

SMR 1329 - 12

**COLLEGE ON BIOPHYSICS:
FROM MOLECULAR GENETICS TO STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY**

1 - 12 OCTOBER 2001

***MOLECULAR DYNAMICS AND MODELLING:
AN INTRODUCTION***

Paolo CARLONI
S.I.S.S.A.
International School for Advanced Studies
Via Beirut 2-4, Trieste, Italy

These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants.

Biomolecular modeling: an introduction

Molecular Modeling

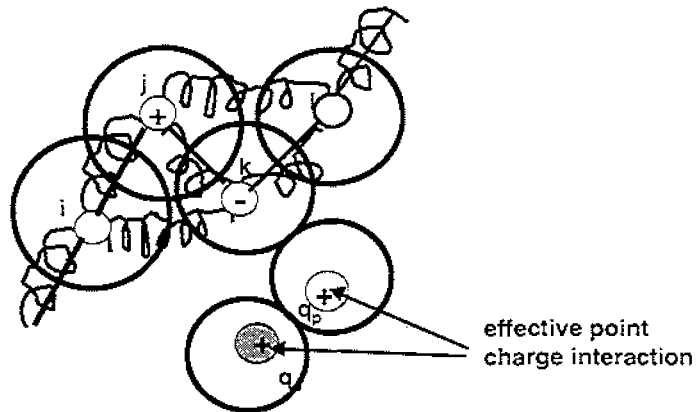
- **Study function**: with different potentials
- Molecular dynamics $F=MA$
- simple/fast: scoring function
(pharmaceutical applications), protein folding
- more accurate/expensive: $H\Psi=E\Psi$
- **Construct molecular models**: Structural Bioinformatics

MD simulations

Atomic motion by integration of Newton eq:

$$\mathbf{F}_i = \mathbf{M}_i \mathbf{A}_i = -\nabla_i E, \quad i=1, \dots, N$$

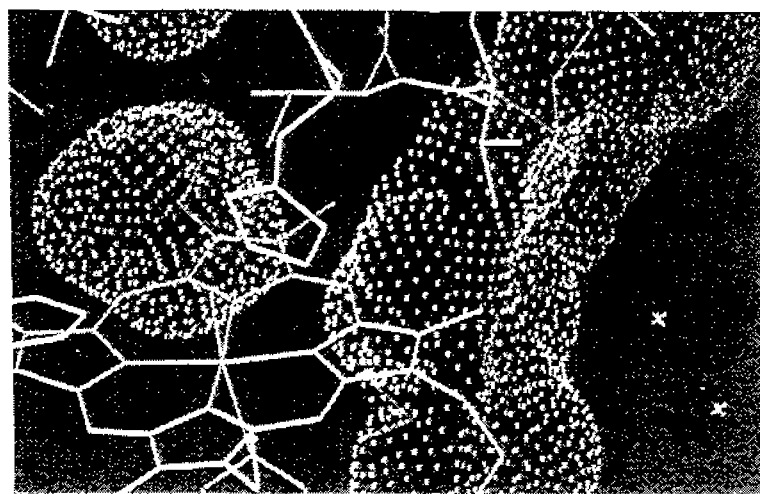
E empirically derived



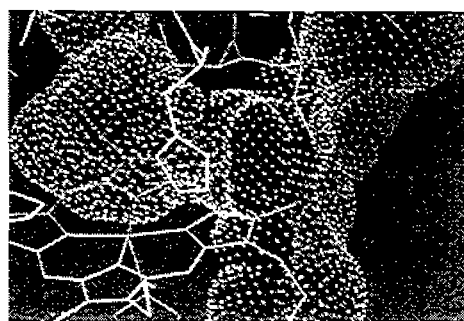
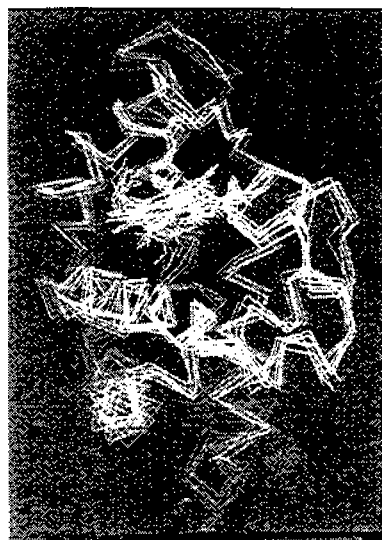
$$E = \sum_b \frac{1}{2} k_b (r_{ij} - b_0)^2 + \sum_\theta \frac{1}{2} k_\theta (\theta_{ijk} - \theta_0)^2 + \sum_o \sum_n k_n [1 + \cos(n\phi_{ijk} - \phi_0)]$$

$$+ \sum_{lm} \frac{q_l q_m}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_{lm}} + \sum_{op} 4\epsilon \left(\left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{op}} \right)^{12} - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{op}} \right)^6 \right) \quad \text{standard biomolecular force field}$$

The beginning of MD in biological systems:
Molecular oxygen in myoglobin



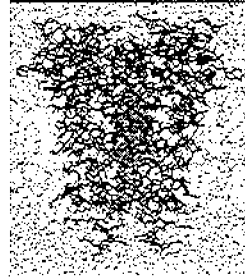
MD conformational fluctuations



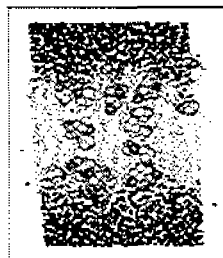
Dimensions of accessible systems



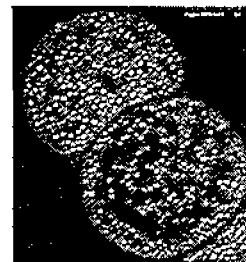
Proteins in water or embedded in membrane
(1000-100000 atoms)



DNA, RNA

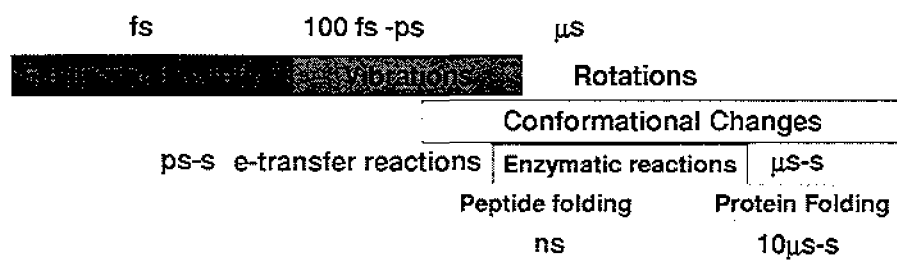


membranes



Cells ??

Accessible Time-scale



Watching a peptide fold:

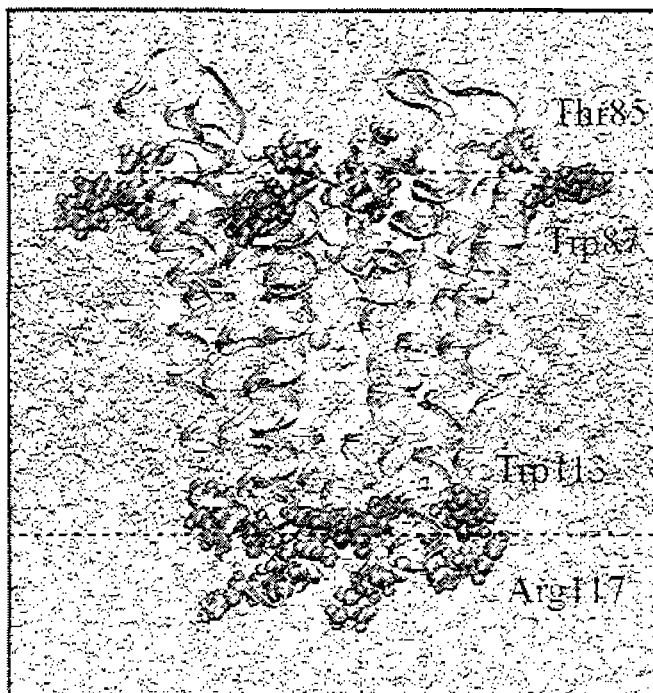
•Kollman et al.:

1 μ s simulation of small protein:
36AS (12'000 atoms)
(256 nodes T3E ~ 3 months)

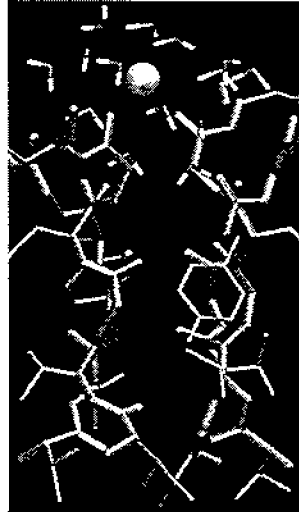


MD of the
Potassium Channel

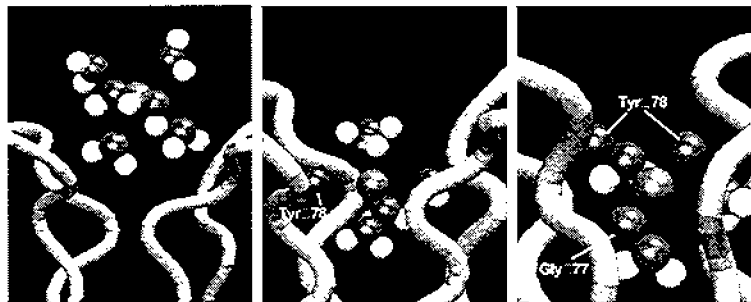
(Guidoni et al.,
Biochemistry 1999)



K⁺ in the Outer Mouth



Na⁺



Hydration may play a role for selectivity —

.....

Techniques with simplified potentials

- **Drug/design**

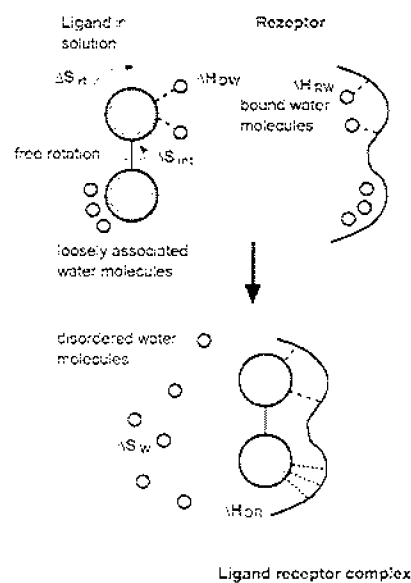
- **Protein Folding**

Drug design

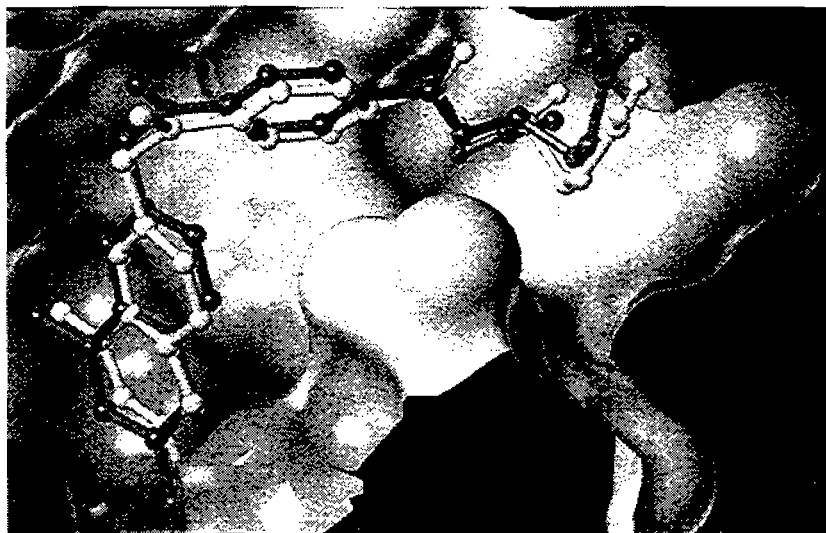
**Scoring Functions
To estimate
Ligand Affinity:**

1- docking

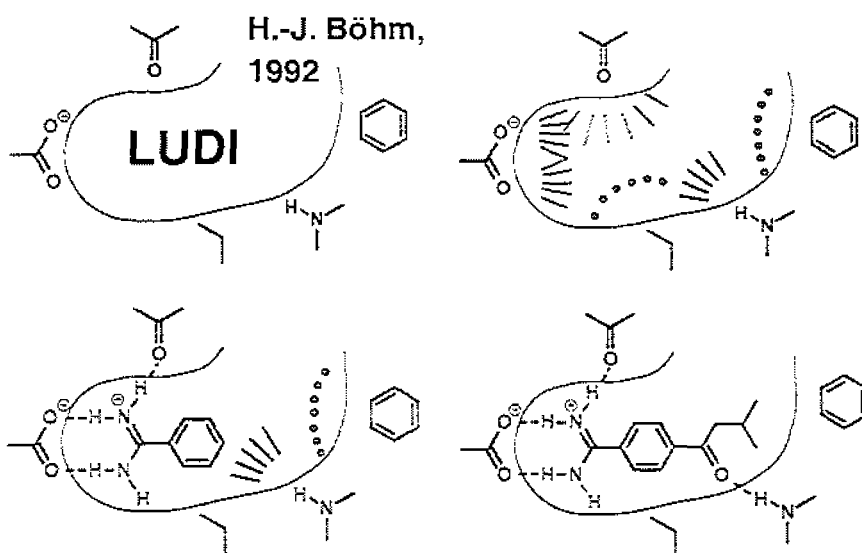
2-screening



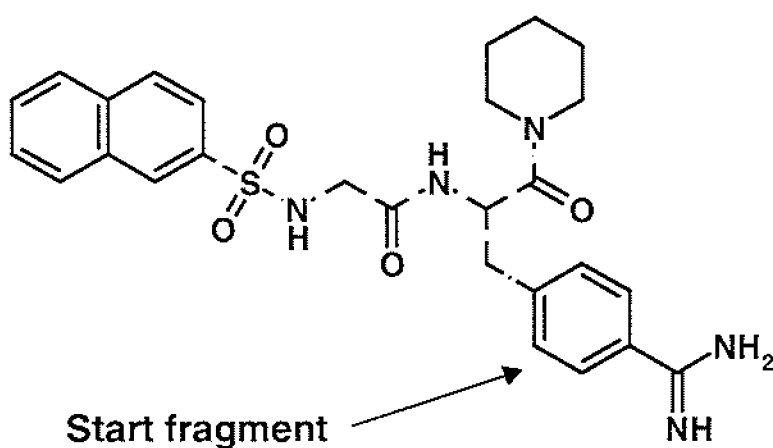
No physical description of ligand/receptor interactions, but accurate docking:
Methotrexate/DHFR binding



2. Drug-Screening: individuate pharmacophore



2. Screening: select molecules from database



Protein Folding



Ab initio Molecular Dynamics

$$\mathbf{F}_i = -\nabla_i E, \quad i=1, \dots, N$$

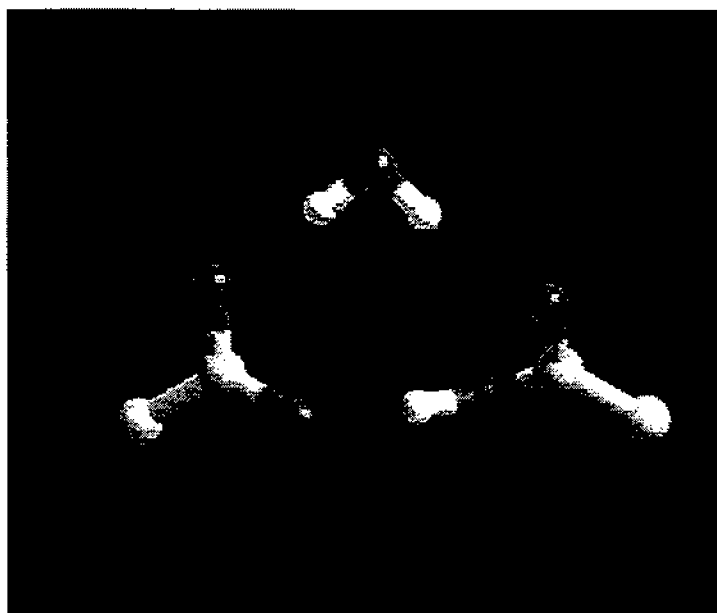
E from first principles:

$$\mathbf{H}\Psi = E\Psi$$

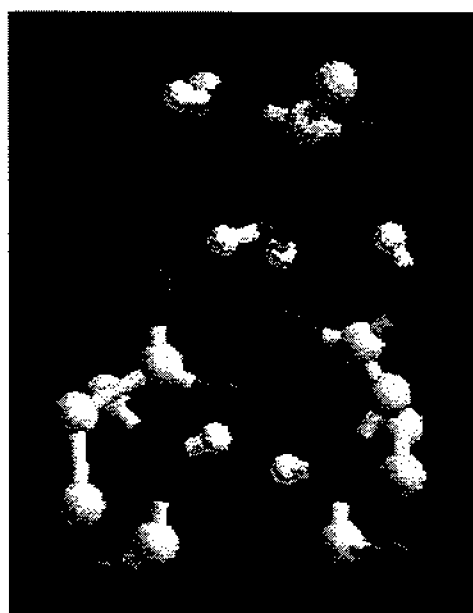
- Parameter Free, Transferability (Water, Metal ions)
- Description of phenomena which depend on electronic structure
- Computational Cost

- Charge Transfer (Xiao et al. J. Mol. Biol. 1998)
- Proton Transfer, Low barrier hydrogen bonds (Frey, Science 1994)
- Polarization effects
- Photoreceptors, Enzyme reaction mechanism
- Spectroscopic Properties (NMR, EPR..)

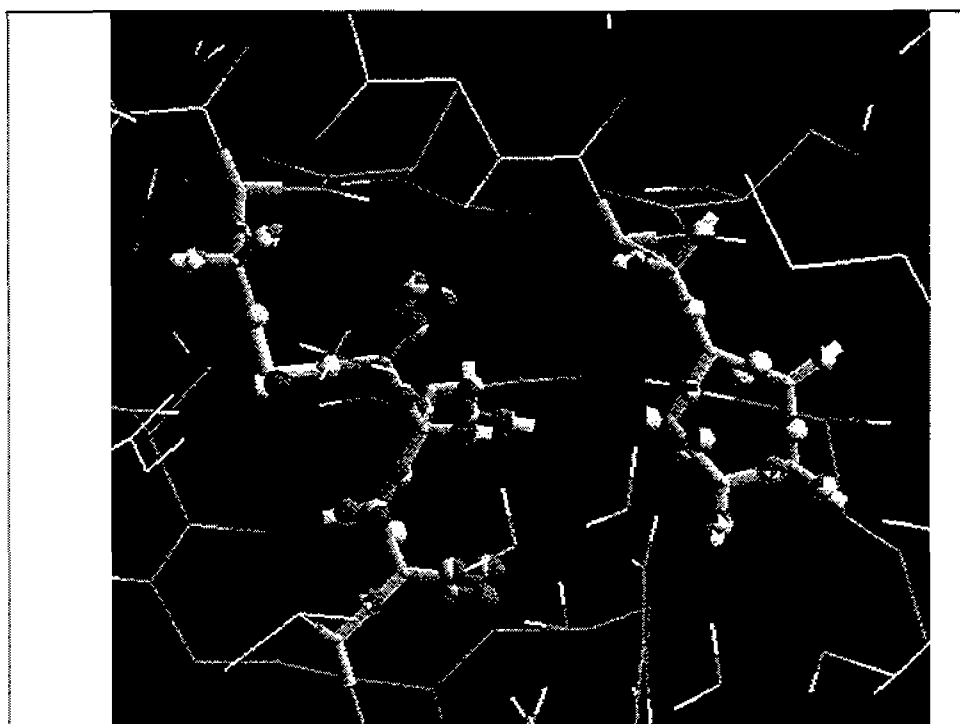
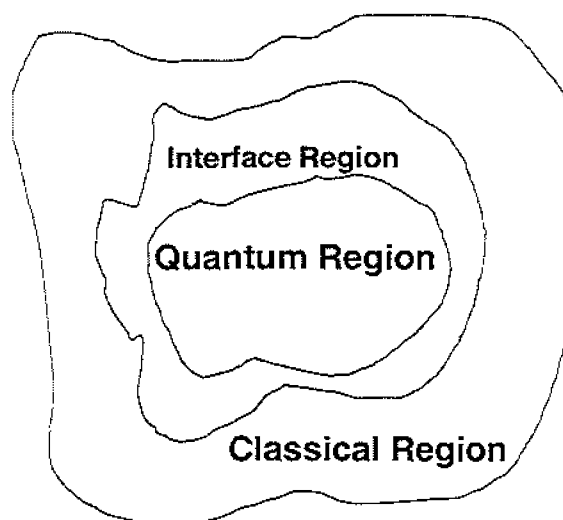
Proton Transfer Processes in HIV-1 protease



Enzymatic Reaction catalyzed by HIV-1 protease



Mixed Quantum-Classical QM/MM- Simulations

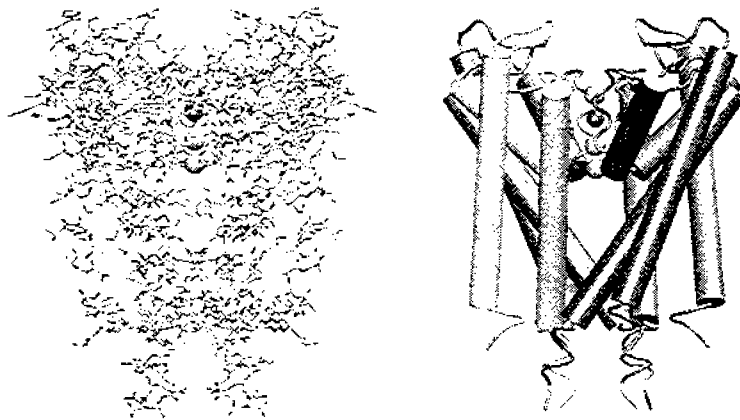


Structural Bioinformatics

- Striking similarities among protein 3D structures
- Construct 3D structures using other protein as template and exploiting structural similarities

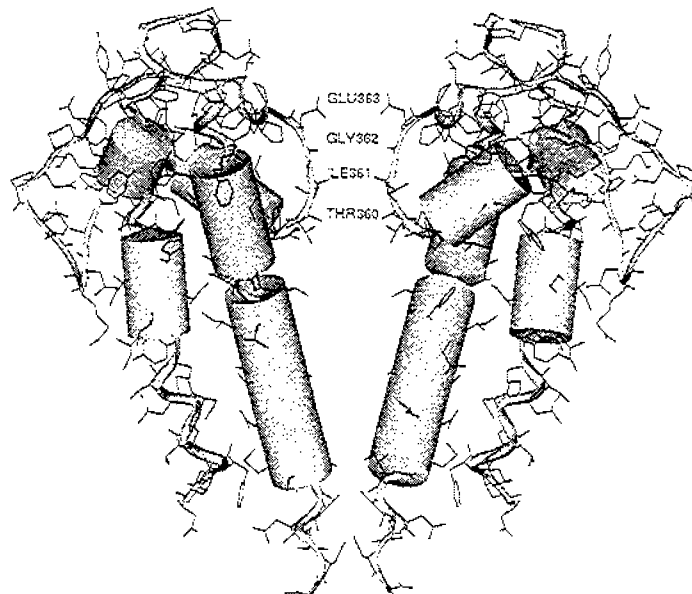
Example: ion channels

The Structure of the K Channel from *Streptomyces lividans*



Doyle et al. Science 1998

Homology modeling-based structure



Outline

- Folding of proteins: M. Cieplak, A. Maritan
- MD, electronic structure: K. Schulten
- MD of ion channels: M. Klein

- Structural Bioinformatics: A. Tramontano

Contact:

- Email: carloni@sissa.it

- web page: www.sissa.it/cm/bc