



INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY  
UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION  
**INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR THEORETICAL PHYSICS**  
I.C.T.P., P.O. BOX 586, 34100 TRIESTE, ITALY, CABLE: CENTRATOM TRIESTE



H4.SMR. 405/15

SECOND WORKSHOP ON TELEMATICS

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**Communication Software**

J. GROMPONE  
Interface Ltd., Montevideo, Uruguay

These notes are intended for internal distribution only.

## **COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE**

### **COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT:**

- DEDICATED SYSTEM
- STORED PROGRAM CONTROL (SPC)
- PROGRAMMED INTEGRATED CIRCUIT
- INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM

### **MAIN SUBJECTS:**

- DESIGN
- MODELLING
- SPECIFICATION
- IMPLEMENTATION
- QUALITY CONTROL
- PROJECT DESIGN

### **SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

WT2-1  
P89015

## **REAL TIME SYSTEMS**

### **REAL TIME CONCEPTS**

#### **USUAL FORM:**

- CLOCKS
- INTERRUPTS
- REAL-TIME CLOCKS
- REAL-TIME PROCESSES
- PARALLELISM
- DISTRIBUTED PROCESSES

#### **ABSTRACT FORM:**

- CONCURRENCY
- EXCLUSION
- SYNCHRONIZATION

WT2-2  
P89015

## PROBLEM EVOLUTION

FIRST PROBLEMS            1955/60

- LARGE ASSEMBLER PROGRAMS

SOFTWARE CRISIS        1960/65

- /360 O.S.
- SPACE PROGRAMS

NEW IDEAS                1965/70

- DIJKSTRA
- SEMAPHORES
- CRITICAL REGION
- CRITICAL VARIABLES

NEW LANGUAGES        1970/85

- CONCURRENT STATEMENT
- SHARED VARIABLES
- CONCURRENT PASCAL (1974)
- MODULA (1977)
- CHILL (1980)
- ADA (1983)

## CONCURRENCY

### HARDWARE AMBIENT:

- ONE MACHINE + REAL-TIME CLOCK
- SEVERAL MACHINES

### SOFTWARE AMBIENT:

GLOBAL  
VARIABLES

PROC.  
1            PROC.  
2            PROC.  
3

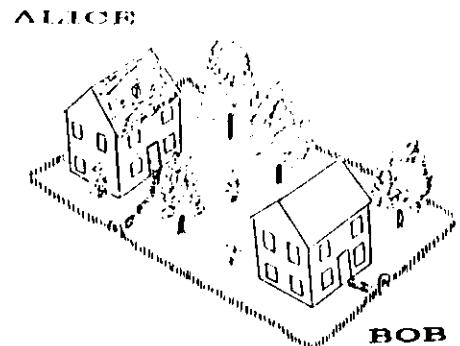
### EXECUTION:

- NON DETERMINISTIC INTERLEAVING

### PROBLEMS:

- PROCESSES DESTROY DATA IN A RANDOM WAY
- SYSTEMS CRASH
- RANDOM RESULTS

## A CONCURRENCY PROBLEM



HOW TO DESIGN THE PROGRAM?

HOW TO STUDY THE PROGRAM?

- TEST IT?
- PROVE IT?
- SOMETHING ELSE?

## DRRIVER'S ALGORITHM

```
ONE_TRY := FALSE;  
-- ONE not ask permission to enter  
  
TWO_TRY := FALSE;  
-- TWO not ask permission to enter  
  
TURN := 1;  
-- TURN indicates who is going now  
-- into critical section  
  
procedure ONE ;  
procedure TWO ;  
begin  
    ONE_TRY := FALSE;  
    TWO_TRY := FALSE;  
    TURN := 1;  
    cobegin  
        ONE;  
        TWO;  
    coend;  
end;
```

## DEKKER'S ALGORITHM

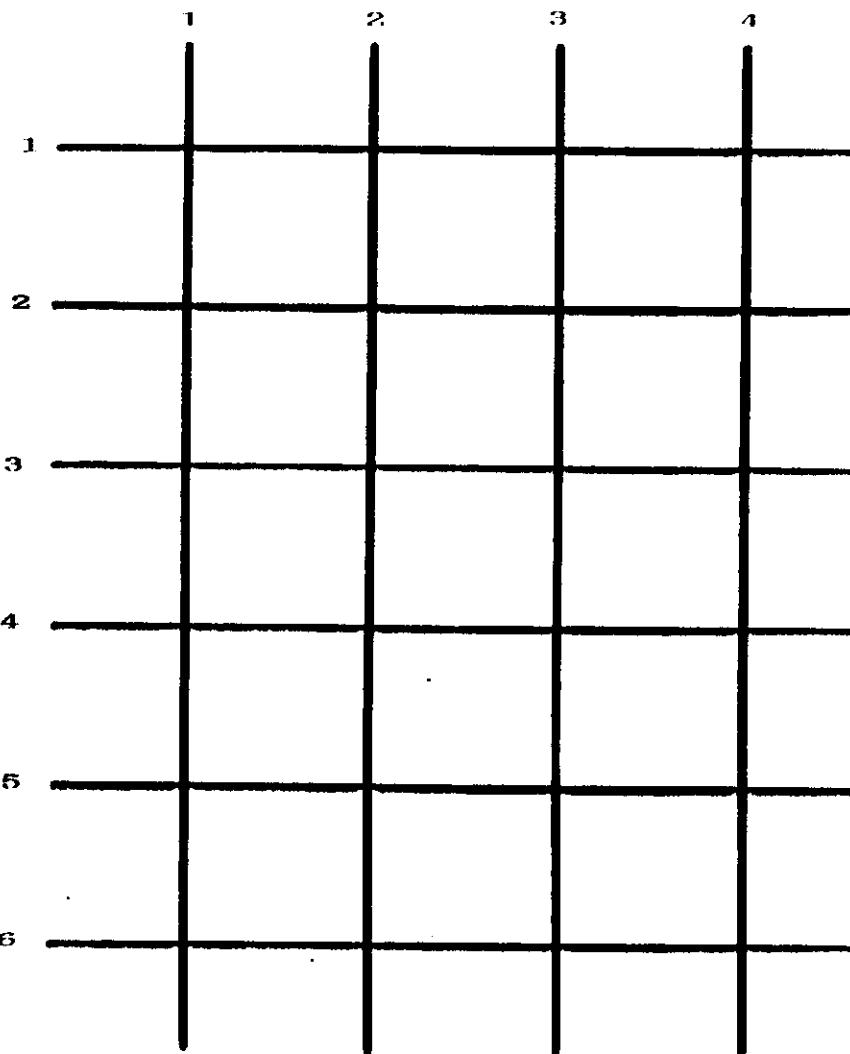
### HOW TO SOLVE MUTUAL EXCLUSION PROBLEM IN A SYMMETRIC WAY?

```
procedure ONE is
begin
  loop
    ONE_TRY := TRUE;
    while TWO_TRY loop
      if TURN = 2 then
        ONE_TRY := FALSE;
        while TURN = 2 loop
          end loop;
        ONE_TRY := TRUE;
      end if;
    end loop;
    -- critical section
    TURN := 2;
    ONE_TRY := FALSE;
    -- non critical section
  end loop;
end ONE;
```

## DEKKER'S ALGORITHM

```
procedure TWO is
begin
  loop
    TWO_TRY := TRUE;
    while ONE_TRY loop
      if TURN = 1 then
        TWO_TRY := FALSE;
        while TURN = 1 loop
          end loop;
        TWO_TRY := TRUE;
      end if;
    end loop;
    -- critical section
    TURN := 1;
    TWO_TRY := FALSE;
    -- non critical section
  end loop;
end TWO;
```

## INTERLEAVING METHOD



## SEMAPHORES

- ABSTRACT DATA TYPE

- VALUES: 0, 1, 2, ...

- OPERATIONS:

INITIALIZATION (ONLY ONCE)

s := VALUE

WAIT(s):

if s>0 then s := s-1

else execution of task that  
called WAIT is suspended

SIGNAL(s)

if some task has been suspended  
by a previous WAIT then wake up  
it,

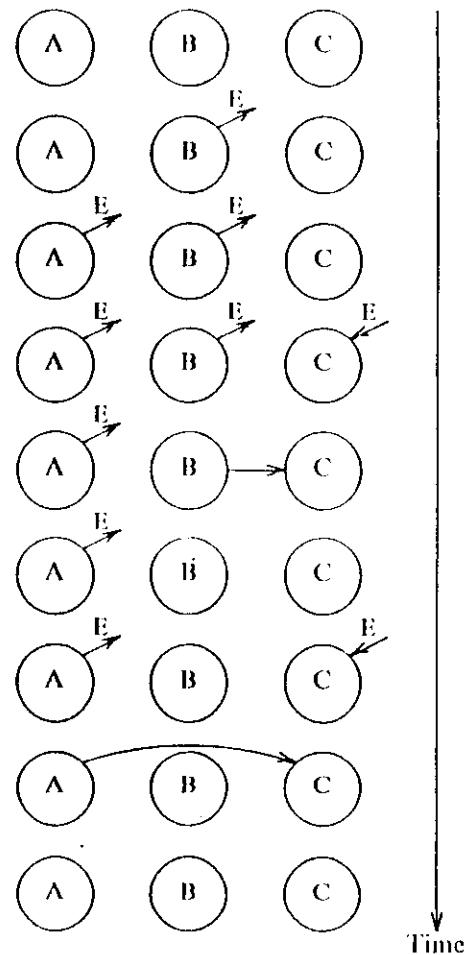
else s := s+1

### BOB, ALICE AND SEMAPHORE

```
procedure ALICE is
begin
loop
  WAIT(s); -- wait for a free yard
  -- dog in yard
  SIGNAL(s); -- signal that the yard
               is free
end loop;
end ALICE;
```

```
procedure BOB is
begin
loop
  WAIT(s);
  -- dog in yard
  SIGNAL(s);
end loop;
end BOB;
```

### RENDIEZVOUS



## SEMAPHORES IN ADA

```
task type SEMAPHORE is
  entry WAIT;
  entry SIGNAL;
end SEMAPHORE;

task body SEMAPHORE is
begin
  loop
    accept WAIT;
    accept SIGNAL;
  end loop;
end SEMAPHORE;

procedure
  -- SOMETHING
  SEMAPHORE.WAIT
  -- CRITICAL SECTION
  SEMAPHORE.SIGNAL
  -- OTHER THINGS
end;
```

## SELECT CLAUSE

```
select
  accept ONE (...) do
    -- activities
  end ONE;
or
when FLAG ->
  accept TWO (...) do
    -- activities
  end TWO;
or
delay 25.0
end select;
```