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# Joint DEMOCRITOS - ICTP School on CONTINUUM QUANTUM MONTE CARLO METHODS 12 - 23 January 2004

# **EXCHANGE IN QUANTUM CRYSTALS:**

### MAGNETISM AND MELTING OF THE LOW DENSITY 2D WIGNER CRYSTAL

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These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants.

























#### Aspects of PIMC Method for J State space is path space • J is computed as a ratio of and permutation space rates not as a difference • We bias distribution so the between two numbers system spends roughly the • As sampling is improved the same time in the two states error of J goes to zero. (I and P). (zero variance principle) • Note that $\beta_0 < \beta < < 1/J$ Computational effort can be We only need one value of β concentrated around the to get rate since effect of $\beta_0$ exchange. O(N) method. can be determined by confining exchange in center of world line.





WKB theory		
<ul> <li>Calculate the ratio f<sub>p</sub> by taking the most probable path, that which minimizes the action:</li> <li>S<sub>p</sub> = ∫<sub>Z</sub><sup>PZ</sup> dx√V(R(x))</li> <li>J<sub>p</sub>= A<sub>p</sub>ωB<sub>p</sub><sup>1/2</sup> exp(-B<sub>p</sub>)</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c cccc} P & b_{p}^{*} & A_{p} \\ \hline 2 & 1.66 & 5.6 \\ \hline 3 & 1.52 & 1.5 \\ \hline 4 & 1.67 & 2.9 \\ \hline 5 & 1.91 & 2.8 \\ \end{array}$	
$B_p = D_p r_s^{1/2}$ $\omega = 1/r_s^{3/2}$ is the attempt frequency.	6 1.77 2.0	
<ul> <li>At low density, exchange rate with the smallest b<sub>p</sub> will dominate. <i>C</i></li> <li>Roger (<i>PRB 30, 6432, 1984</i>) showed that P=3 dominates, implying that as r<sub>s</sub>→∞ system is ferromagnetic. <i>K</i></li> <li>However experiments will not be in the low density limit.</li> </ul>	hakravarty, cond-mat/9805383 oelker, cond-mat/0107151 atano, PRB 62, 2573 (2000).	















Vacancy-Interstitial Model	
<ol> <li>Form a vacancy-interstitial pair</li> <li>One of the pair diffuses.</li> <li>The pair is attracted by crystal stress fields</li> <li>Bound state implies eventual recombination.</li> </ol>	
5. Result is a spin exchange.	
<ul> <li>Explains similarity of J's since they have a common prefactor.</li> <li>Common density dependence of step #1</li> <li>Explains universality of spin Hamiltonian at melting as due to crystal field.</li> <li>Relation of melting to exchanges</li> </ul>	







