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Integrable spin chains and string/gauge theory duality

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These are preliminary lecture notes, intended only for distribution to participants.

Integrable Spin Chains and String/Gauge Theory Duality

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Motivation: Holography

- **The Gauge/String Theory Duality**
(t'Hooft; Polyakov: 1970's)
- **The Holographic Principle**
(t' Hooft; Susskind:1993)
- **The AdS/CFT(SCYM) Correspondence**
(Maldacena, 1997)

**The key to understand holography:
to find strings in gauge theory!**

Gauge/String Theory Duality (History)

- 't Hooft large-N Limit: (say, for U(N) group)

$N \rightarrow \infty, g \rightarrow 0$, with $\lambda = g_{YM}^2 N$ fixed

Planar diagrams are dominant

Summation of **planar diagrams**

= Emergence of **string worldsheet**

- In (confining) QCD,

Color **flux tube** = QCD **string**

or in loop equation formalism,

Wilson **loop** $\oint A_\mu dx^\mu$

= **string-like dynamical variable**



Maldacena Conjecture: AdS/SCYM (AdS/CFT) Duality

- IIB string theory on $AdS_5 \times S^5$ (w/ N 5-flux)
= D=4, $\tilde{N}=4$ SYM (w/ $U(N)$ gauge group)

- Share same symmetry groups

- A realization of holography:

Bulk propagation \longleftrightarrow

Boundary correlations

- Plane-wave (BMN) limit:

Boosting along an angular direction on S^5

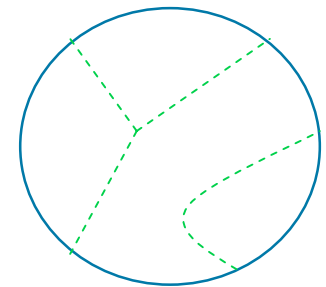
\Rightarrow Plane gravitational wave background

- IIB string theory in plane wave limit is solvable

- New way to test AdS/SCYM duality

Calculate anomalous dimension in $\tilde{N}=4$ SYM

Compare with string spectrum in plane wave



BMN limit in $\tilde{N}=4$ SYM

- **Bosonic Field content:**

$$A_\mu, \phi^i \ (i = 1, \dots, 6) \text{ **adjoint**}$$

- **J(=L) rotates**

$$Z = \phi^5 + i\phi^6$$

Δ measures the dimension

- **The BMN limit**

$$g_{YM}^2 N \rightarrow \infty, J \rightarrow \infty, J^2 / g_{YM}^2 N \text{ **fixed**}$$

- **So**

$$N \rightarrow \infty, J \rightarrow \infty, J^2 / N \text{ **fixed**}$$

and

$$g_{YM} \ll 1 \text{ **fixed is allowed**}$$

(Perturbative regime in SYM is now **allowed!)**



Spin Chain in SYM (I)

(Minahan and Zarembo, 2002)

Consider long composite operators

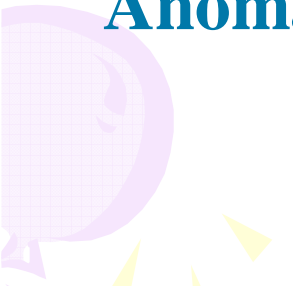
$$\hat{O}_I(x) = \text{Tr} \{ \phi^{i_1}(x) \phi^{i_2}(x) \dots \phi^{i_L}(x) \}$$



They get mixed under one-loop renormalization:

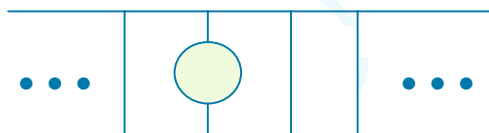
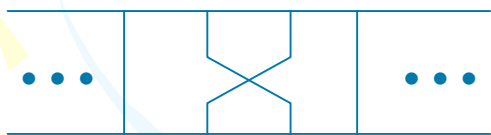
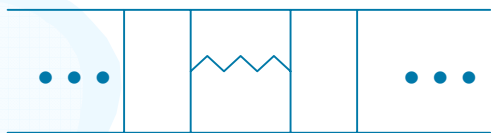
$$\hat{O}_I^{(bare)}(x) = \sum_J Z_{IJ} \hat{O}_J^{(ren)}(x)$$

Anomalous Dimension Matrix


$$\Gamma \equiv (\gamma_{IJ}) \quad \gamma_{IJ} = \mu \frac{\partial \ln Z_{IJ}(\mu)}{\partial \mu} \Big|_{\lambda^{(ren)}}$$

Spin Chain in SYM (II): Planar One-Loop Results

Large-N \Rightarrow Planar \Rightarrow Nearest-neighbor interactions

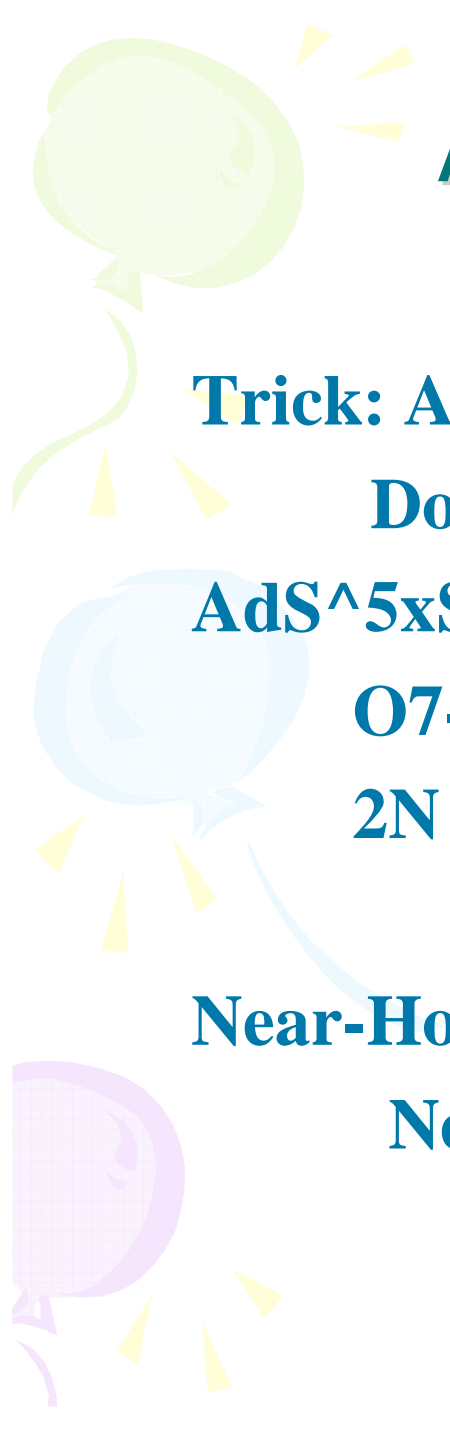


$$\Gamma = \frac{\lambda}{16 \pi^2} \sum_l \{ K_{l,l+1} - 2 P_{l,l+1} + 2 \}$$

$$K_{l,l+1} = \delta_{i_l i_{l+1}} \delta_{j_l j_{l+1}}$$

$$P_{l,l+1} = \delta_{i_l}^{j_{l+1}} \delta_{i_{l+1}}^{j_l}$$

Γ is the Hamiltonian of an integrable SO(6) spin chain!



A Gauge Theory Dual for Open Strings (I)

Trick: Adding D-branes: where open string ends

Doing orientifolding: un-oriented strings

AdS⁵ × S⁵/Z₂ Orientifold: (BGMNN)

O7-Plane + 4 D7-branes: at $x^7 = x^8 = 0$

2N D3-branes: in x^1, x^2, x^3 directions

Near-Horizon Limit of D3-branes:

Neumann: x^1 to x^6 , x^9 : $(x^5, x^6) \Rightarrow (Z, \bar{Z})$

Dirichlet: $(x^7, x^8) \Rightarrow (W, \bar{W})$

A Gauge Theory Dual for Open Strings (II)

Gauge Theory Dual: $D=4$, $\tilde{N}=2$ $Sp(N)$ theory

Vector multiplet: (V,W) adjoint

**Hypermultiplet: (Z,Z') anti-symmetric
 $(3,3)$ strings**

**4 Hypermultiplets: (\tilde{q}_A, q_A) fundamental
 $(A=1,...,4)$ $(3,7)$ strings**

In $\tilde{N}=1$ language, V : vector supermultiplet

All others: chiral supermultiplets

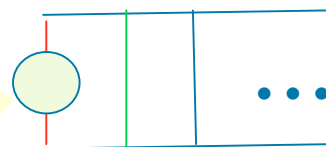
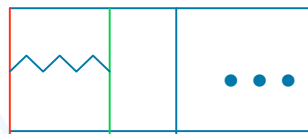
Superpotential: $\hat{W} \sim \underline{q_A W \tilde{q}_A} + tr\{(\Omega W)(\Omega Z)(\Omega Z')\}$

Anomalous Dimension and Open Spin Chain

Composite operators: $\hat{O}_I^{(open)} = \lambda_{pq} Q^p \Omega(\Phi_{i_1} \Omega) \cdots (\Phi_{i_L} \Omega) Q^q$
 ($\Phi=Z, Z', W$;
 invariant 2-tensor) “quarks” $\Omega=$

Bulk Interactions: the same as in D=4, $\tilde{N}=4$ SYM (A Theorem)

Bdry Interactions: additional Feynman diagrams!



$$\Gamma_{open} = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi^2} \sum_{l=1}^{L-1} (1 - P_{l,l+1}) + \frac{\lambda}{4\pi^2} (\Sigma_1 + \Sigma_2)$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \Sigma \otimes I \otimes \cdots \otimes I \text{ integrable}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = I \otimes \cdots \otimes I \otimes \Sigma \text{ bdry terms!}$$

Γ is the Hamiltonian of an $\Sigma = \text{diag}(0,0,1)$
 integrable open SU(3) spin chain!

Matching Open String Spectrum

Open String Spectrum:

$$\Delta - L = 1 + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} N_n \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi g_s N n^2}{L}}$$

Algebraic Bethe Ansatz:

Ground state: (Ferromagnetic pseudo-vacuum)

$$|0\rangle \sim Q^p \Omega (Z\Omega)^L Q^q \quad (\Delta - L = 1; E_0 = 0)$$

Single Z' excitation (in Neumann direction; $\Delta-L=2$)

$$\gamma_{Z'} = \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \sin^2 \frac{n\pi}{2L} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 \lambda}{4L} = \frac{\pi g_s N n^2}{2L^2}$$

Single W excitation (in Dirichlet direction; $\Delta-L=2$)

$$\gamma_W = \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \sin^2 \frac{n\pi}{2(L+1)} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 \lambda}{4L} = \frac{\pi g_s N n^2}{2L^2} = \gamma_{Z'}$$

Semi-classical spinning strings: Beyond BMN limit

- Gauge theory: **Spin chain** excitations with
Bethe roots of finite density
- ✓ **SO(6): rank 3, allowing at most**
three commuting (J_1, J_2, J_3)
- ✓ **String side: Spinning strings as**
classical solutions (eqs of motion + Virasoro)
- ✓ Gauge theory: **Spin chain** excitations with
Bethe roots of finite density (Frolov, Tseytin et al.)
- ✓ **Open spinning strings and open spin chains**
(Chen, Wang and Wu; Stefanski)

Non-Linear Sigma Model as Continuum Limit of Spin Chain

- ✓ **Well-Known limiting procedure**
in Condensed matter theory
- ✓ **Non-linear sigma model describes**
first quantized strings
- **Spin chain induced non-linear sigma**
model reproduces a sector of
string theory in $AdS_5 \times S^5$
(Kruczenski and et al.)

? String excitations = spin waves

? How about string interactions

Further Developments

✓ Higher orders and non-planar diagrams

two-, three loops: numerical

Non-planar: NNN-interactions (several groups)

? To all orders, a long-ranged spin chain?

✓ Incorporating fermions: PSU(2,2|4) spin chain?

(Beisert, Staudacher, et al.)

✓ Other Susy scalar or gauge field theories:

Orbifolded gauge theories, Wess-Zumino models:

(Wang and Wu; Rioban)

✓ Spinning strings as spin chain excitations

✓ Nonlinear sigma model as continuum limit of spin chain:

? Toward a precise formulation

of gauge/string duality?



Summary

- ✓ **Integrable spin chain emerges in perturbative gauge theories, out of Feynman diagrams!**
- ✓ **Gauge/string duality can now be tested at string level (beyond supergravity) for plane-wave limit and spinning strings**

Implications: The door is just open for having

- **A profound relation between Yang-Baxter and Yang-Mills**
- **better understanding of Holography, namely AdS/CFT or gauge/string theory duality**

Speculation on Directions to Go

- There seems to be interesting **integrable or quantum group (e.g. Yangian) symmetry structure** hidden in (perturbative) gauge or string theory (related to **twistors**?)
- There should be **new way** to formulate or construct string theory (using **gauge theory or discrete spin chain**)
- Condensed matter theory may inspire **ideas for missing links in string theory:**
 - ? **Rich phases in Strongly correlated systems**
 - ? **Effects of Non-commutative geometry**