



united nations
educational, scientific
and cultural
organization



international atomic
energy agency

the
abdus salam
international centre for theoretical physics

SMR 1232 - 29

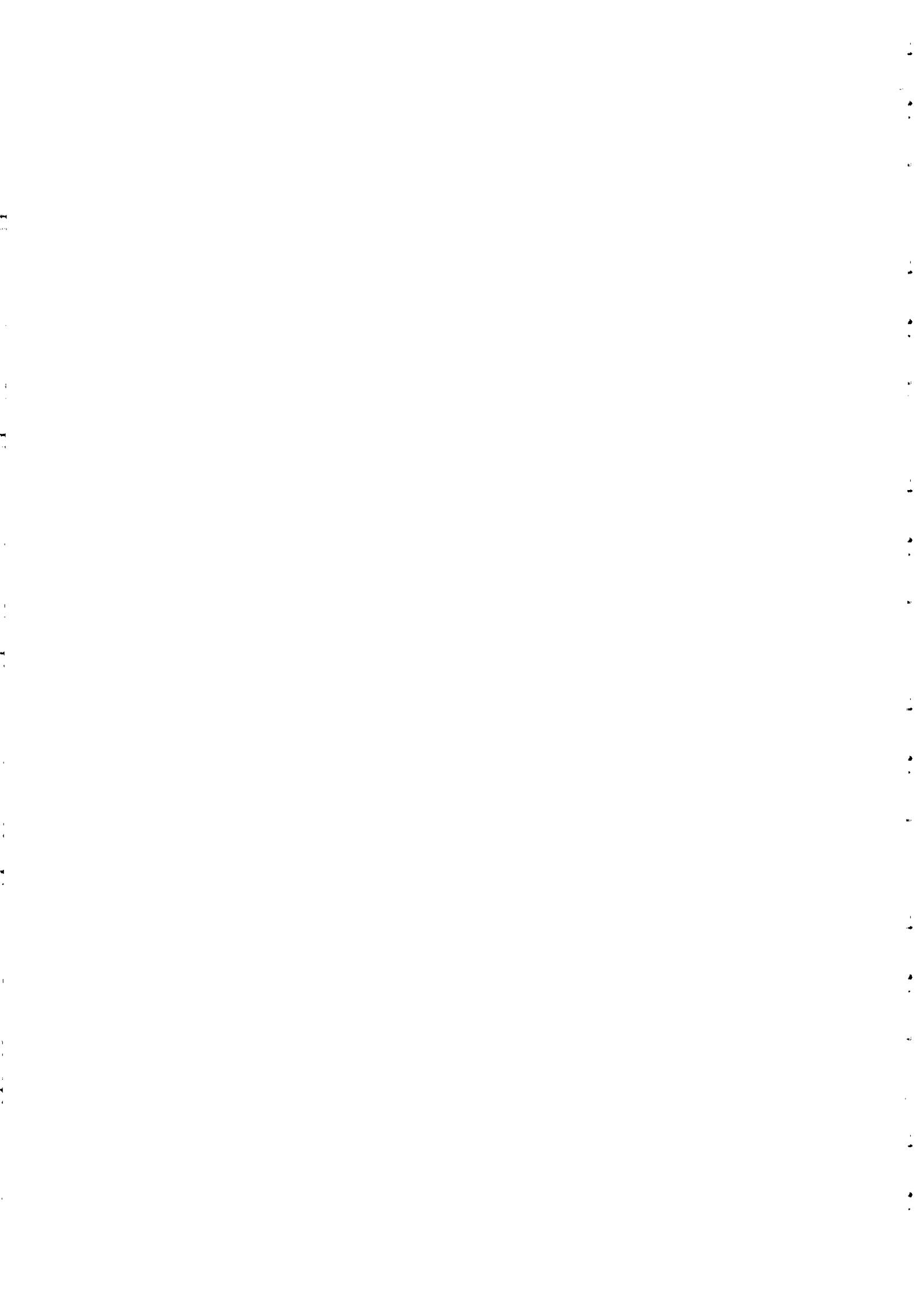
**XII WORKSHOP ON
STRONGLY CORRELATED ELECTRON SYSTEMS**

17 - 28 July 2000

***YbRh₂Si₂: Pronounced Non-Fermi-Liquid Effects
above a Low-Lying Magnetic Phase Transition***

O. TROVARELLI
Max-Planck-Institute
for Chemical Physics of Solids
Dresden, Germany

These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants.



XII WORKSHOP ON
STRONGLY CORRELATED ELECTRON SYSTEMS
(17 - 28 July 2000) ICTP, Trieste

**YbRh₂Si₂: Pronounced Non-Fermi-Liquid
Effects above a Low-Lying Magnetic Phase
Transition**

O. Trovarelli, R. Borth, J. Custers, P. Hinze, S. Mederle,
C. Langhammer, T. Tayama, I. Zerec,
P. Gegenwart, F. M. Grosche, T. Cichorek,
C. Geibel, M. Lang, G. Sparn, F. Steglich

Max-Planck Institute for Chemical Physics of Solids, Dresden

Outline

- + Introduction - Motivation
- + Sample preparation
- + YbRh₂Si₂
- + Conclusions - Open questions

Non-Fermi-Liquid Effects in Stoichiometric HF compounds at p = 0

- Few known examples:

CeNi_2Ge_2 , CeCu_2Si_2 , CeIrIn_5 , $\text{CeRu}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$,
 UBe_{13} , $\text{U}_2\text{Pt}_2\text{In}$, UCo_2Sn

Alternative: Yb-based compounds ?

Comparison between Ce and Yb

magnetic $\text{Ce}^{3+} \rightarrow 4f^1 (J=5/2)$

$\text{Ce}^{4+} \rightarrow 4f^0 (J=0)$

non-magnetic

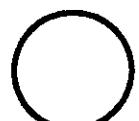
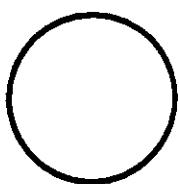
→
Pressure

non-magnetic

$\text{Yb}^{2+} \rightarrow 4f^{14} (J=0)$

$\text{Yb}^{3+} \rightarrow 4f^{13} (J=7/2)$

magnetic



Yb-based compounds: Problematic

+ Few examples of Yb-compounds with

$$5 \text{ K} < T_K < 100 \text{ K}$$

+ Crucial point: sample preparation

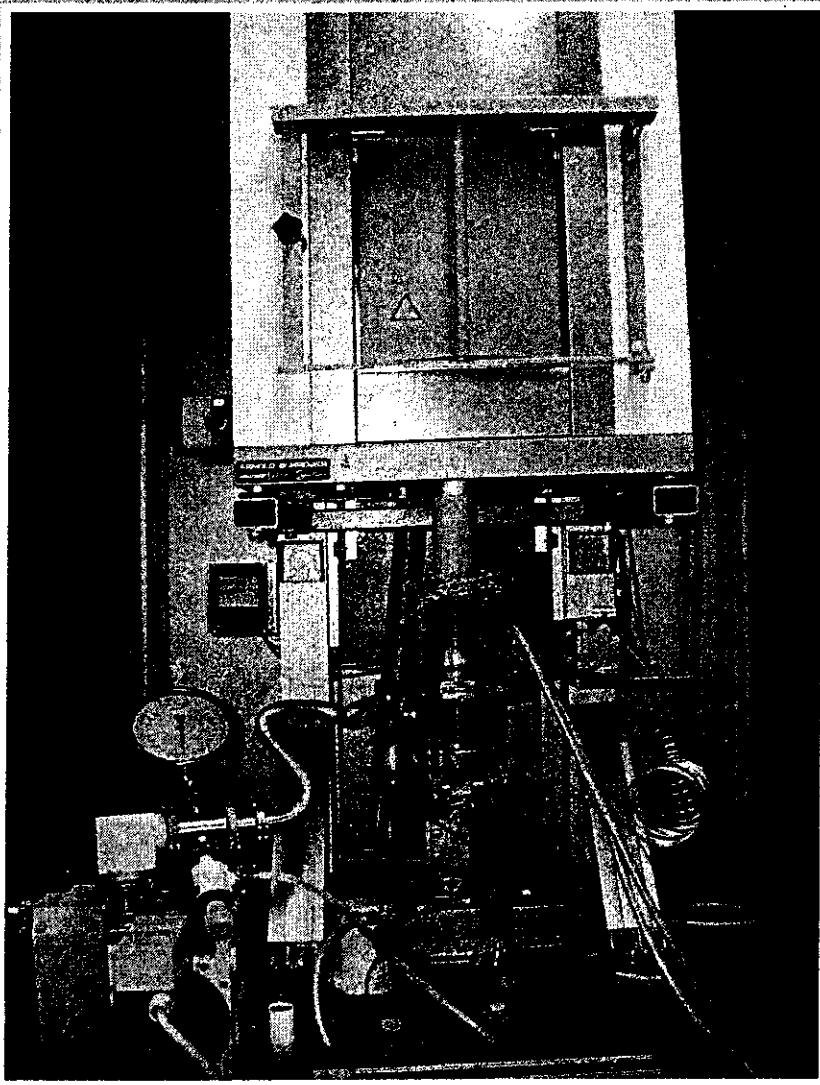
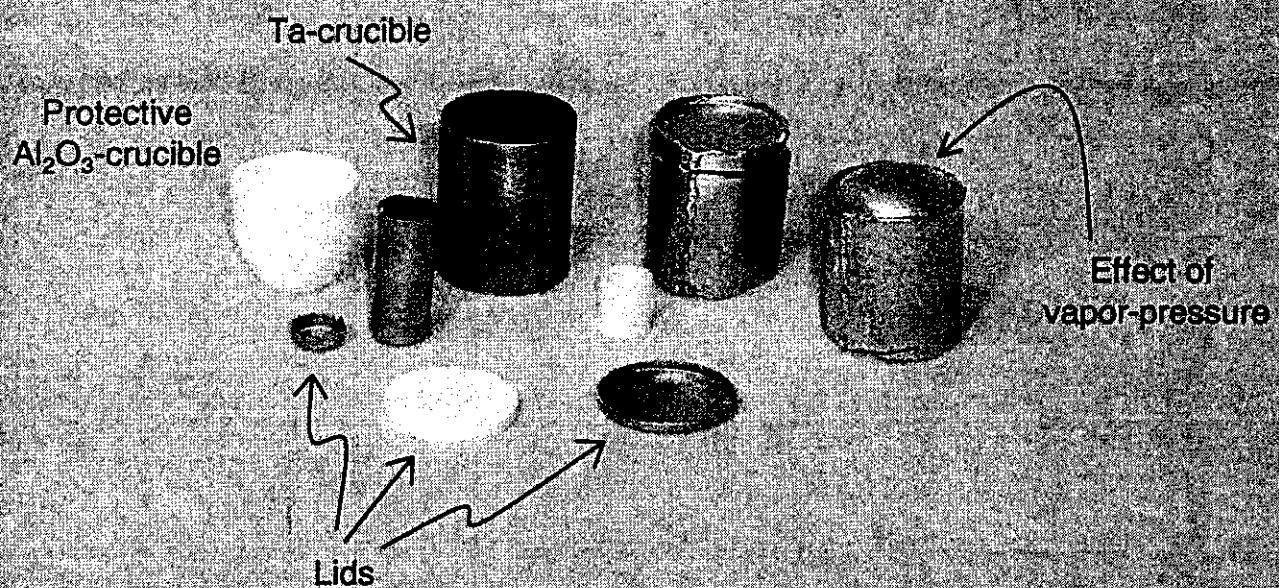
(Yb vapor-pressure: 1 bar @ 1200°C)

NFL behavior in Yb-based compounds

- **Alloying** : x-induced valence change in $\text{YbCu}_{5-x}\text{Al}_x$
- **Pressure** : Onset of magnetism in
 YbCu_2Si_2 , $\text{Yb}_2\text{Ni}_2\text{Al}$, YbCuAl ($p > 8 \text{ GPa}$)

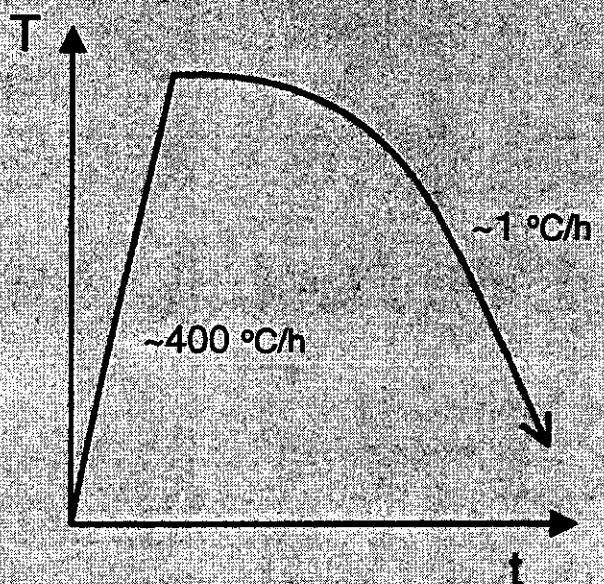
But: **No clear evidence of a QCP**

Sample preparation : Closed-crucible technique



Vertical furnace

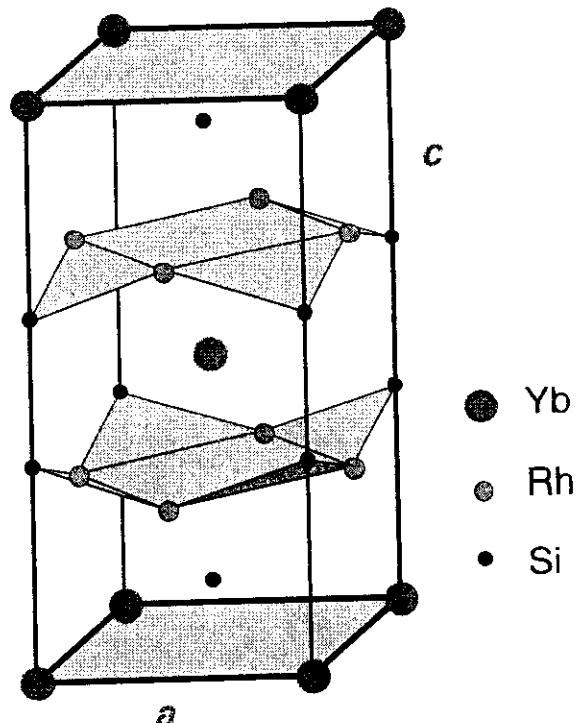
$T_{\max} = 1750 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



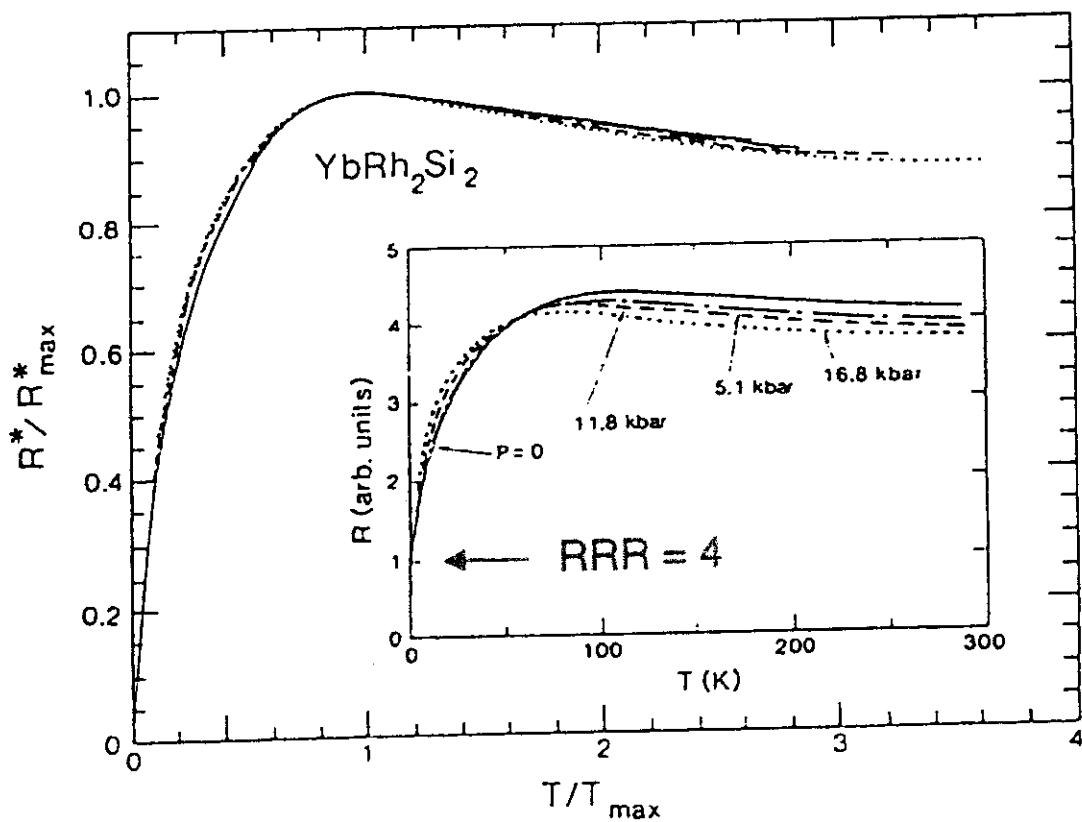
YbRh_2Si_2

Crystal Structure

- ThCr₂Si₂-type (*I4mmm*)
- $a = 4.0073 \text{ \AA}$,
 $c = 9.8581 \text{ \AA}$



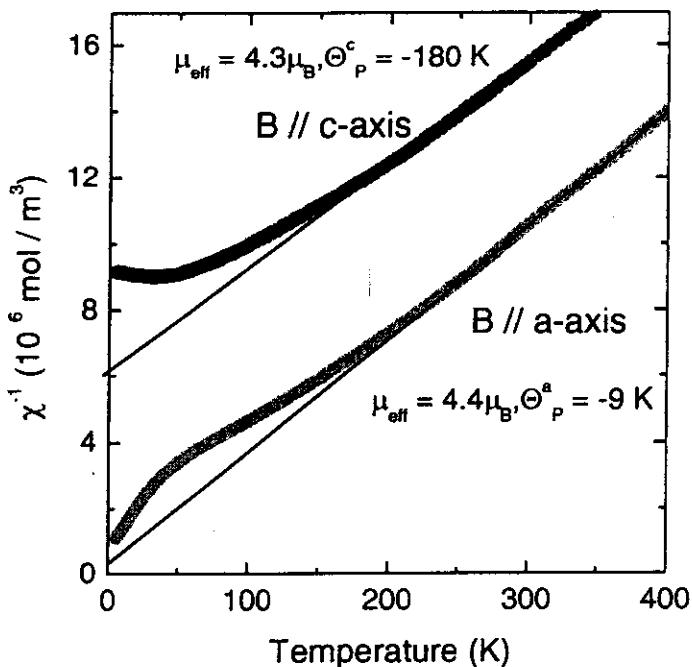
First Results:



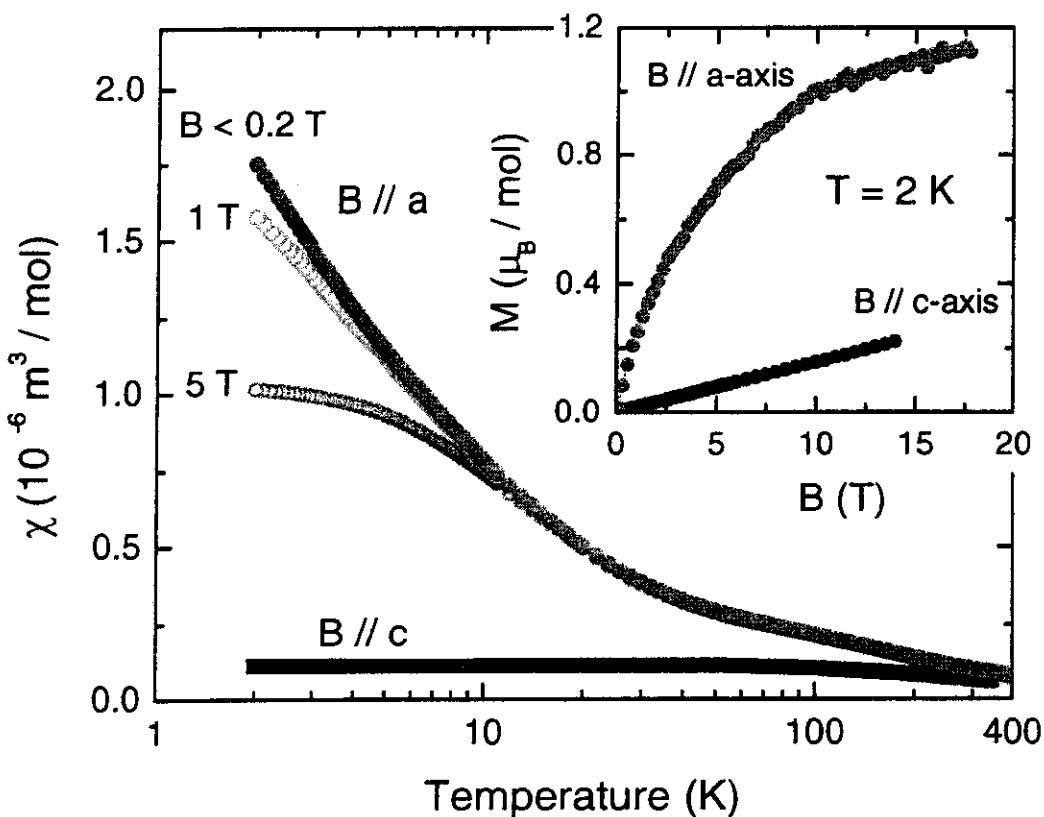
J. D. Thompson et al. (1987) Bangalore Conference, India

YbRh_2Si_2 - Magnetic properties ($p=0$)

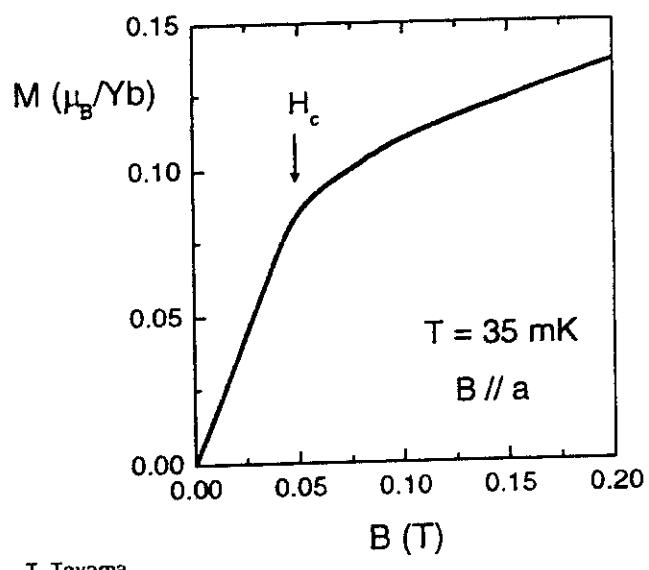
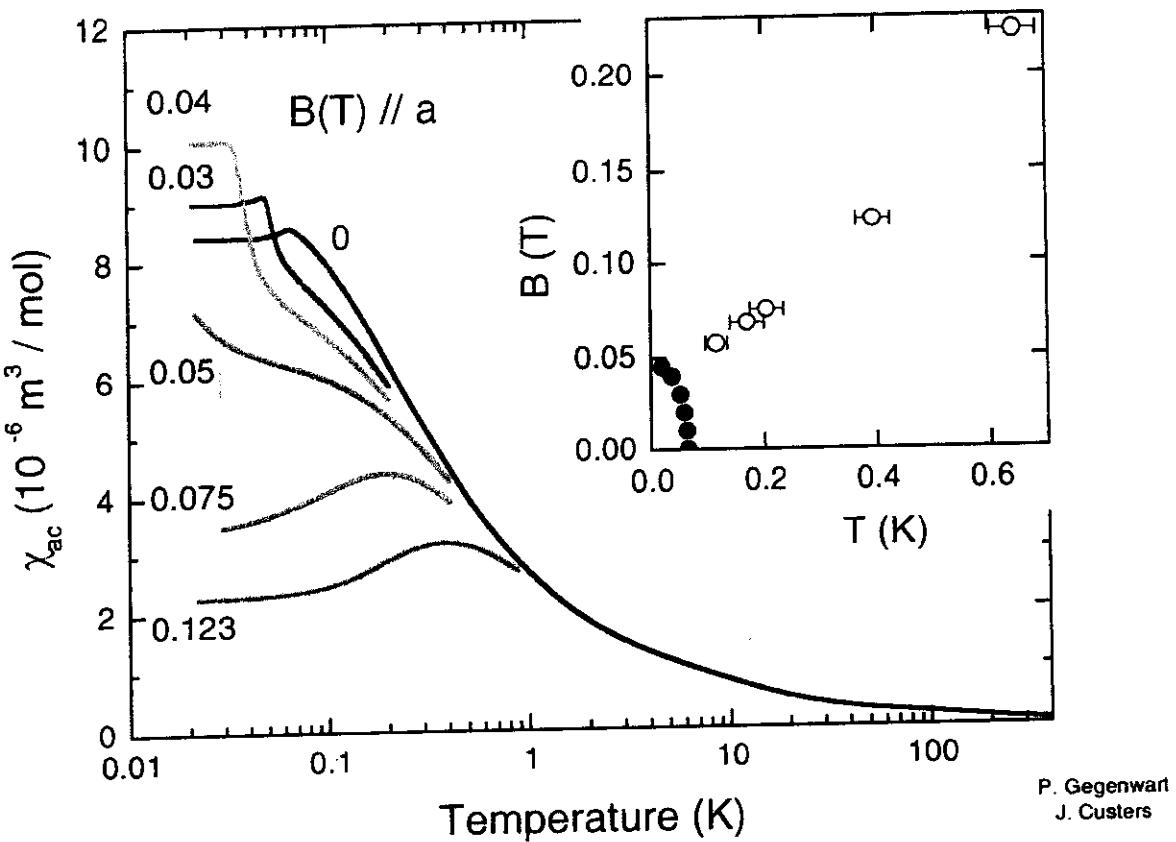
Magnetic Susceptibility - Magnetization



- Yb^{3+} moments at high temperature:
(Yb^{3+} : $\mu_{\text{eff}} \approx 4.5 \mu_B$)
- Strong single-ion anisotropy:
 $\chi_a/\chi_c \approx 20$ ($T = 2 \text{ K}$)
- Moments form an “easy-plane” square lattice
- No metamagnetism up to
 $B = 15 \text{ T}$ ($T = 2 \text{ K}$)



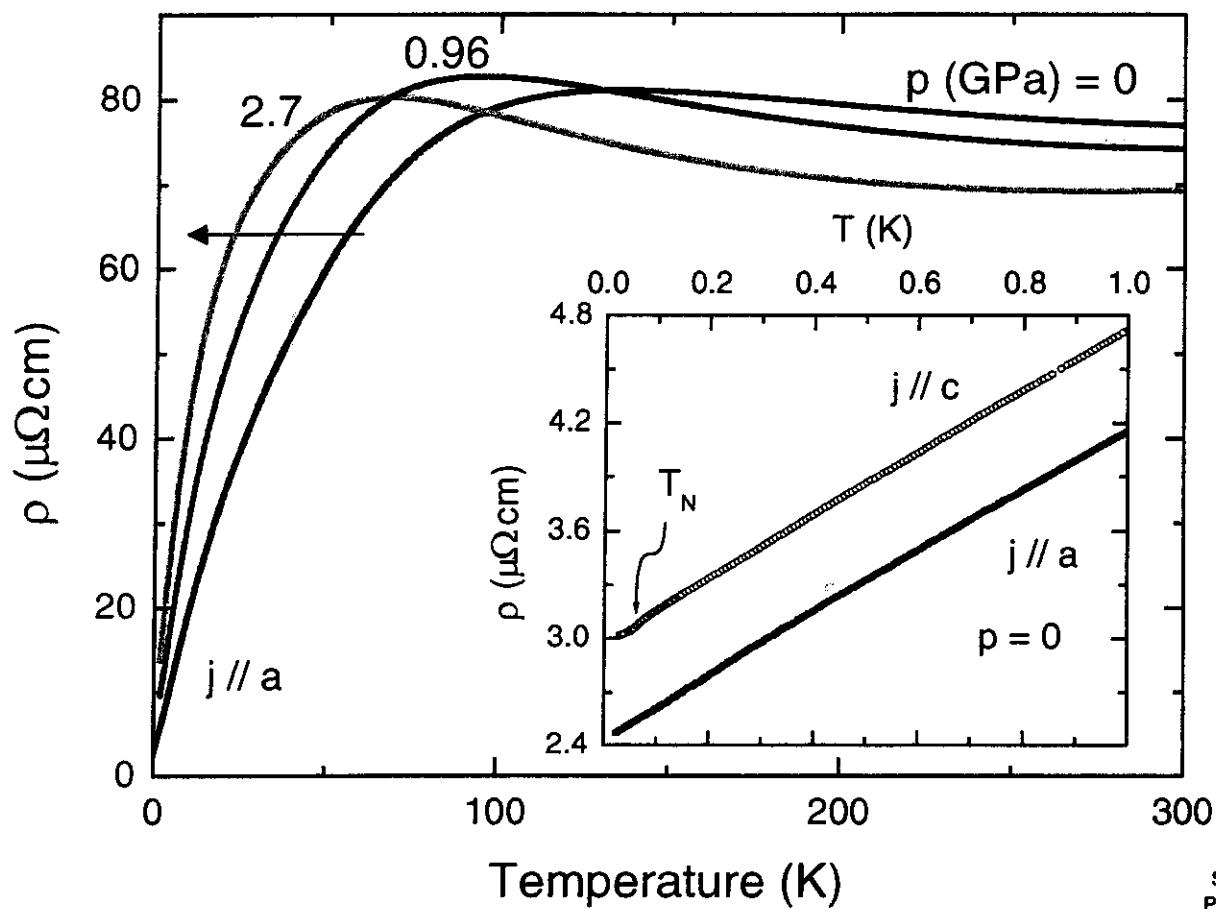
Low-Temperature Magnetic Susceptibility and Magnetization



- Weak AF-like anomaly at $T_N \approx 65 \text{ mK}$
- Critical field: $H_c \sim 450 \text{ Oe}$
- Low moments involved: $m \approx 0.1 \mu_B$

NFL effects at ambient pressure in YbRh_2Si_2

Electrical resistivity



S. Meden,
P. Gegenwart
P. Hinze

- At $p = 0$:

Typical behavior of Heavy-Fermion compounds, but

$$\rho(T) = \rho_0 + bT^\epsilon, \epsilon \sim 1 \quad \text{for } T > T_N$$

- For $p > 0$:

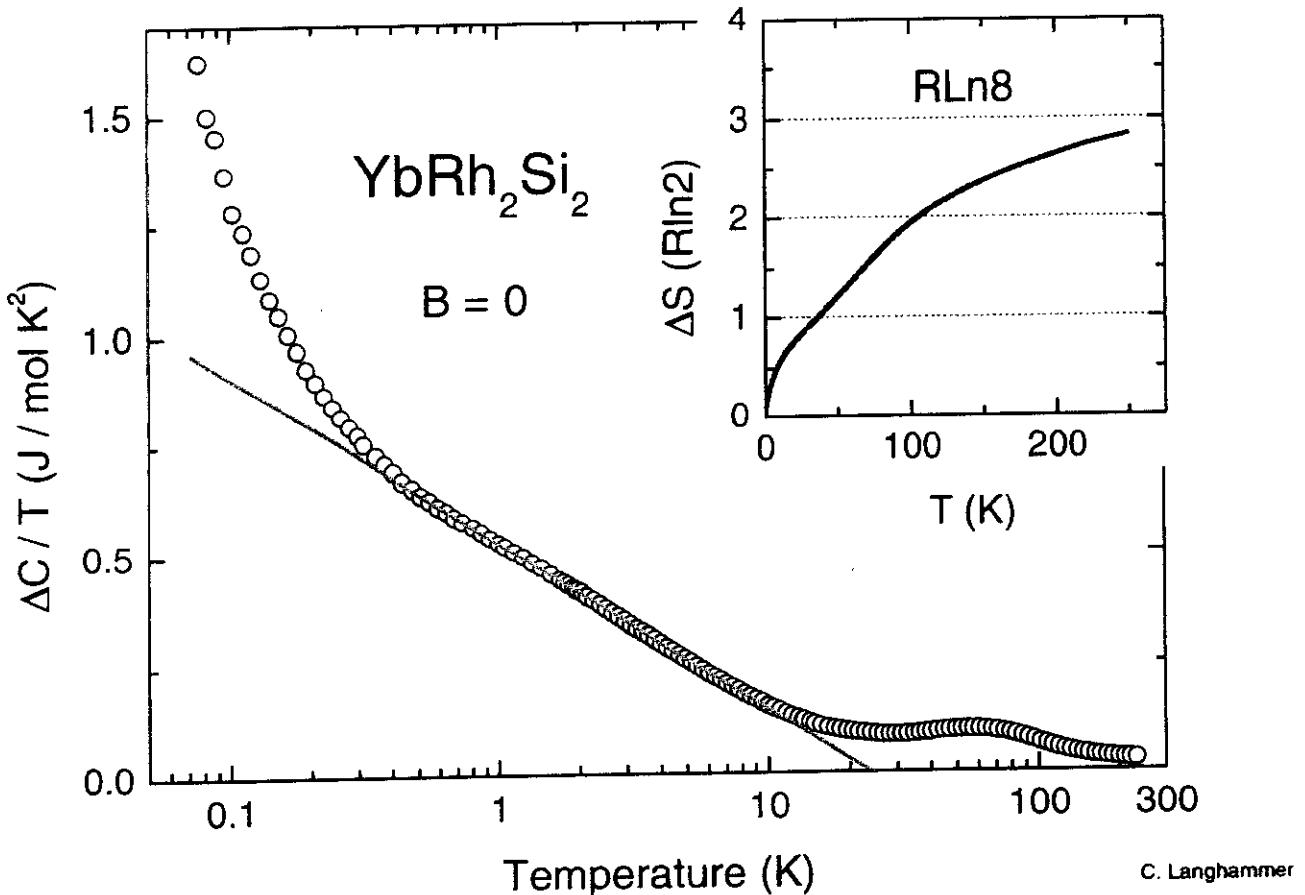
- + Drop in $\rho(T)$ steeper and shifts to lower T
- + A maximum develops below 100 K

- Pressure dependence of ρ opposite as that of typical Ce-based heavy-fermions

NFL effects at ambient pressure in YbRh_2Si_2

Specific heat ($B=0$)

$$\Delta C = C_{\text{YbRh}_2\text{Si}_2} - C_{\text{LuRh}_2\text{Si}_2}$$



C. Langhammer

- $T < 10 \text{ K}$: $\Delta C/T = \gamma_0' \ln(T_0/T)$, ($\gamma_0' = 0.17 \text{ J/mol K}^2$, $T_0 \sim 25 \text{ K}$)

- Entropy gain $\Delta S = \int \Delta C/T \, dT$:

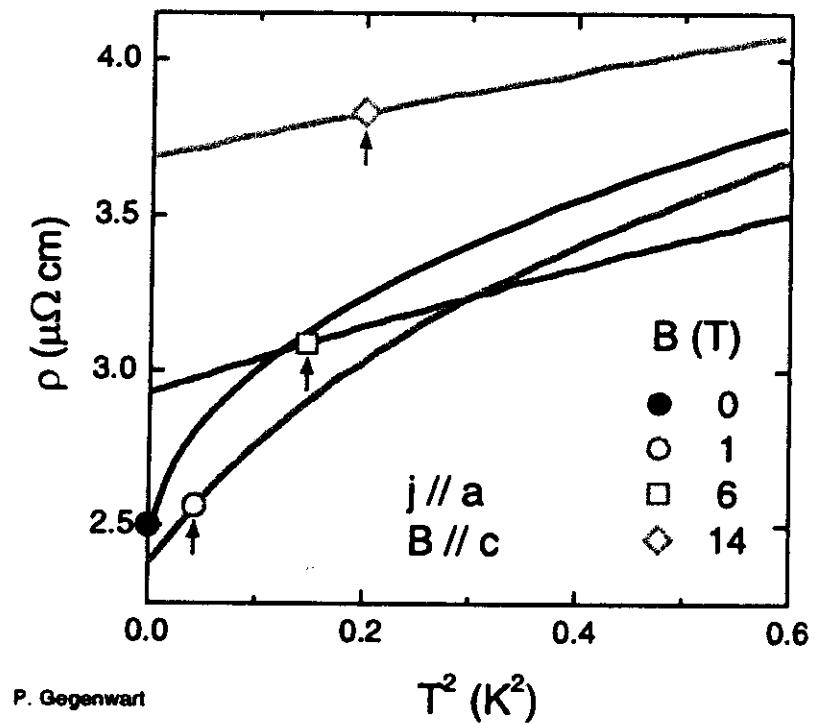
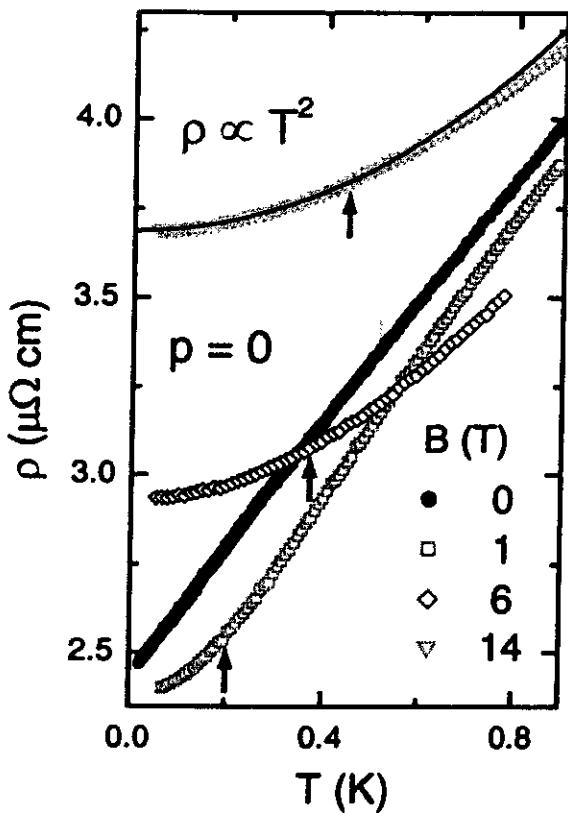
$$T = 10 \text{ K}: \quad \Delta S = 0.45 \text{ R ln}2 \Rightarrow \quad T_K \approx 20-30 \text{ K}$$

$$T = 300 \text{ K}: \quad \Delta S \rightarrow \text{R ln}8 \text{ (4 doublets, } J = 7/2\text{)}$$

Effect of applied magnetic field ($p = 0$)

Electrical resistivity:

$\rho \propto T^2$ law gradually recovered with $B > 0$



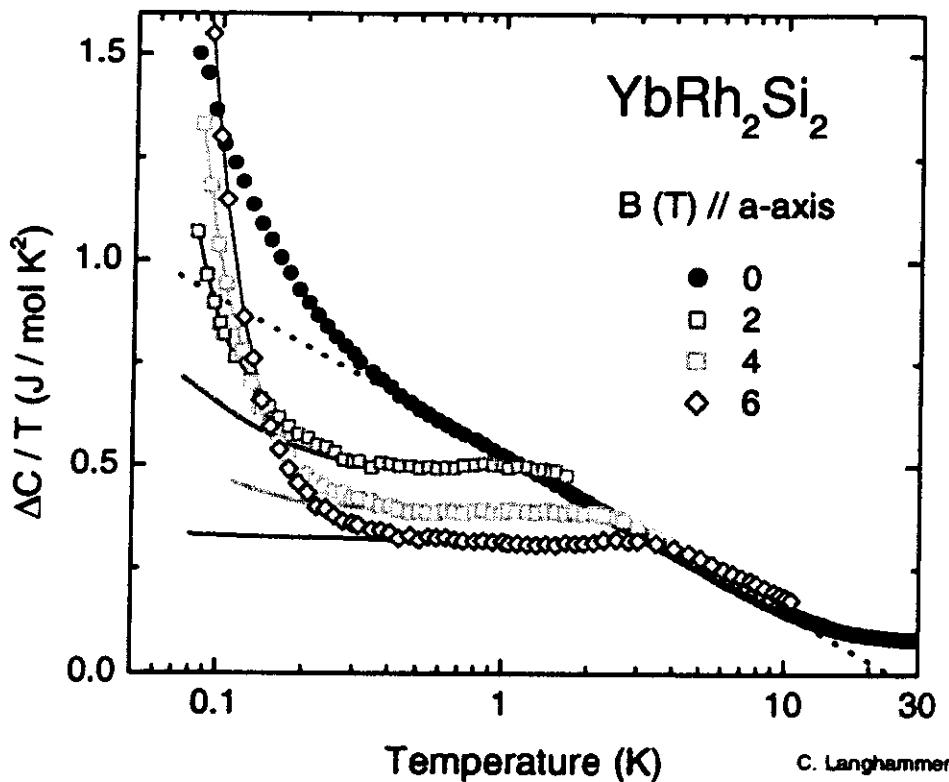
Specific heat:

- For $B = 0$:

$$\Delta C/T = \gamma_0' \ln(T_0/T)$$

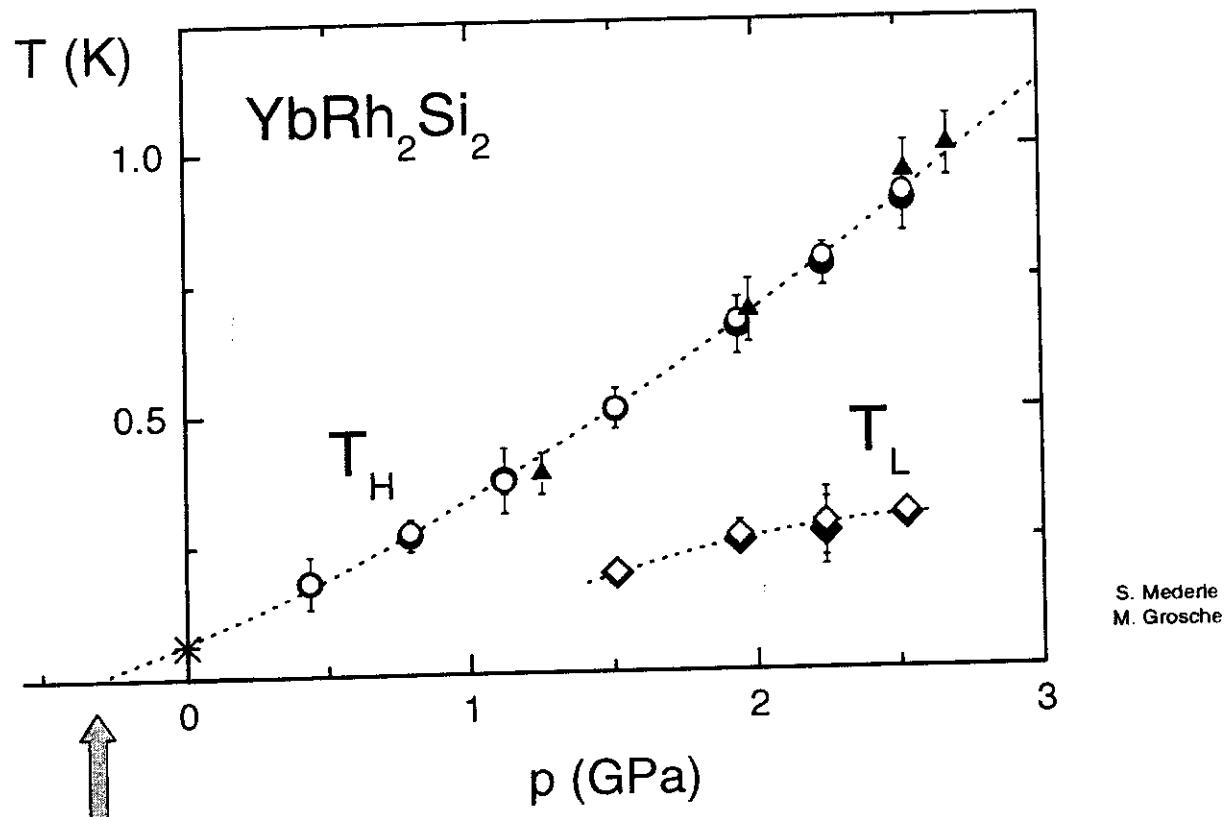
- For $B > 0$:

$$\Delta C/T = \gamma_0 = \text{constant}$$



- Response for $B > 0$ resembles, e.g., $CeCu_{6-x}Au_x$, $CeNi₂Ge₂$

Temperature-Pressure Phase Diagram of YbRh_2Si_2



$$p_c \approx -0.3 \text{ GPa}$$

- Bulk Modulus: $B_0 = (130 \pm 20) \text{ GPa} \Rightarrow$

Tiny volume change
 $\Delta V \approx +0.3\%$

YbRh_2Si_2 is situated at $p = 0$
very close to a magnetic QCP

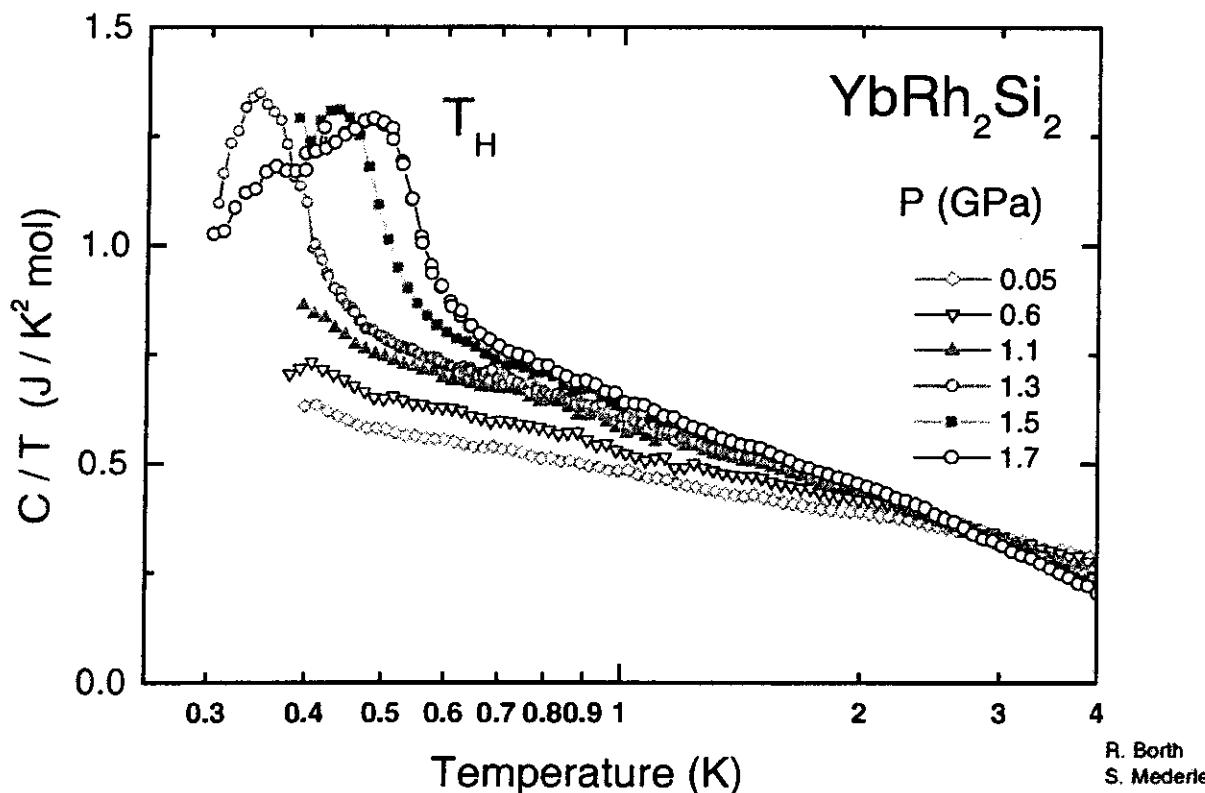
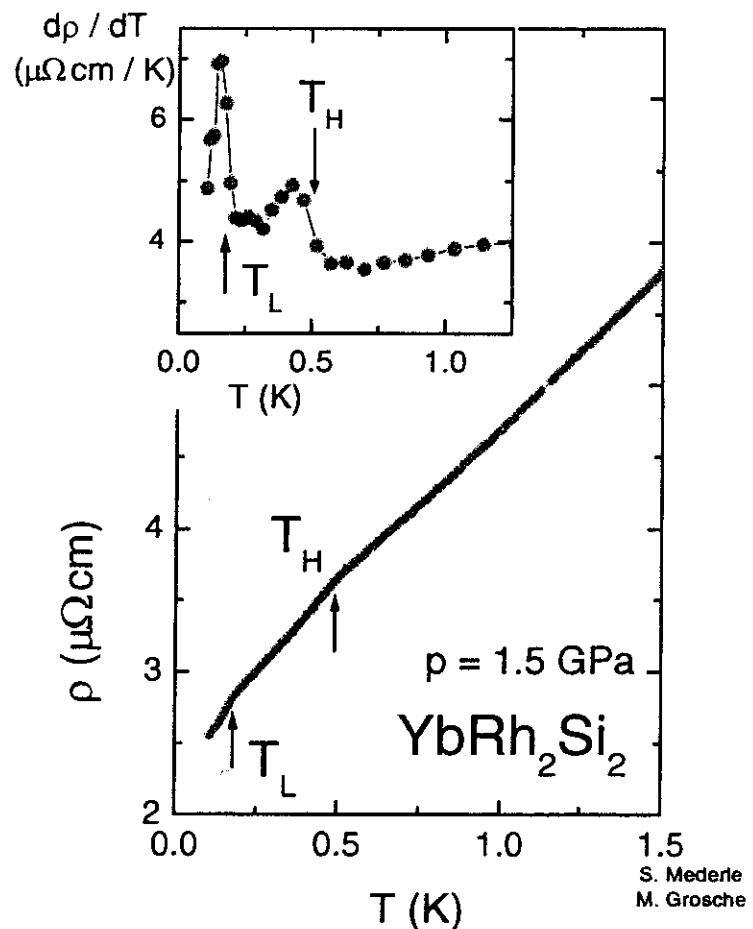
Effect of hydrostatic pressure (B = 0)

Electrical resistivity & Specific heat

- Anomalies in $\rho(T)$ at T_H and T_L
- C/T at T_H
- $T > T_H$:

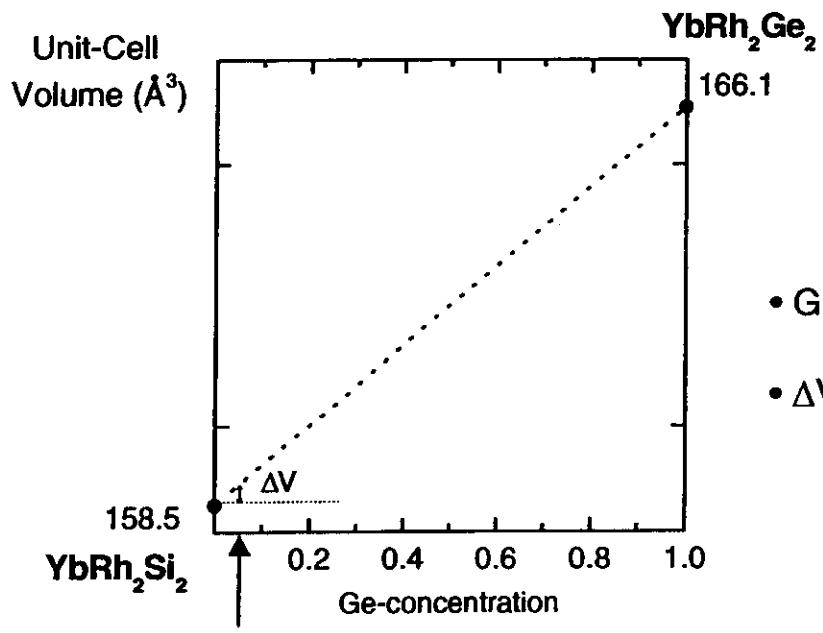
$$\rho(T) \propto T^\epsilon, \epsilon \sim 1$$

$$C/T \propto -\ln(T)$$



Fine-tuning of the QCP in YbRh_2Si_2

Doping with Ge: $\text{YbRh}_2(\text{Si}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x)_2$



- Ge-doping expands the lattice
- $\Delta V \approx 0.3\%$ corresponds to:

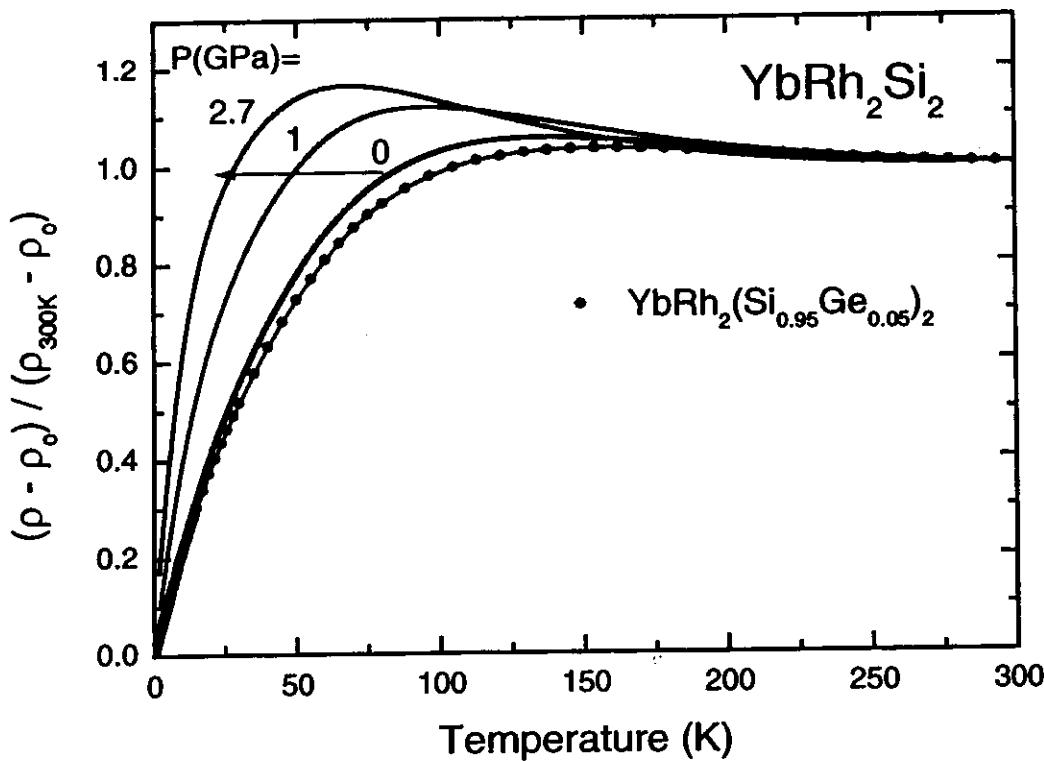
$$X_c = (6 \pm 1) \text{ at.\%-Ge}$$



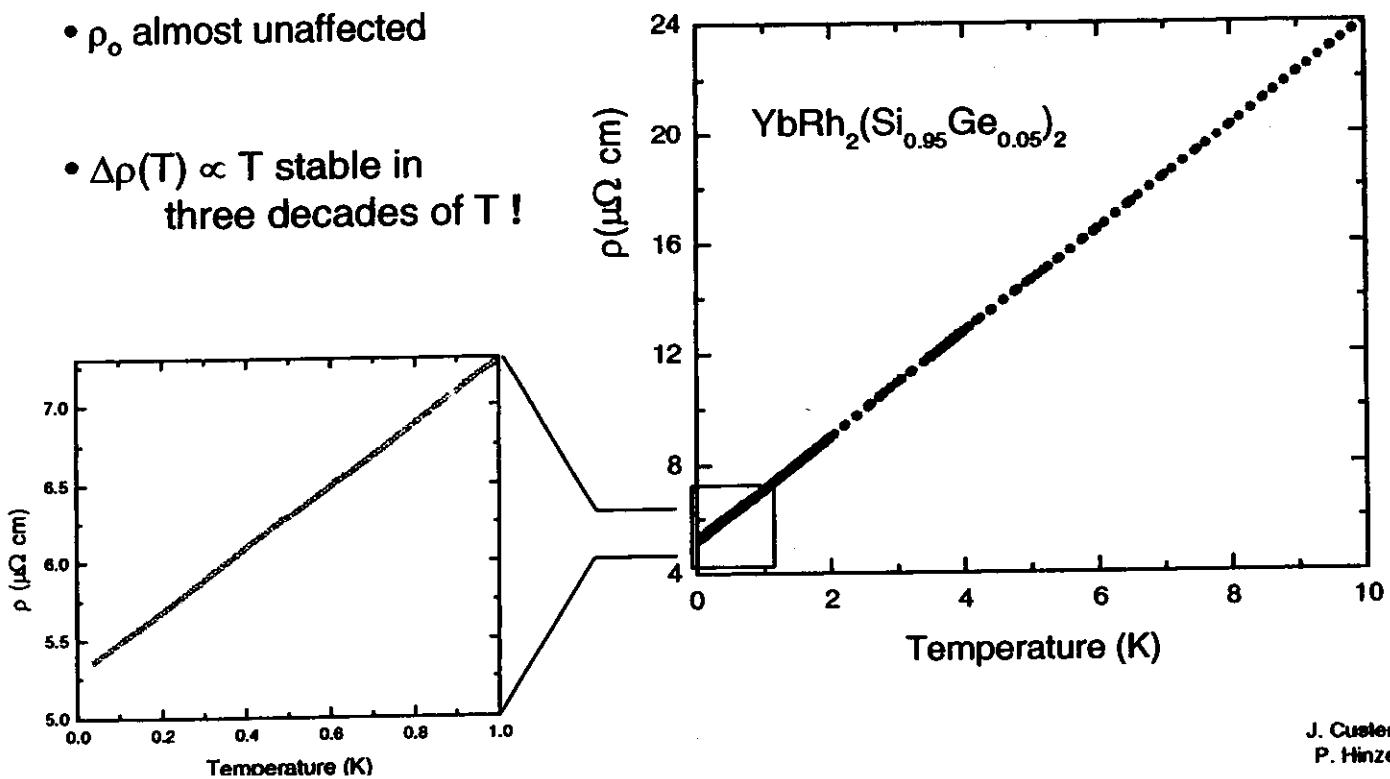
First attempt : $\text{YbRh}_2(\text{Si}_{0.95}\text{Ge}_{0.05})_2$

Hydrostatic pressure vs Ge-doping in YbRh_2Si_2

Electrical resistivity:

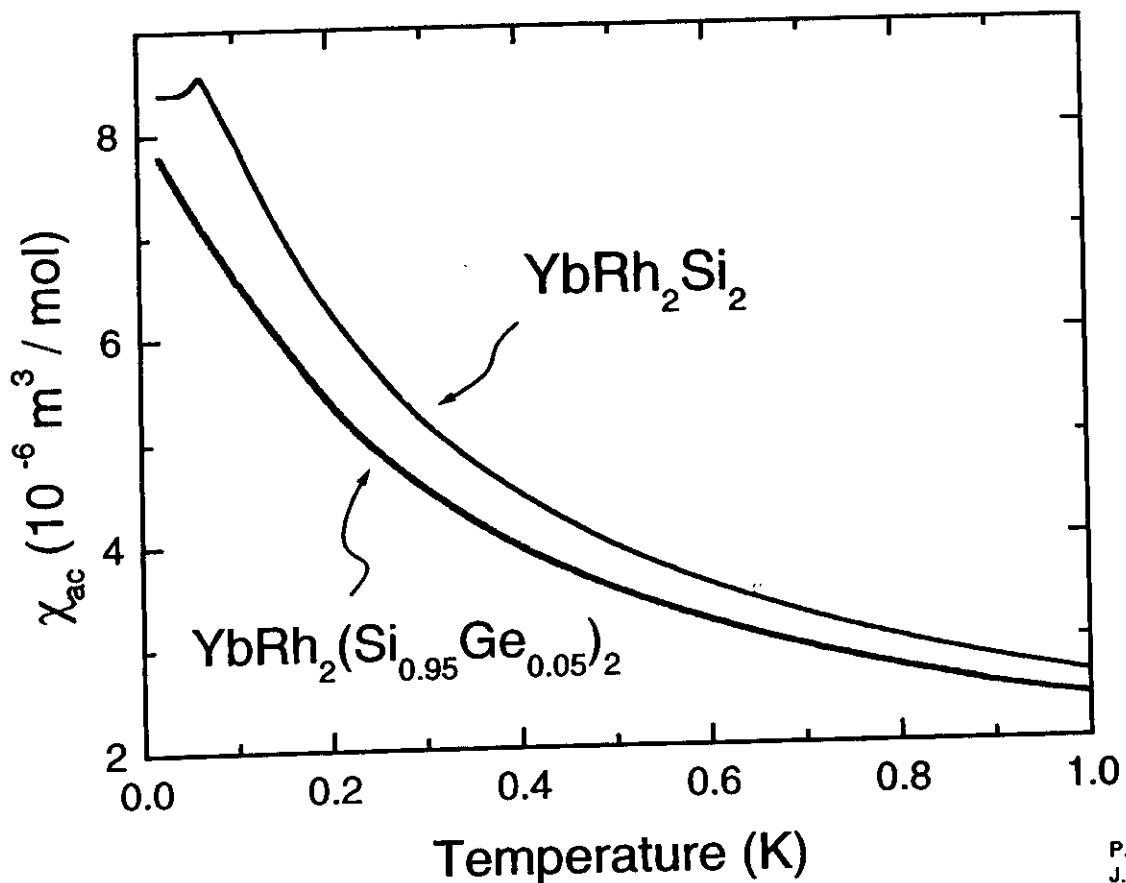


- Ge-doping : opposite effect as pressure
- Characteristic temperature slightly *increases*
- ρ_0 almost unaffected
- $\Delta\rho(T) \propto T$ stable in three decades of T !



Effect of Ge-doping in YbRh_2Si_2

Low-Temperature Magnetic Susceptibility



P. Gegenwart
J. Custers

- No indication of a phase transition down to 10 mK
- No Curie-Weiss type: $\chi(T) = C/(T-\Theta_P)$

YbR₂S₂: Summary

- First **stoichiometric** Yb-based compound showing NFL effects *already* at $p = 0, B = 0$
- $\Delta\rho \propto T$, $\Delta C/T \propto -\ln T$ in a large temperature-range
- Similarities to $\text{CeCu}_{6-x}\text{Au}_x$: quasi-2D magnetic fluctuations?
- Quantum critical behavior in an extended region of the phase diagram

Useful References

- First Reference about YbRh₂Si₂: J.D. Thompson et al., in Thoeretical and Experimental Aspects of Valence Fluctuations and Heavy Fermions, edited by L. C. Gupta and S.K. Malik (Plenum Press, NY, 1987), p. 151.
- About YbRh₂Si₂: O. Trovarelli et al., PRL 85 , 626 (2000), and references therein; Mederle et al. Proceedings SCES 2000, Recife.
- Magnetically mediated superconductivity in heavy fermion compounds. Mathur et al., Nature 394, 39 (1998).
- CeNi₂Ge₂: P. Gegenwart et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 82, 1293 (1999), F. M. Grosche et al., preprint, cond-mat/9812133, S. Koerner et al., J. Low Temp. Phys. 119, 147 (2000), D. Braithwaite et al. J. Phys. Condens. Matter 12, 1339 (2000).
- Recent paper about CeCu₂Si₂: P. Gegenwart et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 81, 1501 (1998).
- CePd₂Si₂: S. Raymond and D. Jaccard, Phys. Rev. B. 61, 8679 (2000) and Nature paper of Mathur et al. (see above)
- CeCu_{6-x}Aux: A. Schroeder et al. to be published H. v. Loehneysen, J. Phys.: Cond. Matter 8, 9689 (1996); O. Stockert et al., PRL 80, 5627 (1998).
- Bulk Modulus of related Yb-based compounds: Winkelmann et al., PRB 60, 3324 (1999).
- Problems with sample preparation: Z. Fisk and M.\,B. Maple, J. Alloys Comp. 183, 303 (1992); P.\,C. Canfield and Z. Fisk, Philos. Mag. B 70, 1117 (1992).
- YbCu_{5-x}Al_x, E. Bauer et al., Phys. Rev. B 60, 1238 (1999).
- Pressure experiments on YbCu₂Si₂, Yb₂Ni₂Al, YbCuAl: See PRL about YbRh₂Si₂.
- CeRu₄Sb₁₂, UBe₁₃: See PRL about YbRh₂Si₂.

