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INTERNAL REPORT
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International Atomic Energy Agency

and

United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization

INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS

T O P I C A L M E E T I N G

ON LEPTON INTERACTIONS AND NEW PARTICLES

6 - 9 July 1976

P A R T I I

(Contributions)

MIRAMARE - TRIESTE

July 1976

THEORETICAL ANALYSIS OF HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINO SCATTERING

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PROGRAM

- MODELS OF WEAK INTERACTIONS
(FRACTIONALLY CHARGED, CONFINED QUARKS)

- NEUTRAL CURRENT EXPTS.

SIGNATURES FOR CHARM

THE NEW PUZZLES:

$$\langle y \rangle^{\bar{\nu}}$$

$$\sigma^{\bar{\nu}} / \sigma^{\nu}$$

$$G = SU(3)_c \otimes [SU(2) \otimes U(1)]_w$$

ELEMENTARY FERMIONS ← BEFORE THE HEAVY LEPTON

$\bar{p}' \quad \bar{p}' \quad \bar{p}' \quad \nu_\tau$
 $\bar{p} \quad \bar{p} \quad \bar{p} \quad \nu_e$
 $\bar{n} \quad \bar{n} \quad \bar{n} \quad e^-$
 $\lambda \quad \lambda \quad \lambda \quad \mu^-$

WEAK (AND E.M.) CURRENTS
COLOR SINGLET:

$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L$ ALL q_R SINGLETs

QUALITIES:

$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ e^- \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} \nu_\mu \\ \mu^- \end{pmatrix}_L$ e_R, μ_R SINGLETs

- RENORM. - NO ANOMALIES $\sum_Q Q = 2 = -\sum_e Q$

- NO $\Delta S = 1$ NEUTRAL CURRENTS:

GIM: $J^+ = (\bar{p} \quad \bar{p}') C \begin{pmatrix} n \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}$

$J^- = (\bar{n} \quad \bar{\lambda}) C^+ \begin{pmatrix} p \\ p' \end{pmatrix}$

$C = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ -\sin \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow CC^+ = C^+C = 1$

- THE MODEL IS NATURAL

MOST GENERAL C : $2 \times 2 = 4$ PARAMETERS
 BUT $n_Q - 1 = 3$ PHASES ARBITRARY

- LEPTON QUARK SYMMETRY

A NEW LEPTON → { ANOMALIES
 LEPTON-QUARK SYMM. LOST

GENERALIZED GIM (HARARI)

NEW DOUBLETS $(\begin{smallmatrix} L^0 \\ L^- \end{smallmatrix})_L$ $(\begin{smallmatrix} t \\ b \end{smallmatrix})_L$ CHARGE $2/3$
 $(V-A)$ 3 col. $-1/3$

$$J^+ = (\bar{P} \bar{P}' \bar{t}) C \begin{pmatrix} n \\ \lambda \\ b \end{pmatrix} \quad CC^+ = C^+ C = 1$$

NOW C is $3 \times 3 \Rightarrow 3 \times 3 - (6-1) = 4$ PARAM.

[3 MIXING ANGLES AND ONE PHASE]

BUT $\cos^2 \theta_c + \sin^2 \theta_c \stackrel{\text{EXP.}}{\simeq} 1$

THUS: $\begin{pmatrix} P \\ \cos \delta n_c + \sin \delta b \end{pmatrix}_L \Rightarrow \sin^2 \delta \lesssim 1\%$

APPROX.

$$\begin{pmatrix} P \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \begin{pmatrix} P' \\ \cos \alpha \lambda_c + \sin \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -\sin \alpha \lambda_c + \cos \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

(PLUS A PHASE)

- NO ANOMALIES $\sum_Q = 3 = -\sum_P Q$

- NO $\Delta S=1$ NEUTRAL CURRENTS

- LEPTON-QUARK SYMM. $\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ e^- \end{pmatrix}_L \begin{pmatrix} \nu_\mu \\ \mu^- \end{pmatrix}_L \begin{pmatrix} L^0 \\ L^- \end{pmatrix}_L$

- SLIGHTLY LESS NATURAL $\sin^2 \delta \lesssim 1\%$

- POSSIBILITY OF INCLUDING CP VIOL.

VECTORLIKE THEORIES

} GFM
DGG
KTWZ

$$J_\mu^+ = \bar{\Psi} \gamma_\mu [(1-\gamma_5)A + (1+\gamma_5)B] \Psi$$

IF $B=A$ TRIVIAL VECTOR CASE

IF $B=U A U^\dagger$ VECTOR IN ZERO MASS
($U U^\dagger = U^\dagger U = 1$) LIMIT - (PARITY BROKEN)
SPONTANEOUSLY

WITH 4 QUARKS: POSSIBLE BUT FALSE

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L \xleftarrow{V-A} \parallel \xrightarrow{V+A} \begin{pmatrix} p \\ ? \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ ? \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix}_R$$

↑
n OR λ
BOTH FALSE

WITH 6 QUARKS: EXAMPLE (SMALL MIXINGS
 $\lesssim \theta_c$ NEGLECTED)

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L \xleftarrow{V-A} \parallel \xrightarrow{V+A} \begin{pmatrix} p \\ b \\ = \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ n \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix}_R$$

EXP. SIGNATURE: THE NEUTRAL
CURRENT IS PURE VECTOR

- NO ANOMALIES
- NO $\Delta S=1$ NEUTRAL CURRENTS
- CP VIOLATION CAN BE INCLUDED
- SOMEWHAT UNNATURAL { MANY SMALL ANGLES
 $p' \rightarrow \lambda$ ACCIDENTAL

MODELS A LA BARNETT

OLD QUARKS $\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}$ NEW QUARKS $\begin{pmatrix} p' \\ b \\ b' \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 2/3 \\ -1/3 \\ -1/3 \end{matrix}$

WEAK CURRENT:

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L \xrightarrow{\text{V-A}} \begin{pmatrix} p \\ b(\eta) \end{pmatrix}_R \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ (\cos \lambda + \sin \lambda \eta) b' \end{pmatrix}_R$$

NOT NATURAL:

$$J = (\bar{p} \bar{p}') C \begin{pmatrix} n \\ \lambda \\ b \\ b' \end{pmatrix} \quad C \text{ IS NOW } 2 \times 4$$

THUS $CC^\dagger = 1$ BUT IN GENERAL $C^\dagger C$ NOT DIAGONAL.

GIM CANCELLATION IMPOSED BY HAND

$p' \rightarrow \lambda$ IMPOSED BY HAND

GURSEY - SIKIVIE

ACHIMAN - KOLLER - WALSH

OLD MODEL

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L$$

BARNETT

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ b \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \cos \alpha \lambda + \sin \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_R$$

PURE V-A

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \cos \alpha \lambda + \sin \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -\sin \alpha \lambda + \cos \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

VECTORLIKE

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ n_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} p \\ b \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}_R \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ n \end{pmatrix}_R$$

OTHERS

?

NEW RESULTS ON NEUTRAL CURRENTS

INCREASING EVIDENCE AGAINST PURE VECTOR
(OR PURE AXIAL) NEUTRAL CURRENT

[VECTORLIKE MODELS IN TROUBLE]

- INCLUSIVE $\nu (\bar{\nu})$ NEUTRAL CURRENT CROSS SECTIONS
- ELASTIC $\nu (\bar{\nu}) - P$ SCATTERING
- PARITY VIOLATIONS IN ATOMS (?)

CONCLUSION

NEUTRAL CURRENTS O.K. FOR :

- 1) STANDARD WEINBERG-SALAM
(ONLY V-A CHARGED WEAK CURRENTS)

$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.3 \div 0.4$$

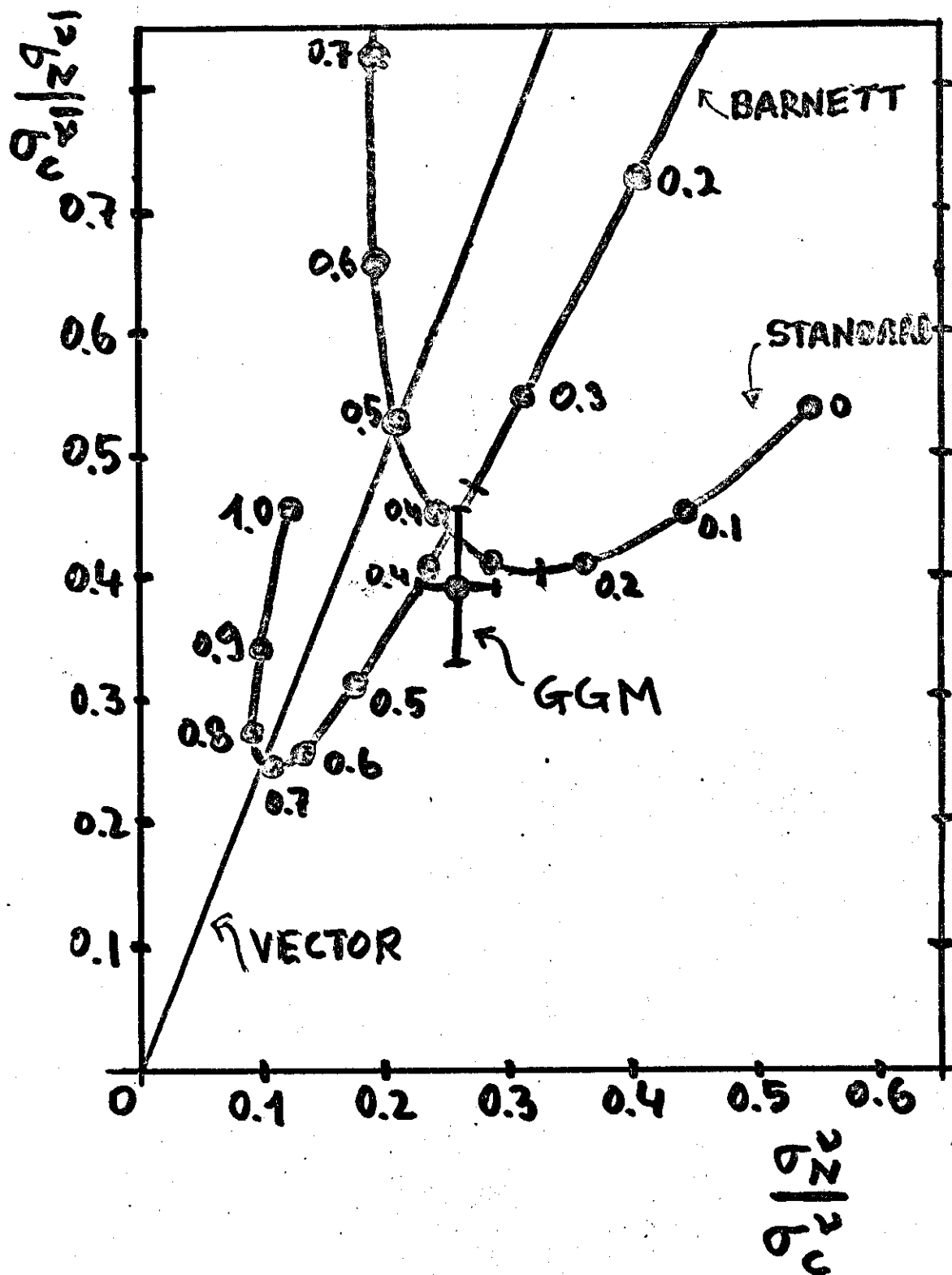
- 2) MODELS À LA BARNETT

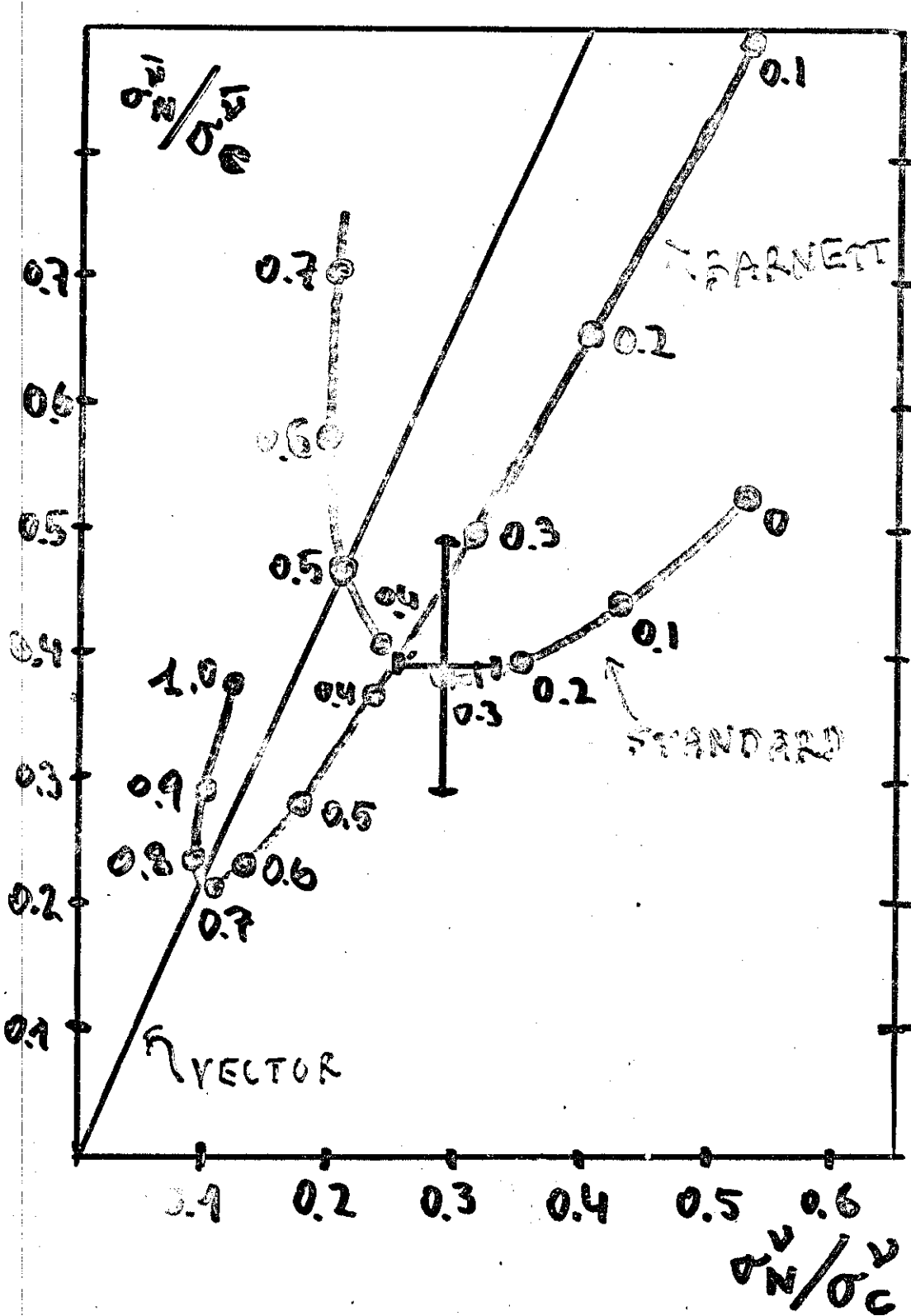
$$\sin^2 \theta_W \approx 0.4$$

ATOMIC PHYSICS MAY DECIDE THE ISSUE
PURE VECTOR (PURE AXIAL) NEUTRAL C. EXCLUDED

IN WEINBERG-SALAM: NEUTRAL CURRENT

$$Z_\mu \approx \bar{\Psi} \gamma_\mu \left[\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{WEAK ISOSPIN} \\ \text{(LEFT)}}}{(1-\gamma_5)} C_3^L + (1+\gamma_5) C_3^R - 2 \sin^2 \theta_W \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{CHARGE}}}{Q} \right] \Psi$$

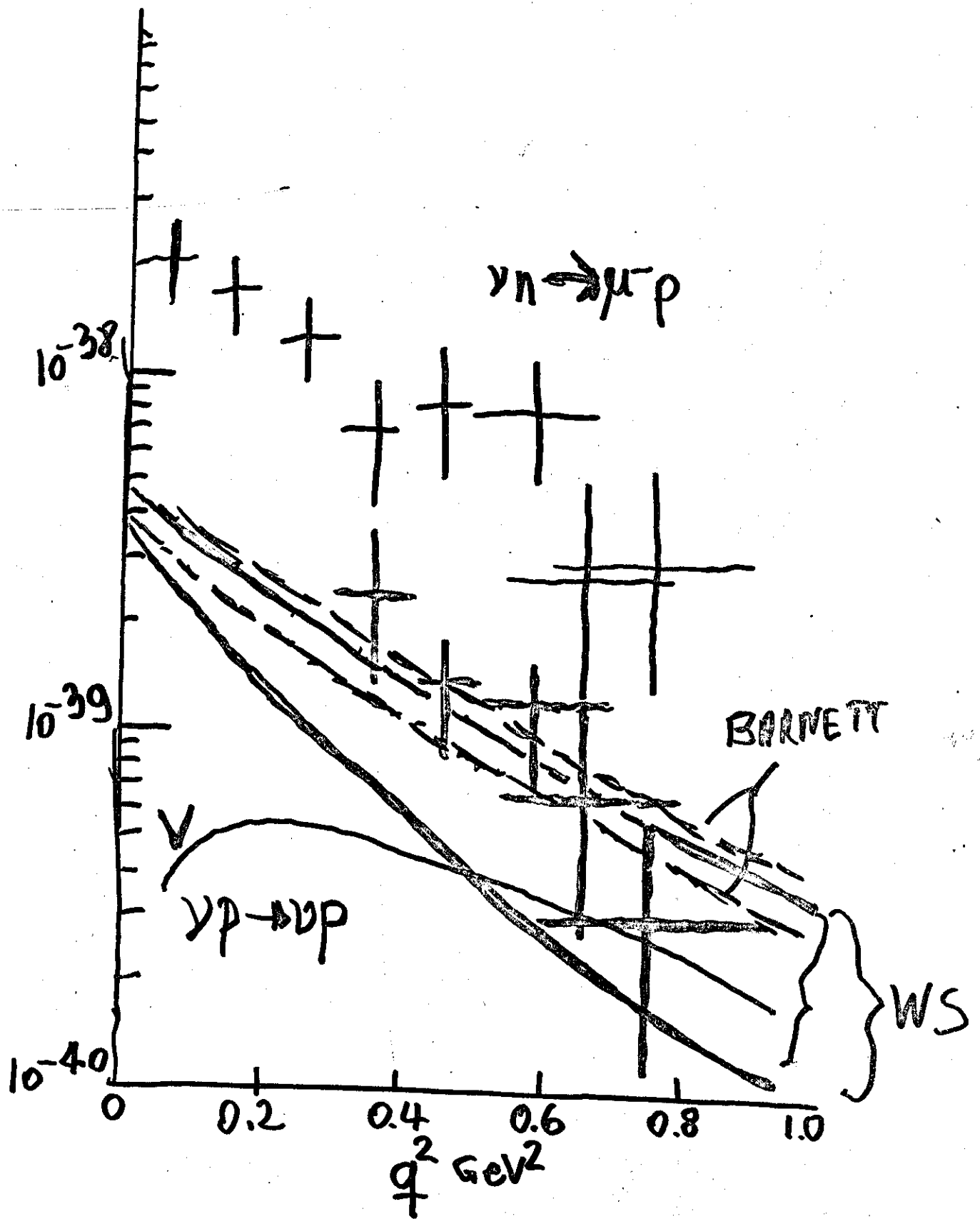




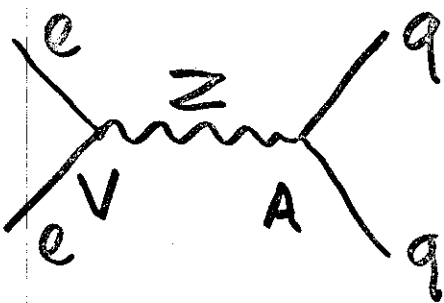
CERN
 $R_{\nu} = 0.26 \pm 0.04$
 $R_{\bar{\nu}} = 0.39 \pm 0.06$

HPWF
 $R_{\nu} = 0.29 \pm 0.06$
 $R_{\bar{\nu}} = 0.39 \pm 0.10$

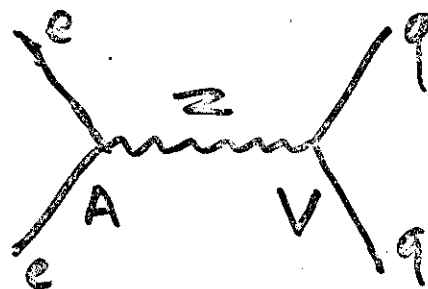
CALTECH
 $R_{\nu} = 0.25 \pm 0.04$
 $R_{\bar{\nu}} = 0.36 \pm 0.11$



PARITY VIOLATION IN ATOMS



SMALL



LARGE

~ SPIN OF NUCLEUS

QUARK CONTRIBUTIONS
ADDITIVE

$$\rightarrow \sim e_{AC} [u_{VC} (2Z+N) + d_{VC} (2N+Z)]$$

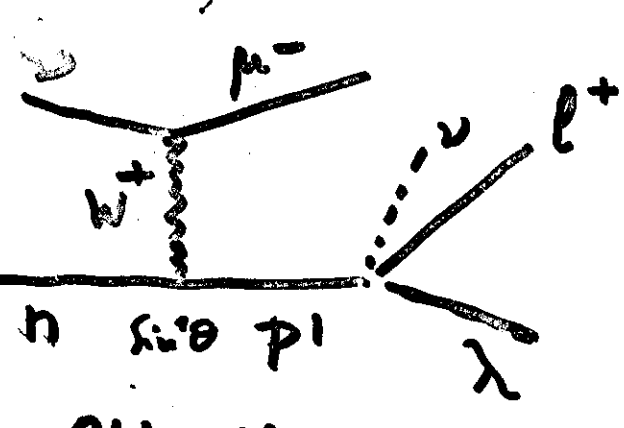
ELECTRON
AXIAL COUPLING

VECTOR
COUPLING OF UP
AND DOWN QUARKS

(JARLSKOG-BERNABEN)

SIGNATURES FOR CHARM (CHARGED C.)

a) DILEPTONS



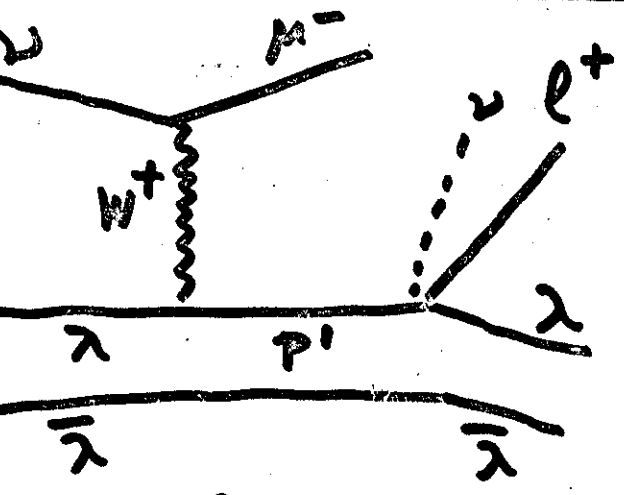
$\nu N \rightarrow \mu^- \ell^+ \nu + (1 \text{ STRANGE PARTICLES})$

TYPICALLY:

$\nu N \rightarrow \mu^- B_c + \dots$

$\hookrightarrow \ell^+ \nu \left\{ \begin{array}{l} N \bar{K} \pi's \\ \Sigma, \Lambda \pi's \end{array} \right.$

ALL X



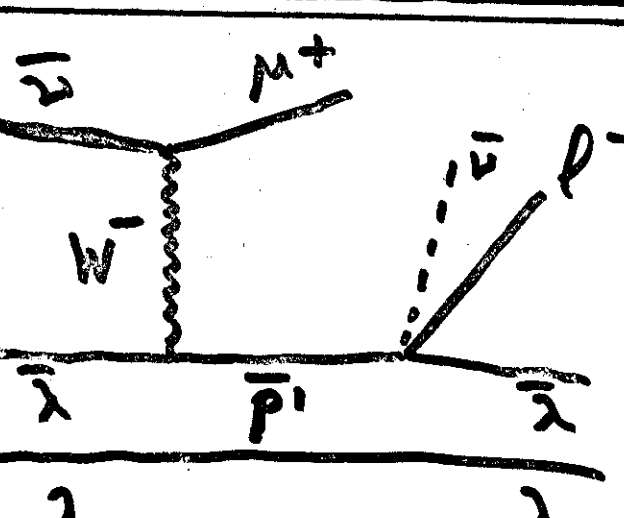
$\nu N \rightarrow \mu^- \ell^+ \nu + (2 \text{ STRANGE PARTICLES})$

TYPICALLY:

$\nu N \rightarrow \mu^- B_c K + \dots$

$\hookrightarrow \ell^+ \nu \left\{ \begin{array}{l} N \bar{K} \pi's \\ \Sigma, \Lambda \pi's \end{array} \right.$

SMALL X



$\bar{\nu} N \rightarrow \mu^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu} + (2 \text{ STRANGE PARTICLES})$

TYPICALLY:

$\bar{\nu} N \rightarrow \mu^+ M_c \bar{K} + \dots$

$\hookrightarrow K \pi's$

SMALL X

SEVERAL DILEPTONS
WITH ASSOCIATED STRANGE
PARTICLES OBSERVED
IN BUBBLE CHAM. (CERN, FNAL)

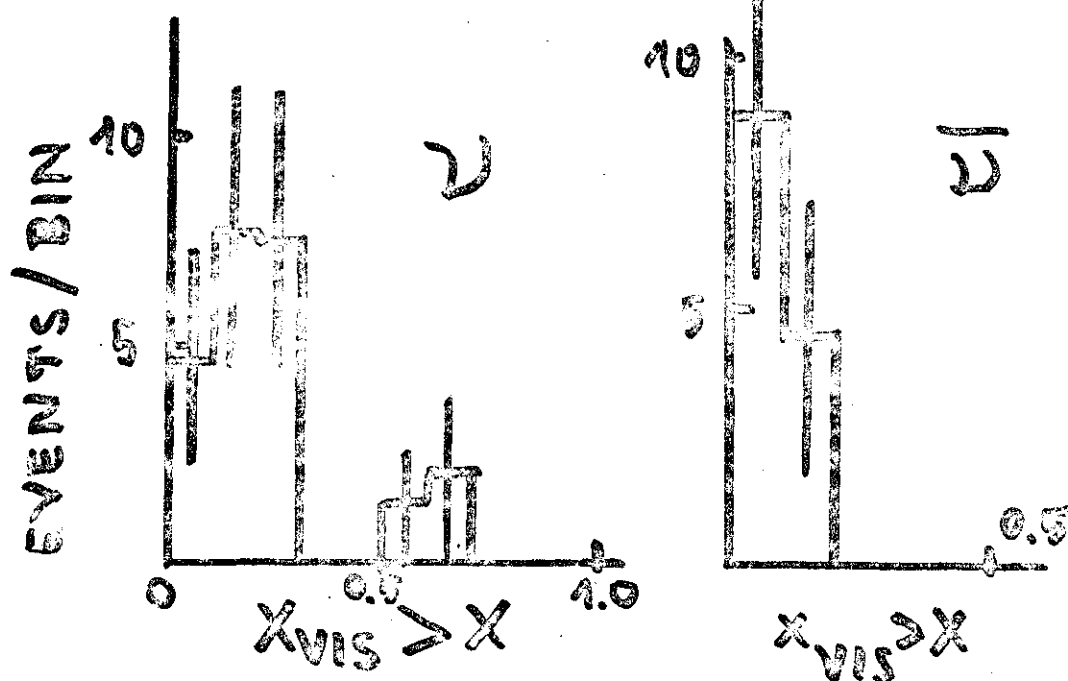
RATES OF DILEPTONS: (HPWF)

$$\nu: \frac{R(\mu^-\mu^+)}{R(\mu^-)} = \left(\frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma}\right)_\nu B(c \rightarrow \mu^+\dots)_{\text{AVE}} = 0.3\% \quad \text{EXP}$$

$10 \div 15\% \quad 5 \div 10\%$

$$\bar{\nu}: \frac{R(\mu^+\mu^-)}{R(\mu^+)} = \left(\frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma}\right)_{\bar{\nu}} B(c \rightarrow \mu^-\dots)_{\text{AVE}} \approx 2\% \quad \text{EXP}$$

$20 \div 25\% \quad 7 \div 10\%$



BUBBLE CHAMBER (FINAL)

$$\langle N_{K0} \rangle \sim 2 \pm 0.8 \quad (\text{FOR } \mu^-e^+ \text{ EVENTS})$$

$$[\text{NON } \mu e \text{ EVENTS } \langle K_S(\pi^+\pi^-) \rangle = 4.7 \cdot 10^{-2}]$$

$$B(c \rightarrow e+\dots) \sim 10 \div 20\%$$

TRIMUONS OF EQUAL CHARGES

HPWF: $\frac{R(\mu^-\mu^-)}{R(\mu^-\mu^+)} \sim \frac{1}{10}$ [ALSO OBSERVED $\mu^+\mu^+$]

MOST LIKELY:

$C\bar{C}$ PRODUCTION (IN $\Delta C=0$ TRANSITIONS)

NEEDED $\frac{\sigma(C\bar{C})}{\sigma_{TOT}} \sim \frac{1}{100}$

COMPARISON: V^0 PRODUCTION (CORRECTED INCLUDING $K_S, K_L, \Lambda^0, \Sigma^0$; EXCLUDING $K^+, K^-, \Sigma^+, \Sigma^-$):

$$\frac{\sigma(V^0 + \dots)}{\sigma_{TOT}} = 0.16 \pm 0.03$$

(FINAL BUBBLE CH.)

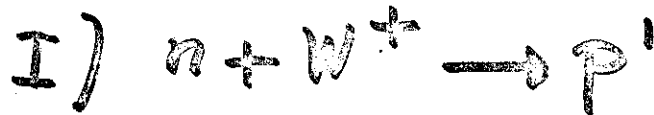
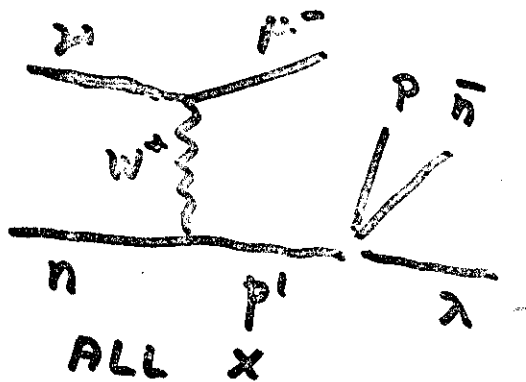
THUS PROBABLY:

$$\frac{\sigma(S\bar{S})}{\sigma_{TOT}} \gtrsim \frac{1}{10}$$

TRIMUONS PREDICTED ($\mu^-\mu^-\mu^+$ in V)

$$\frac{R(3\mu)}{R(\mu\mu)} \sim \frac{1}{10}$$

b) $\Delta S = -\Delta Q$ EVENTS IN ν :



INITIAL

Q

$C = 0$

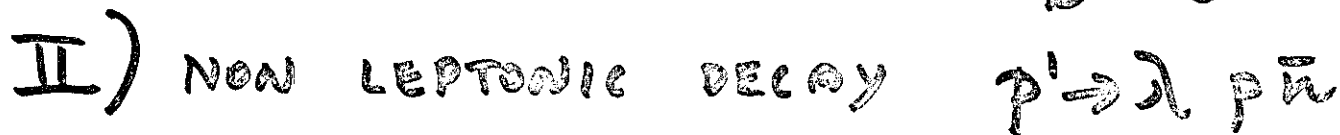
$S = 0$

INTERMEDIATE

$Q+1$

$C = +1$

$S = 0$



INTERMEDIATE

$Q+1$

$C = +1$

$S = 0$

FINAL

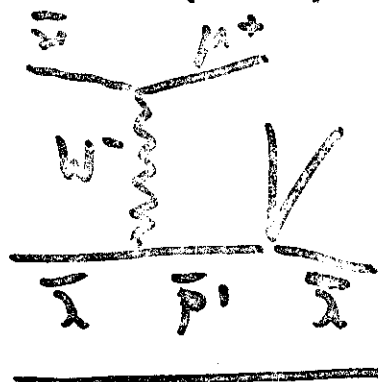
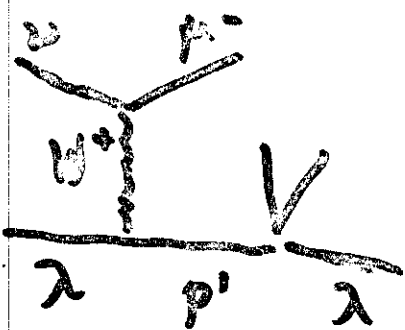
$Q+1$

$C = 0$

$S = -1$

TOTAL : $\Delta C = 0$; $\Delta S = -\Delta Q$

[NOT IN $\bar{\nu}$ OR IN ν AT SMALL x]



DIFFICULT TO
OBSERVE.

1 EVENT FINAL
 $\nu p \rightarrow \mu^+ \Lambda \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+$

AT FINAL

$E_\nu > 40 \text{ GeV}$

$\frac{N(\Delta S = -\Delta Q)}{N_{\text{TOT}}(\text{ch. cur})}$

$\approx 3.6\%$

NOT VERY

IMPRESSIVE

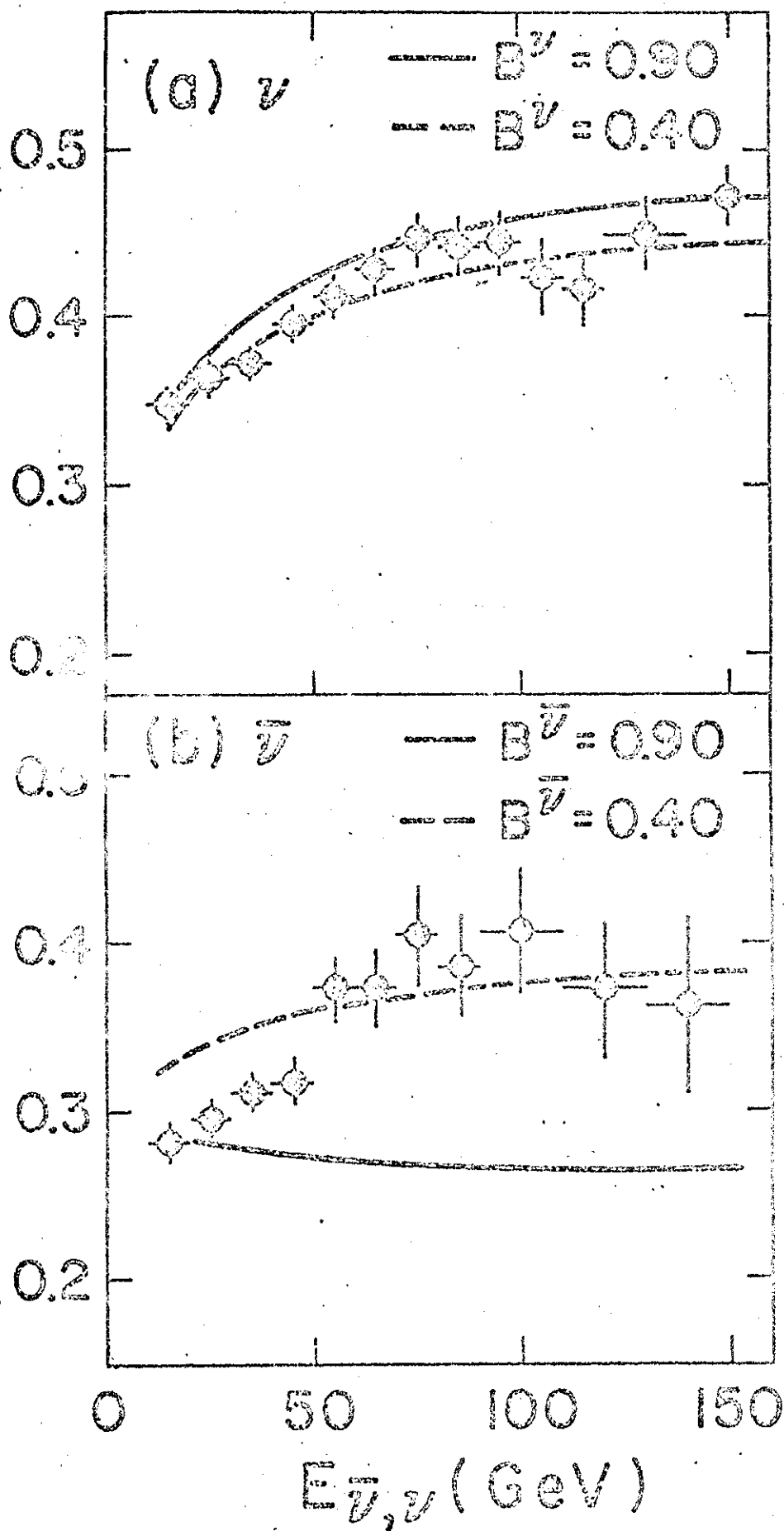
SERIOUS PROBLEMS FOR SCALING 4 FLAVOR PARTON MODEL:

- y DISTR. IN $\bar{\nu}$; $\langle y \rangle^{\bar{\nu}}$ $y = \frac{E_h}{E_\nu}$
- $\sigma^{\bar{\nu}} / \sigma^{\nu}$

POSSIBLE EXPLANATIONS:

- NEW HEAVY QUARKS ($M \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$) WITH
V+A COUPLINGS (BARNETT,.....)
- NO V+A COUPLINGS - BREAKING
OF SCALING FROM ASYMPTOTIC
FREEDOM (G.A., G. PARISI, R. PETRONZIO)
- BOTH
- COLOUR EXCITATION (PATI-SALAM)

AVERAGE γ FOR ALL $x < 0.6$



$$\gamma = \frac{E_h}{E_\nu}$$

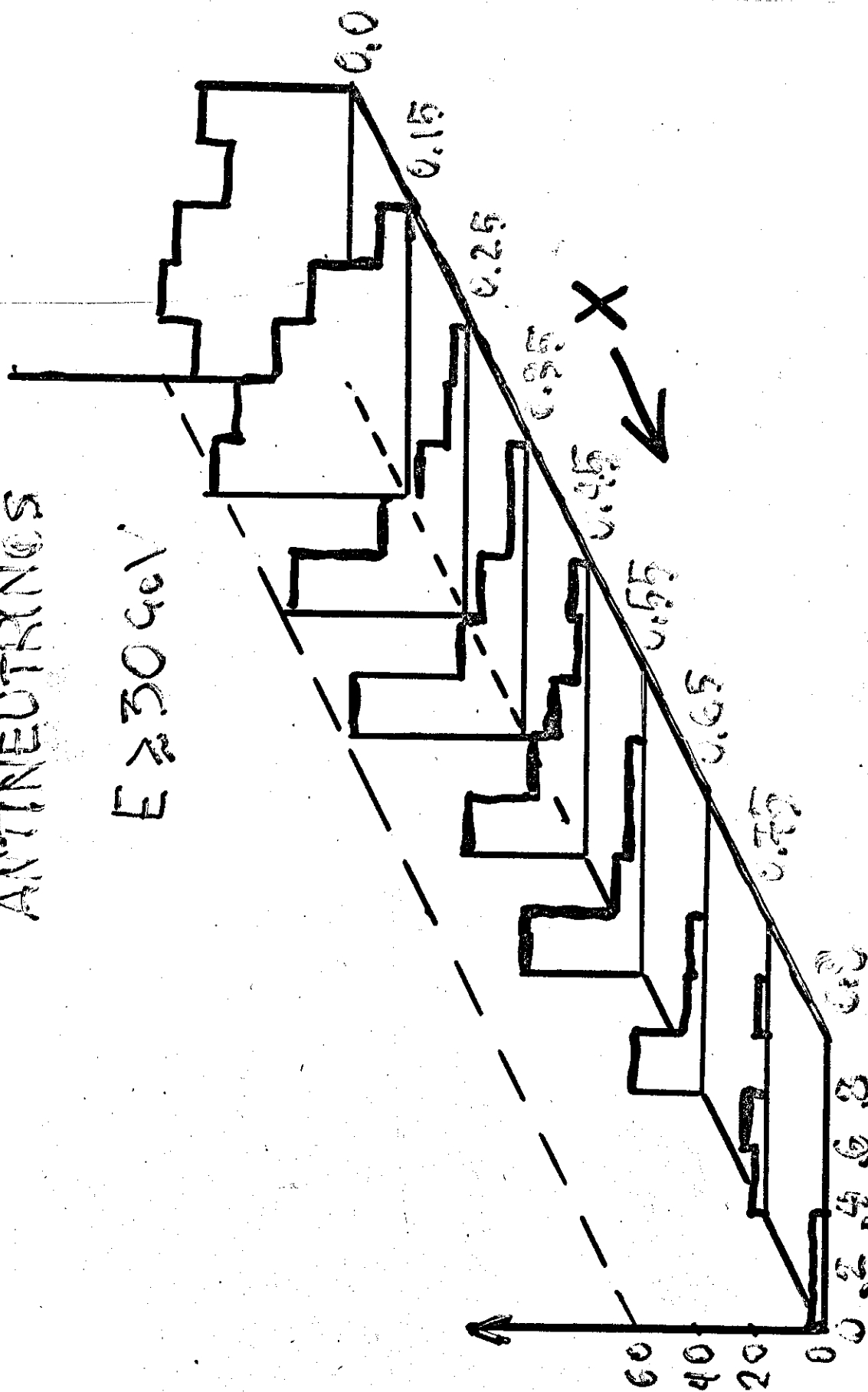
0.390

0.284

Fig. 4

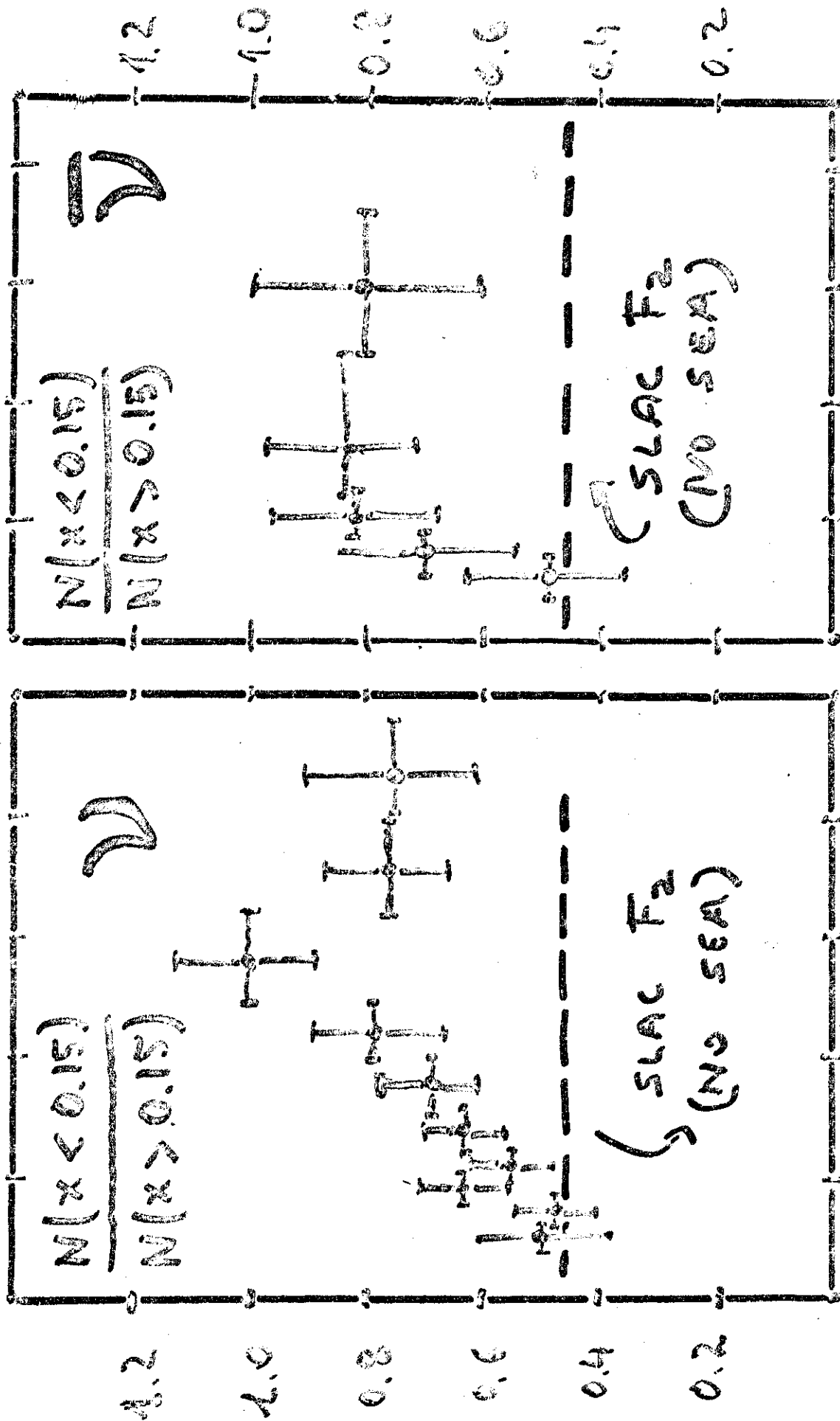
ANTINEUTRINOS

$E \approx 30 \text{ GeV}$

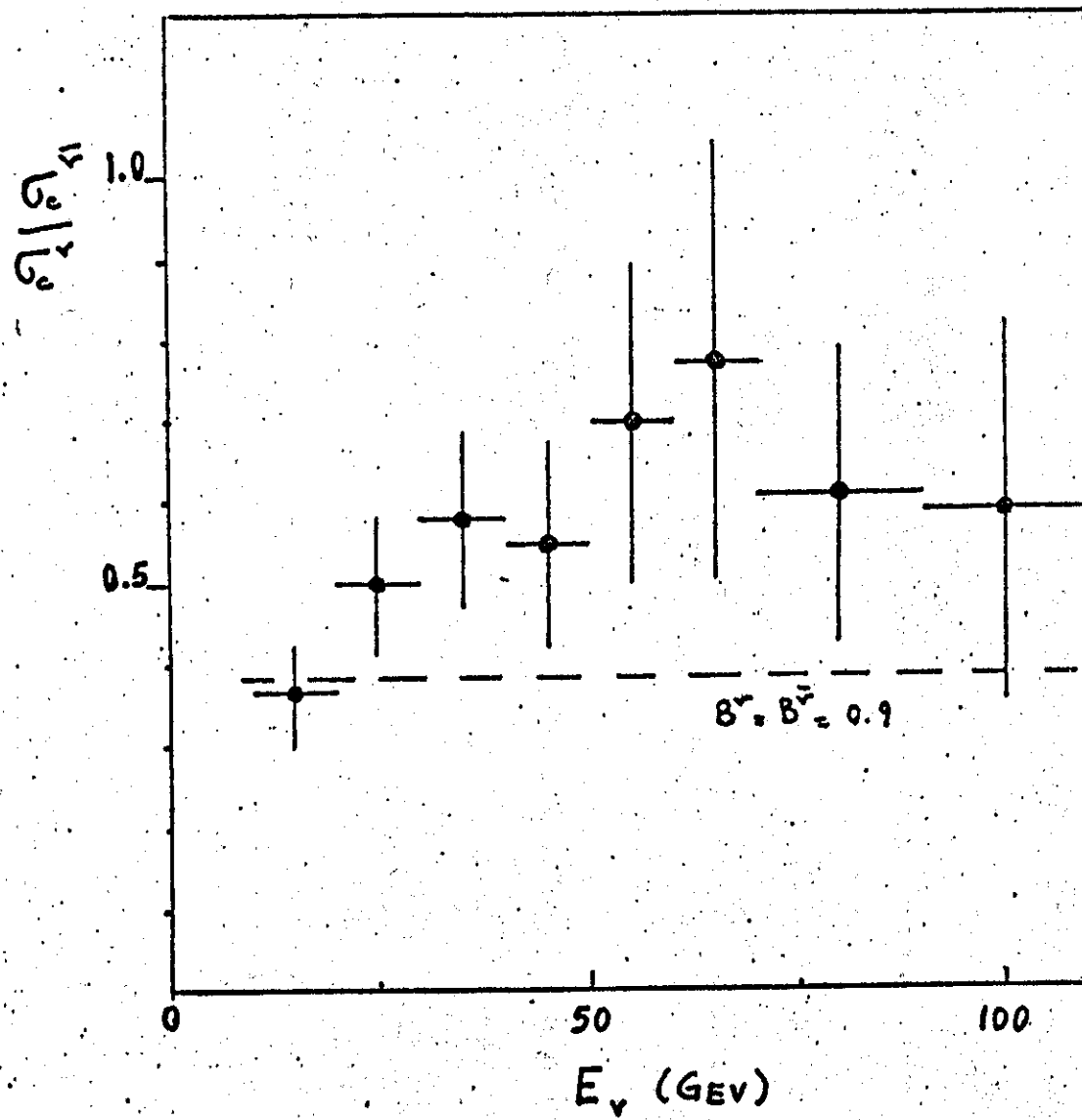


$\gamma \rightarrow$

DATA FROM HPWF

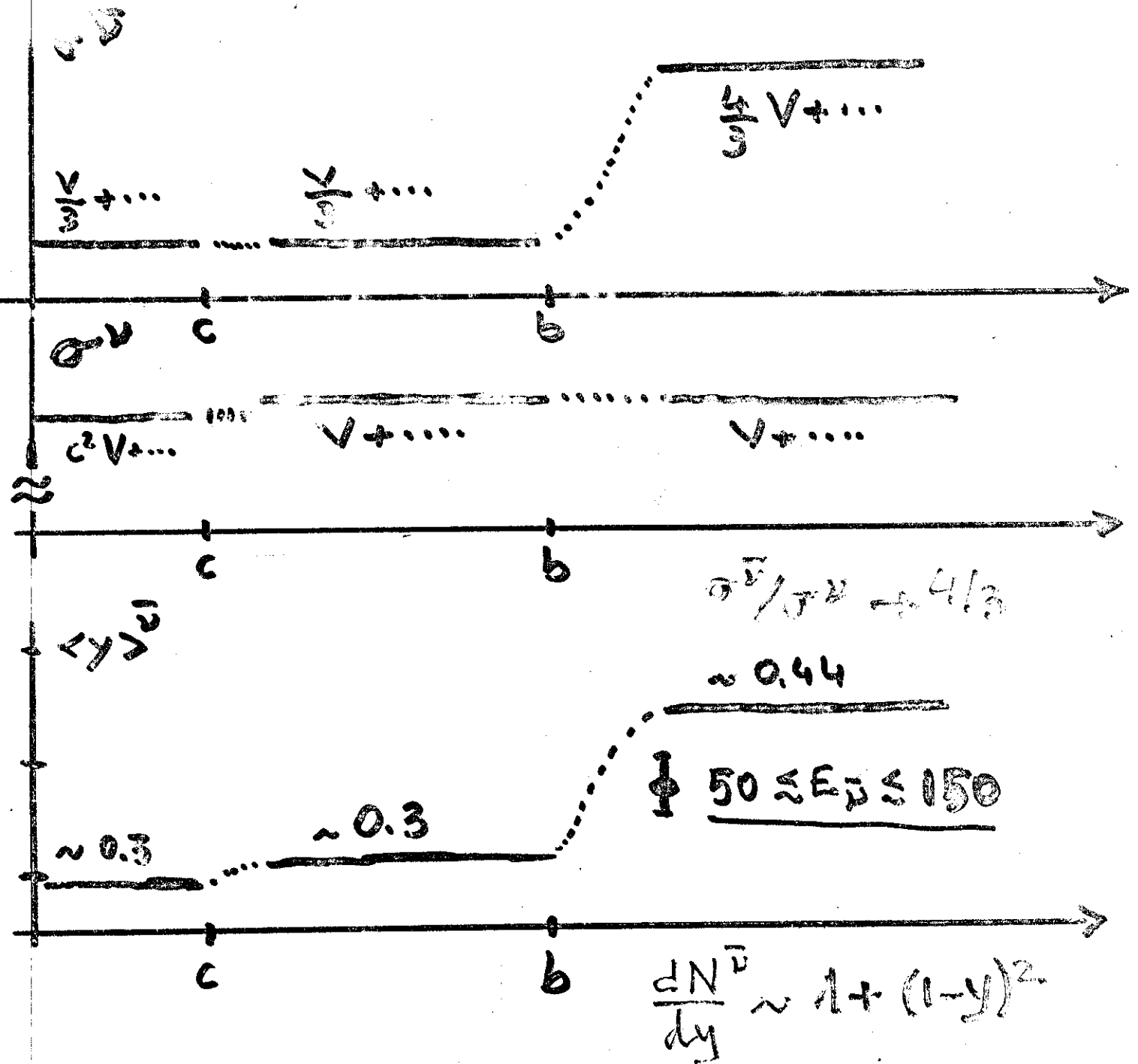


FLUX INDEPENDENT METHOD (ALL DATA)



IF $\begin{pmatrix} p \\ b \end{pmatrix}_R$ EXISTS:

ν : $\bar{p} + W^+ \rightarrow \bar{b}$ ~ SEA SMALL
 $\bar{\nu}$: $p + W^- \rightarrow b$ ~ VALENCE VERY LARGE
 [WELL ABOVE b THRESHOLD]



REQUIREMENTS:

- JUSTIFY THE VERY SLOW ONSETTING OF b THRESHOLD

$$[m_b \sim 5 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \psi_{b\bar{b}} \sim 8-10 \text{ GeV}] \text{ outside SPEAR}$$

- EXPLAIN CONCENTRATION OF EVENTS AT SMALL x .

[FOR EXAMPLE: IF $p \rightarrow b$ IMPORTANT IN $\bar{v}$, x DISTRIB. OF VALENCE SHOULD APPEAR IN PINNONS ETC.]

PROPOSED SOLUTION: { BARNETT
GEORGI-PULITZER
MODIFIED SCALING VARIABLE

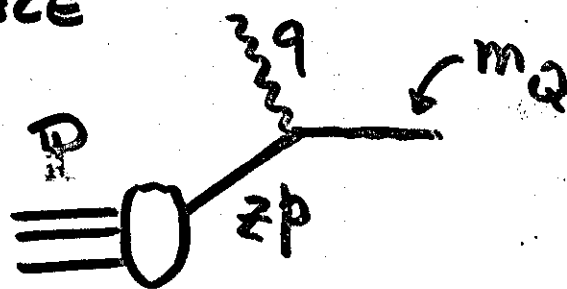
$$(zP+q)^2 = m_Q^2$$

$$\hookrightarrow \approx -Q^2 + 2M\nu z = m_Q^2$$

$$z = \frac{Q^2 + m_Q^2}{2M\nu} = x \left(1 + \frac{m_Q^2}{Q^2}\right) = x + \frac{m_Q^2}{2ME_\nu y}$$

FOR EXAMPLE: $\langle x \rangle = \langle z \rangle - \frac{m_Q^2}{2ME_\nu y}$

ALSO $z > \frac{m_Q^2}{2ME_\nu y} \Rightarrow E_\nu > \frac{m_Q^2}{2M y} \frac{1}{z}$



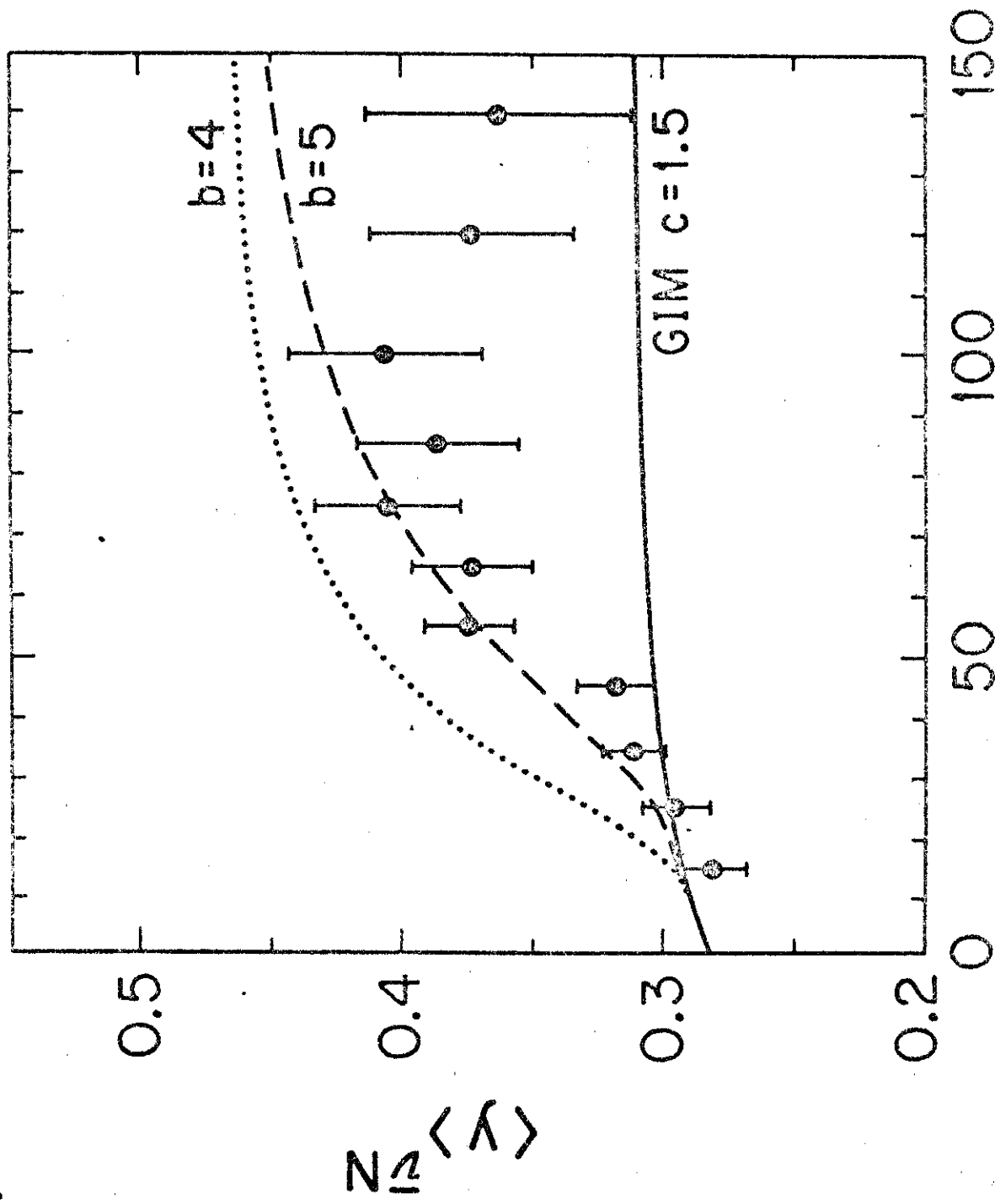
FROM:

BALGER-PHILLIPS

WETTER

(2)

SLOW RESCALING



E (GeV)

SLOW RESCALING $E > 50 \text{ GeV}$ $x < 0.6$

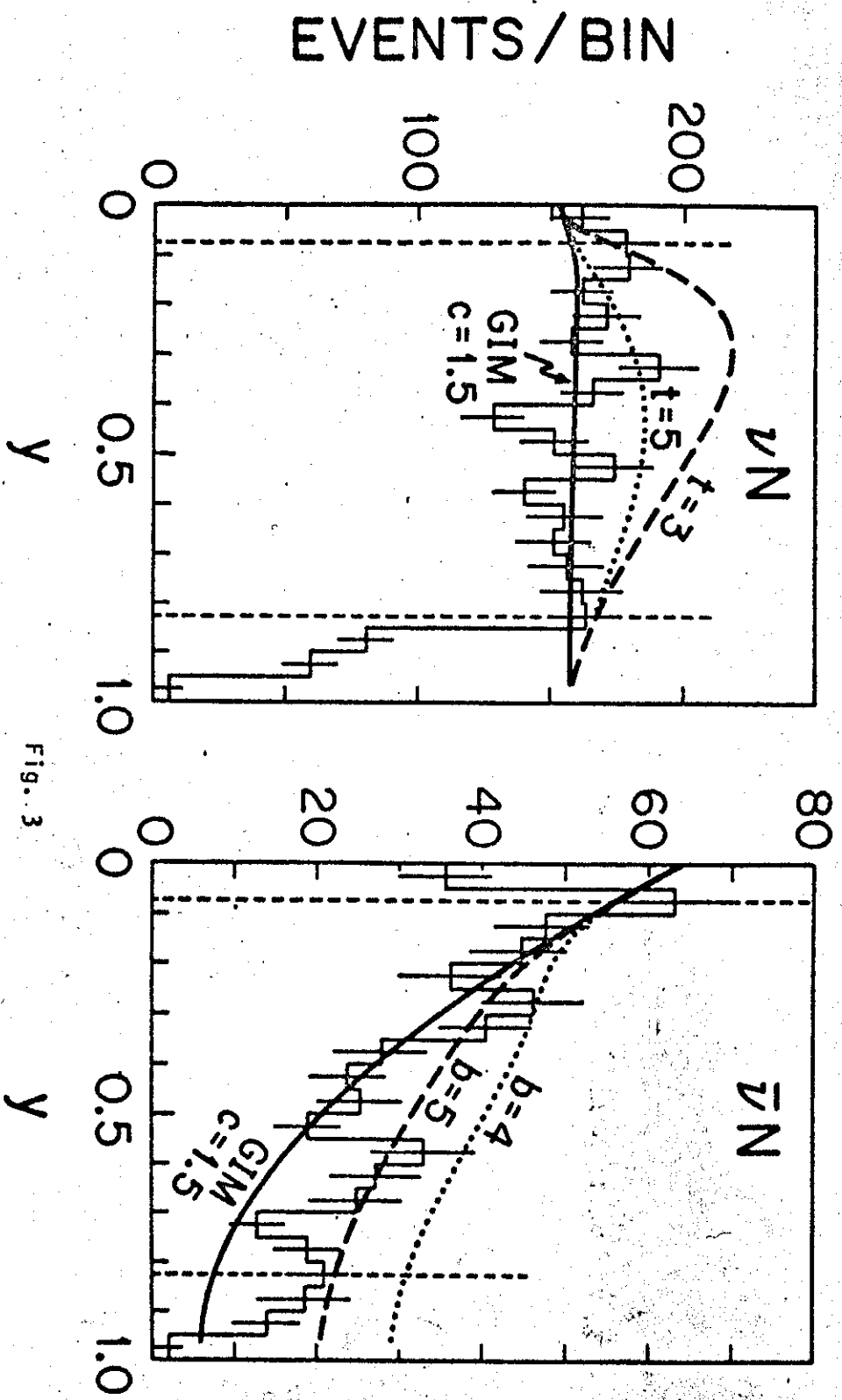


Fig. 3

1

SLOW RESCALING ANTINEUTRINOS $E > 50$ GeV

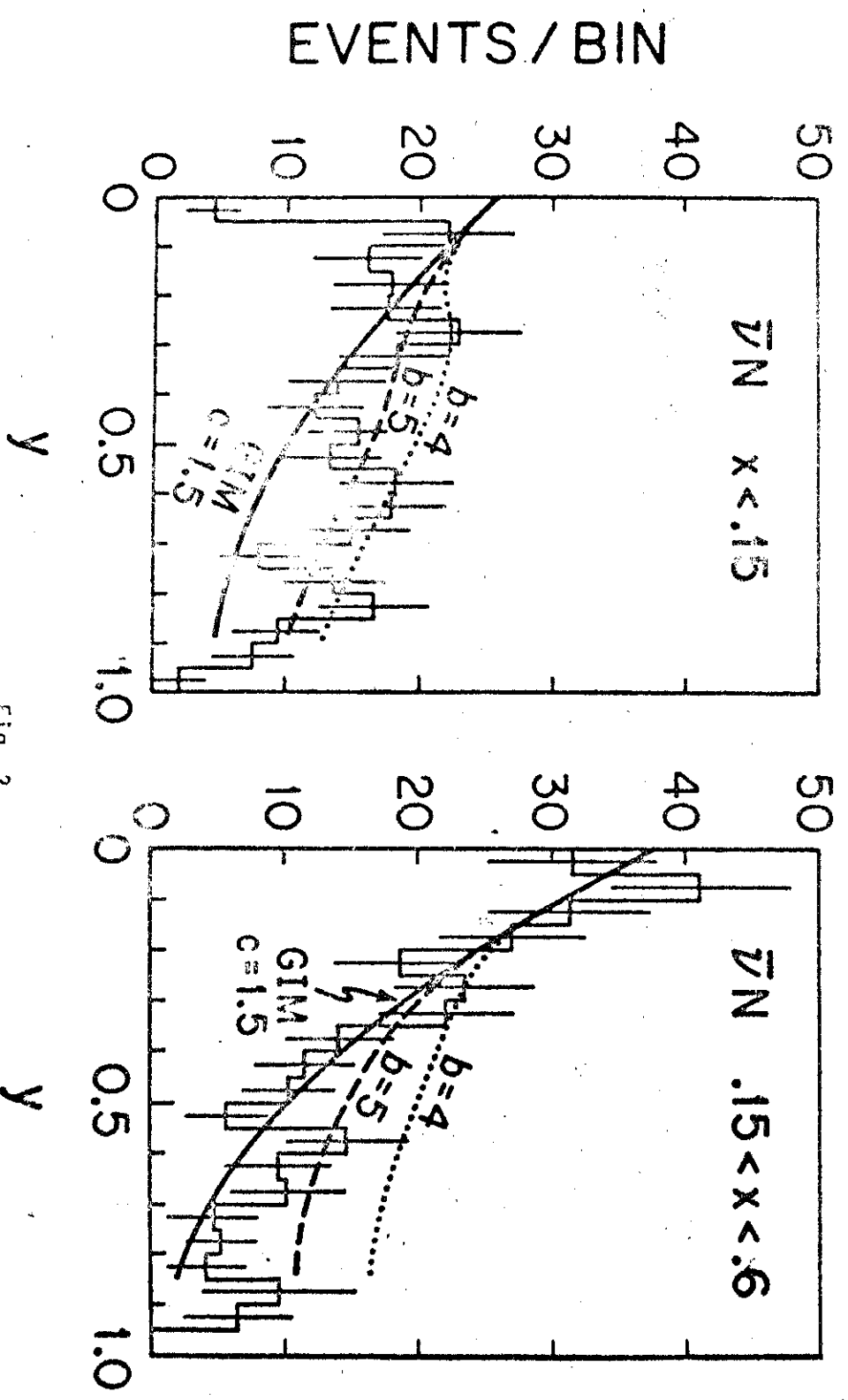


Fig. 2

SLOW RESCALING

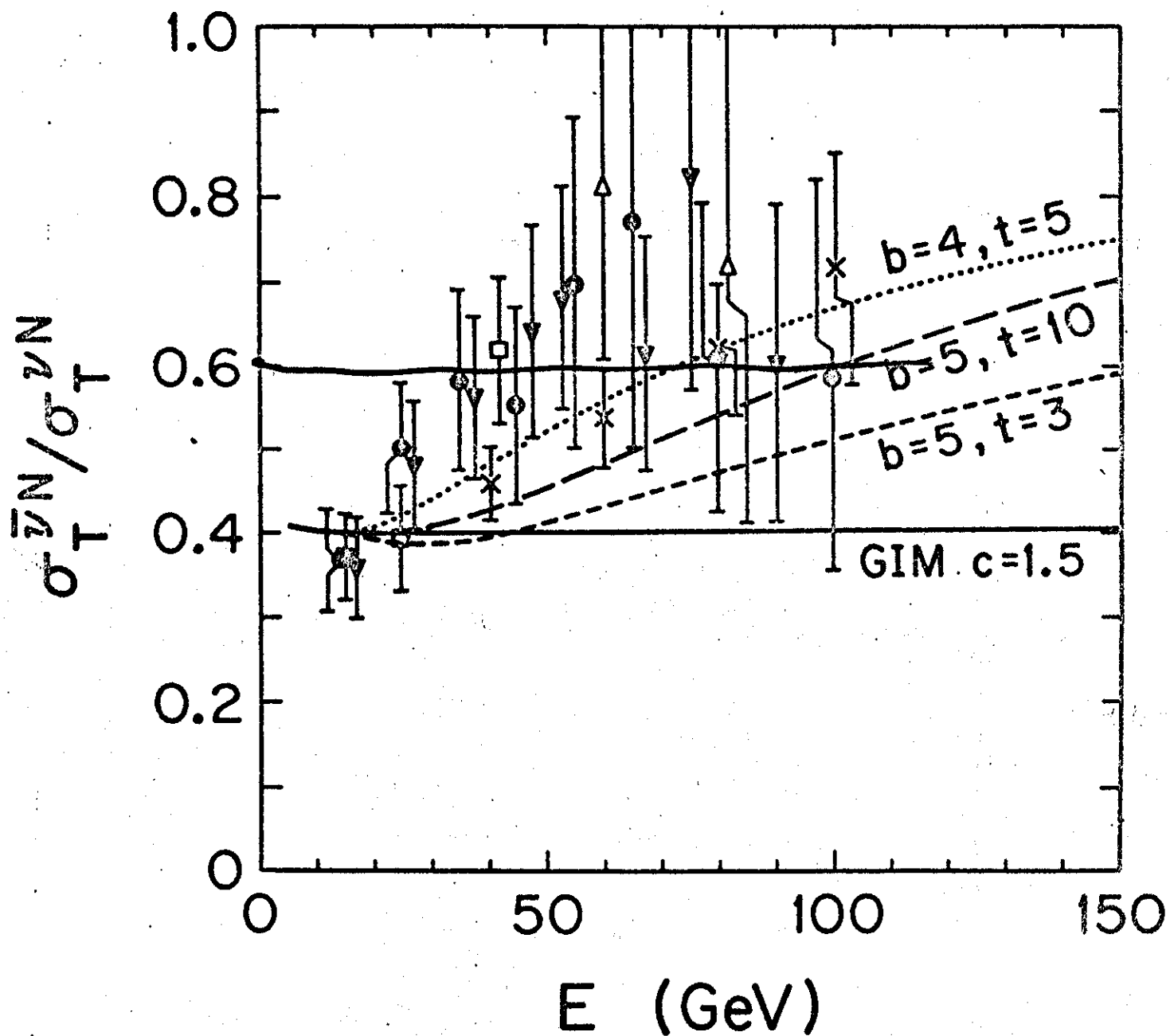


Fig. 6

IN V-A MODELS NEW HEAVY
QUARKS t and/or b MAKE ALMOST
NO DIFFERENCE

$$\begin{pmatrix} p' \\ \cos \alpha \lambda_c + \sin \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -\sin \alpha \lambda_c + \cos \alpha b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

SAME AS :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha p' - \sin \alpha t \\ \lambda_c \end{pmatrix}_L \quad \begin{pmatrix} \sin \alpha p' + \cos \alpha t \\ b \end{pmatrix}_L$$

NEGLECTING p' , b AND t QUARKS IN
THE NUCLEON

b DECOUPLED

t ONLY FROM λ_c

$$\frac{d\sigma^v}{dy} = 1 + \epsilon(1-y)^2$$

$$\langle y \rangle^v = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \epsilon \frac{1}{12}}{1 + \epsilon/3} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1 + \epsilon/6}{1 + \epsilon/3} \right]$$

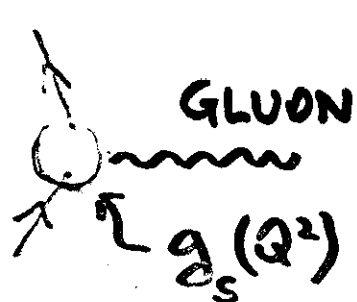
$$\frac{d\sigma^{\bar{v}}}{dy} = \bar{\epsilon} + (1-y)^2$$

$$\langle y \rangle^{\bar{v}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \bar{\epsilon} \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{3} + \bar{\epsilon}} = \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1 + 6\bar{\epsilon}}{1 + 3\bar{\epsilon}} \right]$$

$$\frac{\sigma^{\bar{v}}}{\sigma^v} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} + \bar{\epsilon}}{1 + 1/3 \epsilon} = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1 + 3\bar{\epsilon}}{1 + \epsilon/3} \right]$$

BOTH $\langle y \rangle^{\bar{v}}$ AND $\sigma^{\bar{v}}/\sigma^v$ ARE VERY SENSITIVE TO THE AMOUNT OF "SEA" QUARKS

ASYMPTOTIC FREEDOM EFFECTS IN ν -SCATT.



$$\alpha_s = \frac{g^2}{4\pi}$$

$$\frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{\alpha_s(Q^2)} \approx \left[1 + \frac{25}{12\pi} \alpha_s(\mu^2) \ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2} \right] \equiv L$$

PARTON DENSITIES:

$$p+n = V + 2S$$

$$\mu^2 \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha_s(\mu^2) \sim 1/2$$

VALENCE

$$\bar{u} = \bar{d} = \lambda = \bar{\lambda} = S \leftarrow \text{SEA}$$

$$c' = \bar{c}' = C \leftarrow \text{CHARM}$$

MOMENTS:

$$\int x^N q(x) dx = \langle q \rangle_N$$

FIRST MOMENTS $[\sigma, \frac{d\sigma}{dy}, \langle y \rangle \dots]$

$$\langle V \rangle_1 = A_8 L^{-32/75}$$

$$\langle S \rangle_1 = \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{7} A_5 L^{-56/75} \right] + \frac{1}{6} \left[\frac{1}{4} A_{15} - A_8 \right] L^{-32/75}$$

$$\langle C \rangle_1 = \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{7} A_5 L^{-56/75} - A_{15} L^{-32/75} \right]$$

$$L \equiv \left[1 + \frac{25}{12\pi} \alpha_s(\mu^2) \ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2} \right]$$

RELATION BETWEEN Q^2 AND E_ν :

EXACT RELATION || APPROXIMATE:

$$Q^2 = 2ME_\nu x \cdot y \quad || \quad \langle Q^2 \rangle = 2ME_\nu \langle xy \rangle$$

THRESHOLD CONDITION FOR CHARM

EXACT

$$y > \frac{W_\pi^2 - M^2}{2ME_\nu(1-x)}$$

($y < 1$)

APPROXIMATE

$$y > \frac{W_\pi^2 - M^2}{2ME_\nu(1-x_0)} \quad \hookrightarrow 0.2$$

W_π EFFECTIVE THRESH. INV. MASS:

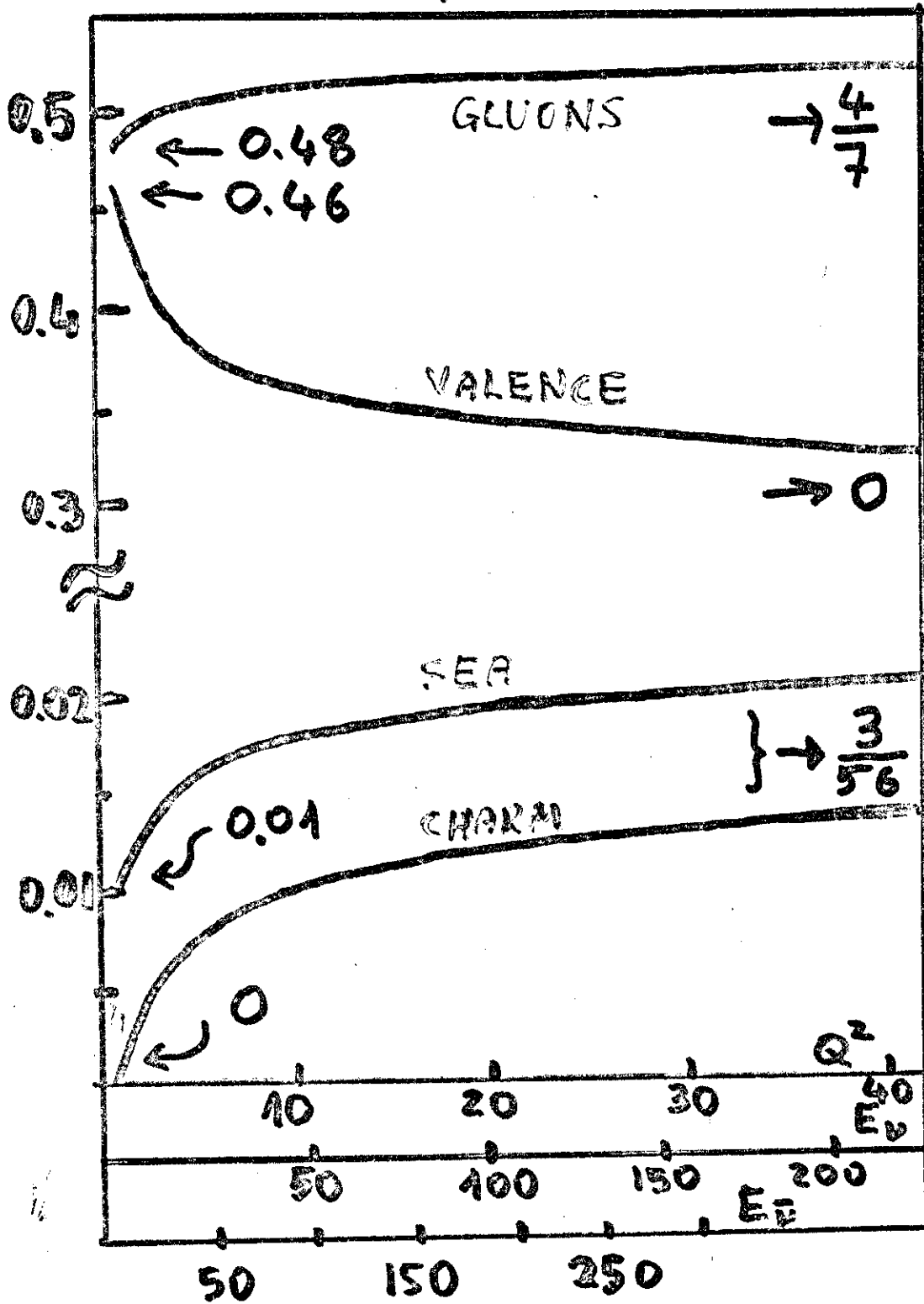
$$W_\pi \sim 5 \div 7 \text{ GeV}$$

FIRST MOMENTS

$$\int_0^1 x q(x) dx$$

VALENCE $\rightarrow p+n-\bar{p}-\bar{n}$

SEA $\rightarrow \lambda \sim \bar{\lambda} \sim \bar{p} \sim \bar{n}$; CHARM $\rightarrow p' \sim \bar{p}'$

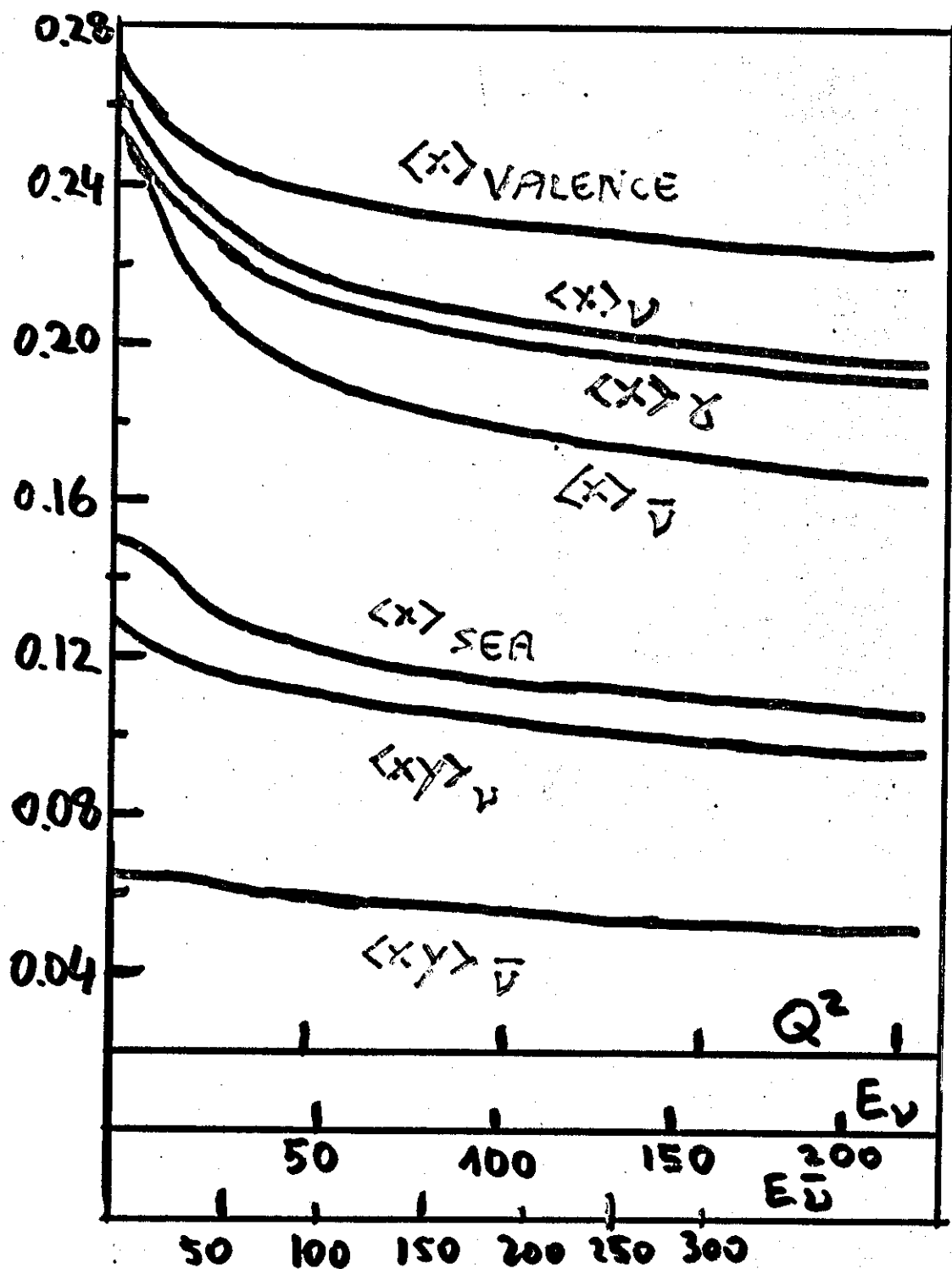


$$2ME_\nu(xy) = \langle Q^2 \rangle$$

$$\alpha_s(1 \text{ GeV}^2) \simeq 1/2$$

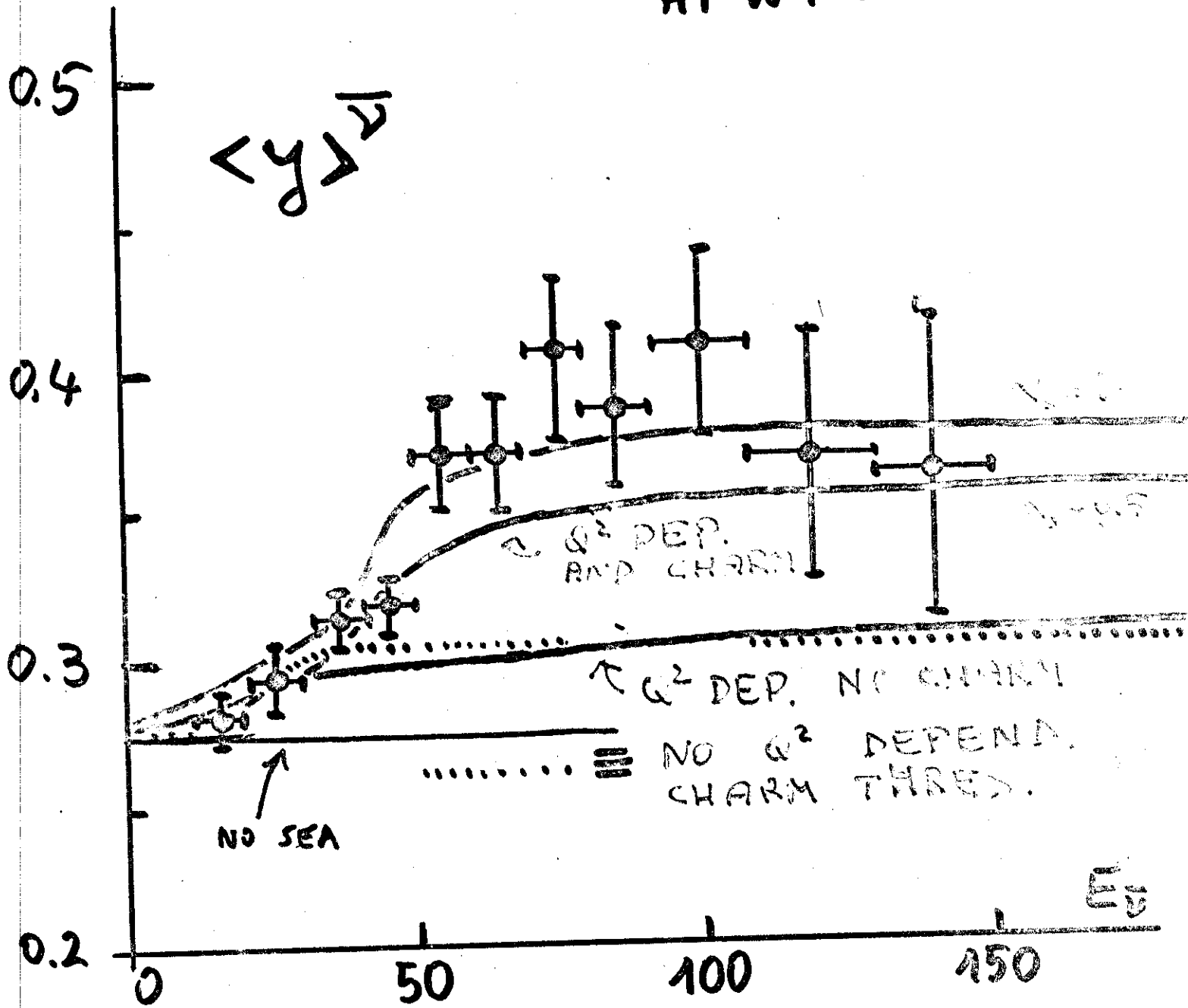
SECOND MOMENTS.

$$\langle x \rangle = \frac{\int_0^1 x^2 q(x) dx}{\int_0^1 x q(x) dx}$$

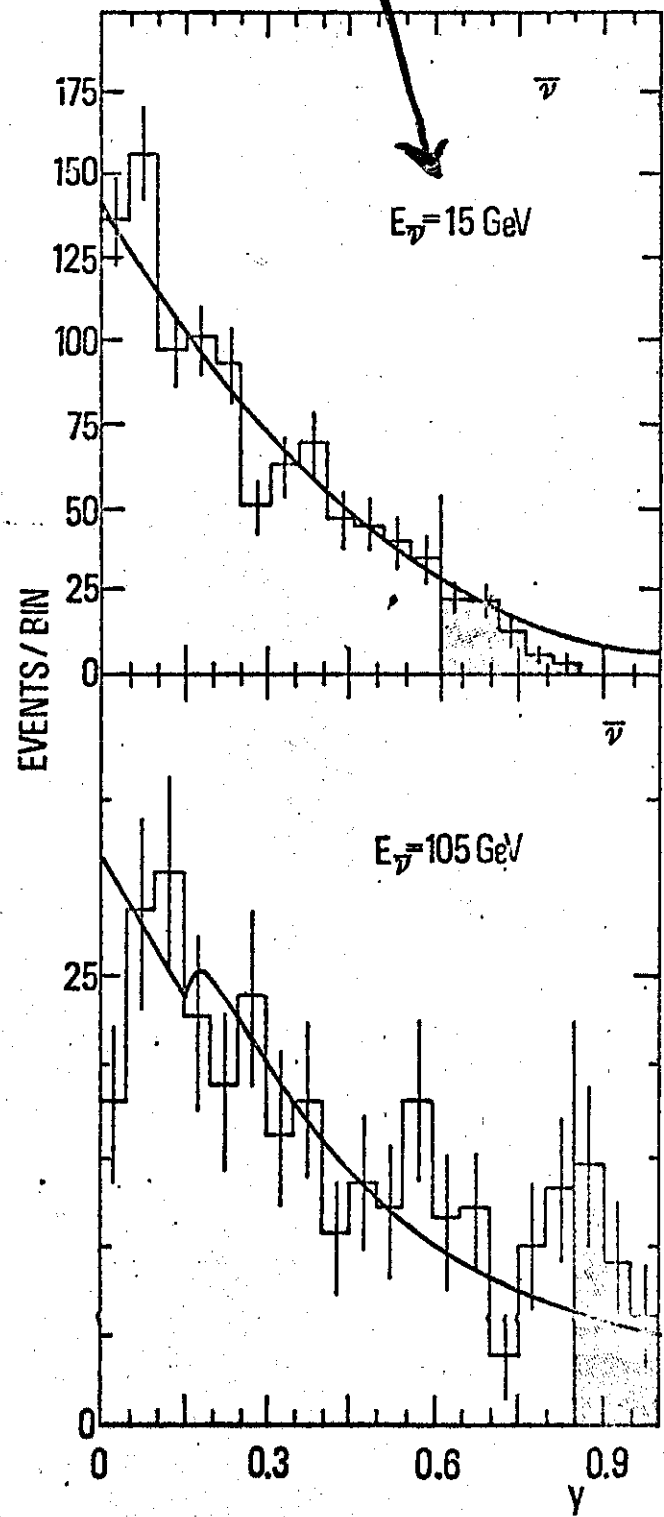
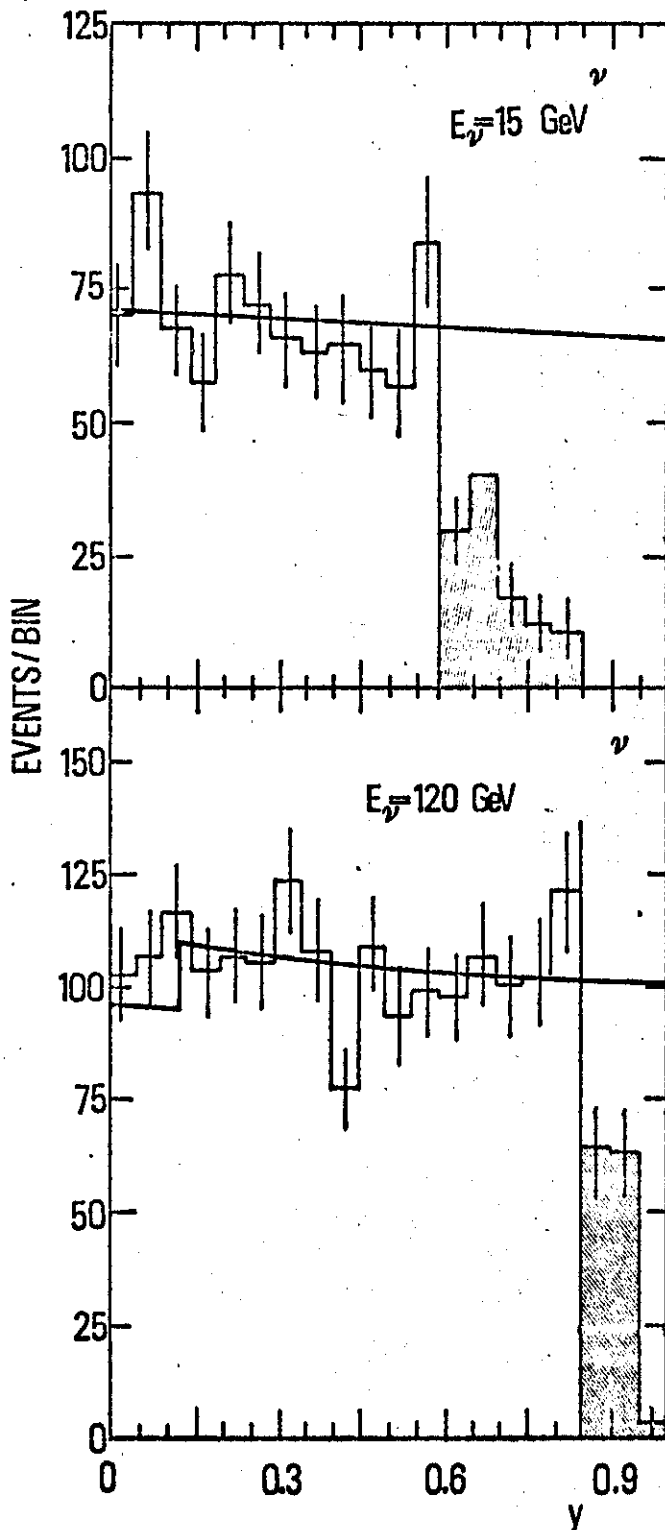


DATA FROM
HPWF.

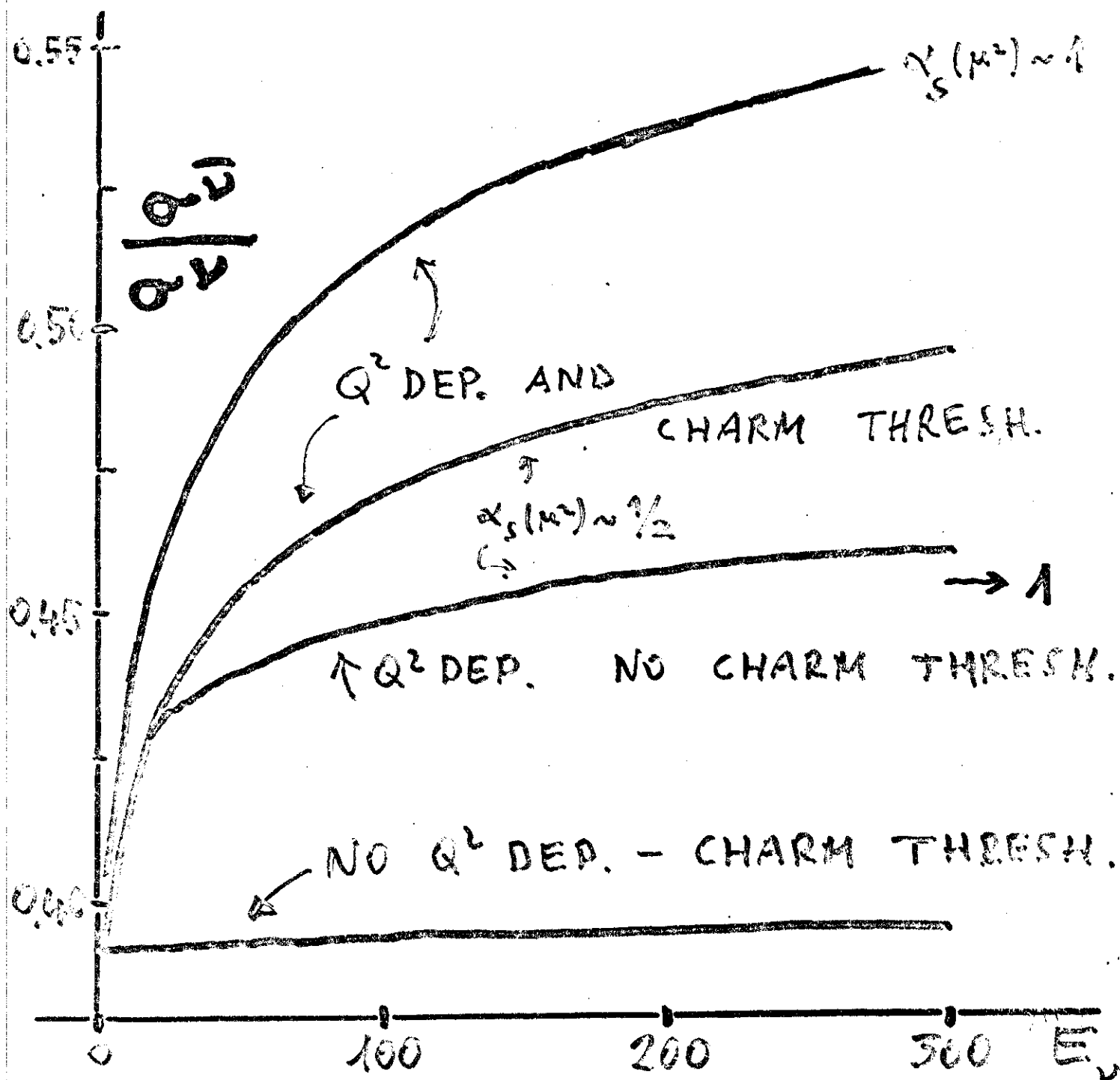
$\langle y \rangle$



AVERAGE ENERGY
OF SAMPLE

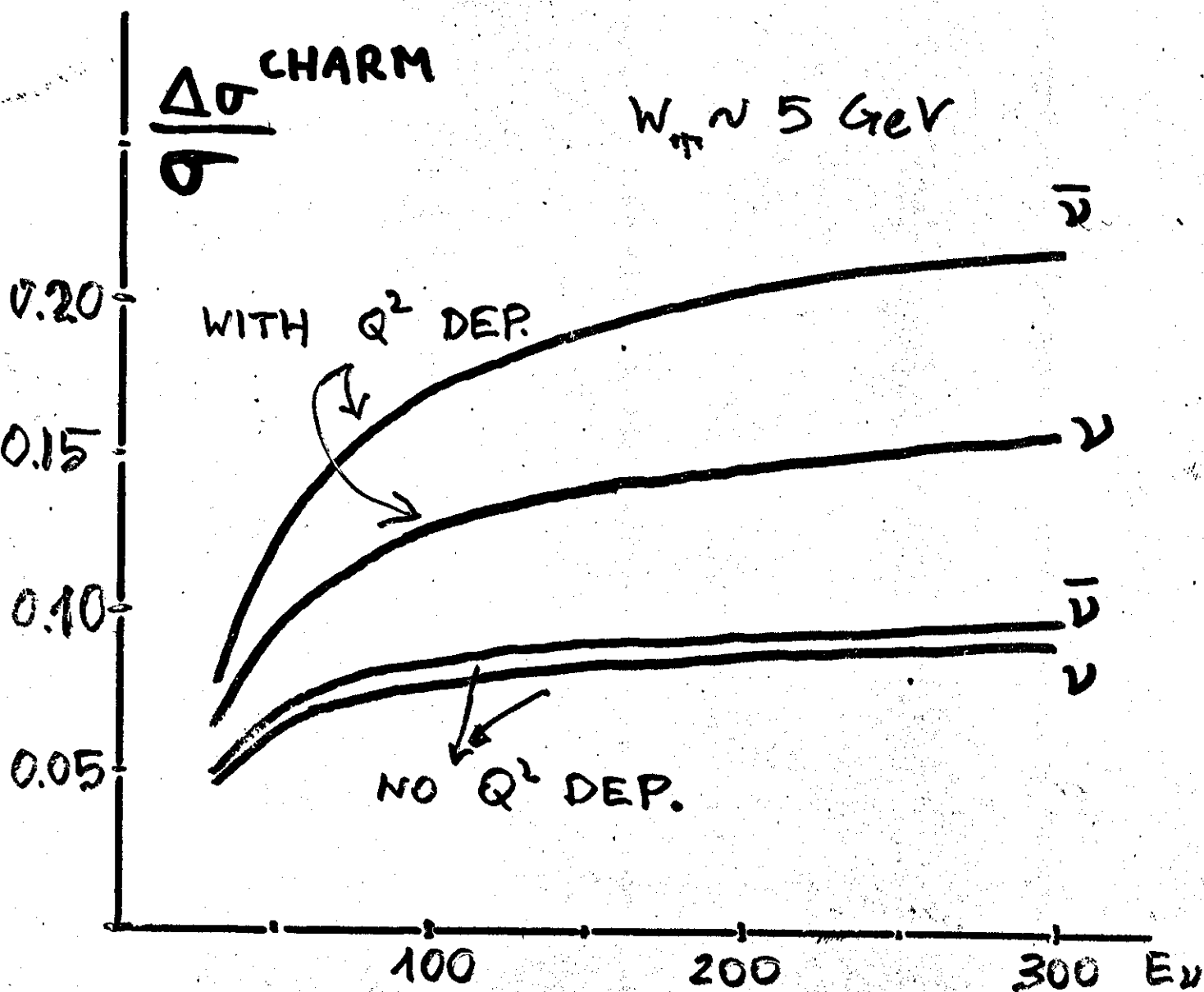


$$\alpha_s(1 \text{ GeV}^2) = 1/2$$



NOTE : $\sigma^{\bar{\nu}}/\sigma^{\nu}$ AND $\langle y \rangle^{\bar{\nu}}$ BOTH MEASURE SEA/VALENCE AND ARE THUS RELATED:

$$\frac{\sigma^{\bar{\nu}}}{\sigma^{\nu}} \approx \frac{3}{16 - 28 \langle y \rangle^{\bar{\nu}}}$$



CONCLUSION

- ALLEGED EVIDENCE FOR $\left(\frac{P}{b}\right)_R$ AT THE MOMENT IS NOT CONVINCING.
- EFFECTS FROM ASYMT. FREEDOM HAVE CORRECT SIGN AND MAY BE OF ADEQUATE MAGNITUDE (PURE V-A THEORY)

HOWEVER IF:

a) $\sigma_{\bar{\nu}} / \sigma_{\nu} > 0.55 \quad (E_{\nu} \sim 150 \text{ GeV})$

b) COMMON PRODUCTION OF DIMUONS AT LARGE x IS FOUND (in $\bar{\nu}$)
(NOT IN ASSOCIATION WITH STRANGE PARTICLES)

ASYMT. FREEDOM ALONE CANNOT EXPLAIN THAT.

- VECTOR (AXIAL) NEUTRAL CURRENTS EXCLUDED
- SELECTION RULE CHARM $\rightarrow$ STRANGENESS CLEARLY EMERGING