Probing coherence in ultrafast molecular processes: a theoretical perspective

Emanuele Coccia¹, Filippo Troiani² and Stefano Corni^{1,2}

¹Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Universita' di Padova, via Marzolo 1, Padova, Italia ²Istituto CNR di Nanoscienze, via Campi 213/A, Modena, Italia

Revealing possible long-living quantum coherence in ultrafast processes allows detecting genuine quantum mechanical effects in complex systems, such as materials [1] and biomolecules [2]. To investigate such effects from a quantum chemistry perspective, we are developing methods to simulate the time evolution of molecular systems based on ab initio calculations that include the effect of an external medium (e.g., a solvent, plasmonic nanoparticles) on the molecule [3], as well as of dephasing of the electronic wave function, determining loss of coherence. The latter has been accomplished by means of the stochastic Schrödinger equation [4]. To test the approach, we have simulated [5] femtosecond pulse-shaping ultrafast spectroscopy of terrylenediimide [6], finding that the experimental results could be reproduced. Then, we have investigated the absorption of light pulses for a more complex system (a molecular chromophore close to a spherical silver nanoparticle), and we found that including dephasing is essential to provide a qualitatively correct picture of metalenhanced molecular absorption, that depends on the interplay of light pulse duration, plasmon lifetime and electronic coherence [7]. Funding from EU grant ERC-CoG-2015 No. 681285 is gratefully acknowledged.

Bibliography

- 1] M. E. Flatté and I. Tifrea, *Manipulating Quantum Coherence in Solid State Systems*, Springer (2007); S. Hayashi *et al.*, *Sci. Rep.*, **4**, 4456 (2014)
- [2] G. D. Scholes, J. Phys. Chem. Lett., 1, 2 (2010).; E. Collini, Chem. Soc. Rev., 42, 4942 (2013)
- [3] S. Pipolo and S. Corni, *J. Phys. Chem. C*, **120**, 28774 (2016)
- [4] R. Biele and R. D'Agosta, J. Phys.: Condens. Matter, 24, 273201 (2012)
- [5] E. Coccia, F. Troiani and S. Corni, submitted
- [6] R. Hildner, D. Brinks and N. F. van Hulst, *Nature Phys.*, 7, 172 (2011)
- [7] E. Coccia and S. Corni, in preparation