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SMR. 767 - 9

**MINIWORKSHOP ON STRONG CORRELATIONS
AND QUANTUM CRITICAL PHENOMENA
(4 - 22 July 1994)**

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TRANSPORT AND AF IN DOPED 214 SYSTEM

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These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants.

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Transport and AF in doped $2/4$ system

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I Homogeneous doping

a) Phenomenology of small pockets

(Stability, AF vs doping)

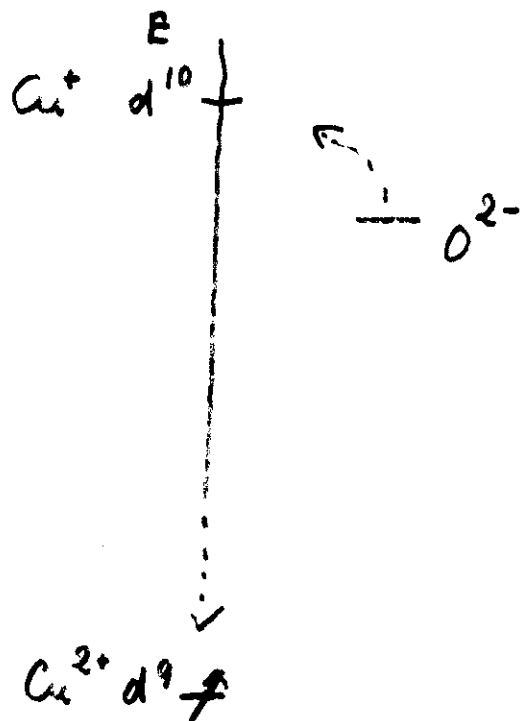
b) A discussion of the three band model

II Disorder + doping

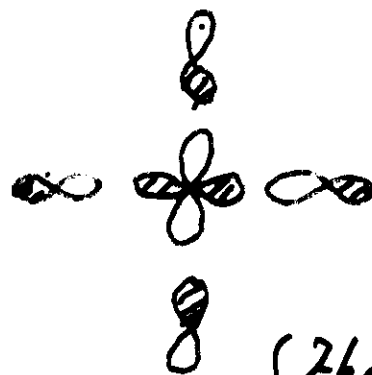
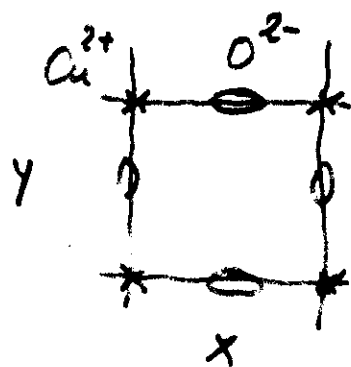
a) Experiments on conductivity at ^{very} small x

b) Phase separation in $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_{4+\delta}$
vs $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_y$

Charge Transfer Insulator (Varma, Schmitt, Abrahams)



Three Band Model (Emory)



(Zhang, Rice)

$$\delta (-1)^{\delta} t_0$$

at homogeneous doping itinerant e, h .

$$h = -e \text{ O}^{2-} \uparrow$$

$$e = d^{10} \uparrow \downarrow$$

Vacuum fluctuations/Cu:

$\sim \frac{t_0^2}{\Delta}$ etc

any attempt to calculate bands ~ same scale

Range of parameters

From T.C. Leung et al '92

$$\Delta : 1.5 - 4.0 \text{ eV}$$

$$U \equiv U_d : 8.8 - 10.5 \text{ eV } [(d^{10} - d^8)]$$

$$U_p : 4.0 - 6.0 \text{ eV}$$

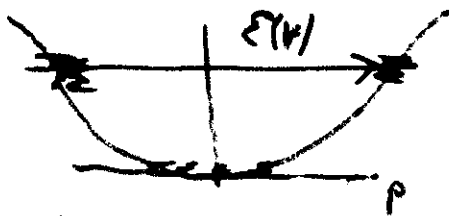
$$U_{dp} : 0.0 - 1.5 \text{ eV}$$

$$t_o = t_{dp} : 1.07 - 1.6 \text{ eV}$$

$$t_{pp} : 0.3 - 0.65 \text{ eV}$$

Phenomenological approach:

Assume that there is a band ($\hbar$)



$$E(p) \approx \frac{p^2}{2m}$$

⊗ AF: $\vec{Q}$ mean field band

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} H = & \sum \epsilon_p a_{pe}^+ a_{pe} + J' \sum \vec{m}_q \vec{S}_{ee} a_{pe}^+ a_{p-qe} \\ & + \sum \Omega(q) (\alpha_q^+ \alpha_q + \beta_q^+ \beta_q) \end{aligned} \right.$$

~~$\Omega(q) = \frac{J_a}{2} \sin(q)$~~

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$$\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta} \Rightarrow \vec{L}_i - \vec{L}_{i+1} = \vec{L}_i \quad \vec{m}_i = \vec{L}_i + \vec{L}_{i+1}$$

$$\vec{m}_i \propto \frac{d}{dt} \vec{L}_i$$

Stability: one hole (or e) dressed by spin-waves
 $\downarrow \psi_c(\vec{r})$

Minimizing over α, β : $n_\alpha \sim n_\beta \sim \frac{J'^2}{J^2(qa)} \gg 1$

The Deigen-Pekar functional

$$\tilde{H} = \frac{1}{2m} \left\{ \int \sum_{\sigma} |\nabla \psi_{\sigma}|^2 - 4c |\psi_{\downarrow}|^2 |\psi_{\uparrow}|^2 d\vec{r} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{c \equiv \frac{m J'^2(qa) a^2}{2\sqrt{2} J(q)} = \frac{J'^2}{JW}} \quad \left(W = \frac{1}{2ma^2} \right)$$

2D-no barrier:

if $c < 2.88$ no saddle point (stable)

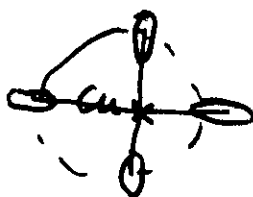
$c > 2.88$ the system forms polaron

(at $c \gg 1$ - large (Nagaoka) polaron)

To compare with Z.R. singlet:

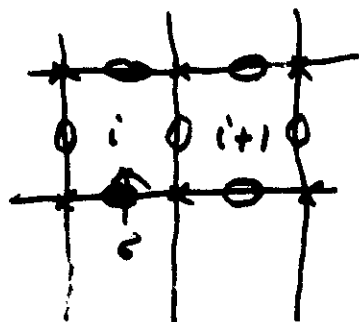
no t-J for holes
 t-J for e

(?)

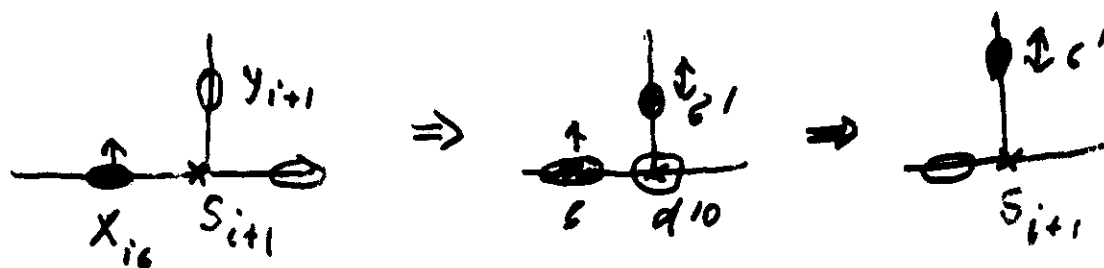


In the three band picture

$U = \infty$; Hamiltonian for holes:



$$X_{i6} \Rightarrow Y_i \rightarrow Y_{i+1} \dots \rightarrow X_i \dots X_{i+1}$$



$$M_{i,i+1} \propto (-1)^{\frac{\delta t_0^2}{\Delta}} \left\{ 1 + (\hat{S}_{i+1}) \right\}$$

$$\hat{S}_{i+1} \rightarrow \hat{S}_g \Rightarrow (-1)^i \mu + \hat{S}_g$$

$$\langle S_z \rangle_{Q_0} \quad \mu = 0.6 \frac{\langle S_z \rangle}{K_0}$$

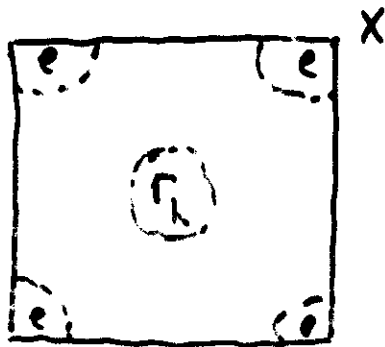
(?) Stability of the band:

~~1-1/2~~

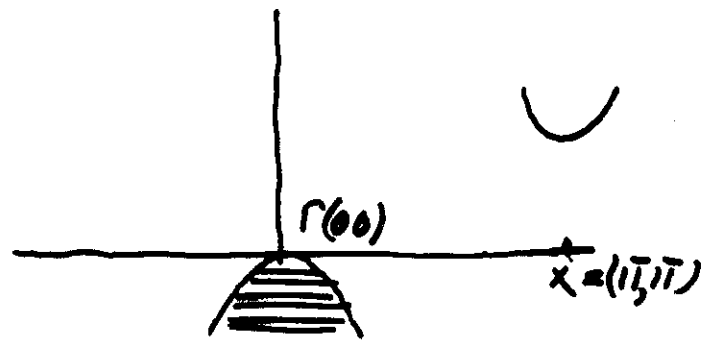
$$\frac{1}{(1-\mu^2)} \frac{U_p^2}{t_0^2} \frac{\Delta(2\Delta + U_p)}{(\Delta + U_p)^2} < 2.88$$

G. P. Kumar '93 (unpublished)

Band structure for holes and electrons



(in the old tetragonal band)



(the indirect gap)

if correct, is to be $< \Delta$!

Recall at $t_0 \ll \Delta$, $W \sim \frac{t_0^2}{\Delta}$!

- The charge transfer gap $\rightarrow 0$ $\Delta(x) \rightarrow 0$



The spill-over regime

$$R_H \sim \frac{1}{x} \quad x < 0.1 \quad (\text{Ong '89})$$

T-independent

$$n_h \neq x$$

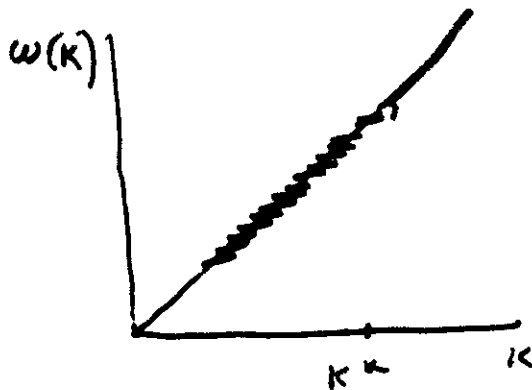
at $x > 0.1$ T-dependent

AF vs doping in the homogeneous picture



Gan, Andrei, Coleman '91

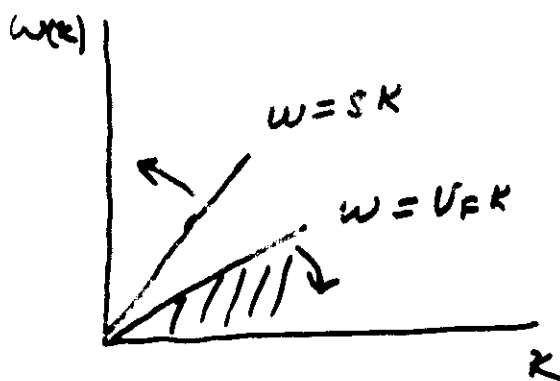
Balatsky '92



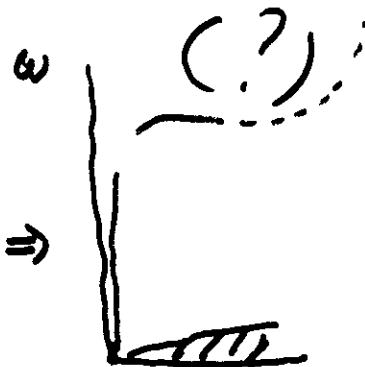
$$K^* = 2ms$$

$$K^* - 2p_F < K < K^* + 2p_F$$

$$\bar{S} = S \left(1 + \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{V_F^2}{S^2}}} \right)$$



$$V_F \approx S \Rightarrow$$



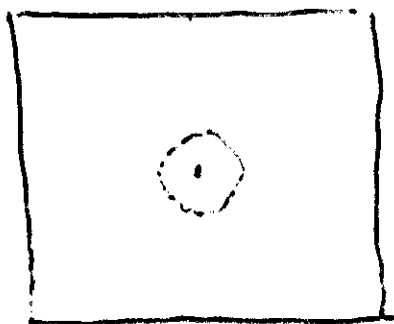
$$\ln \hat{S} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ (loop with 3 external lines)} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ (loop with 4 external lines)} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \text{ (loop with n external lines)}$$

The need to consider $t_{pp} > 0$

$$- 2t_{pp} \cos \frac{p_x a}{2} \cos \frac{p_y a}{2}$$

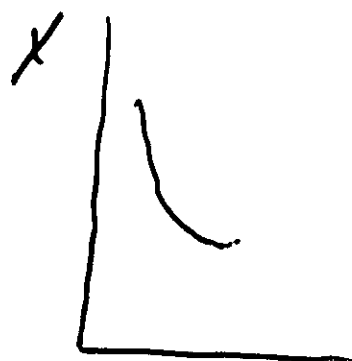
in the hole representation

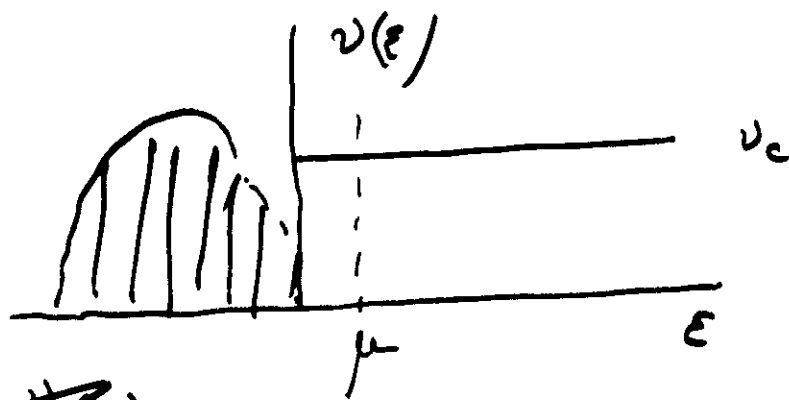
$t_{pp} = 0$ dispersionless band $\rightarrow$ 



* $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$: $x = 0.025$
 $x = 0.05$

? Doping; Impurity Band, Screening of charge
 Coulomb energy $> 0.2 \text{ eV}$ (the optical data)





$$v_e(\epsilon) = v_0 \left(\frac{|\epsilon|}{\Delta} \right)^\alpha e^{-\frac{|\epsilon|}{\Delta}}$$

$$\left[v_0 \Delta \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{d\epsilon}{\Delta} \left(\frac{|\epsilon|}{\Delta} \right)^\alpha \frac{1}{e^{-\frac{|\epsilon|}{T} - \frac{\mu}{T}} + 1} + 2v_c \int_0^{\infty} \frac{d\epsilon}{e^{\frac{\epsilon}{T}} + 1} \right] = \chi$$

$$\left(T=0 \quad \epsilon < 0 \right) \quad \frac{2v_c}{v_0 \Gamma(1+\alpha)} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{du}{e^{\frac{u}{T} - \frac{\mu}{T}} + 1} =$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{du u^\alpha e^{-u} e^{-\frac{u}{T} - \frac{\mu}{T}}}{e^{-\frac{u}{T} - \frac{\mu}{T}} + 1}$$

$$t = \frac{T}{\Delta}, \quad \tilde{\mu} = \frac{\mu}{\Delta}$$

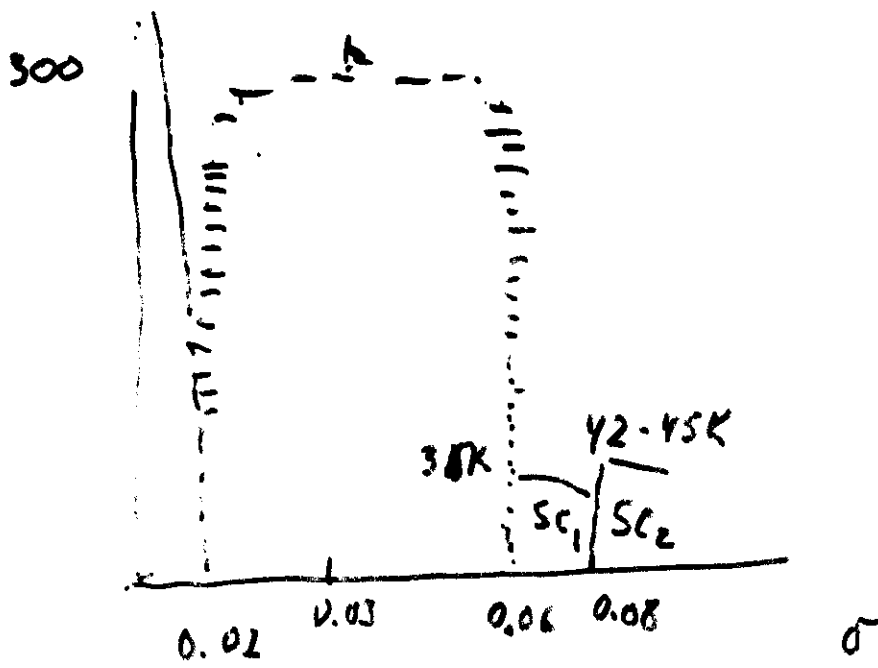
$$\sigma = \frac{n(T) e^2 \tau}{m} \quad \frac{1}{\tau} \approx \frac{1}{\tau_0}$$

$$\sigma(T) \propto n(T) \quad (\sim T^{1+\alpha} \text{ at low } T/)$$

$$\Delta \approx 100K$$

$$\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_{4+\delta}$$

9.

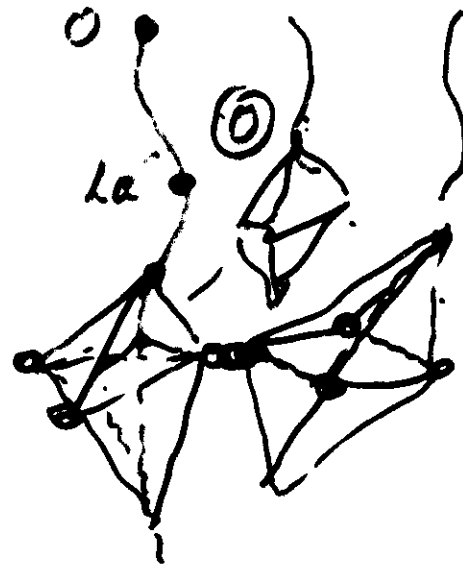


D. Johnston



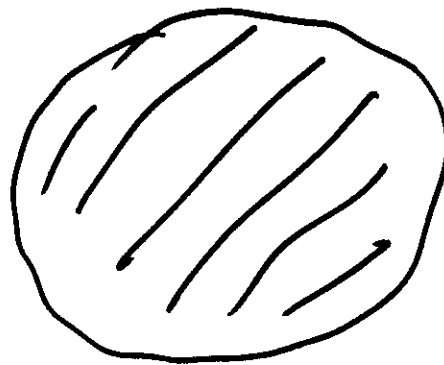
1a

0



La

6



Ac

