

The Scientific Committee on Solar Terrestrial Physics (SCOSTEP)

Nat Gopalswamy President, SCOSTEP

"Strengthening international solar-terrestrial science for the benefit of society"

ICTP 2019 Trieste, Italy

What is SCOSTEP?

- SCOSTEP was established by ICSU in January 1966 as the Inter-Union Commission on Solar-Terrestrial Physics (IUCSTP).
- In September 1978, the XVIIth ICSU General Assembly ratified SCOSTEP's current constitution and SCOSTEP became a Scientific Committee of ICSU (aka interdisciplinary body)
- SCOSTEP is charged with the long-term responsibility of promoting international interdisciplinary programs of finite duration in solar-terrestrial physics. Specifically,
- to develop and sustain student interest in Sun-Earth connections
- to promote efficient exchange of data and information between solar and terrestrial scientists in all countries
- to seek projects and programs that cross over traditional boundaries of physical regions and focused scientific disciplines
- SCOSTEP is engaged in science, capacity building, and public outreach to achieve the above objectives in cooperation with COSPAR, IAGA, IAMAS, IAU, IUPAP, SCAR, URSI, and WDS

COSPAR - Committee on Space Research IAGA - International Association of Geomagnetism and Aeronomy **IAMAS** - International Association of Meteorology and Atmospheric Sciences **IAU** - International Astronomical Union **IUPAP** - International Union of Pure and Applied Physics **SCAR** - Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research **URSI** - International Union of Radio Science WDS - World Data System

SCOSTEP & ICSU (Now International Science Council - ISC)

- SCOSTEP is one of the 17 Interdisciplinary bodies of ICSU
- Other bodies with overlapping interests: interdisciplinary bodies (COSPAR, CODATA, SCAR, WDS) and scientific unions (IAGA/IUGG, IAMAS, IAU, IUPAP, URSI)
- SCOSTEP Bureau consists of representatives from all these scientific bodies (except CODATA), making it a truly interdisciplinary body
- SCOSTEP is the only organization running scientific research programs of broad interest and implications to life on Earth

What Does SCOSTEP do?

- Runs long-term international interdisciplinary scientific programs in solar terrestrial physics since 1966
- Interacts with national and international programs involving solar terrestrial physics activities
- Engages in Capacity Building activities such as the annual Space Science Schools and SCOSTEP Visiting Scholar Program, Workshops
- Outreach activities (comics books; public lectures; UN Committee on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNCOPUOS))
- Disseminates new knowledge on the Sun-Earth System and how the Sun affects life and society
- Quarterly Newsletters
- Website: <u>www.yorku.ca/scostep</u>
- Symposia
- Quadrennial Solar Terrestrial Physics (STP) Symposia
- Scientific papers in refereed journals



Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics

OUTREA

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Capacity Building: One-day School



- Lectures by international experts that attended the VarSITI-2017 symposium
- Prepared students to absorb more of the symposium presentations
- Continued interaction between students and lecturers during the symposium
- Long-term collaboration

SCOSTEP Visiting Scholar (SVS) Program

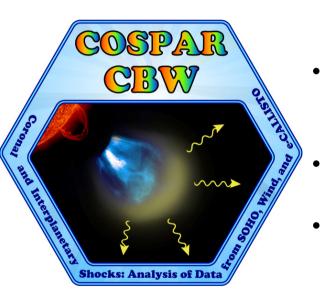
- <u>The objective</u> is to train young scientists and graduate students from developing countries in established laboratories of solar terrestrial physics for 1-3 months
- <u>Funding:</u> SCOSTEP will provide the airfare, while the hosting lab will provide the living expenses (lodging, meals, ground transportation, visa fees and other incidentals)
- <u>Frequency</u>: At least four scholars each year, one each related to the four VarSITI themes
- Launched in January 2015
- More labs have come forward to host SCOSTEP Visiting Scholars
- 30 students benefited so far

SVS Selection Committee

Nicole Vilmer (France) Chair

Mike Taylor (USA) Babatunde Rabiu (Nigeria) Alejandro Lara (Brazil) Aki Yoshikawa (Japan) Paul Baki (Kenya)

COSPAR Capacity Building Workshop on Shock Waves from the Sun May 21 - June 1, 2018, Mekelle, Ethiopia



- The main objective of the COSPAR Capacity-Building Workshops is to encourage the scientific use of space data by scientists in developing countries.
- The Mekelle workshop involved analysis of data from SOHO, STEREO, ACE, and Wind missions in conjunction with ground based radio data from ISWI instruments
- 35 PhD students from Ethiopia, African countries, and other countries in the region attended
- Scientists from Ethiopia, Greece, India, Italy, UK, USA lectured and ran hands-on activities in analyzing space- and groundbased data
- Agencies interested in space weather co-sponsored

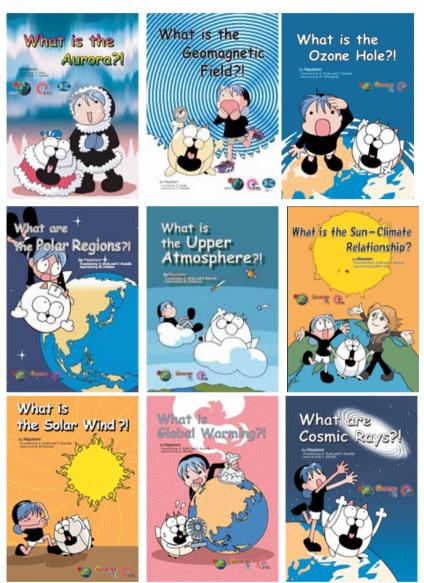












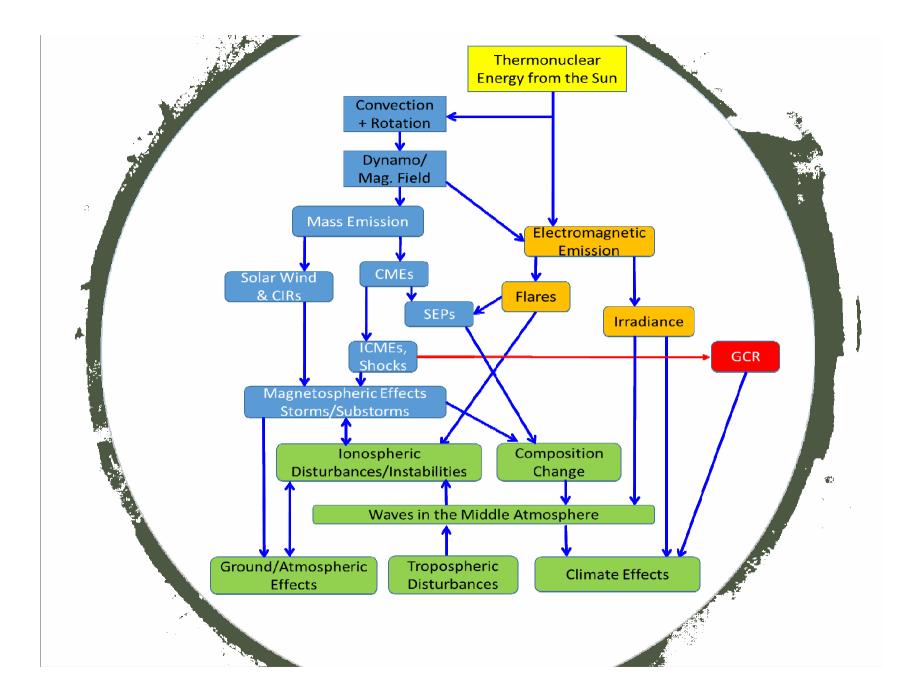
SCOSTEP Outreach: Comic Books

- To raise the awareness of general public on selected scientific topics (currently 9)
- Translated into many languages
- Blanks for new languages
- Available online: yorku.ca/scostep

SCOSTEP 14th Quadrennial Solar-Terrestrial Physics Symposium July 9 – 13, 2018 Toronto, Canada



COSPAR . IAGA . IAMAS . IAU . IUPAP . SCAR . URSI . WDS



Half a Century of SCOSTEP Progra

Solar Variability and SCOSTEP Scientific Programs International sunspot number S_n : monthly mean and 13-month smoothed number Dawn of Space Age Monthly SRAMP 350 Smoothed STEI **PMOS** SMY FPIC 300 **SCOSTEP** MAP ISCS **Starts** VarSITI 250 Sunspot number S_{n} IMS CAWSES Book #2 TERRAPU 200 CAWSES PRESTO 150 2019 100 ??? 50 IGY¹⁹⁶⁰ 1970 2010 1980 1990 2000 IQSY IHY, IPY Time (years)

Climate and Weather of

the Sun-Earth System (CAWSES) Selected Papers from the 2007 Kyoto Symposium

SILSO graphics (http://sidc.be/silso) Royal Observatory of Belgium 2017 October 2

Variability of the Sun and Its Terrestrial Impact (VarSITI)

launched on January 13, 2014

2014-2018

Four Major Projects



Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics

Co-chairs



Kazuo Shiokawa (Japan)



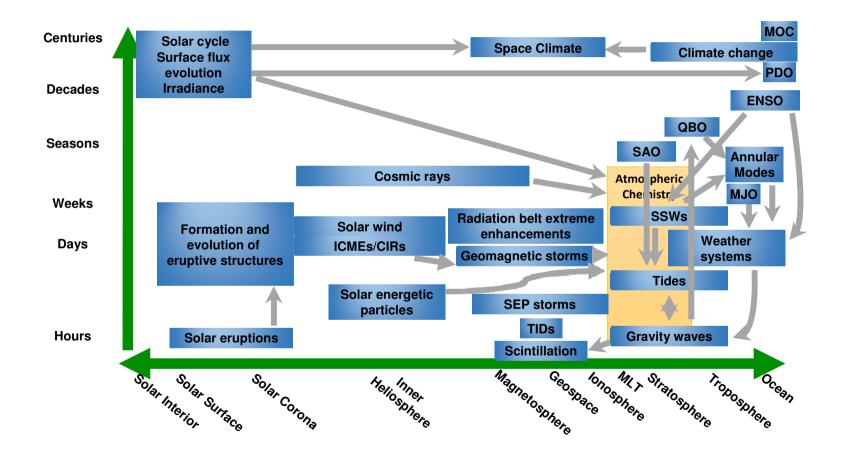
Katya Georgieva (Bulgaria)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=couR4MyxNPY

Nat Gopalswamy

An integrated view of solar-terrestrial prediction

Solar-Terrestrial phenomena in various spatial & temporal scales



PRESTO: 3 Pillars - 9 Focus Areas

1. Sun, Interplanetary Space and Geospace:

1.1 Occurrence and properties of flares and CMEs/CIRs and the propagation of CMEs/CIRs from the Sun to the Earth

1.2. Predictability of interplanetary shocks and energetic particle flux enhancements

1.3. Predictability of substorms and storms

1.4. Solar wind-magnetosphere coupling and internal magnetospheric dynamics

2. Space Weather and Earth System

2.1 Multiscale vertical and horizontal coupling between atmospheric regions and its effects on space weather

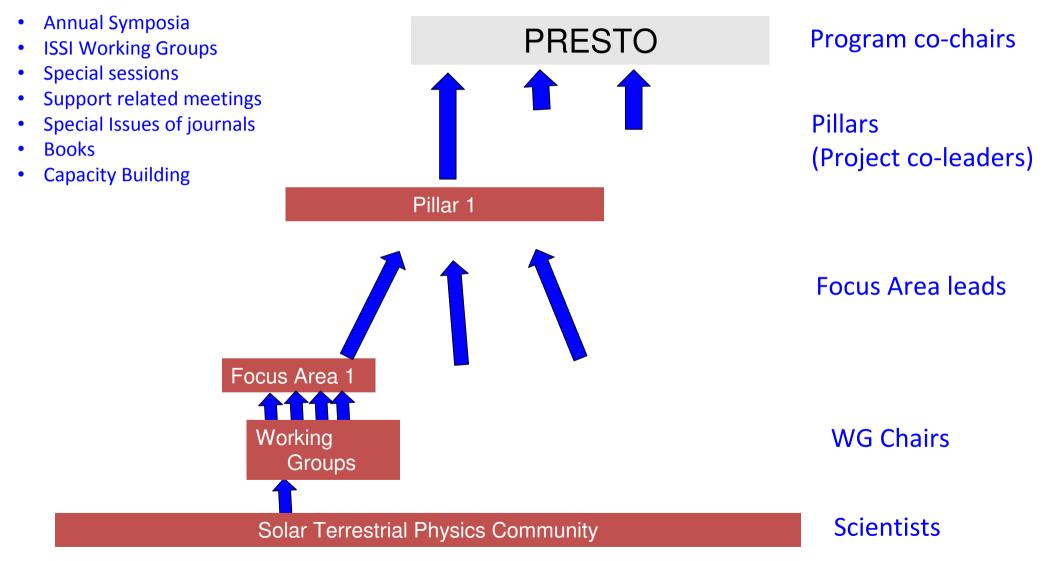
2.2 Effect of atmospheric waves on the global circulation in the middle and upper atmosphere

3. Solar Activity and its Influence on Climate

- 3.1 Understanding and predicting solar activity
- 3.2 Sub-seasonal to decadal variability of the terrestrial system
- 3.3 Centennial variability of the terrestrial system

PRESTO: Predictability of the variable Solar-Terrestrial Coupling nat.Gopalswamy@nasa.gov NSP Committee Ioannis Daglis (Greece) Chair Daniel Marsh (USA) Loren Chang (Taiwan) Sergio Dasso (Argentina) Sarah Gibson (USA) Katja Matthes (Germany) Dibyendu Nandy (India) Olga Khabarova (Russia) Annika Seppälä (New Zealand) Rémi Thiéblemont (France) Qiu-Gong Zong (China) Emilia Kilpua (Finland)

Projects and Working Groups



Summary

- SCOSTEP has been running long-term scientific programs over half a century
- SCOSTEP programs accumulate new knowledge in solar terrestrial physics
- VarSITI is the current scientific program that has engaged more than 1000 scientists worldwide
- We are in the final stages of developing the content and structure of the next scientific program: PRESTO
- PRSETO will seek additional support from National Funding Agencies

Highlights

- VarSITI brings together worldwide resources, including space- and groundbased data, virtual data bases, distributed modelling centers, and theories to make rapid progress in the projects.
- Encourages communication among sub-disciplines
- Runs a dedicated website, quarterly newsletter, organizes symposia
- 132 data bases relevant to STP research have been documented in http://www.varsiti.org
- Has supported ~50 professional meetings; conducted two VarSITI symposia
- Significant presence in Quadrennial Symposia (STP13, STP14)
- About 100 refereed articles published in 4 years

Significant Meetings (Publications)

- 2014 STP13 in Xi'An China (JGR)
- 2016 First VarSITI General Symposium, Albana, Bulgaria (JASTP)
- 2017 Second VarSITI General Symposium, Irkutsk, Russia (JASTP)
- 2018 STP14 in Toronto, Canada (TBD)
- 2019 VarSITI Final Symposium, Sofia, Bulgaria (TBD)
- Also, Project-specific workshops and publications
- ISSI working groups

VarSITI General Symposium 2017: July 10-15, 2017, Irkutsk, Russia

- Long-term variation of the Sun, geomagnetic activity, and climate
- Coupling between the Earth's atmosphere and space and its relation to quiet and active Sun
- Understanding Earth's space environment and its connection to Space Weather
- Sun to Earth campaign events study
- Atmospheric response to solar variability and modulation of its impact on timescales from minutes to decades
- Data archiving and analysis tools
- Advanced Concepts in Solar-Terrestrial Coupling in the Context of Space Weather (A Concepts and Tools School for Students)
- Special Issue in Journal of Atmospheric and Solar-Terrestrial Physics (JASTP): Advanced Concepts in Solar-Terrestrial Coupling in the Context of Space Weather (Spring 2018)





Sponsors



- 日本学術展現会



STP14 Sessions

Mass Chain
Electromagnetic Chain
Intra-atmospheric Chain
Special topics on Solar Terrestrial Physics

Keynote Speakers

- •Irina Mironova (Russia)
- •David Kendall (Canada)
- •Spiro Antichos (USA)
- Larry Paxton (USA)

Science Content

Invited Talks Contributed Talks Poster Presentations Panel Discussion