

F-threshold of filtration of ideals

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(Based on a joint work with Dr. Mitra Koley)

Introduction

- Mustata, Takagi and Watanabe (2004): Let (R, \mathfrak{m}) be a regular local ring of characteristic $p > 0$. Let \mathfrak{a}, I be non-zero proper ideals of R such that $\mathfrak{a} \subseteq \sqrt{I}$. For every $e \geq 1$, $\nu_{\mathfrak{a}}^I(p^e) := \max\{r : \mathfrak{a}^r \not\subseteq I^{[p^e]}\}$. Then, the F -threshold of \mathfrak{a} with respect to I is

$$C^I(\mathfrak{a}) := \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}}^I(p^e)}{p^e}.$$

- Huneke, Mustata, Takagi and Watanabe (2008): Let R be a Noetherian ring of positive characteristic p .

$$C_+^I(\mathfrak{a}) := \limsup_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}}^I(p^e)}{p^e} \text{ and } C_-^I(\mathfrak{a}) := \liminf_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}}^I(p^e)}{p^e}.$$

- De Stefani, Betancourt, and Perez (2018): $C_+^I(\mathfrak{a}) = C_-^I(\mathfrak{a})$.

Filtration of ideals

Let R be a Noetherian commutative ring of positive characteristic p . A filtration of ideals in R is a collection of ideals $\{\mathfrak{a}_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ which satisfy:

- $\cdots \subset \mathfrak{a}_{n+1} \subset \mathfrak{a}_n \subset \cdots \subset \mathfrak{a}_1 \subset \mathfrak{a}_0 = R$,
- $\mathfrak{a}_m \mathfrak{a}_n \subseteq \mathfrak{a}_{m+n}$ for all $m, n \geq 0$.

Standard examples of filtration

Let \mathfrak{a} be a nonzero ideal in R .

- \mathfrak{a} -adic filtration: $\mathfrak{a}_n = \mathfrak{a}^n$ for all $n \geq 0$.
- \mathfrak{a} -symbolic filtration: take $\mathfrak{a}_n = \mathfrak{a}^{(n)}$ for all $n \geq 0$.
- Normal filtration of \mathfrak{a} : take $\mathfrak{a}_n = \overline{\mathfrak{a}^n}$ for all $n \geq 0$.
- Tight closure filtration of \mathfrak{a} : take $\mathfrak{a}_n = (\mathfrak{a}^n)^*$ for all $n \geq 0$.

F-threshold of filtration of ideals

- Let I be a non-zero proper ideal of R and $\mathfrak{a}_\bullet = \{\mathfrak{a}_i\}_{i \geq 0}$ be a filtration of ideals in R .
- For every non-negative integer e , we define

$$\nu_{\mathfrak{a}_\bullet}^I(p^e) := \sup\{r \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} : \mathfrak{a}_r \not\subseteq I^{[p^e]}\}.$$

- We define

$$C_+^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) := \limsup_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}_\bullet}^I(p^e)}{p^e} \text{ and } C_-^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) := \liminf_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}_\bullet}^I(p^e)}{p^e}.$$

- If $C_-^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) = C_+^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) < \infty$, then we denote it by $C^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)$ and call it the F -threshold of \mathfrak{a}_\bullet with respect to I .
- $C_+^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) < \infty$ if and only if there exists a positive integer N such that $\mathfrak{a}_{Np^e} \subseteq I^{[p^e]}$ for all $e \gg 0$.

Theorem

Suppose that there exists $N \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $\mathfrak{a}_{Np^e} \subseteq I^{[p^e]}$ for all $e \geq 0$. Then $0 \leq C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) \leq N\mu(I)$. Particularly, if R is F -pure ring, then $C^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)$ exists and

$$0 \leq C^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) = \sup_{e \geq 0} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}_\bullet}^I(p^e)}{p^e} \leq N\mu(I).$$

Rees algebra and F -threshold

- If \mathfrak{a}_\bullet is a Noetherian filtration with $\sqrt{\mathfrak{a}_\bullet} \subseteq \sqrt{I}$, then $0 \leq C^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) < \infty$, and it is equal to $rC^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet^*)$ for some $r \in \mathbb{N}$.
- Let I be a nonzero proper ideal of R . Let $\mathfrak{a}_\bullet = \{\mathfrak{a}_i\}_{i \geq 1}$ and $\mathfrak{b}_\bullet = \{\mathfrak{b}_i\}_{i \geq 1}$ be filtrations of ideals in R . If $\mathfrak{a}_\bullet \leq \mathfrak{b}_\bullet$, then $C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) \leq C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{b}_\bullet)$. Moreover, if $\mathcal{R}(\mathfrak{b}_\bullet)$ is a finitely generated $\mathcal{R}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)$ -module, then $C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) = C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{b}_\bullet)$.

Corollary

Let I be a nonzero proper ideal of R and \mathfrak{a}_\bullet be a filtration of ideals in R . Suppose that $\mathcal{R}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)$ is a finitely generated $\mathcal{R}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)$ -module. Then,

$$C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) = C_{\pm}^I((\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)^*) = C_{\pm}^I(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet).$$

F-threshold of \mathfrak{a} -symbolic filtration

We assume that R is a regular ring of positive characteristic p .

Theorem

Let \mathfrak{a} and I be nonzero proper ideals in R such that $\mathfrak{a} \subseteq \sqrt{I}$. Then $C^I(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)})$ exists, where $\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)} = \{\mathfrak{a}^{(i)}\}_{i \geq 0}$ is the symbolic power filtration of \mathfrak{a} .

Example

Let $R = \mathbb{K}[x, y, z]$ and $\mathfrak{m} = (x, y, z)$, where \mathbb{K} is a field of characteristic p . Take $\mathfrak{a} = (xy, yz, xz) = (x, y) \cap (y, z) \cap (x, z)$. Then,

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) = \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}}^{\mathfrak{m}}(p^e)}{p^e} = \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(p^e - 1)}{p^e} = 2.$$

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}) = \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\nu_{\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}}^{\mathfrak{m}}(p^e)}{p^e} = \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3(p^e - 1)}{2p^e} = \frac{3}{2}.$$

Theorem

Let I and \mathfrak{a} be nonzero proper ideals of R such that $\mathfrak{a} \subseteq \sqrt{I}$. Then,

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) \leq C^{\sqrt{I}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) \leq C^{\sqrt{\mathfrak{a}}}(\sqrt{\mathfrak{a}}^{(\bullet)}) \leq \text{big-height}(\sqrt{\mathfrak{a}}),$$

for any maximal ideal \mathfrak{m} containing I . In particular, $C^{\sqrt{I}}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}) \leq \text{big-height}(\sqrt{\mathfrak{a}})$.

Corollary

Let (R, \mathfrak{m}) be a regular local ring and let \mathfrak{a} be a nonzero proper ideal of R . Then,

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}) \leq C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) \leq \text{ht}(\mathfrak{a}).$$

Example

Let $R = \mathbb{K}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ and $\mathfrak{a} = (x_1^{a_1}, \dots, x_n^{a_n})$, where a_1, \dots, a_n are positive integers. Then,

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) = \frac{1}{a_1} + \cdots + \frac{1}{a_n}.$$

F-threshold of symbolic power filtration

Let $R = \mathbb{K}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ be a standard graded polynomial ring, where \mathbb{K} is a field of prime characteristic p and $\mathfrak{m} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$.

Theorem

Let \mathfrak{a}_\bullet be a filtration of nonzero proper homogeneous ideals in R . If $\hat{\alpha}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) > 0$, then

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet) \leq \frac{n}{\hat{\alpha}(\mathfrak{a}_\bullet)}.$$

Corollary

Let \mathfrak{a} be a nonzero proper homogeneous ideal in R . Then,

- $C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}) \leq \frac{n}{\alpha(\mathfrak{a})}$.
- $C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) \leq \frac{n}{\hat{\alpha}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet})}$.

F -König ideal

Let \mathfrak{a} be a homogeneous radical ideal in R with $\text{ht}(\mathfrak{a}) = h$. We say that \mathfrak{a} is F -König if there exists a homogeneous regular sequence f_1, \dots, f_h in \mathfrak{a} such that $R/(f_1, \dots, f_h)$ is F -pure.

Theorem

Let \mathfrak{a} be a F -König ideal in R . Then,

$$C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{\bullet}) = C^{\mathfrak{m}}(\mathfrak{a}^{(\bullet)}) = \text{ht}(\mathfrak{a}).$$

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