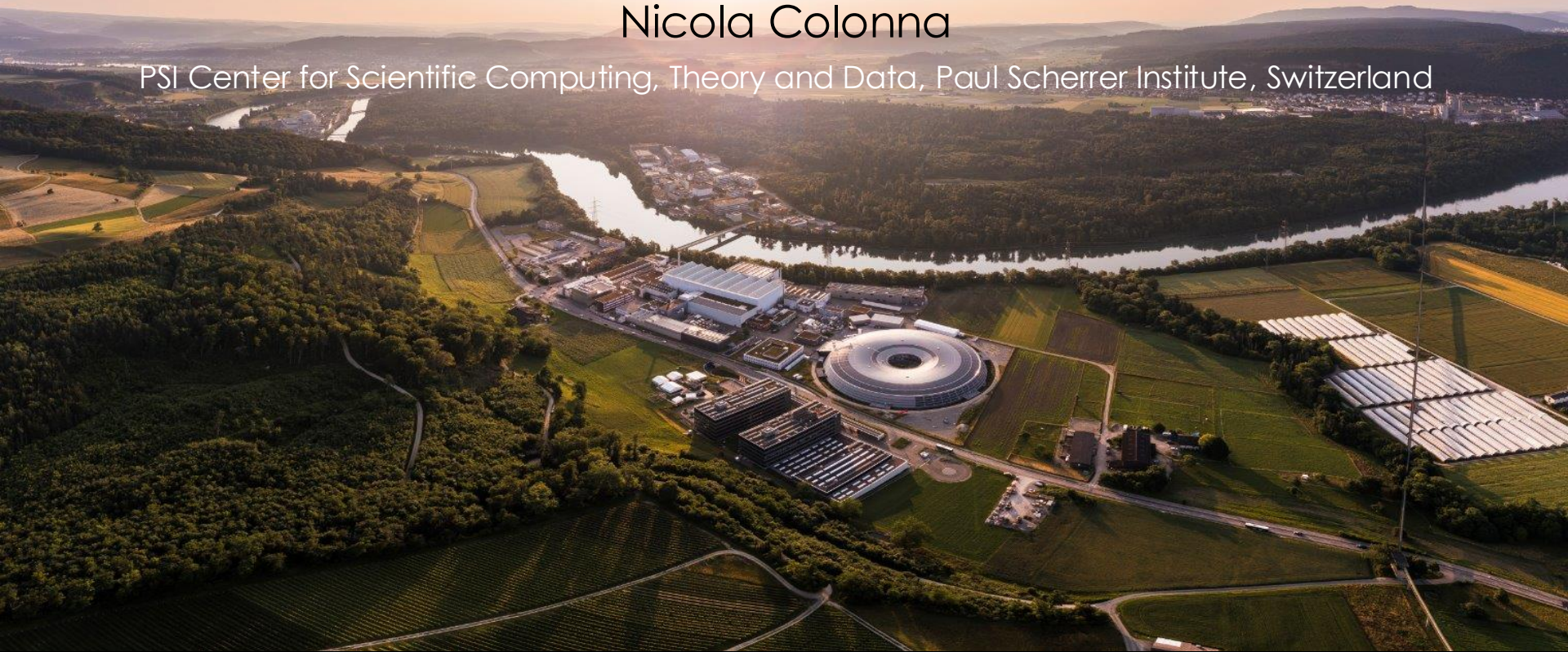


Koopmans spectral functionals: theory and recent developments

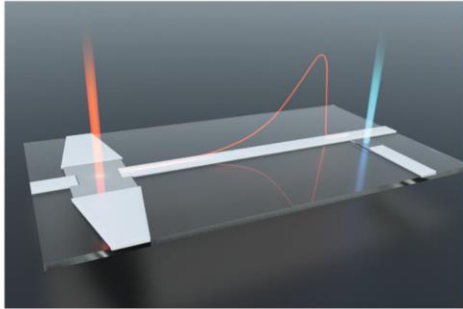
Nicola Colonna

PSI Center for Scientific Computing, Theory and Data, Paul Scherrer Institute, Switzerland



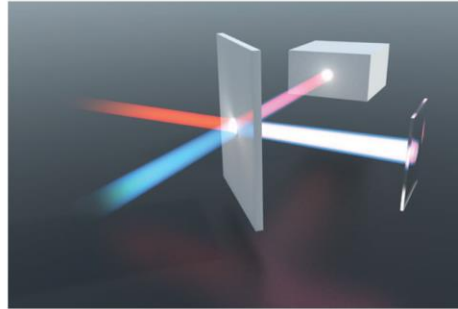
Spectral properties of materials

- Response of a system to external stimuli
- Connected to macroscopic materials properties



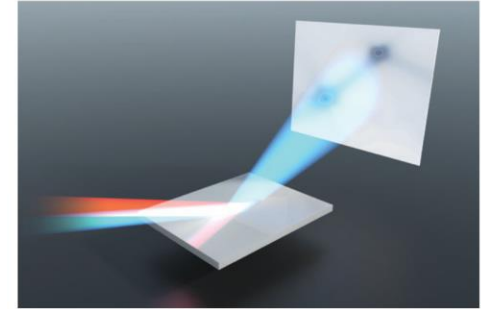
Transport

- Conductivity
- Carriers mobility



Optical probes

- Dielectric properties

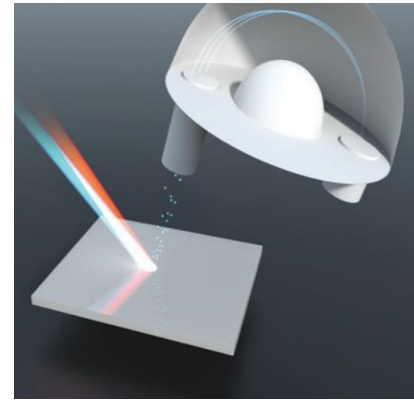
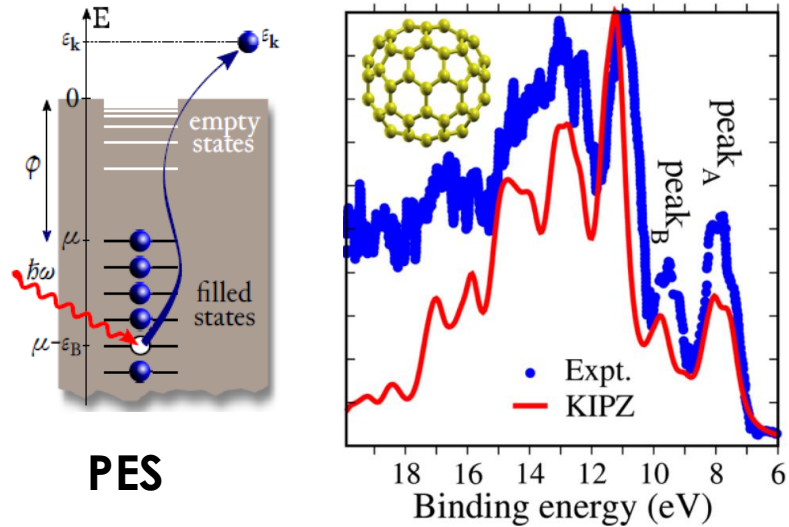


Scattering probes

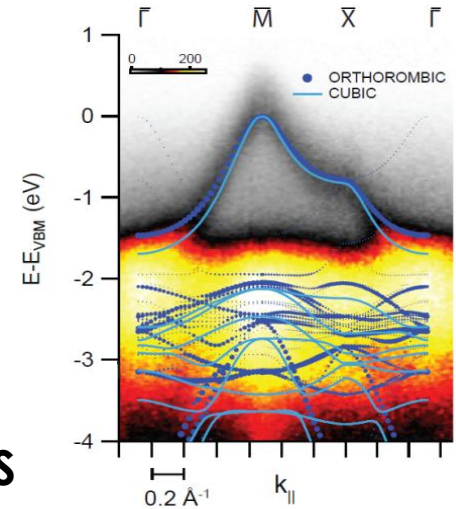
- Structural properties
- Electronic degrees of freedom

Spectral properties of materials

- Ultimately related to the underlying **electronic band structure**
- Band structure: directly probed with **photoemission spectroscopy**



Angle-resolved PES

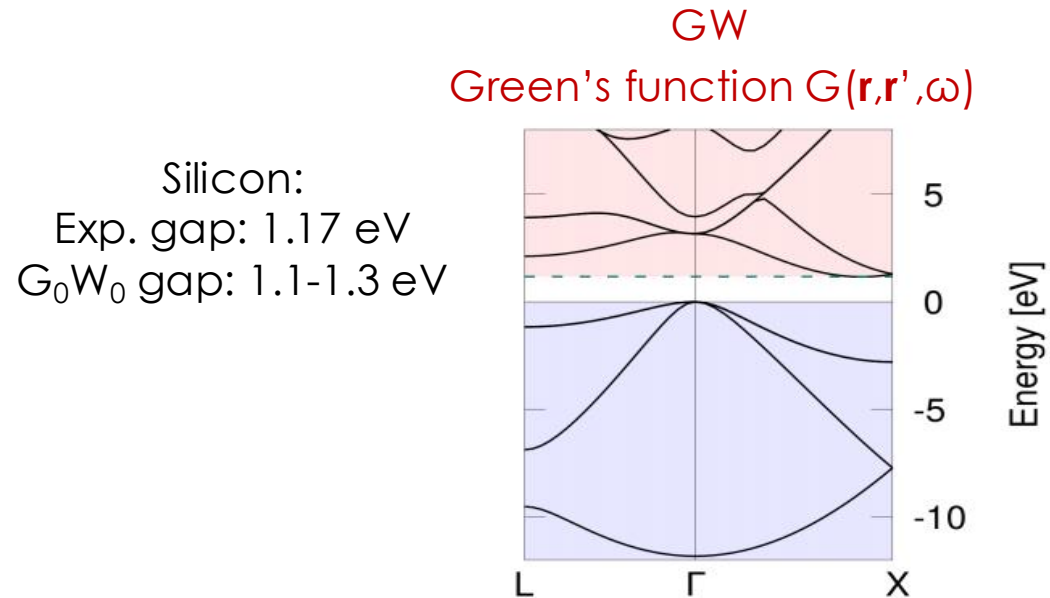


Picture courtesy of Dr. Marco Vanzini
N.L. Nguyen *et al.* PRL **114**, 166405 (2015)

Rev. Mod. Phys. **93**, 041002 (2021)
M. Puppini, S. Polishchuk, **NC et al.** PRL **124**, 206402 (2020)

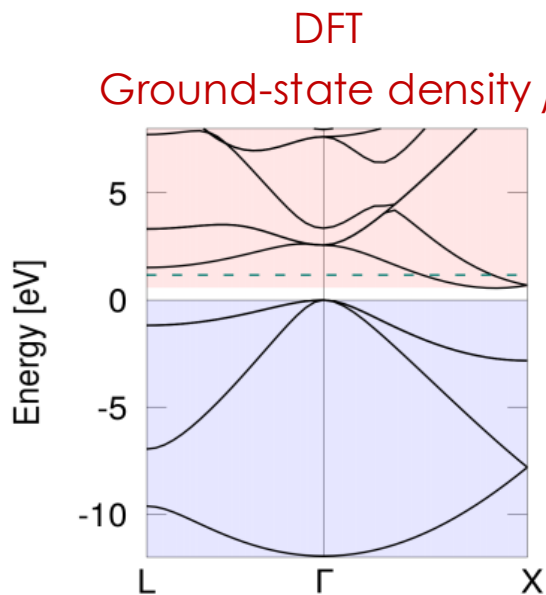
Density functional theory vs Green's functions

- **GW is accurate but complex** (non-local, and frequency dependent) and perturbative

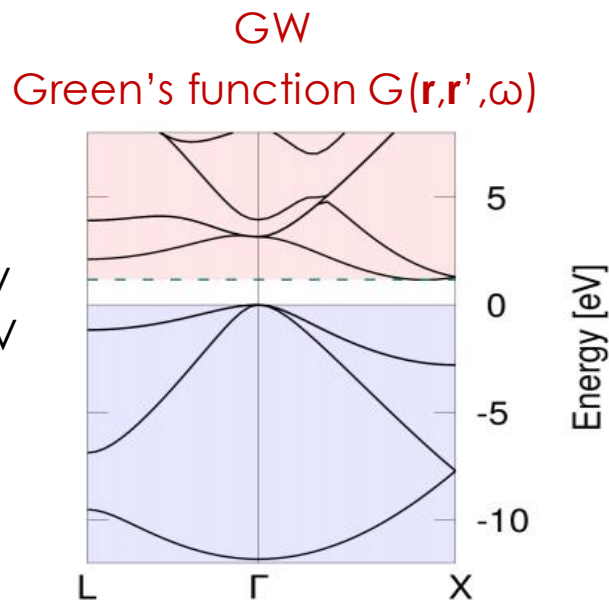


Density functional theory vs Green's functions

- **GW is accurate but complex** (non-local, and frequency dependent) and perturbative
- **KS-DFT is simple** (local) but not rigorously justified (although frequently used)

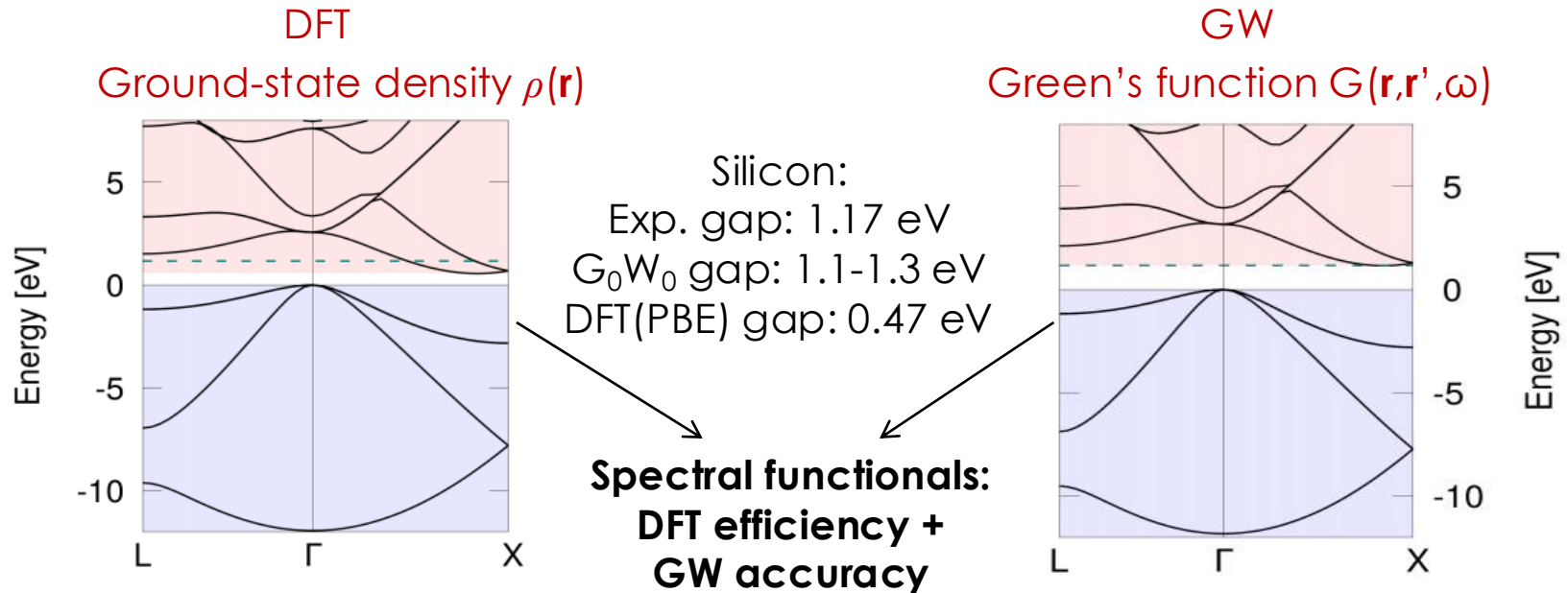


Silicon:
Exp. gap: 1.17 eV
 G_0W_0 gap: 1.1-1.3 eV
DFT(PBE) gap: 0.47 eV



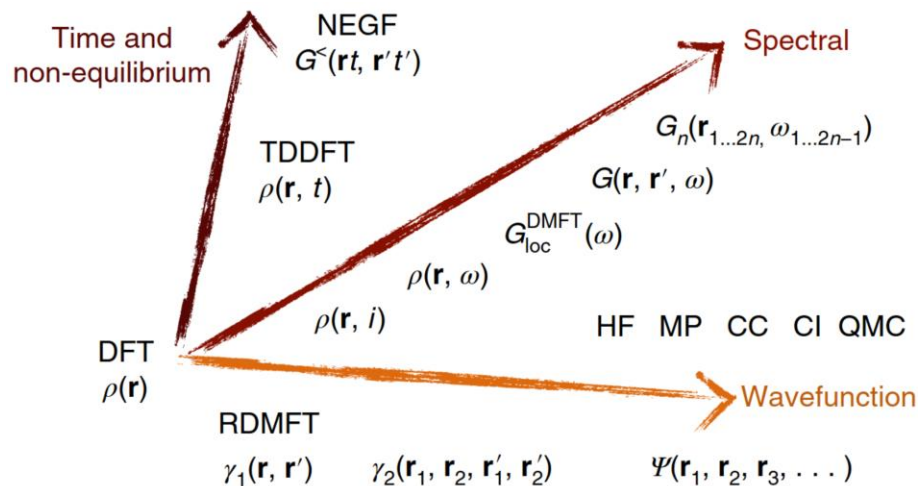
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Goal: Spectral functionals

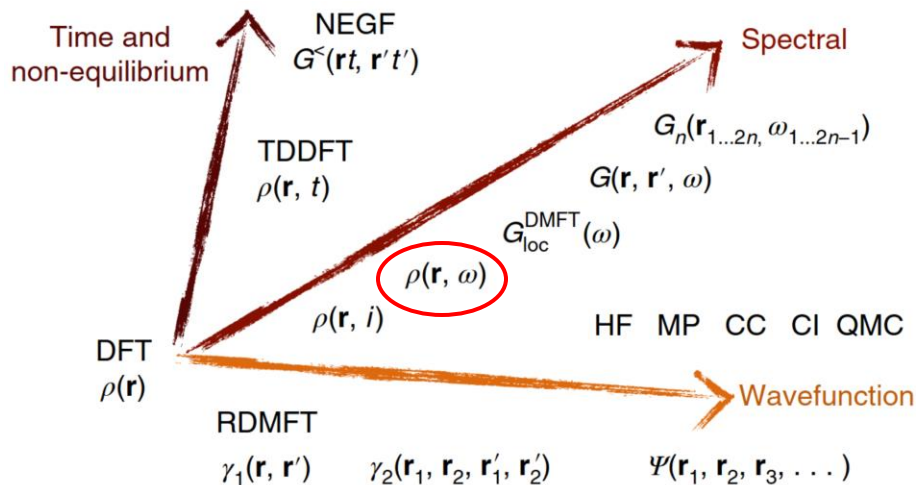
- **Spectral properties within a functional theory**
(achieving for electronic excitations what DFT has achieved for GS properties)
- Need to go **beyond DFT**: a functional of the local static density $\rho(\mathbf{r})$ can only give total energy



Marzari, Ferretti, and Wolverton Nature Materials **20**, 736 (2021)

Goal: Spectral functionals

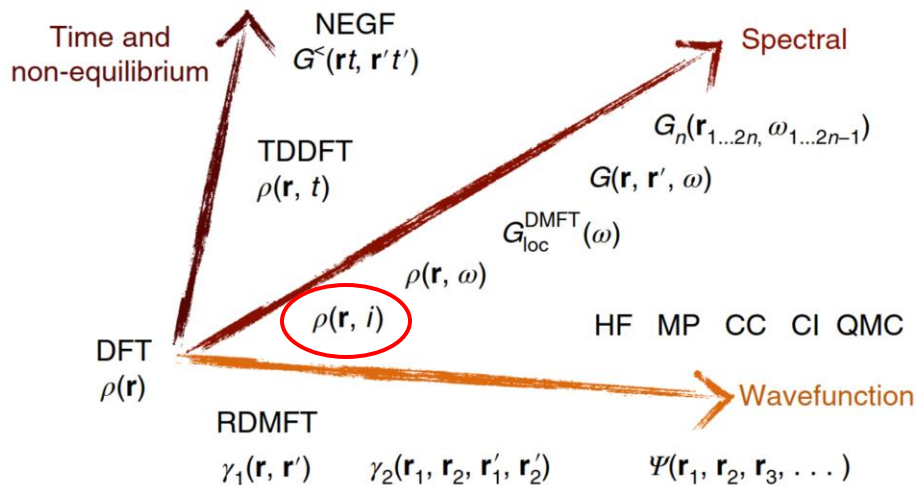
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Marzari, Ferretti, and Wolverton Nature Materials **20**, 736 (2021)

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- A functional of the **local spectral density** $\rho(\mathbf{r}, \omega)$ provides total energy and charged excitations [Ferretti and Marzari arXiv:2508.17245]
- In a quasi particle picture, $\rho(\mathbf{r}, \omega) \rightarrow \rho(\mathbf{r}, i)$: **orbital-density-dependent functionals**



Marzari, Ferretti, and Wolverton Nature Materials **20**, 736 (2021)

Koopmans-compliant spectral functionals

CORE IDEA:

For every orbital the expectation value

$$\varepsilon_i = \frac{dE}{df_i} = \langle \phi_i | \hat{H} | \phi_i \rangle$$

is **independent on its own occupation**
and equal to

$$\varepsilon_i = E_i^{N\pm 1} - E^N$$

I. Dabo *et al.* arXiv0910.2637 (2009)

I. Dabo *et al.* PRB **82**, 115121 (2010)

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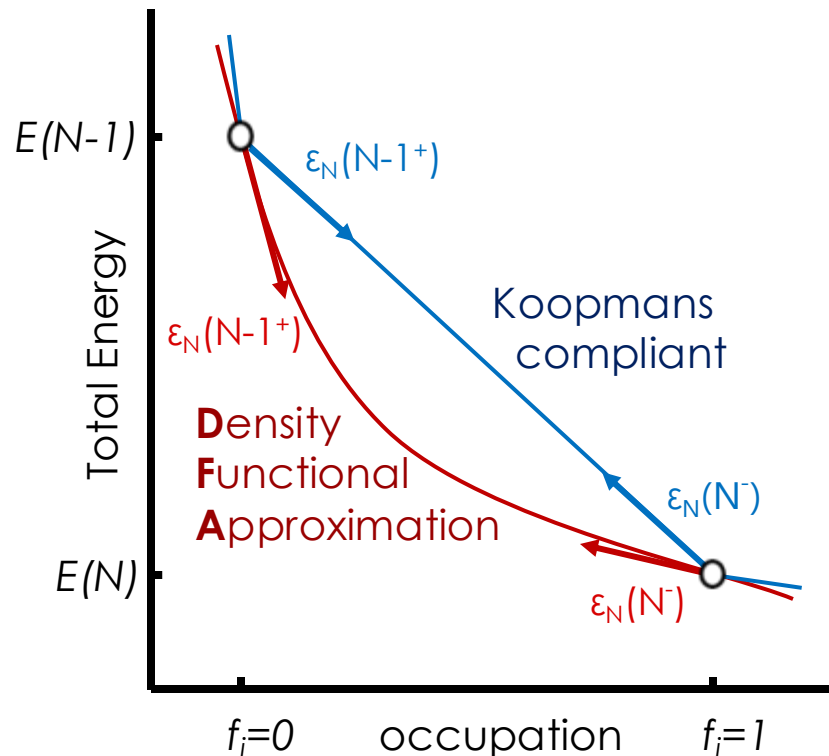
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Linearization

I. Dabo *et al.* PRB **82**, 115121 (2010); Borghi *et al.* PRB **90**, 075135 (2014)

$$E^{\text{KC}} = E^{\text{DFT}} + \sum_i \left[- \int_0^{f_i} ds \langle \phi_i | H^{\text{DFT}}(s) | \phi_i \rangle + f_i \eta_i \right]$$

Remove the non-linear term

Add a Koopmans' term

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first, at frozen orbital

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Basic variables: orbital densities

$$\rho_i(\mathbf{r}) \rightarrow v_i^{\text{KC}}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\delta E^{\text{KC}}}{\delta \rho_i(\mathbf{r})}$$

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Simplest approx. for η_i : **qKI**

correct leading quadratic error [N. Colonna *et al.*, JCTC **14**, 2549 (2018)]

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi_i^{\text{qKI}} &= \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) \partial_{f_i}^2 E^{\text{DFT}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) \langle n_i | f_{\text{HXC}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Similar to +U correction in DFT+U
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Similar to +U correction in DFT+U but **applies to all the orbitals**

Other KC flavors: **KI**, **KIPZ**, **pKIPZ**
(see Edward's talk)

Screening

I. Dabo *et al.* PRB **82**, 115121 (2010); N.L. Nguyen *et al.* PRX **8**, 021051 (2018); N. Colonna *et al.* JCTC **14**, 2549 (2018)

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$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\Pi}_i^{\text{qKI}} &= \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) d_{f_i}^2 E^{\text{DFT}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) \langle n_i | \varepsilon^{-1} f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle\end{aligned}$$

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Define an orbital-dependent **screening coefficient**:

$$\alpha_i = \frac{\langle n_i | \varepsilon^{-1} f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle}{\langle n_i | f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle}$$

$$E^{\text{KC}}[\rho, \{\rho_i\}] = E^{\text{DFT}}[\rho] + \sum_i \alpha_i \Pi_i^{\text{KC}}[\rho_i]$$

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$$E^{\text{KC}}[\rho, \{\rho_i\}] = E^{\text{DFT}}[\rho] + \sum_i \alpha_i \Pi_i^{\text{KC}}[\rho_i]$$

Alternatively, from finite differences (see Edward's talk): $\alpha_i = \frac{\Delta E_i^{\text{DFT}} - H_{ii}^{\alpha=0}}{H_{ii}^{\alpha=1} - H_{ii}^{\alpha=0}}$

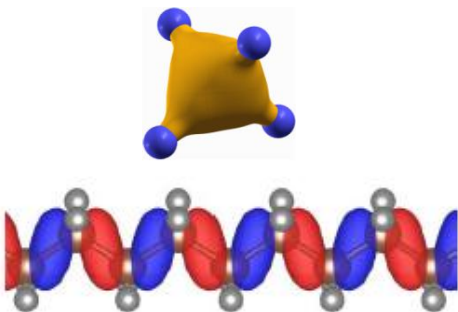
Localization

$$E_{gs}^{KC} = \min_{\{\phi_i\}} \left\{ E^{KC}[\{\rho_i\}] - \sum_{ij} \Lambda_{ji} (\langle \phi_i | \phi_j \rangle - \delta_{ji}) \right\}$$

At the minimum: $\langle \phi_j | \hat{h}_i^{KC} | \phi_i \rangle = \langle \phi_j | \hat{h}_j^{KC} | \phi_i \rangle \Rightarrow \Lambda$ is Hermitian

M. Pederson *et al.* JCP **80**, 1972 (1984)

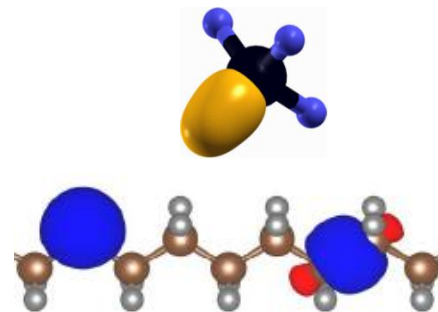
CANONICAL



$$\lambda_m = \sum_{ij} U_{mj} \Lambda_{ji} U_{im}^\dagger$$

$$|\psi_m\rangle = \sum_i |\phi_i\rangle U_{im}^\dagger$$

VARIATIONAL



Localization: key feature for application to extended systems!

Koopmans spectral functionals: Summary

$$E^{\text{KC}}[\rho, \{\rho_i\}] = E^{\text{DFT}}[\rho] + \sum_i \alpha_i \Pi_i^{\text{KC}}[\rho_i]$$

- **Orbital densities** as fundamental variables: $\rho_i(\mathbf{r}) = f_i |\phi_i(\mathbf{r})|^2$
- **Linearization:** $\frac{dE}{df_i} = E_i^{N\pm 1} - E^N$

I. Dabo *et al.* arXiv0910.2637 (2009); I. Dabo *et al.* PRB **82**, 115121 (2010)
- **Screening/Relaxation** upon electron addition/removal: $\alpha_i = \frac{\langle n_i | \varepsilon^{-1} f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle}{\langle n_i | f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}} | n_i \rangle}$

I. Dabo *et al.* PRB **82**, 115121 (2010); N. Colonna *et al.* JCTC **14**, 2549 (2018)
- **Localization** (key feature for extended system applications)

N.L. Nguyen *et al.* PRX **8**, 021051 (2018)

Comparison with DFT+U

	DFT+U	Koopmans
Seeks to correct ...	Erroneous global curvature in total energy w.r.t. N	Erroneous global curvature in total energy w.r.t. canonical occupancies

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Correction applied to ...	Selected subspaces (e.g. 3d)	The entire electronic manifold

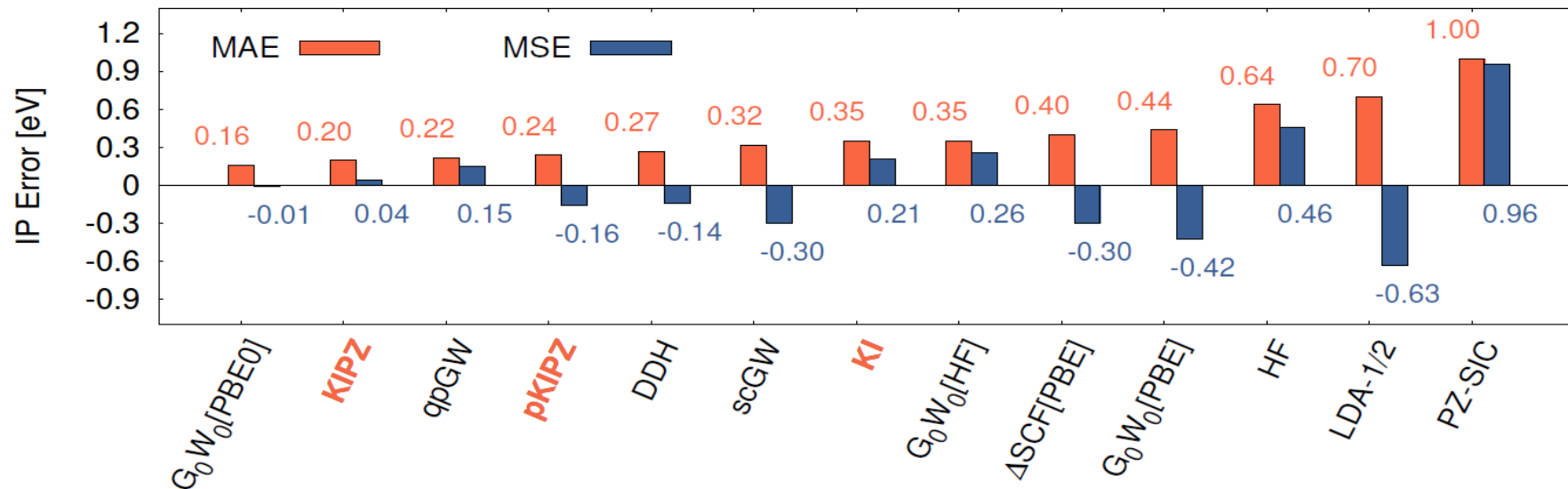
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Correction applied to ...	Selected subspaces (e.g. 3d)	The entire electronic manifold
Orbital defined by ...	Hubbard projectors (atomic, ortho-atomic, Wannier)	Variational (localised) orbitals
Parametrized by ...	Hubbard parameters: $\{U_i\}$	Screening coefficients: $\{\alpha_i\}$

Benchmarks: GW100 Test Set



Method

LDA-1/2

KI / KIPZ

HF / DDH

GW

Basic variable

$\rho(\mathbf{r})$

$\rho_i(\mathbf{r})$

$\gamma(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}')$

$G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}', \omega)$

Complexity

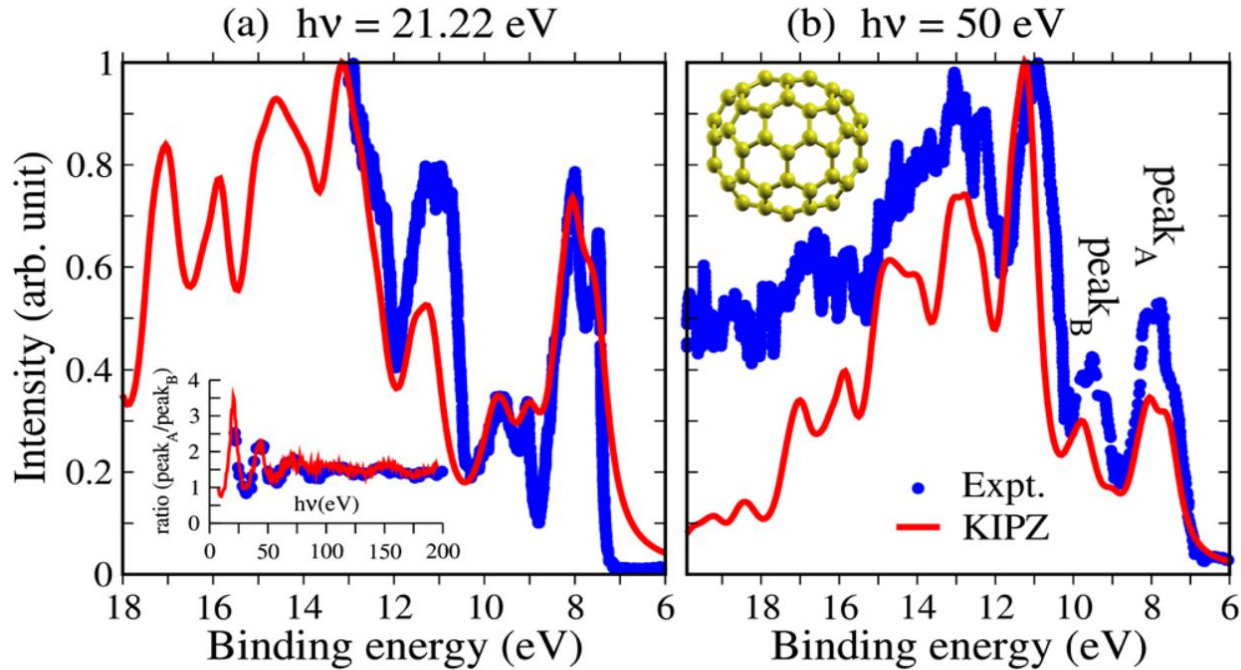
Local

Local and orbital-dependent

Non-local

Non-local and frequency dependent

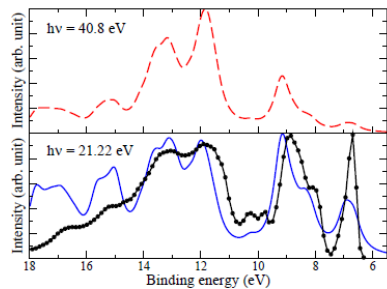
Photo-emission of molecules: C₇₀ fullerene



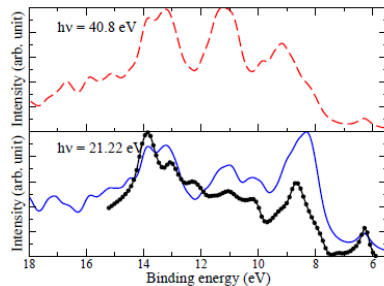
	PBE	scf-GW	KIPZ	Exp
Peak _A (eV)	5.60	7.45	7.42	7.48

Photo-emission of molecules

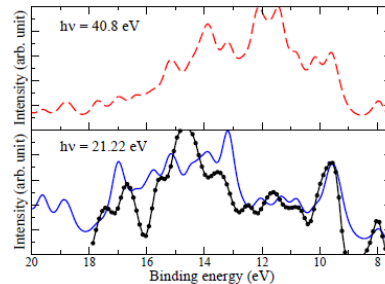
Porphyne



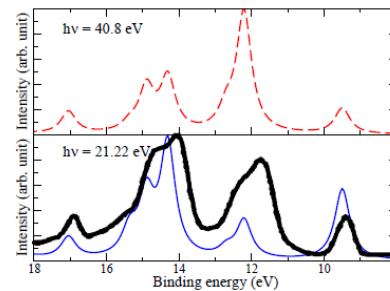
Phthalocyanine



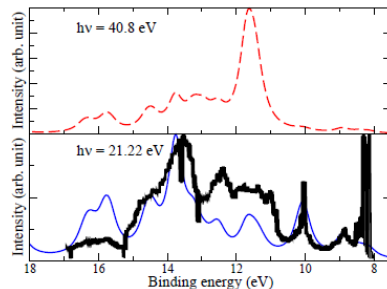
PTCDA



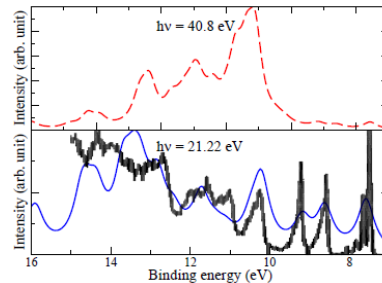
Benzene



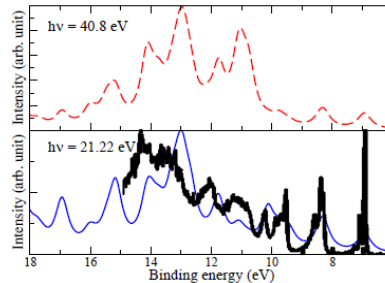
Naphthalene



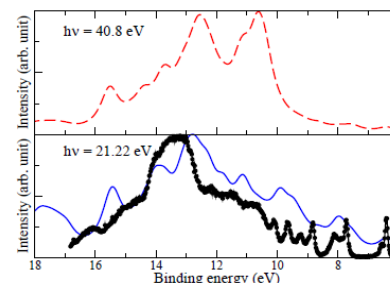
Antracene



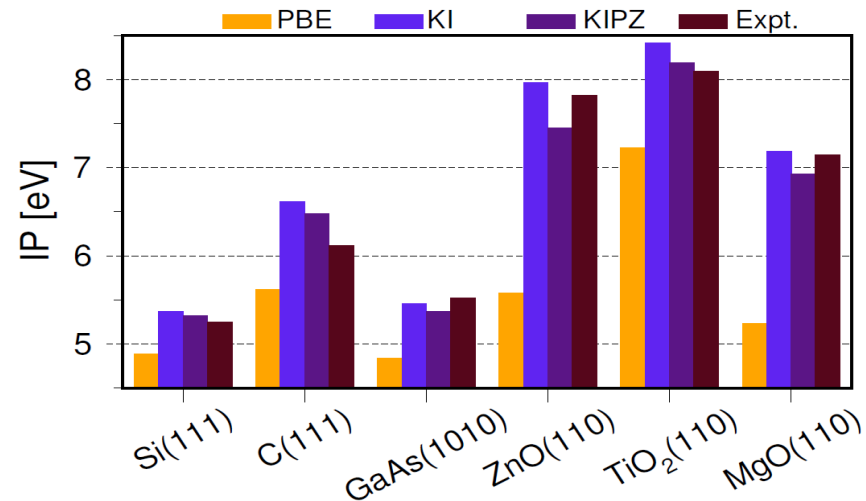
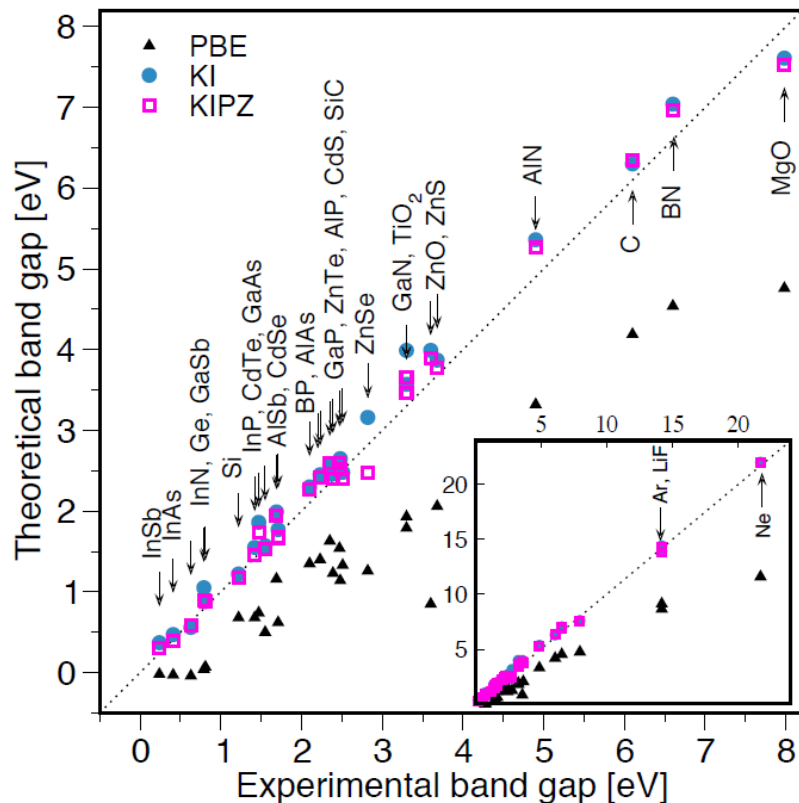
Tetracene



Pentacene



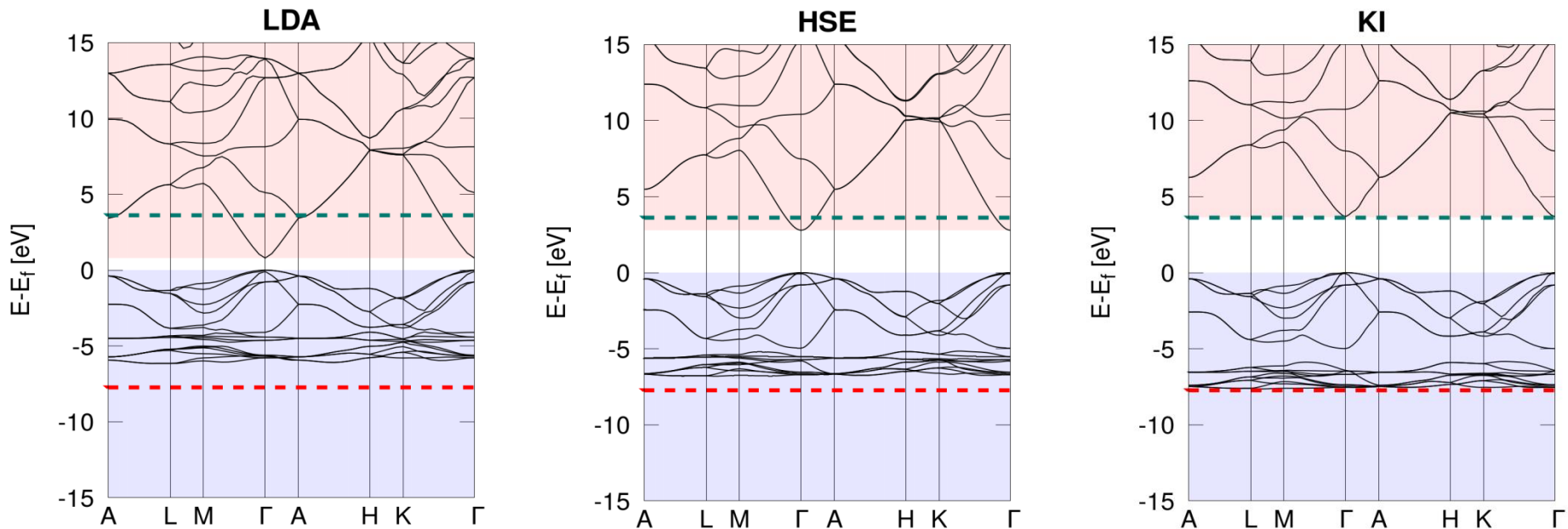
Band gaps and IPs in semiconductors



	MAE (eV)			
	G_0W_0	$QSG\tilde{W}$	KI	KIPZ
GAP	0.56	0.18	0.27	0.22
IP	0.39	0.49	0.19	0.21

N.L. Nguyen, **NC** et al. PRX **8**, 021051 (2018)

ZnO band structure



	LDA	HSE	GW_0	$scGW\tilde{w}$	KI	Exp
E_g (eV)	0.79	2.79	3.0	3.2	3.62	3.60
ϵ_d (eV)	-5.1	-6.1	-6.4	-6.7	-6.9	[-7.5;-8.0]
IP[110](eV)		7.11	7.17	8.24	7.97	7.82

N. Colonna *et al.* JCTC **18**, 5435 (2022)

Non-collinear extension

Requires an extension of the theory:

$$n_i(\mathbf{r}) \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \{n_i(\mathbf{r}), m_x^i(\mathbf{r}), m_y^i(\mathbf{r}), m_z^i(\mathbf{r})\}$$

$$n_i(\mathbf{r}) = \psi_i^\dagger(\mathbf{r})\psi_i(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathbf{m}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \mu_B \psi_i^\dagger(\mathbf{r})\boldsymbol{\sigma}\psi_i(\mathbf{r})$$

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$$\mathbf{m}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \mu_B \psi_i^\dagger(\mathbf{r})\boldsymbol{\sigma}\psi_i(\mathbf{r})$$

1. Energy correction:

$$\Pi_i^{\text{qKI}} = \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) \langle n_i | f_{\text{Hxc}} | n_i \rangle \quad \Rightarrow \quad \Pi_i^{\text{qKI}} = \frac{1}{2} f_i (1 - f_i) \langle \mathbf{n}_i | \mathbf{f}_{\text{Hxc}} | \mathbf{n}_i \rangle$$

$$f_{\text{Hxc}}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}}}{\delta \rho(\mathbf{r}) \delta \rho(\mathbf{r}')} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbf{f}_{\text{Hxc}}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \frac{\delta E_{\text{Hxc}}^{\text{DFT}}}{\delta \boldsymbol{\rho}(\mathbf{r}) \delta \boldsymbol{\rho}(\mathbf{r}')} = \begin{pmatrix} f_{\text{Hxc}}^{\rho, \rho} & f_{\text{xc}}^{\rho, m_x} & f_{\text{xc}}^{\rho, m_y} & f_{\text{xc}}^{\rho, m_z} \\ f_{\text{xc}}^{m_x, \rho} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_x, m_x} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_x, m_y} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_x, m_z} \\ f_{\text{xc}}^{m_y, \rho} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_y, m_x} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_y, m_y} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_y, m_z} \\ f_{\text{xc}}^{m_z, \rho} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_z, m_x} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_z, m_y} & f_{\text{xc}}^{m_z, m_z} \end{pmatrix}$$

Non-collinear extension

Requires an extension of the theory:

$$n_i(\mathbf{r}) \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \{n_i(\mathbf{r}), m_x^i(\mathbf{r}), m_y^i(\mathbf{r}), m_z^i(\mathbf{r})\}$$

$$n_i(\mathbf{r}) = \psi_i^\dagger(\mathbf{r})\psi_i(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathbf{m}_i(\mathbf{r}) = \mu_B \psi_i^\dagger(\mathbf{r})\boldsymbol{\sigma}\psi_i(\mathbf{r})$$

2. Screening coefficients

$$\alpha_i = \frac{\langle n_i | \epsilon^{-1} f_{\text{Hxc}} | n_i \rangle}{\langle n_i | f_{\text{Hxc}} | n_i \rangle}$$



$$\alpha_i = \frac{\langle \mathbf{n}_i | \epsilon^{-1} \mathbf{f}_{\text{Hxc}} | \mathbf{n}_i \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{n}_i | \mathbf{f}_{\text{Hxc}} | \mathbf{n}_i \rangle}$$

$$\epsilon^{-1} = 1 + f_{\text{Hxc}}\chi$$

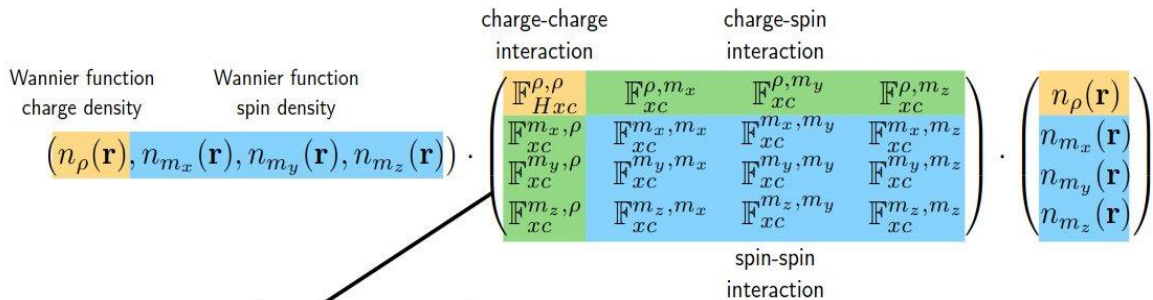


$$\epsilon^{-1} = \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{f}_{\text{Hxc}}\boldsymbol{\chi}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\chi}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \begin{pmatrix} \chi^{\rho, \rho} & \chi^{\rho, m_x} & \chi^{\rho, m_y} & \chi^{\rho, m_z} \\ \chi^{m_x, \rho} & \chi^{m_x, m_x} & \chi^{m_x, m_y} & \chi^{m_x, m_z} \\ \chi^{m_y, \rho} & \chi^{m_y, m_x} & \chi^{m_y, m_y} & \chi^{m_y, m_z} \\ \chi^{m_z, \rho} & \chi^{m_z, m_x} & \chi^{m_z, m_y} & \chi^{m_z, m_z} \end{pmatrix}$$

Non-collinear extension

$$\mathcal{V}_i^{KI(2)}(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{1}{2} \int d\mathbf{r} d\mathbf{r}' \mathbf{n}_i(\mathbf{r}) \mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') \mathbf{n}_i(\mathbf{r}') \sigma_0 + (1 - f_i) \sum_{\alpha} \int d\mathbf{r}' [\mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') \mathbf{n}_i(\mathbf{r}')]_{\alpha} \sigma_{\alpha}$$



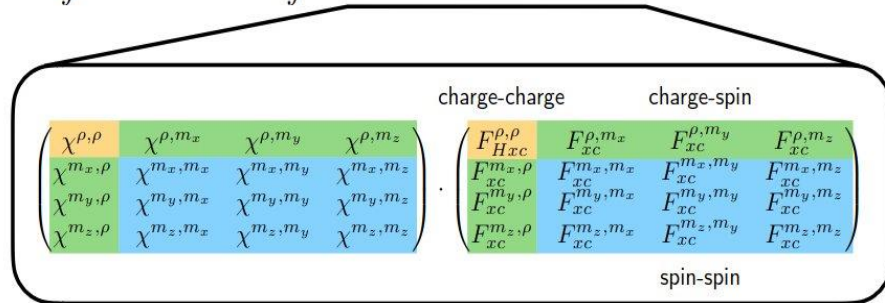
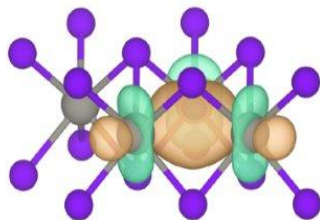
Spin-dependent interactions and screening effects **beyond** the random phase approximation (GW)

screened interaction $\mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') + \int d\mathbf{r}'' \mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}'') \int d\mathbf{r}''' \chi(\mathbf{r}'', \mathbf{r}''') \mathbb{F}_{Hxc}(\mathbf{r}''', \mathbf{r}')$

un-screened interaction

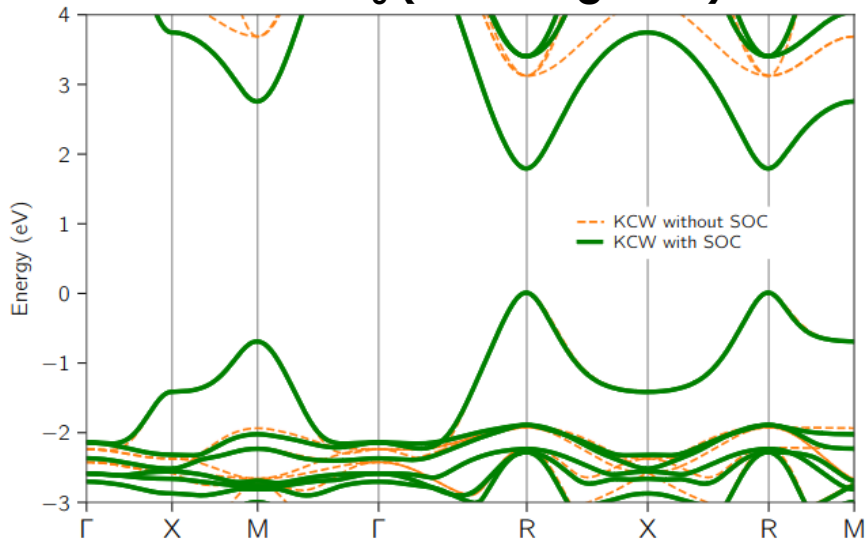
interacting response function

Available in QE v7.4:
KCW package

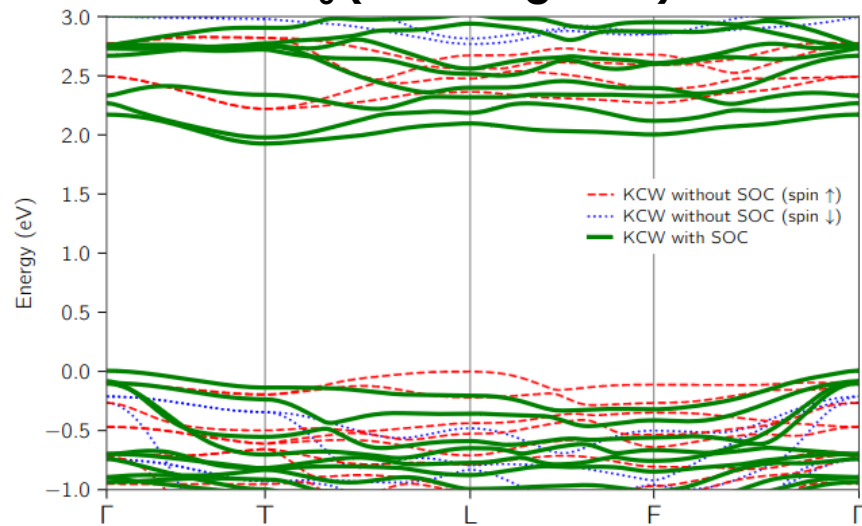


Non-collinear extension

CsPbBr₃ (non magnetic)



CrI₃ (ferromagnetic)



	LDA	HSE	G ₀ W ₀	QSGW*	KI	Exp.
CsPbBr ₃	0.18	0.78	0.94	1.53	1.78	1.85
CrI ₃	0.43	1.65	1.99	2.2 - 2.5	1.92	2.2

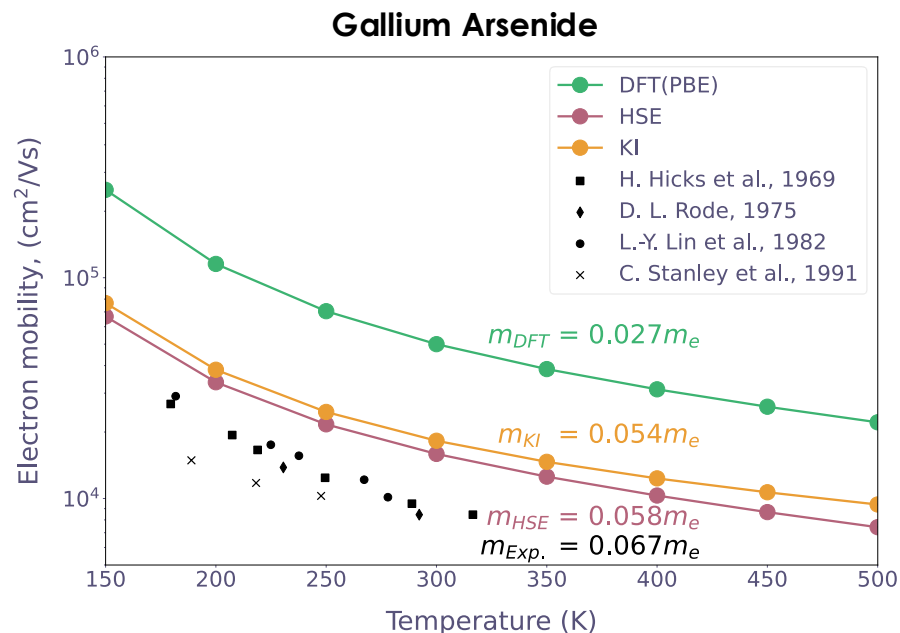
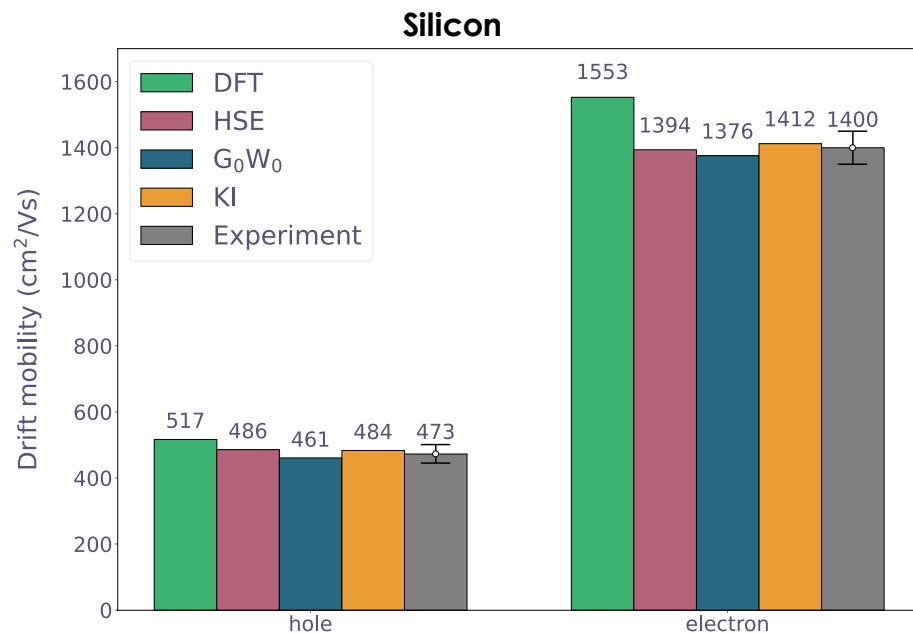
Results as good as state-of-the-art GW (QSGW plus vertex corrections)

A. Marrazzo and N. Colonna, PRR **6**, 033085 (2024)

Interaction with the nuclei

Electron-phonon interaction

(temperature dependence, **transport**,
BCS superconductivity, ...)



A. Poliukhin, **NC** et al. npj Comp. Mat. **12**, 151 (2026)

Optical spectra: Koopmans meets Bethe-Salpeter

Density Functional Theory



$$\{\phi_i(\mathbf{r}), \varepsilon_i^{\text{KS}}\}$$

GW-BSE



Dynamical screened
Coulomb

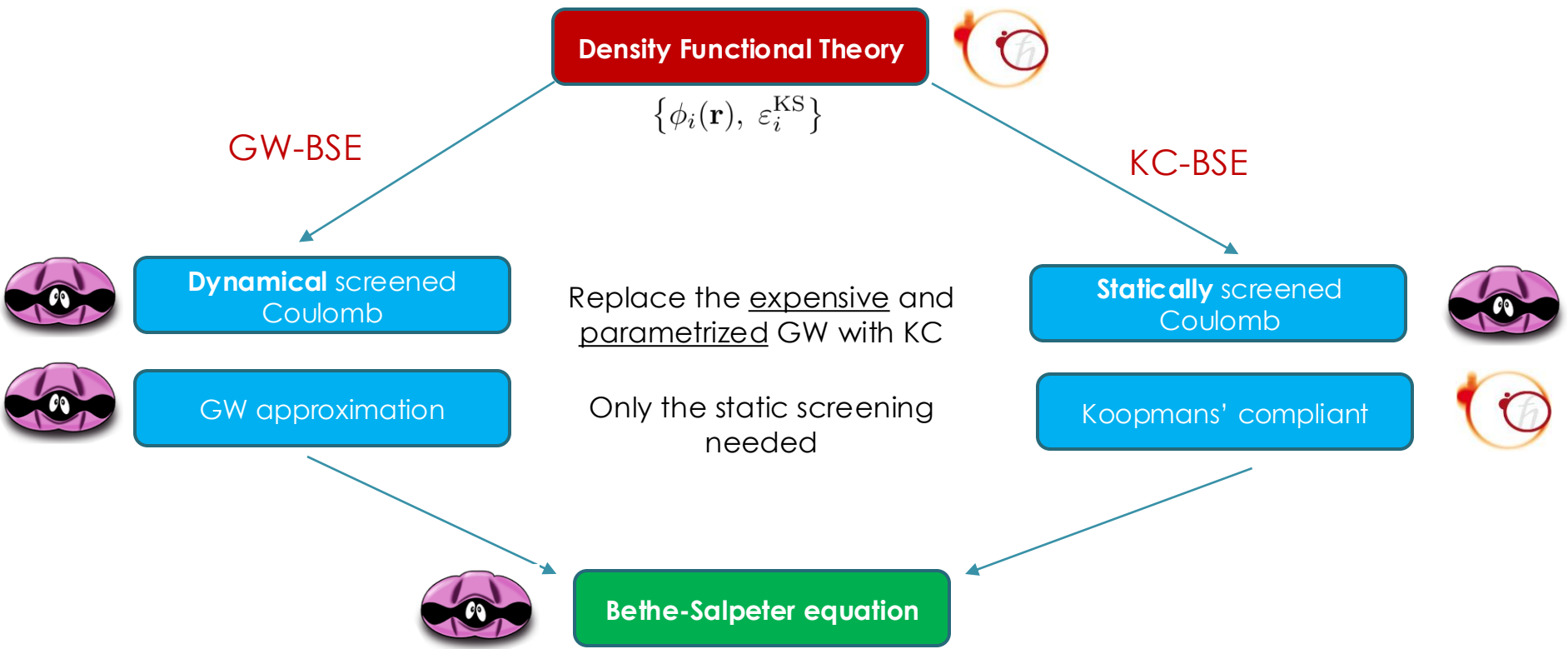


GW approximation



Bethe-Salpeter equation

Optical spectra: Koopmans meets Bethe-Salpeter



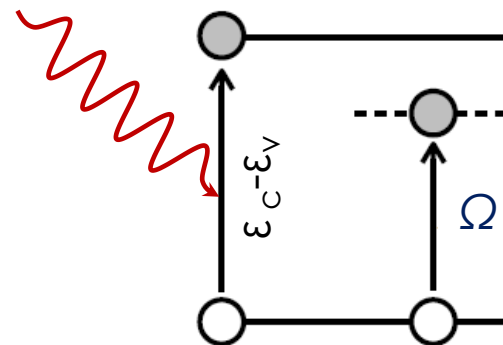
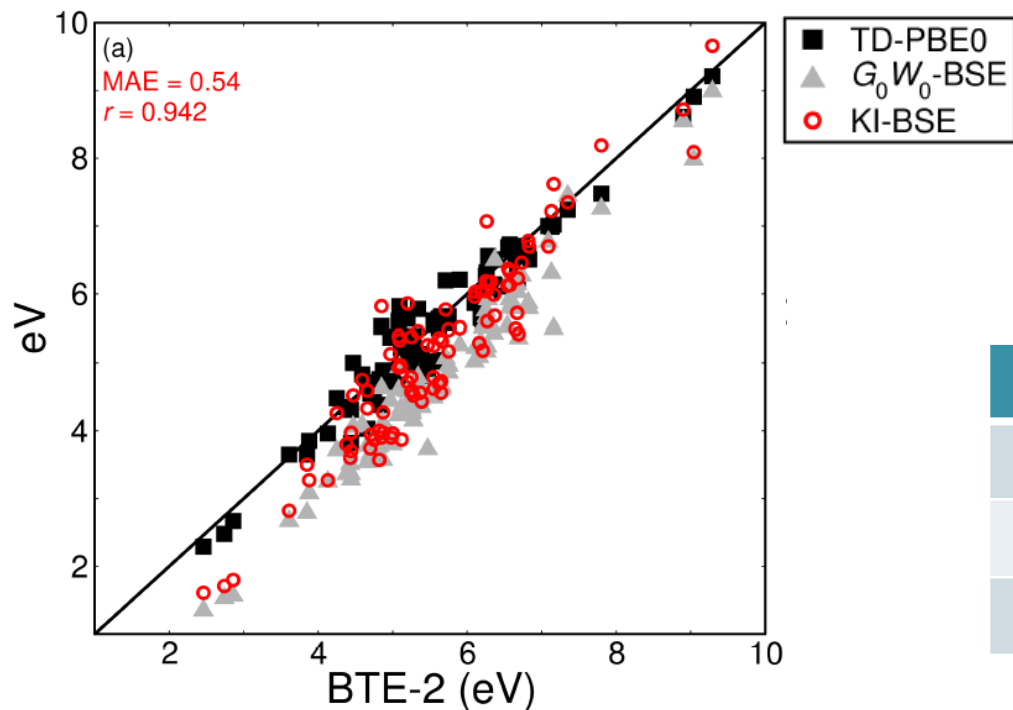
J. Elliott, **N. Colonna**, *et al.* JCTC **15**, 3710 (2019); M. Bonacci *et al.* in preparation (2026)

Finite systems: Thiel's set benchmark

BTE-2: Schreiber et al. J. Chem. Phys **128**, 134110 (2008)

G_0W_0 : Bruneval et al., J. Chem. Phys. **142**, 244101 (2015)

TD-PBE0: Jaquemin et al., J. Chem. Theory Comput. **5**, 2420 (2009)



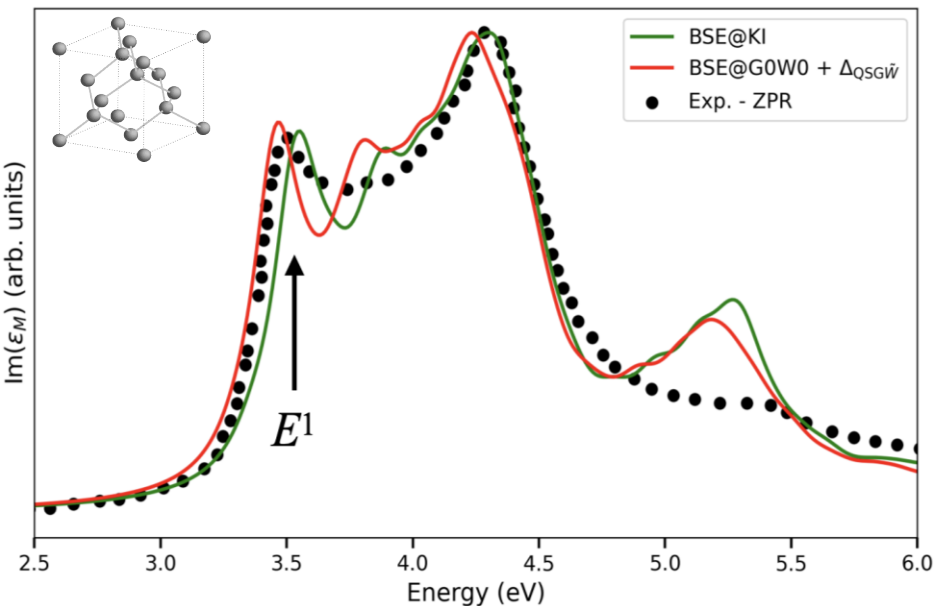
Average performance

	MAE	MA%E	MSE
KI-BSE	0.54	10.6	-0.43
GW-BSE	0.83	16.1	-0.83
TD-PBE0	0.26	4.72	0.04

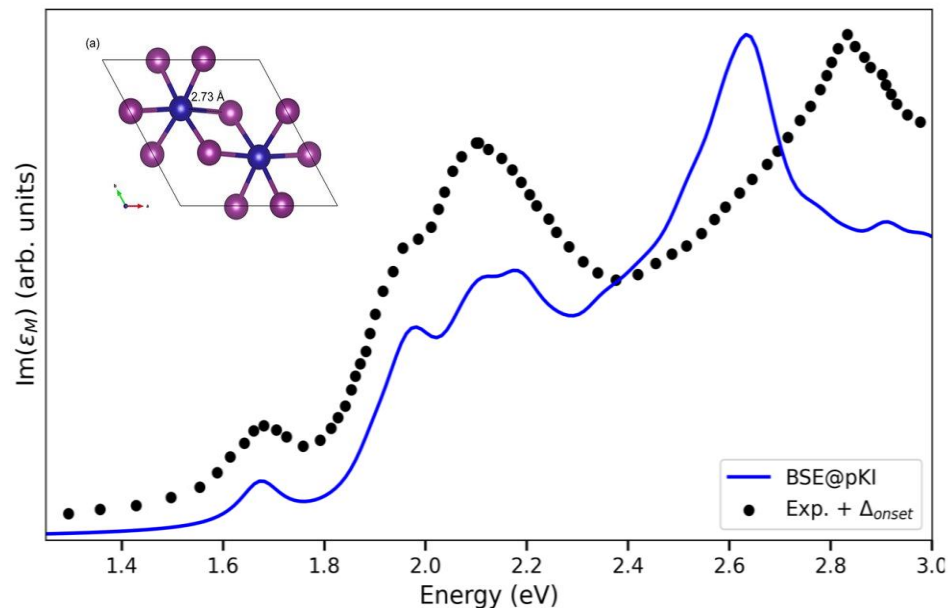
J. Elliott, N. Colonna, et al. JCTC **15**, 3710 (2019)

Applications to extended systems

Silicon



CrI₃



M. Bonacci, et al. in preparation (2026)

Real-time propagation

Time-dependent spectroscopies and non-linear phenomena

(Transient absorption, time-resolved ARPES,
pump/probe, ultrafast, HHG, ...)

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\rho}}{\partial t} = i\hbar \left[\hat{H}^{\text{eff}}(t), \hat{\rho}(t) \right]$$

$$\hat{H}^{\text{eff}}(t) = \boxed{\hat{H}^0} + \boxed{\hat{U}(t)} + \boxed{\Sigma^{e-e}[\Delta\hat{\rho}](t)}$$



quasi-particle H



el-el interaction



external electric field

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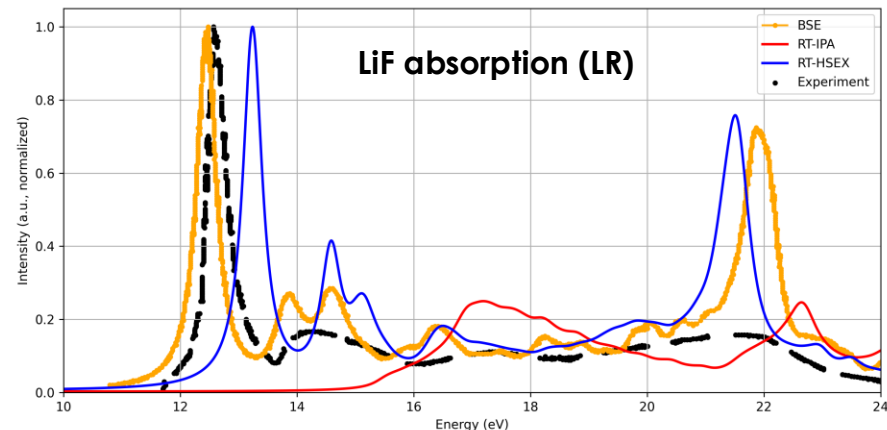
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EDUS + ~~Q~~

 quasi-particle H ~~Q~~

 el-el interaction (HSEX) ~~Q~~

 external electric field



Real-time propagation

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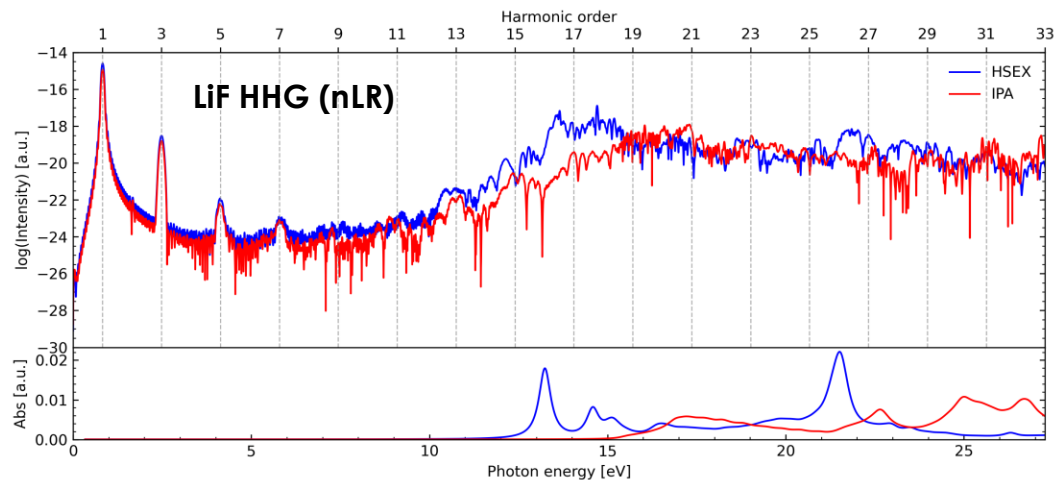
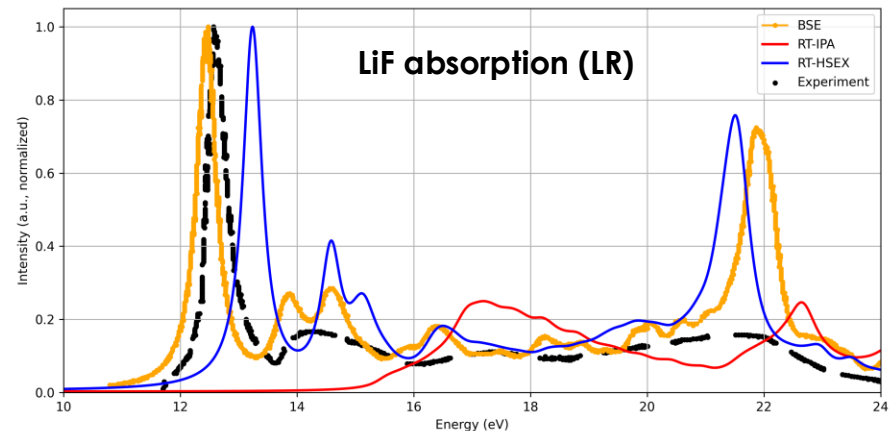
$$\hat{H}^{\text{eff}}(t) = \boxed{\hat{H}^0} + \boxed{\hat{U}(t)} + \boxed{\Sigma^{e-e}[\Delta\hat{\rho}](t)}$$

EDUS + \mathcal{K}

 quasi-particle H \mathcal{K}

 el-el interaction (HSEX) \mathcal{K}

 external electric field



G. Cistaro, ... , NC in preparation (2026)

KC potentials vs self-energies

Orbital-density dependent functionals (KC but also, e.g., PZ-SIC):

$$[h_0 + \bar{v}_{xc,m}^{\text{KC}}]|\psi_m\rangle = \lambda_m|\psi_m\rangle$$

$\bar{v}_{xc,m}^{\text{KC}}(\mathbf{r})$: **real, local** and **state-dependent**

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This is reminiscent of Green's function theory:

$$[h_0 + \Sigma_m^{\text{QP}}]|\psi_m^{\text{QP}}\rangle = z_m^{\text{QP}}|\psi_m^{\text{QP}}\rangle$$

$\Sigma_m^{\text{QP}}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}')$: **complex, non-local** and **state-dependent**

KC potentials vs self-energies (Hartree-Fock)

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Hartree-Fock Self energy (in the localized representation of the variational orbitals)

$$\Sigma_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = - \sum_{k\sigma}^{\text{occ}} \psi_{k\sigma}(\mathbf{x}) \psi_{k\sigma}^*(\mathbf{x}') f_{\text{H}}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}')$$

$$\langle i\sigma | \Sigma_{\mathbf{x}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq - \langle \phi_{i\sigma} | v_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] | \phi_{i\sigma} \rangle \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'}$$

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KIPZ@Hartree and **NO screening** ($v_{xc}=0$, $f_{\text{Hxc}}=f_{\text{H}}$, $\epsilon^{-1}=1$)

$$\langle i\sigma | v_{j\sigma',xc}^{\text{KIPZ}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | f_{\text{H}} | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\} \simeq - \langle \phi_{i\sigma} | v_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] | \phi_{i\sigma} \rangle \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'}$$



A. Ferretti et al., PRB **89**, 195134 (2014); N. Colonna et al. JCTC **15**, 1905 (2019)

KC potentials vs self-energies (COHSEX)

Screened Exchange plus Coulomb hole (COHSEX): $\Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{COHSEX}} = \Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{COH}} + \Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{SEX}}$

$$\Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{SEX}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = - \sum_{k\sigma}^{\text{occ}} \psi_{k\sigma}(\mathbf{x}) \psi_{k\sigma}^*(\mathbf{x}') W(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}')$$

$$\Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{COH}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \frac{1}{2} \delta(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') [W(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') - f_{\text{H}}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}')]$$

In the localized representation
of the variational orbitals



$$\langle i\sigma | \Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{COHSEX}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | W | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\}$$

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$$\langle i\sigma | \Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{COHSEX}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | W | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\}$$

KIPZ@Hartree plus RPA screening ($v_{\text{xc}}=0$, $f_{\text{Hxc}}=f_{\text{H}}$, $\epsilon^{-1} = \text{RPA}$)

$$\langle i\sigma | v_{j\sigma', \text{xc}}^{\text{KIPZ}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | W | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\}$$

KC potentials vs self-energies (static $\text{GW}\Gamma_{\text{xc}}$)

KIPZ@DFT ($v_{\text{xc}}=\text{DFT}$, $f_{\text{Hxc}}=\text{DFT}$, $\varepsilon^{-1}=\text{DFT}$)

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{Hxc}} = \varepsilon_{t-e}^{-1} f_{\text{Hxc}}$$

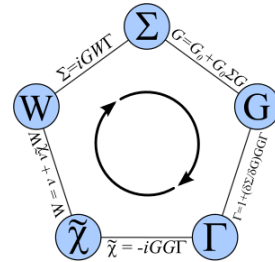
$$\langle i\sigma | v_{j\sigma',\text{xc}}^{\text{KIPZ}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \langle \phi_{i\sigma} | v_{\sigma,\text{xc}}^{\text{DFT}} | \phi_{i\sigma} \rangle + \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | \mathcal{F}_{\text{Hxc}}^{\sigma\sigma} | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{Hxc}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\}$$

$\text{GW}\Gamma_{\text{xc}}$: including local (DFT based) vertex corrections

$$\Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{GW}\Gamma_{\text{xc}}}(1, 2) = iG(1, 2)W_{t-e}(1, 2)$$

$$W_{t-e} = \varepsilon_{t-e}^{-1} f_{\text{H}} = [1 - f_{\text{Hxc}}\chi_0]^{-1} f_{\text{H}}$$

$$\Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{(0)}(1, 2) = \delta(1, 2)V_{\text{xc}}(1)$$



Hybertsen and Louie, Phys Rev B, **35** 5585 (1987); Del Sole et al. Phys. Rev. B, **49** 8024 (1994)

$$\langle i\sigma | \Sigma_{\text{xc}}^{\text{GW}\Gamma_{\text{xc}}} | j\sigma' \rangle \simeq \delta_{ij} \delta_{\sigma\sigma'} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - f_{i\sigma} \right) \langle n_{i\sigma} | W_{t-e} | n_{i\sigma} \rangle - E_{\text{H}}[n_{i\sigma}] \right\}$$

N. Colonna et al. JCTC **15**, 1905 (2019)

Resonance with other efforts

- **Wannier transition-state method** (Anisimov and Kozhevnikov)
 - V. I. Anisimov and A. V. Kozhevnikov Phys. Rev. B **72**, 075125 (2005)
 - V. I. Anisimov *et al.* J. Phys.: Condens. Matter **16** 106206 (2007)
- **Ensemble-DFT** (E. Kraisler & L. Kronik)
 - E. Kraisler and L. Kronik PRL **110** 126403 (2013)
- **Dielectric-dependent hybrid functionals** (G. Galli, A. Pasquarello, ...)
 - J.H. Skone *et al.* Phys. Rev. B **89** 195112 (2014)
- **LOSC functionals** (W. Yang)
 - C. Li *et al.* Phys. Rev. Lett. **114**, 053001 (2015)
 - C. Li *et al.* National Science Review **5**, 203 (2018)
- **Koopmans-Wannier** (Lin-Wang Wang)
 - J. Ma and L.-W. Wang Scientific Report **6** 24924 (2016)
- **Optimally tuned hybrid functionals** (L. Kronik, A. Pasquarello, ...)
 - D. Wing *et al.* PNAS **18**, e2104556118 (2021)

Conclusions

- **Paradigm shift**; conceptually similar to DFT but with a **functional theory of orbital densities** (quasiparticle discretization of a spectral functional theory [Ferretti and Marzari arXiv:2508.17245])

DFT: Ground State properties

$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N) \longleftrightarrow \rho(\mathbf{r})$$

Koopmans: Charged excitations

$$\Psi(\mathbf{r}_1, \mathbf{r}_2, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N) \longrightarrow \rho(\mathbf{r}, i)$$

- **Accuracy comparable to state-of-the-art Greens function methods** at a **reduced computational cost and complexity**, and within a **functional framework**
- **Linearization, Screening and Localization** as key features
- **Spin-dependent screening effects and interactions** beyond standard diagrammatic techniques
- **Open source**: available in the official QE release and at koopmans-functionals.org

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- G. Borghi et al. PRB **90**, 075153 (2014)
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- N. Colonna et al. JCTC **14**, 2549 (2018)
- N. Colonna et al. JCTC **15**, 1905 (2019)
- N.L. Nguyen, et al. PRX **8**, 021051 (2018)
- J. Elliott, et al. JCTC **15**, 3710 (2019) KC+BSE
- R. De Gennaro et. al PRB **106** 035106 (2022)
- N. Colonna et al. JCTC **18**, 5435 (2022)
- E. Linscott et al. JCTC **19**, 7097 (2023)
- A. Marrazzo and N. Colonna PRR **6**, 033085 (2024)
- Y. Schubert et al. npj Comp. Mat. **10**, 2997 (2024)
- Theoretical framework
- Theoretical framework
- KC as a spectral theory
- Screening/Relaxation
- Connection with the GW approximation
- Application to extended systems (band gaps)
- KC+BSE for finite systems
- Bloch's symmetry and band structures
- KCW code: Implementation of KC in PBC
- Koopmans package
- Non-collinear extension
- Machine learning the screening coefficients

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Nicola Marzari
EPFL, PSI,
Cambridge



Edward Linscott
PSI



Miki Bonacci
PSI/CNR nano
Modena



Antimo Marrazzo
SISSA



Aleksandr Poliukhin
EPFL



Giovanni Cistaro
EPFL/CNR

Ismaila Dabo, Andrea Ferretti, Matteo Cococcioni, Linh Nguyen, Giovanni Borghi, ...

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Thank you for the
attention!