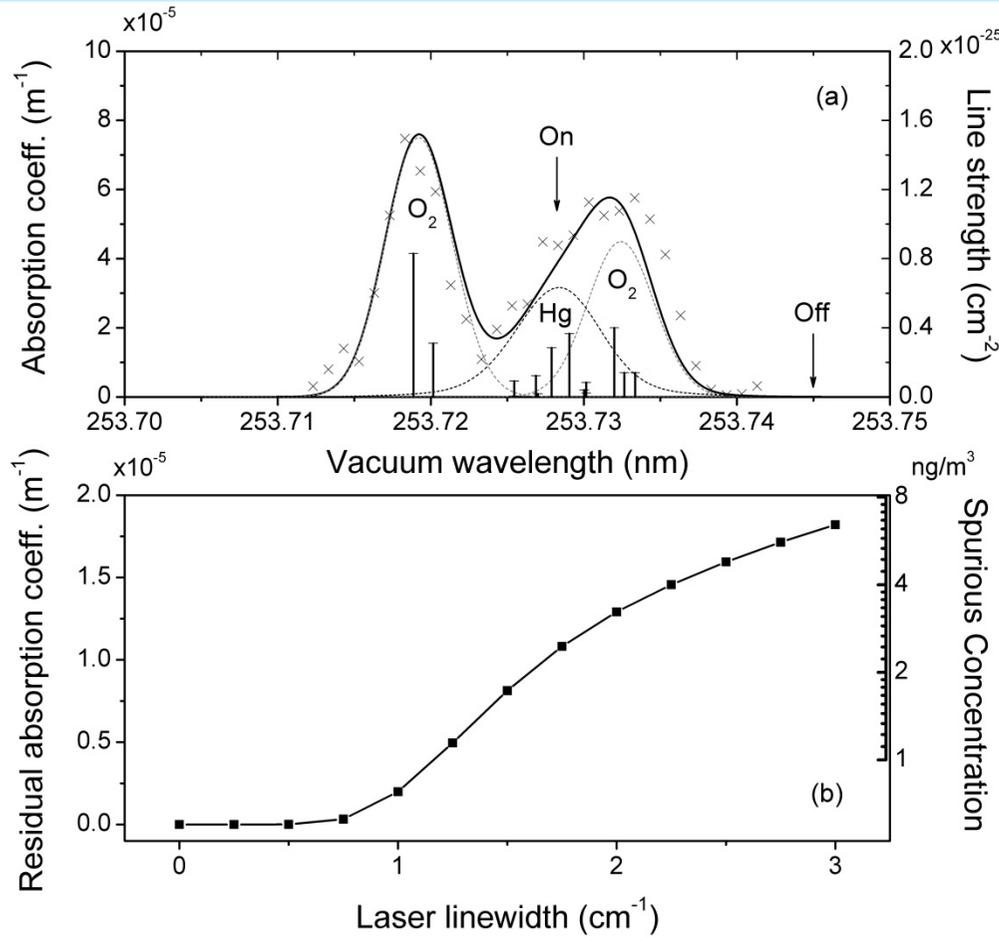
Edner et al.

Lund Lidar at ZJU, Hangzhou



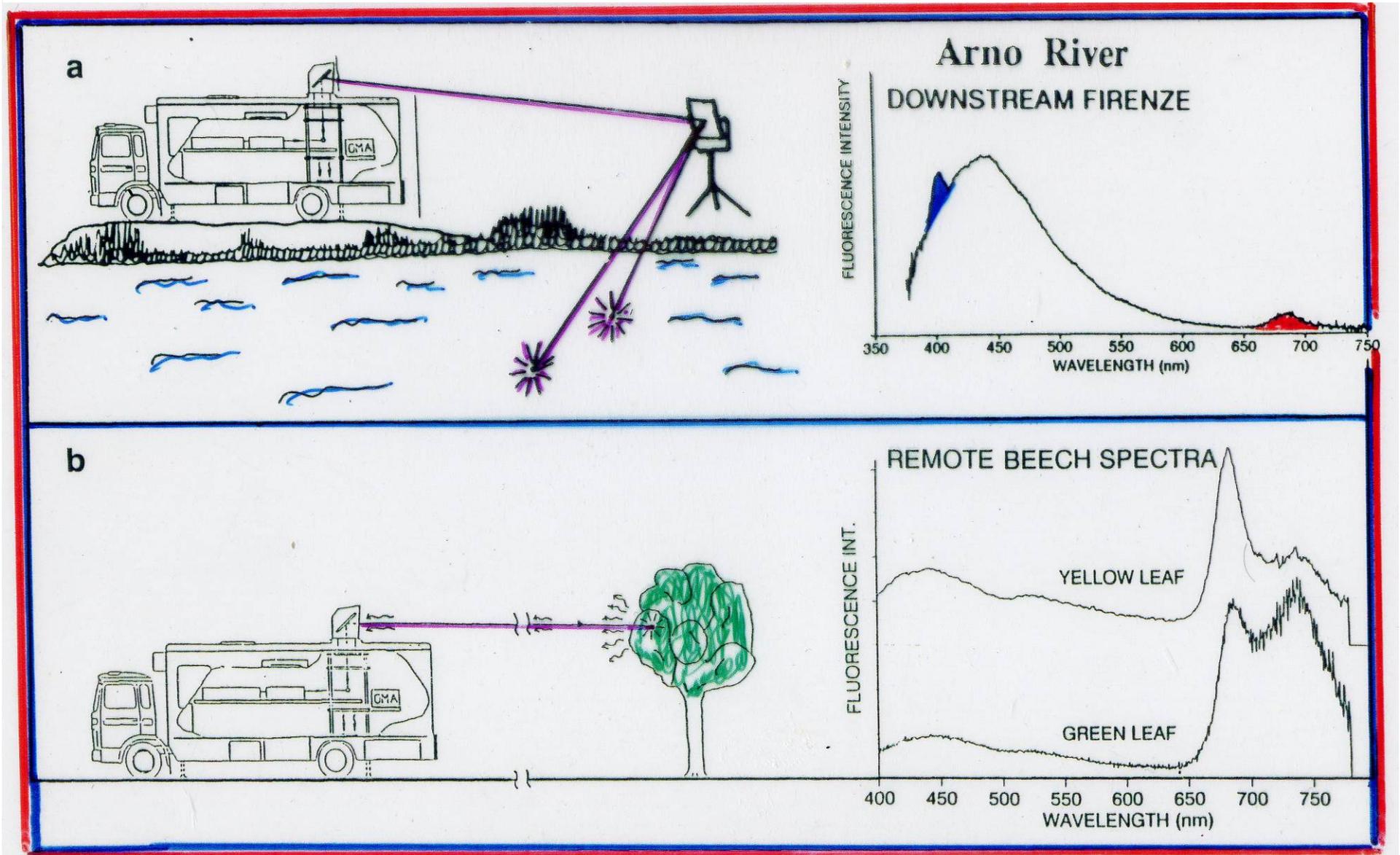
2010

Atomic Mercury Vertical Lidar Monitoring Hangzhou, China

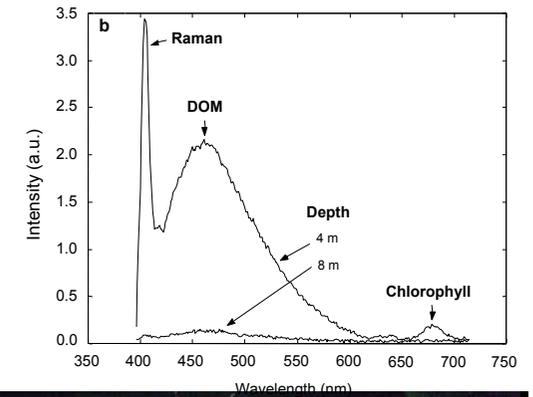
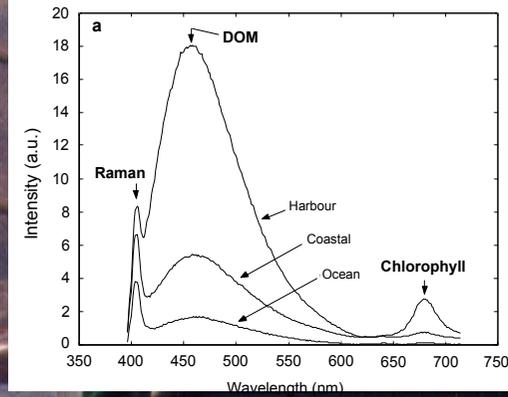


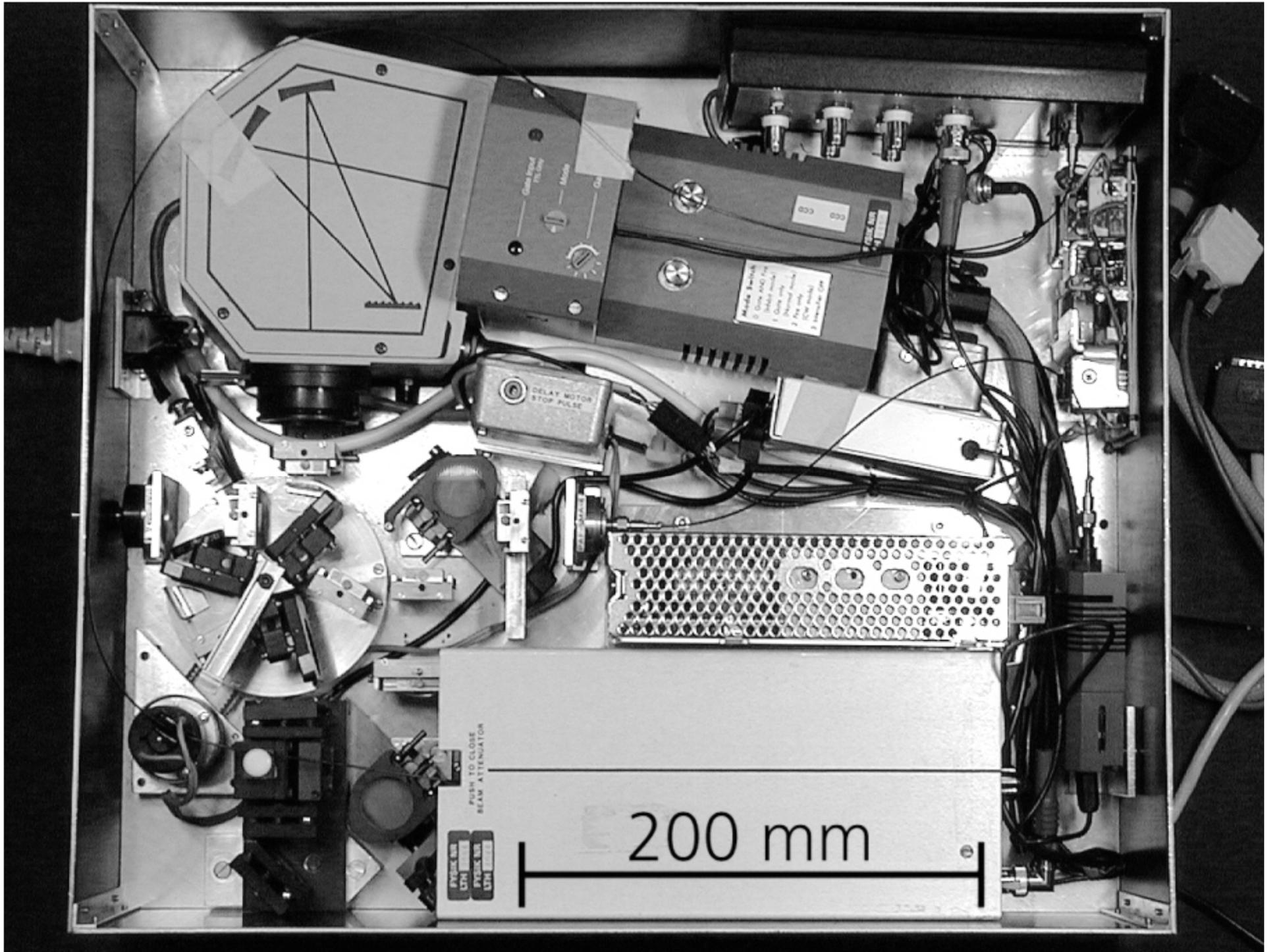
FLUORESCENCE

LIDAR REMOTE FLUORESCENCE MONITORING



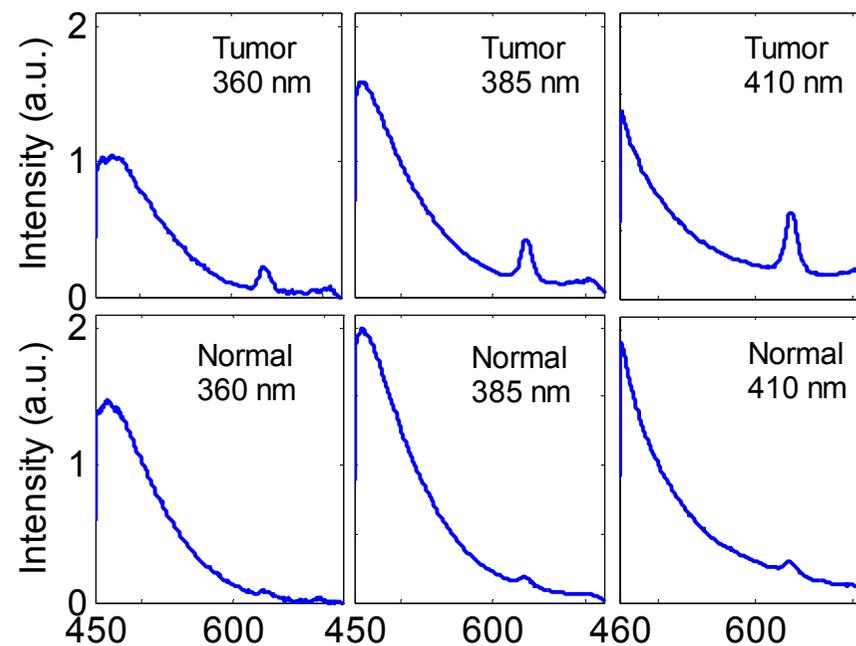
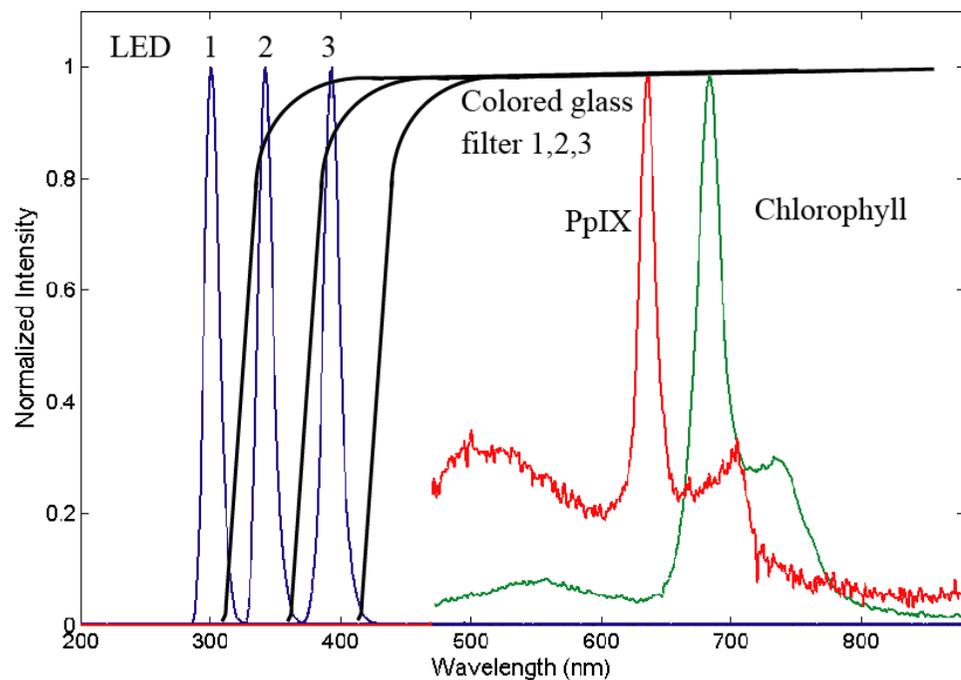
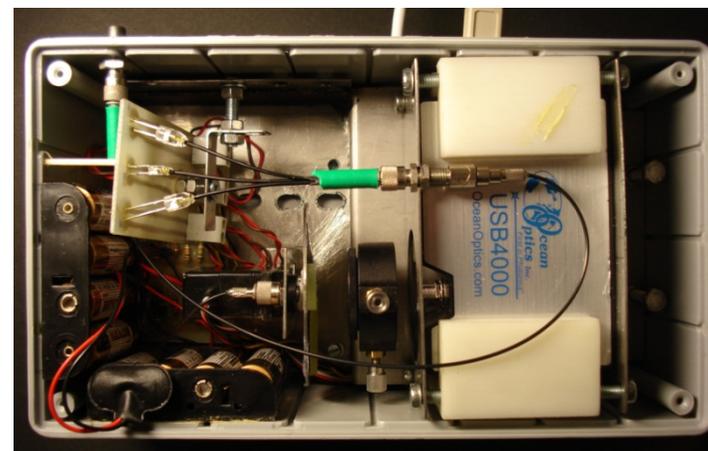
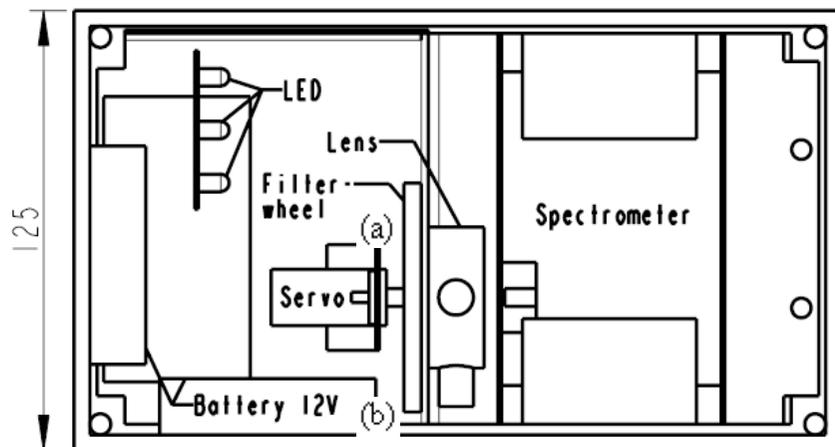
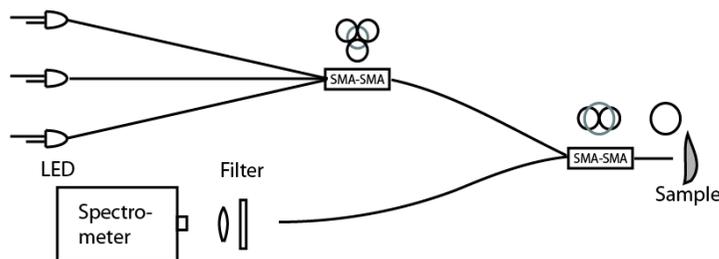
Aquatic Monitoring Favignana, Sicily





Compact UV LED Based Fluorosensor

S. Ek et al.
Spectrochim Acta A
2007



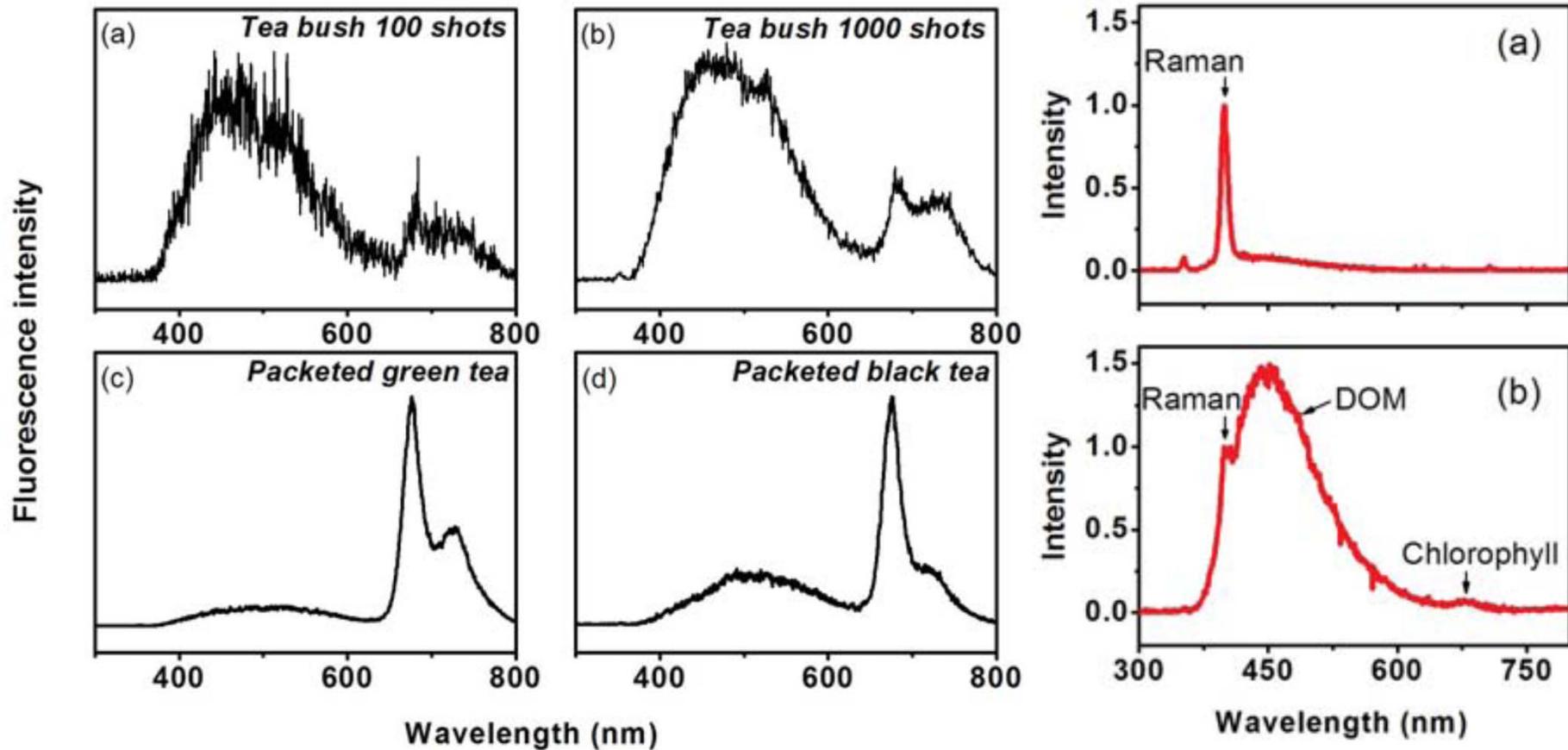
Fluorescence monitoring of tea

Fluorescence monitoring of water

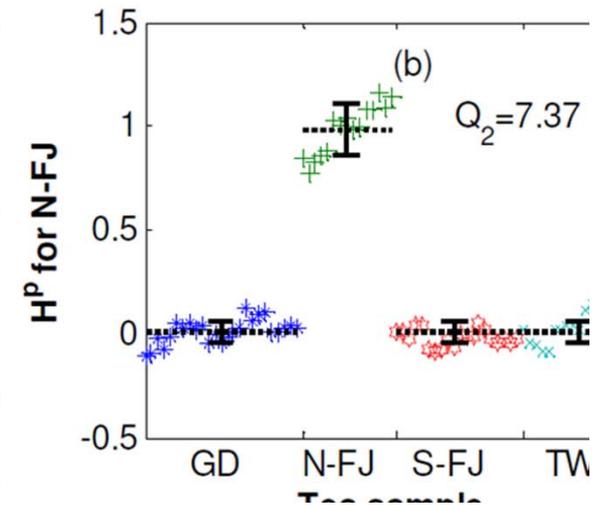
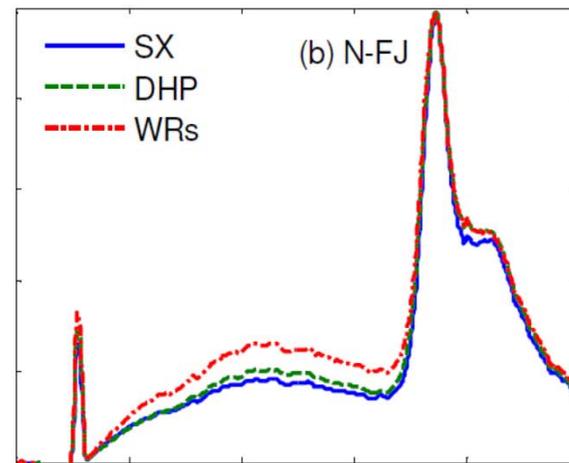
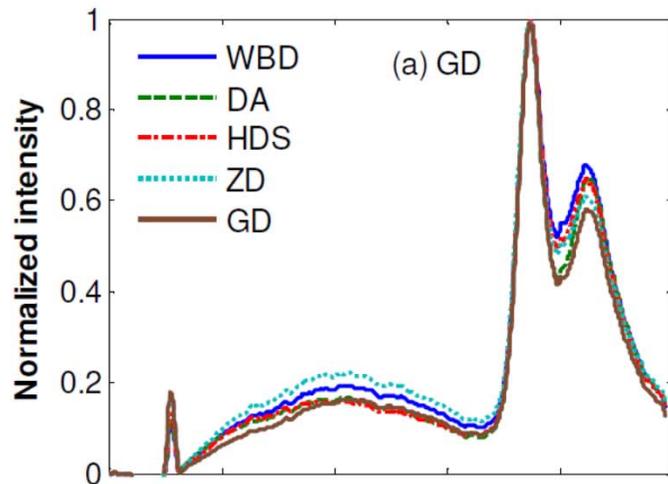
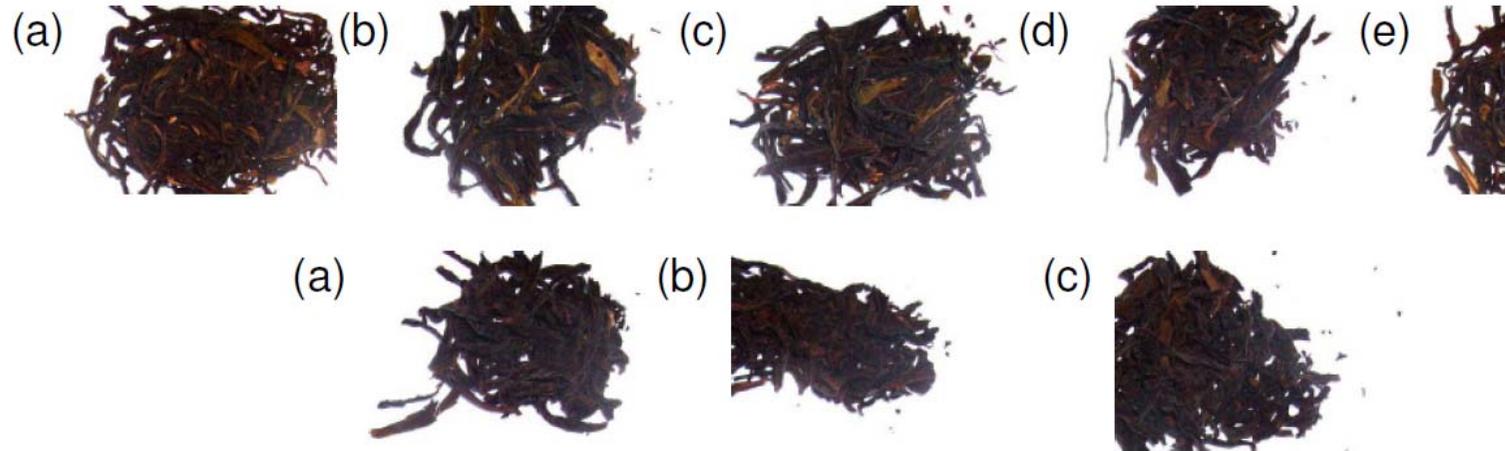
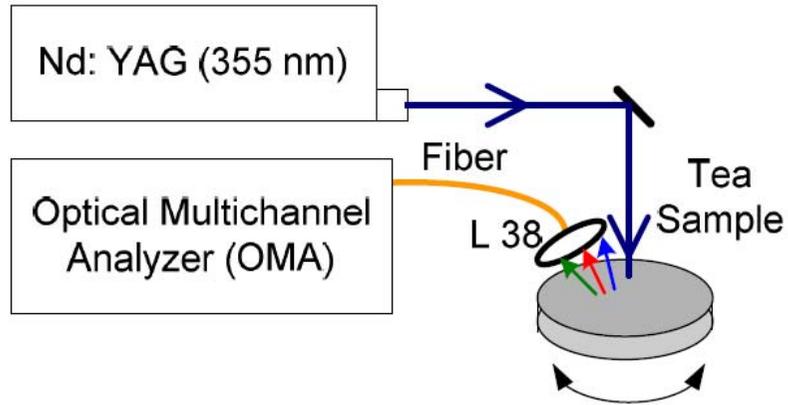
50 meter distance

Hangzhou, China

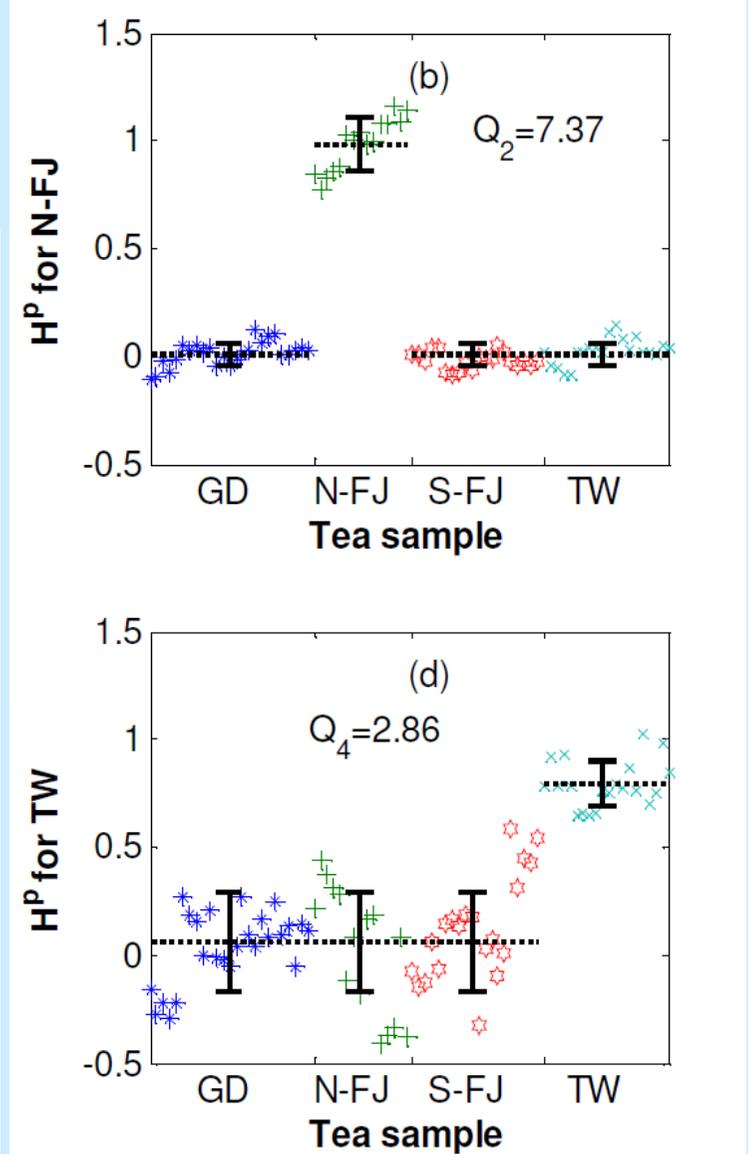
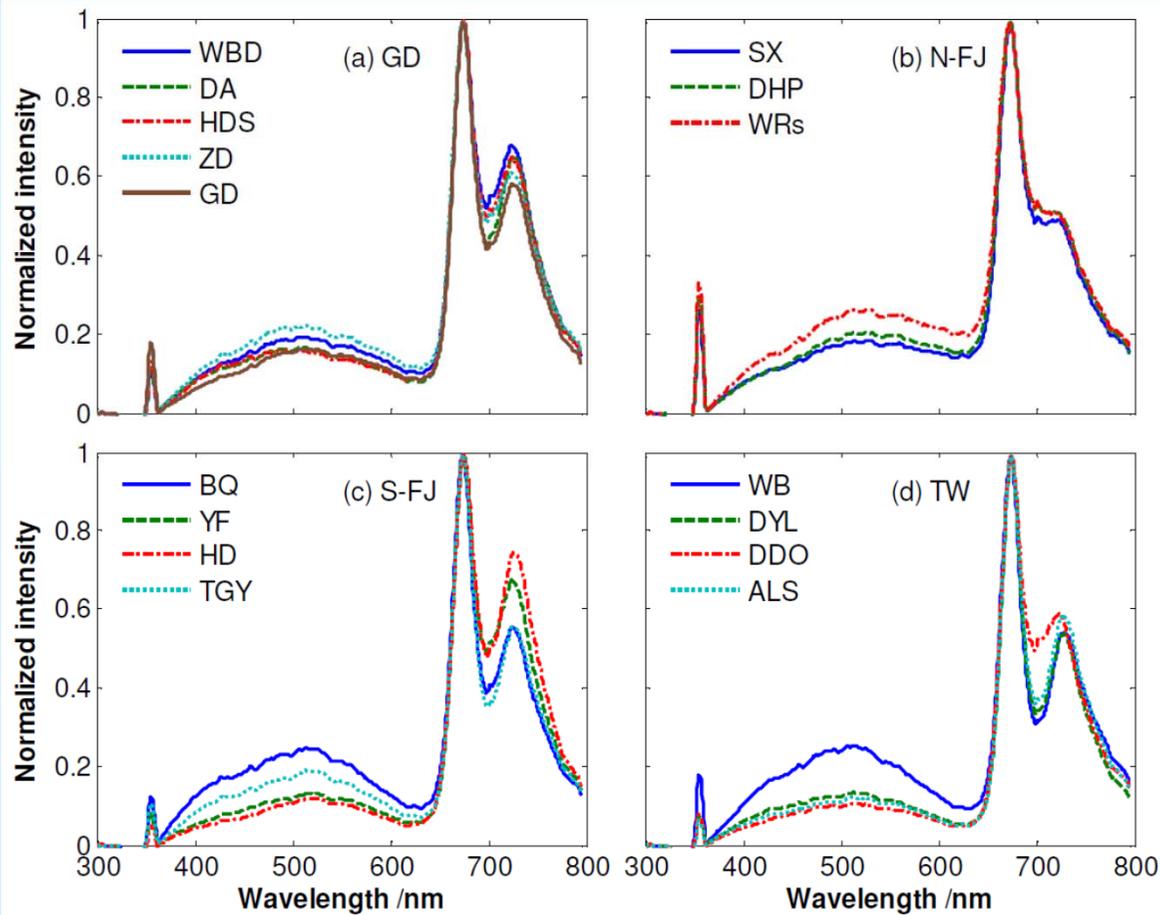
Mei Liang et al., 2012



Assessing tea quality by fluorescence spectroscopy

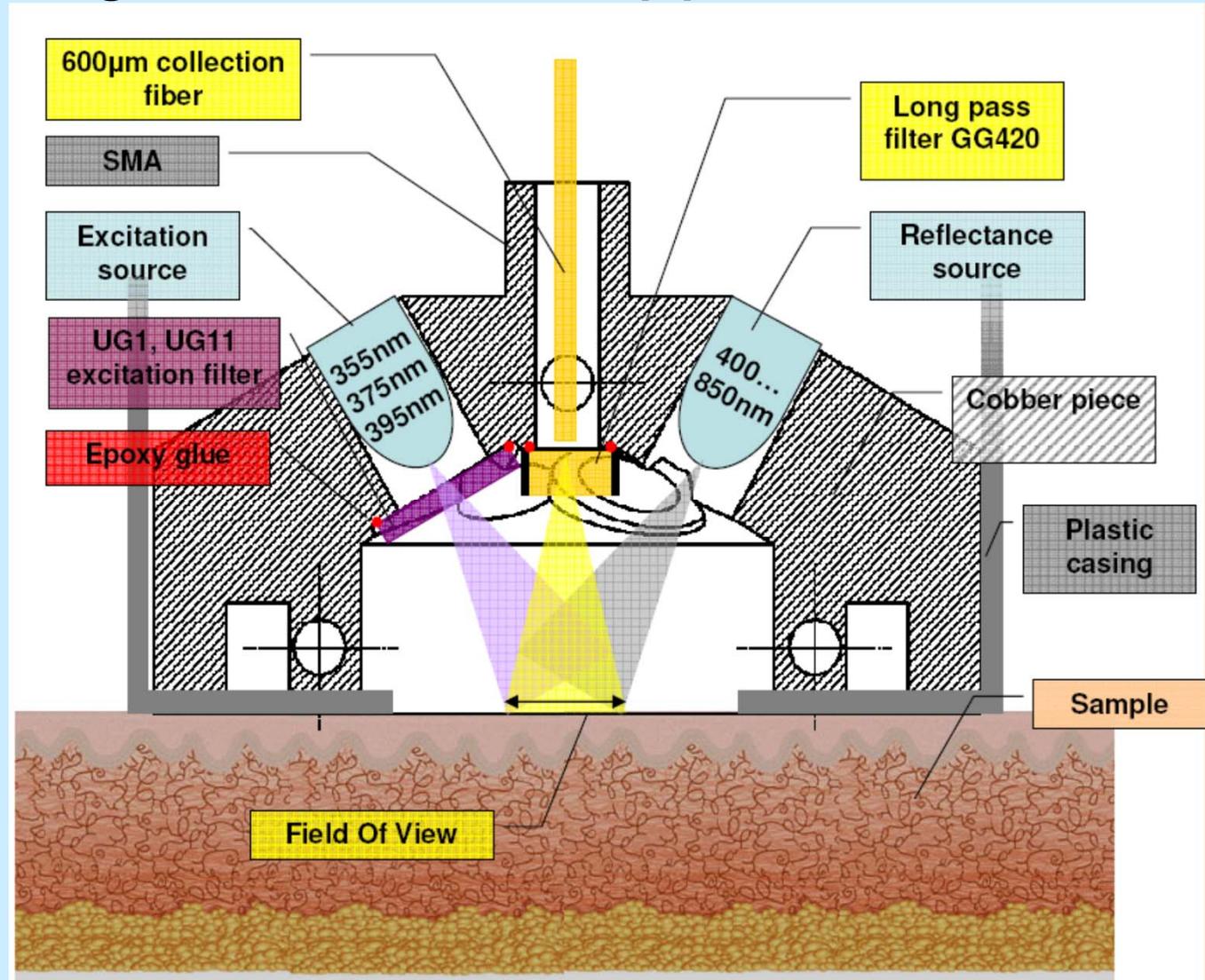


Finding out the Origin of Chinese Teas Using Laser-Induced Fluorescence



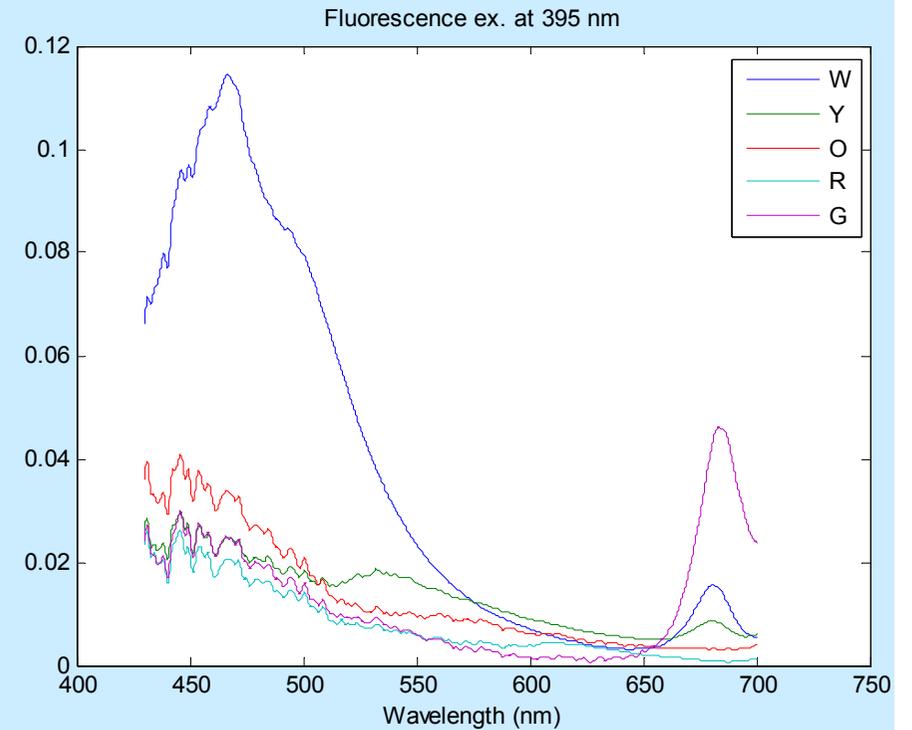
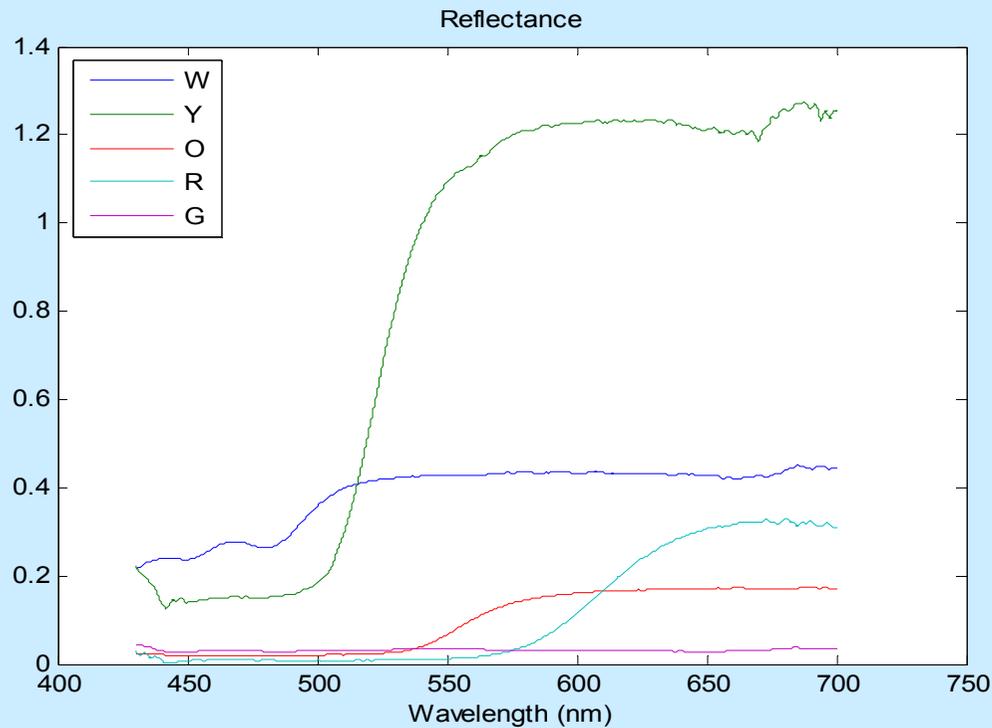
LED-based, Non-contact Spectrometer Reflectance – Fluorescence

Brydegaard et al., to appear

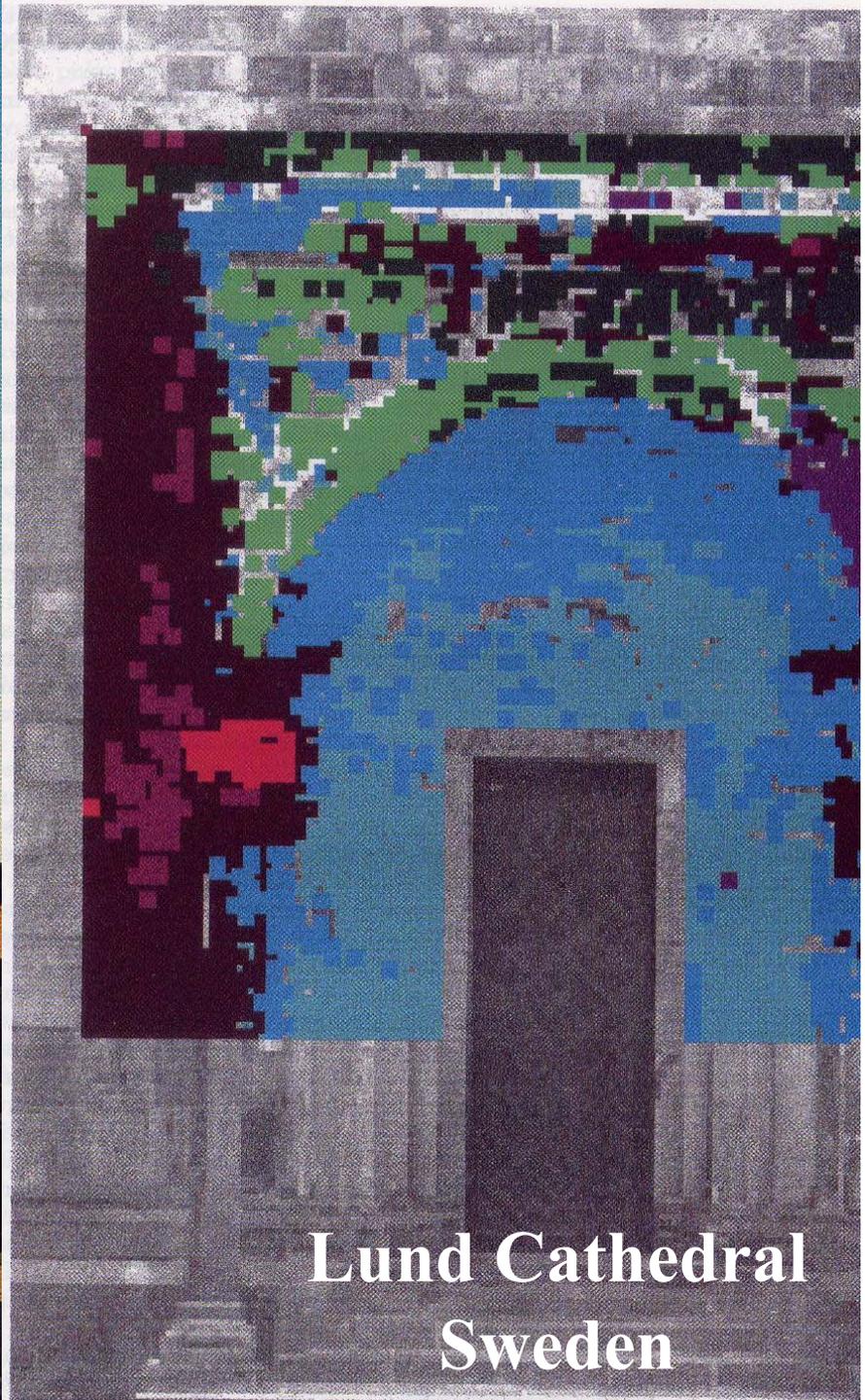
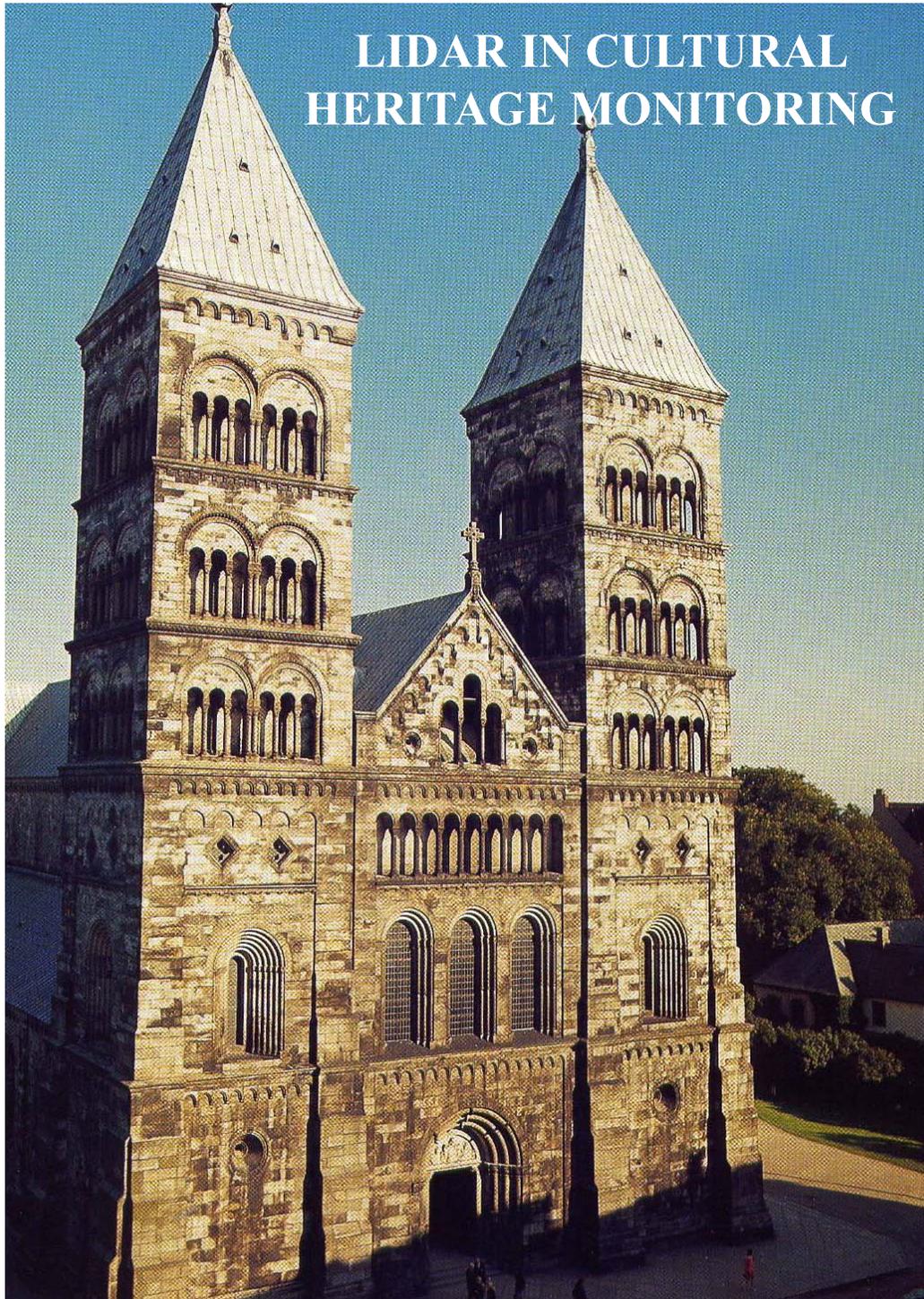


Reflectance and Fluorescence Paprika Varieties

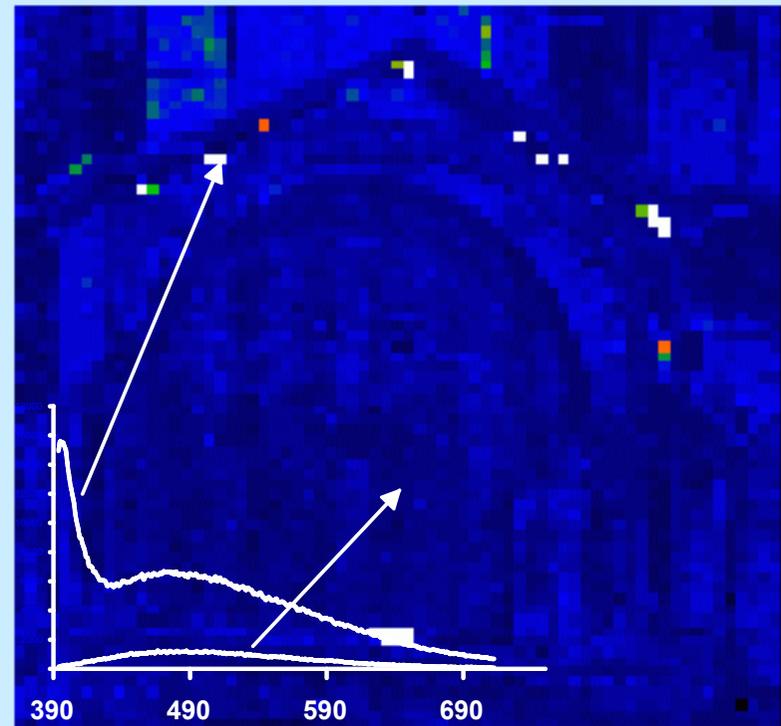
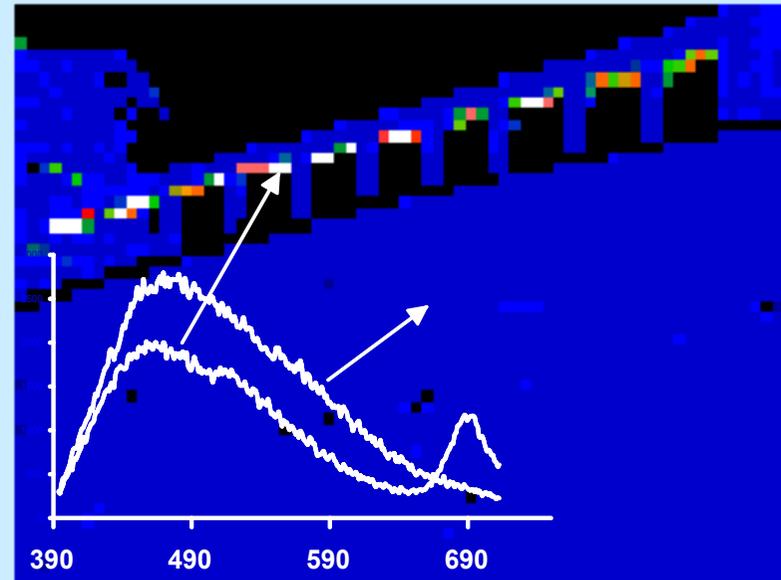
Jayaweera, Andersson, Brydegaard,
Svanberg, to appear



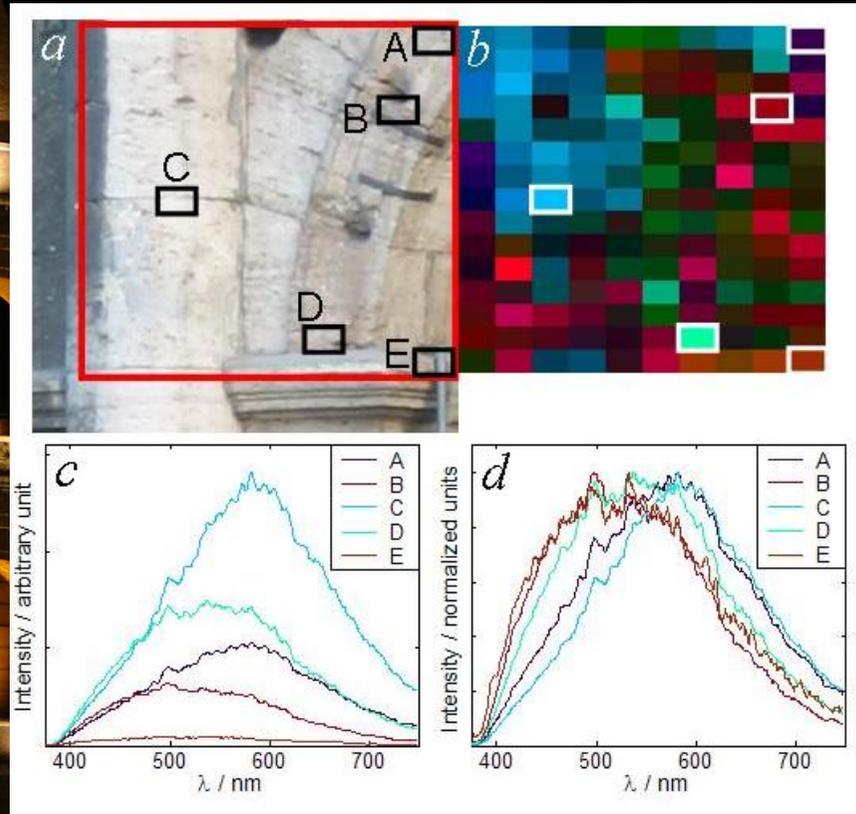
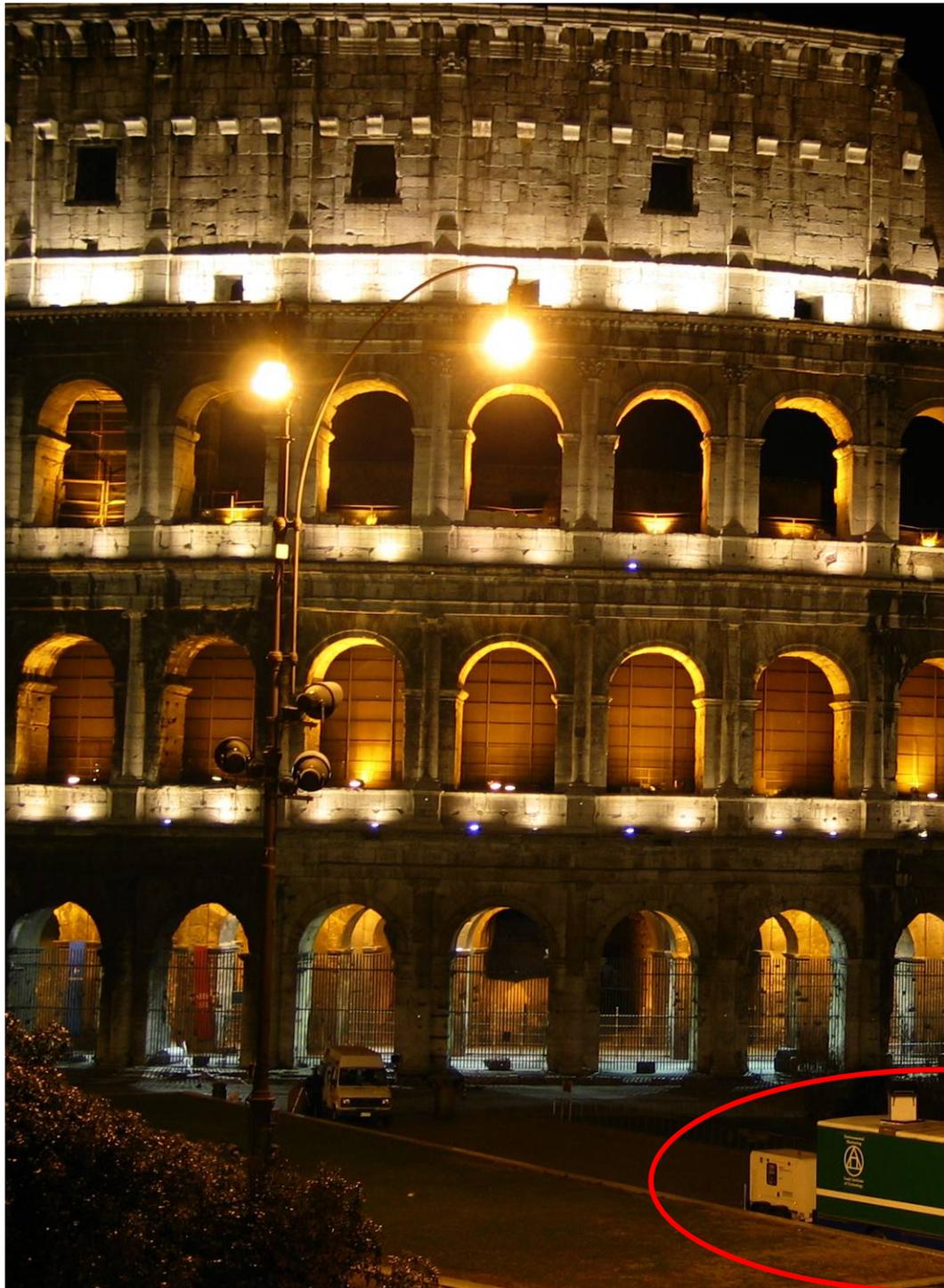
LIDAR IN CULTURAL
HERITAGE MONITORING

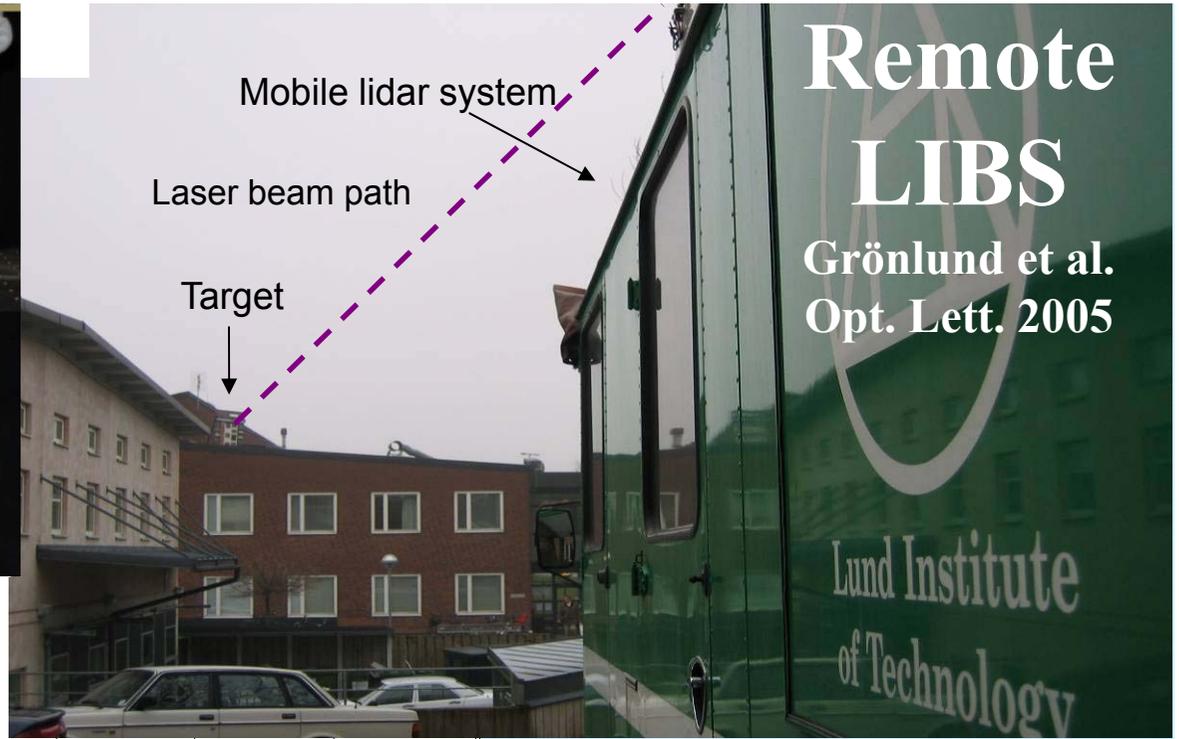


Lund Cathedral
Sweden



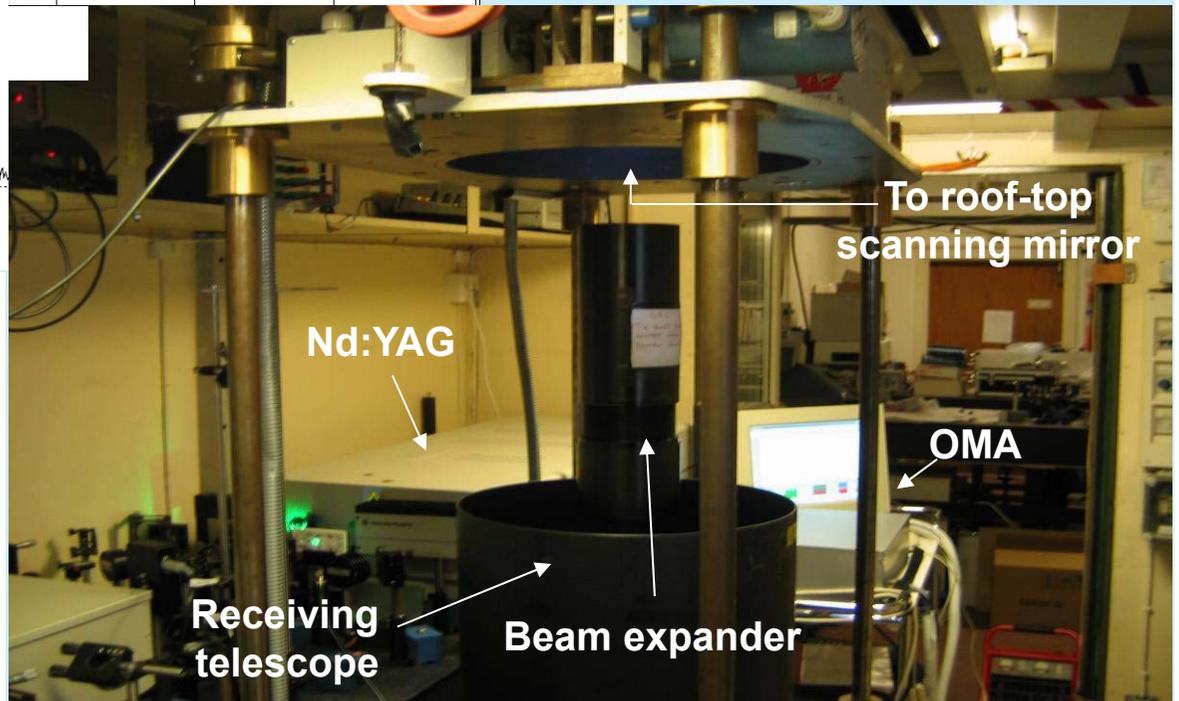
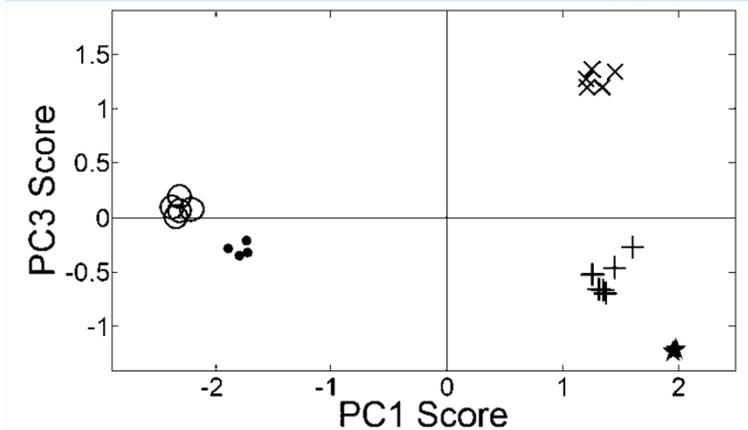
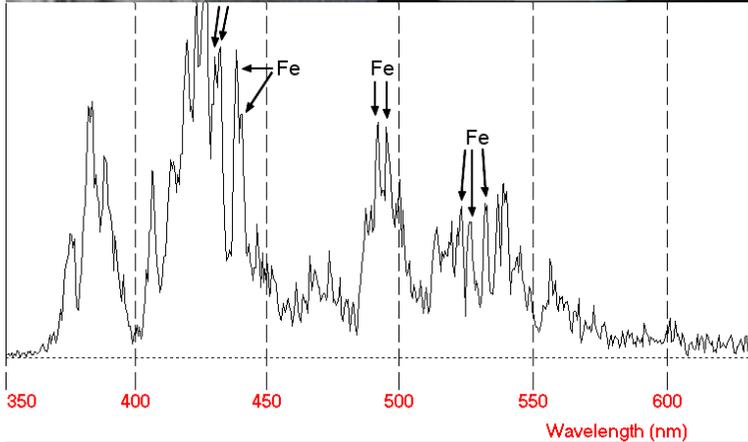
Rome Coliseum



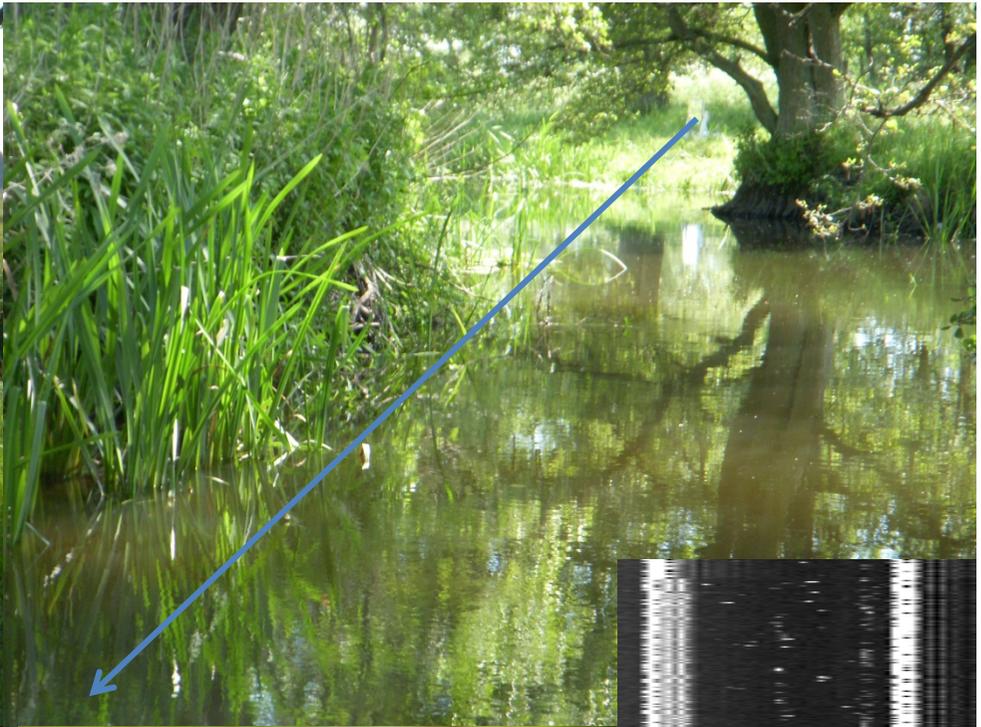


Remote LIBS

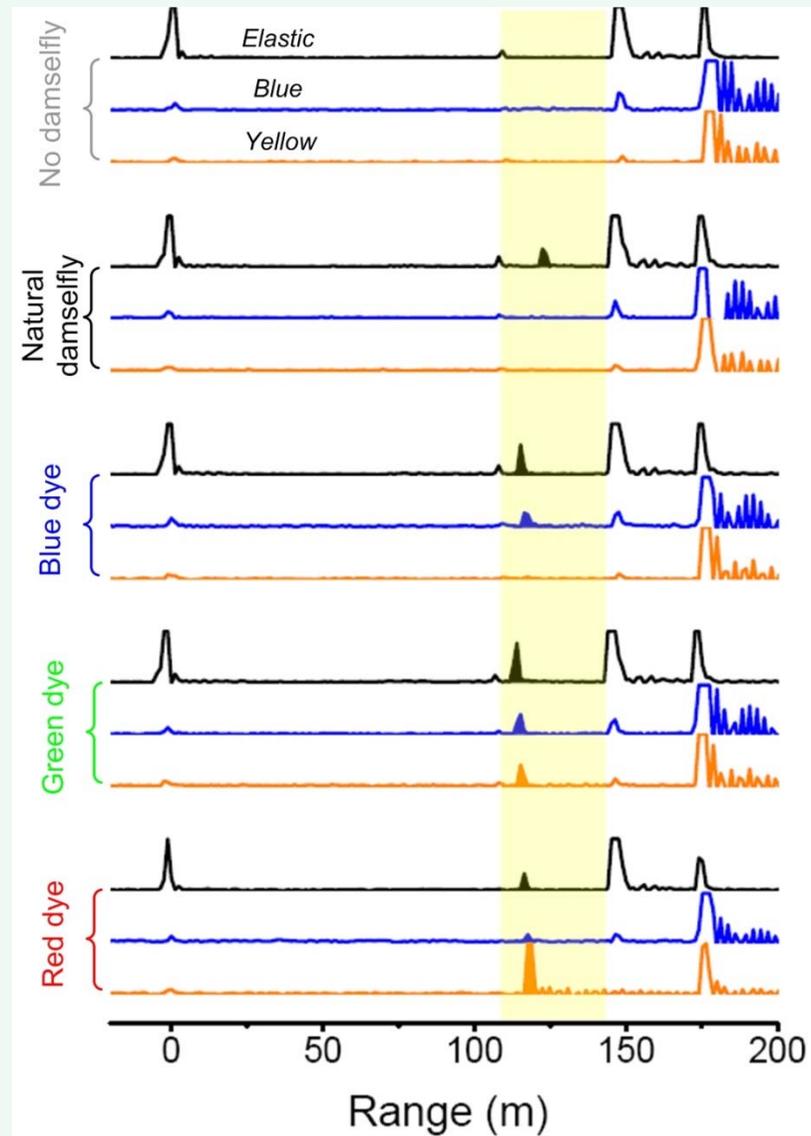
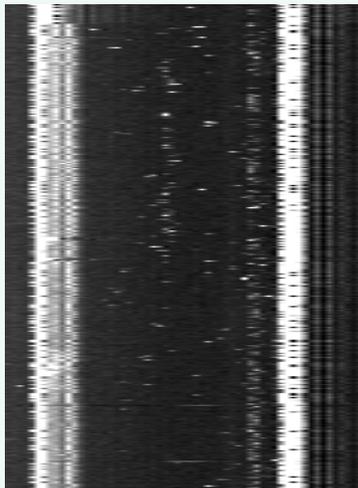
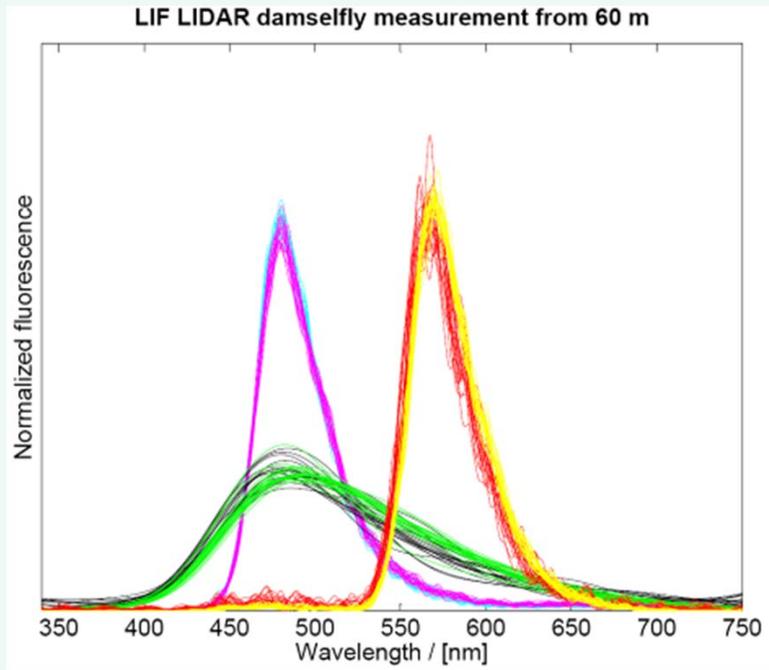
Grönlund et al.
Opt. Lett. 2005



Lidar in ecology

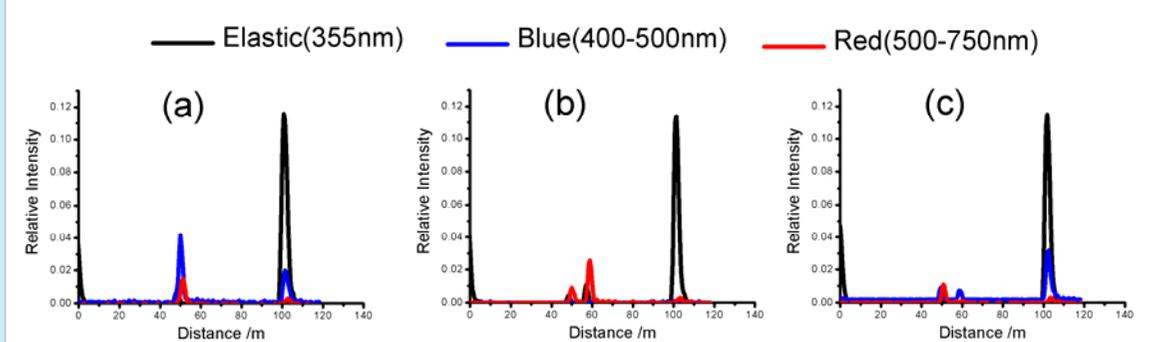
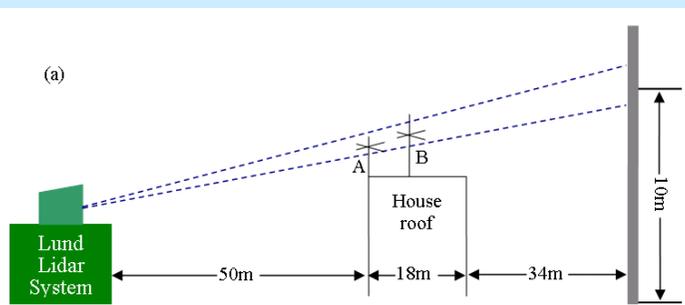
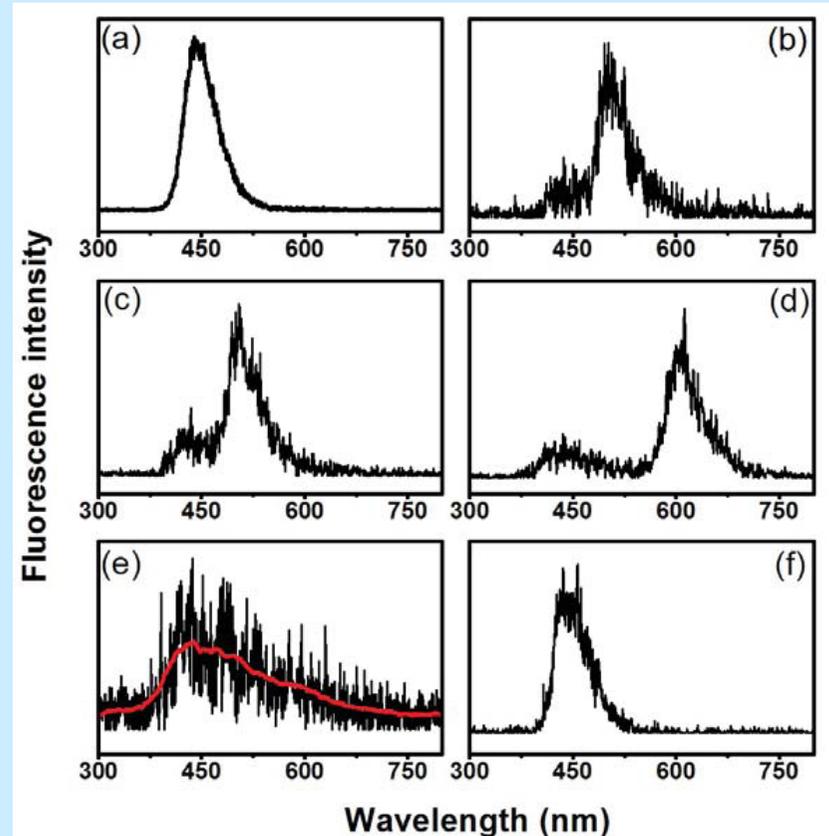
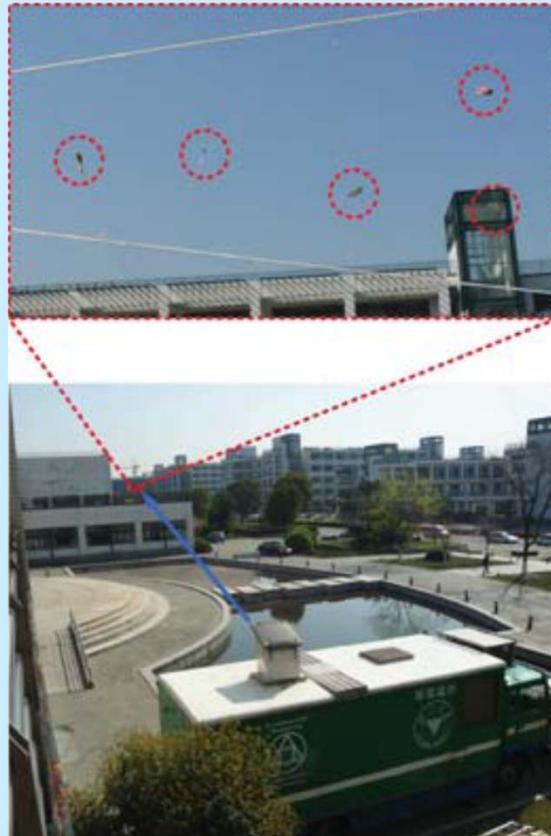
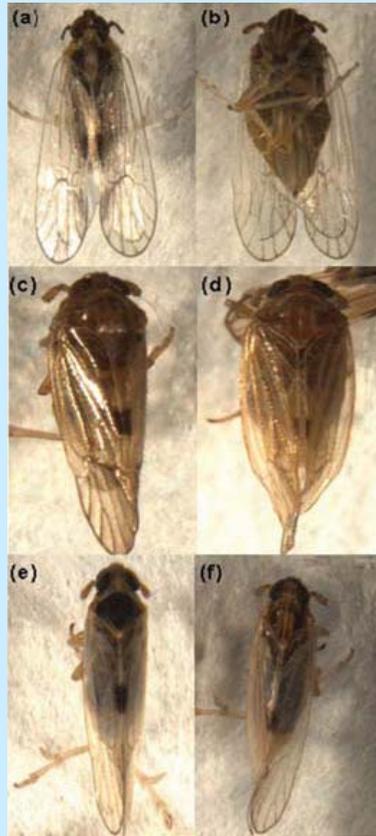


Damselfly Fluorescence Lidar



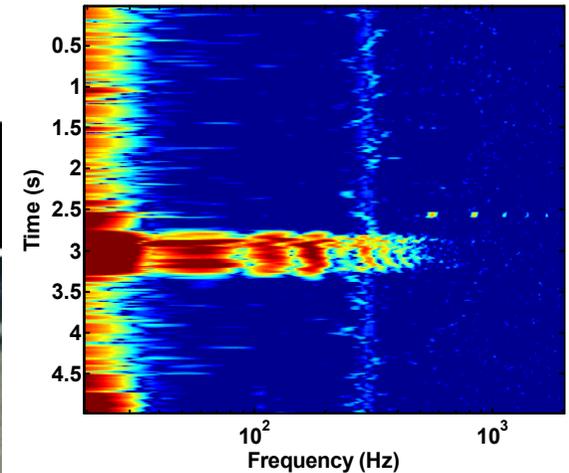
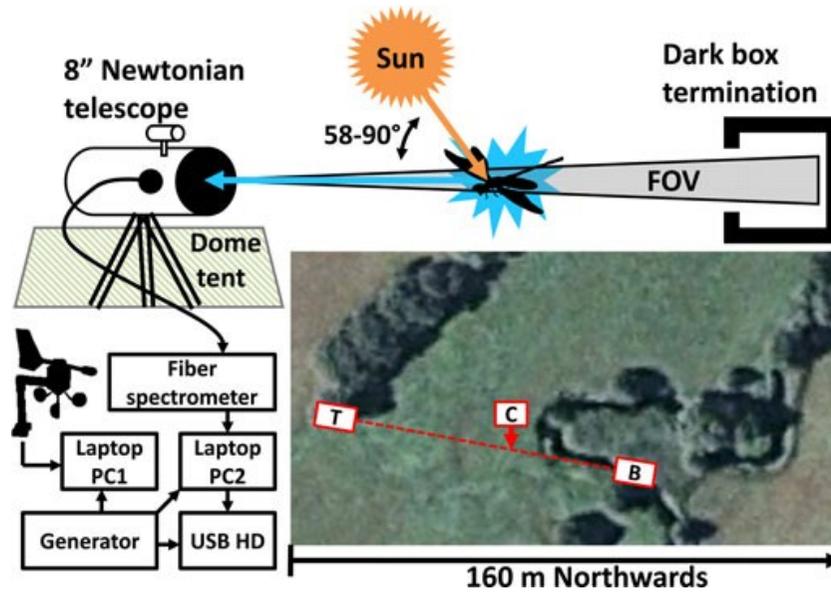
Fluorescence lidar monitoring of Chinese agricultural pests

Pheromons to replace pesticides? Mei Liang et al., Appl. Phys. B (2011)

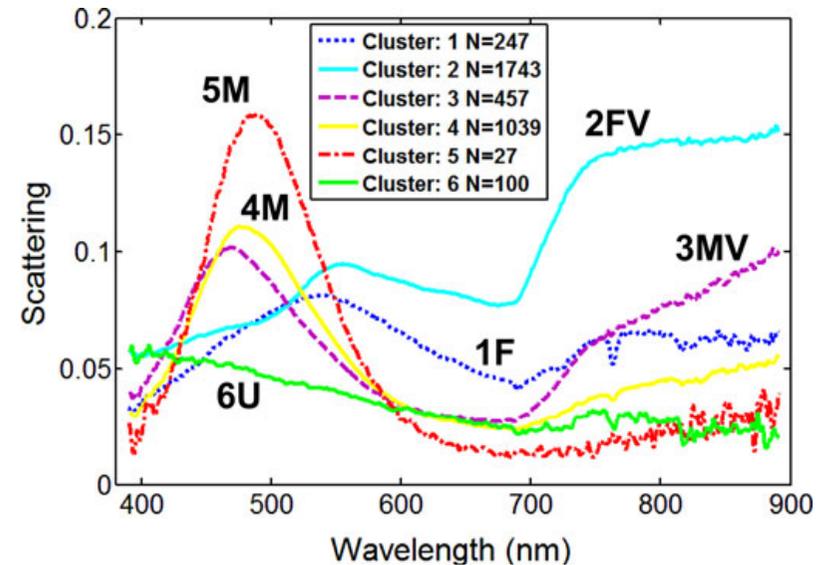
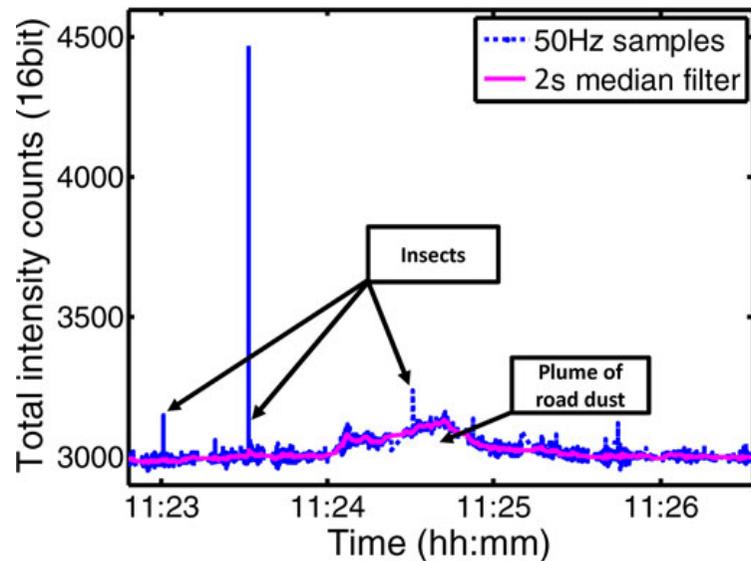


Passive spectral monitoring of insects/agricultural pests

Brydegaard et al. IEEE (2011)

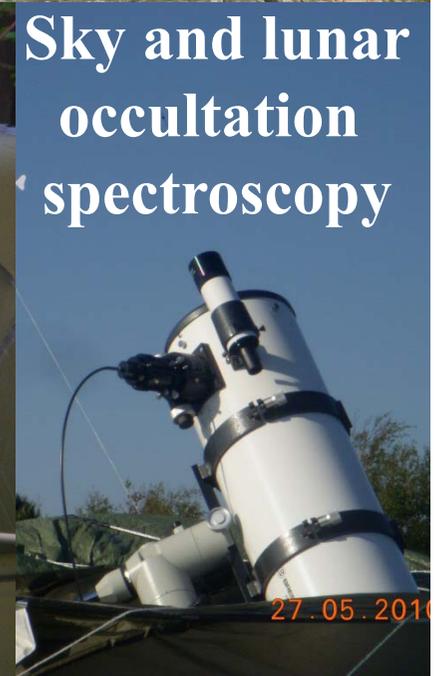


Rare events in time



Monitoring of Night-Migrating Birds

4-channel fluorescence lidar



IR differential emission

Sky and lunar occultation spectroscopy



GUANGZHOU





Guangzhou





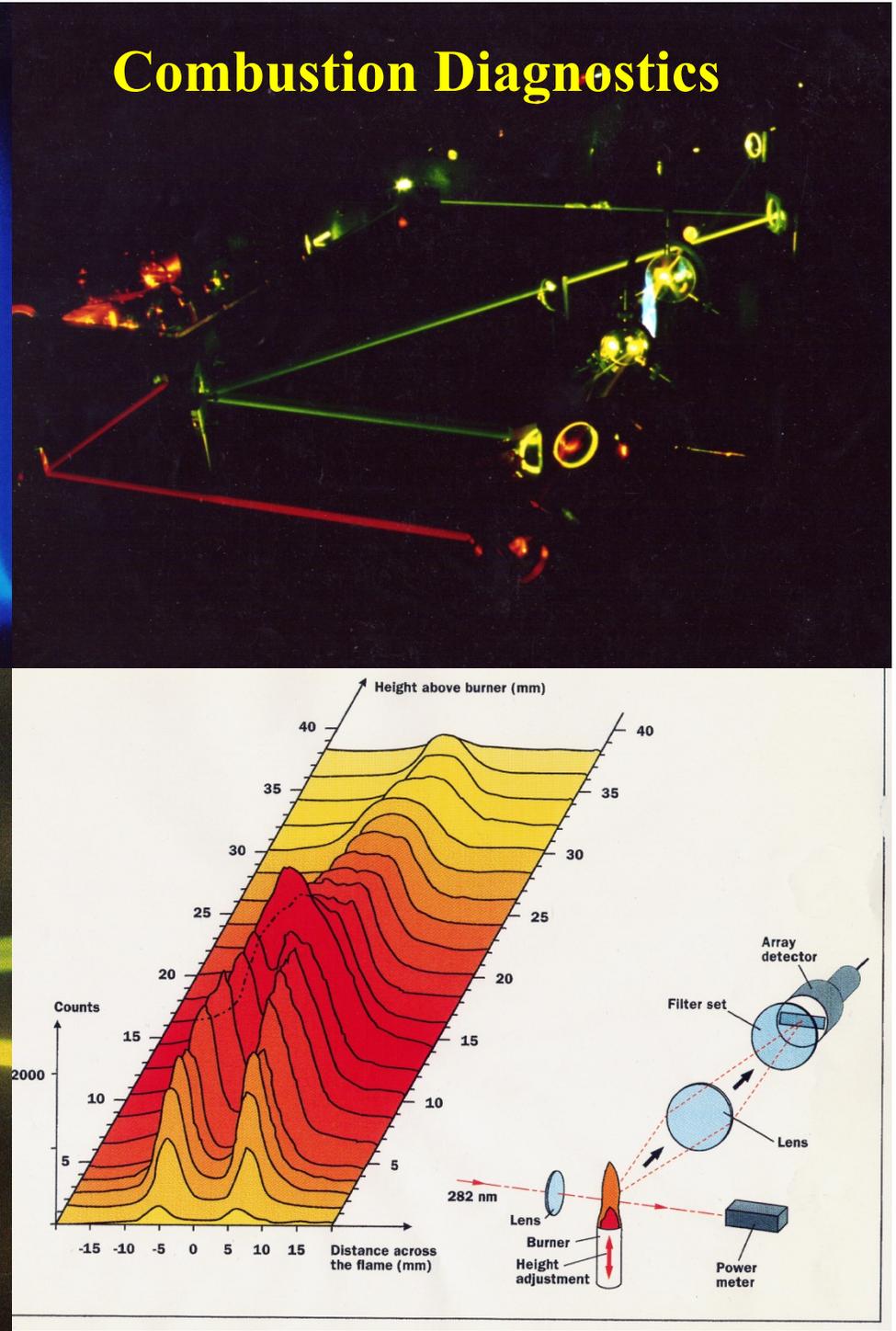
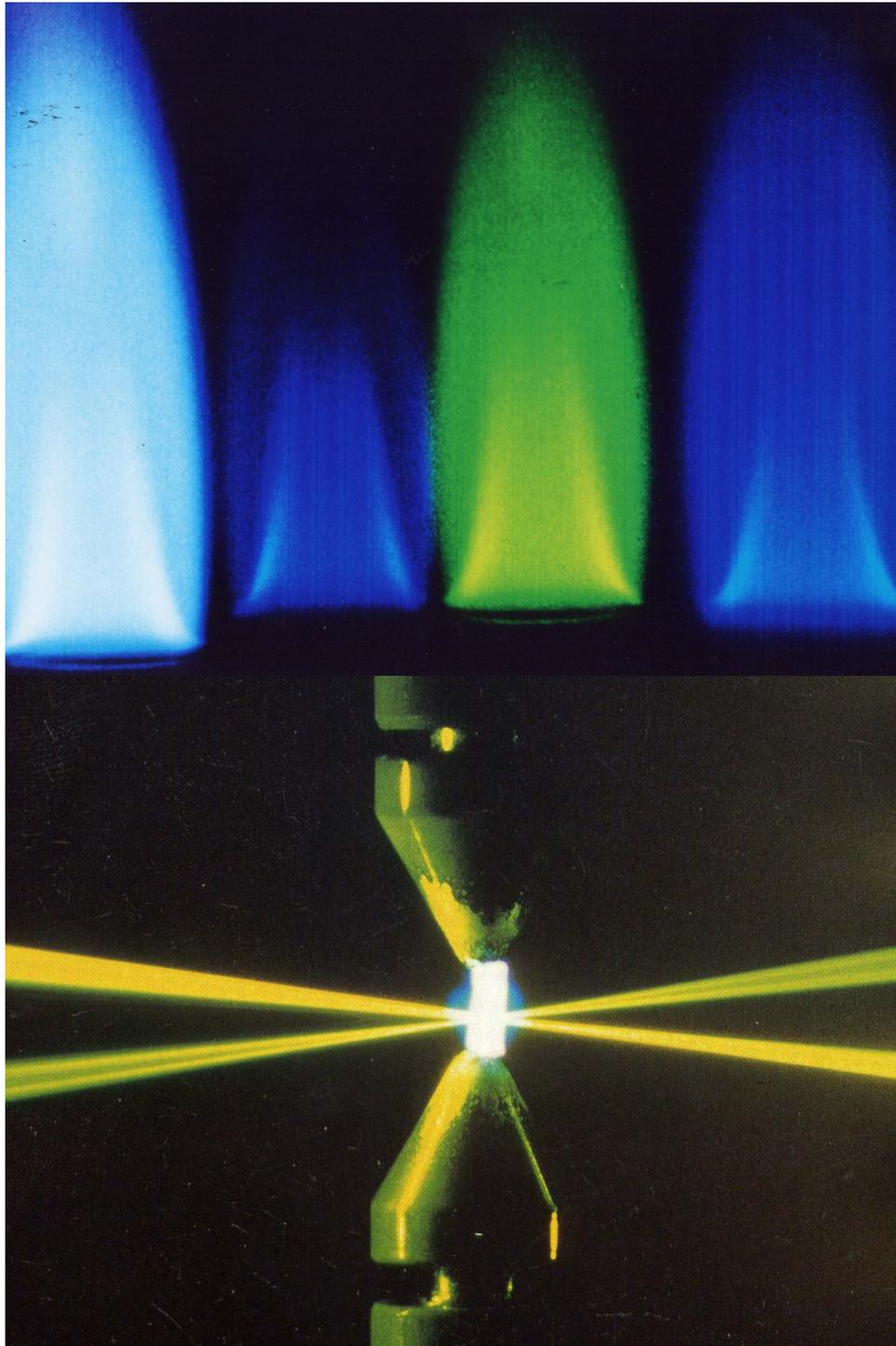
Guizhou, China Wanshan Mercury Mines



**Mercury monitoring
for archeology
Qin Shi Huang Tomb in Xi'an
2nd century BC
First Emperor of China
Lakes and rivers of Hg?**



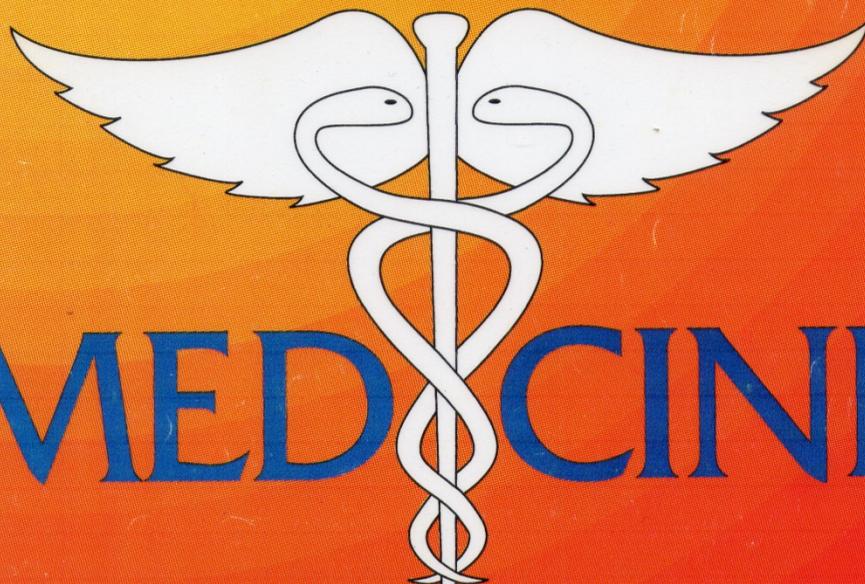
Combustion Diagnostics



Analytical
CHEMISTRY

LASERS

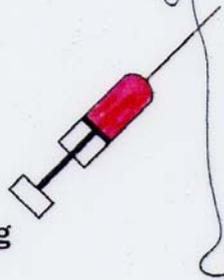
in



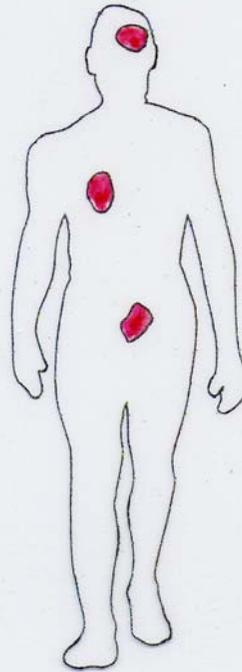
MEDICINE

19A

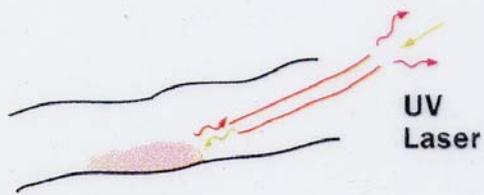
Inject
HPD
3 mg/kg



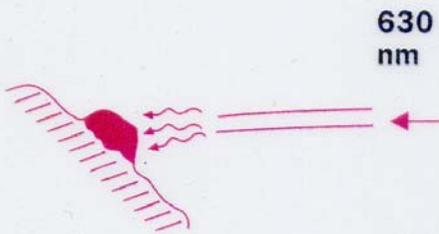
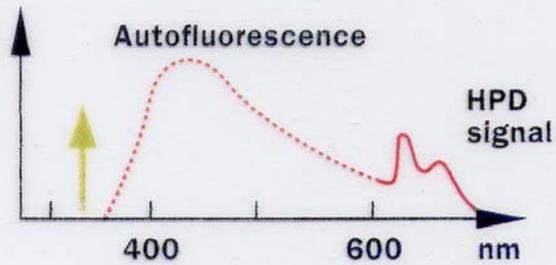
Wait
2-3
days



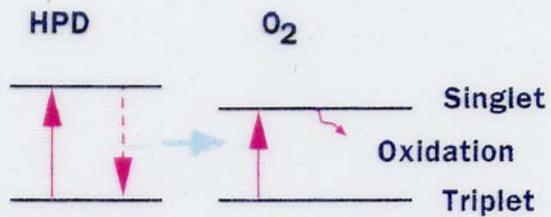
HPD is selectively
retained in tumors



UV
Laser

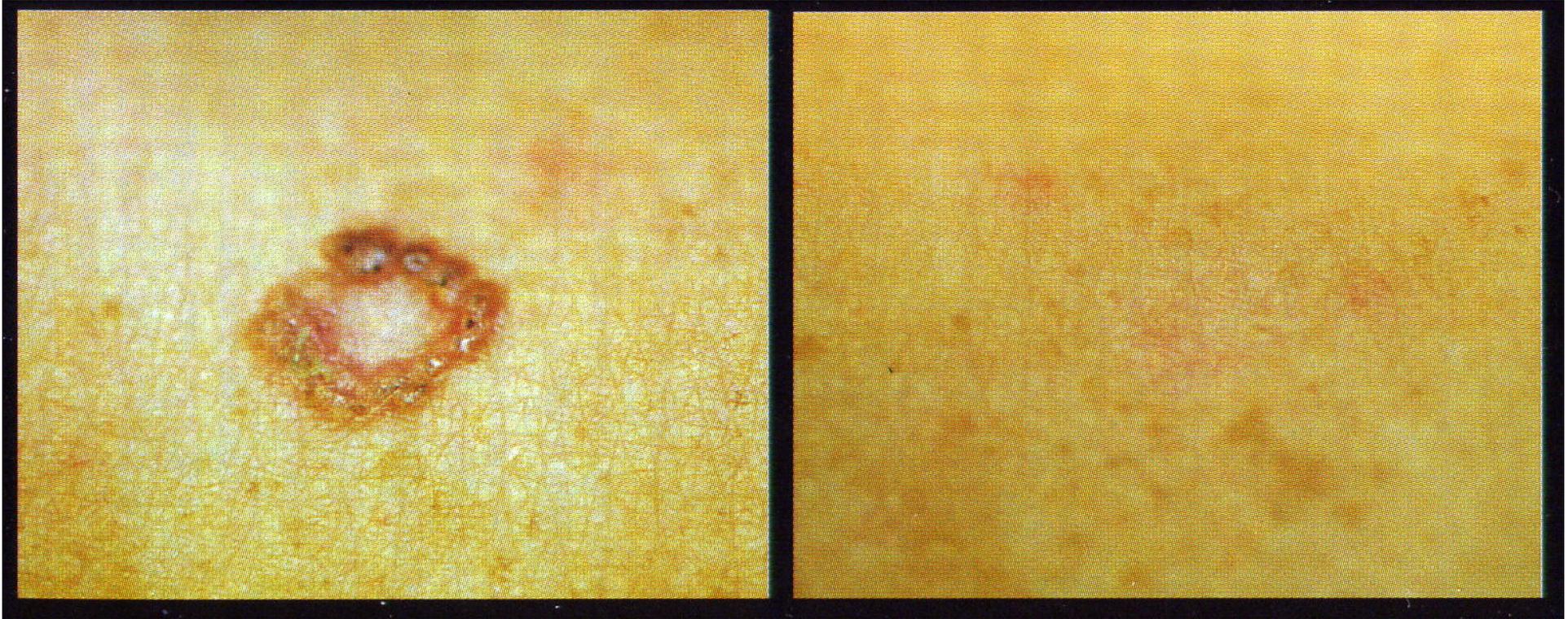


630
nm



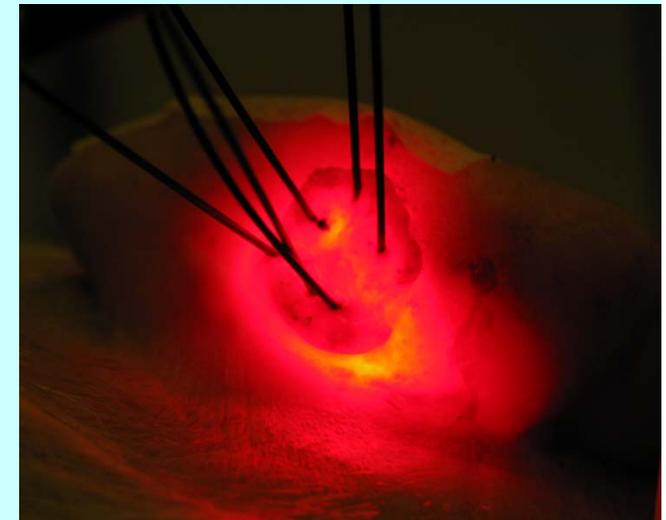
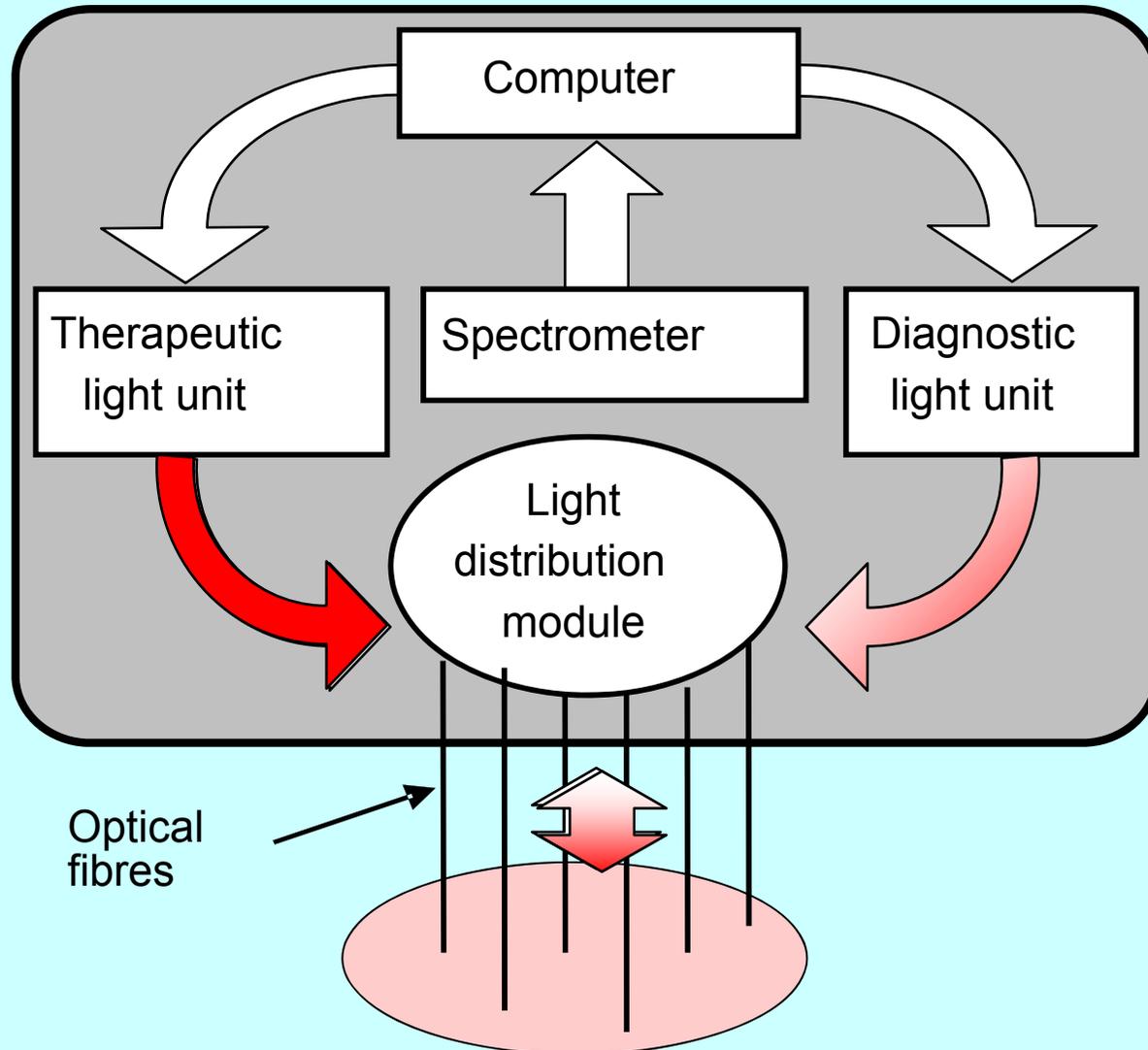
Photodynamic therapy

ALA PDT Treatment of Basal Cell Carcinoma



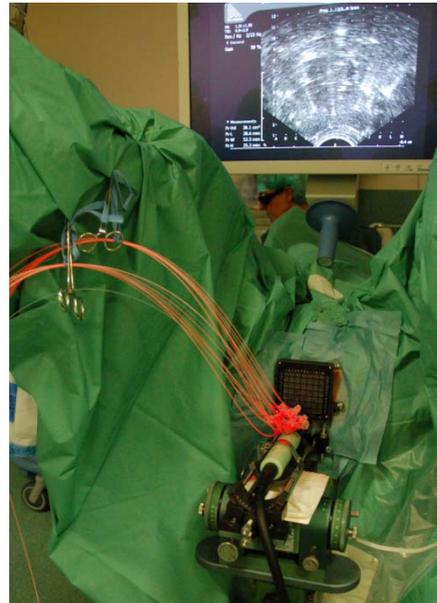
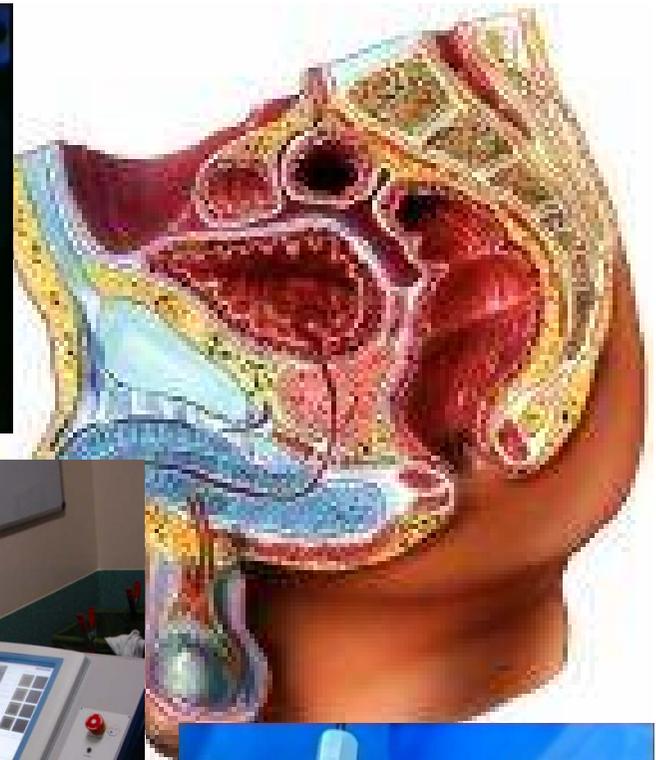
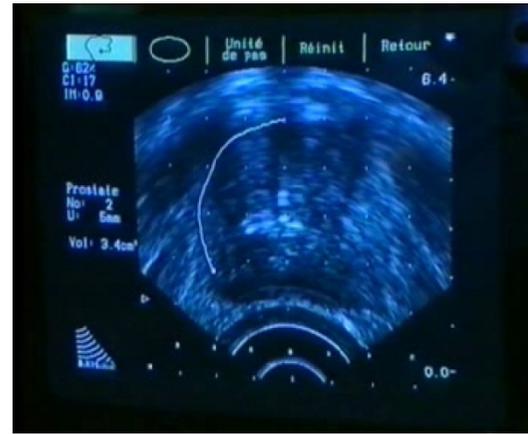
Challenge: Deep-lying tumours

Fiber-based interstitial system

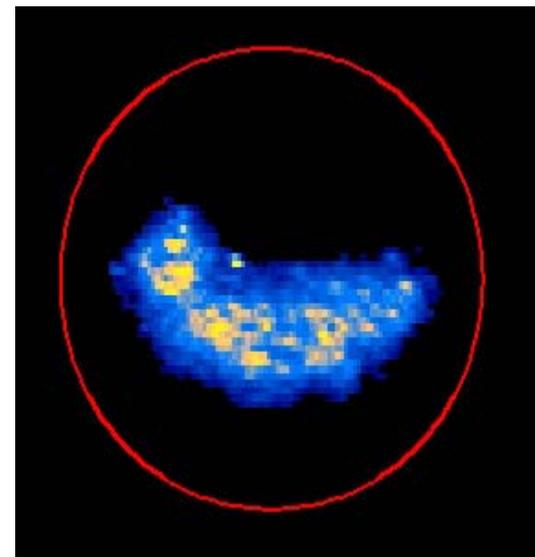
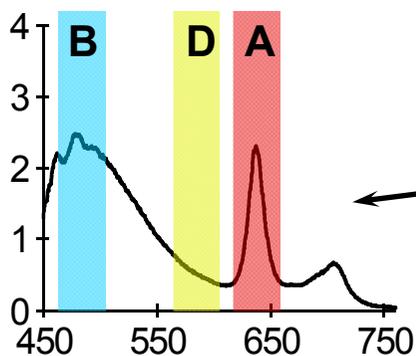
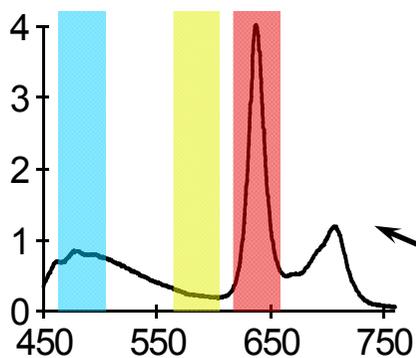


Example of clinical applications - prostate cancer

Lund collaboration with SpectraCure AB,
Karolinska Hospital and Malmö University Hospital

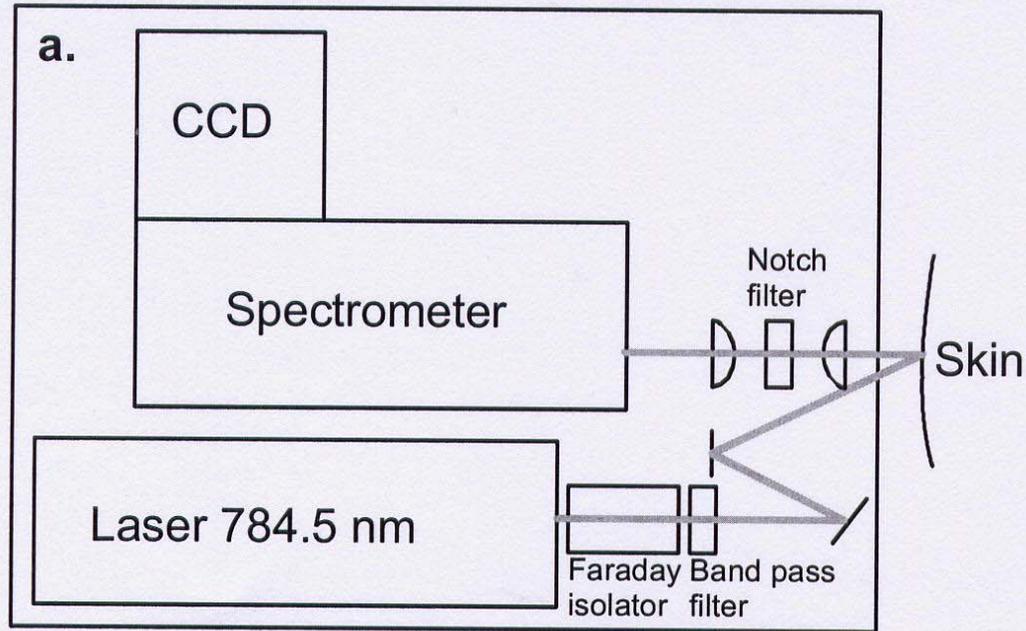


Multicolour Fluorescence Imaging

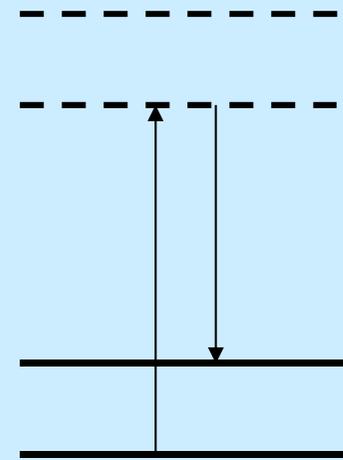
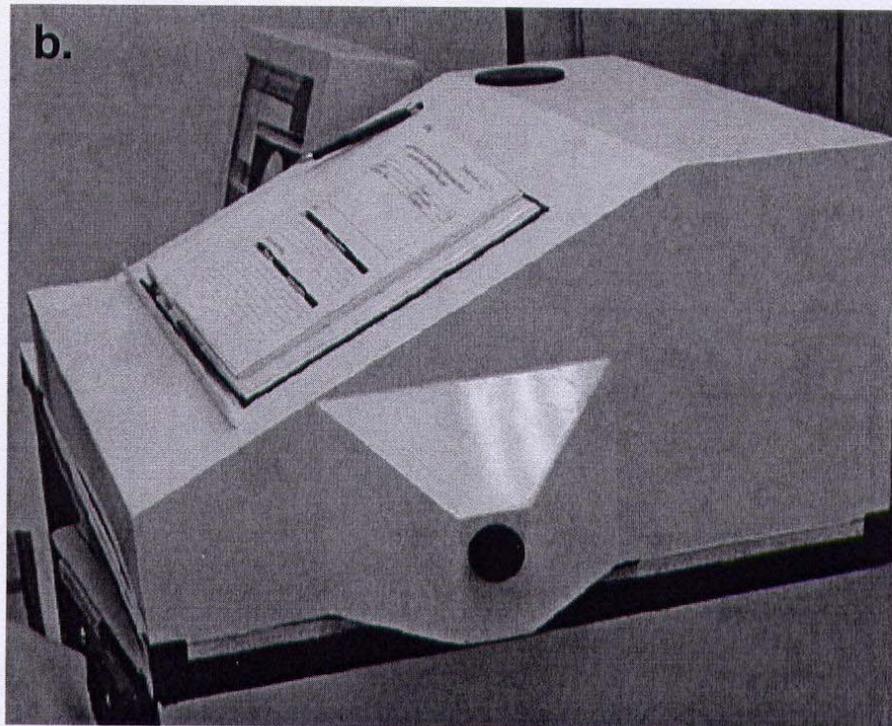


Red — Yellow
Blue

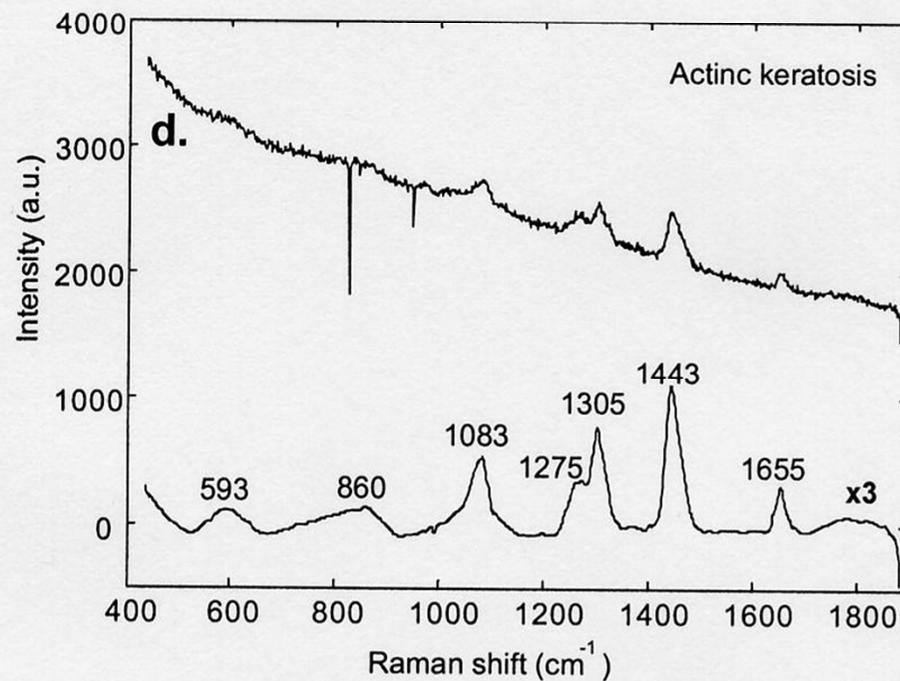
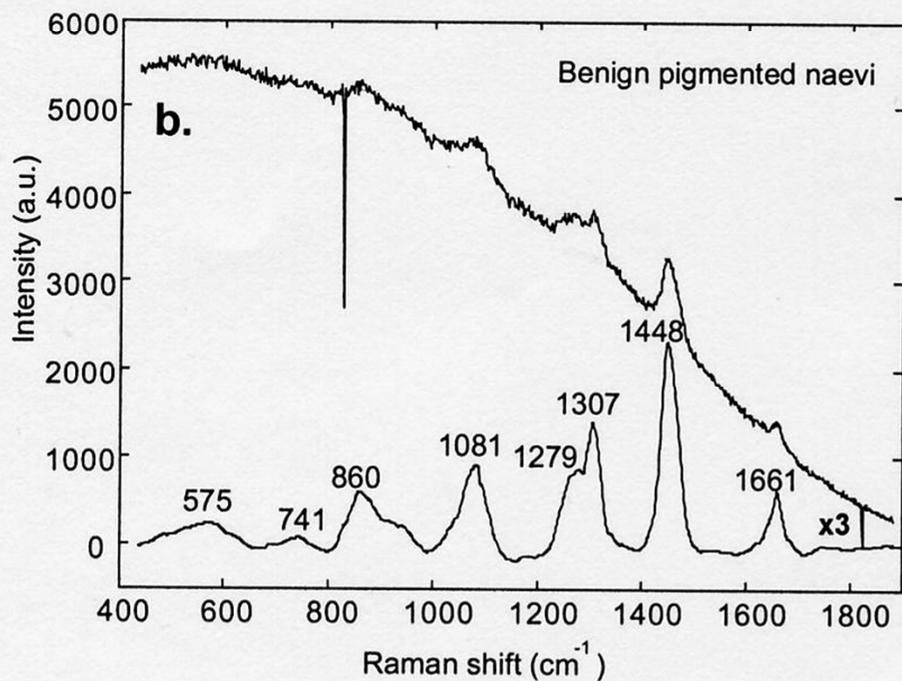
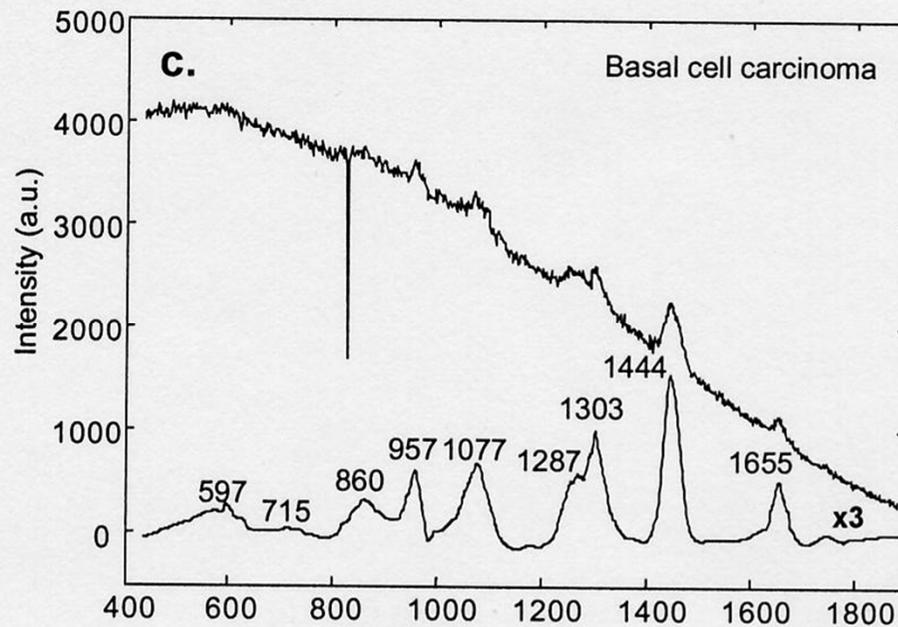
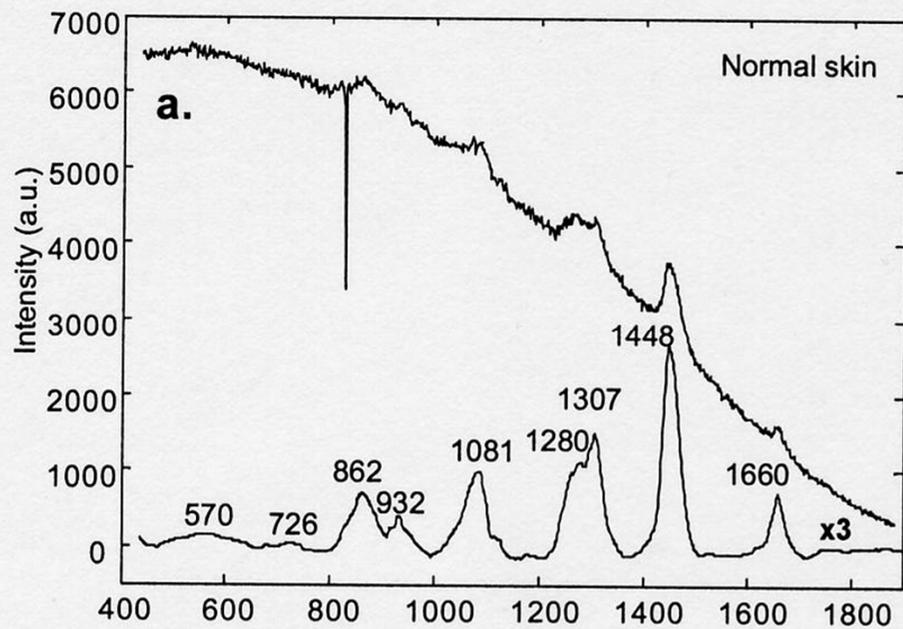
$$F_c = \frac{A - k_1 D}{k_2 B}$$



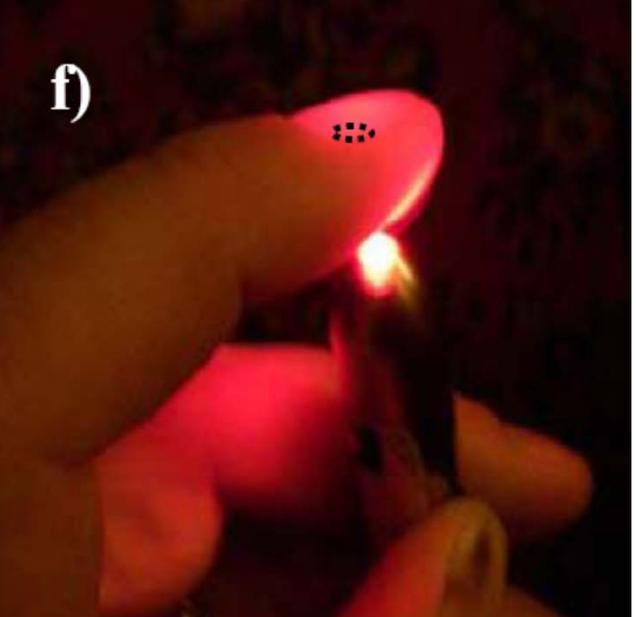
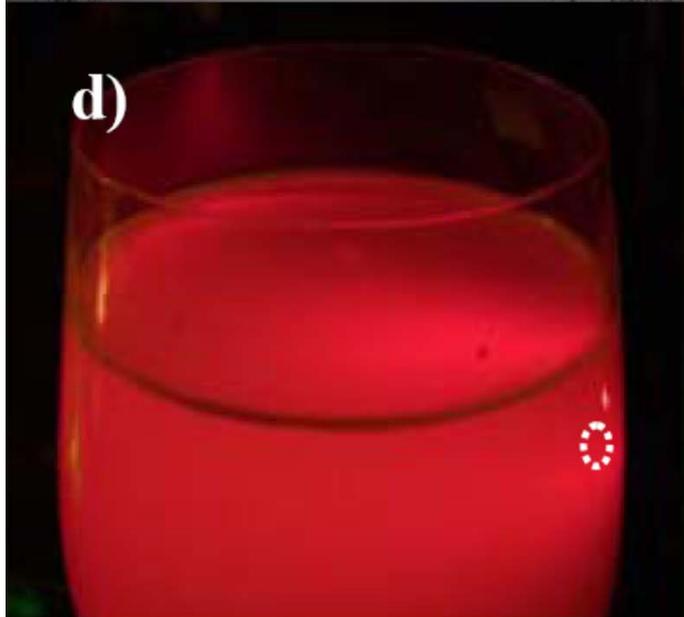
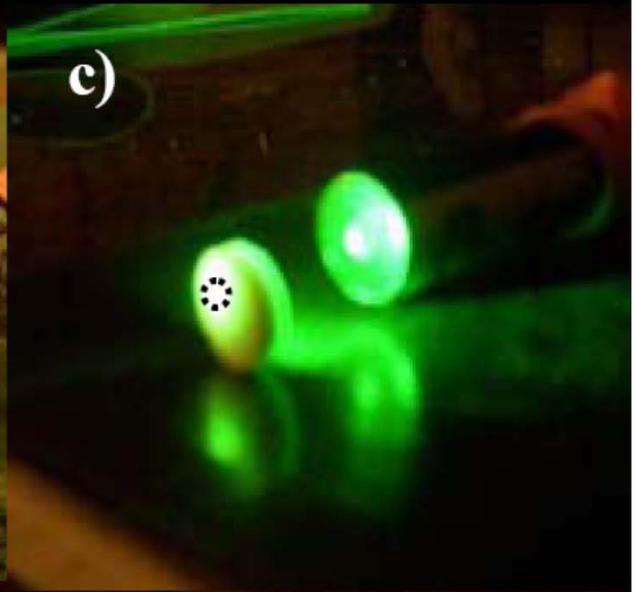
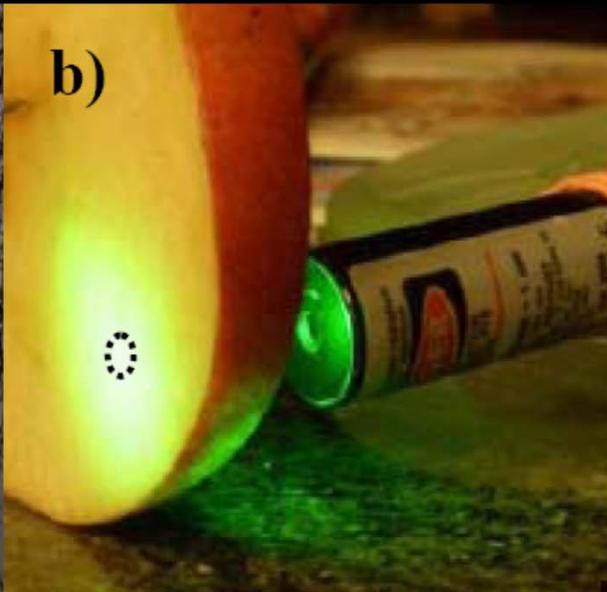
Raman Spectroscopy

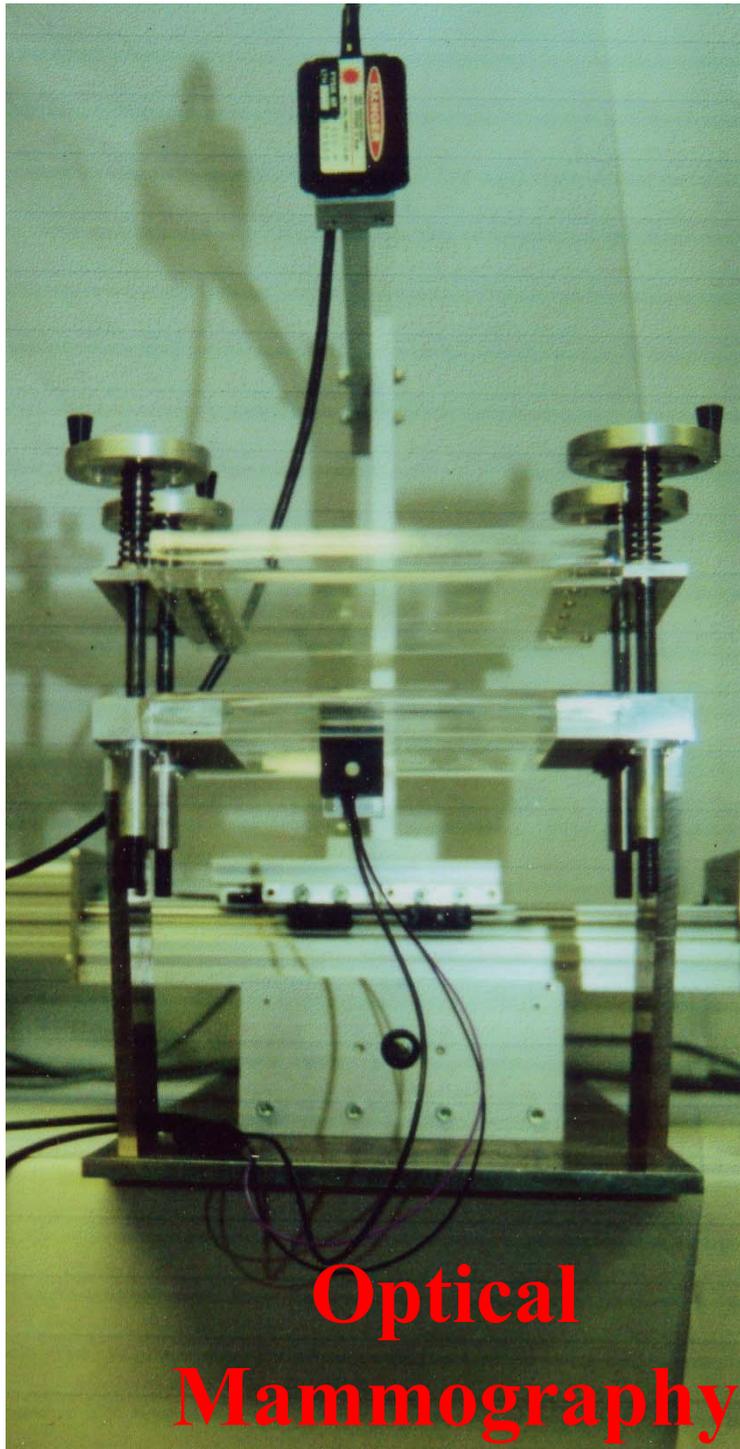


S. Pålsson et al.



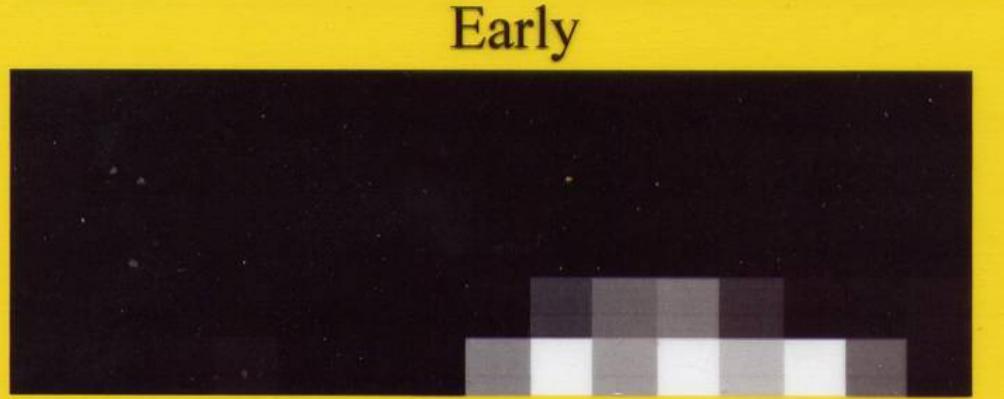
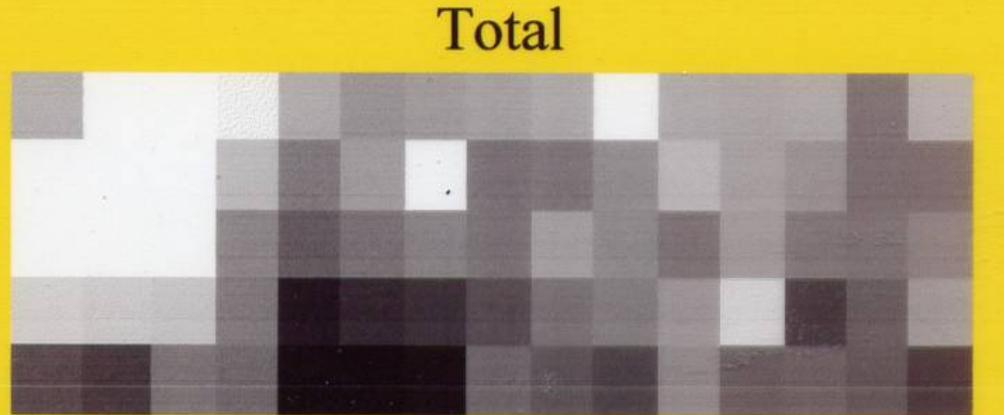
SCATTERING MEDIA



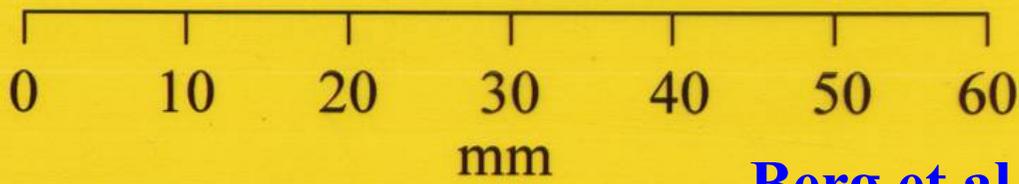


**Optical
Mammography**

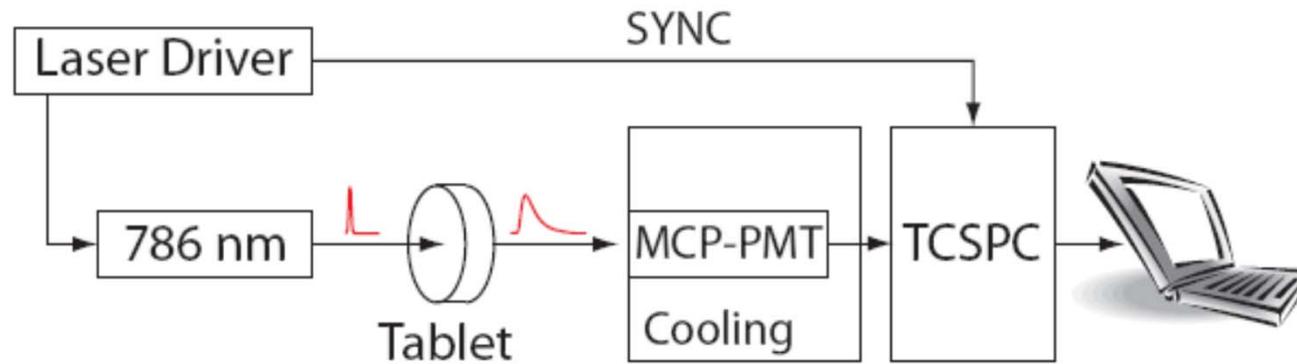
**Picosecond Diode Laser Transillumination
Image of ductal cancer in female breast**



← Tumour →

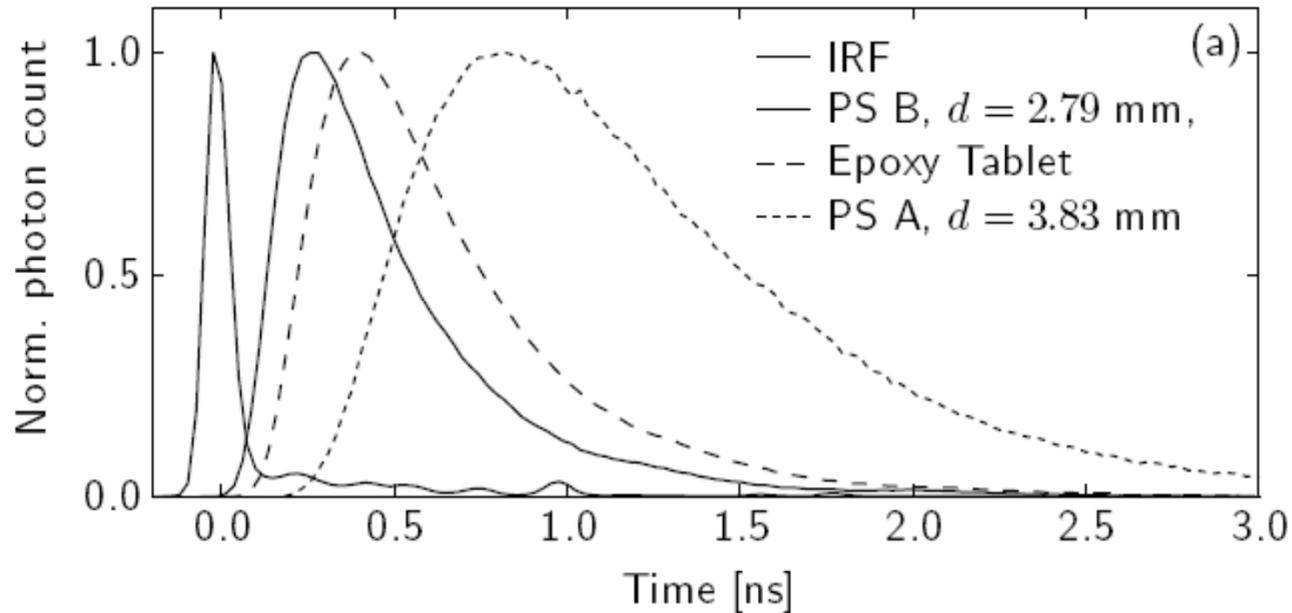


Pharmaceutical tablet laser radar

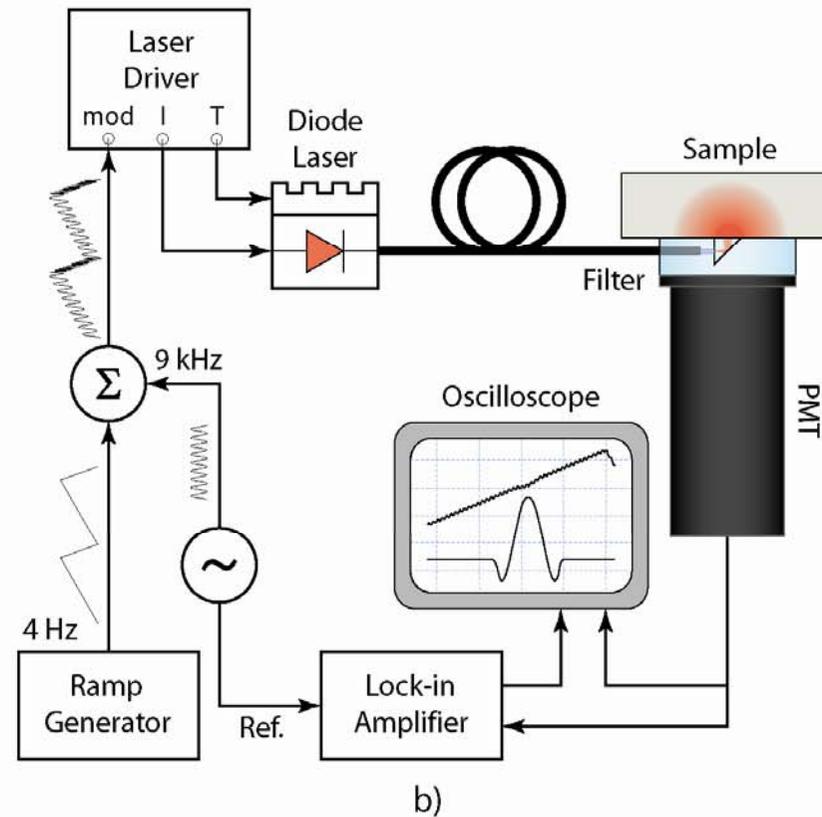
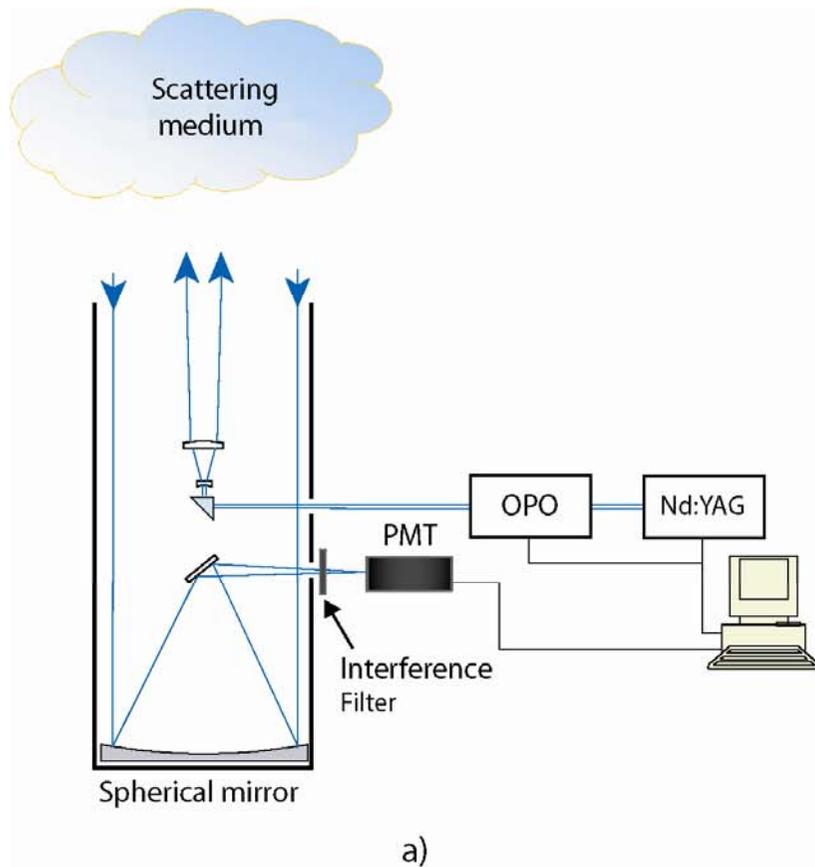


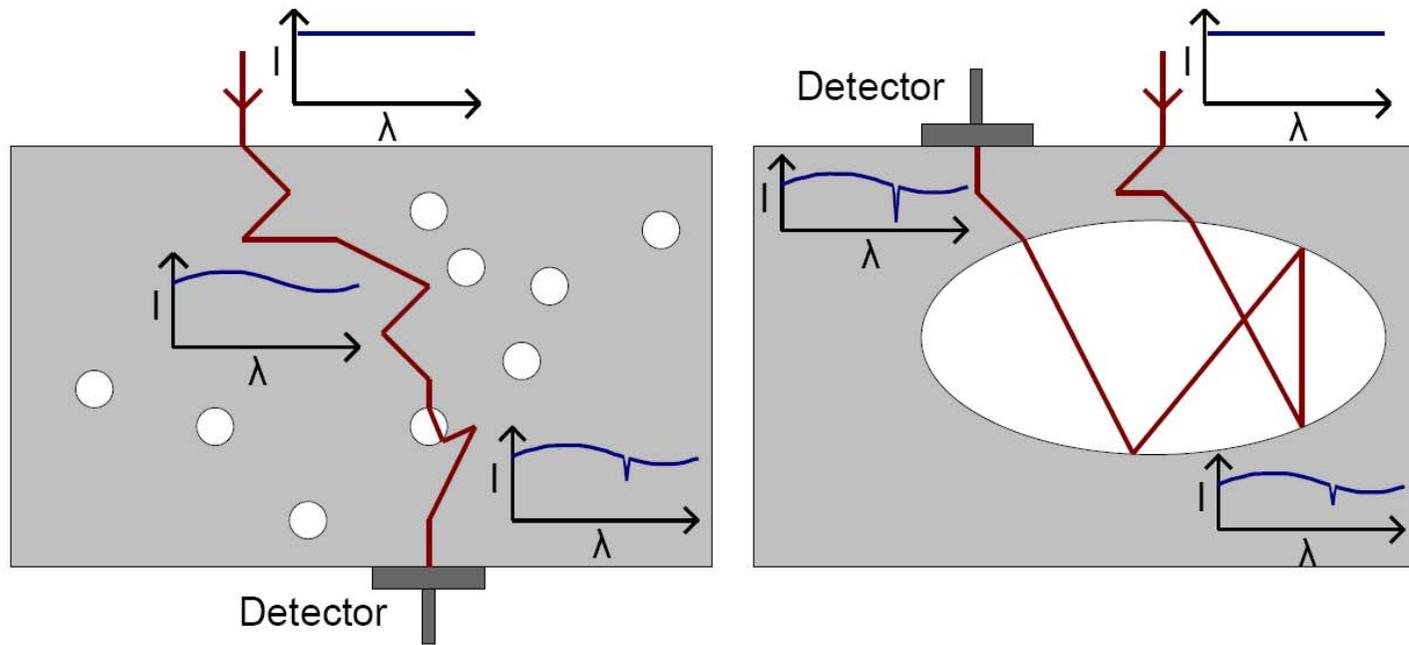
White tablet
Small cumulus cloud!

T. Svensson et al.



Large- and small-scale LIDAR

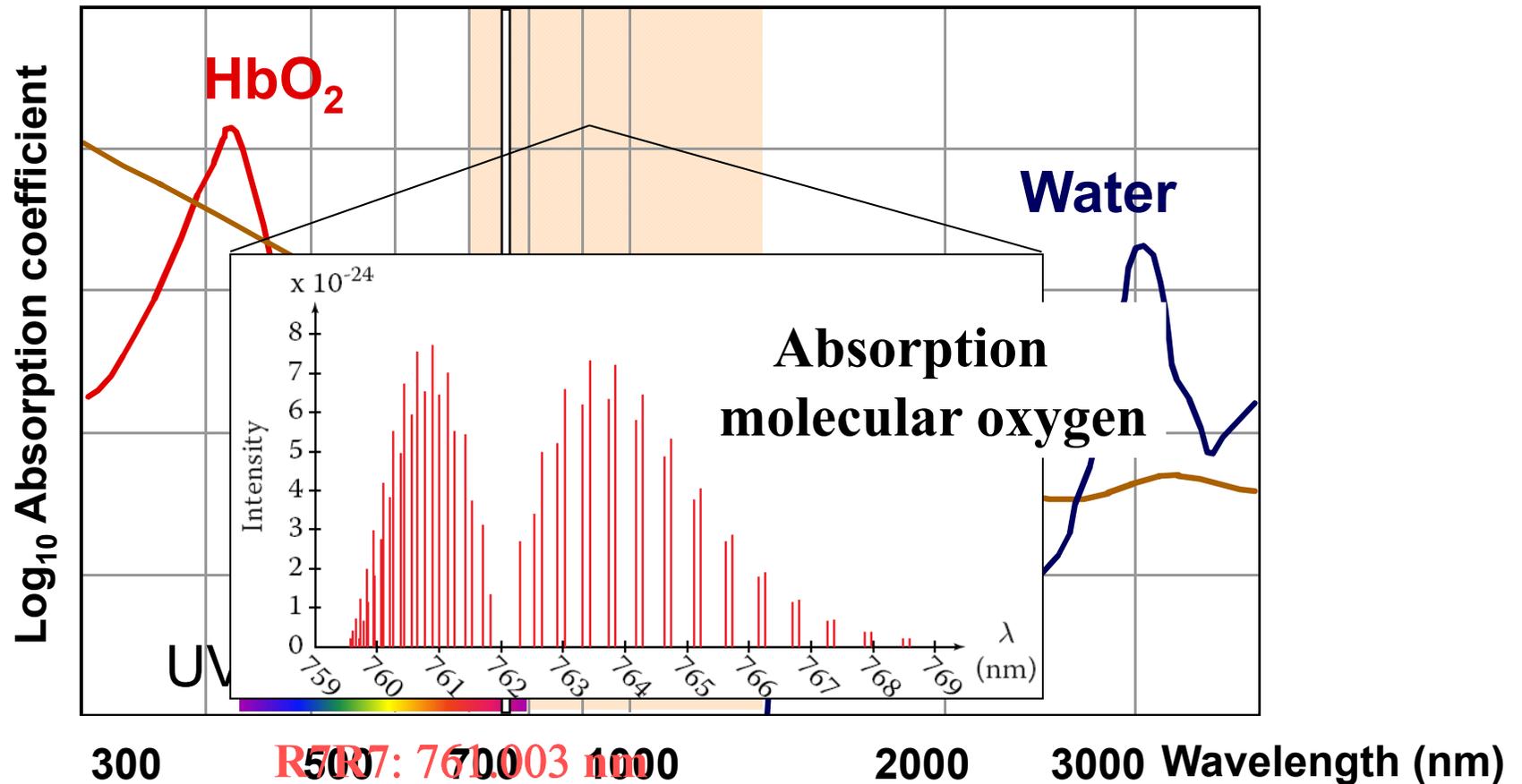




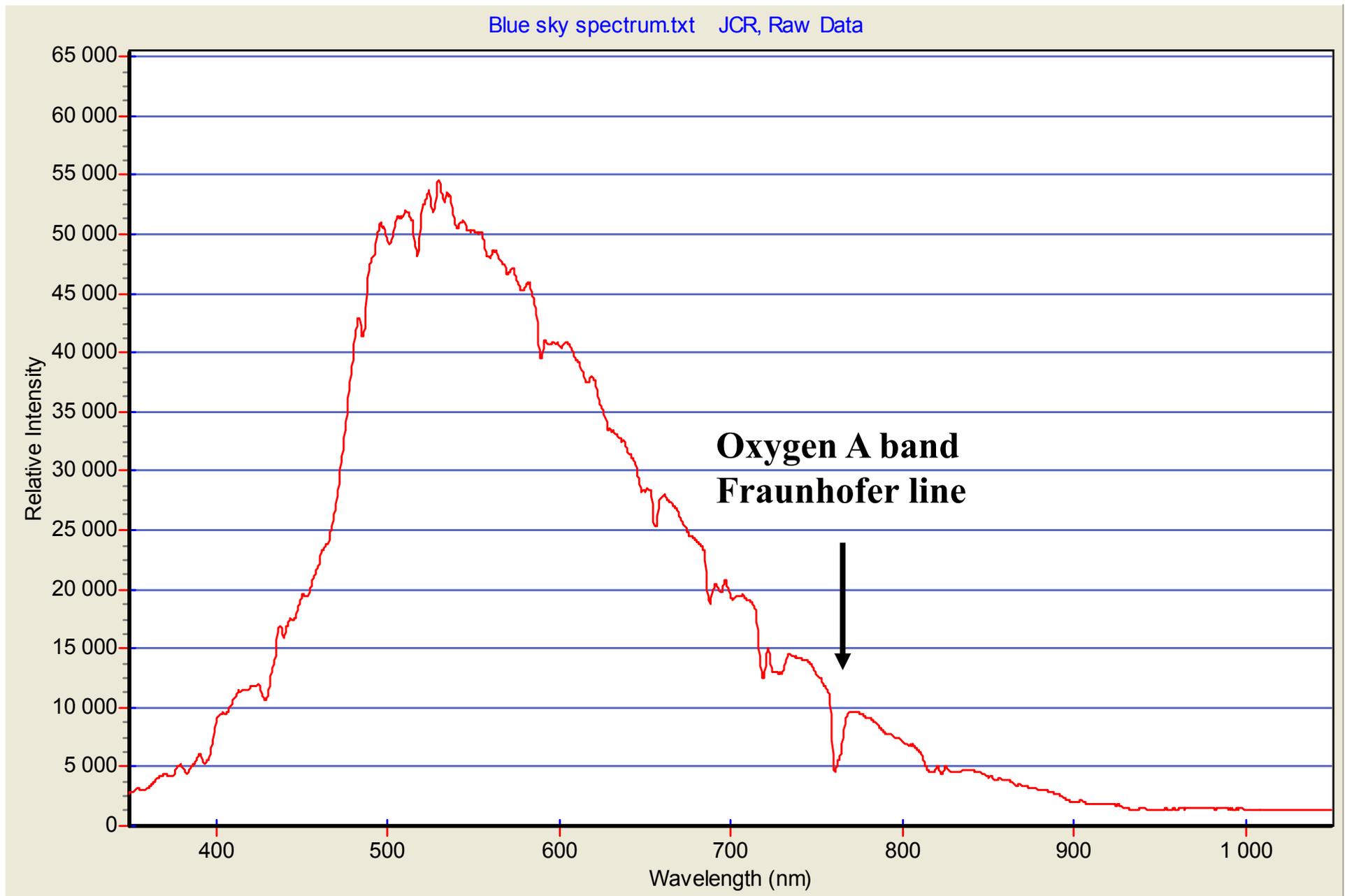
Lewander

Tissue Absorption

Absorption of light in tissue

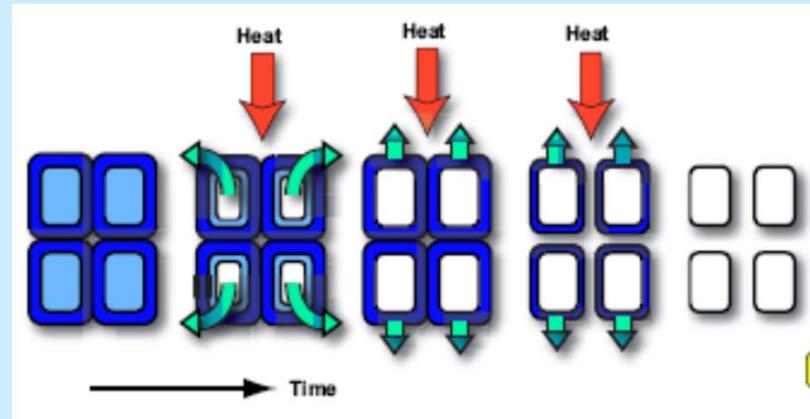


Blue sky spectrum with Fraunhofer lines, including Oxygen A



GASMAS studies of gas exchange in wood

Drying of wood

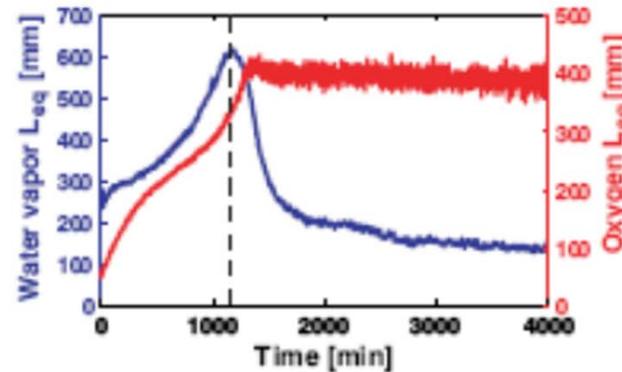


Swedish Warships

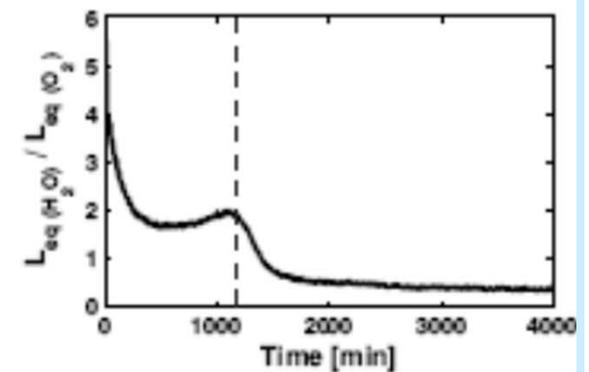
Vasa 1628

Vasa Museum

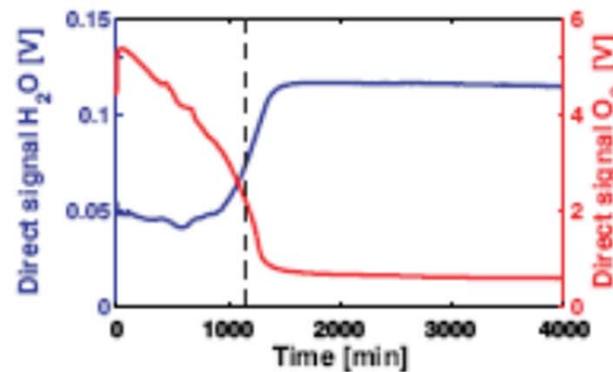
Stockholm



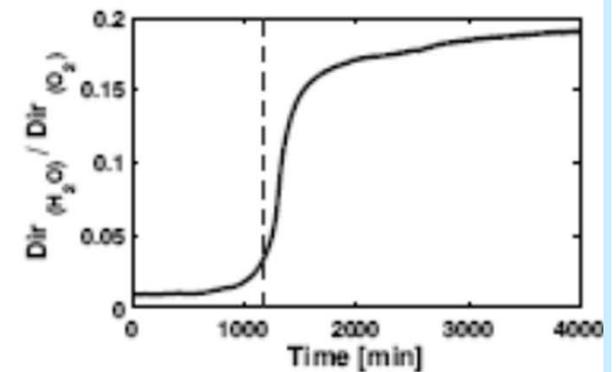
(a)



(b)

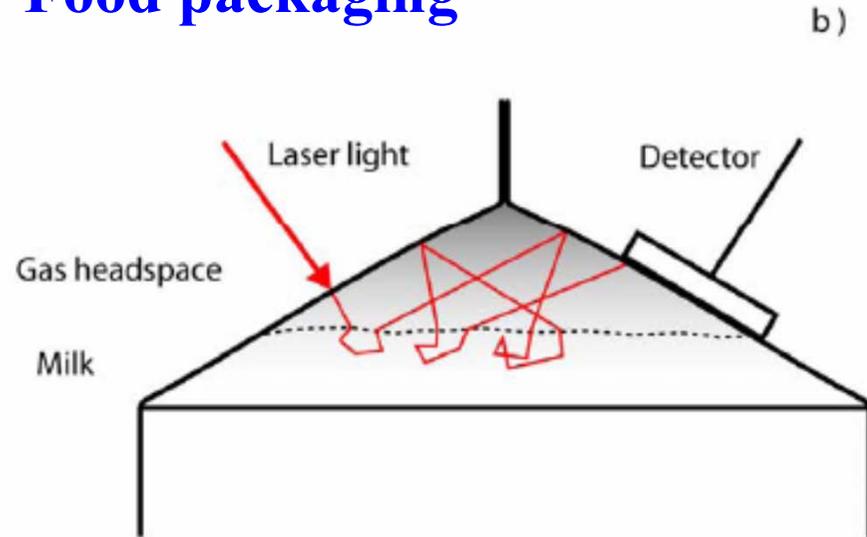


(c)

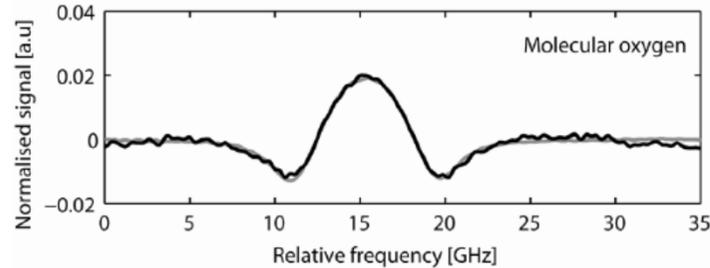
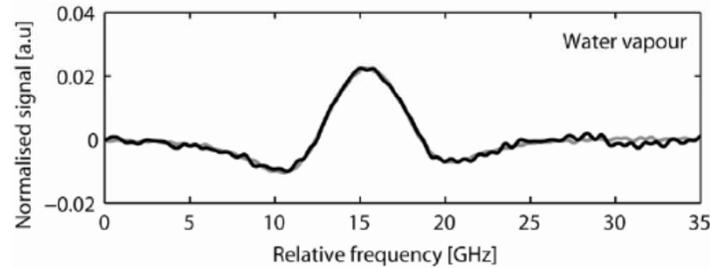


(d)

Food packaging



Lewander et al., Appl. Phys. B 2008;
Packaging Technology and Science 2011, in press



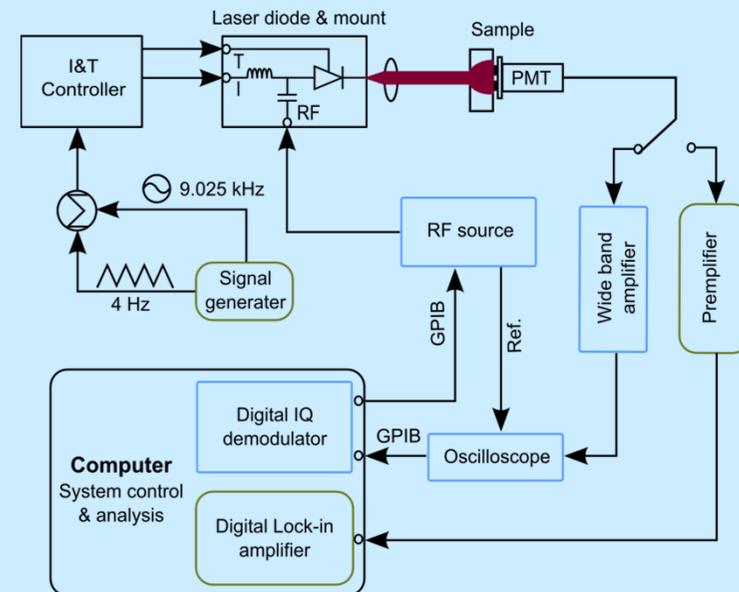
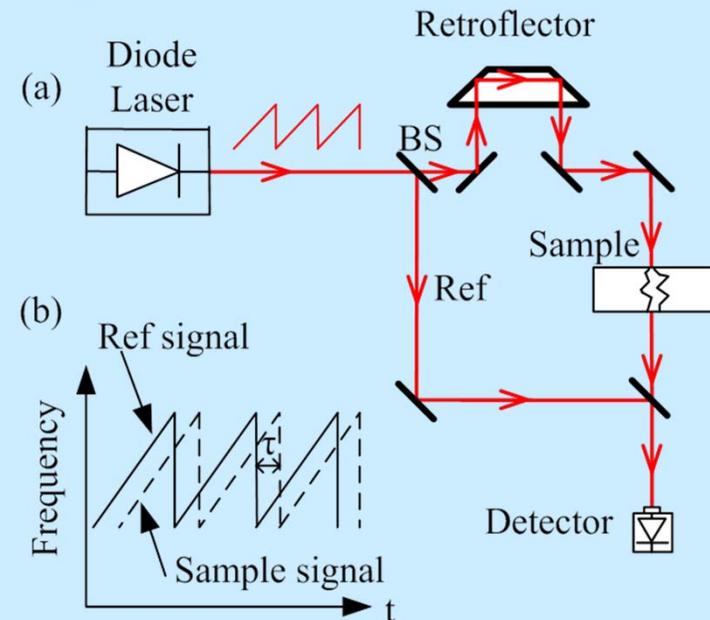
TetraPak
Collaboration
Gasporox AB

New techniques for optical pathlength assessment in connection with GASMAS:

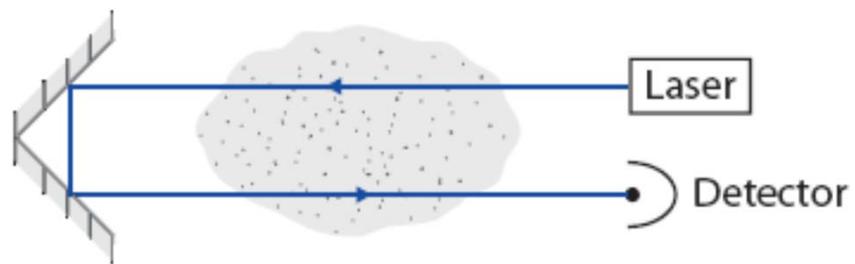
**Frequency-Modulated Continuous-Wave
(FMCW) technique**
Opt. Express (2009); Optics Lett. 36 (2011)

**Frequency Domain
Photon Migration (FDPM) technique**
Phase-shift method
L. Mei, to appear

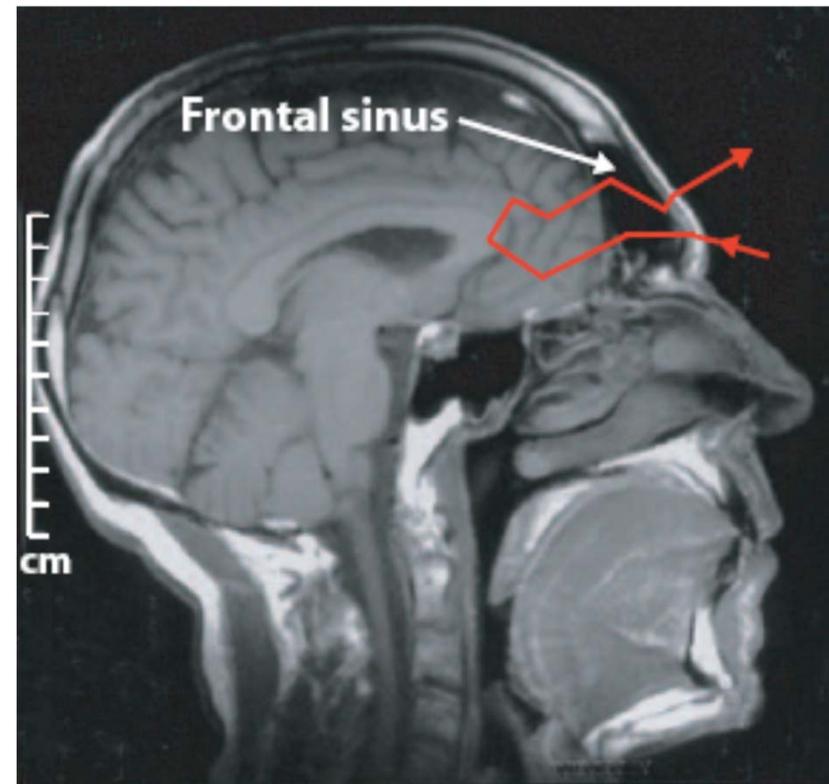
**Techniques are compatible with
single-mode operation!**



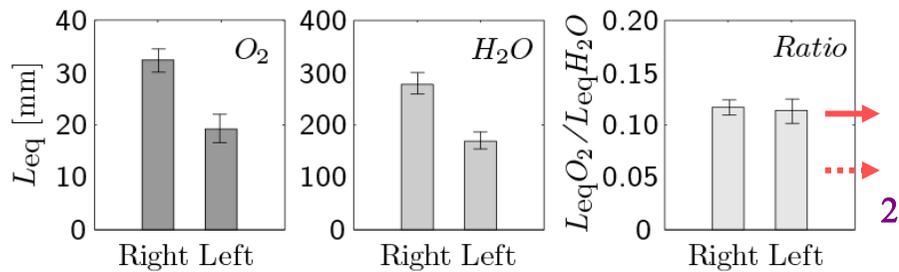
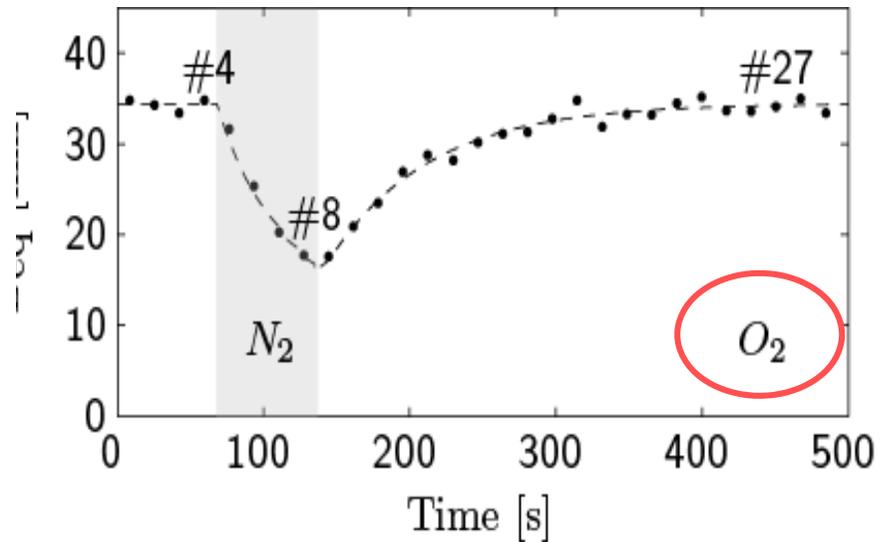
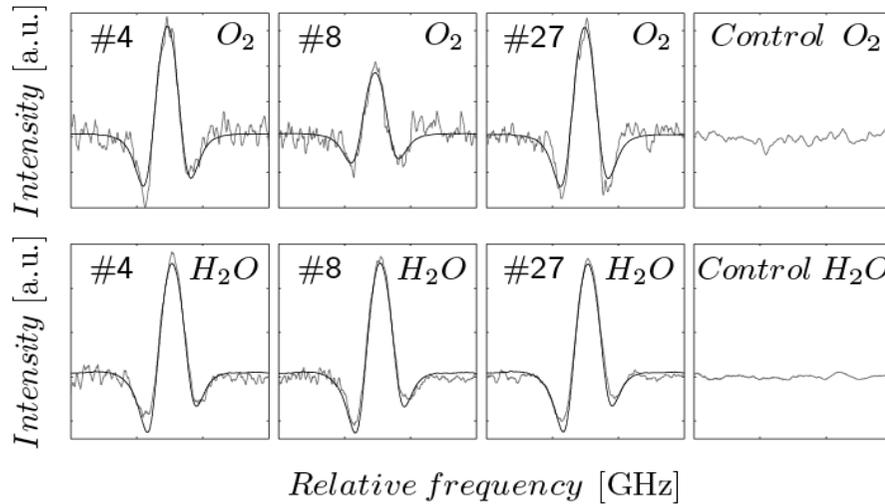
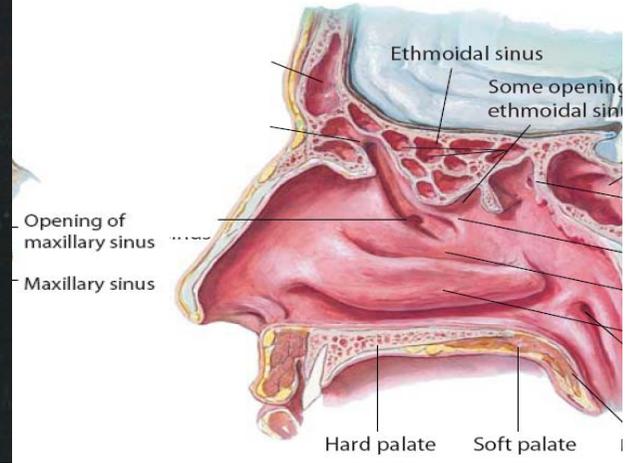
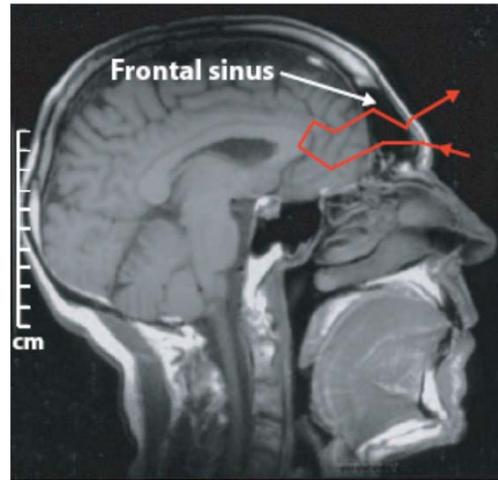
Environment



Medicine

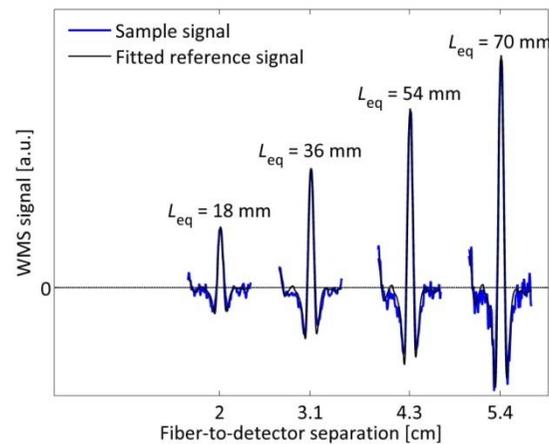
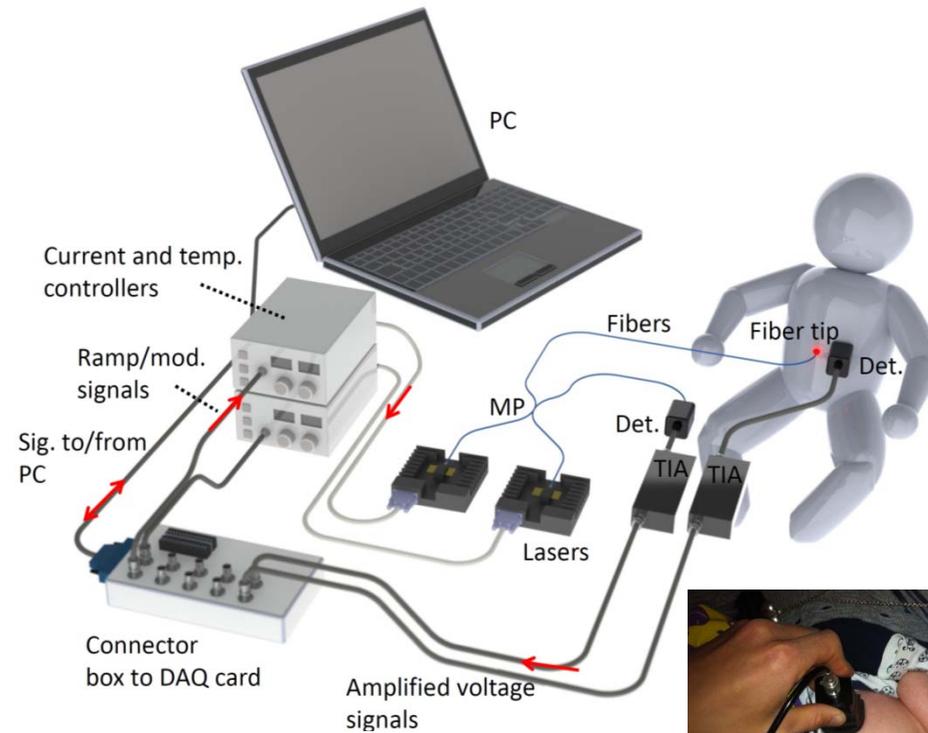
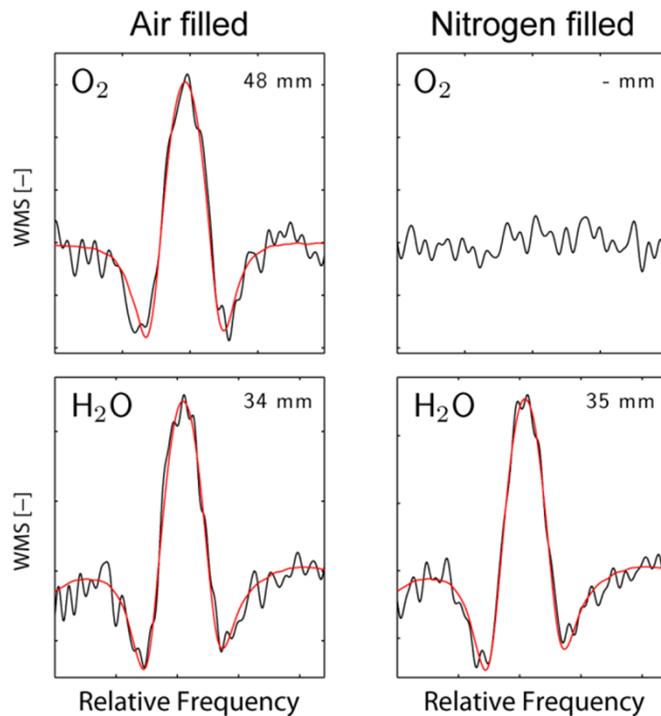


Sinusitis diagnostic by laser-spectroscopic measurement of oxygen and water vapour



Persson et al. *J. Biomed. Optics* (2007); *Rhinology* 2012

Neonatal child monitoring

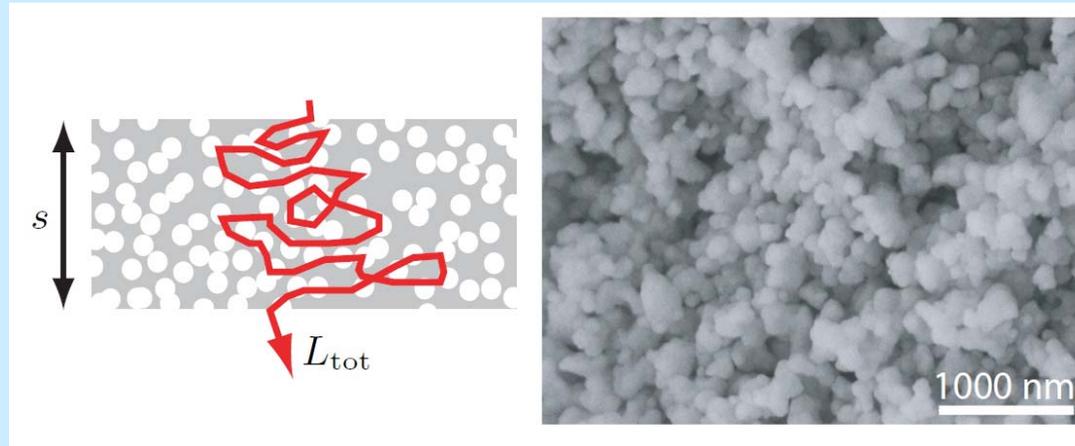


Alignment free multipass cells made of nanoporous ceramics

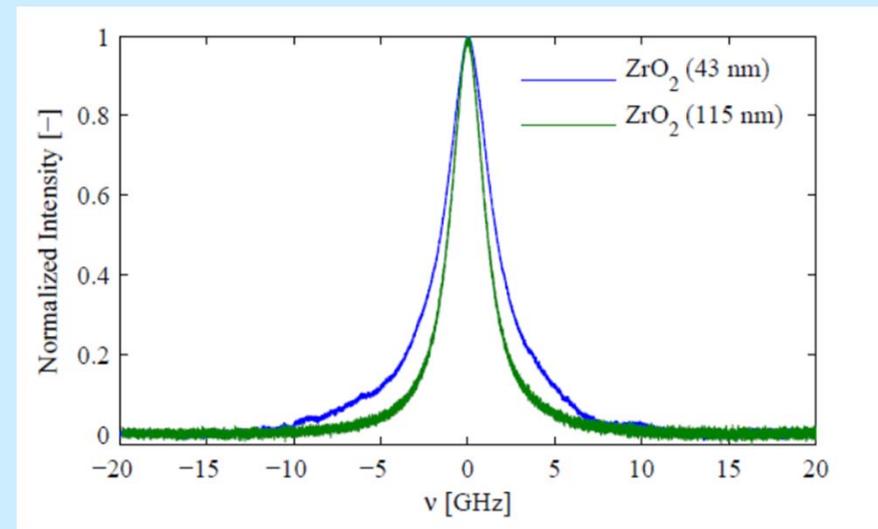
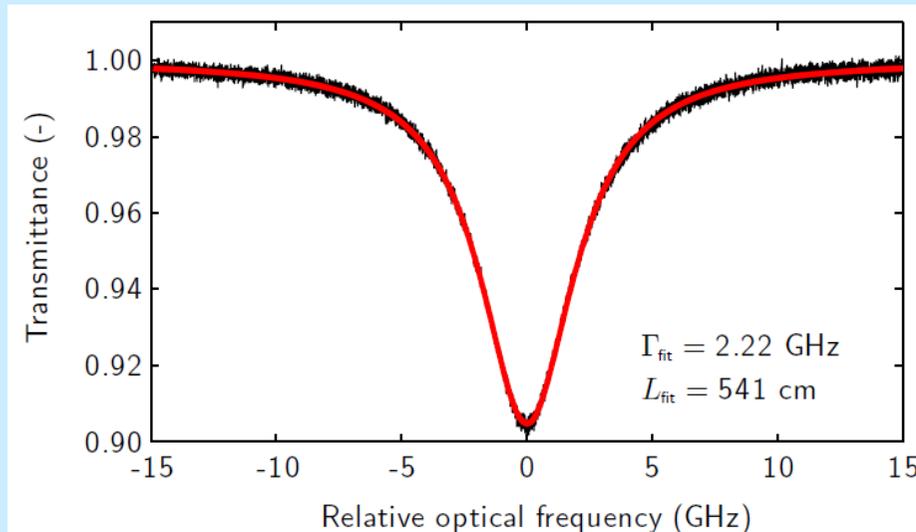
Zirconia, ZrO_2
115 nm pores

$s = 7.2 \text{ mm} \rightarrow 5.4 \text{ m!}$

750 times
physical thickness!



Pore size distribution determination !



T. Svensson et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 107 (2011) Xu et al., Phys. Rev. A (2011)

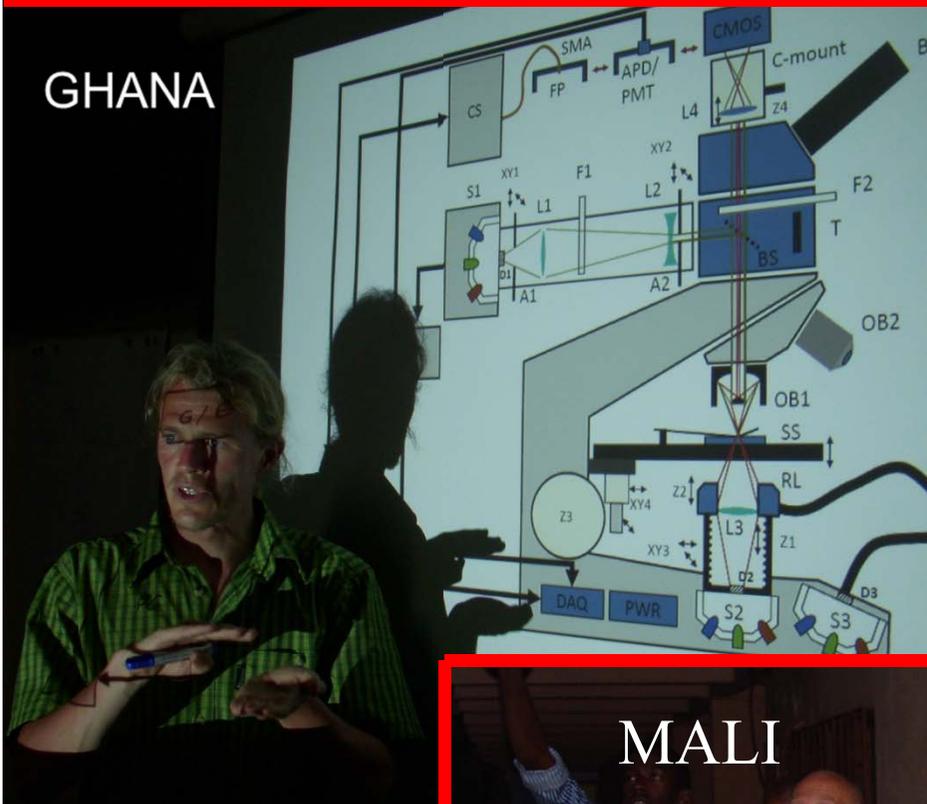


Rubidium high-resolution spectroscopy

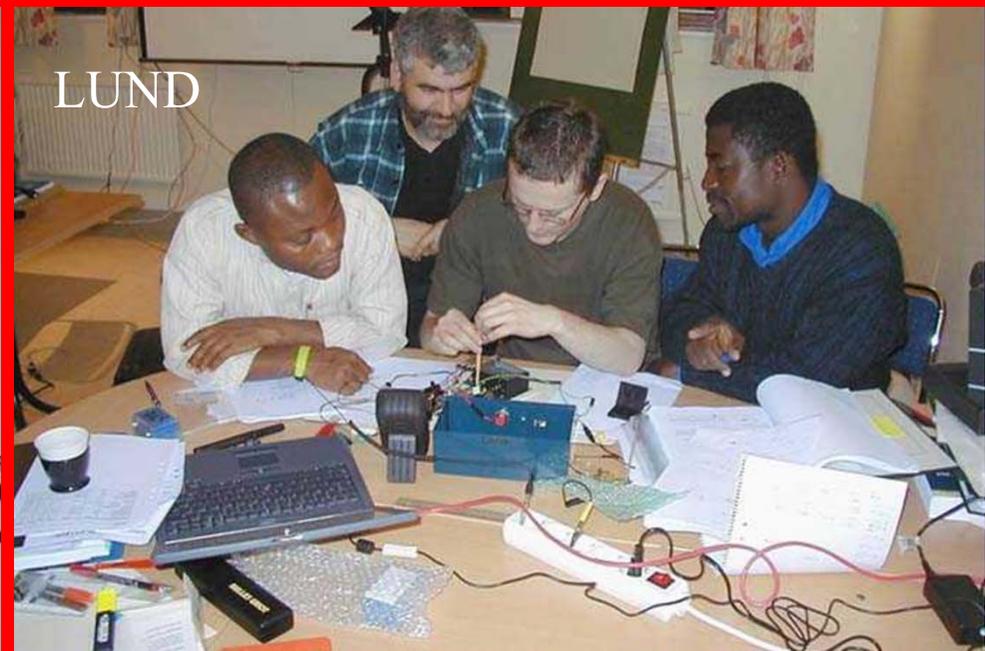


Realistic optical diagnostics for 3rd world countries

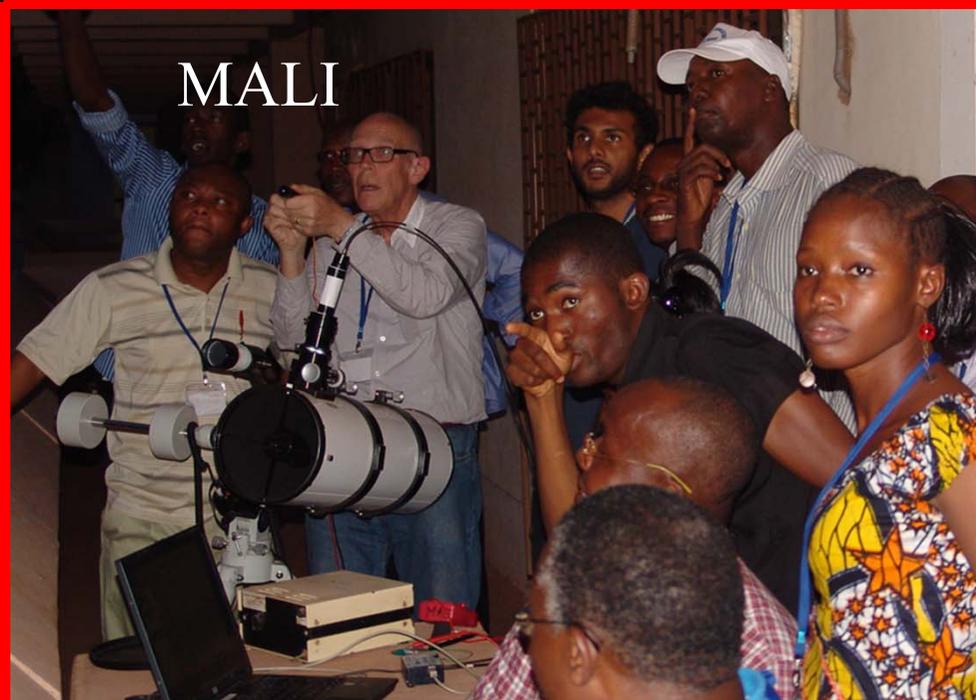
GHANA



LUND



MALI



GHANA



Broad-band multispectral microscope for imaging spectroscopy employing an array of light-emitting diodes

Mikkel Brydegaard,¹⁾ Zuguang Guan, and Sune Svanberg
 Atomic Physics Division, Lund University, P. O. Box 118, SE-221 00 Lund, Sweden
 (Received 30 April 2008; accepted 27 October 2008)

Optical spectral analysis and multispectral imaging provide powerful tools for samples in a wide variety of applications and on many spatial scales. Implementation of these techniques in the context of microscopy, using a microscope equipped with a CMOS imaging detector, combined with light-emitting diodes with emission ranging from 400 to 700 nm, provides examples of information enhancement.

Association of Physics Teachers
 [DOI: 10.1119/1.3027270]



INTRODUCTION

The response to different wavelengths is characteristic of an object, and its optical reflectance spectrum is important in identifying it. Color discrimination is widely used in biological and technological vision, and color registration are illustrated in corresponding interpretation methods. Humans have broad color channels, while birds frequently have four, including ultra-violet (UV) sensitivity. The Mantis shrimp has color channels. Clearly, the human visual perception of the true spectral composition of an object is difficult. In contrast, artificial vision systems (imaging as RGB (red-green-blue) cameras, satellite sensors, spectrometers allow a much more precise quantification of spectral properties, which are directly linked to the composition of the object of interest. In spectroscopy, the emission of light is used to identify the object. We use a CMOS camera to record the spectral distribution of light from a sample. The light is collected by a lens and focused onto the CMOS detector. The light is then filtered by a series of light-emitting diodes (LEDs) to produce a series of narrow spectral bands. The light is then detected by the CMOS camera. The resulting image is a series of narrow spectral bands, which can be used to identify the object. This is a realistic optical diagnostic for 3rd world countries.



AFSIN Network



Cape Coast, Ghana

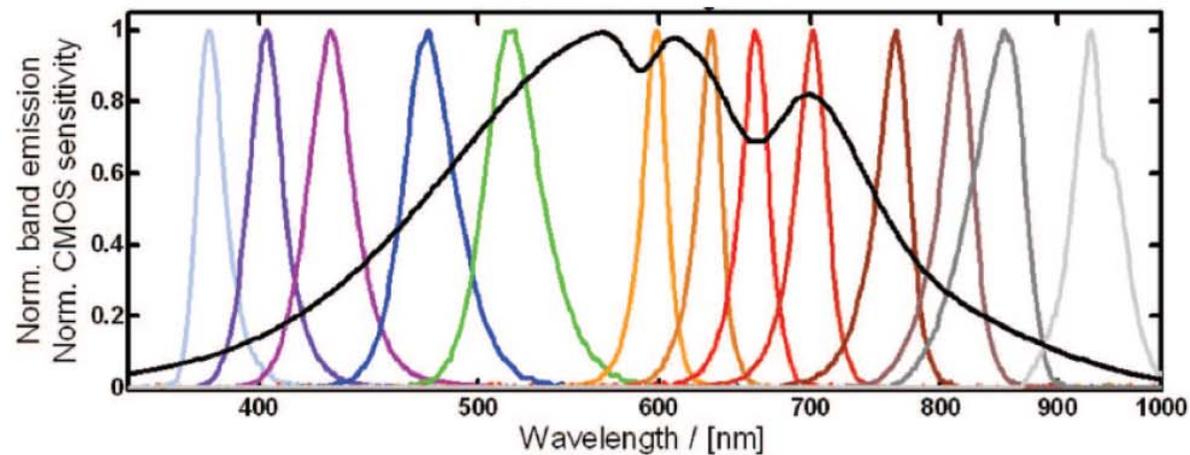
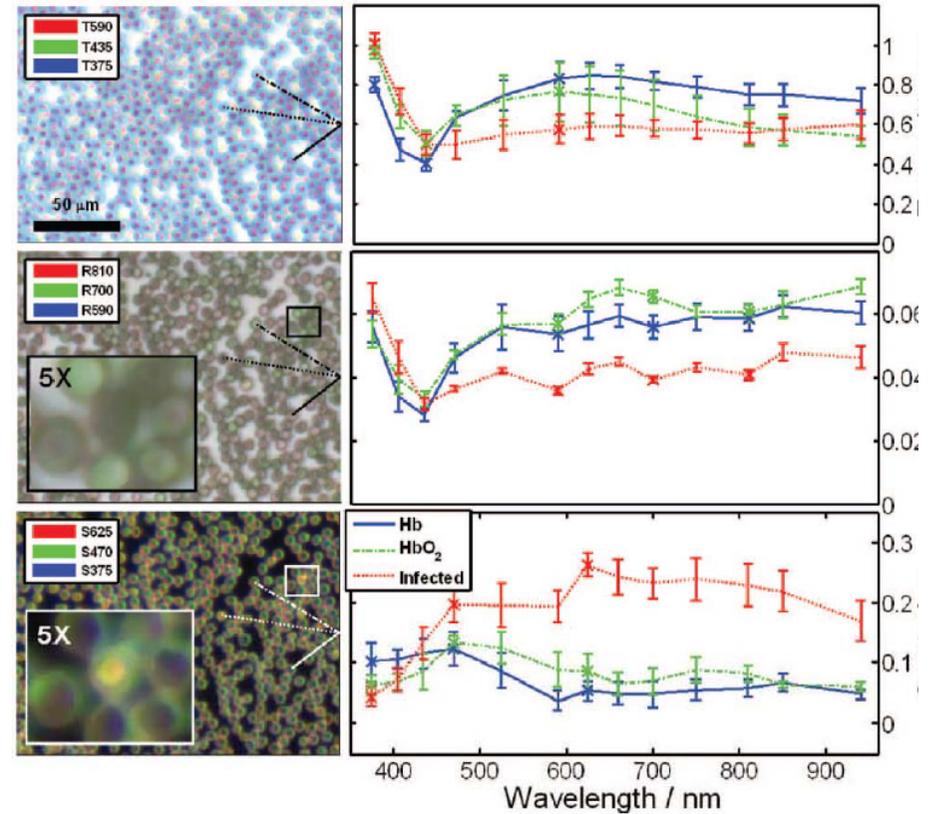
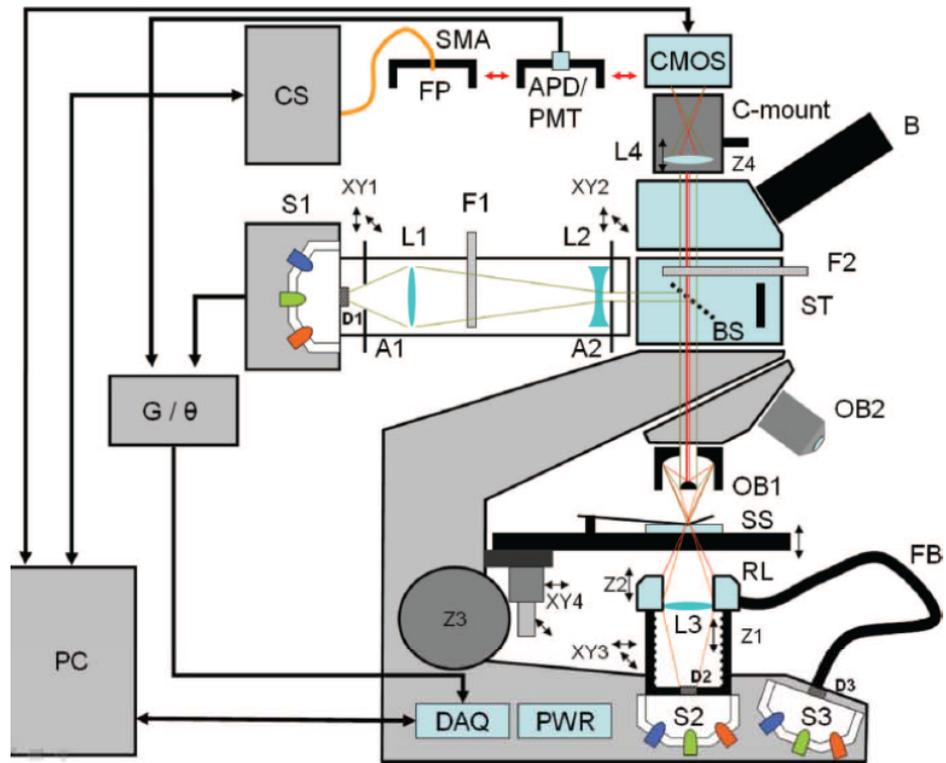


UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST
Multispectral Led Imaging Microscopy for Applications in Agricultural and Biomedical Diagnostics
AT
UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST
CAPE COAST, GHANA
Sun. Oct. 25—Sat. Nov. 7, 2009
FORMAL OPENING CEREMONY
DATE:
Monday, 26th October, 2009



LAFOC UCC ISP
THEME: MULTISPECTRAL LED IMAGING MICROSCOPY FOR APPLICATIONS IN AGRICULTURAL AND BIOMEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS AT UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST, CAPE COAST, GHANA
DATE: 25TH OCT. - 7TH NOV. 2009 VENUE: ACADEMIC BOARD CHAMBER, UCC
GUEST SPEAKER: PROF. (MRS.) NAANA JANE OPOKU-AGYEMAN VICE CHANCELLOR
CHAIRMAN: PROF. SAMUEL Y. MENSAH, DEAN, SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Multispectral microscopy malaria detection

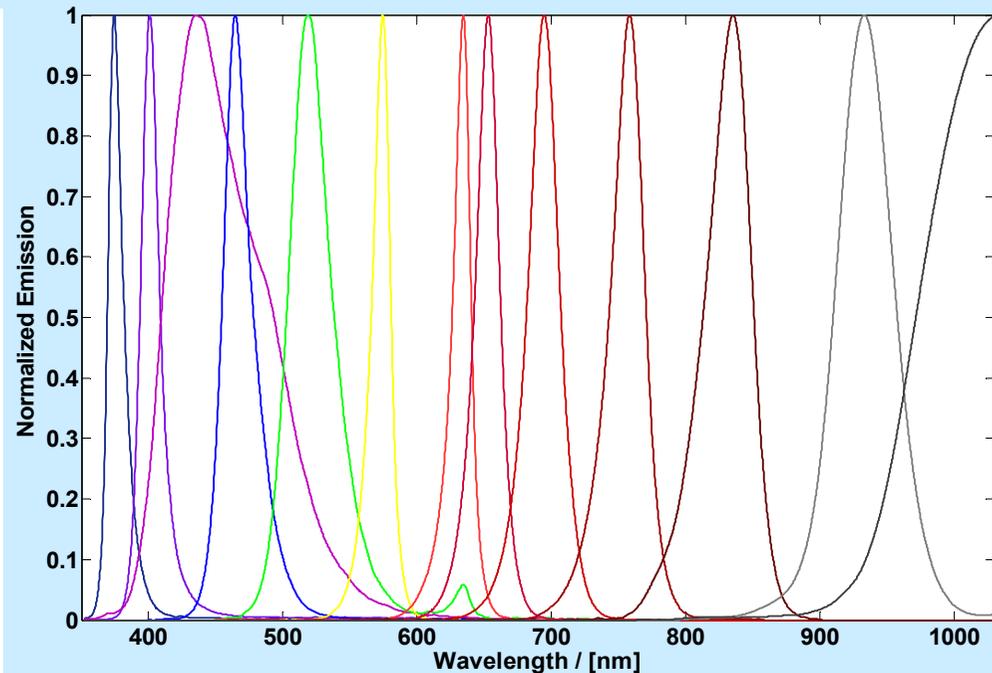
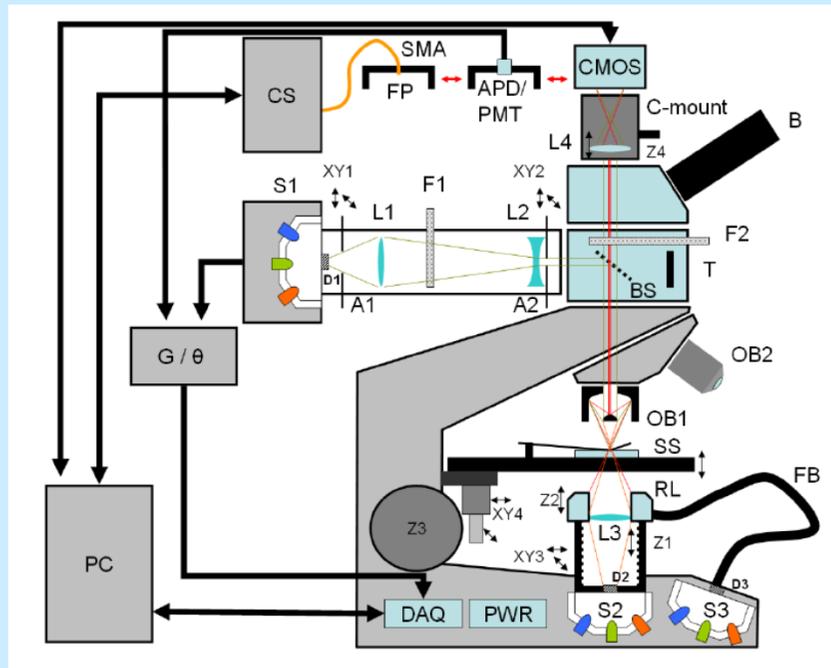


Medical Multispectral Microscopy using LEDs

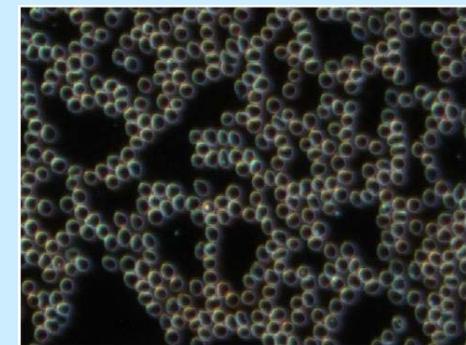
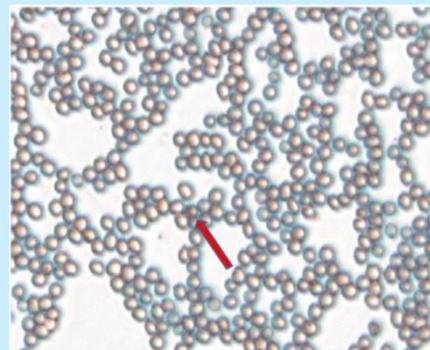
Brydegaard et al., American J. Phys. 2008

M. Brydegaard, A. Merdasa, J. Ålebring, S. Svanberg, RSI 2011

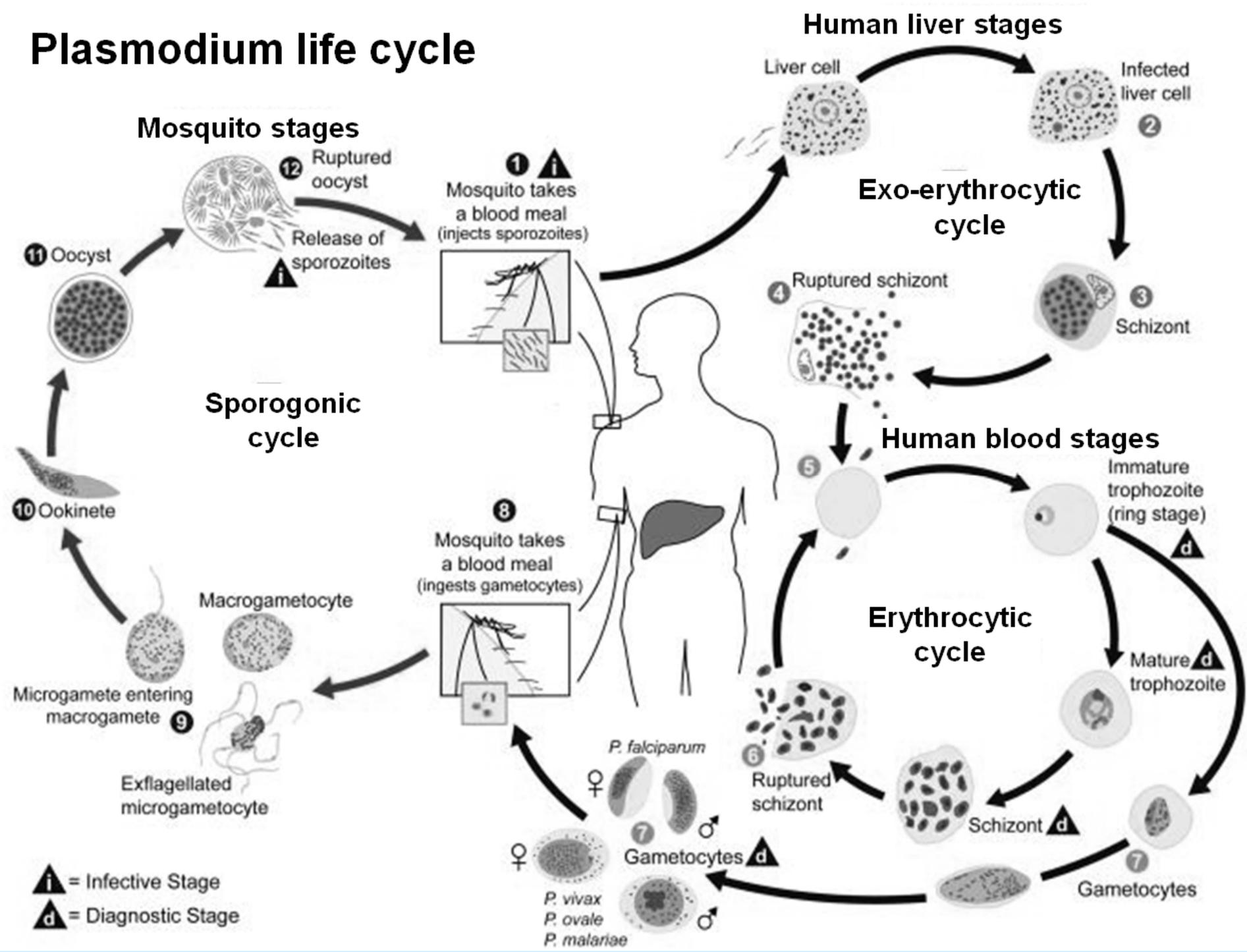
Transmission, Reflectance, Dark field, Fluorescence - 42 images



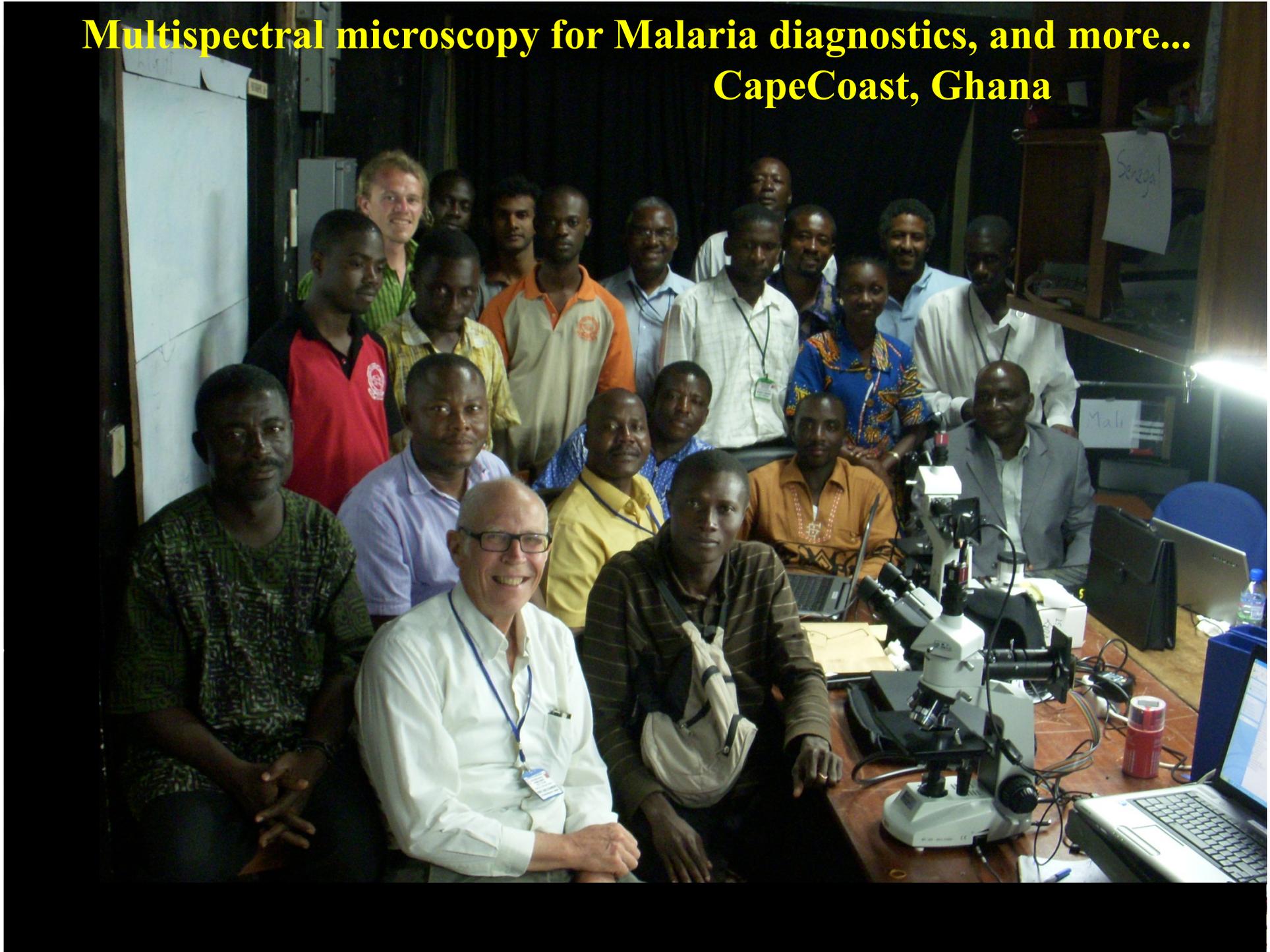
**Application to
Malaria Detection
Plasmodium Falciparum
Collaboration with
J. Zueou, Cote d'Ivoire**

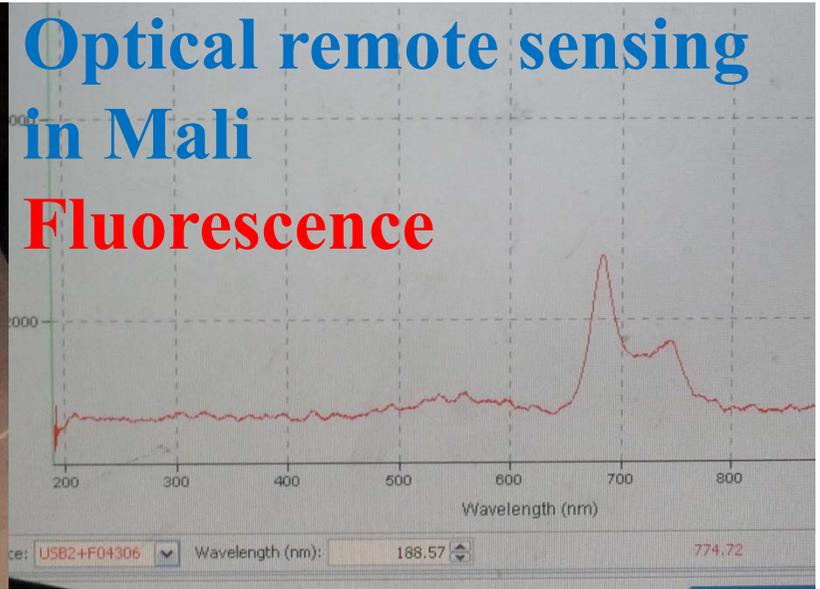
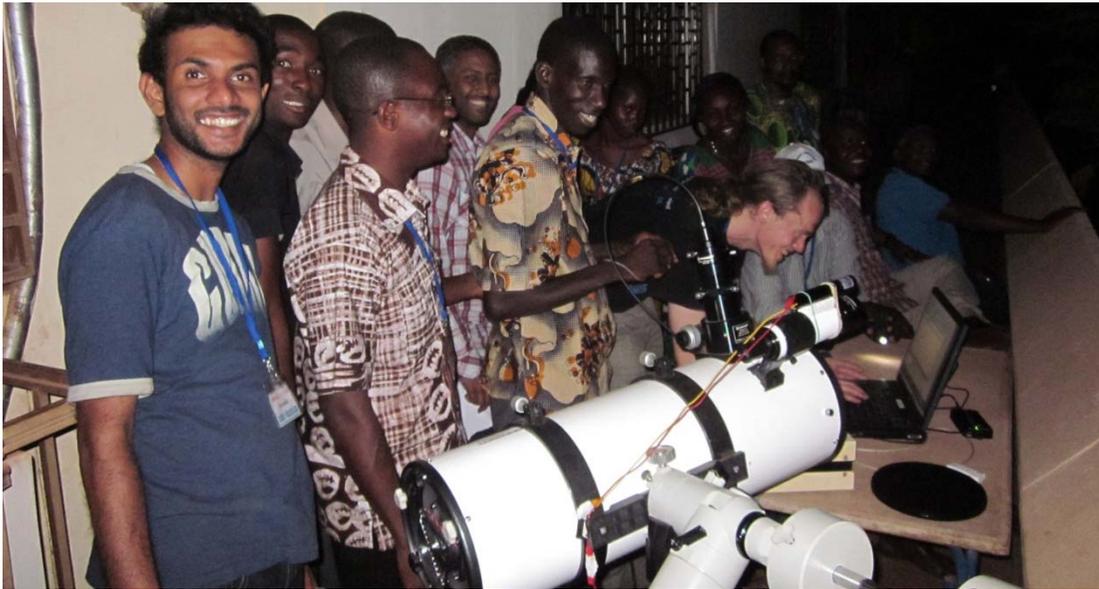


Plasmodium life cycle

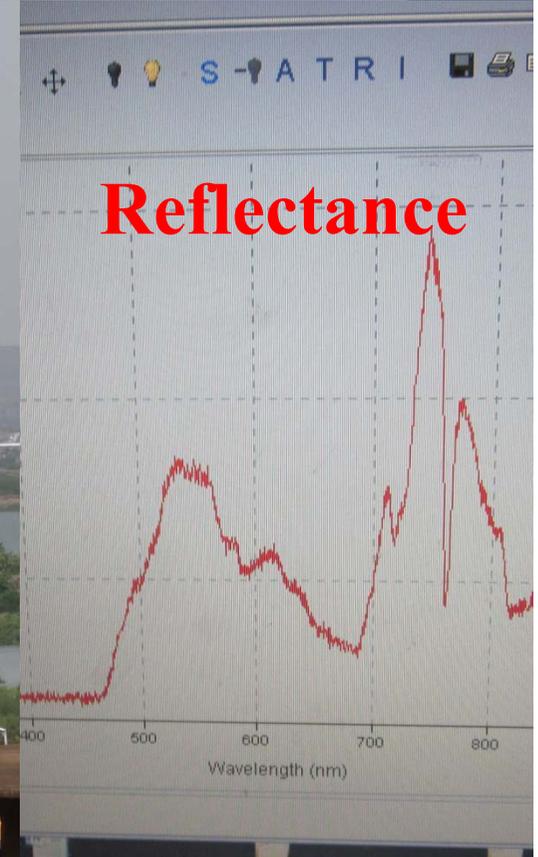


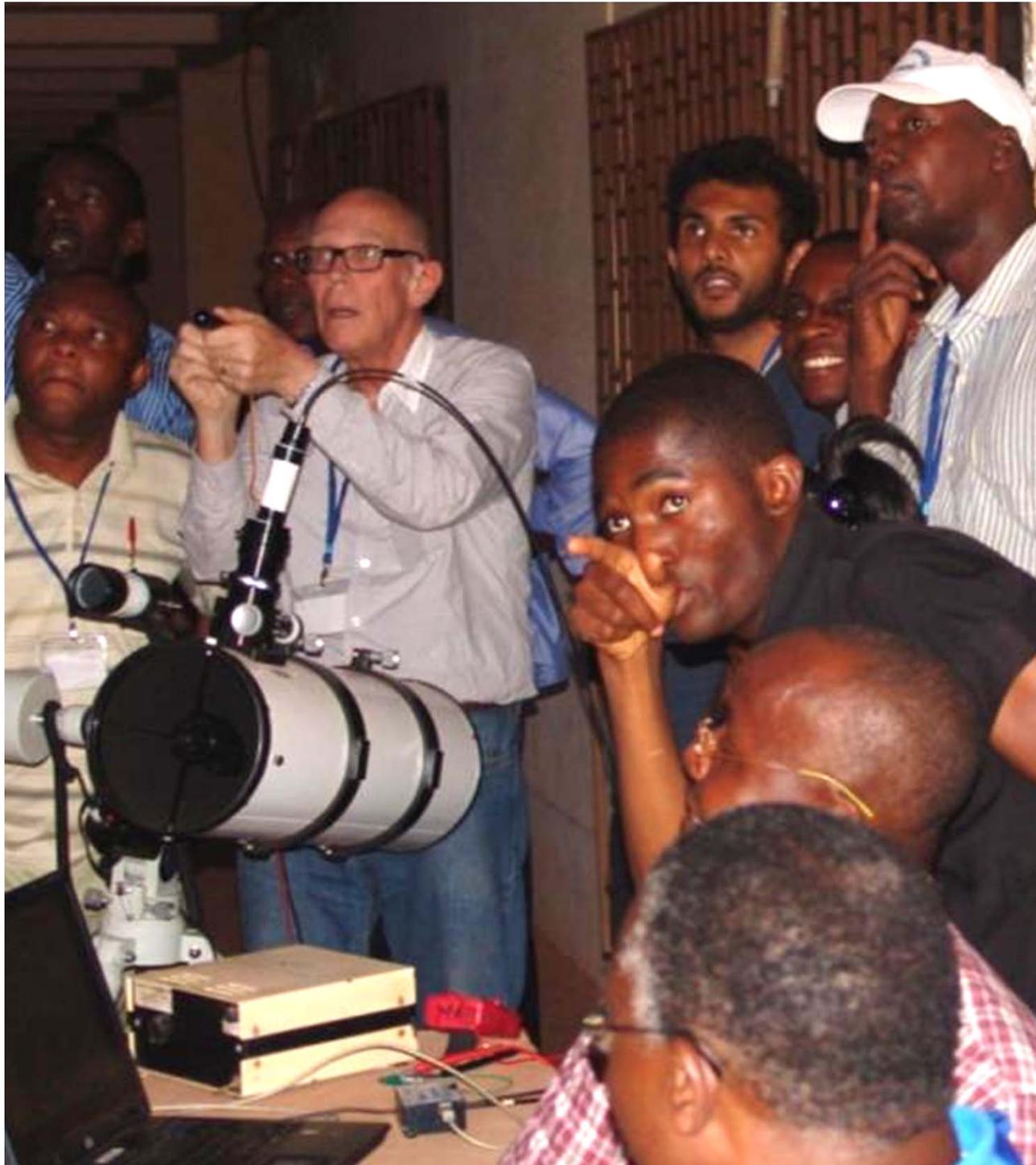
**Multispectral microscopy for Malaria diagnostics, and more...
CapeCoast, Ghana**





Niger River Bamako, Mali 2011





Bamako Mali



Nairobi, September 2012







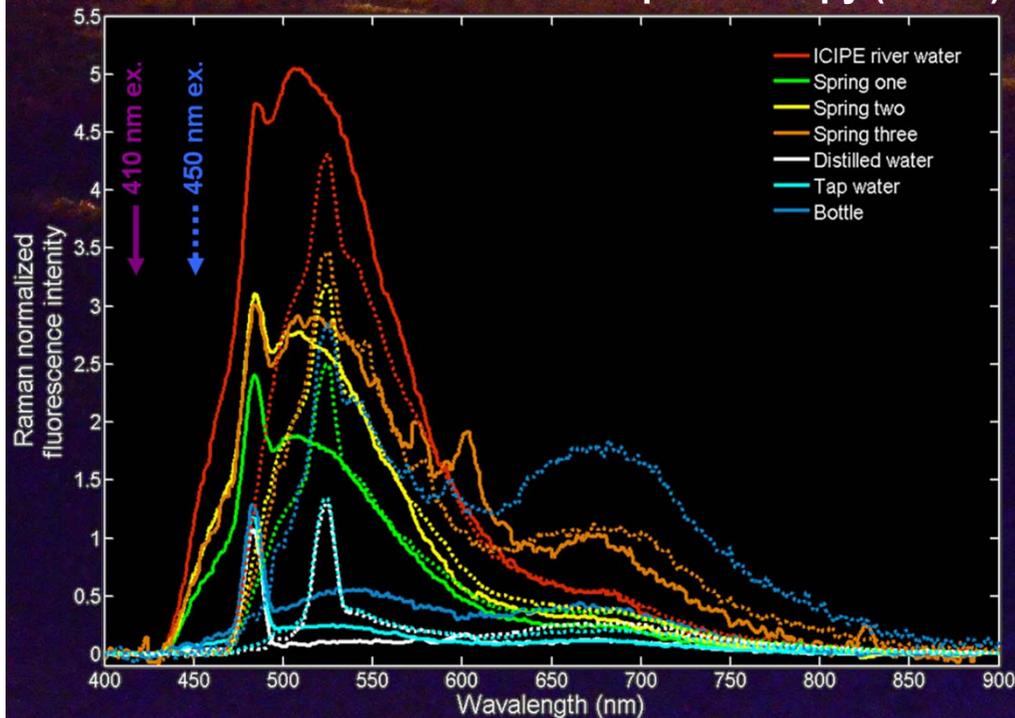
NAIROBI, KENYA 2012





Realistic instrumentation for active and passive remote sensing

First African remote Raman spectroscopy (120 m)



Brydegaard et al. Nairobi September 2012

A photograph of several tall, slender purple flower spikes, likely Lythrum, in a field. The flowers are small and densely packed along the stems. In the background, there is a dense green forest and a bright light source, possibly the sun, creating a soft glow. A small bee is visible on one of the flower spikes in the upper right. The overall scene is peaceful and natural.

Thank you for your attention !



Skärarid, Sweden



Jiu Zhai Gou

China



Hangzhou, China



Capri, Italy

Science mediates Freedom!



El Condor pasa
Andes, Peru

Science brings people together!



**Let us shape
a better
world!**



**Let us take
care of each
other!**

Friendship and Science can make it happen !