

ZOONIVERSE

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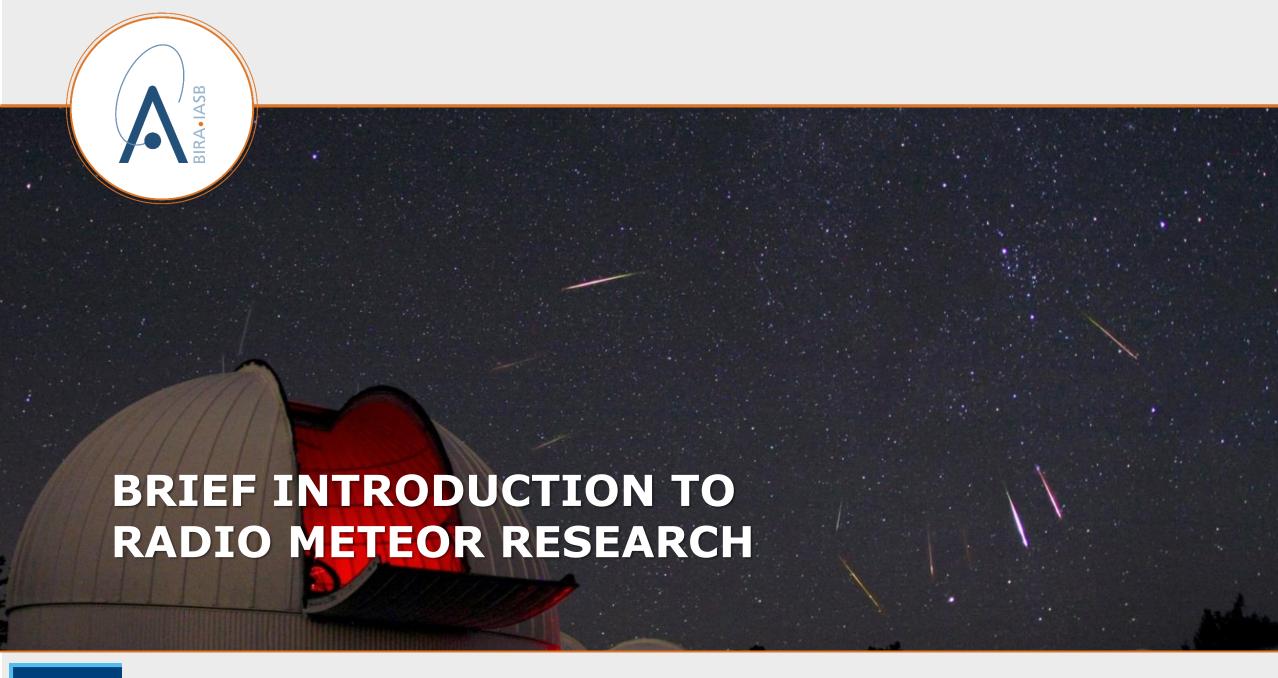


Presentation outline

Introduction to radio meteor research

- How do citizen scientists help us?
- How will machine learning support the Radio Meteor Zoo?

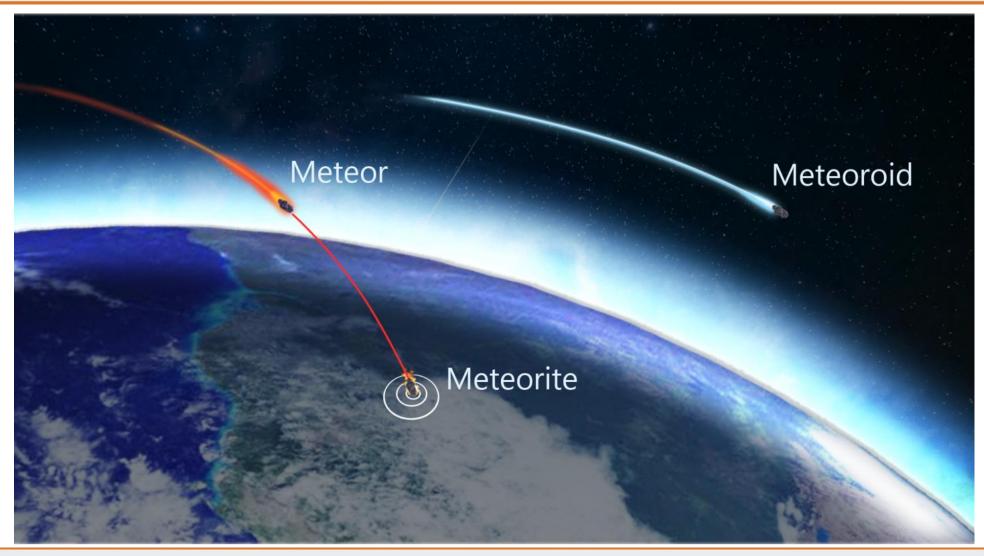








What is a meteor?









Bright meteor above Belgium/France

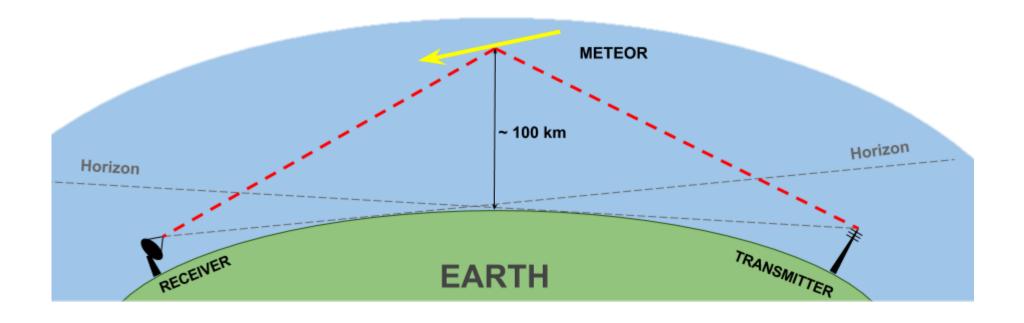






We observe meteors using radio techniques

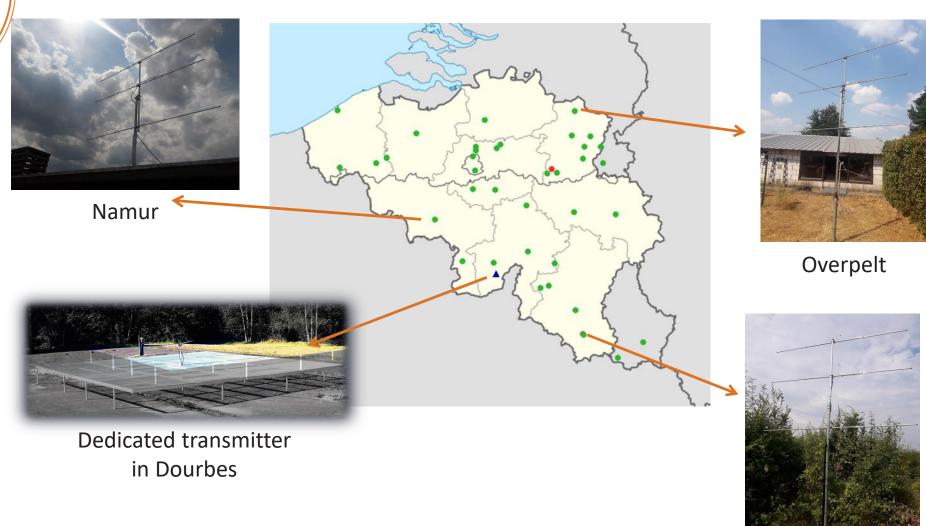
Radio meteors don't emit radio waves, but the ionized trail behind the meteoroid reflects them.







The BRAMS network





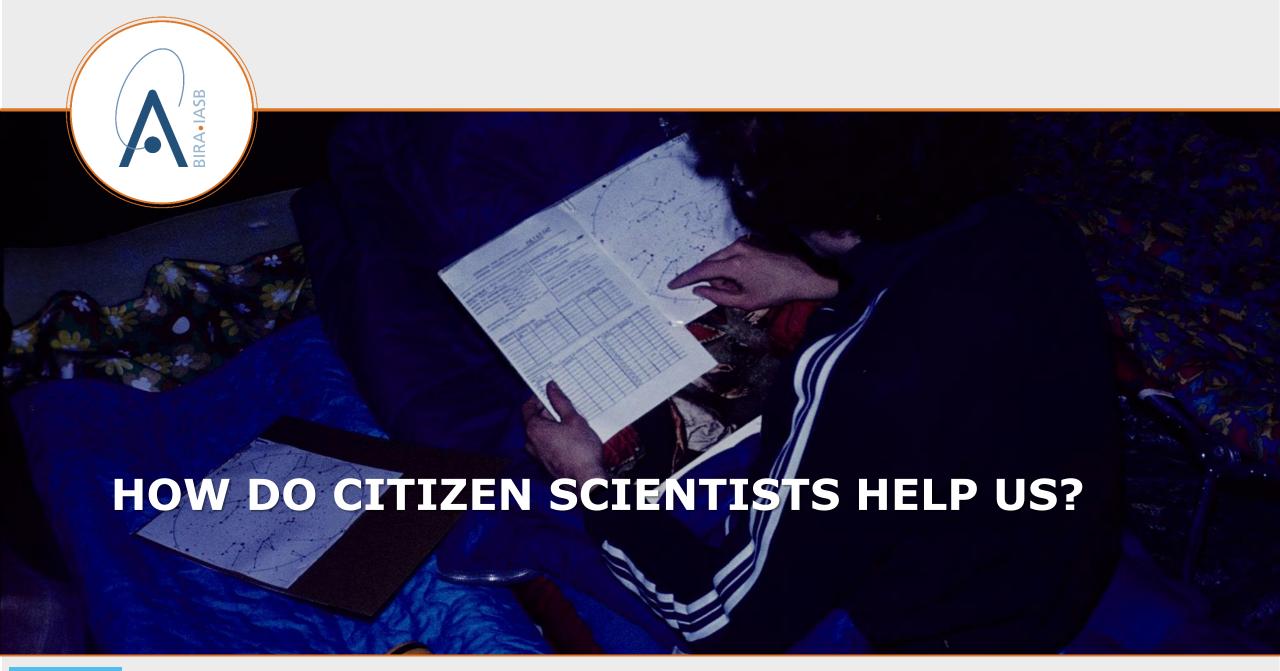
Neufchâteau



Goals of the BRAMS project

- Automatic detection of meteor echoes
- To compute meteoroid flux densities and mass indexes
- To determine **individual meteor trajectories** from observations of the same meteor by multiple stations
- To determine orbital parameters of multi-station meteoroids
- To analyze meteor profiles in order to retrieve physical parameters such as ionization, speed and mass of the meteoroids



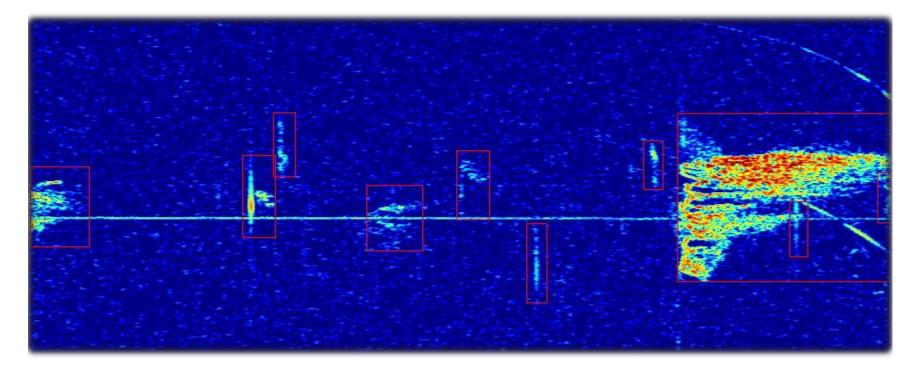






Detection of meteor echoes

- Every five minutes, each station produces a spectrogram.
- So we collect more than 10,000 spectrograms per day
- We need ways to detect meteors automatically

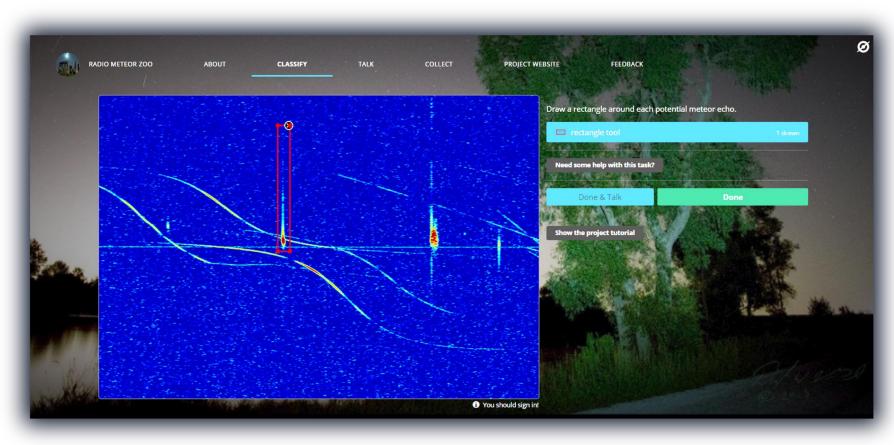








The Radio Meteor Zoo











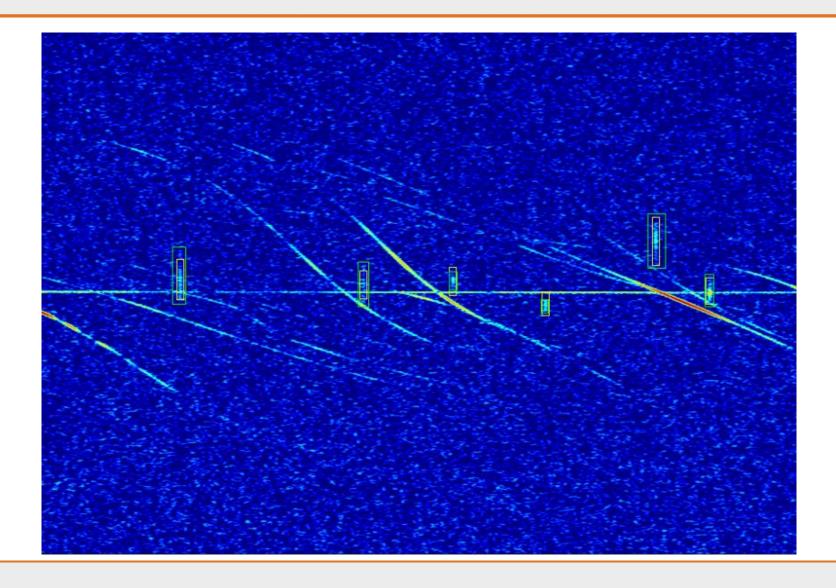
The Radio Meteor Zoo 2.0

- Goal: improve volunteers' satisfaction & classification quality
- Volunteers check/correct the classifications made by a ML algorithm
- Gamification elements





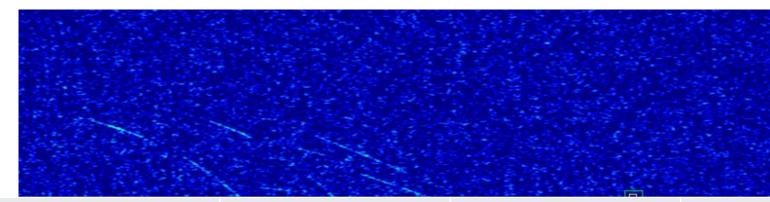
First tests with CNN



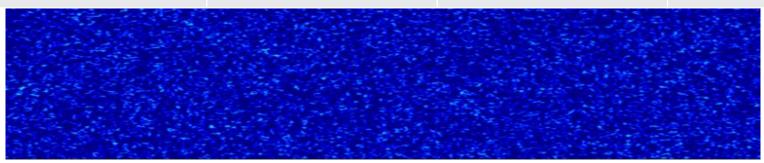




First tests with CNN



	Draulans	Lobet SimpleCNN	Lobet TransposedCNN	Lobet DilatedCNN
precision	0.852	0.831	0.755	0.861
recall	0.676	0.820	0.873	0.879
F1	0.754	0.826	0.810	0.870

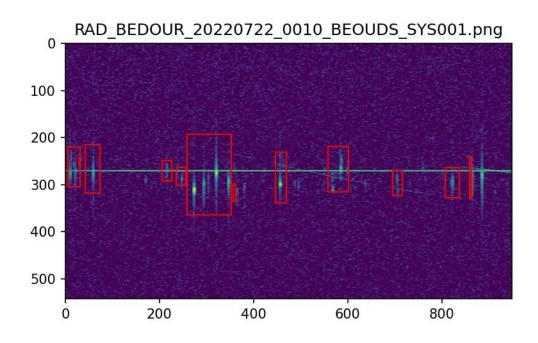






Cleaning training data

 Improve aggregation algorithm

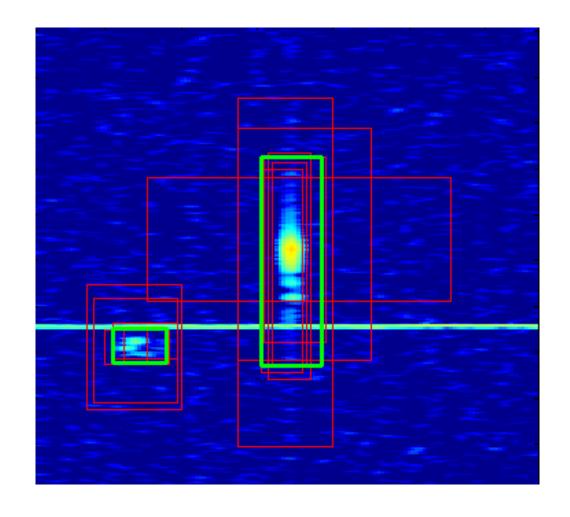






Cleaning training data

- Improve aggregation algorithm
- User score







Conclusion

- BRAMS is a network of radio receivers to detect meteors
- Especially during meteor showers, it is difficult to detect these meteors automatically
- Therefore we launched the Radio Meteor Zoo, where we ask citizen scientists to classify meteors in spectrograms
- We are now looking into using Machine Learning techniques to learn from the RMZ examples





https://www.radiometeorzoo.be
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