

Conversion of MNSR (PARR-2) from HEU to LEU Fuel

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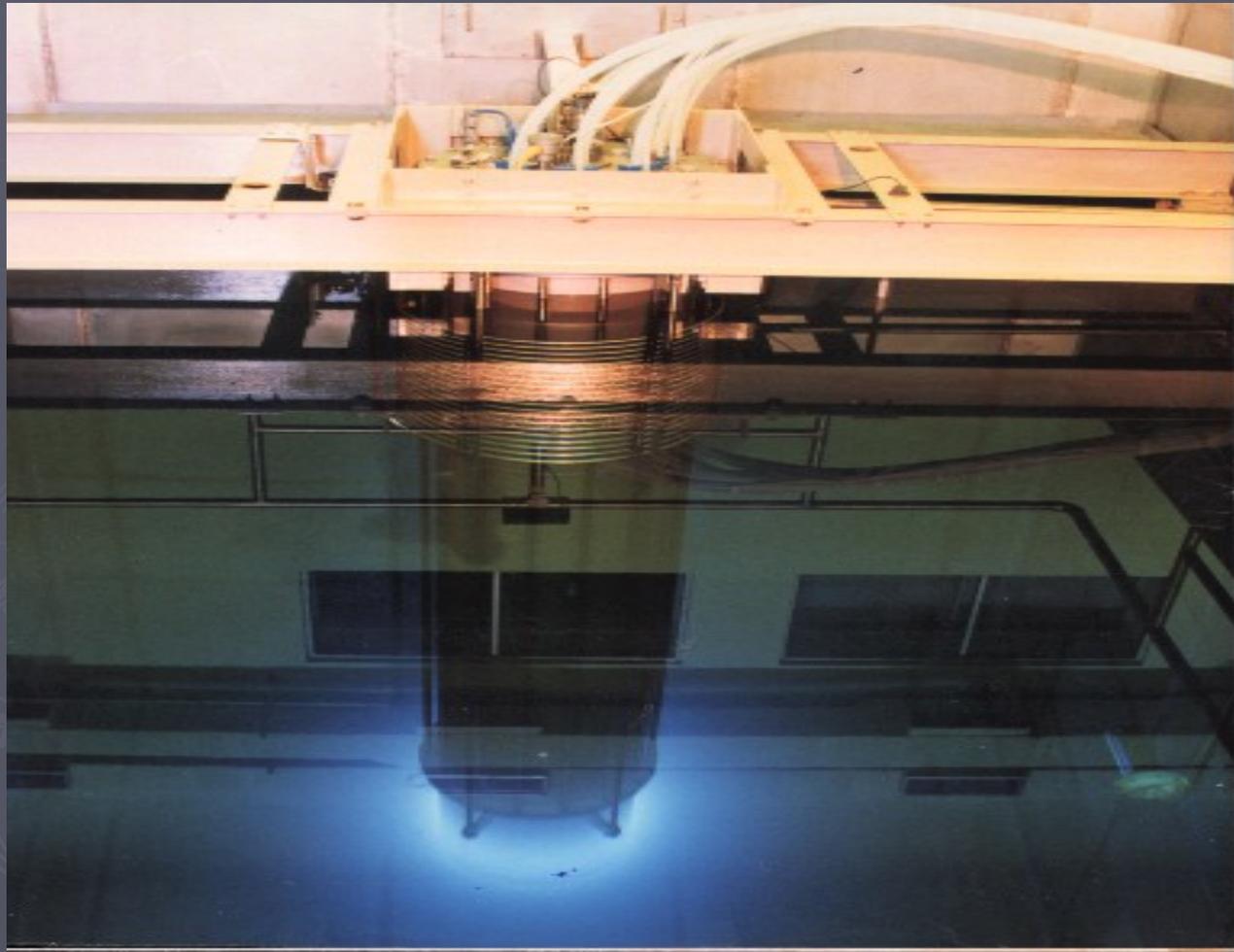
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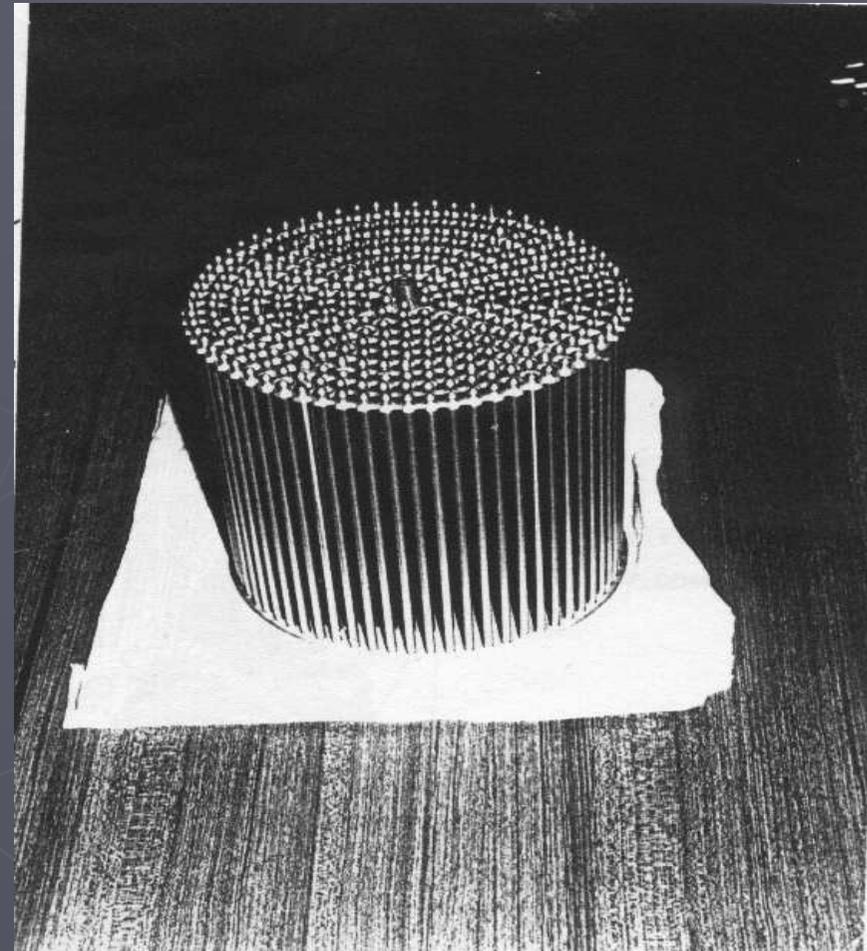
Pakistan Research Reactor-2 (PARR-2)



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Core Configuration

- ▶ HEU fuel pins with 90.2% enriched in ^{235}U
- ▶ Number of fuel pins 344
- ▶ Fuel material $\text{UAl}_4\text{-Al}$
- ▶ Number of dummy pins 6
- ▶ Number of tie rods 4
- ▶ Central Control Rod 1
- ▶ Each fuel pin contains about 2.9g of ^{235}U



Data for Neutronic Analyses

Fuel pin dimensions

▶ *HEU Fuel*

- 4.3 mm diameter of fuel meat and 0.6mm Al clad thickness, 5.5mm outer diameter of fuel pin

▶ *LEU Fuel*

- 4.3 mm diameter of fuel meat and 0.6mm Zircalloy-4 clad thickness, 5.5mm outer diameter of fuel pin
- 4.2 mm diameter of fuel meat and 0.45mm Zircalloy-4 clad thickness, 5.1mm outer diameter of fuel pin

- ▶ HEU and LEU fuel pins have 248 mm height with 230mm active height

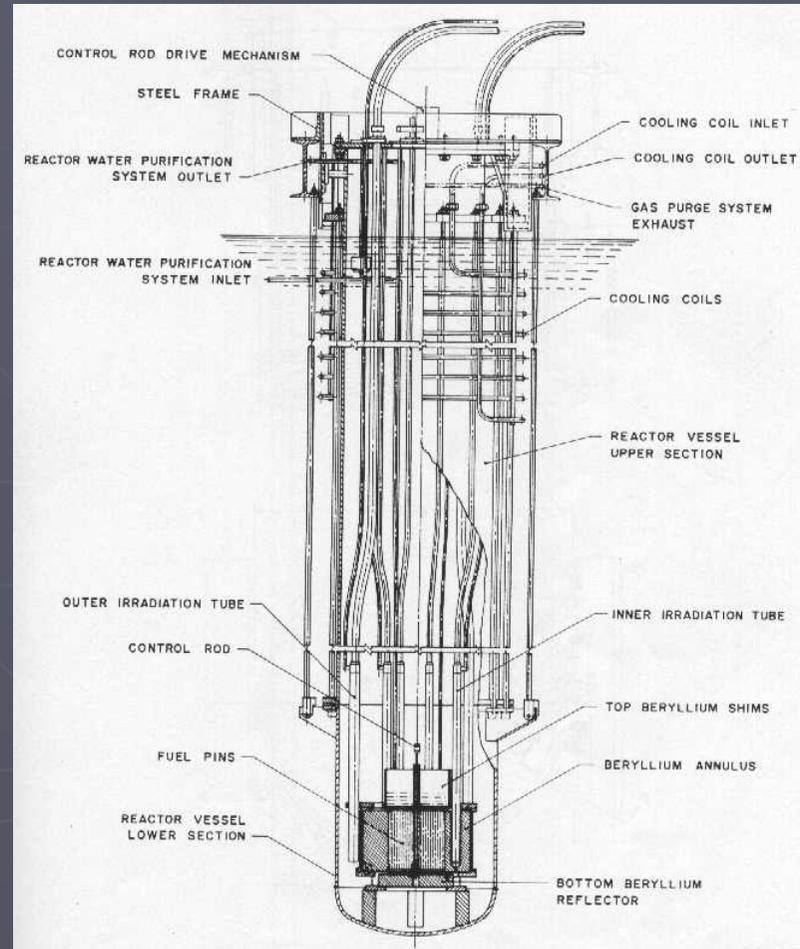
▶ *Control Rod Dimensions*

- One centrally located Cadmium control rod with 3.9 mm diameter and 0.5 mm SS clad

▶ *Beryllium Reflector*

- 102 mm thick annular beryllium and 50 mm thick bottom beryllium reflector

Fig. 1: Reactor Vessel Cross section



Methodology for Neutronic Analysis

- ▶ Lattice Calculations were performed employing WIMSD code
- ▶ WIMSD uses 69 groups, multi region integral transport theory to solve the neutron transport equation for the lattice cells
- ▶ Unit fuel cell of PARR-2 core for HEU and LEU fuel was modeled in WIMS
- ▶ Similar unit cells were developed for Cross-section calculations of beryllium reflector, grid plate, reflecting water, irradiation positions, shim tray, control rod follower and control rod absorber material.

Methodology (Continued)

- ▶ 3-Dimensional Core modeling was performed in CITATION code using XYZ geometry
- ▶ Same reactor model was used for the analysis of HEU and proposed LEU cores of PARR-2
- ▶ Modeling in CITATION was achieved by conserving the total area of core and beryllium reflector

Fig. 2: Top View of Core

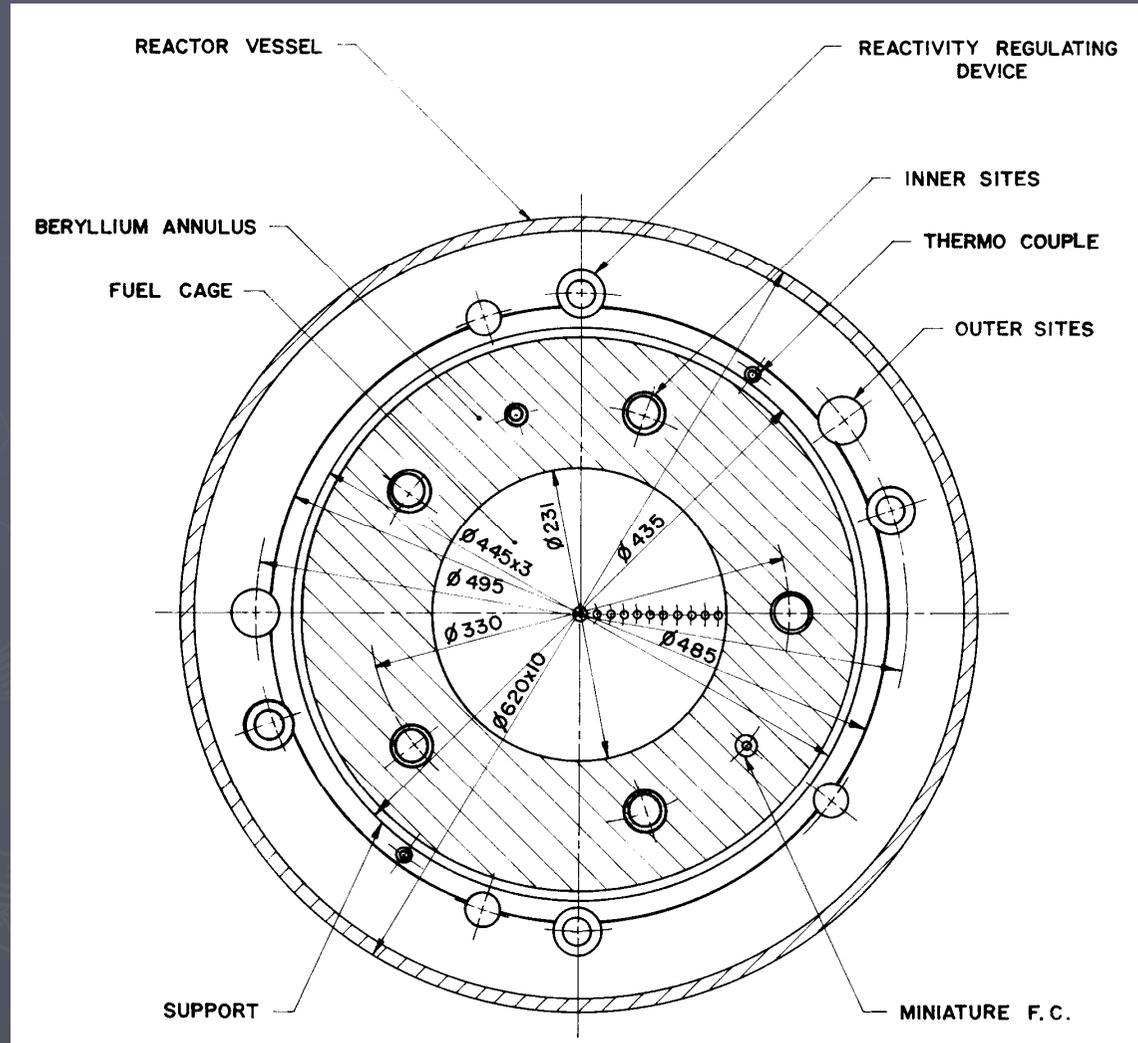
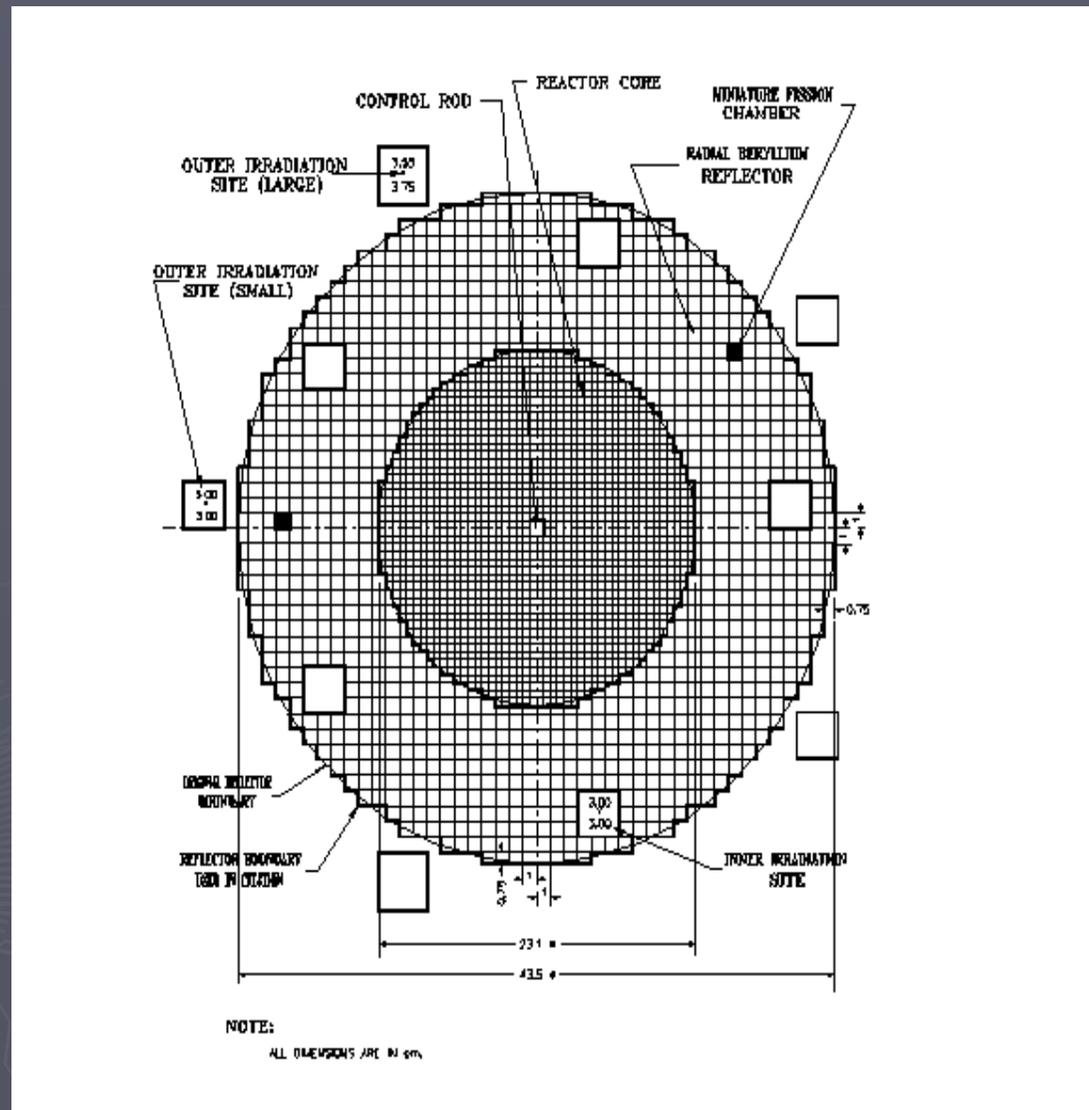


Fig. 3: Core Modeling in CITATION



Results

Table 1: Core Characteristics

Fuel Material	U-Density	U²³⁵ (g) in Core	Criticality Position (Rod cm out)	Excess Reactivity (mk)	Shut Down Margin (mk)	Control Rod Worth (mk)
HEU (U-Al alloy) 90.2% enriched Pin dia 5.5mm	0.92g/cm ³	995	9.0	4.046	-2.344	-6.39
LEU (U₂O₃ fuel) 12.6% enriched Pin dia 5.5mm	9.35g/cm ³	1353	7.0	4.007	-1.43	-5.437
LEU (U₂O₃ fuel) 12.3% enriched Pin dia 5.1mm	9.35g/cm ³	1264	7.0	4.160	-1.498	-5.658

Table 2: Average Values of Reactivity Coefficients

Fuel	Parameter	Temp. Range (°C)	Average Value
HEU (U-Al) Pin dia 5.5mm 90.2 % Enriched	Moderator Temp.Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-100	-6.5291
	Doppler Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-400	-0.1397
	Void Coeff. (pcm/%void)	0-100	-337.67
LEU (UO₂) Pin dia 5.5mm 12.6 % Enriched	Moderator Temp.Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-100	-3.9659
	Doppler Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-400	-1.3951
	Void Coeff. (pcm/%void)	0-100	-356.22
LEU (UO₂) Pin dia 5.1mm 12.3 % Enriched	Moderator Temp.Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-100	-4.1985
	Doppler Coeff. (pcm/ °C)	0-400	-1.34239
	Void Coeff. (pcm/%void)	0-100	-348.355

Table 3: Flux at Inner Irradiation Sites and Fission Chambers

Fuel Material	Reactor Power (kw)	Flux at Inner Sites (#/cm ² -sec)			Flux at Fission Chambers (#/cm ² -sec)		
		Fast (0.821Mev-10Mev)	Epithermal (0.625ev-0.821Mev)	Thermal (0ev-0.625ev)	Fast (0.821Mev-10Mev)	Epithermal (0.625ev-0.821Mev)	Thermal (0ev-0.625ev)
(U-Al alloy) Pin dia 5.5mm 90.2% enriched	30	1.40E+11	5.72E+11	1.02E+12	1.46E+11	6.67E+11	1.09E+12
(U ₂ O ₃ fuel) Pin dia 5.5mm 12.6% enriched	30	1.35E+11	5.58E+11	9.36E+11	1.40E+11	6.50E+11	9.96E+11
	32	1.44E+11	5.95E+11	9.98E+11	1.49E+11	6.93E+11	1.06E+12
	33	1.48E+11	6.14E+11	1.03E+12	1.54E+11	7.15E+11	1.10E+12
(U ₂ O ₃ fuel) Pin dia 5.1mm 12.3% enriched	30	1.33E+11	5.49E+11	9.41E+11	1.39E+11	6.40E+11	1.00E+12
	32	1.42E+11	5.86E+11	1.00E+12	1.48E+11	6.82E+11	1.07E+12
	33	1.47E+11	6.04E+11	1.04E+12	1.52E+11	7.04E+11	1.10E+12

Table 4: Flux at Outer Irradiation Sites

Fuel Material	Reactor Power (kw)	Flux at Three Small Outer Sites (#/cm ² -sec)			Flux at Two large Outer Sites (#/cm ² -sec)		
		Fast (0.821Mev-10Mev)	Epithermal (0.625ev-0.821Mev)	Thermal (0ev-0.625ev)	Fast (0.821Me v-10Mev)	Epithermal (0.625ev-0.821Mev)	Thermal (0ev-0.625ev)
(U-Al alloy) Pin dia 5.5mm 90.2% enriched	30	3.20E+10	1.22E+11	5.30E+11	2.88E+10	1.08E+11	4.75E+11
(Uo ₂ fuel) Pin dia 5.5mm 12.6% enriched	30	3.08E+10	1.18E+11	4.98E+11	2.77E+10	1.05E+11	4.47E+11
	32	3.28E+10	1.26E+11	5.32E+11	2.95E+10	1.12E+11	4.77E+11
	33	3.38E+10	1.30E+11	5.48E+11	3.05E+10	1.16E+11	4.92E+11
(Uo ₂ fuel) Pin dia 5.1mm 12.3% enriched	30	3.05E+10	1.17E+11	4.96E+11	2.74E+10	1.04E+11	4.45E+11
	32	3.25E+10	1.25E+11	5.29E+11	2.93E+10	1.11E+11	4.75E+11
	33	3.35E+10	1.28E+11	5.46E+11	3.02E+10	1.14E+11	4.90E+11

Fig.4: Axial Thermal Flux Profile at Inner Irradiation Sites at 30kW

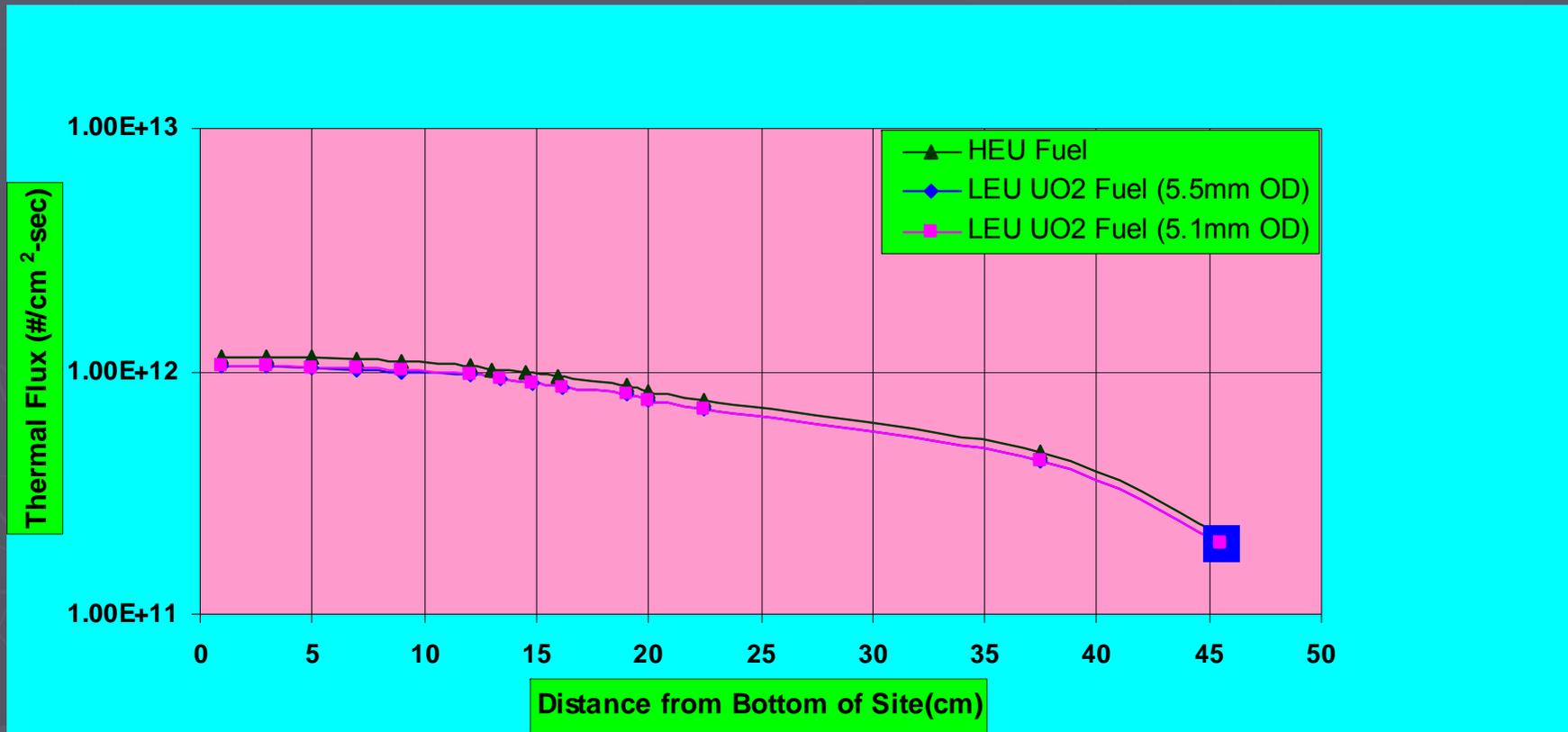
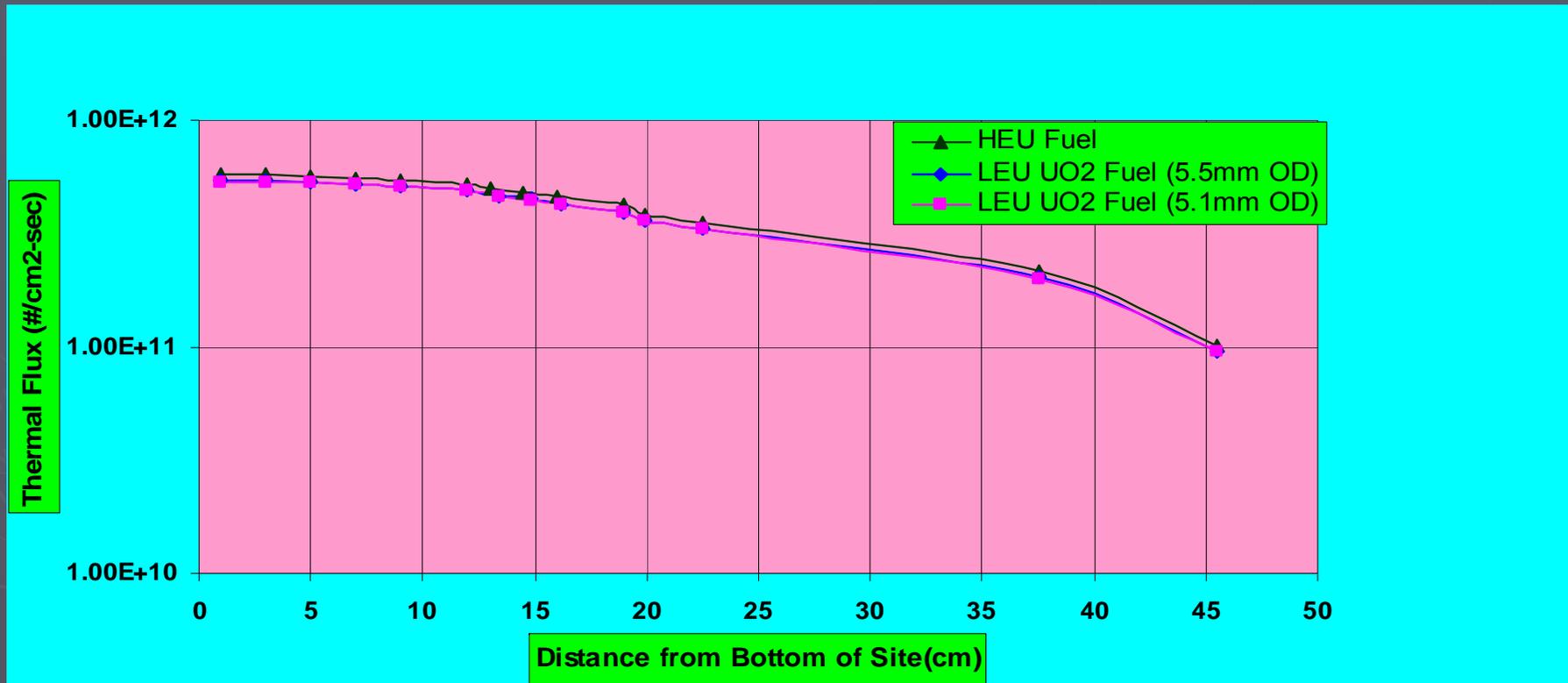


Fig.5: Axial Thermal Flux Profile at outer Irradiation Sites at 30kW



Conclusions

- ▶ Neutronic analyses of HEU (90.2% enriched) core through WIMS and CITATION gives results that are comparable to the experimental values. This validates the reactor model
- ▶ Analysis of LEU (UO_2 fuel pin dia 5.5mm with 12.6% enrichment and UO_2 fuel pin dia 5.1mm with 12.3% enrichment) core gives results, which qualify both LEU UO_2 fuel for future LEU core of MNSR
- ▶ Keeping in view the criterion of 4mk excess reactivity, LEU fuel with reduced pin dimensions should be 12.3% enriched while LEU fuel having consistent dimensions with HEU fuel should be 12.6% enriched
- ▶ Neutron flux for LEU fuel at irradiation sites is slightly lower for the reactor operating at 30 kW power. However 33kW operation of LEU fuelled reactor gives desired results.

Acknowledgement

This study is the outcome of part of the IAEA Coordinated Research Project (CRP) entitled "Conversion of Miniature Neutron Research Reactors (MNSR) to Low Enrichment Uranium (LEU)"

A photograph of several purple flowers, possibly poppies, in a field of tall, golden-brown grass. The flowers are in various stages of bloom. The text "THANK YOU" is overlaid in a bold, red, sans-serif font in the upper center of the image.

THANK YOU

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