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**WINTER COLLEGE ON "MULTILEVEL TECHNIQUES IN
COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS"**

**Physics and Computations with Multiple Scales of Lengths
(21 January - 1 February 1991)**

H4.SMR 539/16

Coarsening Particle Calculations

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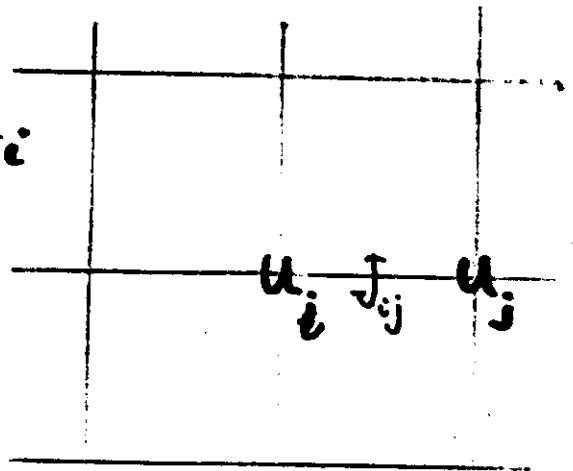
Grids \longleftrightarrow Particles

Long range interactions	✓	✓
Local optimization	✓	•
Global optimization	Th	Th
Monte Carlo simulations	✗W	•
Dynamics	✓	
Macroscopic equations	✗W	•

$$-\Delta u = f \Leftrightarrow$$

$$E(u) = \frac{1}{2} \int [(u_x^2 + u_y^2) - fu] dx dy = \min!$$

$$E^h(u) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \left(\frac{u_i - u_j}{h} \right)^2 - \sum_i f_i u_i$$



$$E^h(u) = \min!$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial E^h}{\partial u_i} = \frac{1}{h^2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} (u_i - u_j) - f_i = 0$$

$$-\nabla(\mathcal{J}\nabla u) = f \Leftrightarrow$$

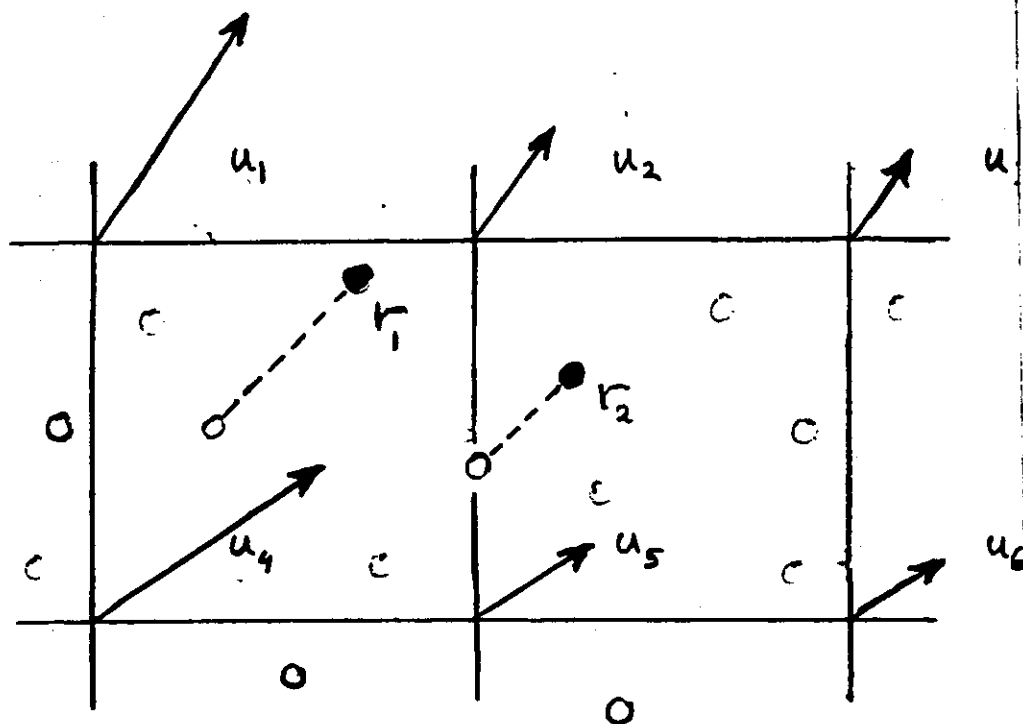
$$E(u) = \frac{1}{2} \int [(\mathcal{J}u_x)^2 + (\mathcal{J}u_y)^2 - fu] dx dy$$

$$E^h(u) = \frac{1}{2h^2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathcal{J}_{ij} (u_i - u_j)^2 - \sum_i f_i u_i$$

$$= -\frac{1}{h^2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathcal{J}_{ij} u_i u_j - \sum_i f_i u_i$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2h^2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathcal{J}_{ij} (u_i^2 + u_j^2)$$

displacement
field:



$$r_i = r_i^0 + \sum_j \lambda_{ij} u_j, \quad \sum_j \lambda_{ij} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} r_i - r_j &= r_i^0 - r_j^0 + \sum_j (\lambda_{ij} - \lambda_{jj}) u_j \\ &= A + \sum B_{ij} (u_i - u_j) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= \sum_{\alpha, \beta} V(|r_\alpha - r_\beta|) \\ &\approx \alpha + \sum_{i,j} \beta_{ij} (u_i - u_j) + \sum_{i,j} \gamma_{ij} (u_i - u_j)^2 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$|u_i - u_j| < \mu_{ij}$$

Elasticity, plasticity, strain limits

$$r^h = (r_1, r_2, \dots) = r^{h0} + I_H^h u^H$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(r^h) &= E(r^{h0} + I_H^h u^H) \\ &\equiv E^H(u^H) \end{aligned}$$

$AU = b$ on grid h , A symm. pos. def.

$$\frac{1}{2} U^T A U - U^T b = \min!$$

$$I_{2h}^h V^{2h}$$

coarse-grid correction

to u :

$$U \approx u + I_{2h}^h V^{2h}$$

↓

minimize

$$\frac{1}{2} (u + I_{2h}^h V^{2h})^T A (u + I_{2h}^h V^{2h}) - (u + I_{2h}^h V^{2h})^T b$$

$$\frac{1}{2} V^{2h T} \underbrace{I_{2h}^h T A I_{2h}^h}_{A^{2h}} V^{2h} - V^{2h T} \underbrace{I_{2h}^h T (b - Au)}_{R^{2h}}$$

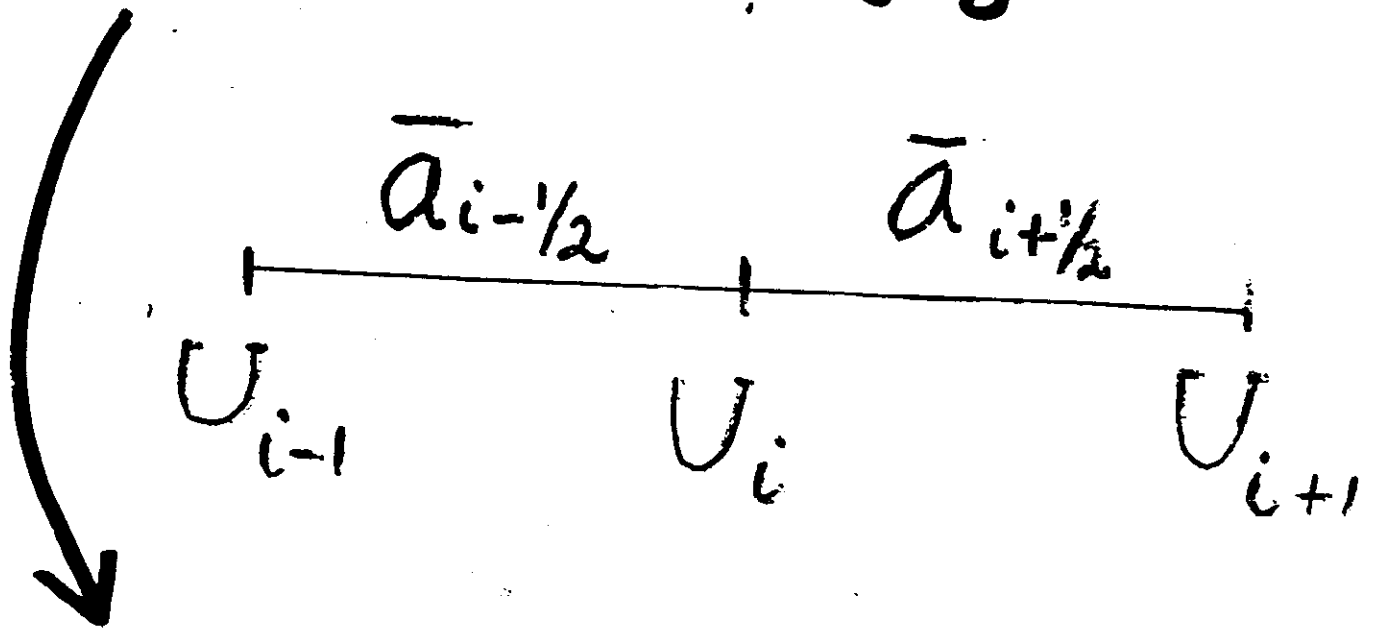
$$A^{2h} V^{2h} = R^{2h} \quad \text{where}$$

$$A^{2h} = I_{2h}^h T A I_{2h}^h, \quad R^{2h} = I_{2h}^h T (b - Au)$$

, Symmetric, Conservative

Full weighting

$$(aU_x)_x + (bU_y)_y = F$$



$$\frac{\bar{a}_{i+1/2} (U_{i+1} - U_i) - \bar{a}_{i-1/2} (U_i - U_{i-1})}{h^2}$$

Symmetric matrix.

Conservation form better approximation
(flux is smoother)

$$u \equiv (au_x)_x + (bu_y)_y = f(x, y, u)$$

$$\varepsilon < a(x, y, u), \quad b(x, y, u) < \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \text{ discontinuously}$$

Alkoff
Brandt
Dendy
Pante

Interpolation: Based on relaxed error V . $LV \approx 0$

Linear interpolation when u_x continuous
but here: continuity of the flux ~~u_x~~ aV_x

$$I_{2h}^h V_i^{2h} = \frac{\bar{a}_{i-1/2} V_{i-1}^{2h} + \bar{a}_{i+1/2} V_{i+1}^{2h}}{\bar{a}_{i-1/2} + \bar{a}_{i+1/2}}$$

\bar{a}
proper
average

Coarse-grid problem: $(I_h^{2h} L^h I_{2h}^h) V^{2h} = I_h^{2h} R^h$, $I_h^{2h} = I_{2h}^h$

$$\Leftrightarrow \min \mathcal{F}(u^h + I_{2h}^h V^{2h}), \quad \mathcal{F}(w^h) = (L^h w^h, w^h) - 2(f^h, u^h)$$

↓

Black-Box MG: for any symmetric 9-point L^h . Dendy

Algebraic MG (AMG): for general positive-type symmetric Brandt McCormick Ruz

Systems: e.g.

$$L^h p_n - \alpha (p_n - p_w) = f$$

$$L^h p_w - \alpha (p_w - p_n) = g$$

in particles

$$E = \sum_{\alpha, \beta} V(|\mathbf{r}_\alpha - \mathbf{r}_\beta|)$$

Long range forces

$V = a/r$: electrostatic, gravity, vortices ...

- $O(n^2)$ calculation of forces
coarse level: density

Short range forces

$V = a/r^{12} - b/r^6$: atomic



- fast local convergence
coarse level: Elasticity, plasticity
strain limits with "breaks"
- Global minimization
Multi-level stochastic optimization

Long + Short

charge density + elastic displacement field

Chains

"pressure"

