

#### Exploring winding sector with Double Field Theory

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Conference on Aspects of String Phenomenology and Cosmology

Based on collaborations with M. Graña, S. Iguri, M. Mayo, C. Nuñez, A. Rosabal.

- GA, L. E. Ibanez, F. Quevedo and A. M. Uranga, "D-branes at singularities: A Bottom up approach to the string embedding of the standard model," JHEP **0008** (2000) 002
- G.A, L. E. Ibanez, F. Quevedo and A. M. Uranga, "From branes at singularities to particle physics," 9th Marcel Grossmann Meeting , 2-9 Jul 2000. Rome, Italy
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- G.A, L. E. Ibanez and F. Quevedo, "On realistic brane worlds from type I strings," hep-ph/0005033.2
- G.A, L. E. Ibanez and F. Quevedo, "Standard like models with broken supersymmetry from type I string vacua," JHEP **0001** (2000) 031
- G.A , A. Font, L. E. Ibanez and F. Quevedo, 'Heterotic / heterotic duality in D = 6, D = 4," Phys. Lett. B **380** (1996) 33
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Dualities, Brane worlds, physcis at different scales....

N\_



#### DFT

Duff, Siegel, Tseytlin, (1990-1993) Hull, Zwiebach (2009)

Hohm, Hull, Zwiebach (2010)

G.A, Andriot, Baron, Bedoya, Berkeley, Berman, Betz, Blair, Blumenhagen, Dall Agata, Dibitetto, Cederwall, Coimbra, Copland, Geissbuller, Fernandez-Melgarejo, Graña, Hohm, Hull, Iguri, Jeon, Kleinschmidt, Kwak, Larfors, Lee, Lust, Malek, Marques, Mayo, Minasias, Nibbelink, Nuñez, Park, Patalong, Penas, Perry, Petrini, Pezzella, Renecke, Roest, Rosabal, Rudolph, Samtleben, Shahbazi, Strickland-Constable, Thomson, Waldram, West, Zweibach, ...

Many others...

#### Motivation:

- Windings are a key *stringy* ingredient of T-duality.
- DFT aims to incorporate stringy T-duality in an effective field theory.

compact momentum $p \leftrightarrow y$ compact coordinatewinding $\tilde{p} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}$ New dual coordinateD = d + 2nD = d + 2n $T(x, \mathbb{Y}) = T(x, y, \tilde{y})$ O(n, n)tensor

• However **DFT** requires constraints:

Strong constraint
$$\partial_y \otimes \partial_{\tilde{y}} = 0 \rightarrow \Phi(x,y)$$
Generalized Scherk-Schwarz $\Phi(x,\mathbb{Y}) = \hat{\Phi}(x)T(y,\tilde{y})$ 

Twist of KK zero mode

• Windings have not been clearly included in DFT, yet



#### $Gaugings \equiv fluxes \longrightarrow scalar potential$

- Moduli stabilization
- Avoid non physical long range forces
- Susy breaking mechanism
- New phenomenology

#### **Circle compactification**

$$z = e^{i\sigma + \tau}$$



$$\begin{split} Y(z,\bar{z}) &= y(z) + \bar{y}(\bar{z}) \rightarrow Y(z,\bar{z}) + 2\pi \tilde{p}R \\ \tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z}) &= y(z) - \bar{y}(\bar{z}) \rightarrow \tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z}) + 2\pi p\tilde{R} \\ \text{Left} & \text{Right} \\ k &= \frac{p}{R} + \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}}, \qquad \bar{k} = \frac{p}{R} - \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}} \end{split}$$

$$\tilde{R} = \alpha'/R$$

String states

$$\begin{array}{c} X^{\mu}(z,\bar{z}) \\ \overbrace{ } \\ \sim : e^{[iky(z)+i\bar{k}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]}e^{iK\cdot[x(z)+\bar{x}(\bar{z})]} :\equiv e^{[ipY(z,\bar{z})+\tilde{p}\tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z})]}e^{iK\cdot X(z,\bar{z})} :\end{array}$$

$$S^1 \times M_{st} \to S^1(R) \times \tilde{S}^1(\tilde{R}) \times M_{st}$$

?

#### String $\rightarrow$ DFT

**Need to explore**  $p, \tilde{p} \neq 0$  **sector** 

$$\begin{split} M^2 &= \frac{2}{\alpha'}(N+\tilde{N}-2) + [(\frac{p}{R})^2 + (\frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}})^2] \\ \tilde{N}-N &= p.\tilde{p} \end{split} \quad \text{Level matching} \end{split}$$

Massive states

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$$\tilde{N} = 1, N = 1$$
  $M^2 = (\frac{p}{R})^2 + (\frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}})^2$ 

 $p=\tilde{p}=0$ 

Universal massless sector + KK  $U(1)_L \times U(1)_R$  massless vector bosons

 $p \text{ or } \tilde{p} \neq 0$ 

Massive (work in progress)

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 $p \text{ or } \tilde{p} \neq 0$ 

 $N \neq N$ 

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$$M^{2} = \frac{2}{\alpha'} (N + \tilde{N} - 2) + \left[ \left(\frac{p}{R}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}}\right)^{2} \right] \qquad N = N_{x} + N_{y}$$
$$\tilde{N} - N = p.\tilde{p} \qquad \text{Level} \\ \text{matching}$$

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 $ilde{N}_x = 1, N_y = 1, p = ilde{p} = 0$  KK massless vector boson  $U(1)_L$ 

choose  $N_x = 1, N_x = 0$ 

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Massive vector boson

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$$\begin{split} \tilde{N}_x &= 1, N_y = 1, p = \tilde{p} = 0 & \mbox{KK massless vector boson} & U(1)_L \ \mbox{choose} & ilde{N}_x = 1, N_x = 0 & \mbox{Massive vector boson} \ \mbox{choose} & ilde{p} = p = \pm 1 & \mbox{Level matching} \ \ \mbox{Slide to} & R = ilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'} = R_{sd} & \mbox{Self dual radius} \end{split}$$

$$ar{N}_x=1, N_y=1, p= ilde{p}=0$$
 KK massless vector boson  $U(1)_L$   
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2 new massless vector bosons

 $U(1)_L \to SU(2)_L$ 

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2 new massless vector bosons

 $U(1)_L \to SU(2)_L$ 

Same for Right sector, extra massless scalars..









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#### PLAN

• String: (3-point) scattering amplitudes for  $R = \tilde{R}$  and  $R \neq \tilde{R}$ 

Derivation of Effective gauge field theory action

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 Derivation of generic Effective DFT gauge field theory action.

Build up a specific frame and compare with strings results.

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- Compactification space geometry?

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Derivation of Effective gauge field theory action

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## String theory action

 $V(z,\bar{z}) \sim : \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[iky(z) + i\bar{k}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot [x(z) + \bar{x}(\bar{z})]} := \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[ipY(z,\bar{z}) + \tilde{p}\tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot X(z,\bar{z})} :$ 

$$k = \frac{p}{R} + \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}} \,, \qquad \ \bar{k} = \frac{p}{R} - \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}} \qquad \qquad \ {\rm mi}$$

mixes Left and Right

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mixes Left and Right

Level matching

 $p.\tilde{p} = k.k - \bar{k}.\bar{k} = \bar{N} - N$ 

 $\partial_Y \partial_{\tilde{v}} V = (\partial_u \partial_u - \partial_{\bar{u}} \partial_{\bar{u}}) V = p.\tilde{p}V = (\bar{N} - N)V$ 

$$\begin{split} V(z,\bar{z}) \sim &: \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[iky(z) + i\bar{k}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot [x(z) + \bar{x}(\bar{z})]} :\equiv \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[ipY(z,\bar{z}) + \tilde{p}\tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot X(z,\bar{z})} :\\ k = \frac{p}{R} + \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}}, \qquad \bar{k} = \frac{p}{R} - \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}} \qquad \text{mixes Left and Right} \end{split}$$

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 $\partial_Y \partial_{\tilde{Y}} V = (\partial_y \partial_y - \partial_{\bar{y}} \partial_{\bar{y}}) V = p.\tilde{p}V = (\bar{N} - N)V$ 

i.e.  $p = \tilde{p} = 1$   $p.\tilde{p} = 1$ 

 $V^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2}\frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}}\epsilon_{\mu}^{\pm}: \bar{\partial}X^{\mu}e^{iK\cdot X}exp[\pm im_{\pm}y(z)]exp[\pm im_{\pm}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]:$ 

$$m_{-} = R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha'} (\tilde{R} - R) ,$$
  

$$m_{+} = R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha'} (\tilde{R} + R) .$$
<sup>48</sup>

$$\begin{split} V(z,\bar{z}) \sim &: \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[iky(z) + i\bar{k}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot [x(z) + \bar{x}(\bar{z})]} :\equiv \Phi(\epsilon \partial y, \partial X) e^{[ipY(z,\bar{z}) + \tilde{p}\tilde{Y}(z,\bar{z})]} e^{iK \cdot X(z,\bar{z})} :\\ k = \frac{p}{R} + \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}}, \qquad \bar{k} = \frac{p}{R} - \frac{\tilde{p}}{\tilde{R}} \qquad \text{mixes Left and Right} \end{split}$$

#### Level matching

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$$V^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2}\frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}}\epsilon_{\mu}^{\pm}: \bar{\partial}X^{\mu}e^{iK\cdot X}exp[\pm im_+y(z)]exp[\pm im_-\bar{y}(\bar{z})]:$$

Massive vector  $m_V = m_- \to 0$   $m_- = R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha'} (\tilde{R} - R)$ ,  $R \to \tilde{R} \to \sqrt{\alpha'}$   $m_+ = R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha'} (\tilde{R} + R)$ . <sup>49</sup>

$$R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$$

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Massless Left gauge bosons

#### **String vertex operators** $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

• Massless Left gauge bosons  $SU(2)_L$ 

$\bar{N}_x = 1, N_y = 1$	$p = \tilde{p} = 0 \left( k = \bar{k} = 0 \right)$	$V^3(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^3_\mu : J^3(z)\bar{\partial}X^\mu e^{iK\cdot X}$	$A^3_\mu dx^\mu$
$\bar{N}_x = 1$	$p = \tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (k = \pm \frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}, \bar{k} = 0)$	$V^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon_{\mu}^{\pm} : J^{\pm}(z)\bar{\partial}X^{\mu}e^{iK\cdot X}$	$A^{\pm}_{\mu}dx^{\mu}$

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#### • Massless Right gauge bosons $SU(2)_R$

$N_x = 1, \bar{N}_y = 1$	$p = \tilde{p} = 0 \left( k = \bar{k} = 0 \right)$	$\bar{V}^3(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^3_\mu : \bar{J}^3(z)\bar{\partial}X^\mu e^{iK\cdot X}$	$\bar{A}^3_\mu dx^\mu$
$N_x = 1$	$p = -\tilde{p} = \pm 1 \ (k = 0, \bar{k} = \pm \frac{2}{\sqrt{\alpha'}})$	$\bar{V}^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon_{\mu}^{\pm} : \bar{J}^{\pm}(z) \partial X^{\mu} e^{iK \cdot X}$	$\bar{A}^{\pm}_{\mu}dx^{\mu}$

#### **String vertex operators** $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$

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• Massless scalars (3,3)  $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$ 

$$V_S(z,\bar{z}) = g'_c \sqrt{2} M^{ab}(K) : J^a(z) \bar{J}^b(\bar{z}) e^{iK \cdot X} :$$

**CFT Currents** 
$$V(z, \bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} - \frac{g}{dz}$$

$$V(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^a_\mu(K) : \mathbf{J}^a(z)\bar{\partial}X^\mu e^{iK\cdot X} dz d\bar{z}$$

**CFT Currents** 
$$V(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2}\frac{g'_c}{{\alpha'}^{1/2}}\epsilon^a_\mu(K) : J^a(z)\bar{\partial}X^\mu e^{iK\cdot X}dzd\bar{z}$$

$$J^{3}(z) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{\alpha'}} \partial_z y(z), \qquad J^{\pm}(z) =: exp(\pm 2i\alpha'^{-1/2}y(z)):$$

$$\mathbf{J}^{a}(z)J^{b}(0) \sim \frac{\kappa^{ab}}{z^{2}} + \frac{f_{c}^{ab}}{z}J^{c}(0) \longrightarrow SU(2)_{L}$$

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$$A^{a}J^{a}(z)dz = (A^{+}e^{+2i\alpha'^{-1/2}y(z)} + A^{-}e^{-2i\alpha'^{-1/2}y(z)})dz + A^{3}dy(z)$$

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$$V(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^a_\mu(K) : J^a(z)\bar{\partial}X^\mu e^{iK\cdot X} dz d\bar{z}$$

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$$\mathbf{J}^{a}(z)J^{b}(0) \sim \frac{\kappa^{ab}}{z^{2}} + \frac{f_{c}^{ab}}{z}J^{c}(0) \longrightarrow SU(2)_{L}$$

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 $\mathbb{Y}=(y,\tilde{y})$ 

$$\partial_{\mathbb{Y}}.\partial_{\mathbb{Y}}=0$$

#### *J<sup>a</sup>* Internal base

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 $\mathbb{Y}=(y,\tilde{y})$ 

J<sup>a</sup> Internal base



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No strong constraint

# String 3-point amplitudes

$$R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'}$$

gravity sector

 $\langle VVG \rangle + \langle VVV \rangle$ 

 $\langle GGG \rangle$ 

gauge kinetic terms

 $\langle \bar{V}\bar{V}\bar{G}\rangle + \langle \bar{V}\bar{V}\bar{V}\rangle$ 

 $\langle V_S V_S G \rangle + \langle V V_S V_S \rangle$ 

scalar kinetic terms

cubic scalar potetial

 $\langle V\bar{V}V_S \rangle$ 

 $\langle V_S V_S V_S \rangle$ 

mixings

#### Effective action

$$R=\tilde{R}=\sqrt{\alpha'}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{g}}\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{2}(\partial_{\mu}\phi)^{2} - \frac{1}{12}H_{\mu\nu\rho}H^{\mu\nu\rho}$$
$$- \frac{1}{4}F^{a}_{\mu\nu}F^{a\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}\bar{F}^{a}_{\mu\nu}\bar{F}^{a\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}D_{\mu}M^{a\tilde{a}}D_{\nu}M^{a\tilde{a}}g^{\mu\nu}$$
$$- detM - \frac{1}{2}M^{a\tilde{a}}F^{a}_{\mu\nu}\bar{F}^{\bar{a}\mu\nu} + \dots$$

$$F^{a}_{\mu\nu} = 2\partial_{[\mu}A^{a}_{\nu]} + f^{abc}A^{b}_{\mu}A^{c}_{\nu}, \quad F^{\tilde{a}}_{\mu\nu} = 2\partial_{[\mu}A^{\tilde{a}}_{\nu]} + f^{\tilde{a}\tilde{b}\tilde{c}}A^{\tilde{b}}_{\mu}A^{\tilde{c}}_{\nu},$$
  

$$D_{\mu}M^{a\tilde{a}} = \partial_{\mu}M^{a\tilde{a}} + f^{abc}A^{b}_{\mu}M^{c\tilde{a}} + f^{\tilde{a}\tilde{b}\tilde{c}}A^{\tilde{b}}_{\mu}M^{a\tilde{c}}$$
  

$$H_{\mu\nu\rho} = \partial_{\mu}B_{\nu\rho} + A^{a}_{[\mu}F^{a}_{\nu\rho]} + f^{abc}A^{a}_{\mu}A^{b}_{\nu}A^{c}_{\mu} + \dots$$

#### $R\neq \tilde{R}$

Only fields that are massles at  $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha}'$ 

 $M^{3\pm}, M^{\pm 3}?$ 

scalars	$m^2$
$M^{33}$	0
$M^{\pm\pm}$	$\frac{4}{R}m_{-}$
$M^{\pm\mp}$	$\frac{4}{\tilde{B}}m_{-}$

vectors	$m^2$
$V^3$	0
$ar{V}^3$	0
$V^{\pm}$	$m_{-}^{2}$

$$m_{-} = R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha}(\tilde{R} - R)$$
$$m_{+} = R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha}(\tilde{R} + R)$$

Only fields that are massles at 
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i.e. 
$$\begin{split} m_{-} &= R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha} (\tilde{R} - R) \\ m_{+} &= R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha} (\tilde{R} + R) \\ V^{\pm}(z, \bar{z}) &= i\sqrt{2} \frac{g'_{c}}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^{\pm}_{\mu} : \bar{\partial} X^{\mu} e^{iK \cdot X} exp[\pm im_{+}y(z)] exp[\pm im_{-}\bar{y}(\bar{z})] : \end{split}$$

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$$\bar{T}(\bar{z})V(0) \sim \mathbf{k} \cdot \epsilon^+ \frac{1}{z^3} + V(0)\frac{1}{z}$$
 anomalous

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anomalous

#### String vertex operators $R \neq \tilde{R}$ $m^2$ scalars vectors $m^2$ Only fields that are massles at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha}'$ $M^{33}$ $V^3$ $\mathbf{0}$ 0 $\frac{\frac{4}{R}m_{-}}{\frac{4}{\tilde{\Sigma}}m_{-}}$ $\overline{V}^3$ $M^{\pm\pm}$ 0 $\overline{M^{\pm\mp}}$ $m^2_{-}$ $V^{\pm}$ $M^{3\pm}, M^{\pm 3}?$ $m_{-} = R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{R} - R)$ $m_+ = R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{R} + R)$ $V^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2}\frac{g_c'}{\alpha'^{1/2}}\epsilon_{\mu}^{\pm}: \bar{\partial}X^{\mu}e^{iK\cdot X}exp[\pm im_{+}y(z)]exp[\pm im_{-}\bar{y}(\bar{z})]:$ i.e. $\bar{T}(\bar{z})V(0) \sim \epsilon^{+} \frac{1}{z^{3}} + V(0)\frac{1}{z} \qquad \text{anomalous}$ $V^{\pm,3}(z,\bar{z}) = \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^{\pm,3} \bar{\partial} \bar{y}(\bar{z}) e^{\pm im_+ y} e^{\pm im_- \bar{y}} e^{iK \cdot X} \,.$ Goldstone boson $V'^{\pm} = V^{\pm} - \xi V^{\pm,3}$ Massive vector boson
#### String vertex operators $R \neq \tilde{R}$ $m^2$ scalars vectors $m^2$ Only fields that are massles at $R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha}'$ $M^{33}$ $\mathbf{0}$ $V^3$ 0 $\frac{\frac{4}{R}m_{-}}{\frac{4}{\tilde{z}}m_{-}}$ $M^{\pm\pm}$ $\overline{V}^3$ 0 $m^2_{-}$ $M^{\pm\mp}$ $V^{\pm}$ $M^{3\pm}, M^{\pm 3}?$ $m_{-} = R^{-1} - \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{R} - R)$ $m_+ = R^{-1} + \tilde{R}^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{R} + R)$ i.e. $V^{\pm}(z,\bar{z}) = i\sqrt{2} \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^{\pm}_{\mu} : \bar{\partial}X^{\mu} e^{iK\cdot X} exp[\pm im_+y(z)] exp[\pm im_-\bar{y}(\bar{z})] :$ $\bar{T}(\bar{z})V(0) \sim \epsilon^{+} \frac{1}{z^{3}} + V(0)\frac{1}{z} \qquad \text{anomalous}$ $V^{\pm,3}(z,\bar{z}) = \frac{g'_c}{\alpha'^{1/2}} \epsilon^{\pm,3} \bar{\partial} \bar{y}(\bar{z}) e^{\pm im_+ y} e^{\pm im_- \bar{y}} e^{iK \cdot X} \,.$ Goldstone boson $V'^{\pm} = V^{\pm} - \xi V^{\pm,3}$ Massive vector boson Anomaly cancellation, longitudinal polarization $K \cdot \epsilon^{\pm} \mp \xi m_{-} \epsilon^{\pm,3} = 0$ 73 $\partial_{\mu}A^{\pm\mu} \pm i\xi m_{-}M^{\pm,3} = 0$ 't Hooft gauge fixing

# Effective action

 $R\neq \tilde{R}$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{\sqrt{g}}\mathcal{L} &= \\ & \frac{1}{2k_d^2}R - \frac{1}{4}(\partial_{\mu}\phi)^2 - \frac{1}{12}H_{\mu\nu\rho}H^{\mu\nu\rho} \\ & - \frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}^3F^{\mu\nu3} - \frac{1}{4}\bar{F}_{\mu\nu}^3\bar{F}^{\mu\nu3} \\ & - \frac{1}{2}F'_{\mu\nu}^+F'^{\mu\nu-} - m_-^2A'_{\mu}A'_{\nu}G^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\bar{F}'_{\mu\nu}^+\bar{F}'^{\mu\nu-} - m_-^2\bar{A}'_{\mu}\bar{A}'_{\nu}G^{\mu\nu} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}\partial_{\mu}M^{33}\partial^{\mu}M^{33} + D_{\mu}M^{\pm,\pm}D^{\mu}M^{\mp,\mp} + D_{\mu}M^{\pm,\mp}D^{\mu}M^{\mp,\pm} \\ & - i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'm_+}}{2}A'^{+\mu}A'^{-\nu}\frac{1}{2}F_{\mu\nu}^3 + i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'm_-}}{2}A'^{+\mu}A'^{-\nu}\frac{1}{2}\bar{F}_{\mu\nu}^3 \\ & - i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'm_+}}{2}\bar{A}'^{\pm,\mu}\bar{A}'^{-\nu}\frac{1}{2}\bar{F}_{\mu\nu}^3 + i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'm_-}}{2}\bar{A}'^{\pm,\mu}\bar{A}'^{-\nu}\frac{1}{2}F_{\mu\nu}^3 \\ & + 2\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{m_+\sqrt{\alpha'}}{2}A'^{\pm,\mu}A'_{,\mu}^{\mp}M^{33}m_- + 2\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{m_+\sqrt{\alpha'}}{2}\bar{A}'^{\pm,\mu}\bar{A}_{\mu}^{/\mp}M^{33}m_- \\ & - \frac{1}{2}F'_{\mu\nu}^+\bar{F}'^{+\mu\nu}M^{-,-} - \frac{1}{2}F'_{\mu\nu}^+\bar{F}'^{-\mu\nu}M^{-,+} - \frac{1}{2}F_{\mu\nu}^3F^{3\mu\nu}M^{3,3} \\ & + \frac{4g}{\alpha'}M^{+,-}M^{-,+}M^{33}(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{\tilde{R}})^2 - \frac{4g}{\alpha'}M^{+,+}M^{-,-}M^{33}(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{R})^2 \end{split}$$

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$$\begin{split} F_{\mu\nu}^{'\pm} &= \partial_{[\mu}A_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \mp i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}m_{+}}{2}A_{[\mu}^{3}A_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \mp i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}m_{-}}{2}\bar{A}_{[\mu}^{3}A_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \\ \bar{F}_{\mu\nu}^{'\pm} &= \partial_{[\mu}\bar{A}_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \mp i\frac{g}{\sqrt{\alpha'}}\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}m_{+}}{2}\bar{A}_{[\mu}^{3}\bar{A}_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \mp ig\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}m_{-}}{2}A_{[\mu}^{3}\bar{A}_{\nu]}^{'\pm} \\ F_{\mu\nu}^{3} &= \partial_{[\mu}A_{\nu]}^{3} \end{split}$$

$$D_{\mu}M^{\pm,\pm} = [\partial_{\mu} + i(\pm)g\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{R}A^{3}_{\mu} + i(\pm)g\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{R}\bar{A}^{3}_{\mu}]M^{\pm,\pm}$$
$$D_{\mu}M^{\pm,\mp} = [\partial_{\mu} + i(\pm)g\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{\tilde{R}}A^{3}_{\mu} - i(\pm)g\frac{\sqrt{\alpha'}}{\tilde{R}}\bar{A}^{3}_{\mu}]M^{\pm,\mp}$$

Effective theory with massless and "slightly massive" states

"Hidden" T-duality symmetry

Full dependence on R  $(m_{-},)$ 

$$R = \sqrt{\alpha'} \exp(-\frac{1}{2}\epsilon) = \sqrt{\alpha'} (1 - \frac{1}{2}\epsilon + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2)) .$$

can be understood from Higgs mechanism

$$M^{33} + \epsilon$$

with contributions coming from higher order "non renormalizable" terms

# DFT action



• Brief introduction DFT frame formulation.

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- DFT generalized Scherk-Schwarz compactification.

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•  $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$  Effective DFT gauge field theory action



#### • coordinates

#### • fields



#### • coordinates

#### • fields

• Symmetries

### coordinates

 $p^i \leftrightarrow y_i$   $\tilde{p}^i \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^i$  dual coordinates  $i = 1, \dots, n$  $P_M = (p_i, \tilde{p}^i) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{Y} = (y^i, \tilde{y}_i)$  internal, fundamental representation of O(n,n)

• fields

## Symmetries

### coordinates

$$p^{i} \leftrightarrow y_{i}$$
  $\tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i}$  dual coordinates  
 $i = 1, ..., n$   
 $P_{M} = (p_{i}, \tilde{p}^{i}) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{Y} = (y^{i}, \tilde{y}_{i})$  internal, fundamental representation of  $O(n,n)$   
• fields  
 $T(x, \mathbb{Y}) = T(x, y, \tilde{y})$  restrict to  $\mathcal{H}_{MN}(X), d(X)$ 

**Generalized metric** 

dilaton

$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{ij} & -g^{ik}b_{kj} \\ b_{ik}g^{kj} & g_{ij} - b_{ik}g^{kl}b_{lj} \end{pmatrix} \in O(D,D) \qquad e^{-2d} = \sqrt{g}e^{-2\phi}$$

# Symmetries

### coordinates

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  $\tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i}$  dual coordinates  
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# Symmetries

$$p^{i} \leftrightarrow y_{i} \qquad \tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i} \qquad \text{dual coordinates}$$

$$i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$P_{M} = (p_{i}, \tilde{p}^{i}) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{Y} = (y^{i}, \tilde{y}_{i}) \qquad \text{internal, fundamental representation of} \qquad O(n,n)$$
• fields
$$T(x, \mathbb{Y}) = T(x, y, \tilde{y}) \qquad \text{restrict to} \qquad \mathcal{H}_{MN}(X), d(X)$$
Generalized metric
$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{ij} & -g^{ik}b_{kj} \\ b_{ik}g^{kj} & g_{ij} - b_{ik}g^{kl}b_{lj} \end{pmatrix} \in O(D, D) \qquad e^{-2d} = \sqrt{g}e^{-2\phi}$$
• Symmetries
$$\mathcal{L}_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} = L_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} + Y_{PQ}^{MN}\partial_{N}V_{1P}V_{2}^{Q} = V_{1}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{2}^{M} - V_{2}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{1}^{M} + \partial^{P}V_{1P}V_{2}^{M}$$

$$p^{i} \leftrightarrow y_{i} \qquad \tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i} \qquad \text{dual coordinates}$$

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$$P_{M} = (p_{i}, \tilde{p}^{i}) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{Y} = (y^{i}, \tilde{y}_{i}) \qquad \text{internal, fundamental representation of} \qquad O(n,n)$$
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$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{ij} & -g^{ik}b_{kj} \\ b_{ik}g^{kj} & g_{ij} - b_{ik}g^{kl}b_{lj} \end{pmatrix} \in O(D, D) \qquad e^{-2d} = \sqrt{g}e^{-2\phi}$$
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$$Y^{M}{}_{P}{}^{N}{}_{Q} = \eta^{MN}\eta_{PQ}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} = L_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} + Y_{PQ}^{MN}\partial_{N}V_{1P}V_{2}^{Q} = V_{1}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{2}^{M} - V_{2}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{1}^{M} + \partial^{P}V_{1P}V_{2}^{M}$$

$$p^{i} \leftrightarrow y_{i} \qquad \tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i} \qquad \text{dual coordinates}$$

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Generalized metric
$$dilaton$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{ij} & -g^{ik}b_{kj} \\ b_{ik}g^{kj} & g_{ij} - b_{ik}g^{kl}b_{lj} \end{pmatrix} \in O(D, D) \qquad e^{-2d} = \sqrt{g}e^{-2\phi}$$
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$$\mathcal{L}_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} = L_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} + Y_{PQ}^{MN}\partial_{N}V_{1P}V_{2}^{Q} = V_{1}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{2}^{M} - V_{2}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{1}^{M} + \partial^{P}V_{1P}V_{2}^{M}$$
+ closure constraints

$$p^{i} \leftrightarrow y_{i} \qquad \tilde{p}^{i} \leftrightarrow \tilde{y}^{i} \qquad \text{dual coordinates}$$

$$i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$P_{M} = (p_{i}, \tilde{p}^{i}) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{Y} = (y^{i}, \tilde{y}_{i}) \qquad \text{internal, fundamental representation of} \qquad O(n,n)$$
• fields
$$T(x, \mathbb{Y}) = T(x, y, \tilde{y}) \qquad \text{restrict to} \qquad \mathcal{H}_{MN}(X), d(X)$$
Generalized metric
$$dilaton$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} g^{ij} & -g^{ik}b_{kj} \\ b_{ik}g^{kj} & g_{ij} - b_{ik}g^{kl}b_{lj} \end{pmatrix} \in O(D, D) \qquad e^{-2d} = \sqrt{g}e^{-2\phi}$$
• Symmetries
$$\mathcal{L}_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} = L_{V_{1}}V_{2}^{M} + Y_{PQ}^{MN}\partial_{N}V_{1P}V_{2}^{Q} = V_{1}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{2}^{M} - V_{2}^{P}\partial_{P}V_{1}^{M} + \partial^{P}V_{1P}V_{2}^{M}$$
+ closure
$$(constraints) \qquad i.e. \qquad \partial_{M}\partial^{M}\dots = 0, \qquad \partial_{M}\dots\partial^{M}\dots = 0,$$

#### Frame formulation:

$$V = v + \xi$$
 vectors+forms

DFT

Geissbuhler, (2011) Marques, Nuñez, Penas, G.A, Marques, Nuñez (2014)

$$E_A \equiv E^a \oplus E_a$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{MN} = E^A{}_M S_{A\bar{B}} E^B{}_N$$

generalized frame

generalized metric

$$\in O(D,D)/H$$

 $A \in H = O(1, D - 1) \times O(D - 1, 1)$  $\eta_{MN} = E^A{}_M \eta_{AB} E^B{}_N$ 

can be parametrized as

$$E^{A}{}_{M} = \begin{pmatrix} e_{a}{}^{i} & e_{a}{}^{j}b_{ji} \\ 0 & e^{a}{}_{i} \end{pmatrix} , \qquad S_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} s^{ab} & 0 \\ 0 & s_{ab} \end{pmatrix}$$

with  $g_{ij} = e^a{}_i s_{ab} e^b{}_j$  and  $s_{ab} = \text{diag}(-+\cdots+)$ 

#### Generalized (dynamical) fluxes

$$\mathcal{L}_{\xi} E_A{}^M = \xi^P \partial_P E_A{}^M + (\partial^M \xi_P - \partial_P \xi^M) E_A{}^P$$

transforms as a vector

in particular

 $\mathcal{L}_{E_A} E_B{}^M = \mathcal{F}_{AB}{}^C E_C{}^M$  Fluxes (dynamical)  $\mathcal{F}_{ABC}(x, \mathbb{Y})$ 



#### **DFT** action

$$S_{DFT} = \int dX e^{-2d} \mathcal{R}$$

$$\mathcal{R} = \mathcal{F}_{ABC} \mathcal{F}_{DEF} \left[ \frac{1}{4} S^{AD} \eta^{BE} \eta^{CF} - \frac{1}{12} S^{AD} S^{BE} S^{CF} - \frac{1}{6} \eta^{AD} \eta^{BE} \eta^{CF} \right]$$

 $\mathcal{F}_{ABC}(x,\mathbb{Y})$ 

#### dynamical fluxes

## Scherk-Schwarz dimensional reductions

$$\begin{split} D &= d + n & \text{G.A. Baron, Marques, Nuflez, (2011)} \\ \hline E_A(x, \mathbb{Y}) &= U_A^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(\mathbb{Y}) & \text{frame twist} \\ & & \text{gauged} & \mathcal{F}_{ABC}(x) &= 3\Omega_{[ABC]} \\ \widehat{\mathcal{F}}_{ABC}(x, \mathbb{Y}) &= \mathcal{F}_{ABC}(x) - f_{IJK}(\mathbb{Y}) U_A{}^I U_B{}^J U_C{}^K & \widetilde{\Omega}_{ABC}(U) &= U_A{}^I \partial_I U_B{}^J U_{CJ} \\ f_{IJK} &= 3\widetilde{\Omega}_{[IJK]} & \text{constant} & \widetilde{\Omega}_{IJK}(E) &= E_I{}^M \partial_M E_J{}^N E_{KN} \\ \mathcal{L}_{E_A} E_I{}^M &= f_{IJ}{}^K E_K{}^M & f_{[MN}{}^P f_{Q]} p^R &= 0, & \text{Quadratic} \\ \widehat{\mathcal{F}}_{ABC}(x) & & \mathcal{F}_{I\mu\nu} &= \partial_\mu A^I_\nu - \partial_\nu A^I_\mu - f_{JK}{}^I A^J_\mu A^K_\nu \\ & & (D_\mu \mathcal{H})_{IJ} &= (\partial_\mu \mathcal{H})_{IJ} + f_K{}^K L_I A^I_\mu \mathcal{H}_{KJ} + f_K{}^K L_J A^I_\mu \mathcal{H}_{IK}. \end{split}$$

# **DFT Effective action**

$$S_{eff} = \int d^{d}x \sqrt{g} e^{-2\varphi} \left( \Lambda + \mathcal{R} + 4\partial^{\mu}\varphi \partial_{\mu}\varphi - \frac{1}{12} H_{\mu\nu\rho} H^{\mu\nu\rho} - \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{H}_{IJ} F^{I\mu\nu} F^{J}_{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{8} (D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} (D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ} - \frac{1}{12} f_{IJK} f_{LMN} \left( \mathcal{H}^{IL} \mathcal{H}^{JM} \mathcal{H}^{KN} - 3 \mathcal{H}^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} + 2 \eta^{IL} \eta^{JM} \eta^{KN} \right) \right)$$

 $\mathcal{H}_{IJ}(x) = \mathcal{S}_{I'J'} U_I^{I'}(x) U_J^{J'}(x)$ 

### scalars

### Is there a DFT frame

$$E_A(x, \mathbb{Y}) = U_A{}^{A'}(x)E'_{A'}(\mathbb{Y})$$

$$E_A(x, \mathbb{Y}) = U_A^{A'}(x) E'_{A'}(\mathbb{Y}) \qquad \qquad \searrow \qquad SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{E_A} E_I{}^M(\mathbb{Y}) = f_{IJ}{}^K E_K{}^M(\mathbb{Y}) \qquad \longrightarrow \qquad f_{IJK} \equiv \epsilon_{IJK} \oplus \bar{\epsilon}_{IJK}$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{IJ}(x) = \mathcal{S}_{I'J'} U_I{}^{I'} U_J{}^{J'} \longrightarrow \qquad M^{a,\bar{a}}$$
$$A^I{}_{\mu} \longrightarrow \qquad A^a{}_{\mu} \oplus \bar{A}^{\bar{a}}{}_{\mu}$$

$$D = d + 3 = d + 1 + 2$$



#### Generalized (non geometric) frame

$$E'_{\overline{1}} = \cos \left( 2y^{L}/R_{sd} \right) t^{1} + \sin \left( 2y^{L}/R_{sd} \right) t^{2}$$

$$E'_{\overline{2}} = -\sin \left( 2y^{L}/R_{sd} \right) t^{1} + \cos \left( 2y^{L}/R_{sd} \right) t^{2}$$

$$E'_{\overline{3}} = dy^{L}$$

$$E'_{1} = \cos \left( 2y^{R}/R_{sd} \right) t^{3} + \sin \left( 2y^{R}/R_{sd} \right) t^{4}$$

$$E'_{2} = -\sin \left( 2y^{R}/R_{sd} \right) t^{3} + \cos \left( 2y^{R}/R_{sd} \right) t^{4}$$

$$E'_{3} = dy^{R}$$

Depends on  $y_L, y_R$ 

$$\mathcal{L}_{E_A'}E_B' = \frac{1}{2} \left[ E_A'^P \partial_P E_B'^M - E_B'^P \partial_P E_A'^M + \eta^{MN} \eta_{PQ} \partial_N E_A'^P E_B'^Q \right] D_M$$

$$D_M = (t^1, t^2, dy^L, t^3, t^4, dy^R)^T$$

$$\partial_P = (0, 0, \partial_{y^L}, 0, 0, \partial_{y^R})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E_i, E_j \end{bmatrix} = \mathcal{L}_{E_i} E_j = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}} \epsilon_{ijk} E_k$$
  
$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{E}_i, \bar{E}_j \end{bmatrix} = \mathcal{L}_{\bar{E}_i} \bar{E}_j = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha'}} \epsilon_{ijk} \bar{E}_k \qquad \qquad \mathcal{J}'_i = E'_i , \quad \bar{\mathcal{J}}'_i = \bar{E}'_i .$$
  
$$\begin{bmatrix} E_i, \bar{E}_j \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{E}_i, E_j \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Reproduces the needed  $su(2)_L \times su(2)_R$  algebra

D = d + 3

# **Scalars**

scalars matrix 
$$\mathcal{H}_{IJ}(x) = \mathcal{S}_{I'J'}U_I^{I'}U_J^{J'} \in \frac{O(d+3, d+3)}{O(d+3) \times O(d+3)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1_d & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & U_1^{ij} & -U_2^{ij} & 0 \\ 0 & -U_3^{ij} & U_4^{ij} & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1_d \end{pmatrix}$$

V

$$\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{C}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1_3 & -M \\ -M^T & 1_3 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$M^{ij} \qquad \textbf{9 scalars}$$

### **DFT Effective action**

$$S_{eff} = \int d^{d}x \quad \sqrt{g} \quad e^{-2\varphi} \left( \Lambda + \mathcal{R} + 4\partial^{\mu}\varphi \partial_{\mu}\varphi - \frac{1}{12}H_{\mu\nu\rho}H^{\mu\nu\rho} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{4}\mathcal{H}_{IJ}F^{I\mu\nu}F^{J}_{\mu\nu} \\ + \frac{1}{8}(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ}(D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ} \\ - \frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN} - 3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN} + 2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right) \right)$$

# Gauge kinetic terms

 $-\frac{1}{4}\mathcal{H}_{IJ}F^{I\mu\nu}F^{J}_{\mu\nu}$ 

# Gauge kinetic terms

$$-rac{1}{4}\mathcal{H}_{IJ}F^{I\mu
u}F^{J}_{\mu
u}$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{IJ} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_{ij} & M_{ij} \\ M_{ji} & \delta_{ij} \end{pmatrix}$$

# Gauge kinetic terms

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$$-\frac{1}{4}\delta_{ij}F^{i\mu\nu}F^{j}_{\mu\nu}$$
$$-\frac{1}{4}\delta_{lm}\bar{F}^{l\mu\nu}\bar{F}^{m}_{\mu\nu}$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}M_{il}F^{i\mu\nu}\bar{F}^{l}_{\mu\nu}$$
# Gauge kinetic terms

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 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ}(D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$ 

 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} = (\partial_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} + f^{K}{}_{LI}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{KJ} + f^{K}{}_{LJ}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{IK}.$ 

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 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} = (\partial_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} + f^{K}{}_{LI}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{KJ} + f^{K}{}_{LJ}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{IK}.$  $\mathcal{H}_{IJ} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_{ij} & M_{ij} \\ M_{ji} & \delta_{ij} \end{pmatrix}$ 

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 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{ij} = (\partial_{\mu}M)_{ij} + f^{l}{}_{ik}A^{k}_{\mu}M_{lj} + \bar{f}^{l}{}_{jk}A^{k}_{\mu}M_{il}$ 

 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ}(D^{\mu}\mathcal{H})^{IJ}$ 

 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} = (\partial_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{IJ} + f^{K}{}_{LI}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{KJ} + f^{K}{}_{LJ}A^{L}_{\mu}\mathcal{H}_{IK}.$  $\mathcal{H}_{IJ} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_{ij} & M_{ij} \\ M_{ji} & \delta_{ij} \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $(D_{\mu}\mathcal{H})_{ij} = (\partial_{\mu}M)_{ij} + f^{l}_{\ ik}A^{k}_{\mu}M_{lj} + \bar{f}^{l}_{\ jk}A^{k}_{\mu}M_{il}$ 

✓.

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

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 $-\det M + \text{const.}$ 

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✓.

 $-\det M + \text{const.}$ 

$$-\frac{1}{12}f_{IJK}f_{LMN}\left(\mathcal{H}^{IL}\mathcal{H}^{JM}\mathcal{H}^{KN}-3\mathcal{H}^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}+2\eta^{IL}\eta^{JM}\eta^{KN}\right)$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{IJ} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_{ij} & M_{ij} \\ M_{ji} & \delta_{ij} \end{pmatrix}$$

 $-\det M + \text{const.}$ 

# **DFT effective action String effective action** $(R = \tilde{R} = \sqrt{\alpha'})$

# Summary and Outlook

- Analysis of string amplitudes in D=d+1, to identify key ingredients for a DFT description.
- Built up a consistent DFT that captures winding information and reproduces string effective action at self dual point.
- Level matching is satisfied but not the strong constraint. An explicit dependence in y and  $\tilde{y}$  is needed to achieve enchancing.

• 
$$\frac{O(d+3,d+3)}{O(d+3) \times O(d+3)}$$

• Hints for an internal geometry

- Higher dimensional compactifications ?
- Symmetry breaking at DFT level?
- Interactions involving massive states in String Theory and DFT

Thank you

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- Symmetry breaking at DFT level?
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Thank you

#### HAPPY BIRTHDAY