

# Legal and Institutional Aspects of New Nuclear Technologies Deployment

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# Why legal aspects are important for nuclear power and fuel cycle?

- Nuclear Safety national and international level
- Nuclear Security national and international aspects
- Non-proliferation international level

These aspects are "covered" by the Complex of the International Treaties and Conventions



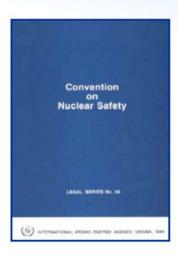
#### International Legal Framework for Nuclear Safety



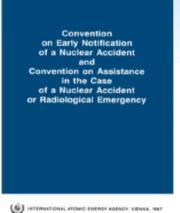
Suite of legally binding and non-binding instruments

Complemented by safety standards

**Peer review** 













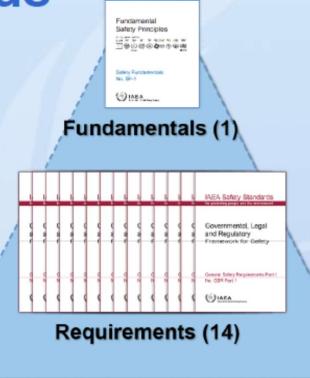
## IAEA Safety Standards

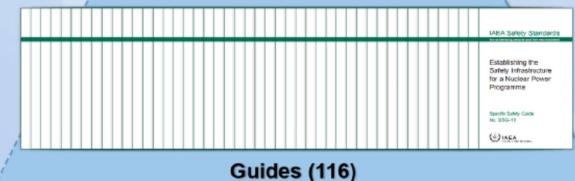
#### **Safety Standards Committees**

- Nuclear Installations
- Waste
- Transport
- Radiation Protection
- Emergency Preparedness and Response

**Commission on Safety Standards** 

25 Member States





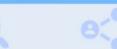
IAEA SAFETY STANDARDS SERIES









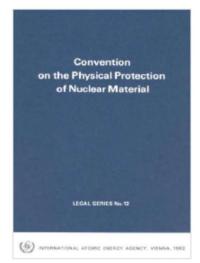






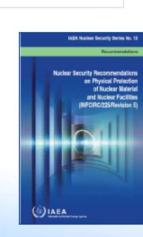
#### International Legal Framework for Nuclear Security







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**CPPNM + Amendment** 

Non-binding instruments

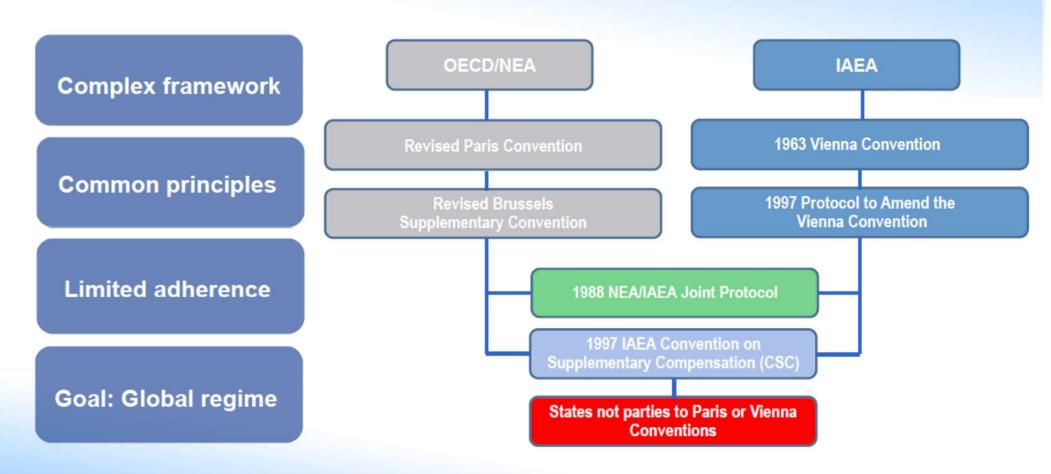
Various other treaties – UN, IMO, ICAO etc.

**UNSC Resolutions** 



#### International Legal Framework for Civil Liability





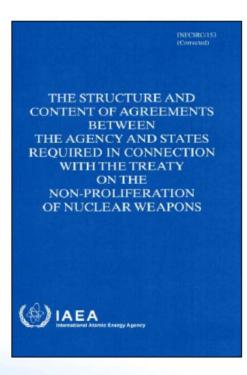
# Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT)

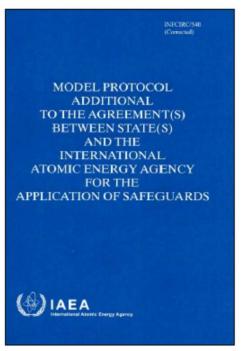




Safeguards







# Safeguards Agreements Item-specific Comprehensive Voluntary Offer Additional Protocol Safeguards Findings and Conclusions

# Where "gaps" can be impediments for innovations?





**Nuclear Safety** 



**Nuclear Security** 



Facility design is not meet current security and/or safeguard requirements



Civil Liability for Nuclear Damage



Safeguards

Using of "sensitive" materials

Contradictions between different areas of safety

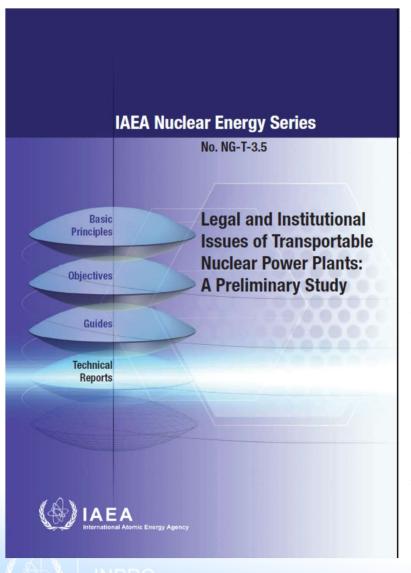


## Nuclear Infrastructure for new NP program



# Studies of legal and institutional aspects of innovations (by INPRO)





- (TNPP) Legal and Institutional Issues of transportable Nuclear Power Plants: A Preliminary Study (published in 2013)
- Second Case study (TNPP-2): "INPRO Case study for the Deployment of a Factory Fuelled Small Modular Reactors (SMR)" will be published soon.
- Cooperative Approaches to the Back-end of the Nuclear Fuel Cycle: Drivers and Institutional, Economic and Legal Impediments (will be published in 2023)
- New INPRO Study: Legal and Institutional Issues of prospective deployment of Fusion facilities (started in 2022.)

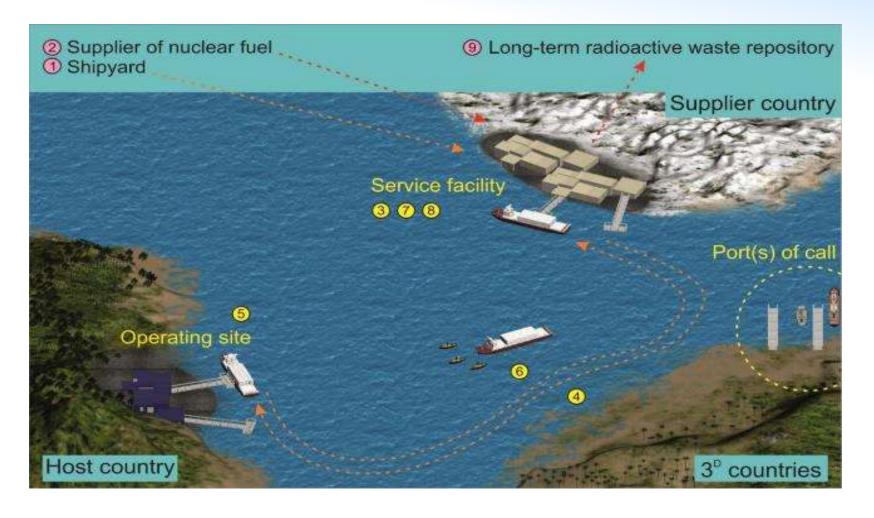
### **Key Focus of TNPP-2 Study**

- The export of TNM (Transportable Nuclear Module) for deployment as TNPP (Transportable Nuclear Power Plant) may face specific issues in the international context related to the compliance:
  - Safeguards Agreements IAEA and Regional
  - International legal norms
  - IAEA safety standards and security recommendations
- Three TNPP case studies deploying a transportable module as an integral part of a TNPP have been selected for analysis:
  - (1) a TNPP deploying a submersible TNPT
  - (2) a TNPP deploying a floating TNPP
  - (3) a TNPP deploying a land-based TNPP
- Focus on the issues with
  - Floating TNPP
  - Micro Modular Reactor (MMR)



# Life-Cycle of Floating TNPP (Designs – Russia, ROK, Denmark, China, USA [1960s]) Sea Transport – Sea Mooring for Operation

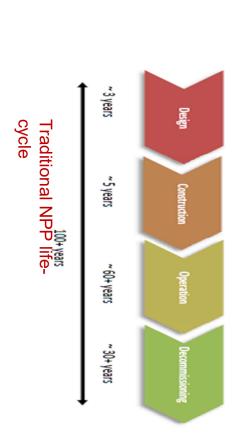


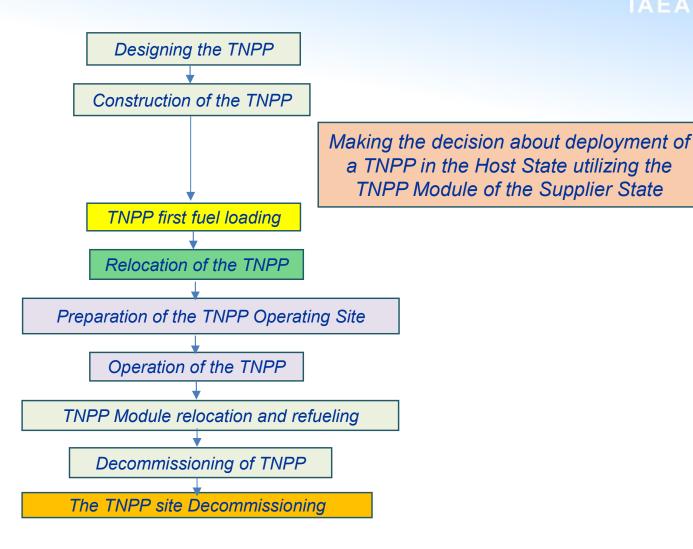




## TNPP life-cycle vs. NPP









#### Thee TNPPs have these life cycle issues needing focus

- Special Issues relating to legislation
  - Maritime Law supplier, host and transit (ports of call and international water)
  - Civil liability for nuclear damage define supplier and host country responsibility
    - Transit and liability Fresh Fuel and Spent Fuel experience vs. fueled reactor transport
- Nuclear Safety Issues licensing and regulation of designs
  - Experience with water cooled reactors
  - Need to regulate FRs and MSRs
- Special issues relating Safeguards Multiple States and Transport Overseas
- Nuclear Security Considerations regulate more or less than present NPPs?
- Licensing Process Safety, security and safeguards concerns
- Staffing and Training rules and regulations to fit multinational cooperation







## New INPRO Study: Legal and Institutional Issues of prospective deployment of Fusion facilities



- Expected frame of the Study (started on 2022 followed by INPRO MSs recommendation):
  - Discussion on the long-term sustainability issues for prospective deployment of fusion based facilities with a focus on non-technical aspects (jointly with other IAEA Departments and Sections)
  - Consideration of INPRO methodology and approaches application for long-term sustainability assessment of innovative energy systems with fusion based facilities
  - Review of legal and institutional issues, factors, and challenges, then identify gaps considering the current international instruments and national nuclear legislation and regulations.
  - Identification of main drivers and impediments for fusion based facilities implementation





## Institutional innovations: effect on "Nuclear Power Landscape"



INPRO Methodology

• Infrastructure (for first NPP)

"Bright Future":

Safer than previous
Better than previous
Economically acceptable

**Environmentally friendly** 

 Reconsideration of Supplier and Host States roles / Newcomers and their responsibility

New cooperation approaches

Legal/Institutional innovations

Framework for cooperation and vision beyond 50 years





## Thank you!

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Some used slides prepared by IAEA for Seminar for diplomates

https://www.iaea.org/services/key-programmes/international-project-on-innovative-nuclear-reactors-and-fuel-cycles-inpro

