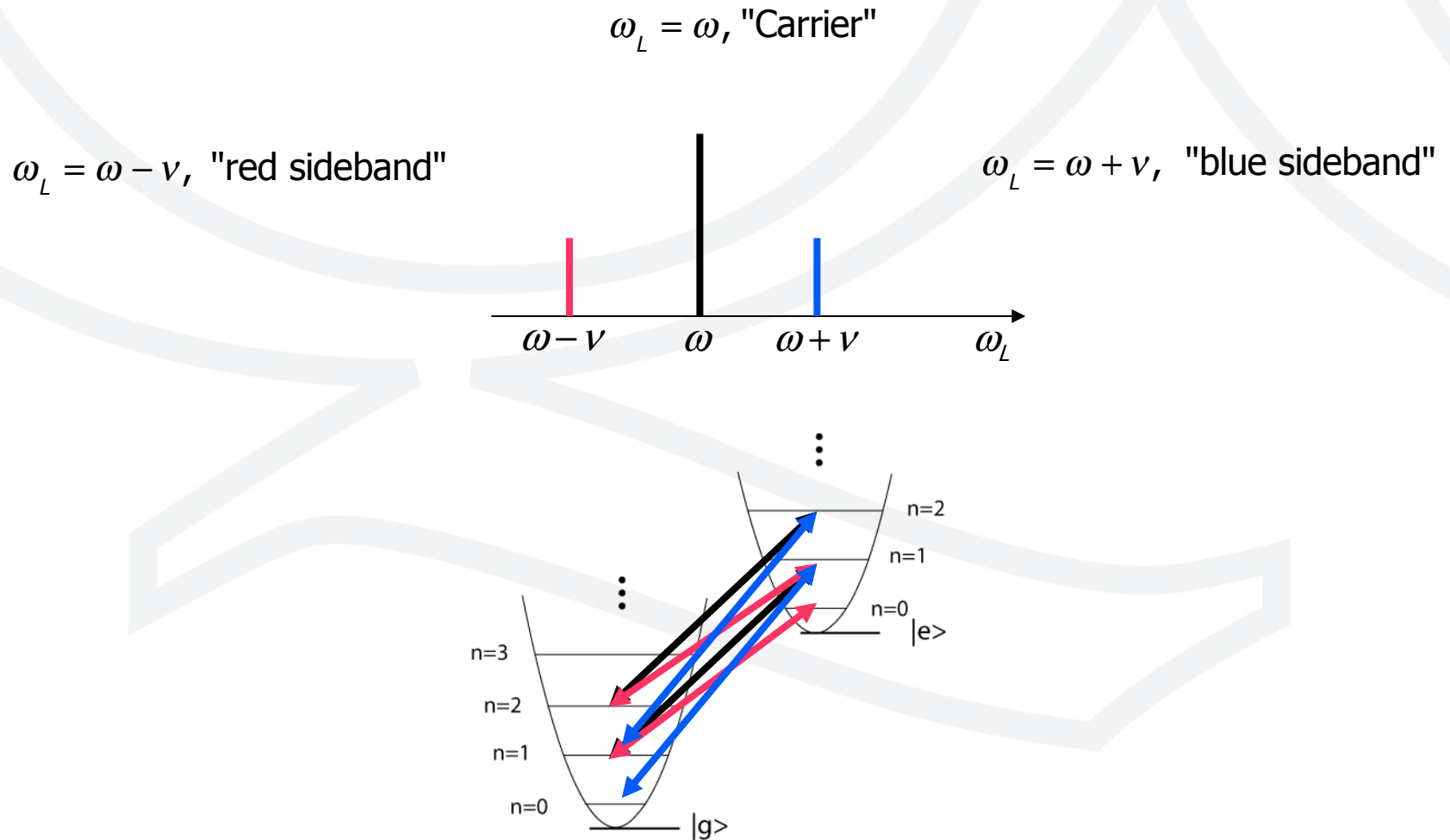




MAGIC IN THE LAB

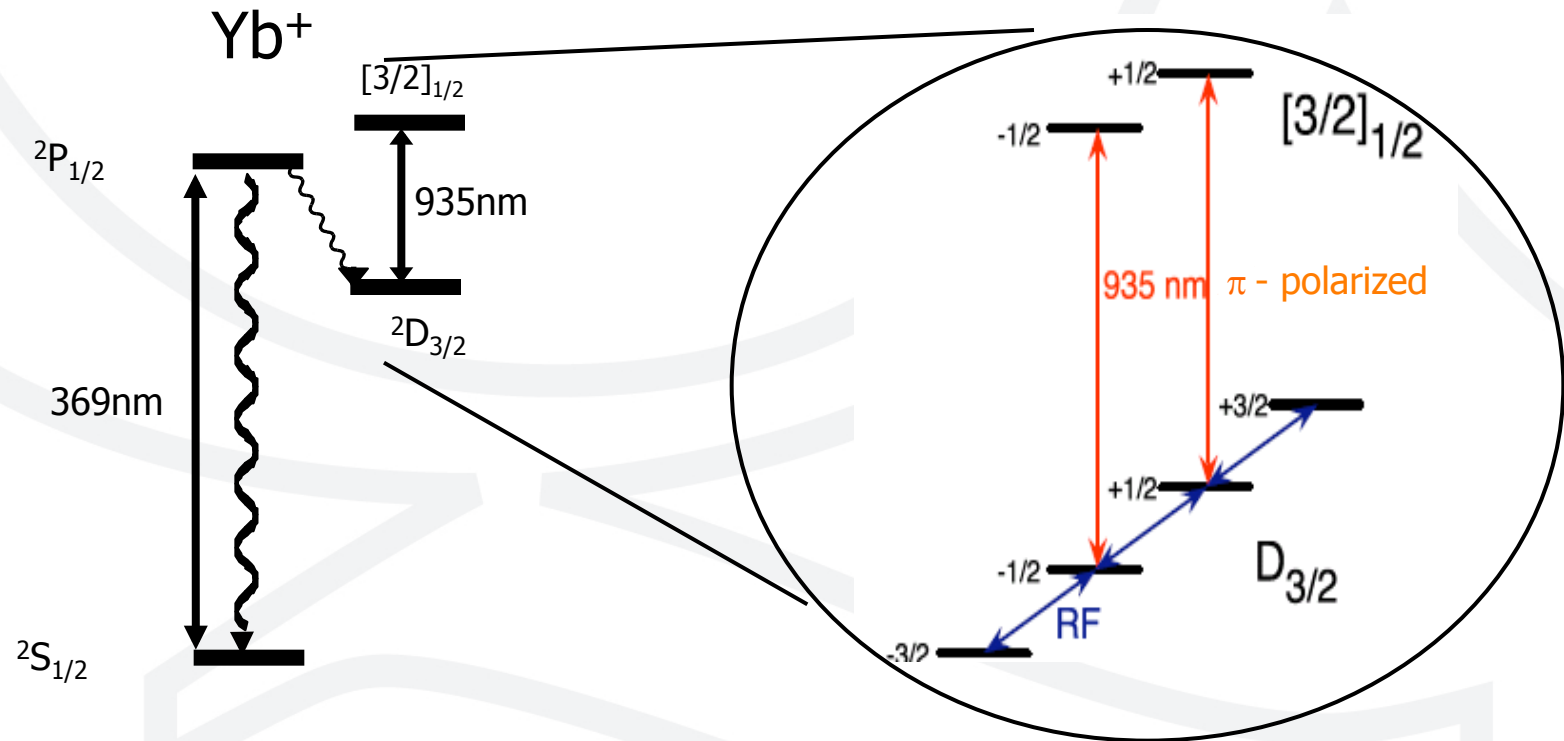


Trapped Atom-RF Interaction: MAGIC





MAGIC – Experiment

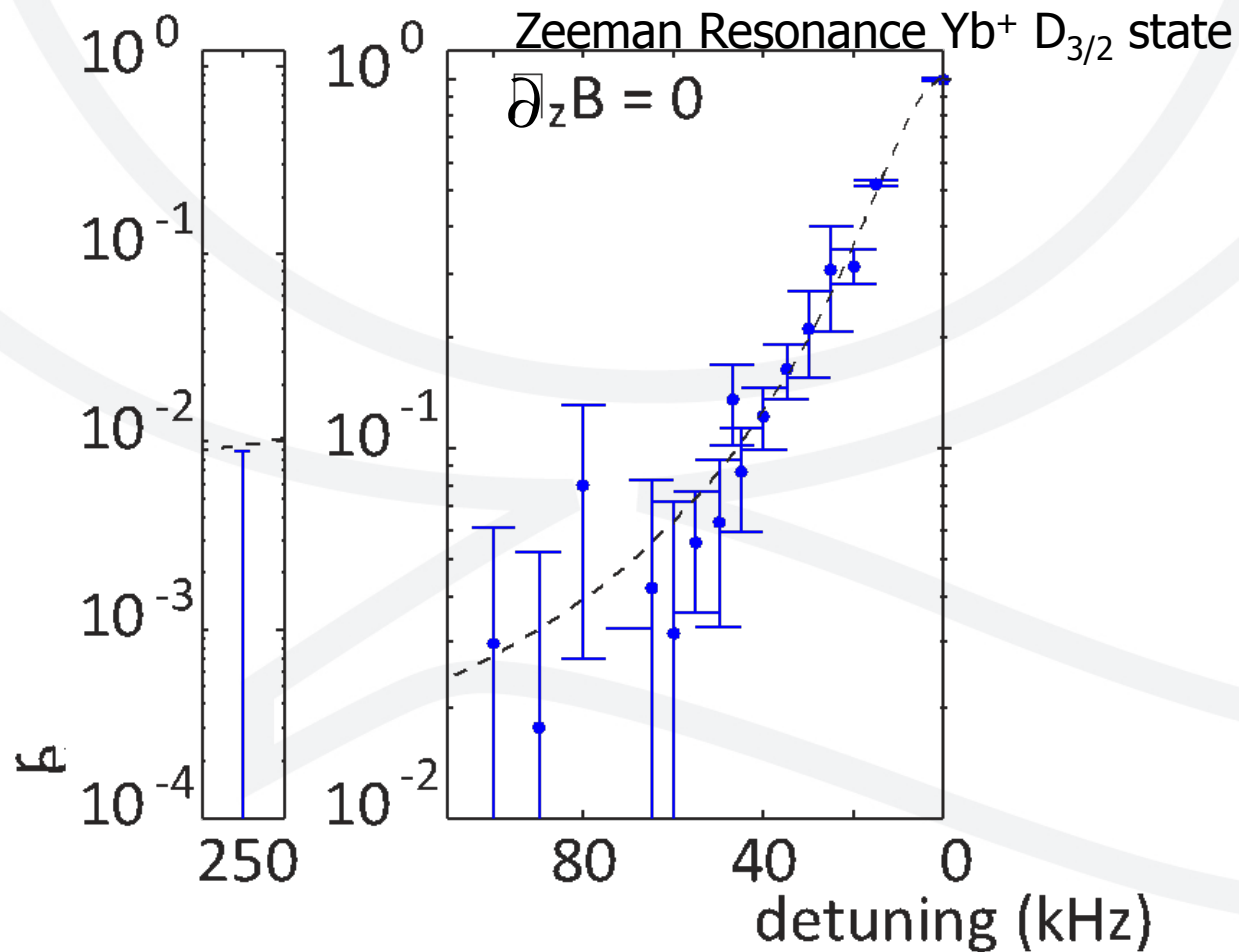


RF-optical double resonance spectroscopy



MAGIC – Experiment

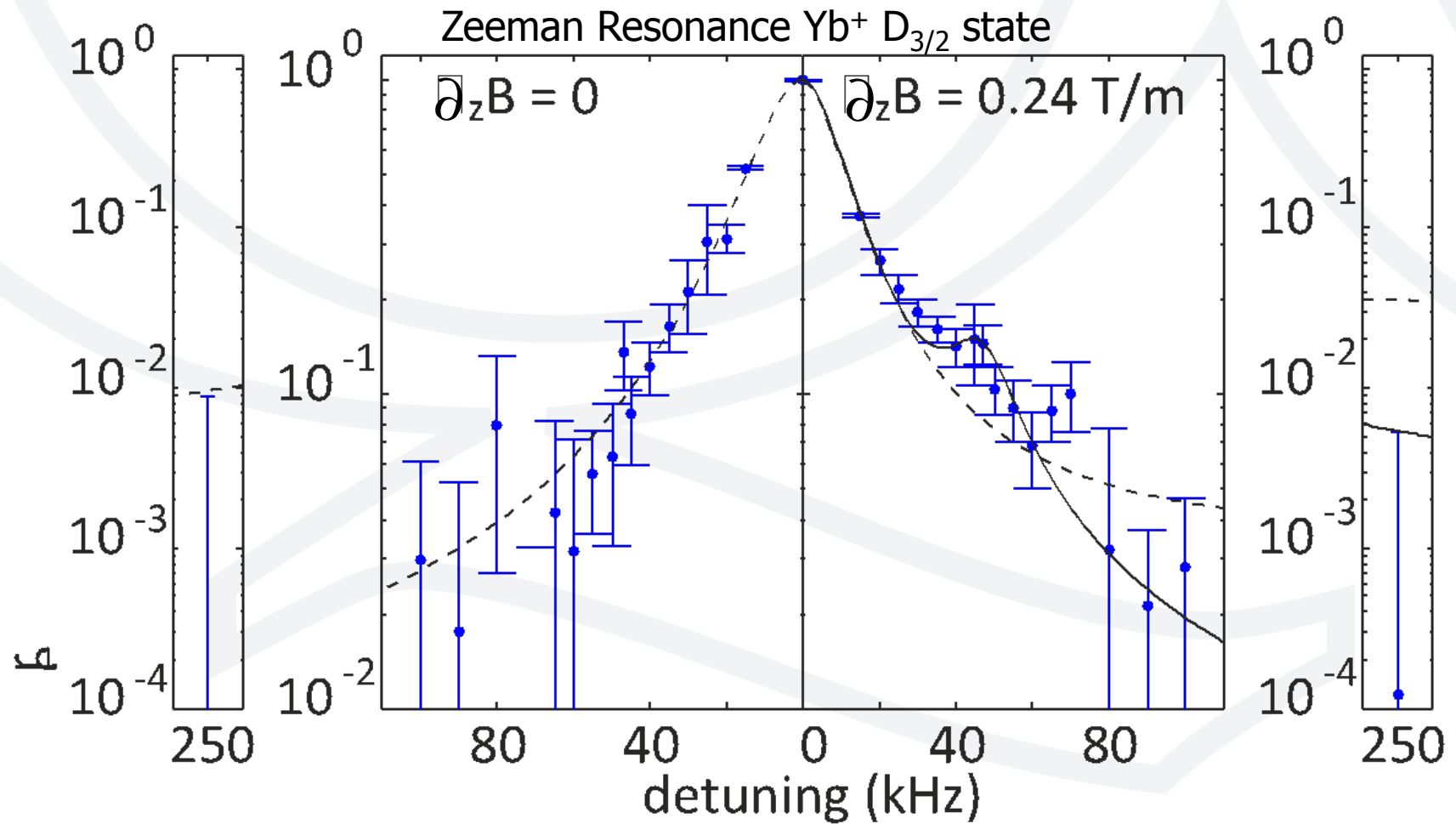
Spin-Motion coupling using RF radiation





MAGIC – Experiment

Spin-Motion coupling using RF radiation

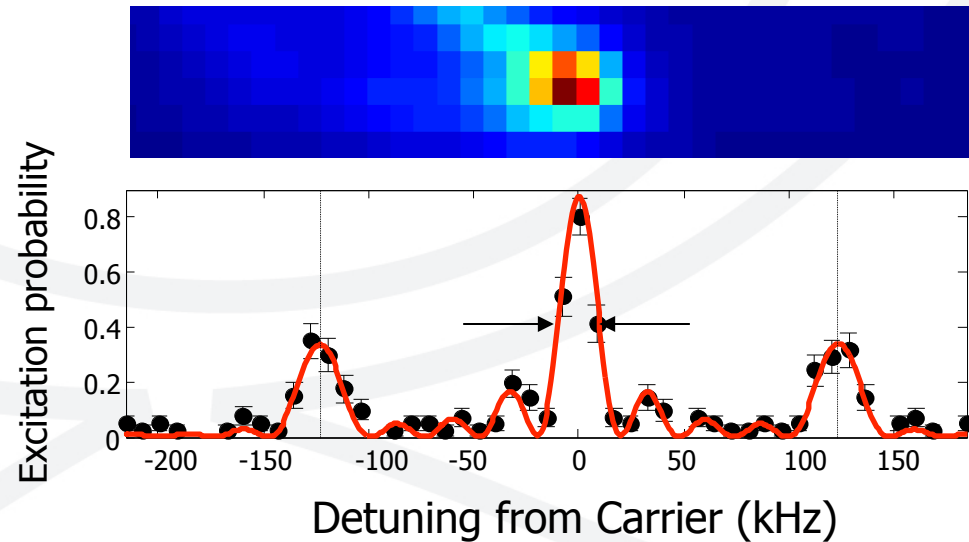




MAGIC – Experiment

Spin-Motion coupling using RF radiation

$^{171}\text{Yb}^+$



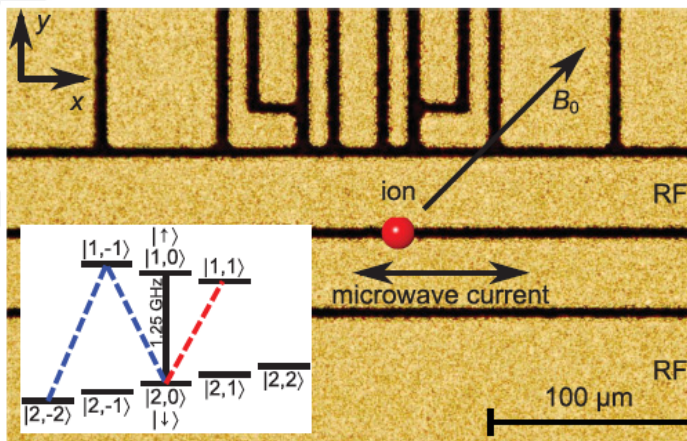
12.6 GHz





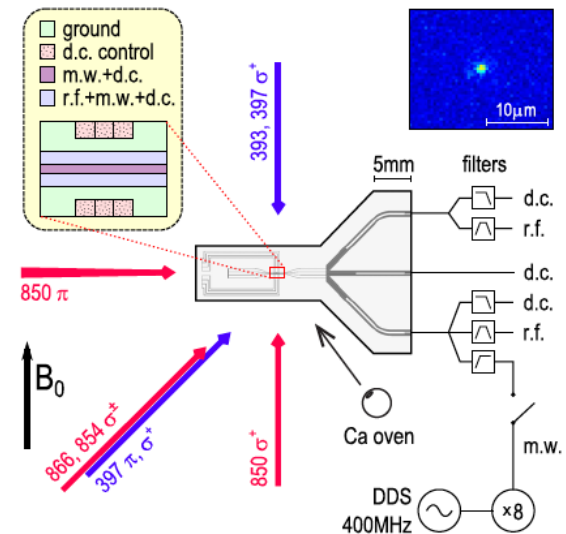
Single Qubit Gates Using **RF-waves**

Gate error $O(10^{-5})$



K. R. Brown *et al.*, PRA **84** (2011)

Gate error $O(10^{-6})$



T. P. Harty *et al.*, PRL **113** (2014)



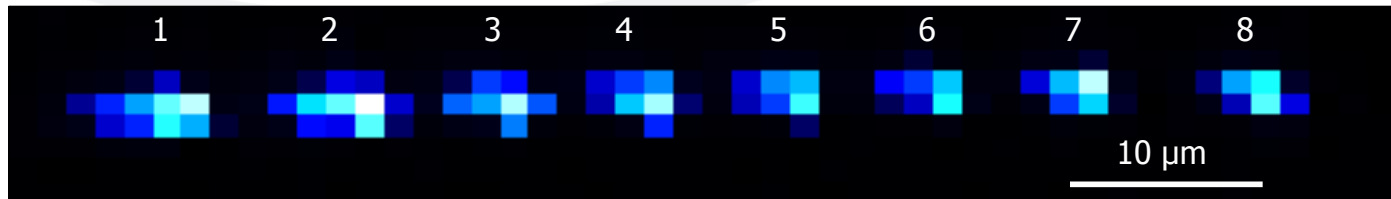
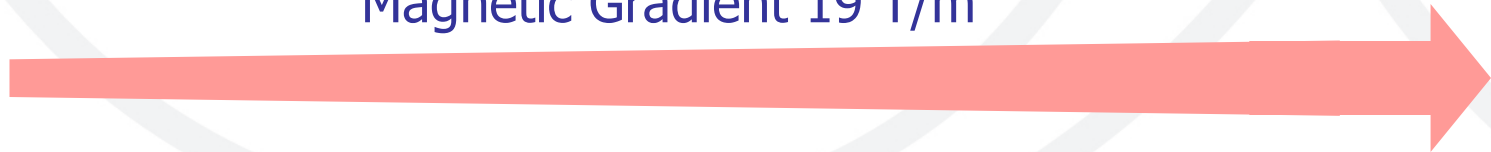
- RF (MW) for all coherent operations
- Individual Addressing
- Spin-Spin Coupling:
 - Adjust Magnitude
 - Simultaneous
 - On and Off
 - Change Sign

MAGIC QUANTUM TOOLBOX



Addressing a Quantum Byte

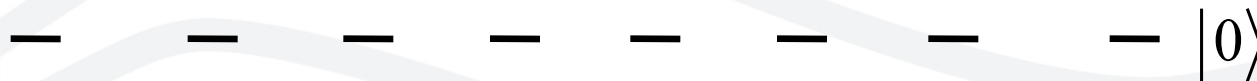
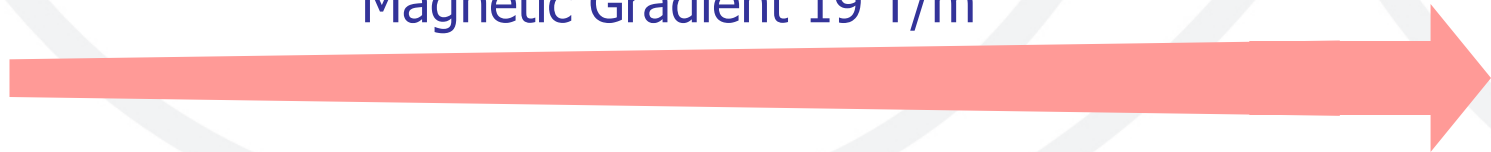
Magnetic Gradient 19 T/m





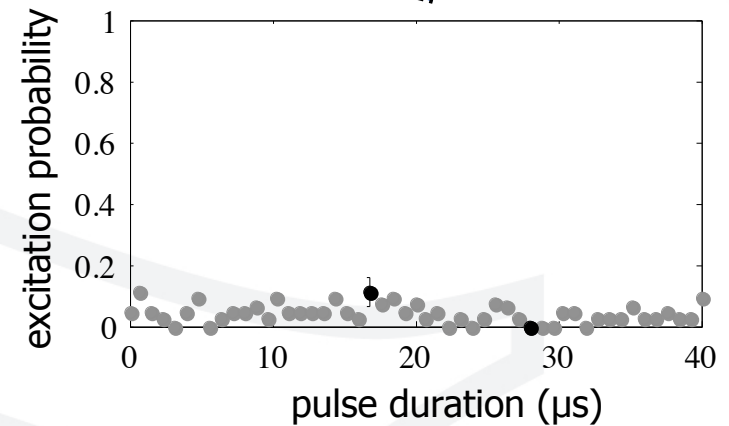
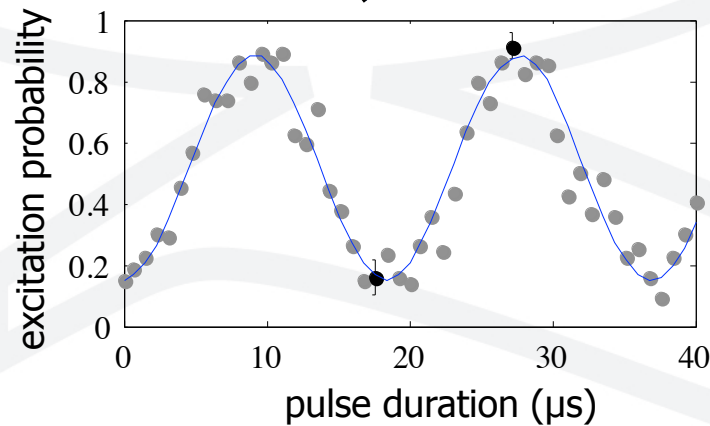
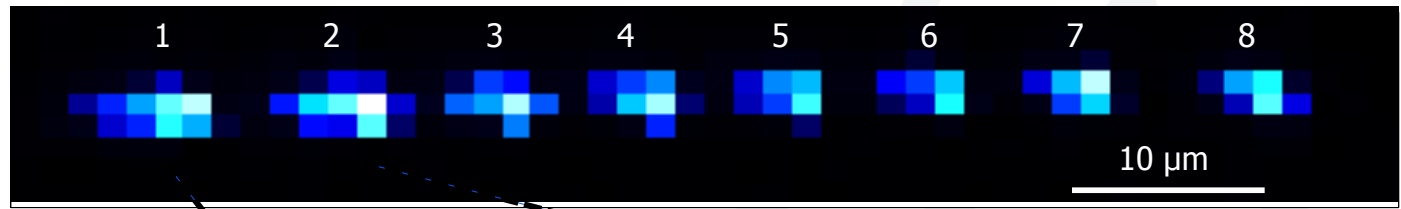
Addressing a Quantum Byte

Magnetic Gradient 19 T/m





Addressing a Quantum Byte

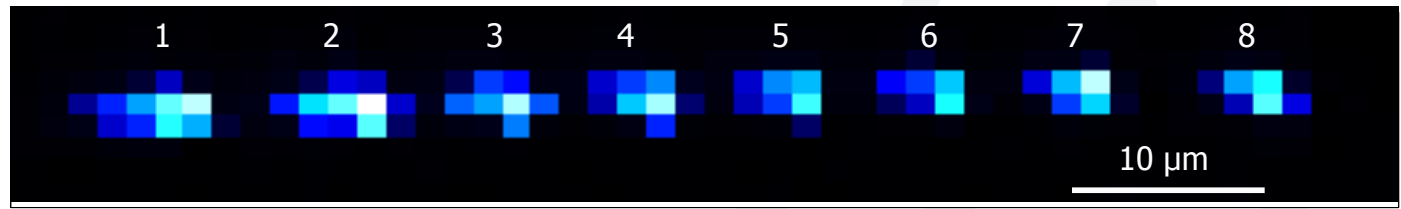


Nat. Commun. **5** (2014)

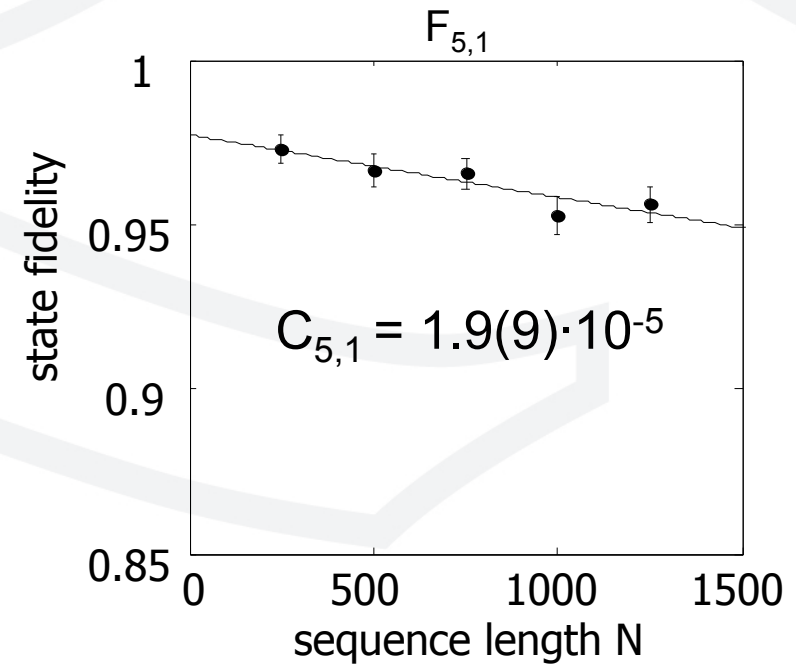
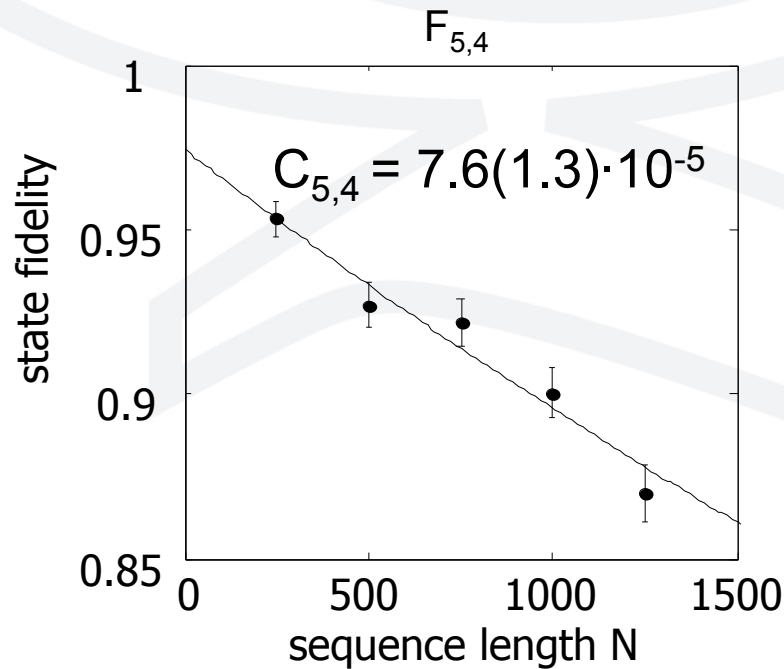


Addressing a Quantum Byte

Benchmarking



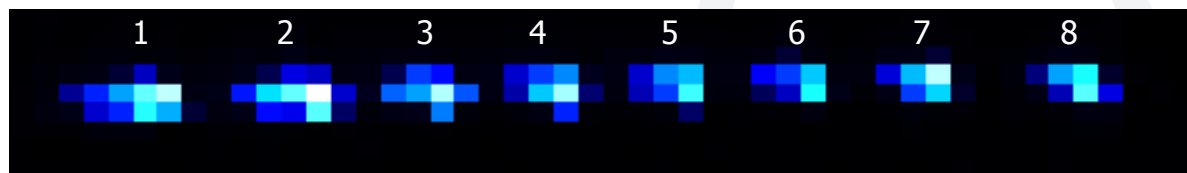
Example:





Addressing a Quantum Byte

Measured cross-talk matrix for interacting ions



$C_{i,j} (10^{-5})$

addressed qubits (rows); observed qubits (columns)

-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-	3.0(9)	1.9(8)	2.2(9)	2.3(9)	1.0(8)	0.7(6)	0.9(9)
2	3.8(1.4)	-	4.1(1.1)	2.3(9)	2.3(1.1)	1.6(8)	0.8(7)	1.1(6)
3	2.1(1.0)	3.7(1.2)	-	4.5(1.2)	1.5(7)	0.8(7)	0.6(6)	0.6(6)
4	0.9(9)	1.7(6)	2.7(1.1)	-	0.8(7)	0.6(6)	0.6(6)	0.5(5)
5	1.9(9)	1.6(9)	2.3(9)	5.5(1.4)	-	3.1(1.0)	1.8(9)	0.8(8)
6	1.5(5)	1.0(8)	1.0(8)	1.2(8)	2.9(1.1)	-	2.6(8)	-
7	0.8(8)	1.5(7)	1.2(8)	1.2(8)	2.9(1.1)	-	2.6(8)	-
8	0.5(5)	1.1(5)	0.6(6)	0.8(8)	2.5(9)	1.1(8)	3.4(1.2)	-

Below Error Correction Threshold

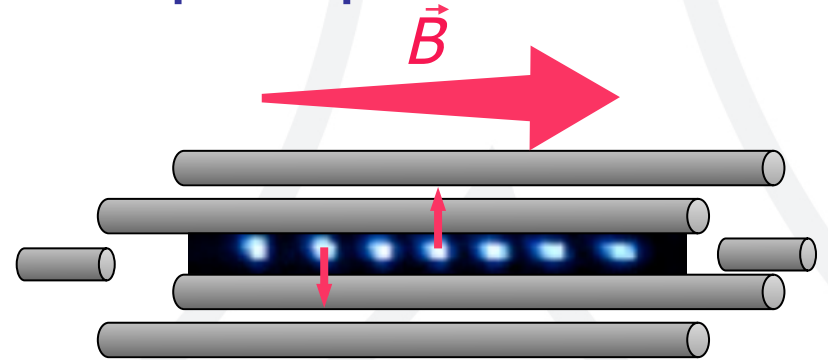


- RF (MW) for all coherent operations
- Individual Addressing
- Spin-Spin Coupling:
 - Adjust Magnitude
 - Simultaneous
 - On and Off
 - Change Sign

MAGIC QUANTUM TOOLBOX



MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction



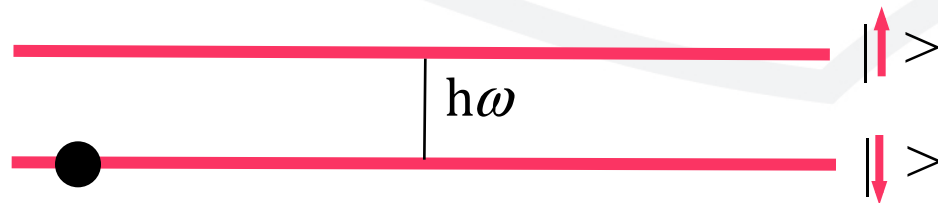
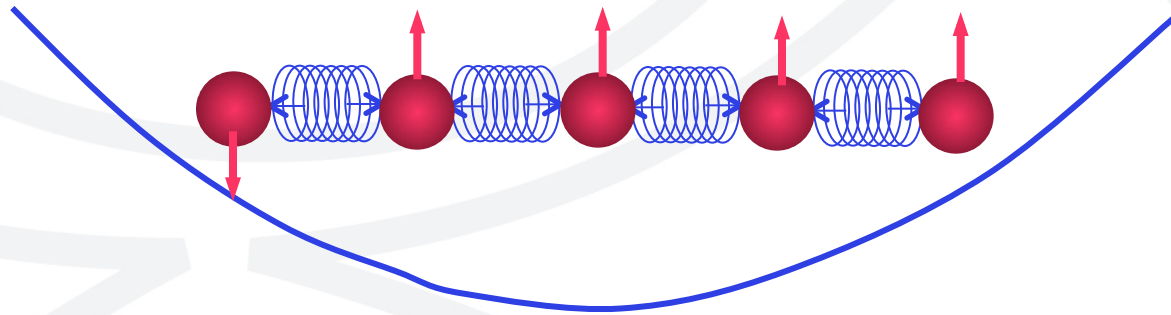
1. Individual Addressing

2. Spin-Spin Coupling

$$-\frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{i < j}^N \sigma_{z,i} \sigma_{z,j} J_{ij}$$

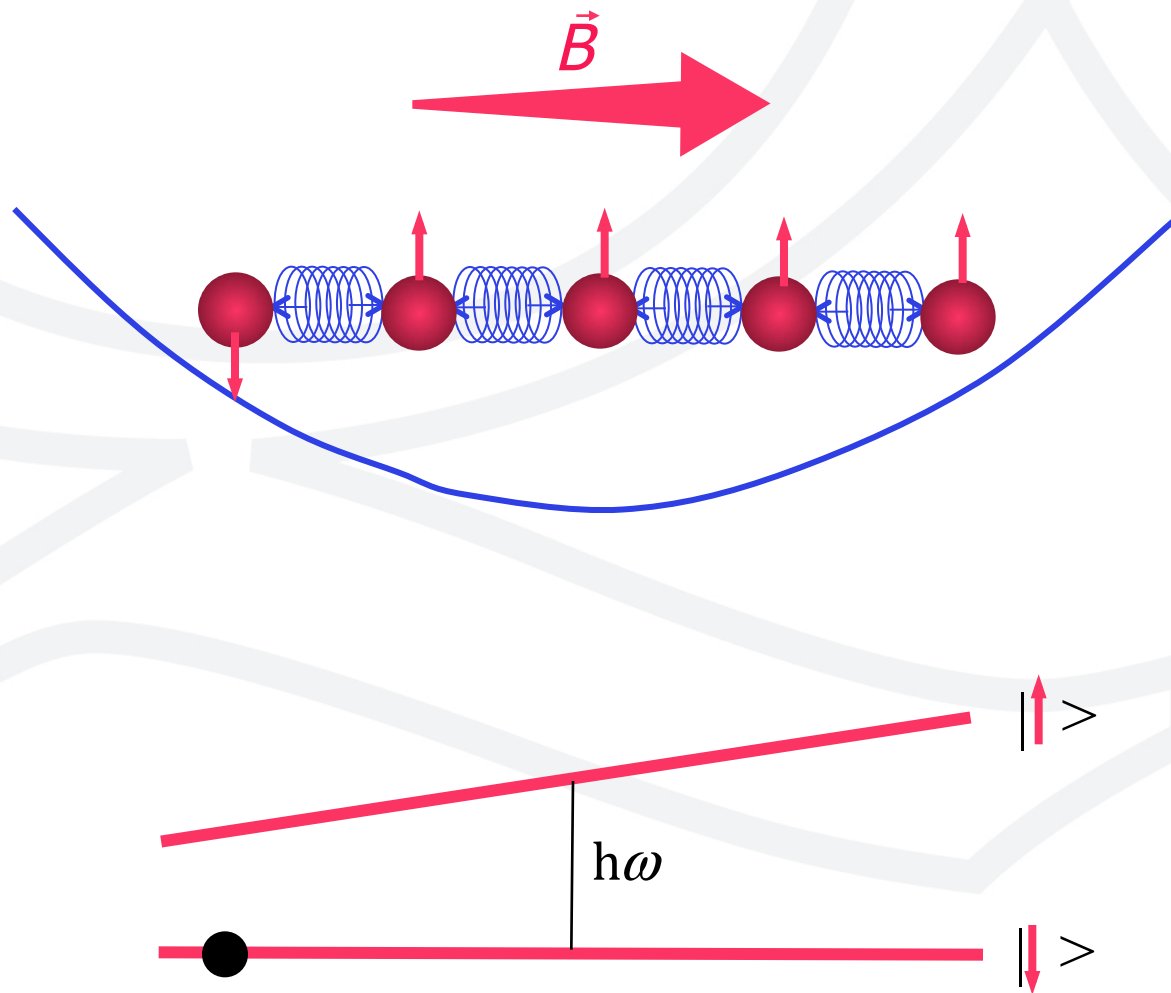


MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction



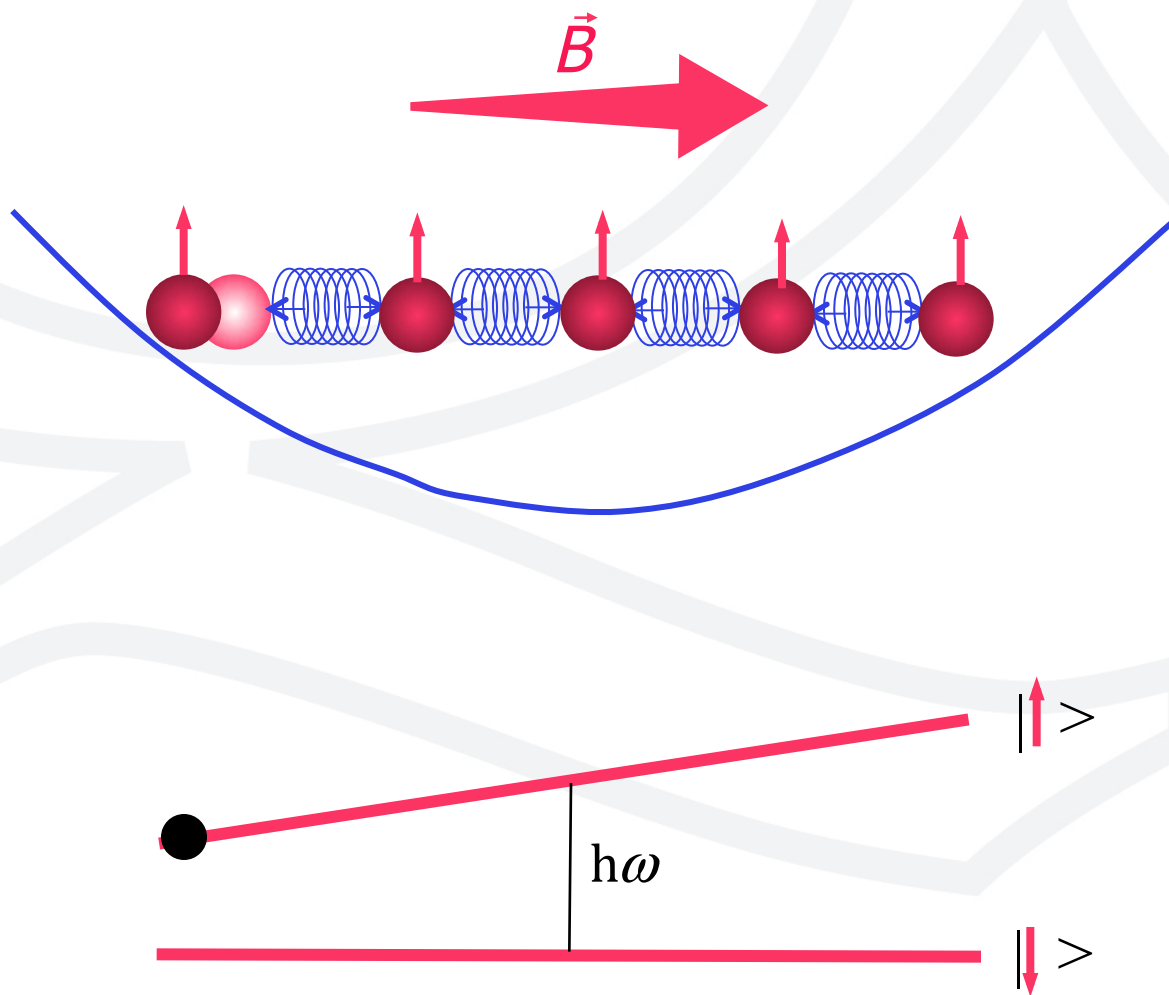


MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction



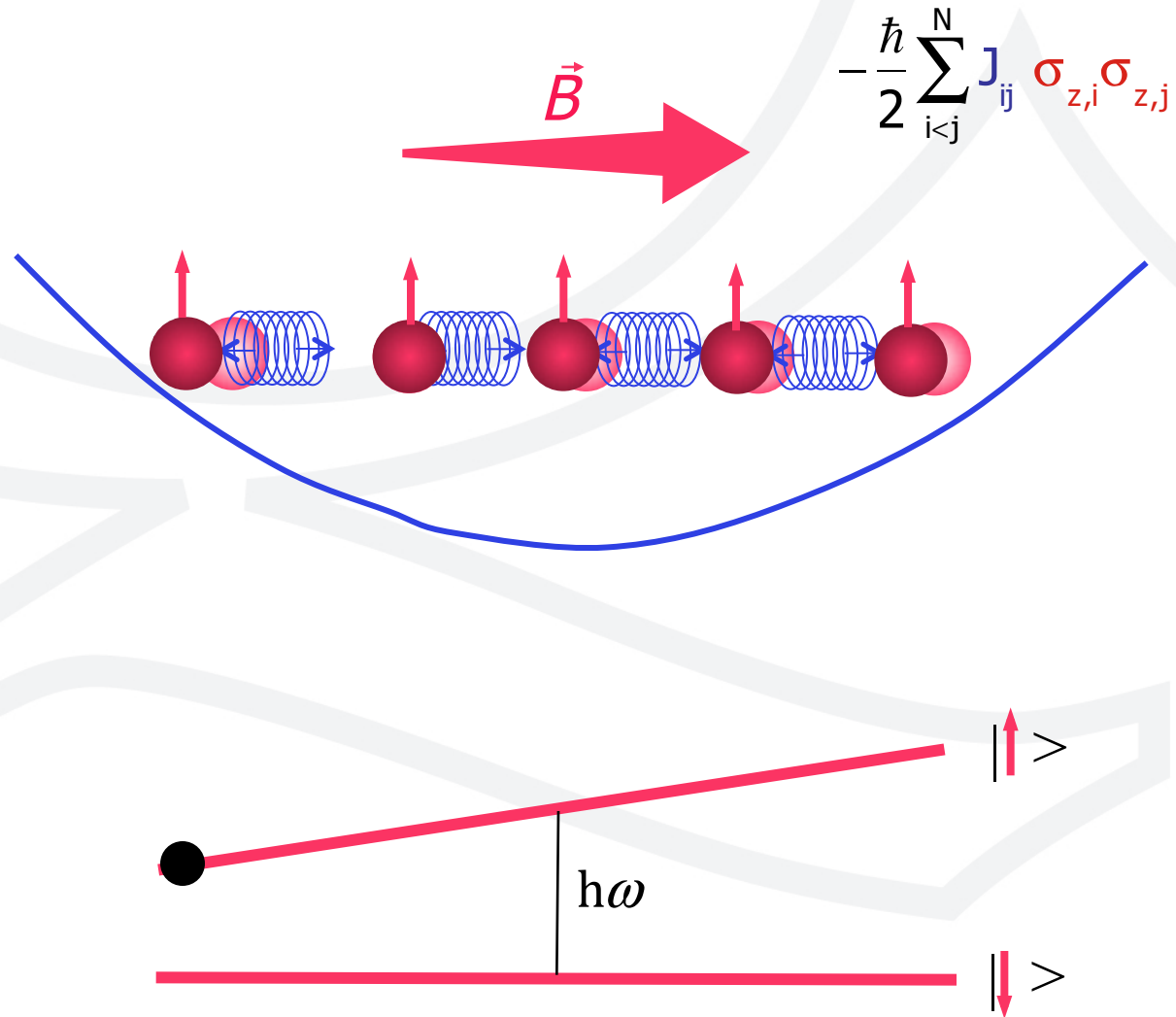


MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction

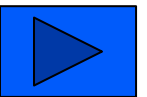




MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction

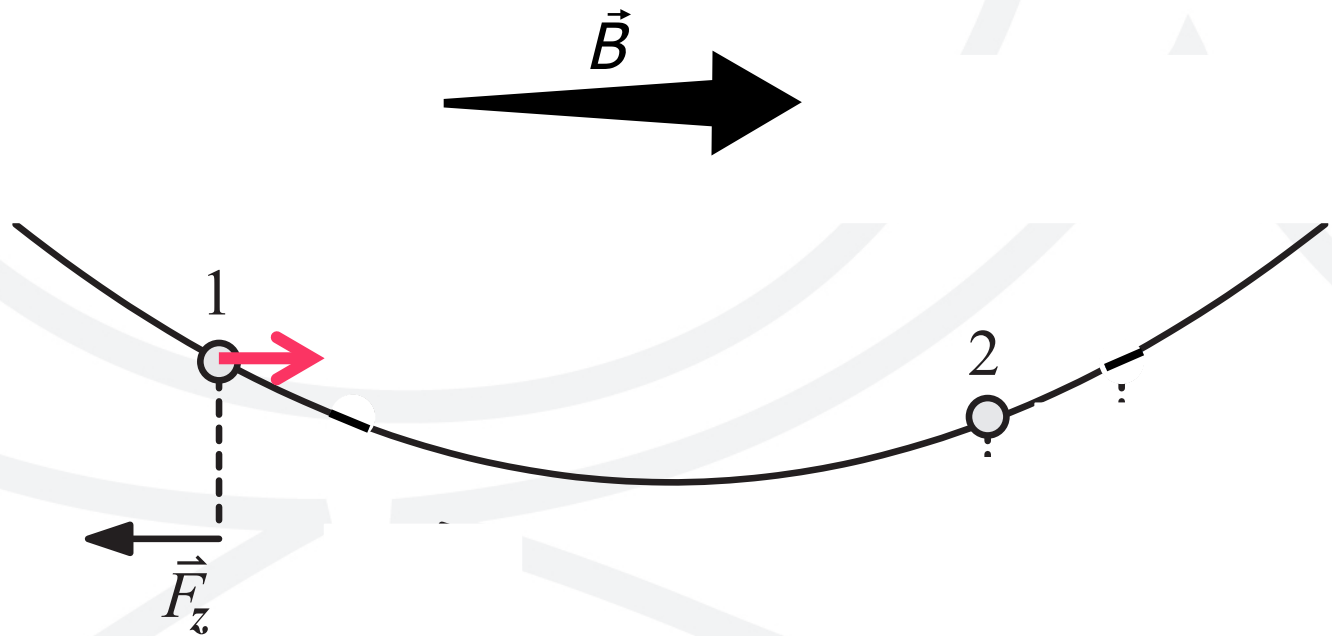


In *Laser Physics at the Limit*, Springer, 2002, p. 261; also: quant-ph/0111158
Adv. At. Mol. Opt. Phys.**49**, 295 (2003); also: quant-ph/0305129



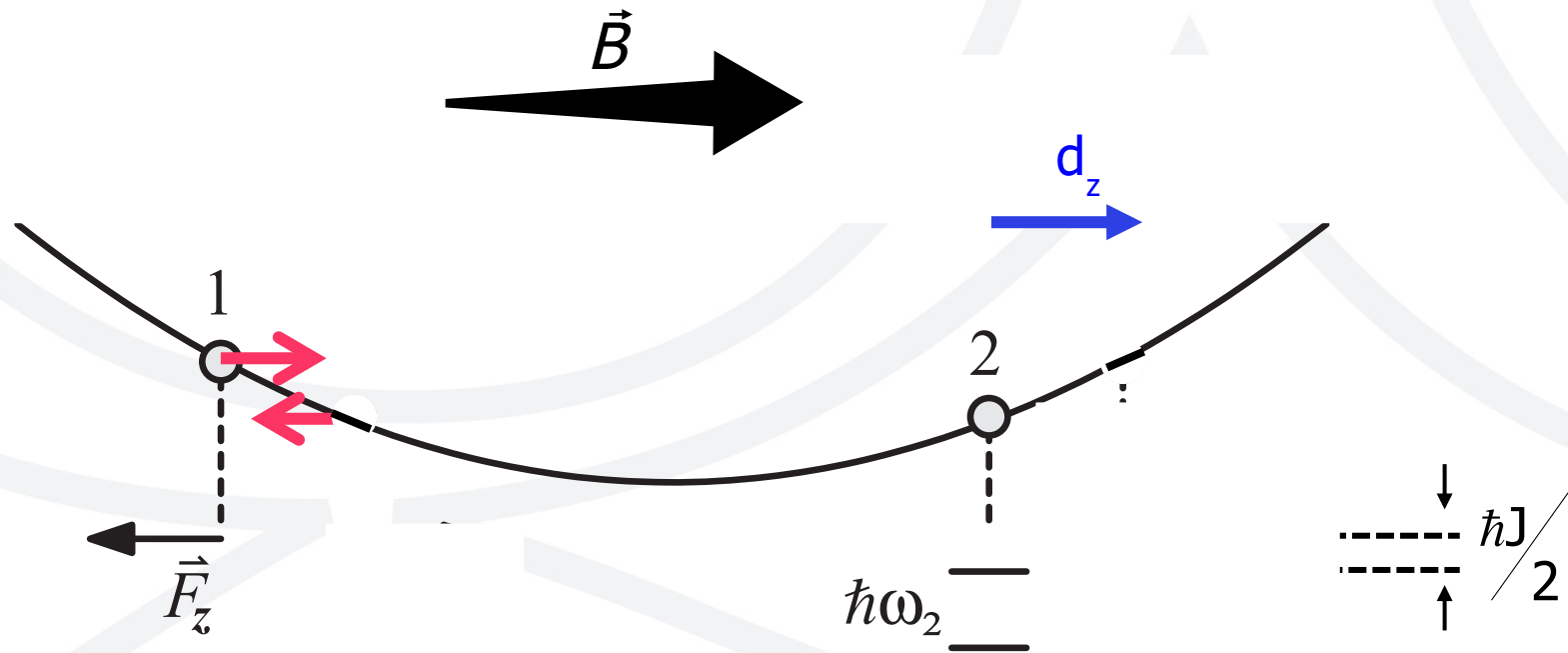


MAGIC Example: Two Ions





MAGIC Example: Two Ions

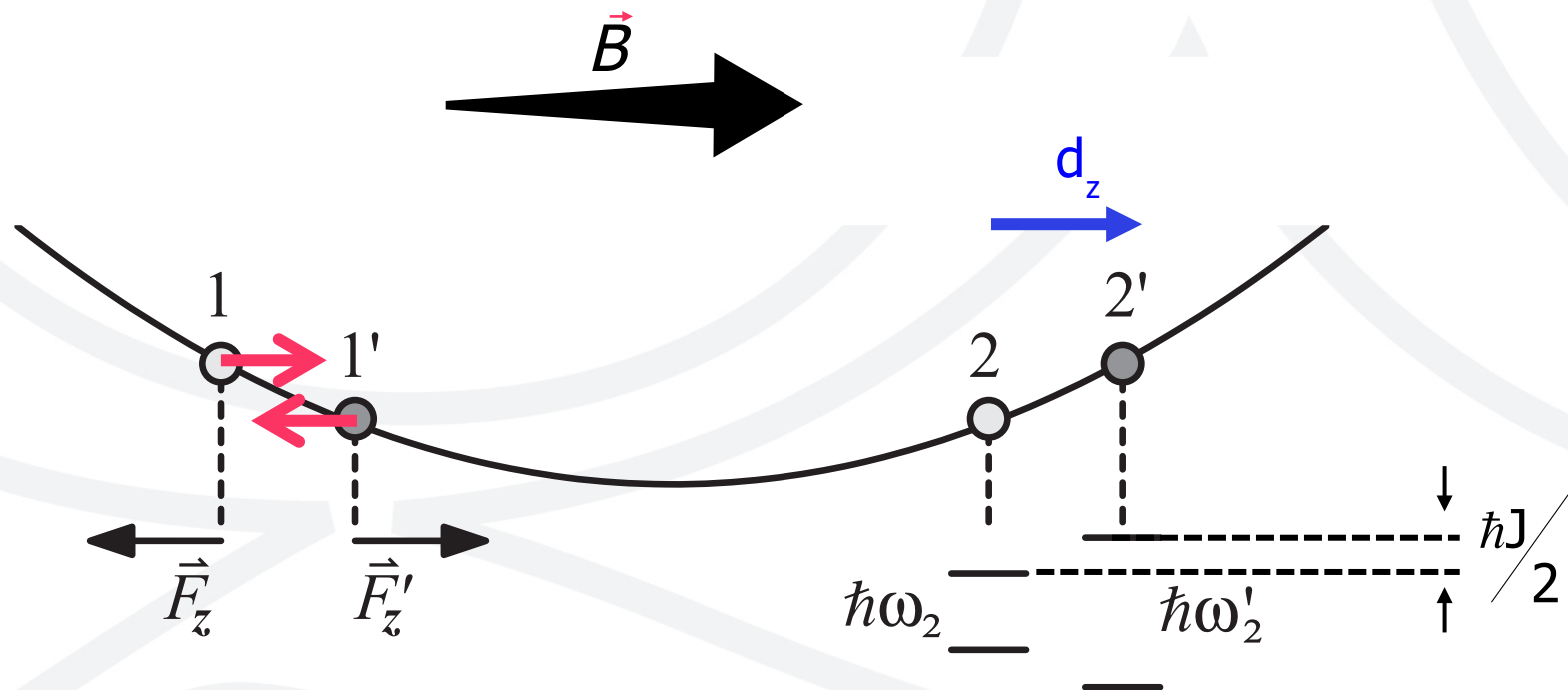


$$\text{Spin flip} \Rightarrow d_z = \mp F_z / (mv^2)$$

$$\hbar J_{12} = -F_z d_z = -F_z^2 / (mv^2) \propto (\partial_z B / v)^2.$$



MAGIC Example: Two Ions



$$\hbar J_{12} \propto (\partial_z B / v)^2$$



MAGIC: Outline of Math (1d)

Interaction

$$H_I = -\frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \omega_n \sigma_z^{(n)} - \frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \partial_z \omega_n q_n \sigma_z^{(n)}$$

$$= \dots - F_0 \sum_{n=1}^N q_n \sigma_z^{(n)}$$

Potential (external + Coulomb)

$$V^{\text{harm}} = \sum_{n=1}^N A_{i,j} q_i q_j$$

$\Rightarrow$ N uncoupled normal modes

Unitary transformation

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{H} = -\frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \omega_n \sigma_z^{(n)} + \hbar \sum_{n=1}^N v_n a_n^\dagger a_n - \frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{\substack{i,j=1 \\ i < j}}^N J_{ij} \sigma_z^{(i)} \sigma_z^{(j)},$$

with

$$J_{ij} \equiv \sum_{n=1}^N v_n \varepsilon_{in} \varepsilon_{jn},$$

and

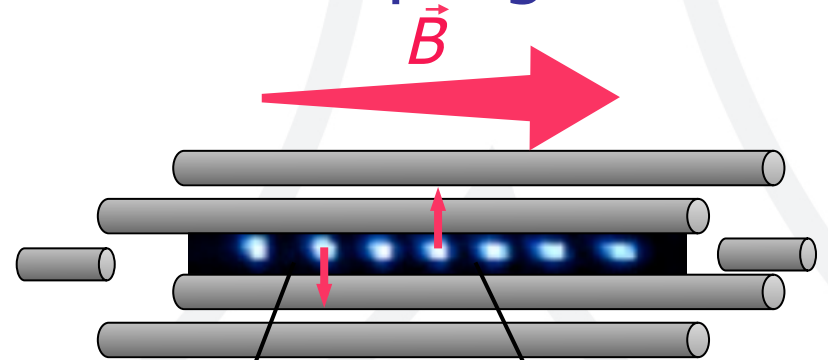
$$\varepsilon_{in} \equiv \frac{\Delta z_n \partial_z \omega_i}{v_n} S_{in}$$

In *Laser Physics at the Limit*, Springer, 2002, p. 261. also: quant-ph/0111158

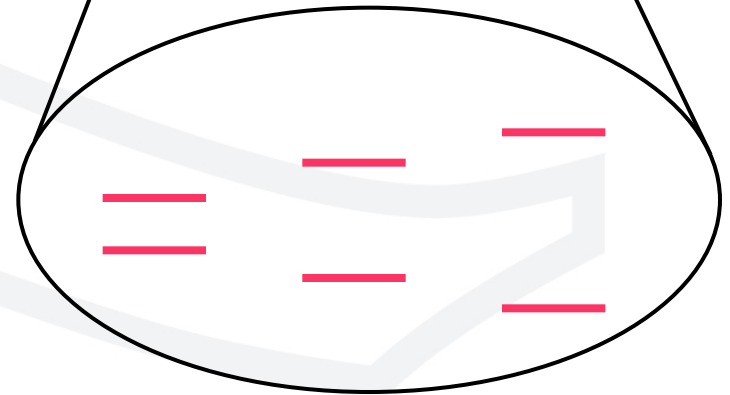


Magnetic Gradient Induced Coupling: MAGIC

1. Qubit resonances shifted individually
2. Spin-Spin coupling between individual qubits



$$-\frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_{i < j}^N \sigma_{z,i} \sigma_{z,j} J_{ij}$$

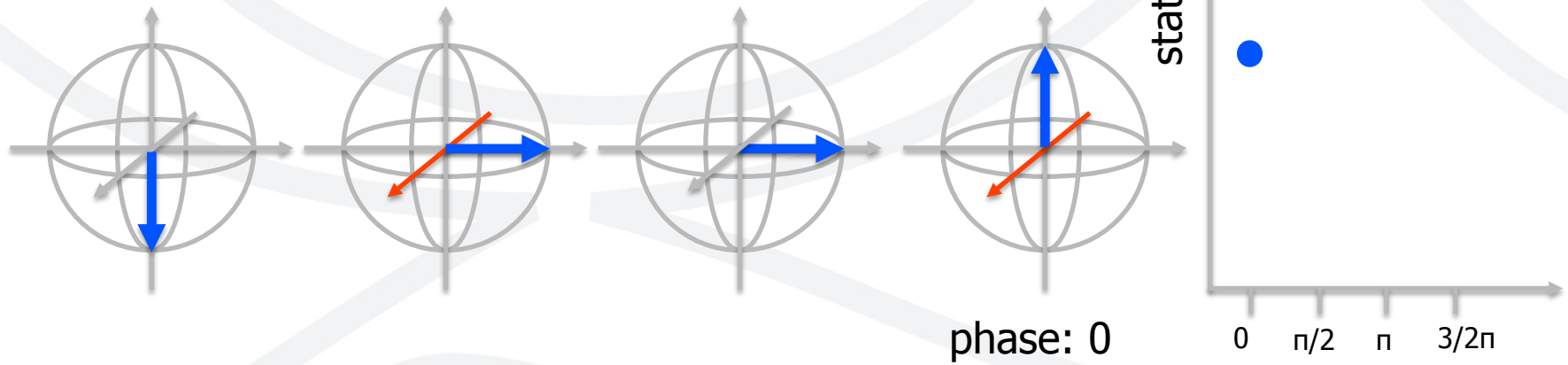




Interlude: Ramsey-type measurements

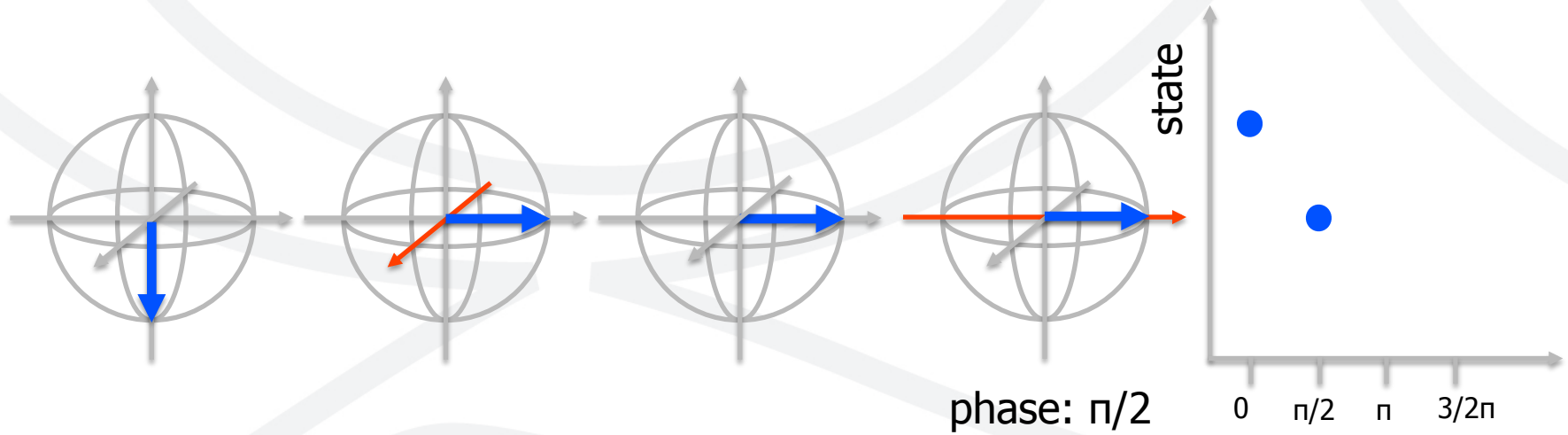


Ramsey measurement



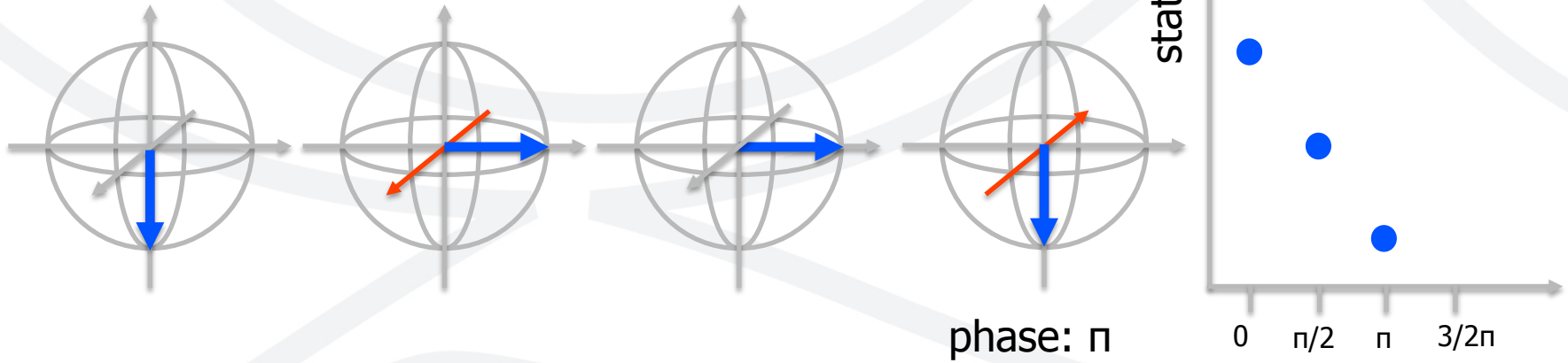


Ramsey measurement



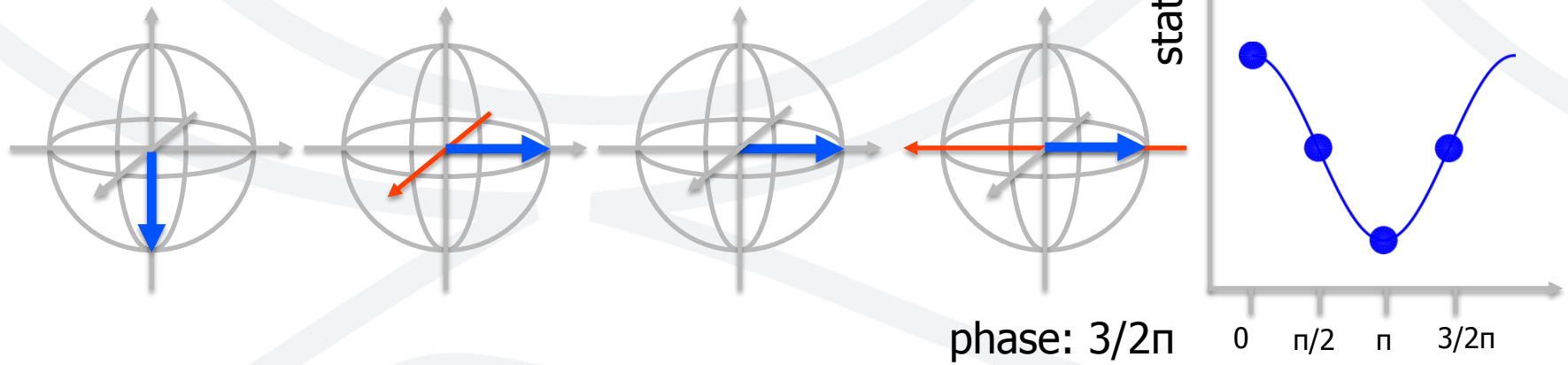


Ramsey measurement



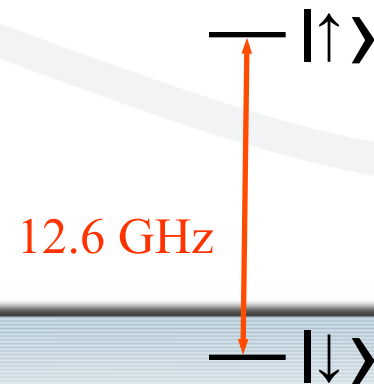
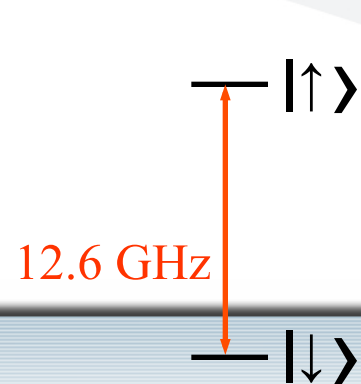
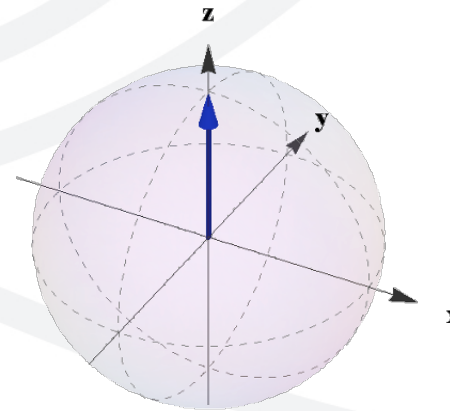
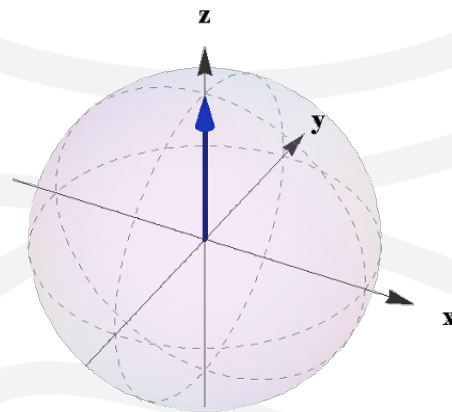


Ramsey measurement



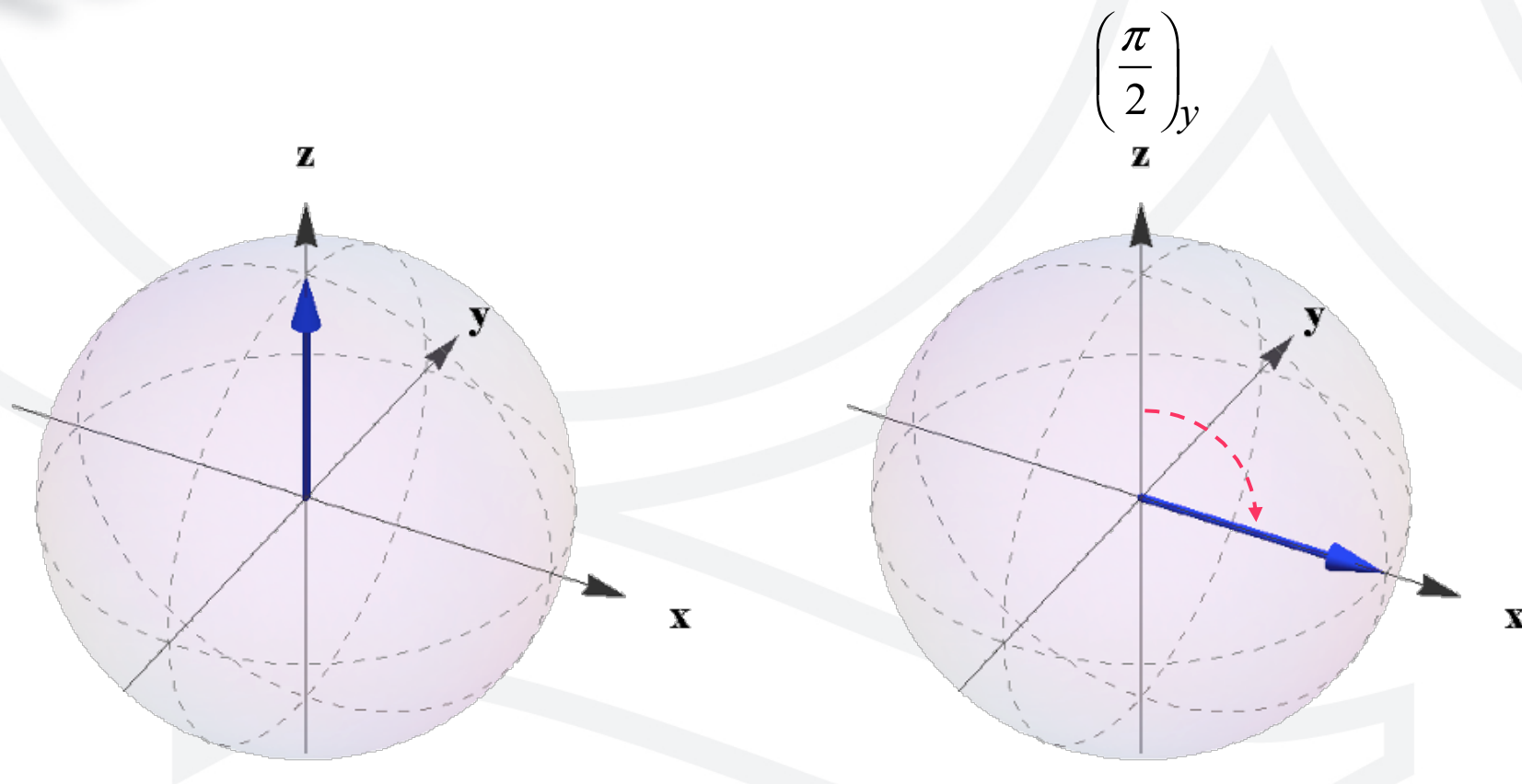


Interlude: Quantum Gates using J-coupling





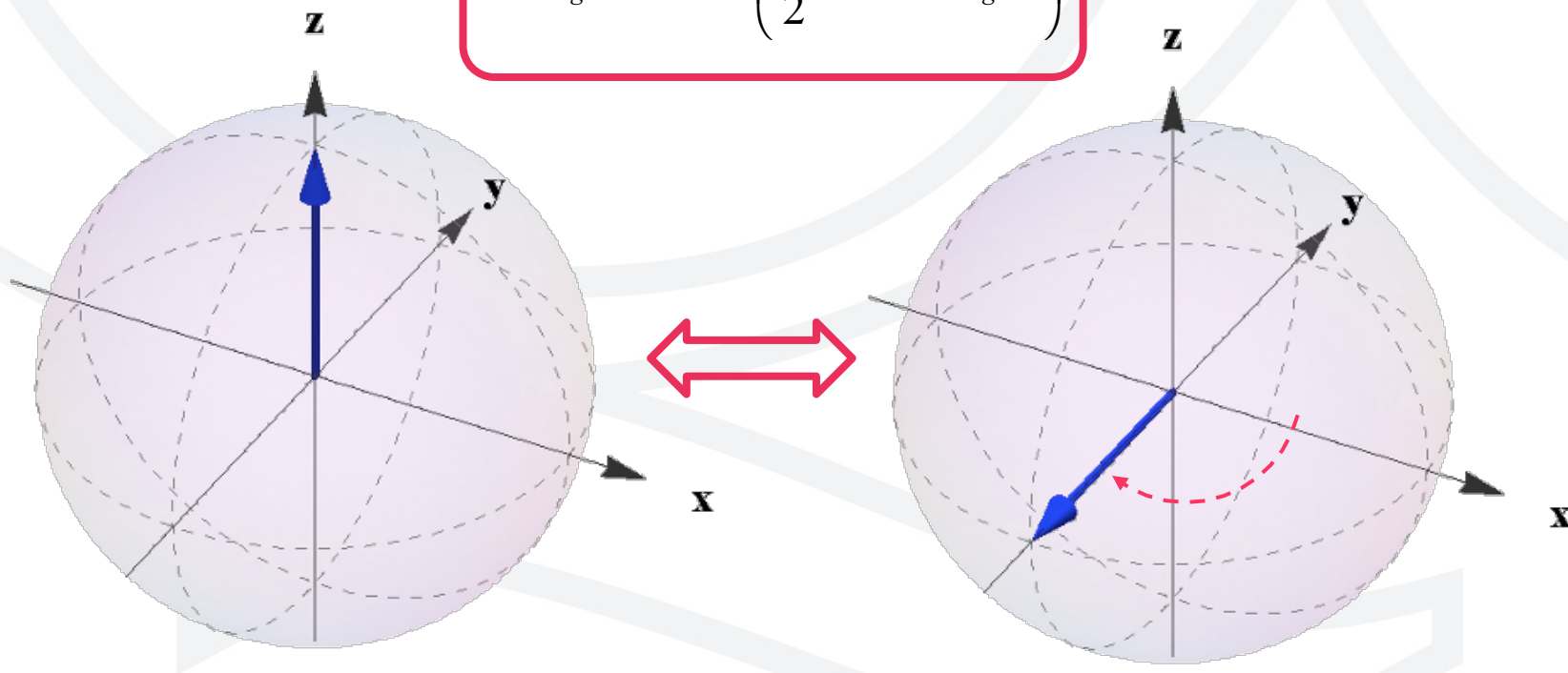
J-type coupling – CNOT Gate Schematic





J -type coupling – CNOT Gate Schematic

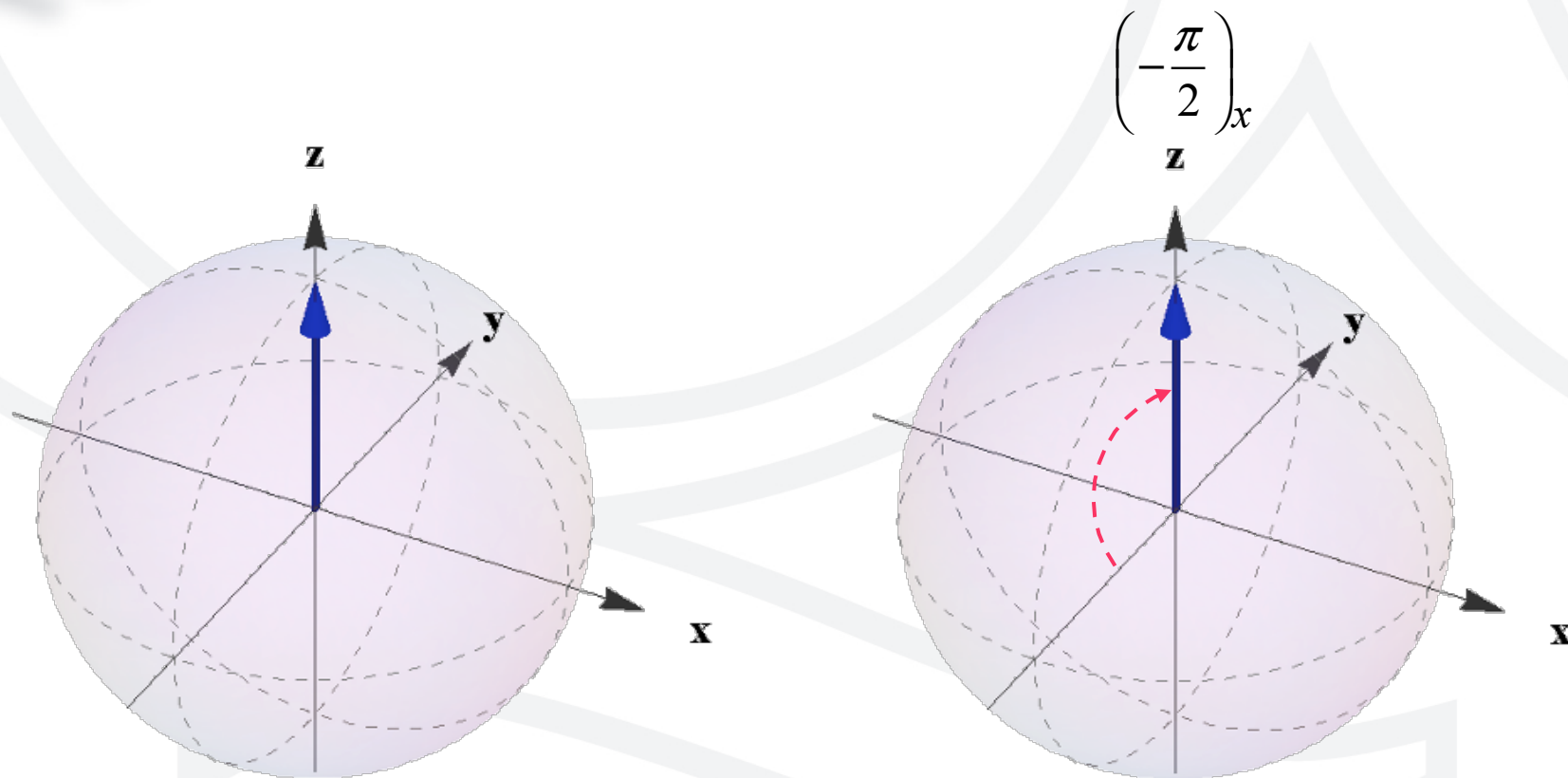
$$U(\tau_{gate}) = \exp\left(\frac{i}{2} J_{12} \sigma_1^z \sigma_2^z \tau_{gate}\right)$$



$$J_{12} \cdot \tau_{gate} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



J -type coupling – CNOT Gate Schematic

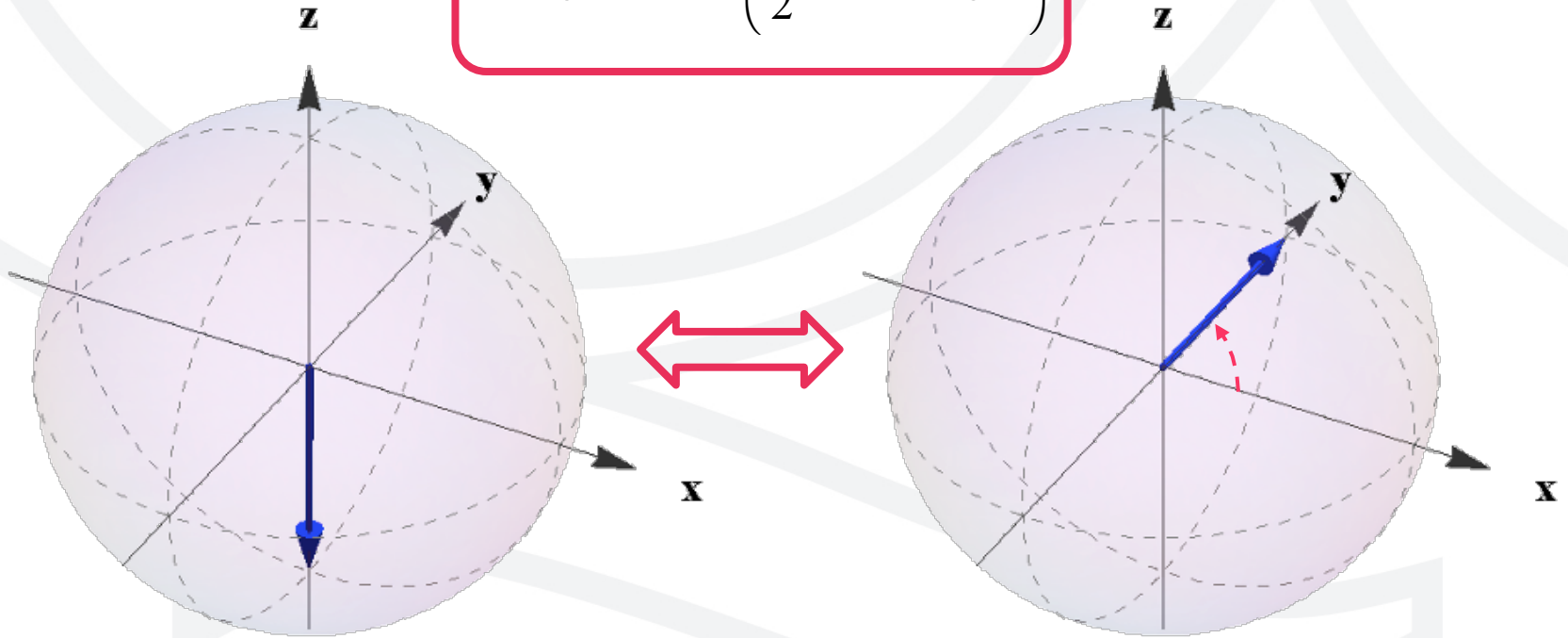


$$|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle \xrightarrow{CNOT} |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle$$



J -type coupling – CNOT Gate Schematic

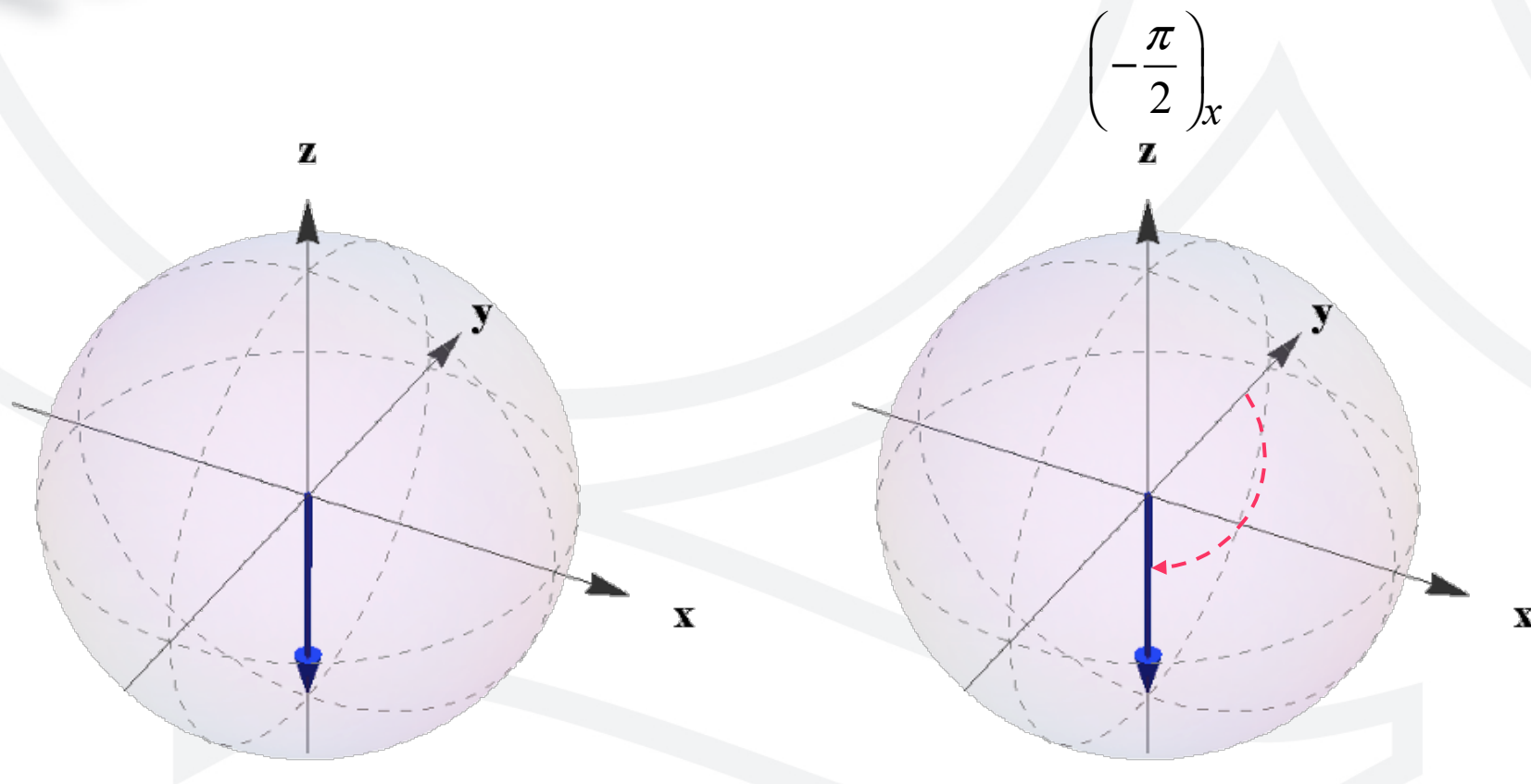
$$U(\tau_{gate}) = \exp\left(\frac{i}{2} J_{12} \sigma_1^z \sigma_2^z \tau_{gate}\right)$$



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J-type coupling – CNOT Gate Schematic

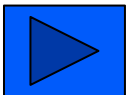


$$|\downarrow\uparrow\rangle \xrightarrow{CNOT} |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle$$



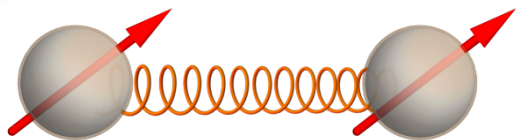
- RF (MW) for all coherent operations
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MAGIC QUANTUM TOOLBOX

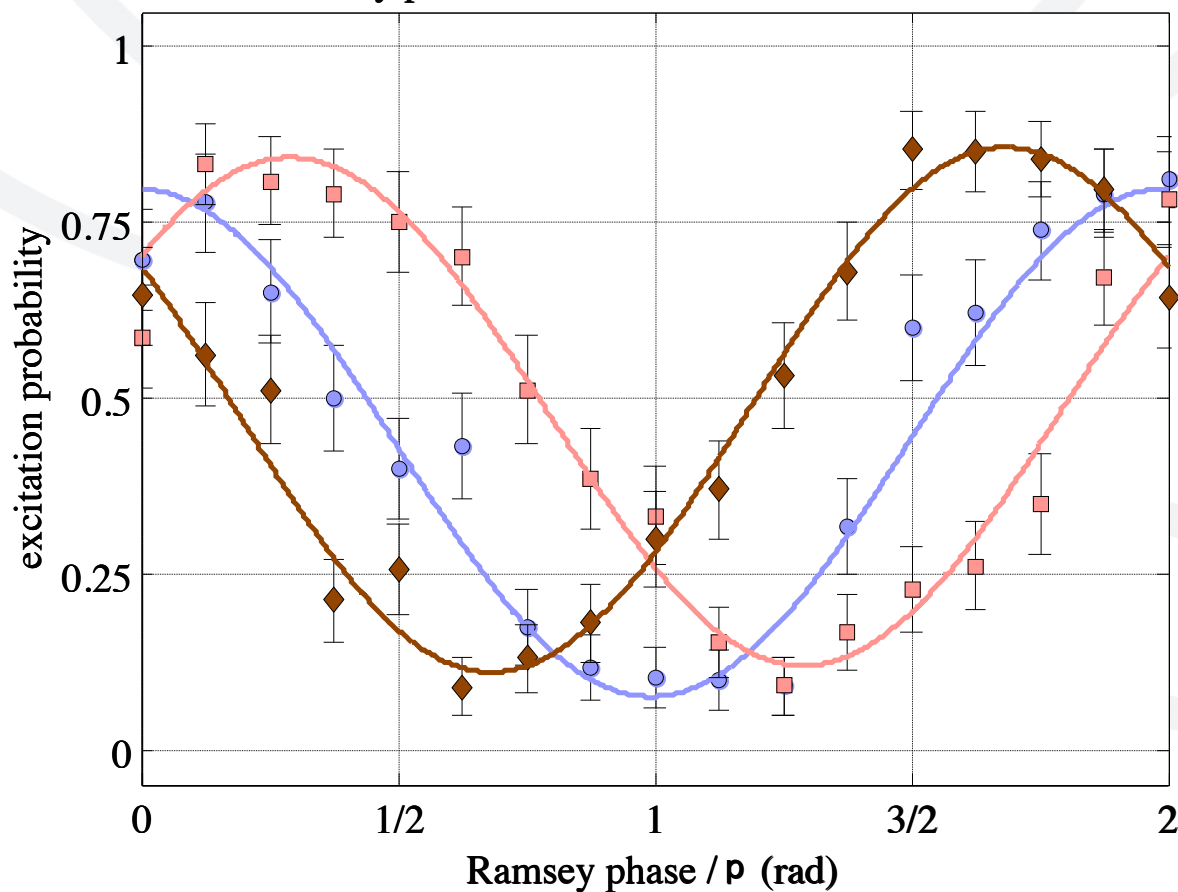




Measuring MAGIC



Ramsey phase at conditional evolution time 4 ms



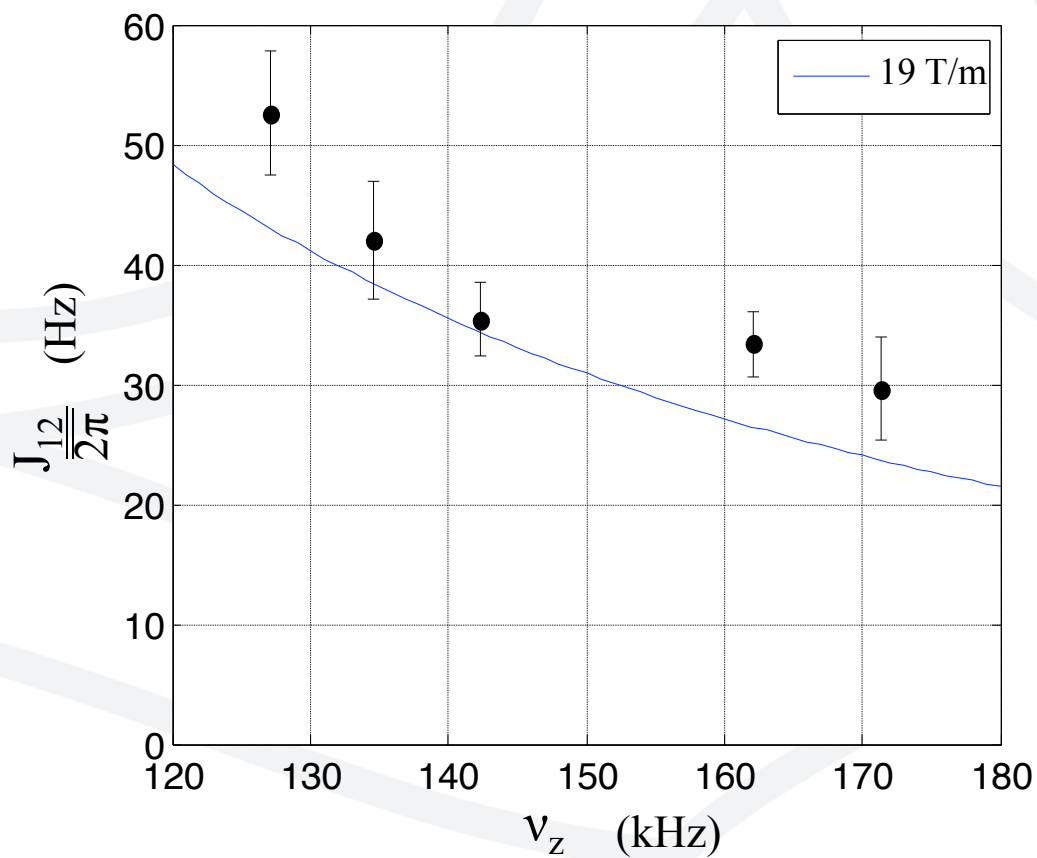
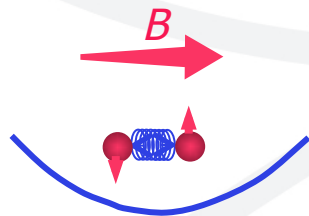
$$J_{ij} = \frac{\Delta\phi_{ij}}{2\tau}$$



Magnitude of MAGIC

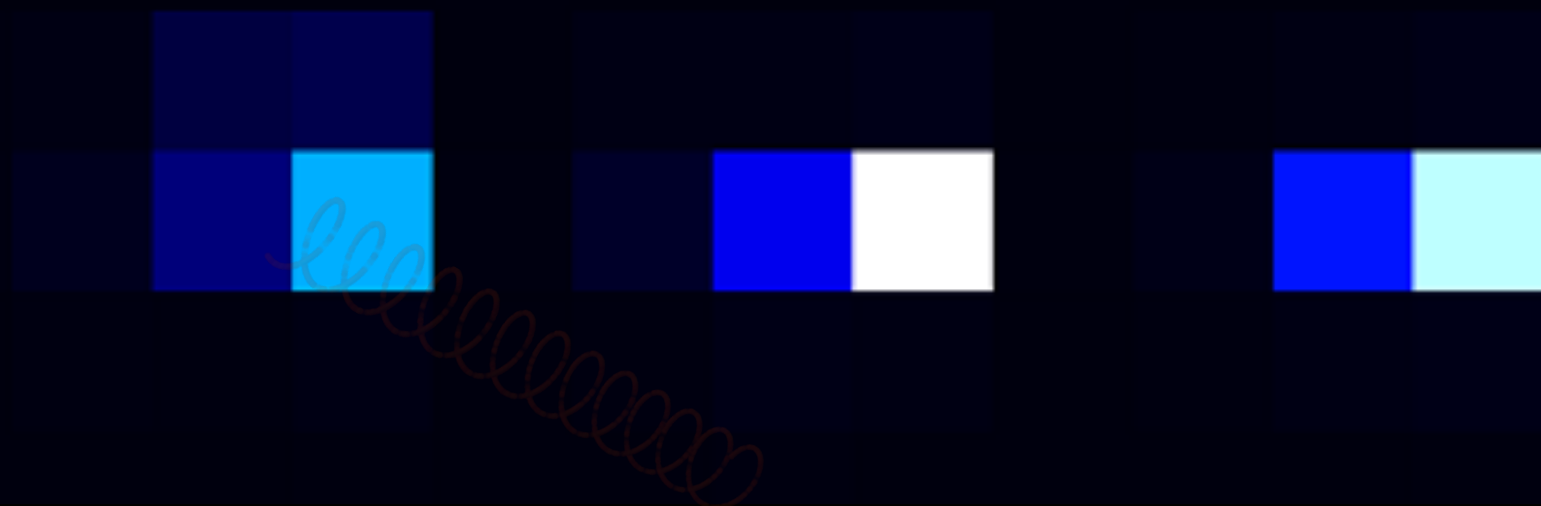
Variation of trapping potential

$$J \propto \left(\frac{\partial_z B}{v_z} \right)^2$$





MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction



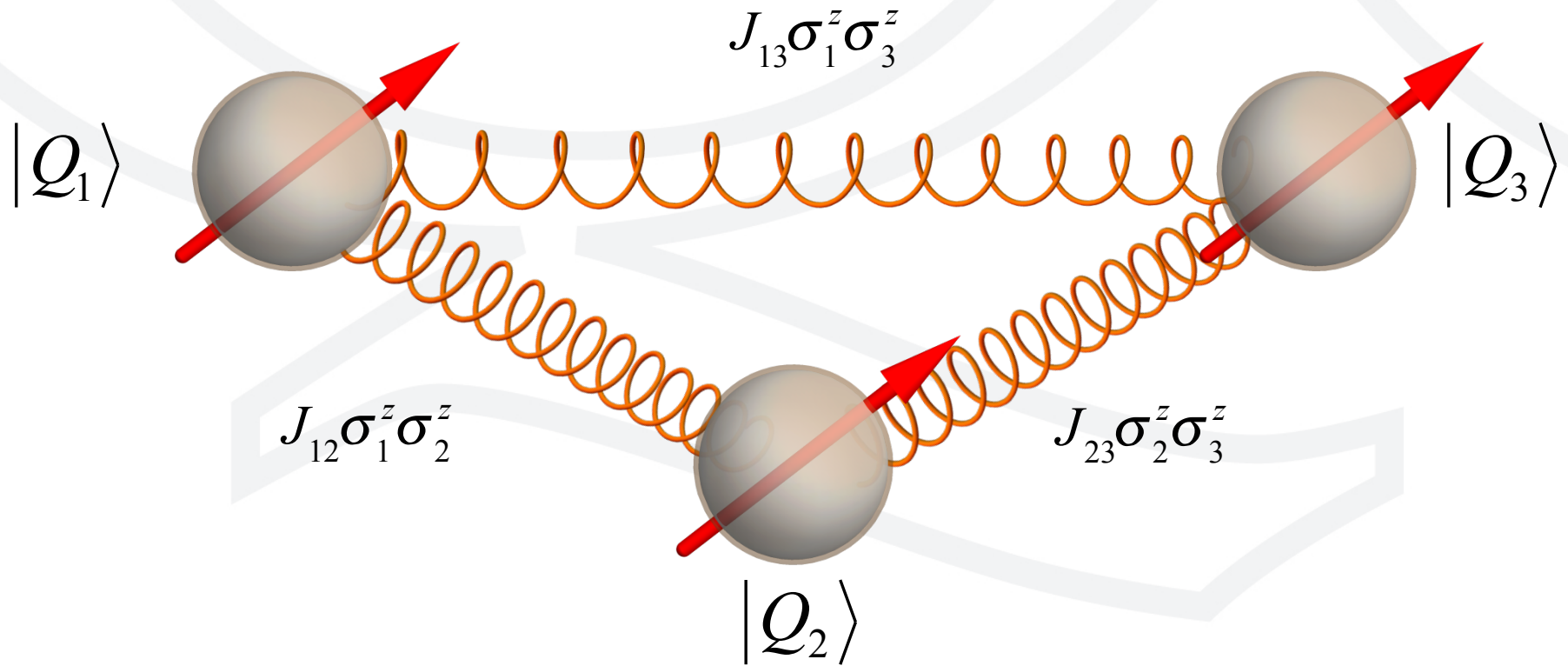
$|Q_1\rangle$

$|Q_2\rangle$

$|Q_3\rangle$

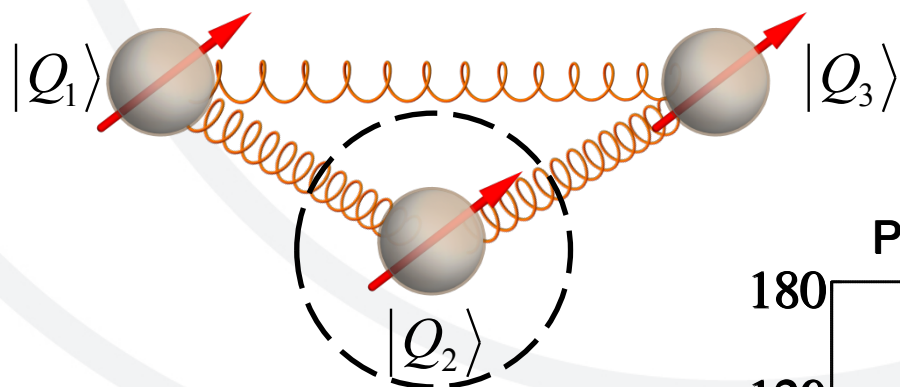


MAGIC: Spin-Spin Interaction





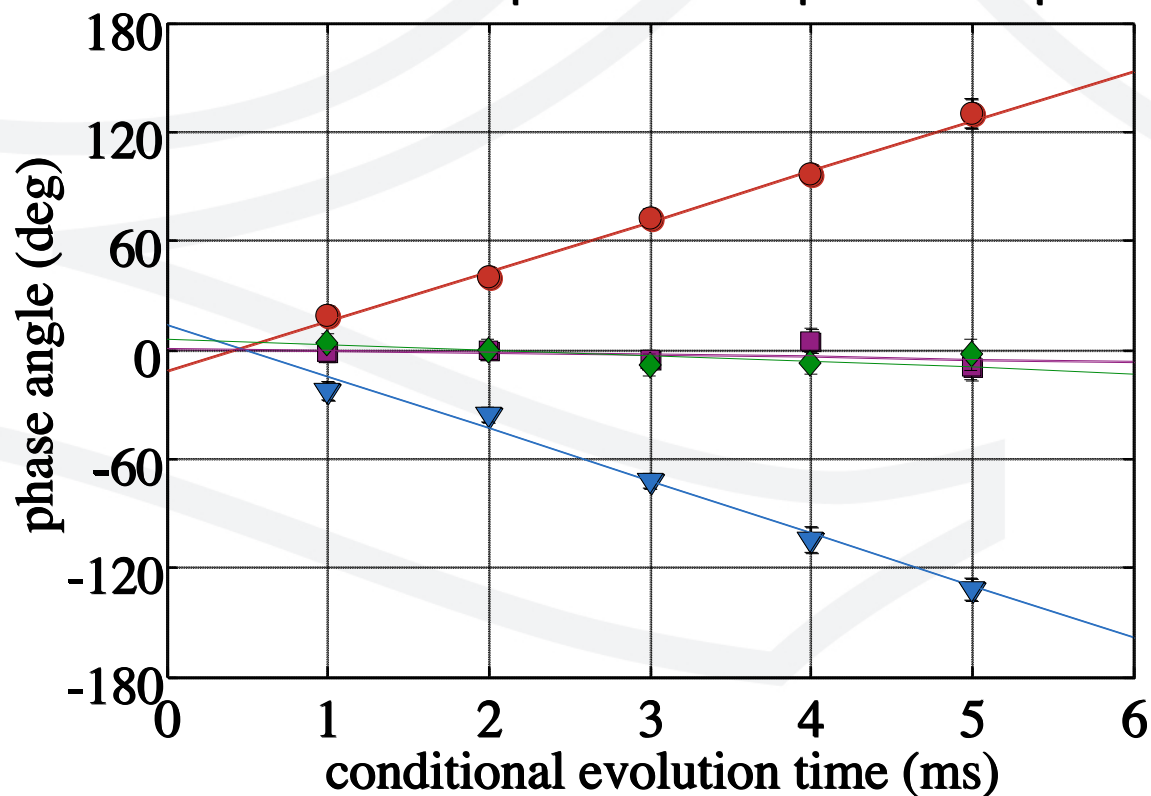
Simultaneous Coupling



$|Q_1, Q_3\rangle$

- $|00\rangle$
- $|01\rangle$
- ◆ $|10\rangle$
- ▼ $|11\rangle$

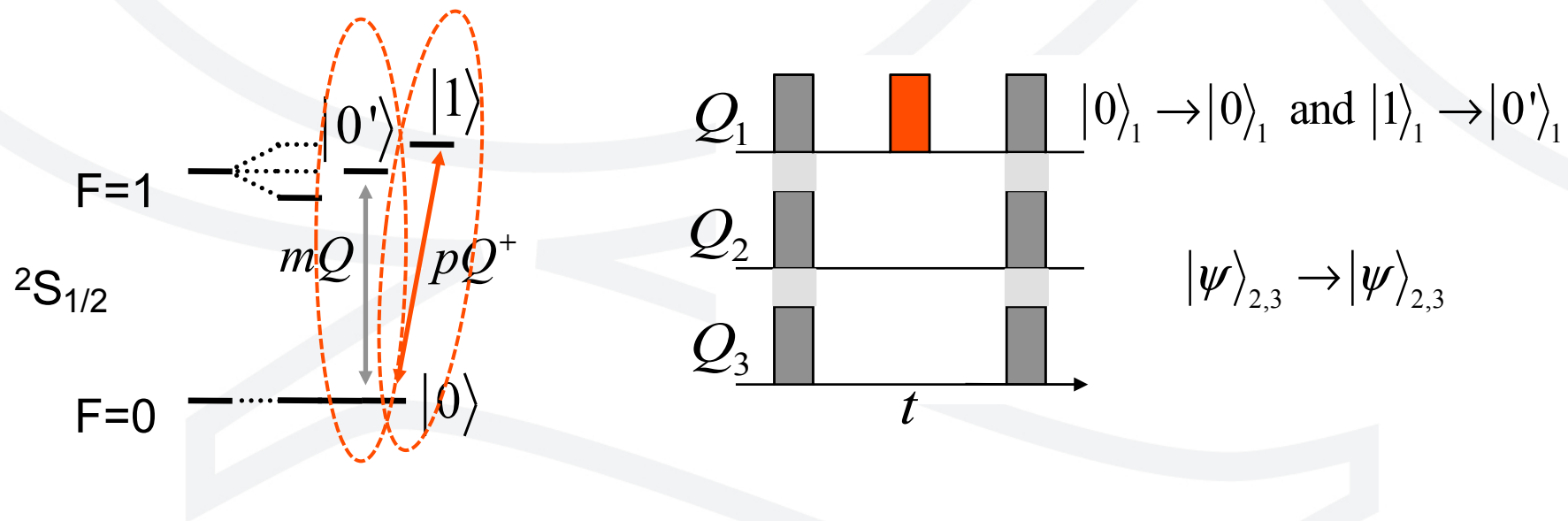
Phase shift of qubit 2 due to qubit 1 and qubit 3





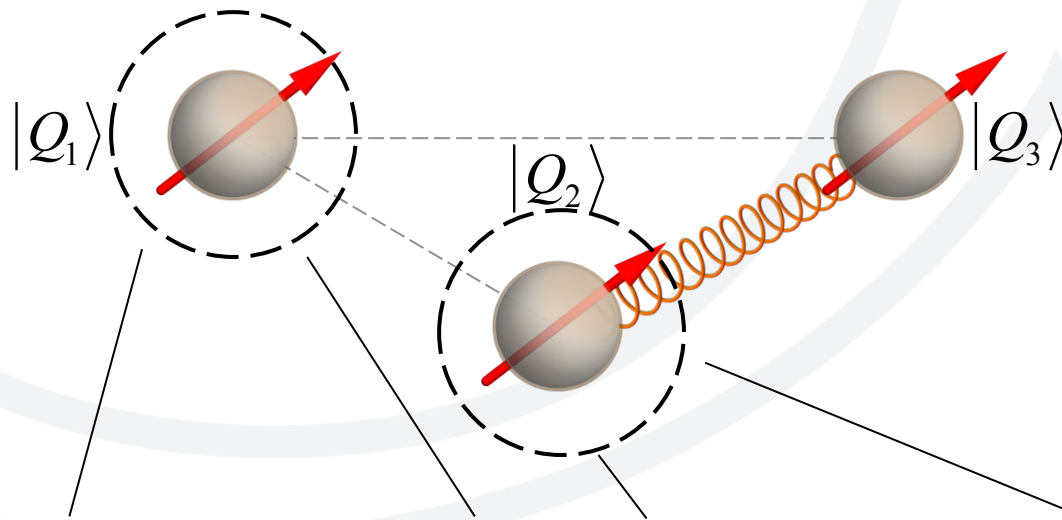
Turn coupling off

Recoding



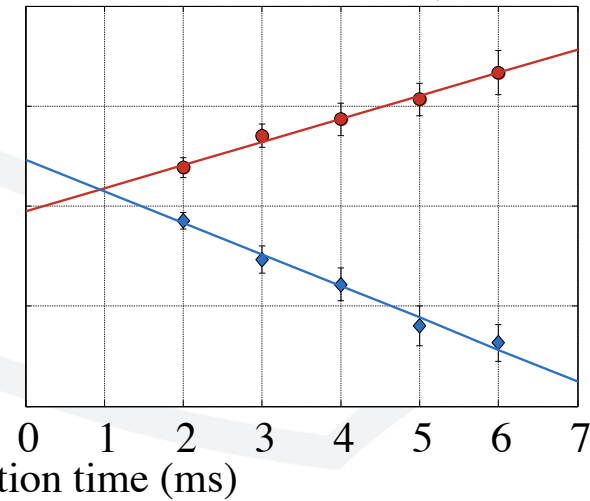
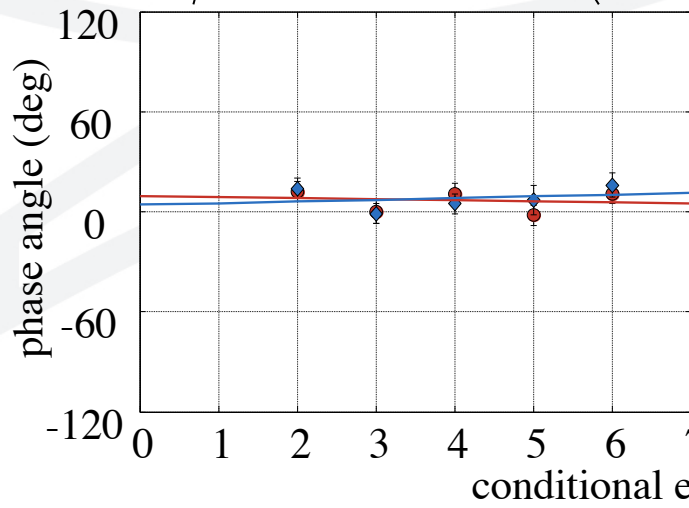


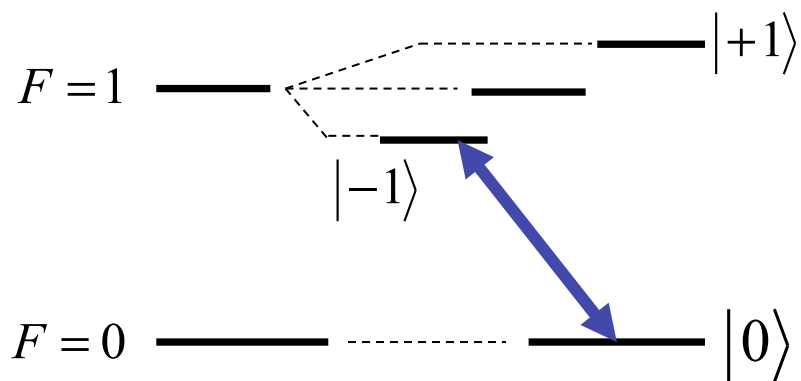
Qubit 1: Isolation by Recoding



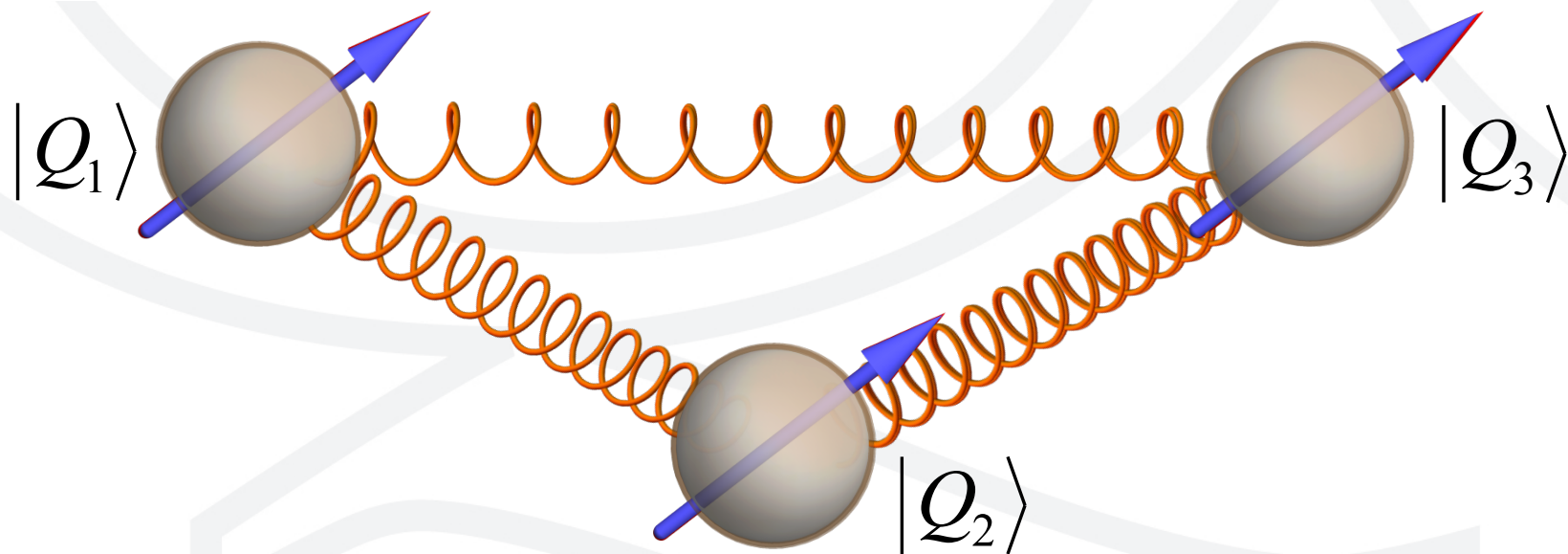
Q_3 :

$|0\rangle$
 $|1\rangle$

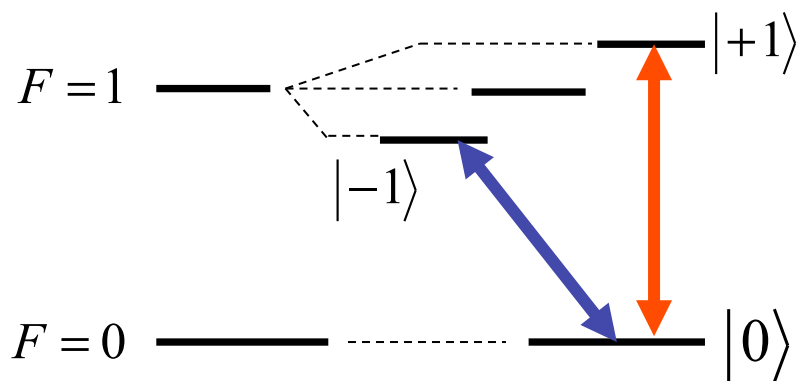




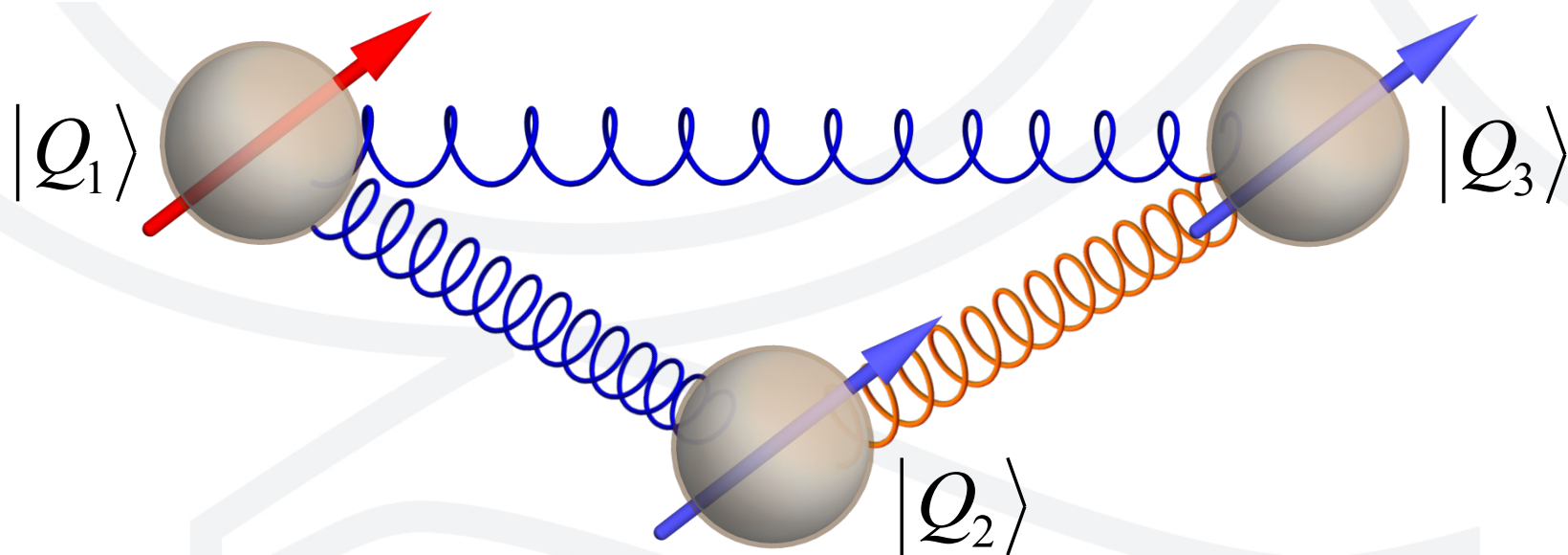
Sign of Coupling



$$\frac{J_{ij}}{2\pi} = \begin{bmatrix} & 34(7) & 27(7) \\ 34(7) & & 39(7) \\ 27(7) & 39(7) & \end{bmatrix} \text{ Hz}$$



Sign of Coupling



$$\frac{J_{ij}}{2\pi} = \begin{bmatrix} - & -39(5) & -27(5) \\ -39(5) & & 34(7) \\ -27(5) & 34(7) & \end{bmatrix} \text{ Hz}$$

Science Advances **2** (2016)



- RF (MW) for all coherent operations
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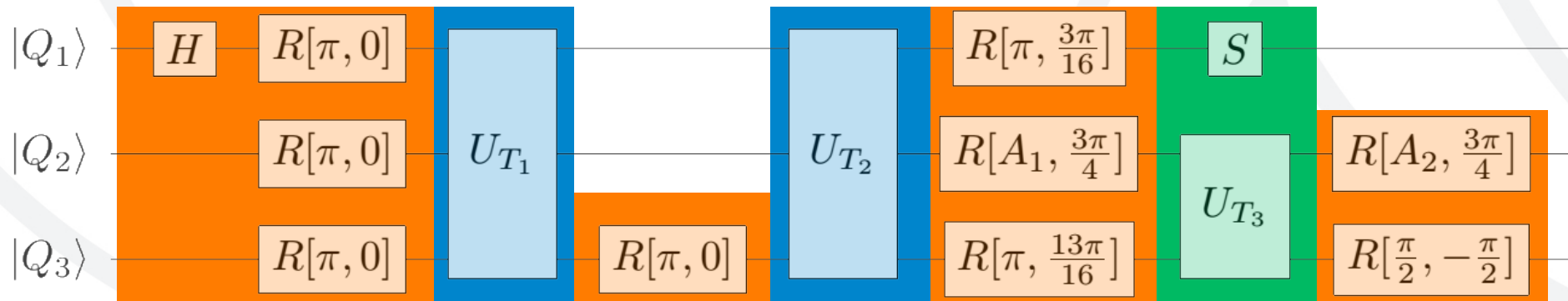
Microwave pulses change coupling topology ($2\pi/\Omega_{\text{Rabi}}$)

MAGIC QUANTUM TOOLBOX





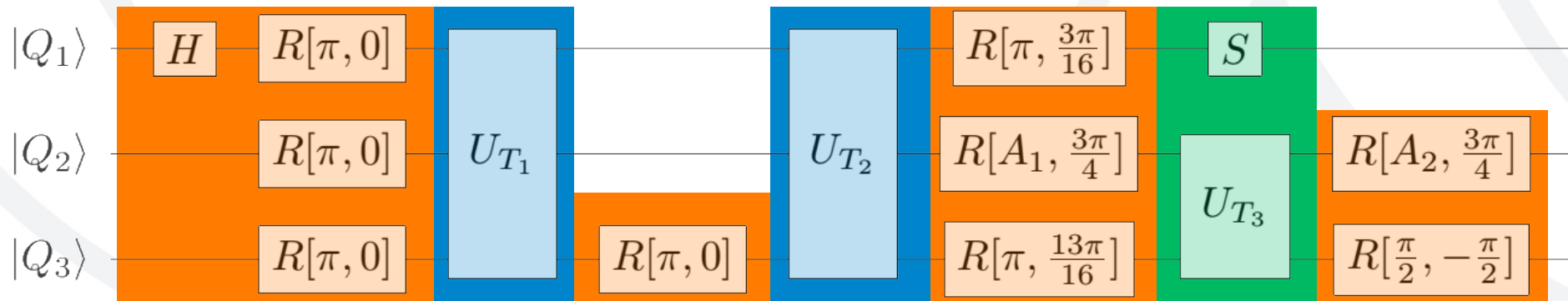
Coherent QFT Using Multiple Coupling



- single-qubit gates: rotations and Hadamard gate
- conditional dynamics: all mutual couplings
- conditional dynamics: selected coupling



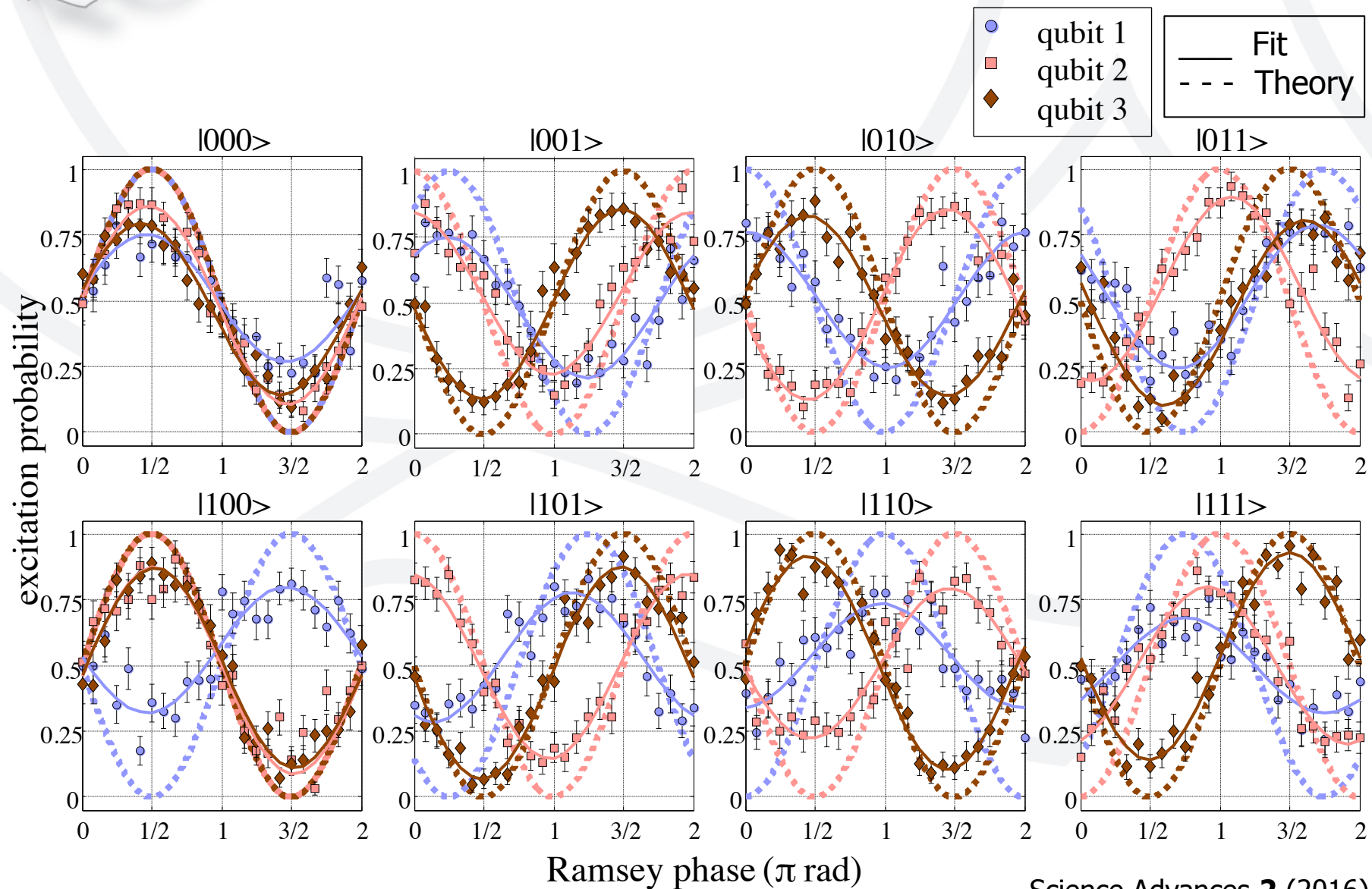
Coherent QFT Using Multiple Coupling



- Total time 8.6 ms $\approx$ one CNOT gate



Coherent QFT: Experiment

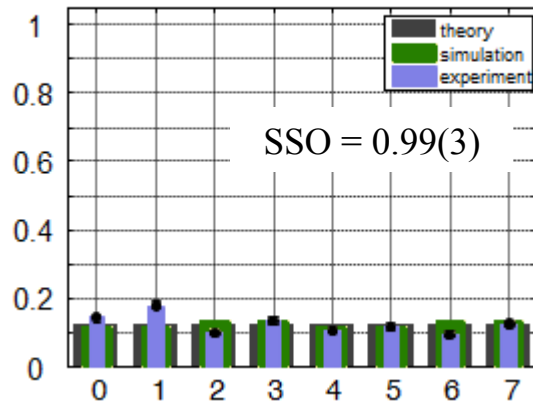




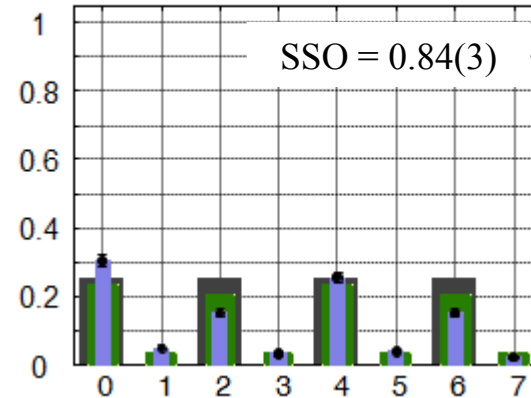
Coherent QFT: Period Finding

probability

$|111\rangle$

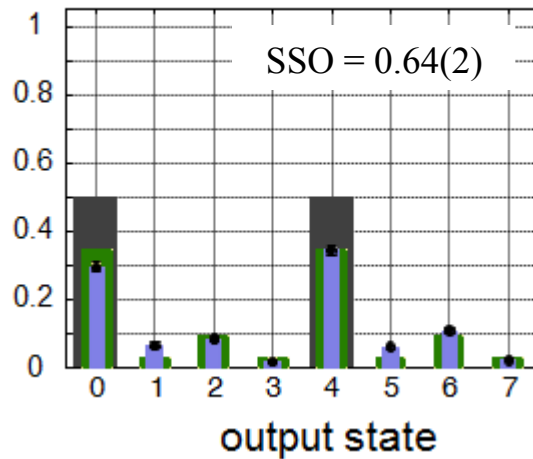


$|+11\rangle$

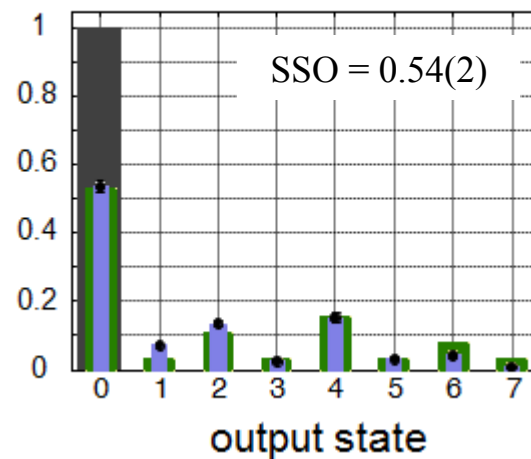


probability

$|++1\rangle$



$|+++>$



$$S(p,q) = \left(\sum_i \sqrt{p_i q_i} \right)^2$$

Science Advances **2** (2016)

See also:

J. Chiaverini *et al.*, *Science* **308** (2005)

P. Schindler *et al.*, *New. J. Phys.* **15** (2013)



MAGIC using Dressed State Gates

Nature **476**, 185 (2011)

University of Sussex (W. Hensinger):

S. C. Webster et al. PRL **111** (2013)

I. Cohen et al., NJP **17** (2015)

J. Randall et al., PRA **91** (2015)

High-Fidelity 2-Qubit Gate:

S. Weidt et al., PRL **117** (2016)



Dynamic Magnetic Field Gradient

$$B(\textcolor{blue}{t}, \textcolor{red}{z}) = B_0(\textcolor{red}{z}) \cos(\omega \textcolor{blue}{t})$$

Dynamic Gradient <-> Static Gradient:
New J. Phys. **19** (2017)

Theory and Experiments:

NIST, Boulder (D. Wineland):

Ospelkaus et al., PRL **101** (2008).

Ospelkaus et al., Nature **476** (2011).

University of Oxford (D. Lucas):

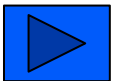
Aude Craik et al., Appl. Phys. B **114** (2014).

High-Fidelity 2-Qubit Gate:

Harty et al., PRL **117** (2016)

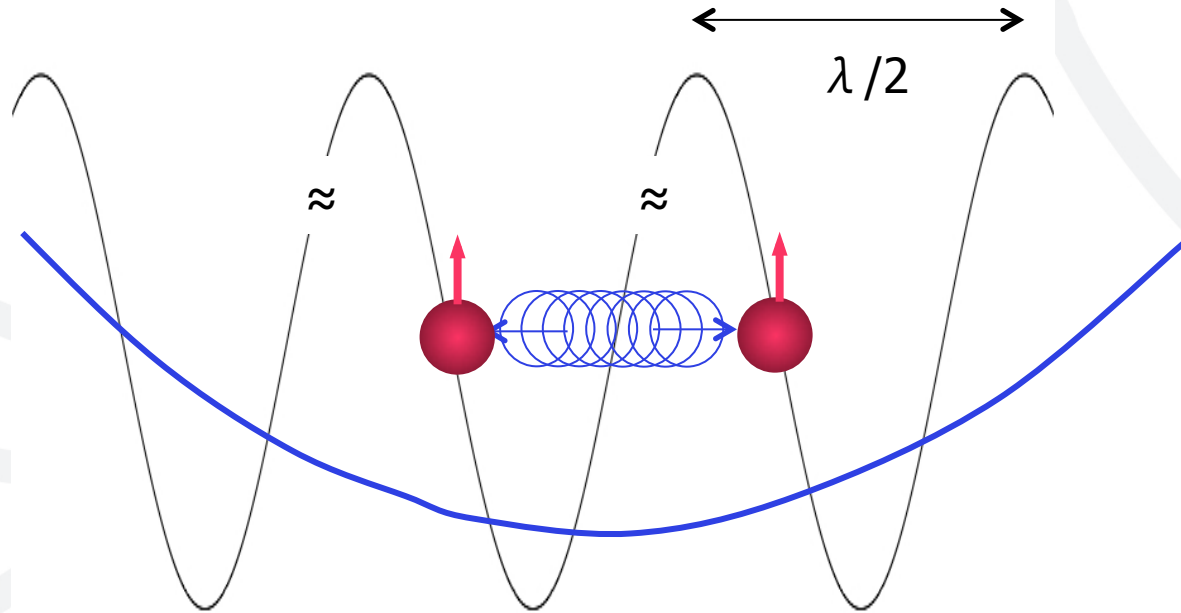
Leibniz University Hannover (Ch. Ospelkaus):

M. Carsjens et al., Appl. Phys. B **114** (2014)





Optical Dipole Force: Spin-Spin Interaction



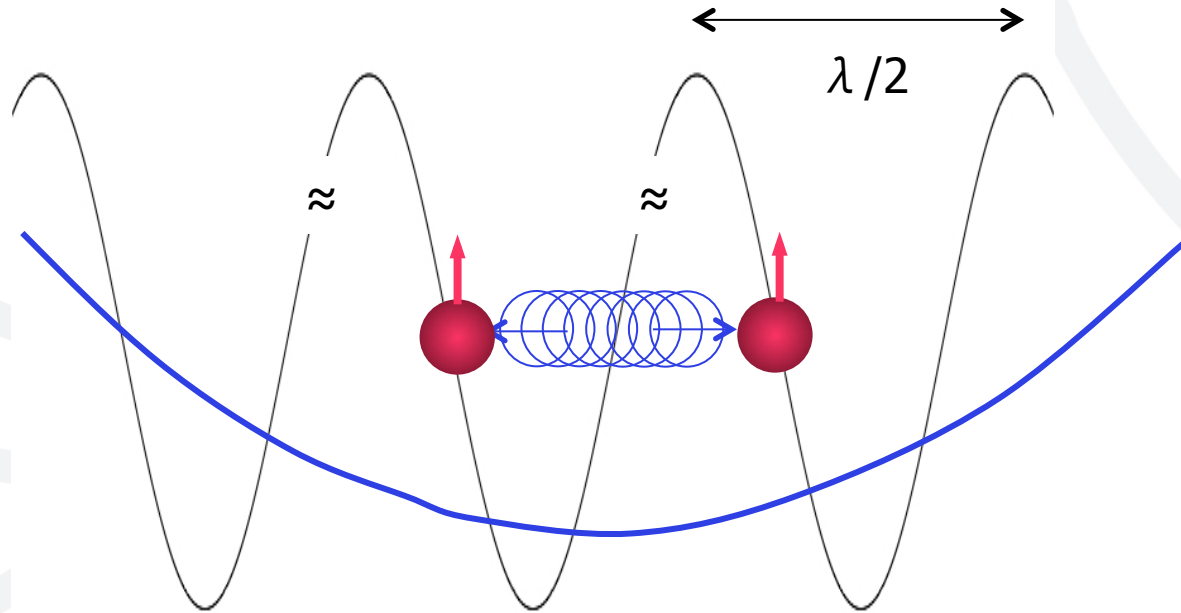
$$\text{Spin flip} \Rightarrow d_z = \mp F_z / (mv^2)$$

$$\hbar J_{12} = -F_z d_z = -F_z^2 / (mv^2)$$

D. Porras and I. Cirac PRL **92** (2004)



Optical Dipole Force: Spin-Spin Interaction

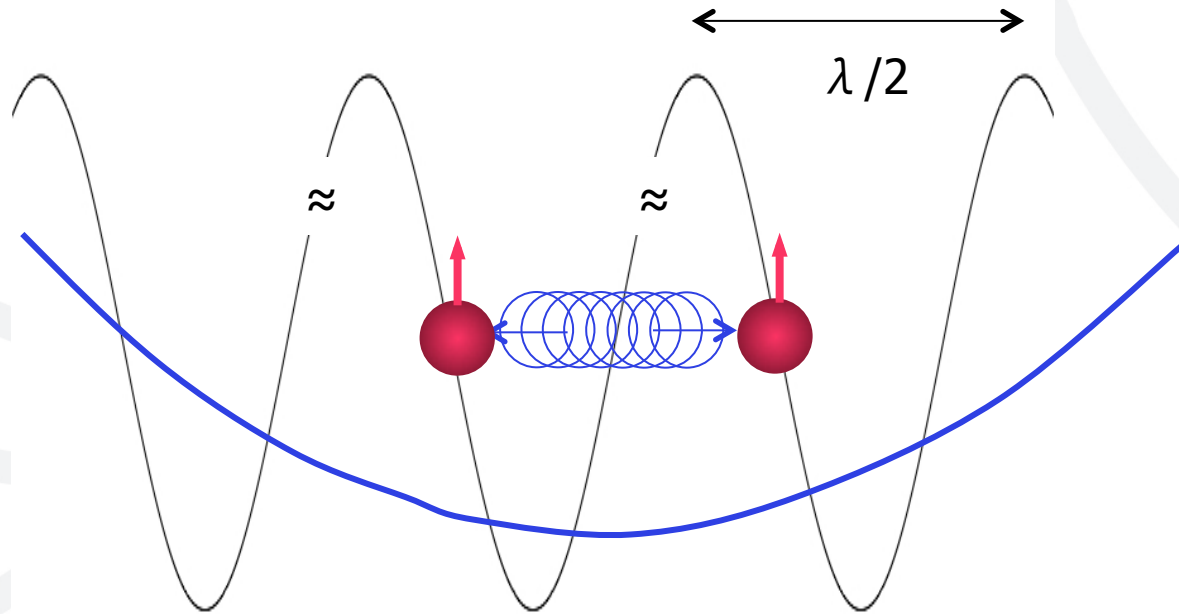


Standing wave: static force

D. Porras and I. Cirac PRL **92** (2004)



Optical Dipole Force: Spin-Spin Interaction



Two waves with relative detuning ω_{opt} :

$$F_0 \cos(\omega_{\text{opt}} t) q_n \sigma_n^z$$

D. Porras and I. Cirac PRL **92** (2004)



Optical Spin-Spin Interaction

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \dots - F_0 \cos(\omega_{\text{Opt}}) \sum_{n=1}^N q_n \sigma_n^z \\ \vdots \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Coupling} \propto \sum_{i < j}^N J_{i,j} \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$

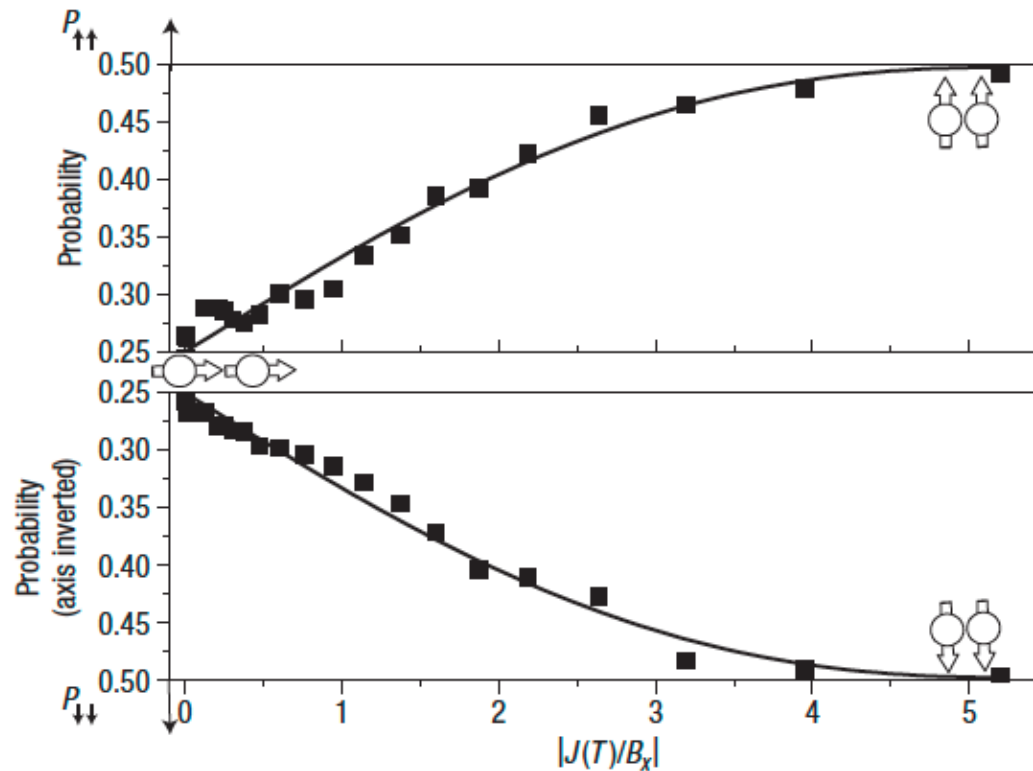
$$\text{with } J_{ij} \propto \sum_n \frac{S_{i,n} S_{j,n}}{\omega_{\text{Opt}}^2 - \omega_n^2}$$

$$\text{under the condition } \left| \omega_{\text{Opt}} - \omega_n \right| \ll \eta_{i,n} \Omega_i$$



Optical Spin-Spin Interaction

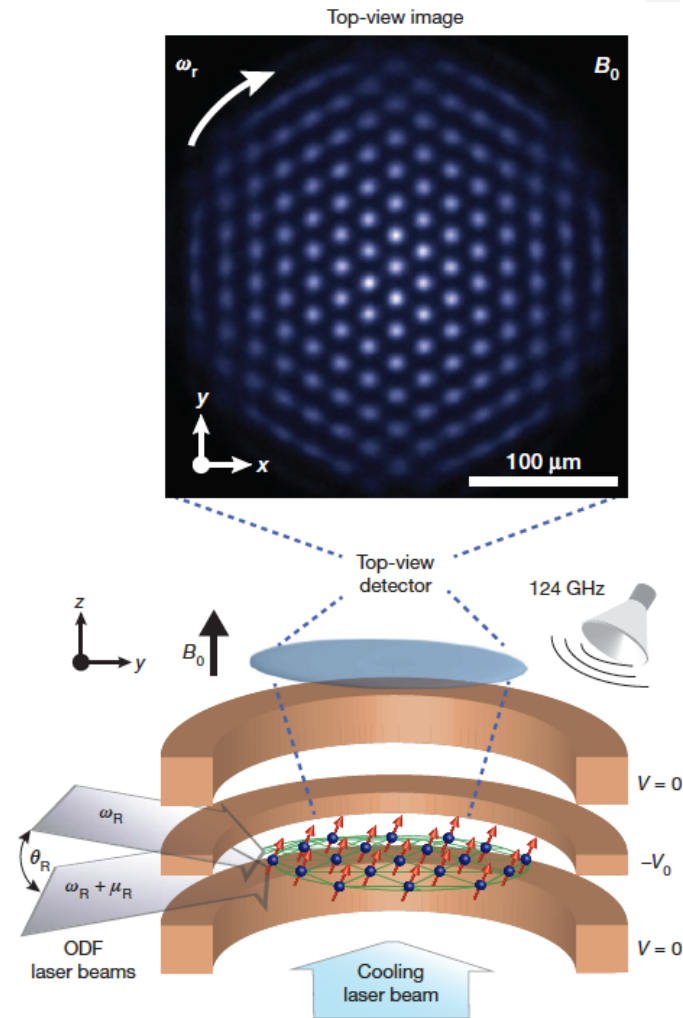
$$-B_x \sum_i^N \sigma_i^x + J \sum_{i<j}^N \sigma_i^z \sigma_j^z$$



A. Friedenauer et al., Nat. Phys. **4** (2008).



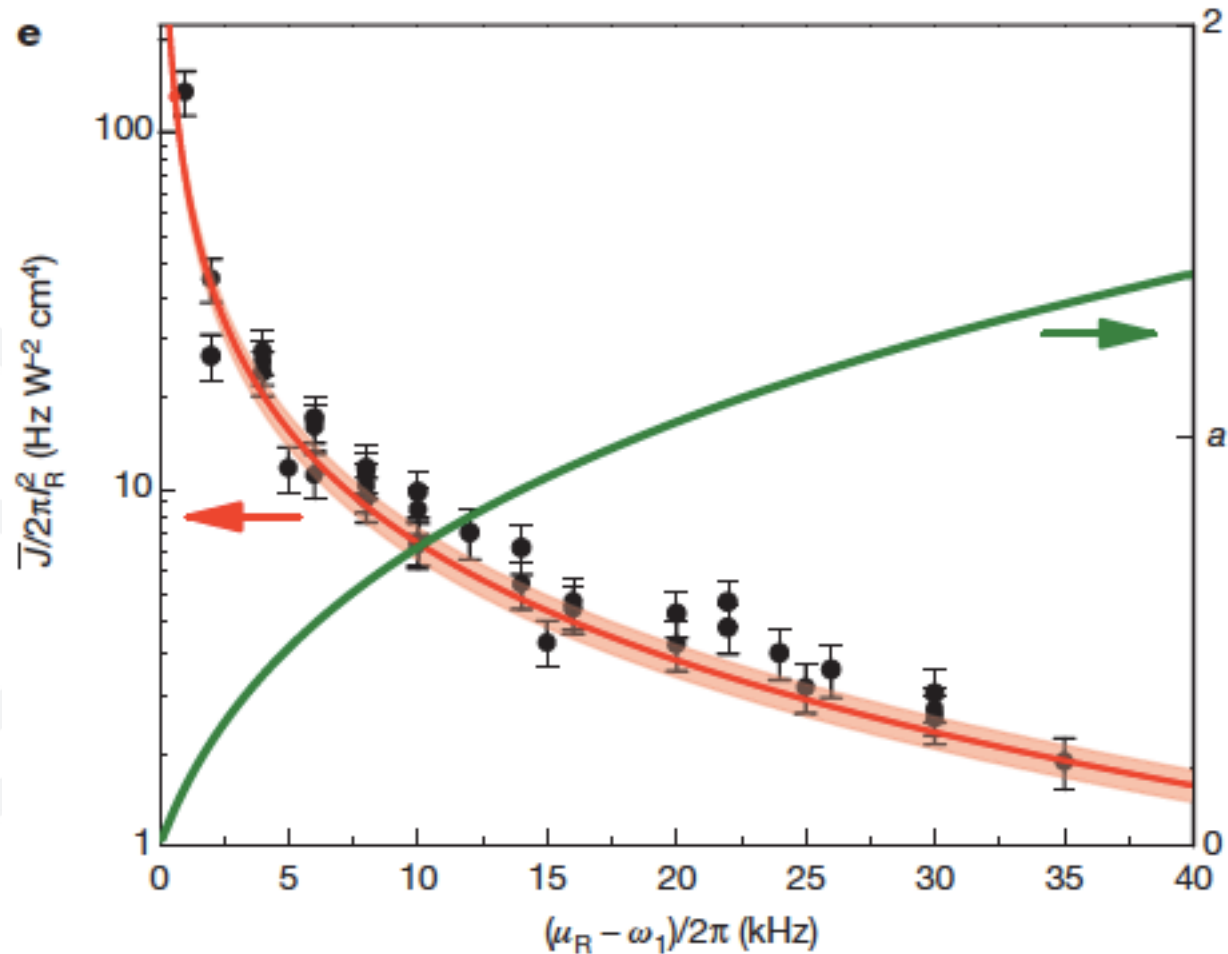
Optical Spin-Spin Interaction



J. W. Britton et al., Nature **484** (2012).



Optical Spin-Spin Interaction

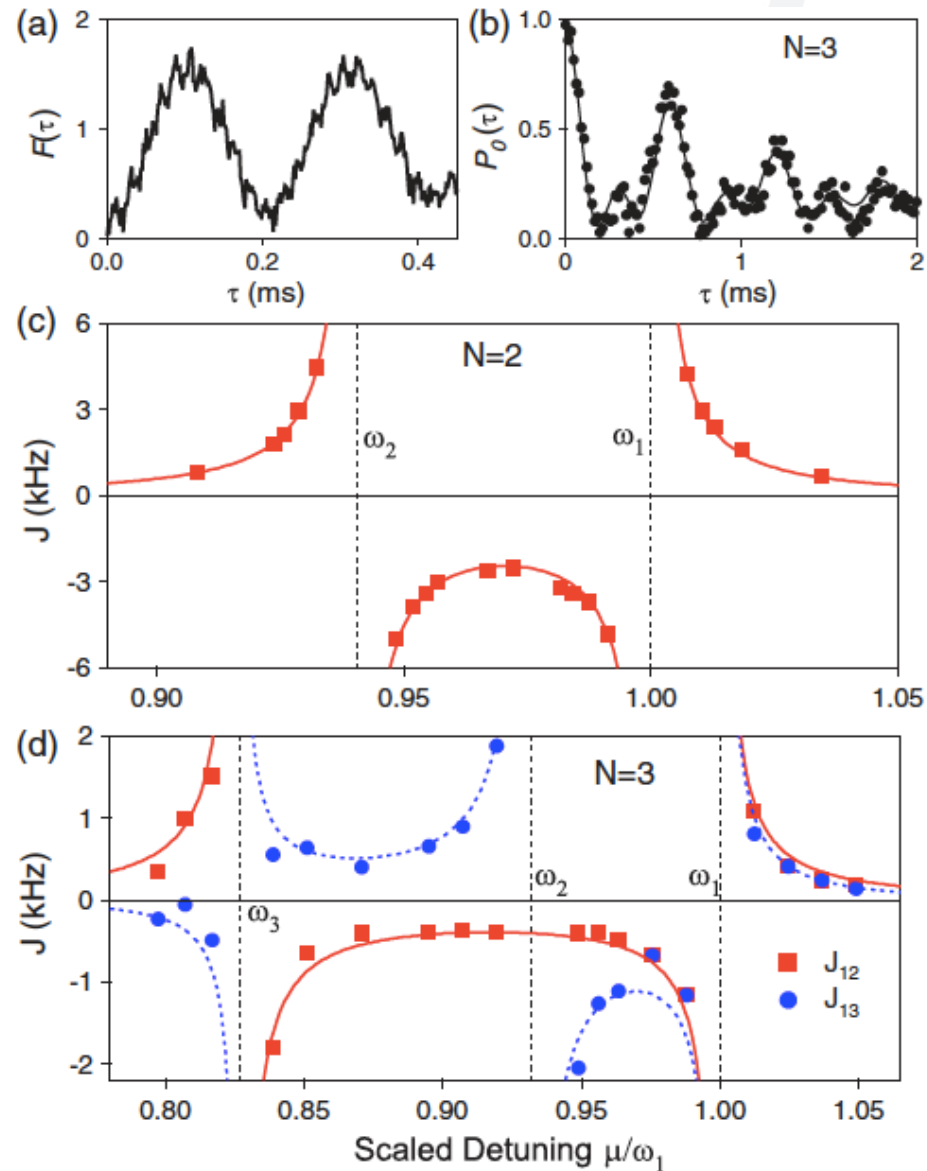


J. W. Britton et al., Nature **484** (2012).



Optical Spin-Spin Interaction

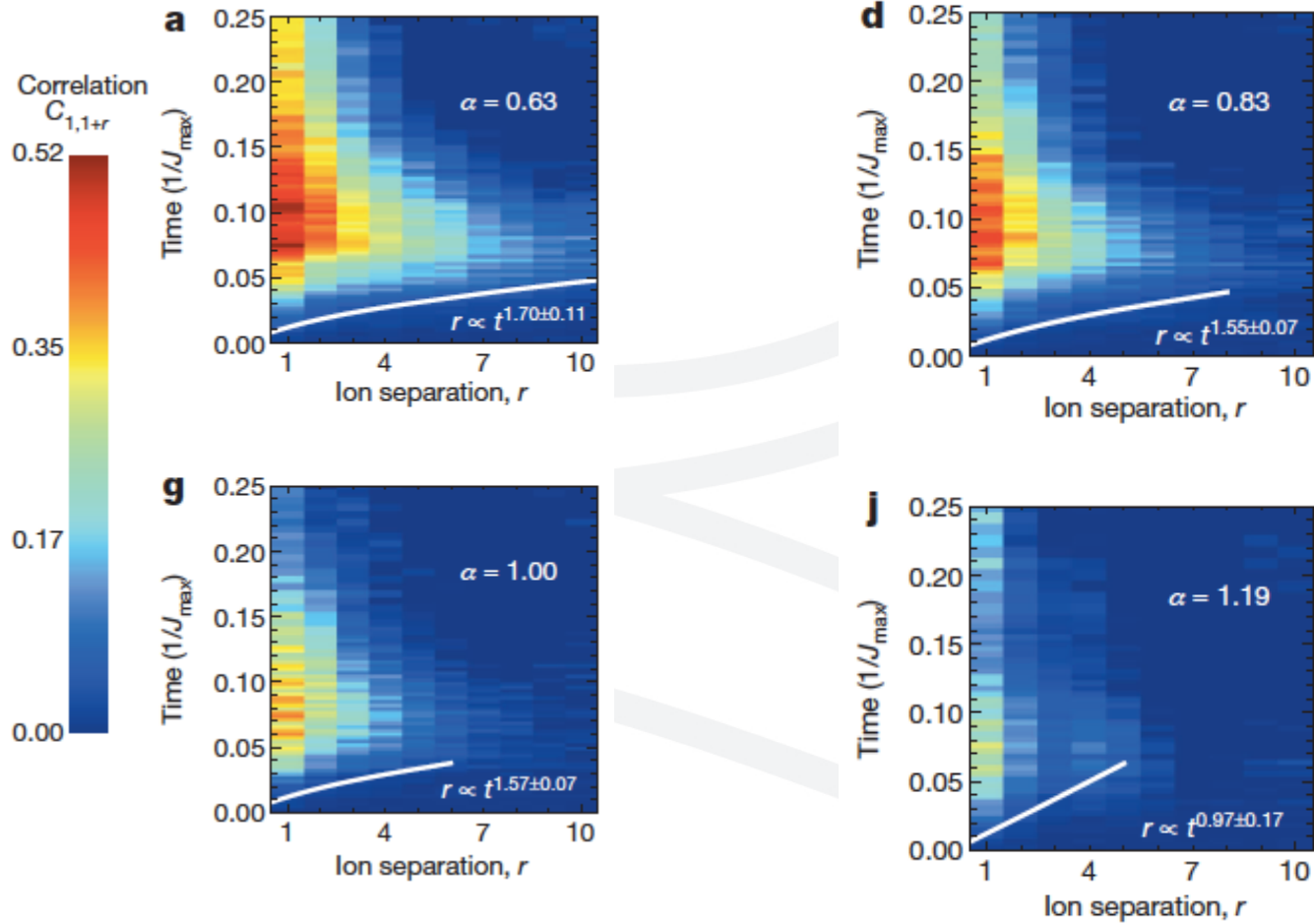
Bichromatic force
Transverse modes





Optical Spin-Spin Interaction

Entanglement Propagation after Global Quench



P. Richerme et al., Nature **511** (2014).

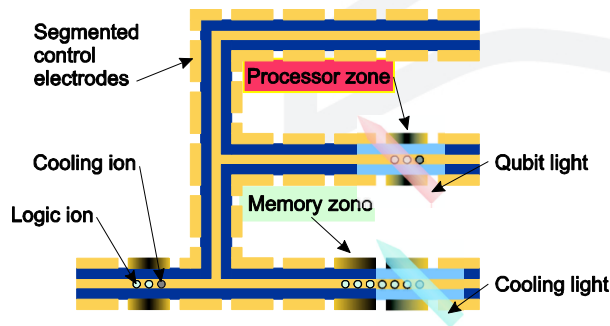
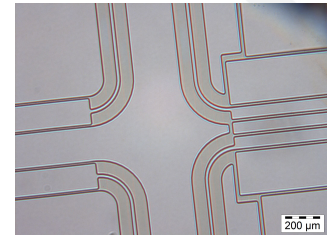


Trapped Atomic Ions in QIS

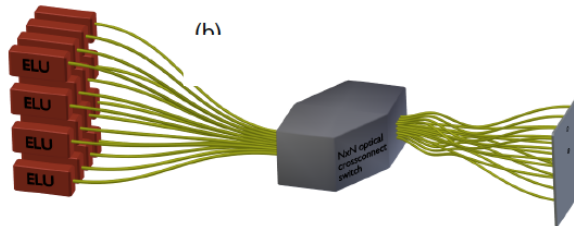
- High Fidelity Single- and Multi-Qubit Gates
- Programmable Small-Scale Quantum Computer
- Quantum Simulations using Spins and Phonons

Outlook:

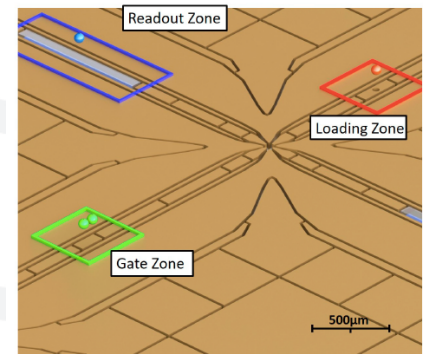
- Integrated Micro-Structured 2-D Trap Arrays
- Scalable Quantum Computer



J. Chiaverini et al.,
Quant. Inf. Comput. **5**, 419 (2005).



C. Monroe et al.,
PRA **89**, 022317 (2014)



B. Lekitsch et al.,
Science Advances **3** (2017)