

# OUTLINE

**I - INTRODUCTION**

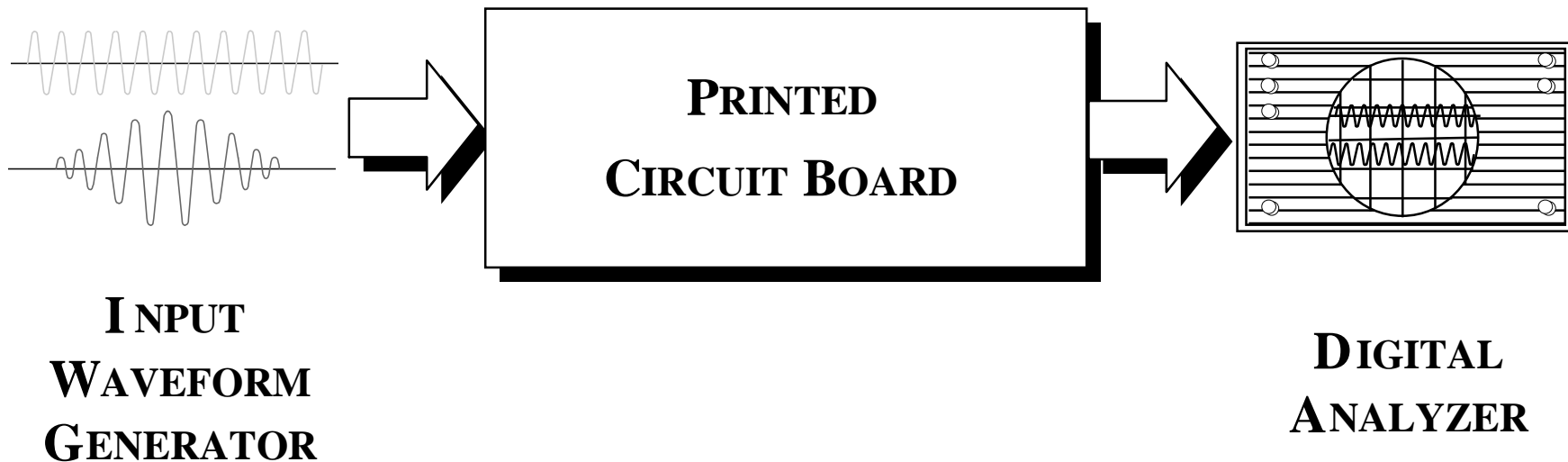
**II - DESIGN METHODOLOGY: AN OVERVIEW**

**III - ABSTRACTION LEVELS IN ALLIANCE**

**IV - VHDL: A HARDWARE DESCRIPTION LANGUAGE**

## Why an HDL ? (1)

### ✗ Hardware Solutions Limits



## Why an HDL ? (2)

- ✘ Increasing Complexity
- ✘ Increasing Cost in Time & Investment
- ✘ Increasing Knowledge Requirement

**A Software Solution is Needed**

## Why an HDL ? (3)

- ✘ Programming Language not Suited

**A Special Purpose Language : HDL**


# Why VHDL ? (1)

Circuit Manufacturers  
Fully Satisfied with their  
Proprietary HDLs...



## Why VHDL ? (2)

Problems for system manufacturers

- ✘ Different vendors  different incompatible HDLs
- ✘ Impossible to verify a whole mixed-system

## Why VHDL ? (3)

- ✗ Vendor dependency
- ✗ Design documentation exchange

**A Standard HDL from the System  
Manufacturer's Point of View: V H D L**

# V H D L

## Very High Speed Integrated Circuits (VHSIC)

### Hardware

### Description

### Language

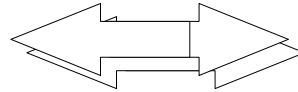


# History

- 1981: an Extensive Public Review (DOD)
- 1983: a Request for Proposal  
(Intermetrics, IBM, and Texas Instruments)
- 1986: VHDL in the Public Domain
- 1987: a Standard Language VHDL'87 (IEEE-1076)
- 1992: a New Standard VHDL'92

# Advantages & Drawbacks

Standard



Open language

✓ Vendor independent

✓ User definable

✓ Wide capabilities

✗ Complex tools

✗ Slow tools

# Abstraction Levels (1)

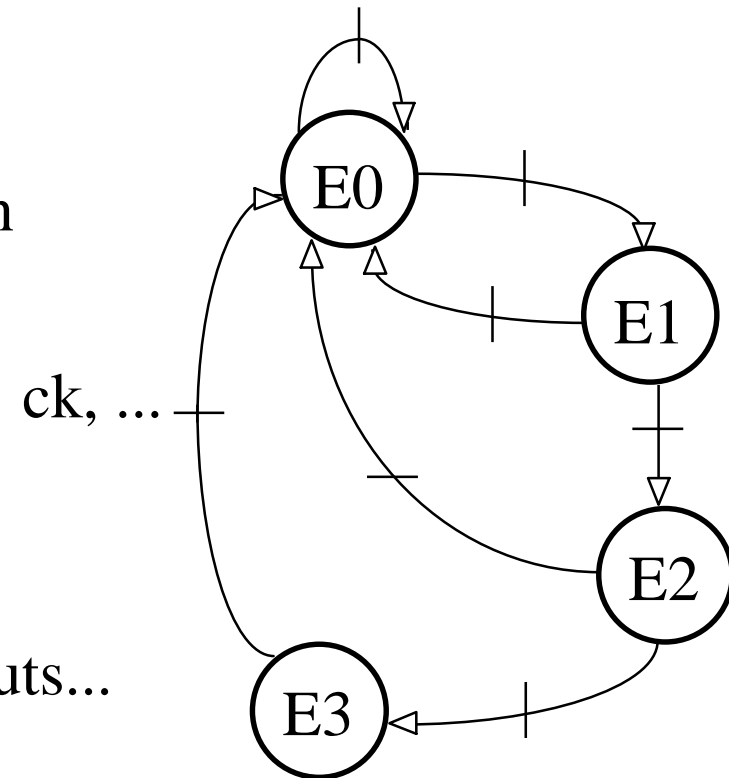
## Algorithmic Level

- Very High Abstraction Level
- Functional Interpretation of a Discrete System
- No Implementation Details
- Sequential Program-Like Description
- Programmer's Point of View

# Abstraction Levels (2)

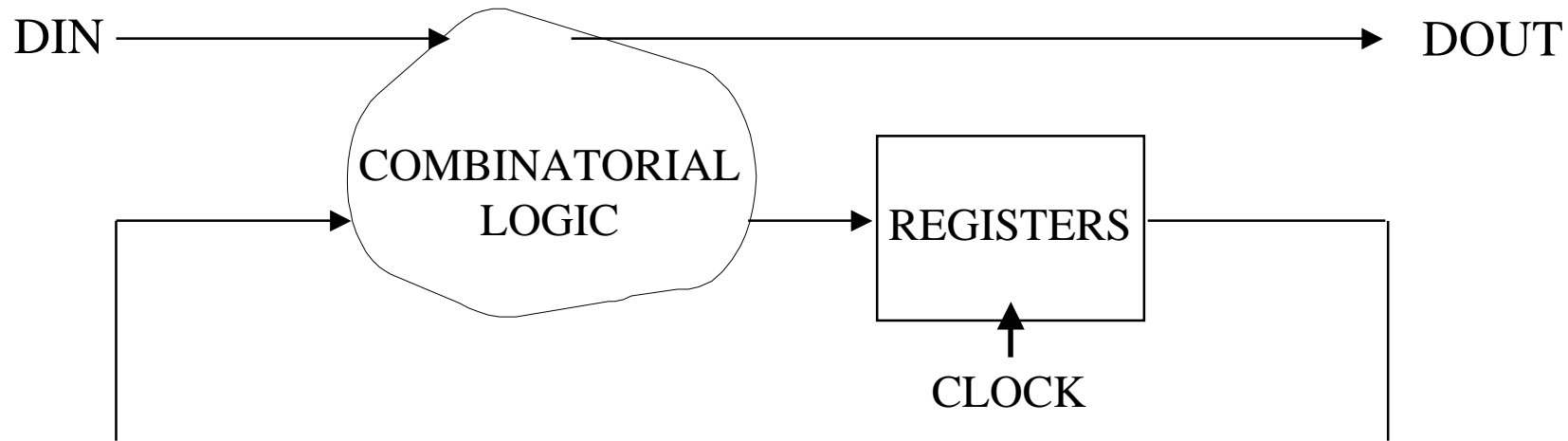
## Finite State Machine Level

- Controller Part of a Digital Design
- Internal States
- State Changes Driven by:
  - ✧ Status Information
  - ✧ Clock and other External Inputs...



## Abstraction Levels (3)

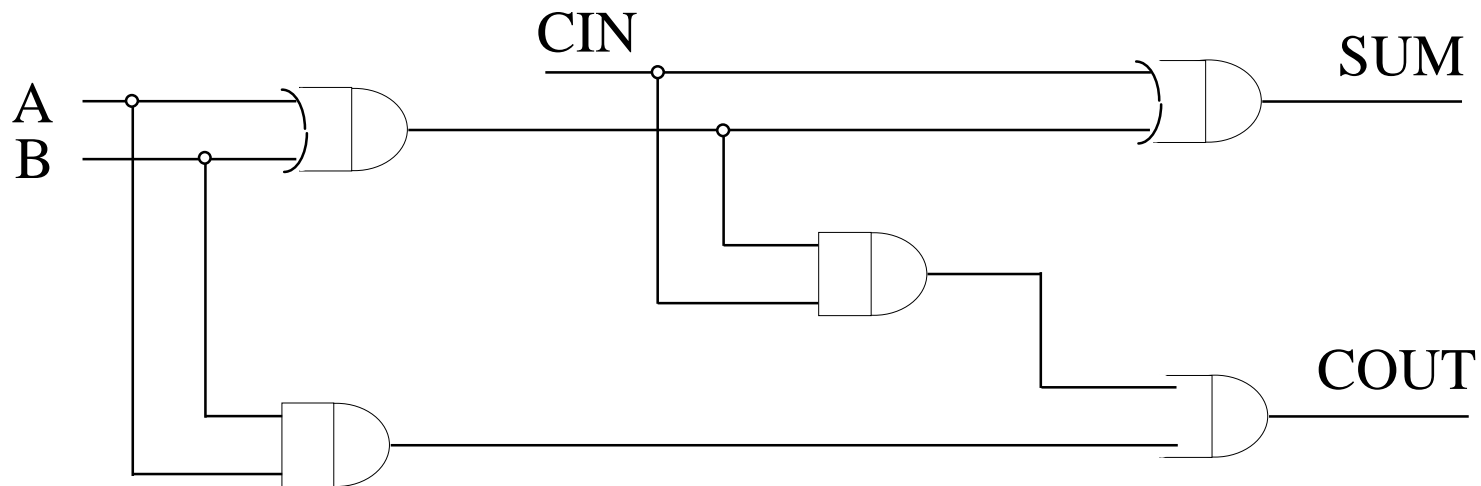
### Register Transfer Level



- Registers Connected by Combinatorial Logic
- Very Close to the Hardware

# Abstraction Levels (4)

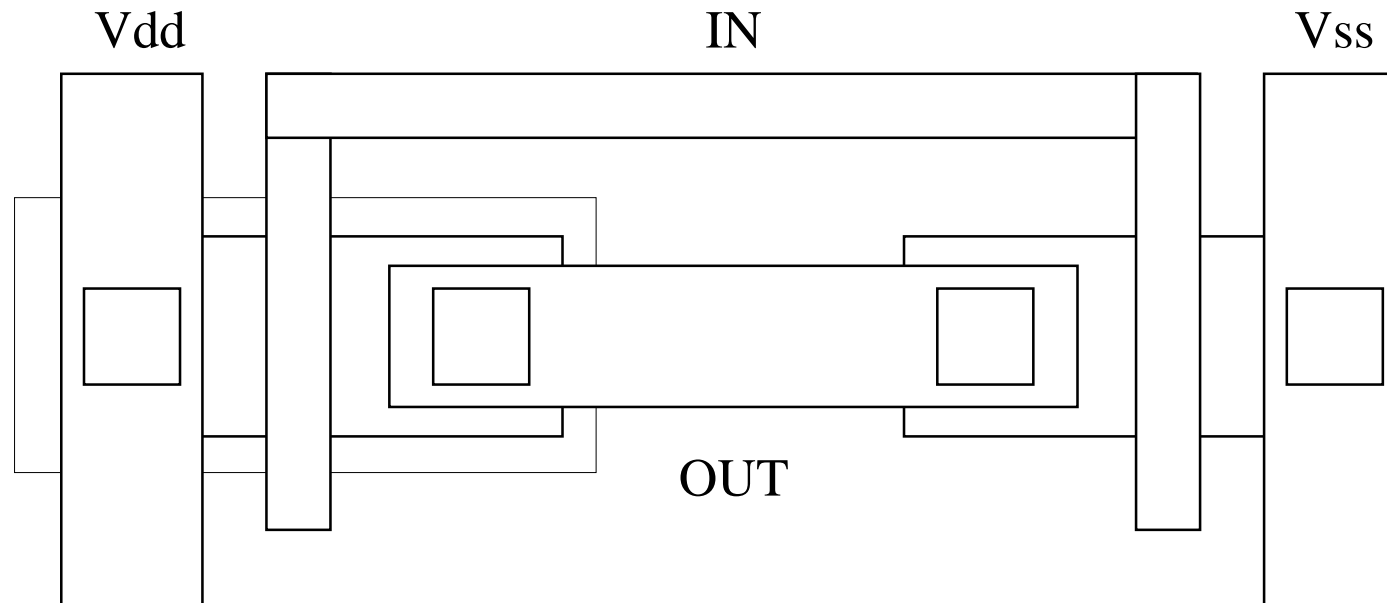
## Gate Level



- A Gate Net-List Describing Instantiation of Models

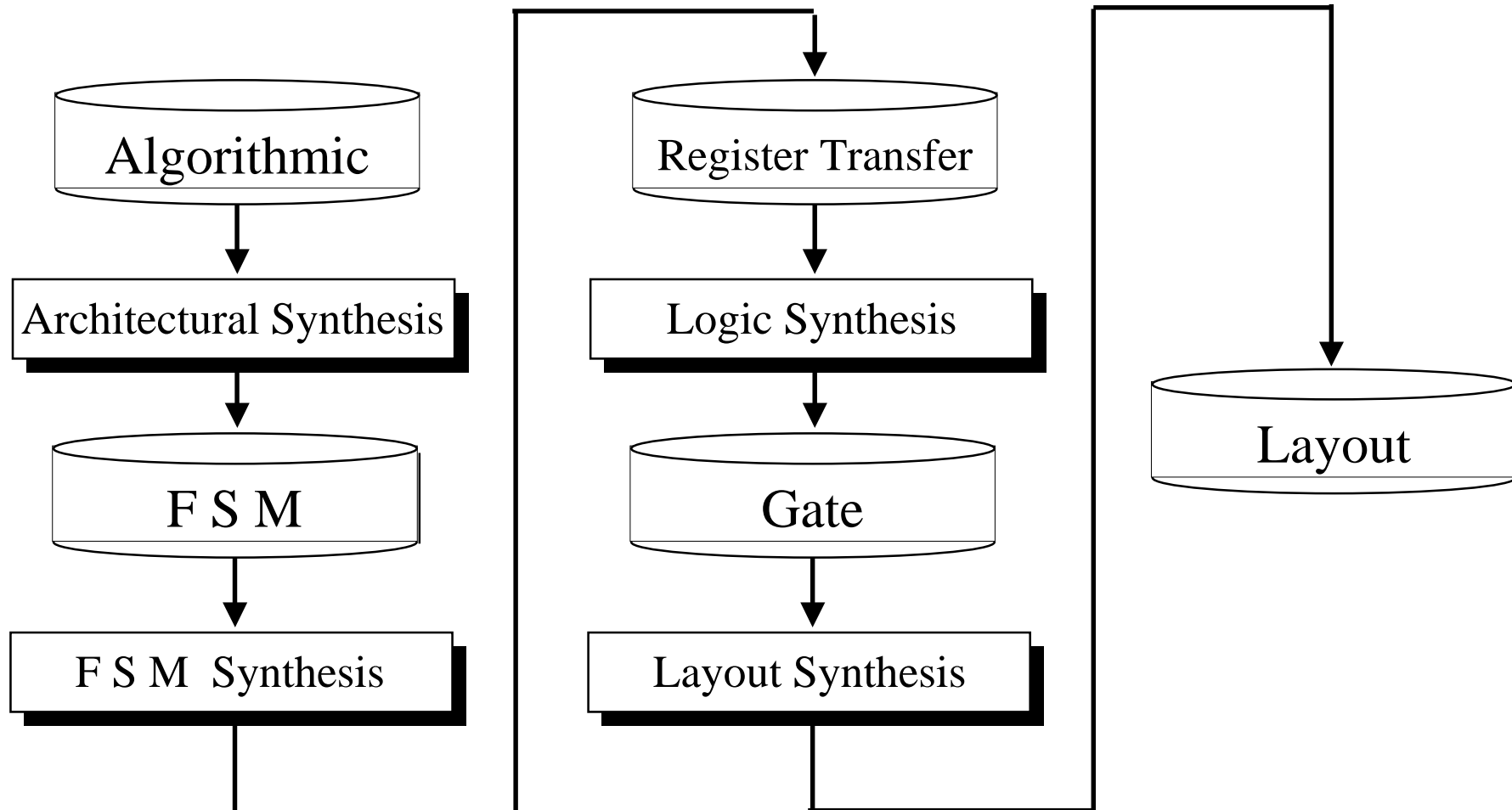
# Abstraction Levels (5)

## Layout Level



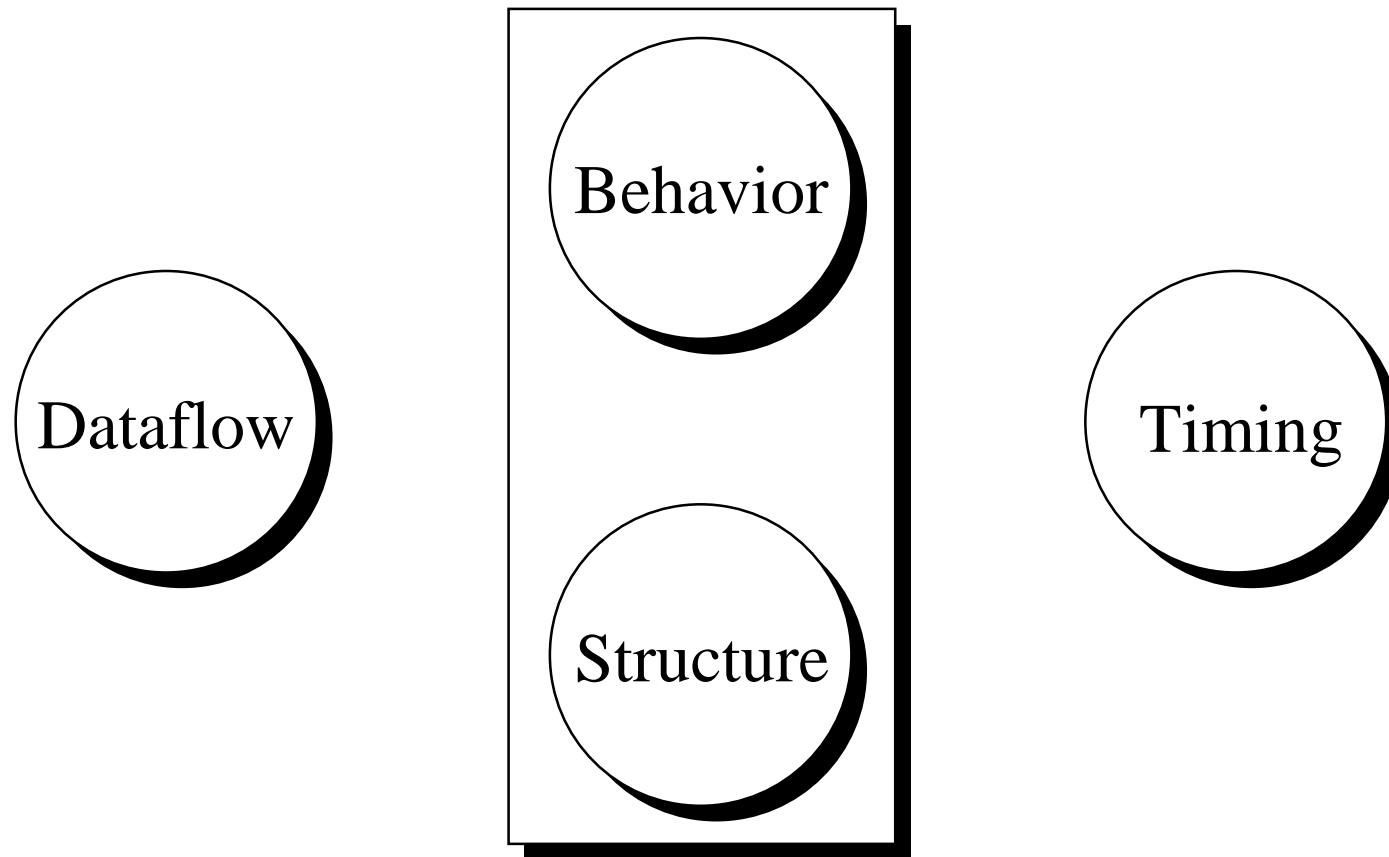
- A Set of Segments and Layers

# Synthesis Flow

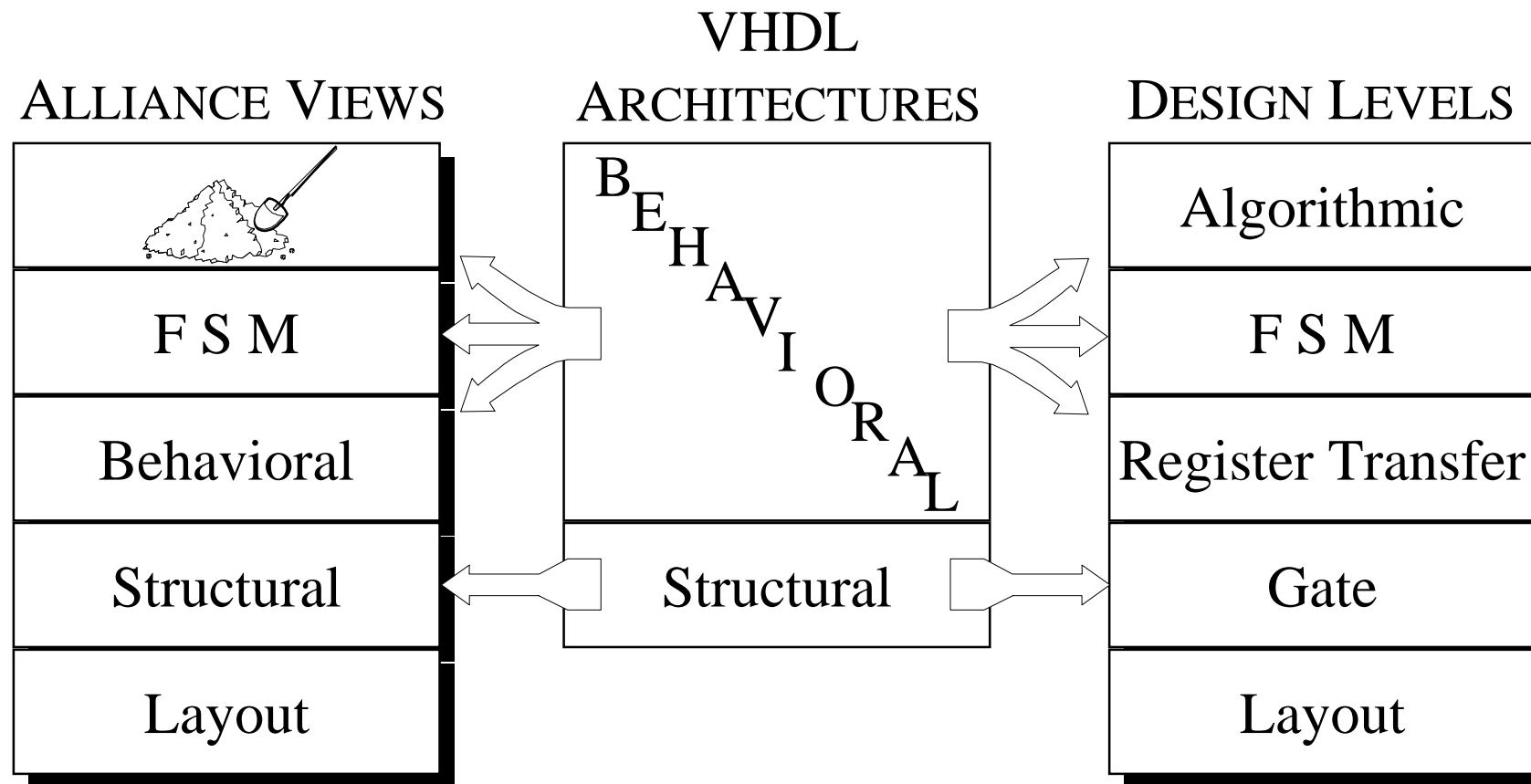




# VHDL Main Features



# VHDL Architectures



# A Dataflow Language (1)

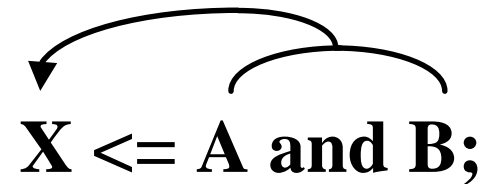
**CONTROLFLOW**  $\neq$  **DATAFLOW**

EX: C language assignment

**X = A & B;**

X is computed out of A and B ONLY each time this assignment is executed

EX: VHDL signal assignment



**X <= A and B;**

A PERMANENT link is created between A, B, and X

X is computed out of A and B WHENEVER A or B change

## A Dataflow Language (2)

**CONTROLFLOW**  $\neq$  **DATAFLOW**

EX: C language assignment

**X = A & B;**

-----

**X = C & D;**

✓ YES

EX: VHDL assignment

~~**X <= A and B;**~~

-----

~~**X <= C and D;**~~

✗ NO