

Ray tracing Laboratory

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SHADOWVUI is a visual interface to the [SHADOW](http://www.esrf.eu/computing/scientific/xop2.1/shadowvui/index.html) x-ray tracing program:
<http://www.esrf.eu/computing/scientific/xop2.1/shadowvui/index.html>

Exercises

Demagnification with a single mirror

Example 1

Let us consider a square source, 50micron X 50micron, with uniform angular divergence 0.5mrad X 0.5mrad.

We want to create a 10micron vertical spot, so we try to demagnify the source by a factor of 5.

We start with a single spherical mirror, with:

$r=500\text{cm}$ (distance source-mirror)

$r'=100\text{cm}$ (distance mirror-tangential focus)

$i=88^\circ$ (incidence angle from the normal)

Radius of the mirror?

Footprint size on the mirror?

Vertical spot size?

Example 2

As example 1, but we double the source-mirror and mirror-focus distances:

$r=1000\text{cm}$ (distance source-mirror)

$r'=200\text{cm}$ (distance mirror-tangential focus)

Radius of the mirror?

Footprint size on the mirror?

Vertical spot size?

Example 3

Now, let us change the demagnification: $D=3$ instead of 5.

$r=600\text{cm}$ (distance source-mirror)

$r'=200\text{cm}$ (distance mirror-tangential focus)

Radius of the mirror?

Footprint size on the mirror?

Vertical spot size?

Example 4

Now, let us repeat example 3 changing the mirror: let us put an elliptical cylinder.

$r=600\text{cm}$ (distance source-mirror)

$r'=200\text{cm}$ (distance mirror-tangential focus)

Semi-axis a and b of the mirror?

Footprint size on the mirror?

Vertical spot size?

Example 5

Now, let us repeat example 1 changing the mirror: let us put a cylinder working sagittally.

$r=500\text{cm}$ (distance source-mirror)

$r'=100\text{cm}$ (distance mirror-tangential focus)

Sagittal radius of the mirror? ($r_0=5.8165\text{cm}$)

How is the spot?

Resolving power of a spherical grating

Example 6

Let us consider a source, $250\mu\text{m} \times 10\mu\text{m}$, with uniform angular divergence

$0.1\text{mrad} \times 0.1\text{mrad}$, and a spherical grating:

$r=400\text{cm}$ (distance source-grating)

$r'=150\text{cm}$ (distance grating-tangential focus)

Radius= 2000 cm

$N=6000\text{ l/cm}$ (groove density)

First external order: $k=1$ (Shadow convention)

$\alpha=80.94452^\circ$ (incidence angle from the normal)

$\beta=84.254^\circ$ (diffraction angle from the normal)

Vertical spot size?

We want to know the resolving power R . Let us check that $R>10000$

One possibility is to generate a source with 2 energies: 99.995eV and 100.005eV , and ray-trace. If the two images at the focal plane are resolved, then $R>10000$

($R=100\text{eV}/10\text{meV}=10000$)

Example 7

The second method consists in generating a source with uniform energy and check the energy distribution of the radiation that is passed through an exit slit. Let us do the case :
exit slit width= $10\mu\text{m}$

$R=?$