

Exploiting data for ionospheric research Anthea Coster, MIT Haystack Observatory

The case for merging TEC with other data:

TEC and incoherent scatter radar
TEC and data from the Image atellite
TEC and SuperDARN
Differential TEC and All-sky cameras (TIDs)
Differential TEC and Ampere data
Summary



Incoherent Scatter measurement 18-19 March 1990







Solar Flare of 14 July 2000



NOAA/SEC Boulder, CO USA

Biggest Solar Storm in Nine Years

Caused very large magnetic storm and ionospheric effects







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GPS Loss of Lock at Millstone Hill





TEC Disturbances on 15 July 2000



First SED Plume imaged by GPS – July 14, 2000





Day 90, 2001



Day 101, 2001





Day 324, 2003



20 November 2003







IMAGE Data of Plasmasphere





Plasmaspheric Tails and Storm Enhanced Density

IMAGE EUV 21:21 UTC









Super Dual Auroral Radar Network SuperDARN

- **OTH Radar System for** measuring ionospheric convection.
- **Coherent Radar System**
- **Frequency agile between** 8 and 20 MHz.
- **Frequency choices** determined by PI of radar or by committee.





SuperDARN Extended Coverage in both Hemispheres









Common Features observed in TEC during geomagnetically disturbed conditions





TOTAL ELECTRON CONTENT 04/Feb/2009 18:50:00.0 Median Filtered, Threshold = 0.0104/Feb/2009 18:55:00.0







E. G. Thomas (Space@VT)

GPS TEC & SuperDARN

CEDAR-GEM, 2011

First Observations of Mid-Latitude Scintillations (2002)

Temporal properties of intense GPS L1 amplitude scintillations at midlatitudes

B. M. Ledvina ; P. M. Kintner ; J. J. Makela

GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH LETTERS, VOL. 29, No. 14, 1659, 10.1029/2002GL014770, 2002





May 28, 2017







GPS and Optical

Makela et al., Radio Science 2001 CEDAR 2004 Applications for GPS/AJM@ June 28, 2004





Nighttime MSTID Observations (TEC, Airglow) [Saito et al., 2001]







ΜΙΤ



TID's in Optical and differential TEC





Phase Scintillation 2017/03/01 | 10:02 - 10:07



OBSERVATORY

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Venetie, Alaska 1 March 2017





10:03 UT





TEC increase at beginning of a substorm





Magnetometer plot Ft Yukon 1 March 2017





PFISR Electron Density







The square pixels are about the size of the original Milstone-centered 50 km radius circular patch. Although data density is low, note the strong suggestion of these "waves" over Arecibo Observatory.



Sudden Stratospheric Warming and Solar Parameters [Jan 2009]



GPS TEC change – no warming



MIT

Before the warming, TEC change is 10-20% from mean and vertical drift is small

GPS TEC (Total Electron Content) data show large-scale picture of ionospheric behavior

The mean is Jan 1-14, 2009

GPS TEC during warming: morning sector



During stratwarming, TEC increases in excess of 50-100% in the morning

Large upward drift at Jicamarca

The magnitude of increase is similar to effects of severe geomagnetic storms

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Consequences for the FAA

Geodetic Longitude, Deg

Summary

- There is still a lot left to be discovered, and interpreted, and understood
- New discoveries will be made by merging observations from different instruments and by looking for connections.

(Rideout & Coster 2006)

(Komjathy, Yang, Butala, Ijima, Mannucci. Beacon Satellite Symp. 2013)

(NASA JPL Photojournal PIA14430/Caltech, 2012)