

Domain Walls in Super-QCD

Francesco Benini

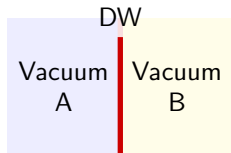
SISSA (Trieste - Italy)

Non-Perturbative Methods in Quantum Field Theory
ICTP, 3–6 September 2019

with Vladimir Bashmakov, Sergio Benvenuti, Matteo Bertolini, Paolo Spezzati

arXiv: 1812.04645 and in progress

3D/4D connection:

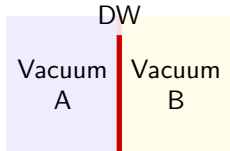


4D theory with
multiple gapped vacua



Domain Walls separating them
with 3D worldvolume theory

3D/4D connection:



4D theory with
multiple gapped vacua



Domain Walls separating them
with 3D worldvolume theory

- Relation between 4D and 3D dynamics, their symmetries, anomalies, . . .
- Changing “bulk” parameters \rightarrow transitions in the worldvolume theory
 - ★ 3D transition with no bulk transition
- Different descriptions
in the bulk \longleftrightarrow Different phases
or dualities in 3D
- Beautifully applied to YM and QCD

[Gaiotto, Kapustin, Komargodski, Seiberg 17]

[Gaiotto, Komargodski, Seiberg 17; di Vecchia, Rossi, Veneziano, Yankielowicz 17]

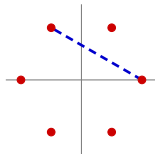
- Multiple gapped vacua:
- spontaneously broken discrete symmetry
 - tuning to 1st order phase transition
 - supersymmetry

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We look at 4D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ (massive) SQCD:

- Multiple vacua for generic parameters
- BPS domain walls host a 3D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ worldvolume theory

SUSY \Rightarrow 2nd order phase transitions on DWs



A lot was already done, but not complete classification

[Acharya, Armoni, de Carlos, Dvali, Gaiotto, Giveon, Hindmarsh, Hollowood, Israel, Kaplunovsky, Kovner, McNair, Moreno, Niarchos, Poppitz, Ritz, Shifman, Smilga, Sonnenschein, Vafa, Vainshtein, Vaselov, Witten, Yankielowicz, ...]

4D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ (massive) Super-QCD

$SU(N)$ SQCD with F flavors Q, \tilde{Q}

- Restrict to $F < N$: only mesons (not baryons) are relevant
→ gauge-invariant meson superfields $M = \tilde{Q}Q$
- Parameters: $\Lambda^{3N-F} = \mu^{3N-F} e^{-\frac{8\pi^2}{g(\mu)^2} + i\theta}$, mass matrix m_{4d} ($F \times F$)

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Without mass m_{4d} : *classical mesonic moduli space* [Affleck, Dine, Seiberg 84]

Dynamically generated superpotential $W_{\text{ADS}} = (N - F) \left(\frac{\Lambda^{3N-F}}{\det M} \right)^{\frac{1}{N-F}}$

→ runaway behavior

Add flavor-invariant diagonal mass $m_{4d} \propto \mathbb{1}_F$ → N massive vacua

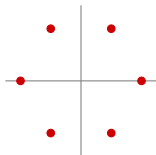
4D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ (massive) Super-QCD

$$W_{\text{eff}} = m_{4d} \text{Tr } M + (N - F) \left(\frac{\Lambda^{3N-F}}{\det M} \right)^{\frac{1}{N-F}}$$

- Symmetries: $\mathbb{Z}_{2N} \times SU(F) \times U(1)_B$

N gapped vacua from spontaneous R-symmetry breaking $\mathbb{Z}_{2N} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$

$$\langle M \rangle = \widetilde{M} \mathbb{1}_F \quad \langle \lambda \lambda \rangle = m_{4d} \widetilde{M} \quad \widetilde{M} = \left(\frac{\Lambda^{3N-F}}{m_{4d}^{N-F}} \right)^{1/N}$$



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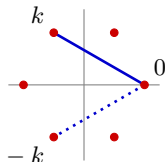
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- Domain walls from j^{th} vacuum to $(j+k)^{\text{th}}$ vacuum

Broken R-symmetry: k -walls are all equivalent

- An $(N-k)$ -wall is parity reversal of a k -wall



- 4D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ superalgebra admits a two-brane charge:

[Azcarraga, Gauntlett, Izquierdo, Townsend 89; Dvali, Shifman 96]

$$\{Q_\alpha, \bar{Q}_{\dot{\alpha}}\} = 2\sigma_{\alpha\dot{\alpha}}^\mu P_\mu$$

$$\{Q_\alpha, Q_\beta\} = \sigma_{\alpha\beta}^{\mu\nu} Z_{\mu\nu} \quad \text{and c.c.}$$

\Rightarrow BPS domain walls

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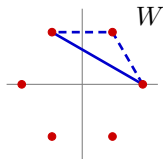
\Rightarrow BPS domain walls

- Protected tension in terms of “central charge” [Abraham, Townsend 91; Cecotti, Vafa 92]

$$T = |Z|,$$

$$Z = 2\Delta W$$

Tension is controlled by the shift of superpotential



\Rightarrow ★ Parallel multiple walls decay to a bound state

★ There can be degenerate walls connecting the same two vacua

3D phase transitions

- Large mass $m_{4d} \gg \Lambda$: $SU(N)$ Super-Yang-Mills

Domain walls support TQFT (gapped)

[Acharya, Vafa 01]

- Small mass $m_{4d} \ll \Lambda$:

almost-weakly-coupled Wess-Zumino description on *mesonic space*

Inequivalent degenerate walls, with 3d Goldstones + TQFT

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Inequivalent degenerate walls, with 3d Goldstones + TQFT

- In the two regimes we see very different walls:

phase transition at $m_{4d} = m_*$

We seek a 3D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ worldvolume description

Domain walls in Super-Yang-Mills

$SU(N)$ SYM

- N gapped vacua

Gaugino condensate $\langle \lambda\lambda \rangle = \Lambda^3 e^{\frac{2\pi i}{N}k}$ breaks R-symmetry $\mathbb{Z}_{2N} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$

- 3D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ low-energy theory on k -wall:

[Acharya, Vafa 01]

[also Armoni, Hollowood 05; *ibid.* 06; Bashmakov, Gomis, Komargodski, Sharon 18]

3D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ $U(k)_{N-\frac{k}{2}, N}$ + singlet Φ_0



$U(k)_{N-k, N}$ Chern-Simons TQFT

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- k -wall $\xleftrightarrow{\text{parity reversal}}$ $(N-k)$ -wall from level-rank duality

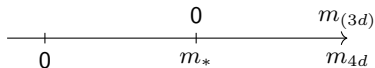
Domain walls in Super-QCD

$SU(N)$ massive SQCD with F flavors

Our proposal for 3D worldvolume theory:

3D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ $U(k)_{N-\frac{k}{2}-\frac{F}{2}, N-\frac{F}{2}}$ with F flavors of X 's

$$\mathcal{W} = \text{Tr } X^\dagger X X^\dagger X + \alpha (\text{Tr } X^\dagger X)^2 + m_{(3d)} \text{Tr } X^\dagger X$$



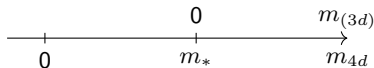
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★ k -walls and $(N - k)$ -walls related by parity reversal: [Choi, Roček, Sharon 18]

$U(k)_{N-\frac{k+F}{2}, N-\frac{F}{2}}$ with F flavors $\leftrightarrow U(N - k)_{-\frac{N+k-F}{2}, -N+\frac{F}{2}}$ with F flavors

Analysis of vacua

- $m_{(3d)} > 0$: unique vacuum at $X^\dagger X = 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 1 \quad U(k)_{N-\frac{k}{2}, N}$ (AV)

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- $m_{(3d)} > 0$: unique vacuum at $X^\dagger X = 0 \rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 1 \quad U(k)_{N-\frac{k}{2}, N}$ (AV)
- $m_{(3d)} < 0$: multiple vacua $X^\dagger X \propto \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{1}_J & \\ & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ flavor symmetry breaking

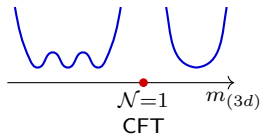
$$\mathcal{N} = 1 \quad U(k - J)_{N-\frac{k}{2}-F+\frac{J}{2}, N-F} \times \text{NLSM} \quad \frac{U(F)}{U(J) \times U(F - J)}$$

$$\text{with} \quad \max(0, F + k - N) \leq J \leq \min(k, F)$$

- J -vacua: inequivalent degenerate BPS k -walls between same two 4D vacua

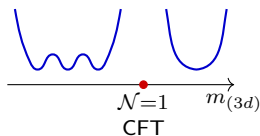
- SUSY \Rightarrow 2nd order phase transition (CFT)

Multiple vacua coalesce into one at a single point



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- Enhanced 3D $\mathcal{N} = 2$ SUSY (SCFT) for special values

$F = 1$ or $k = 1$: only one quartic superpotential term

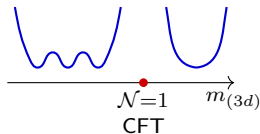
At large CS level can be seen perturbatively

[Avdeev, Grigorev, Kazakov 92]

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- Enhanced 3D $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SUSY for $SU(2)$, $F = 1$, $k = 1$

[Gang, Yamazaki 18]

$$\mathcal{N} = 1 \quad U(1)_{\pm\frac{3}{2}} \text{ with 1 flavor} \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad \mathcal{N} = 1 \quad SU(2)_{\pm\frac{3}{2}} \text{ with 1 flavor}$$

4D construction of domain walls

- For $m_{4d} \ll \Lambda$: 4D vacua lie in the weakly-coupled Higgsed phase

Low energy effective theory: **Wess-Zumino (WZ) model on mesonic space**

$$\mathcal{K} = 2 \text{Tr} \sqrt{\overline{M}M} \qquad W = m_{4d} \text{Tr} M + W_{\text{ADS}}(M)$$

⇒ Construct **WZ-type walls**

Valid as long as we remain in the Higgsed phase throughout the wall

- ★ *Caveat:* **unbroken** $SU(N - F)$ **SYM** theory on mesonic space

BPS domain wall equation (central charge $Z = 2 \Delta W = e^{i\gamma}|Z|$):

$$\mathcal{K}_{a\bar{b}} \partial_x \Phi^a = e^{i\gamma} \frac{\partial \bar{W}}{\partial \bar{\Phi}^{\bar{b}}}$$

where Φ^a are the meson components M_j^i

$$W = m \operatorname{Tr} M + (N - F) \left(\frac{\Lambda^{3N-F}}{\det M} \right)^{\frac{1}{N-F}}$$

- $F = N - 1$: WZ model on mesonic space (no SYM sector)

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$$\Lambda_{\text{unbroken}}^{3(N-F)} = \frac{\Lambda^{3N-F}}{\det M} \quad W_{\text{unbroken}} = (N - F) (\Lambda_{\text{unbroken}}^{3(N-F)})^{1/(N-F)}$$

Multivaluedness of W_{ADS} from $N - F$ vacua of unbroken gauge theory

\Rightarrow $N - F$ sheets over each point on mesonic space

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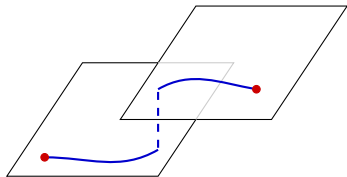
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Size of
walls:

$$\ell_{\text{WZ}} \sim \frac{M}{\partial_x M} \sim \frac{1}{m_{4d}} \gg \ell_{\text{SYM}} \sim \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{unbroken}}} \sim \frac{1}{m_{4d}^{F/3N} \Lambda^{1-F/3N}}$$

“Hybrid” SQCD walls

Hybrid walls: WZ type + “instantaneous” jumps from one sheet to another



★ 3D theory:

AV topological sector associated
to jump Δ in unbroken SYM

$$\mathcal{N} = 1 \quad U(\Delta)_{N-F-\frac{\Delta}{2}, N-F}$$

×

Goldstone bosons for
broken flavor symmetry

NLSM

Results

- The various walls can be studied:
- algebraically — for $M(x) \propto \mathbb{1}_F$
 - numerically

★ E.g. at small N :

$SU(2)$	$F = 1$	$k = 1 : \text{gap, gap}$
---------	---------	---------------------------

$SU(3)$	$F = 2$	$k = 1 : \text{gap, } \mathbb{P}^1$
	$F = 1$	$k = 1 : U(1)_2, \text{gap}$

$SU(4)$	$F = 3$	$k = 1 : \text{gap, } \mathbb{P}^2$	$k = 2 : \mathbb{P}^2, \mathbb{P}^2$
	$F = 2$	$k = 1 : U(1)_2, \mathbb{P}^1$	$k = 2 : \text{gap, } U(1)_2 \times \mathbb{P}^1, \text{gap}$
	$F = 1$	$k = 1 : U(1)_3, \text{gap}$	$k = 2 : U(1)_{-3}, U(1)_3$

★ All cases analyzed match with 3D prediction

Some generalizations

★ 4D $SU(N)$ SQCD with $F = N$ flavors

[in progress]

• Baryons $B = Q^N$ $\tilde{B} = \tilde{Q}^N$ enter into play

• Deformed moduli space $\det M - B\tilde{B} = \Lambda^{2N}$

[Seiberg 94]

3D theory at $m_{(3d)} < 0 \Rightarrow U(1)_0 \times \text{NLSM} \frac{U(N)}{U(J) \times U(N-J)}$

Some DWs spontaneously break baryonic symmetry (3D top. symm.)

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★ 4D $Sp(N)$ SQCD with $F < N + 1$ or $F = N + 1$ flavors

Similar results: • $F = 0$: TQFT $Sp(k)_{N+1-k}$

• $F > 0$: $\mathcal{N} = 1$ $Sp(k)_{N - \frac{F+k-3}{2}}$ with F fund. and \mathcal{W}

Summary

- Proposed 3D description of DWs in 4D $SU(N)$ SQCD with $F \leq N$ flavors
- Predicts 2nd order phase transition for $m_{4d} = m_*$ and intricate zoo of walls
- Predicts supersymmetry enhancement
- Large and small m_{4d} limits reproduced by 4D QFT arguments

Some open questions

- More flavors: $F > N$ (baryons, Seiberg duality, ...)
[FB, Benvenuti, Bertolini, Spezzati: in progress]
- Other gauge groups ($Spin(N)$, quivers, ...) and representations
- Domain wall junctions: 2D $\mathcal{N} = (0, 1)$ [cfr. Gaiotto 13]