Topological properties and manybody phases of synthetic Hofstadter strips

Institut de Ciències Fotòniques

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Workshop on Quantum Science and Quantum Technologies – ICTP Trieste 13/09/2017

Plan

- Integer Quantum Hall systems and Edge states
- Cold atom realizations: synthetic gauge field
 - Synthetic lattice (Extradimension) Topology in narrow strips
- Dimerized interacting ladder
 - Meissner/Vortex phase (in analogy to type II superconductors)
 - Effect of the dimerization

Reverse of chiral current (single particle)

Commensurate-Incommensurate transition (strong interactions)

• Prospects

Quantum Hall effect

1879: Classical Hall effect (consequence of Lorentz force)

1980: Quantum Hall effect: Electric conductivity quantized





1/3

20

Magnetic field (T)

K. Von Klitzing







Integer Quantum Hall effect in a lattice

IQH explained in terms of single particle physics (Landau level filling)

$$H = -\sum_{n,m} (Ja_{n+1,m}^{\dagger} + J' e^{i\Phi n} a_{n,m+1}^{\dagger}) a_{n,m} + h.c.$$

Quantization determined by topology of filled bands (1-Chern number)

Bulk-boundary correspondence (Topological insulator prototype)

Edge states determined by spectrum of periodic system







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Cold atoms in optical lattices as charged particles





Synthetic Aharonov-Bohm effect $\phi = \Sigma_i \phi_i = magnetic flux$

Cold atoms in optical lattices as charged particles



Several ways: here *"Extradimension"* + Raman laser = synthetic lattices

[Boada, AC, Latorre, Lewenstein, PRL 108, 133001 (2012)]

In optical lattices 1D-3D Hubbard model by tuning optical potential

And > 3D? In a lattice Dimensionality = Connectivity

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Not only spin states Momentum states Trap modes...

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Not only spin states Momentum states Trap modes...

Not only atoms Cold molecules, Photonic crystal, Ring resonators...



Sharp Boundaries

Edge currents (hard to get in real 2d lattice)
 signal of Topological nature of quantum Hall
 (bulk-boundary correspondence)

Spectrum



"Genuine" Edge states for small J'/J:

- -live in the gap,
- -have linear dispersion
- -have well defined spin

-2

-1

Spectrum



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Experimental Realizations:

0.1 0.5 Lattice site m $\langle v_x \rangle (\hbar k_L / m_{Rb})$ n -0.5 -0.1 2 3 0 2 З Time, τ (ms) Time, T (ms) Lattice site m

Displacement $\langle \delta j \rangle$

2

I) Bosons: NIST Spielman group ⁸⁷Rb [Science (2015)]

Spectrum



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II) Fermions: LENS Fallani group ¹⁷³Yb [Science (2015)]

Also with clock states (ladder) LENS: Livi et al. PRL 117, 220401 (2016) JILA: Kolkowitz et al. Nature 542 66 (2017)

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Topology in narrow strips

Narrow Hofstadter strips have edge states



What about the "bulk"?

Topology in narrow strips

Narrow Hofstadter strips have edge states



What about the "bulk"?

How big should it be to display topological properties?

Is there some reminiscence of open/closed boundary correspondence?

Is Chern number defined? / Can we measure it?

Pragmatic approach: measure transverse displacement to a force after a Bloch oscillation, Laughlin pump argument

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- Apply a force along x



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Brillouin sketch of semiclassical dynamics

Pragmatic approach: measure transverse displacement to a force after a Bloch oscillation, Laughlin pump argument

- Large (periodic) system, a lowest band state well localized in y and spread in x
- Apply a force along x
- After a Bloch oscillation observe the displacement



Displacement in y due to anomalous velocity!

Pragmatic approach: measure transverse displacement to a force after a Bloch oscillation, Laughlin pump argument

In formulae: semiclassical approach

$$\mathbf{k}(t) = \mathbf{k}_0 + \frac{t}{\hbar d} F_x \,\mathbf{e}_x \qquad \longrightarrow \qquad \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{k}) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \partial_{\mathbf{k}} E(\mathbf{k}) + \frac{F_x}{\hbar d} \mathcal{F}(\mathbf{k}) \mathbf{e}_y$$

$$|\psi(\mathbf{k})|^2 \sim \frac{1}{A_{BZ}} \delta(k_x - k_x(t))$$

Wave packet:

$$\langle \mathbf{r}(T) - \mathbf{r}(0) \rangle = \int_0^T \langle \mathbf{v}(t) \rangle = \frac{\hbar d}{|F_x|} \int_{BZ} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{k}) = \operatorname{sgn}(F_x) \mathcal{C} \, d \, \mathbf{e}_y$$

State easy to prepare if the coupling $J_y \ll J_x$

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Applicable also to strips until we don't reach the boundary...





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Why does it work? Perturbative argument also for edge states:

- Gap linear in J_y/J_x
- Hybridization spin states (spreading in y) quadratic in J_y/J_x



Quadratic degradation of the measurement

Higher C possible for $N_y \ge C+2$

Ex:
$$\Phi = \frac{4\pi}{5} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_1 = -2$$

"Better" than Fukui-Hatsugai-Suzuki algorithm J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. (2005)



Robust to disorder (< gap) and typical harmonic confinement

Interactions? Gap small (although may hold thought adiabatic argument, see later)

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Narrow Hofstadter strips have also sym. prot. 1D topology [Barbarino et al., arXiv:1708:02929]

Synthetic lattices in interaction

- Interesting route to interaction -> Fractional QH effect?! No heating expected
- Peculiarity: Interactions are naturally long range in the synthetic dimension
- Quasi 1D approach to 2D interesting both theoretically & practically

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Many studies: Meissner-vortex and commensurable incommensurable transitions, Fractional pumping, Laughlin like states, pseudo Majorana... [a lot here in Trieste!]

Here: effect of dimerization on synthetic Hofstadter ladder

Meissner/Vortex phase in flux ladder



No interactions: real = synthetic ladder

Weak interleg (Raman) coupling:



Strong interleg (Raman) coupling:



[Orignac, Giamarchi, PRB 2001] Analogous to type II, also in presence interactions Real ladder experiment [Atala et, Nature Phys. 2014]

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Weak interleg (Raman) coupling:

Strong interleg (Raman) coupling:

 $J_{\perp} \gtrsim J$

2 minima, $k_m \sim \pm \frac{\phi}{2}$ 1 minima, $k_m = 0$ Observables $J_c(j,m) = i \langle \hat{a}_{j+1,m}^{\dagger} \hat{a}_{j,m} \rangle + H.c.$

$$J_{\perp}(j) = i \langle \hat{a}_{j,1/2}^{\dagger} \hat{a}_{j,-1/2} \rangle + H.c.$$

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Real ladder: vortex phase survives in the hard-core limit for ϕ large more phases at $U \neq \infty$ see [Petrescu, Le Hur, PRL 2013] [Piraud et al, PRB 2015]



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Idea: nucleate vortices by dimerizing the lattice ("easy" exp. handle)

ladders, E. Tirrito, R. Citro, M.Lewenstein, AC in progress

$$J = \frac{J_O + J_E}{2}$$

Effect of dimerization: new handle $\Delta = \frac{J_O - J_E}{J_O + J_E}$

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 $J_{\perp} \ll J$

$$\Delta = 0$$

Just band folding



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Minima separate: dimerization enhances vortex phase!

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No interactions: Reverse of chiral current



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Current behavior confirms vortex enhancement!

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Interactions: $U \rightarrow \infty$ 3 states per rung

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 $J_E \ll J_O$ 9 states per plaquette

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$$J_E \ll J_O$$
 9 states per plaquette
 $1 n=0, \qquad 4 n=1, \qquad 4 n=2$

$$\pm J_{\perp} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{J_O}{J_{\perp}}\right)^2 - 2\cos\frac{\phi}{2} \left(\frac{J_O}{J_{\perp}}\right)} \qquad \pm 2J_{\perp}$$
$$\pm J_{\perp} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{J_O}{J_{\perp}}\right)^2 + 2\cos\frac{\phi}{2} \left(\frac{J_O}{J_{\perp}}\right)} \qquad \pm 0$$

Spectrum plaquette

0

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$$1 \text{ n=0,} \qquad 4 \text{ n=1,} \qquad 4 \text{ n=2}$$
Spectrum plaquette
$$0 \qquad \qquad \frac{\pm J_\perp \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{J_O}{J_\perp}\right)^2 - 2\cos\frac{\phi}{2}\left(\frac{J_O}{J_\perp}\right)}}{\pm J_\perp \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{J_O}{J_\perp}\right)^2 + 2\cos\frac{\phi}{2}\left(\frac{J_O}{J_\perp}\right)}} \qquad \pm 0$$

 $J_{\perp} \gtrsim J_O$ Plaquette in *n=2* \longrightarrow Band insulator

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 $J_{\perp} \gtrsim J_O$ Plaquette in n=2 \longrightarrow Band insulator $J_{\perp} < J_O$ Plaquette in n=1 \longrightarrow Imprinted vortex

DMRG calculations confirm perturbative expectations Ex. $J_{\perp} = J_O = 1$



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Phase diagram through calculation of currents and structure factors

 ε_0



Ex. $\phi = \pi/3$



Similar to attractive interleg interaction, [Orignac et al, PRB 96, 014518 (2017)]

Evidence of commensurate-incommensurate transition

Further steps

• No hard-core boson limit: bosons different fermions

• Study the accessible experimental parameters

• Search for "visible" Laughlin-like states in such regimes cf. [Calvanese et al, PRX 7, 021033 (2017)],[Petrescu et al, PRB 96, 014524 (2017)]

..... Hopefully many more



• Synthetic edge state in synthetic Hofstadter strips

• "Bulk topology" in synthetic Hofstadter strips

 Effect of dimerization in synthetic Hofstadter ladder w/o interactions



- Better understanding decoupling argument with interactions
- Achieve different interaction patterns in synthetic lattices than SU(N)
- Comparison between dimerized ladders and 4-leg strips





J.I. Latorre



O. Boada



M. Lewenstein



J.I. Latorre



O. Boada



M. Lewenstein



T. Grass





J.I. Latorre



O. Boada



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