



1944-25

Joint ICTP-IAEA Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

19 - 30 May 2008

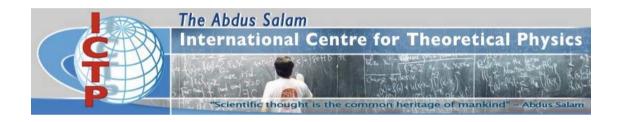
Nuclear Data Libraries: Where? How?

MENGONI Alberto

ENEA
Applied Physics Section
V. Don Fiammelli. 2
40128 Bologna
ITALY



International Atomic Energy Agency

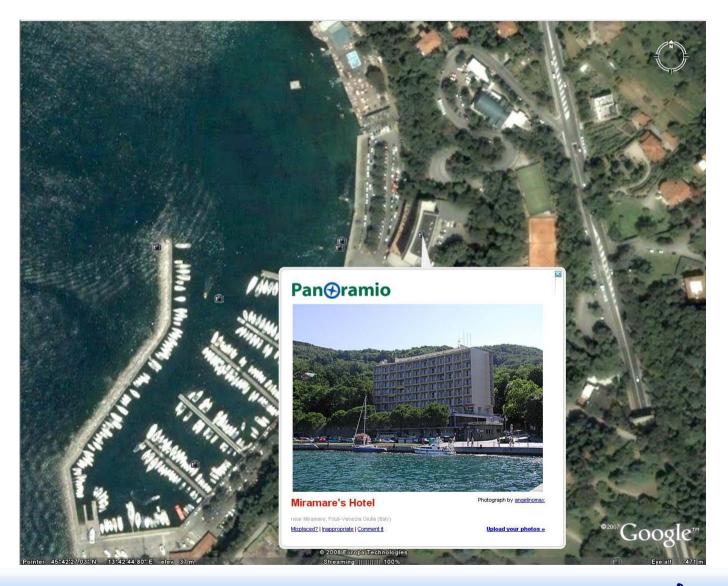


Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

Welcome!

Alberto Mengoni IAEA, Vienna





Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies



Rationale for a Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

Both the development and maintenance of nuclear technologies rely on the availability of atomic, molecular and nuclear data to provide accurate numerical representations of the underlying physical processes.

Essential data include energy-dependent reaction probabilities (cross sections), the energy and angular distributions of reaction products for many combinations of target and projectile, and the atomic and nuclear properties of excited states, and their radioactive decay data.

source: IAEA, Division of Physical & Chemical Sciences website

Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

Topics

- facilities and instrumentation for nuclear reaction data measurements
- experimental techniques for measurements of nuclear reaction data
- modern theoretical nuclear structure and reaction models
- evaluation of nuclear data and creation of evaluated nuclear reaction data libraries
- simulation tools for design studies of advanced nuclear systems
- overview of strategies for advanced nuclear technologies

Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

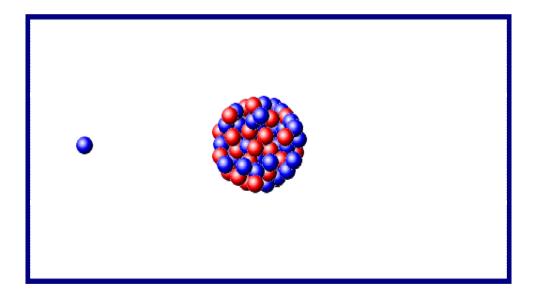
14

mathematics

14 MeV

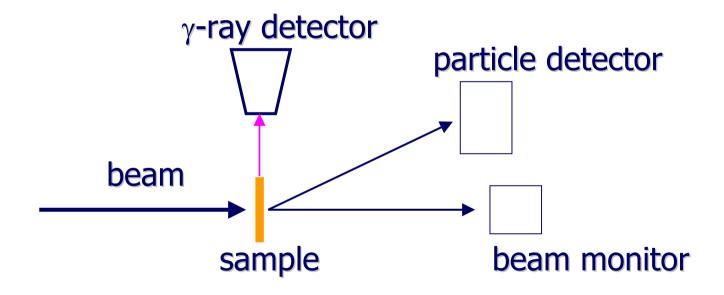
nuclear physics

Nuclear Reactions

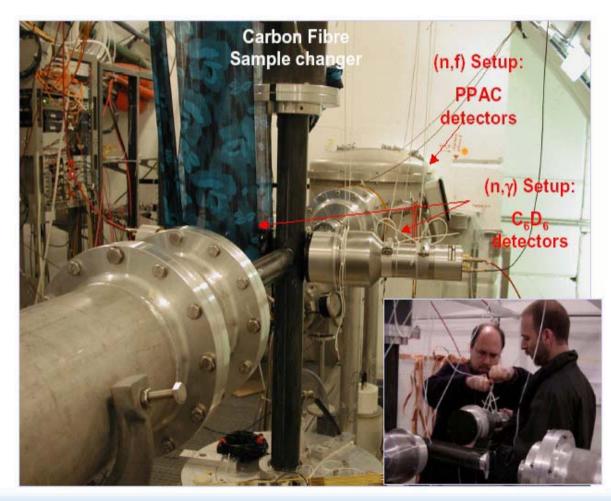


source: the Internet

Nuclear Reaction



Nuclear Reactions: Measurement



source: The n_{TOF} Collaboration



Nuclear Reactions in Reactors

Control rod Moderator Fuel rod Absorption Capture Fission Moderation

source: wikipedia.org



Nuclear reactions in Reactors

	Cm 238 2,4 h	Cm 239	Cm 240	Cm 241	Cm 242	Cm 243 29,1 a	Cm 244	Cm 245	Cm 246 4730 a
	f is 6.52	e 7 188 9	6291;6246 M 0	SI 5.939 y 472, 431; 132	Sf e 6,113; 6,009 91; g 7 (44); e ⁻ o - 20 m - 5	Sf a 5,785, 5,742 e; sl; g 	\$1 # 5,805; 5,702 \$1.0 \(\gamma\) 15.0; 15.	o 5.361; 5.364 st g y 175; 133 r 350; rs 2100	a 5,386; 5,343 st; g y (45); e o 1,2; o; 0,16
Am 236 ? 3,7 m	Am 237 73,0 m st 40,042 7,200;430,474 909	Am 238 1,63 h sf * 4.5.94 7,933,919,561 605.	Am 239 11,9 h st 5,774 1,270,228	Am 240 50,8 h si	Am 241 432,2 a st .5406,543. st; y 60;26. a7,6 a50 + 500. a, an	Am 242 141 a 16 h	Am 243 7370 a st # 5.275; 5.231. st: y 75; 44. # 75+8 ii, 9.074	Am 244 26 m 10,1 h 51 p 1.5. p 0.4 1006 p 154. p 1600 100 p 154. p 1600 100 p 1200	Am 245 2,05 h st 1,03 1,250 (24),290)
Pu 235 25,3 m st	Pu 236 2,858 a st st,5788,5721 st,Mg 70 y 140,109, per ny 160	Pu 237 45,2 d sf e 3,334 † III : e e e 1,2300	Pu 238 87,74 a s 5,490; 5,496 s 5,100; e ⁻ s 510; s 17	Pu 239 2,411 - 10 ⁴ a 51 4.5.157; 1.44 61; 152 61; 162 61; 17 720; 47,762	Pu 240 6563 a st 0.5,168; 5,134 %; y(e5) e1.9 #7.90; o; ~ 0.044	Pu 241 14,35 a st FO.DE: 8 4.480 1049. her 4.370. eq.1010	Pu 242 3,750 · 105 a a 4,601;4,855 e1;9 (45) e1;9 (45) e1;9 (45)	Pu 243 4,956 h sf n=0.0. y81_0 re 100(ry 200	Pu 244 8,00 - 107 a 81 +4,588; 4,546 91,7 6 11,7
Np 234 4,4 d ε, β+ γ 1559; 1528; 1602 σ1 900	Np 235 396,1 d ε, e 5,025; 5,007 γ (26,84), e ⁻ g; σ 160 + 7	Np 236 225 154 10 3 4 7 05 4 7 6 1 180 2 7 180 6 180 3 7 180 6 10 1 2700 6 10 280	Np 237 2,144 - 10 ⁶ a = 4,790; 4,774, 7,20; 67; 6° + 190; 47,0,020	Np 238 2,117 d β= 1,2 γ 984; 1029; 1026; 924 e= χ σ;2100	Np 239 2,355 d β 0,4; 1 γ 106; 2,4, 228 e 7,8 σ 32+ 19, σ < 1	Np 240 7,22 m 65 m (F 2.2. F 8.9 y 555: y 556: 974: 67 (F 601. 17.10 455	Np 241 13,9 m β-1.3 γ 175; (135)	Np 242 2,2 m 5,5 m # 2,7 # 7788, 738 645, 1673 152 0	Np 243 1,85 m β ⁻ γ 288 9
U 233 1,592 · 105 a α 4,824, 4,783 Ne 25: γ (42,97); e ⁻ σ 47; σ;530	U 234 0,0055 2,455 · 10 ⁵ a 14.775.4755.18 Mg 28.765.153.181 17.485.19.1006	U 235 0,7200 26 = 7,838-10 a 4,3384 h (0,07) A (0,07) A (0,07) A (0,07)	st.y(42; 115)	6 - 5 d B - 0,2 y 60: 208 a - 100; a < 0,35	U 238 99,2745 270 rd 4,455 10°3 1,254 1,25	U 239 23.5 m 8-12:13 775:44 22:0:15	U 240 14.1 h 8-0.4 744: (190)		U 242 16,8 m 7 68: 58: 585; 573
Pa 232 1,31 d β=0.3, 1,3; e y 969, 894, 150; a= n 400; m 700	Pa 233 27,0 d β= 0,3; 0,6 γ 312; 300; 341; e ⁻¹ ir 20+19; m < 0,1	Pa 234 1,17 m 6,70 h	Fa 235 24,2 m	Pa 236 9,1 m 8"2,0;3,1 y 642,587; 1763; g Bsf 7	Pa 237 8,7 m 8 1,4; 2,3 9,854; 865; 529; 541	Pa 238 2,3 m 8 1,7; 2,9 7 1015; 635; 448; 680 9	148		150
Th 231 25,5 h B 0,3; 0,4 y 26, 84	Th 232 100 1,405-10 ¹⁰ a # 4,013,3,950# # 194)! e # 7,37; a ₁ 0,000008	Th 2.33 27,3 m sf 7,0196 79.10 41500.49,15	Th 234 24,10 d 4 0,2 763; 92; 93 e i m o 1.8; o < 0,01	Th 235 7,1 m β-1,4 γ 417:727: 696	Th 236 37,5 m BT 1.0 y 111; (647; 196)	Th 237 5,0 m			



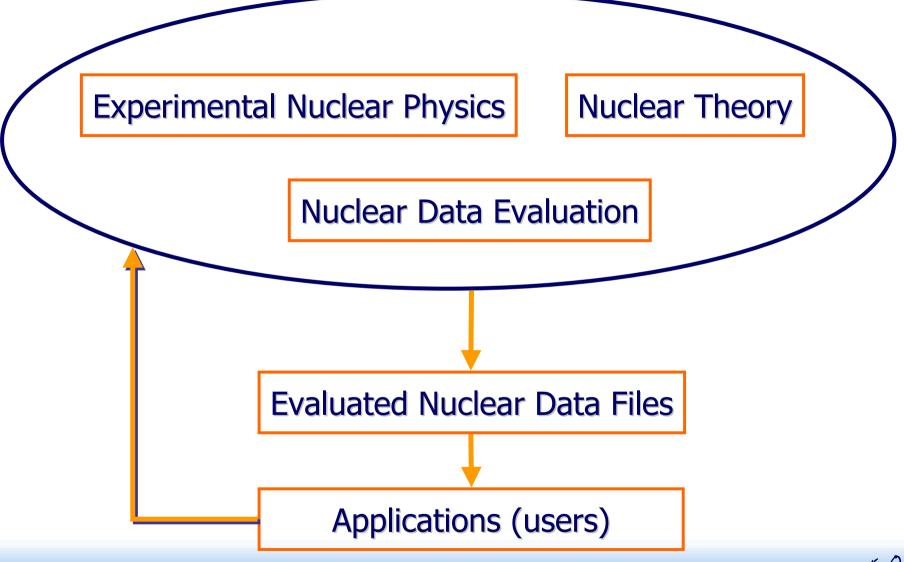
Th/U fuel cycle

	Cm 238 2,4 h	Cm 239 3 h	Cm 240 27 d	Cm 241	Cm 242	Cm 243 29,1 a	Cm 244 18,10 a	Cm 245 8500 a	Cm 246 4730 a
	6 ix 6,52	e 7 188 9	= 6.291; 6.246 sf 0	= 5.939 y 472, 431; 132 g	9(.6 7 (44_).0 0 - 20 11 - 5	e; st; g y 276; 229; 210; e** e: 130; e; 620	* 5.405; 5.762 st:g * 15.0; 1.1	α 5.361; 5.364 st.g γ 175; 133 π 350; m 2100	a 5,386; 5,343 sf; g γ (45); e ^γ σ 1,2; σ ₁ 0,16
Am 236 ? 3,7 m	Am 237 73,0 m st 40,042 7,200;430,474 900	Am 238 1,63 h sf (1,534 7,933,913,551 605.0	Am 239 11,9 h	Am 240 50,8 h	Am 241 432,2 a st 432,643 91,760,26 01,9 050+590,0,31	Am 242 141 a 16 h 5f h 1491, c 5 201 b 0.2; 11, 149 b 1, 162 b 1700 1700 c 1700 c 1720	Am 243 7370 a 55,275,5,233, 51, 775,44, 675+5 11,0,074	Am 244 st 26 m 10,1 h 5,1 5,0 4 7,744 1000 6,1 6,0 0 6,0	Am 245 2,05 h st -0.9 -0.9 -0.9
Pu 235 25,3 m st 1 5,80 +40 (750 54.)	Pu 236 2,858 a 1 1,5788,5,721 1,481,109 1,160	Pu 237 45,2 d sf 0.3334 yfiller oj 2300	Pu 238 87,74 a s 5,492; 5,498 a), 51, Mg y (42,100); e ⁻ + 510; a), 17	Pu 239 2,411 - 10 ⁴ a 51 4.5 157; 5,144 61; 9,152 67; 61 7270; 69,752	Pu 240 6563 a st 0.5.168; 5.134 %(y)(45) e7.9 #7.90(x) = 0.044	Pu 241 14,35 a st FO.DE s 4,490 1,749ter 2,3701010	Pu 242 3,750 · 10 ⁵ a a 4,601; 4,856. all y (45) e7:0 e7:0 e7:0 e7:0 e7:0.2	Pu 243 4,956 h sf n=0.0 ye4_0 re 100(re) 200	Pu 244 8,00 - 107 a st 4,588; 4,546 st, 7 6 7 6 7 11.7
Np 234 4,4 d 4,5 β+ γ 1659; 1528; 1602 g1: 900	Np 235 396,1 d ε, e 5,025; 5,007 γ(26,84), e ⁻ g; σ160+7	Np 236 225 1 154 10 ⁵ 8 270 1 174 10 ⁵ 8 180 1 1 194 10 ⁵ 181 1 1 194 10 ⁵ 194 10 ⁵ 194 10 ⁵	Np 237 2,144 - 10 ⁶ a = 4,790; 4,774 + 20: 67; 6° + 150; v ₁ 0.020	Np 238 2,117 d β=1,2 γ 984; 1029; 1026; 924 e= g; σ 2100	Np 239 2,355 d β=0.4; 0.7 γ 106; 278; 226; e=; g σ32+19; σγ<1	Np 240 7.22 m 65 m (F 2.2 F 0.9 y 565 y 565 e 0.01	Np 241 13,9 m β-1,3 γ 175; (135)	Np 242 2,2 m 5,5 m # 2,7 \$7,786, 7,786, 645, 1672 159 9	Np 243 1,85 m
U 233 1,592 · 105 a a 4,824; 4,783 No 25: y (42,97); e or 47; or 530	U 234 0,0055 2,455 · 10 ⁵ a 4775 4725 · st My 28 Nov. 153 · 101 · 1 c ² × 56 · y × 0,006	U 235 0,7200 26 = 7,088-10 a 4,398d h (0,07) A (0,07) a (0,07) 536	U 236 120 ns 2,342-10 ⁷ a 4,445 4,445 11	U 237 6,75 d β D.2 γ 60: 208 σ 100: σ < 0,35	U 238 99,2745 27074 4,455-10 ¹ 3 1,254 4,161,18 153 4,161,18 153 4,161,18 153 4,161,18 153 4,161,18	U 239 23,5 m β-12;13 γ75;44 = 22:m:15	U 240 14.1 h 8-0.4 744: (190)		U 242 16,8 m 7 68: 58: 585; 573
Pa 232 1,31 d β= 0.3, 1,3 e γ 969, 894, 150; e= α 480; ω 700	Pa 233 2.70 d β=0,310,1 γ312,300 341;e ⁻¹ (r20+19; m < 0.	Pa 234 1,17 m 6,70 h 2.2. = 0.05 1,10001 + 1,301001 h 04 u 650 u n < 5000 n < 5000	Pa 235 24,2 m β-1,4 γ 128 - 659	Pa 236 9,1 m 8"2,0;3,1 y 642,587; 1763; g Bst 7	Pa 237 8,7 m 8 1,4, 2,3 9,854, 865; 529, 541	Pa 238 2,3 m 8 1.7; 2.9 y 1015; 635; 448; 680 g	148		150
Th 231 25,5 h B 0,3; 0,4 y 25; 84	Th 232 100 1,405-10 ¹⁰ a + 4,013, 3,956	Th 233	Th 234 24,10 d β=0,2 γ 63; 92; 93 e=; m σ 1.8; σ < 0,01	Th 235 7,1 m 8-1.4 7417:727: 696	Th 236 37,5 m 6-1.0 y 111: (647; 196)	Th 237 5,0 m			

Nucleosynthesis: the s-process

½ of the elements above Fe are produced by the s-process Solar system elemental abundances The astrophysical sites of the s-process are: He burning in intermediate/massive stars 10³ Low-mass AGB's There exists a direct correlation 10² \ between the neutron capture cross section and the abundance $(\sigma(n, \gamma) \cdot N = const.)$ 10¹ The neutron capture cross sections 10⁰ are key ingredients for s-process nucleosynthesis C-N-O 10⁻¹ The canonical s-process ction X [%] 10⁻² 10⁻³ neutrons 62**C**U 63Cu Cu N=50 9.74 m N=126 N=82 61Ni 60**N**i Ni 1.140 3.634 Li-Be-B 59**C**o 60Co 61**C**O Co ⁵⁸Co 70.86 d 5.272 a 1.65 h ⁶¹Fe ⁶⁰Fe Fe 20 40 80 100 1.5 10⁶ a 6 m Atomic number Z

Nuclear Reactions & Nuclear Data Libraries



Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

- 1. Nuclear Data Measurements
- 2. Theory/Modeling/Evaluation of Nuclear Data
- 3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

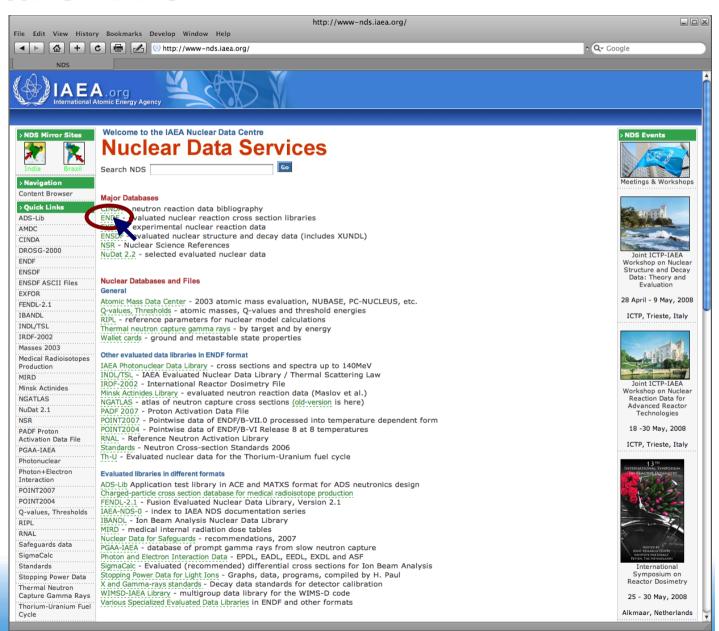
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- Q. Where to get Nuclear Data?
- A. The Internet

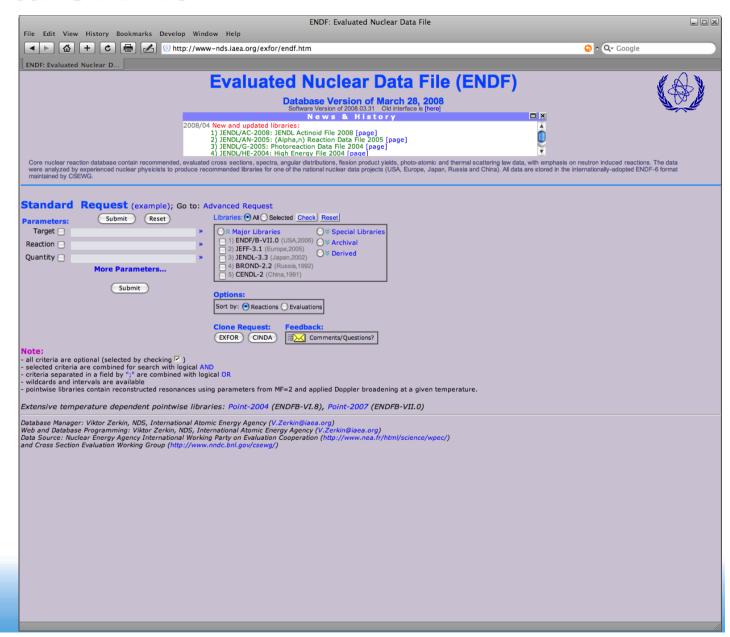
Example:

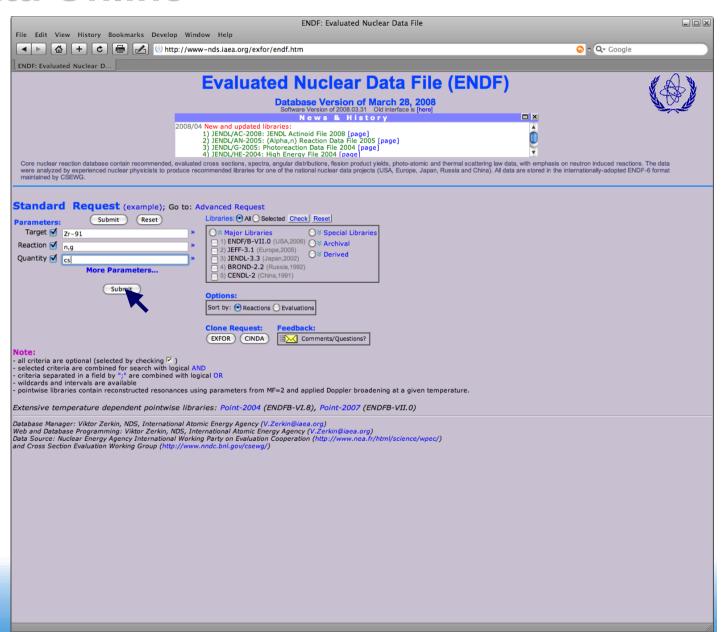
what is the capture cross section of Zr-91 at $E_n = 30 \text{ keV}$?

www-nds.iaea.org

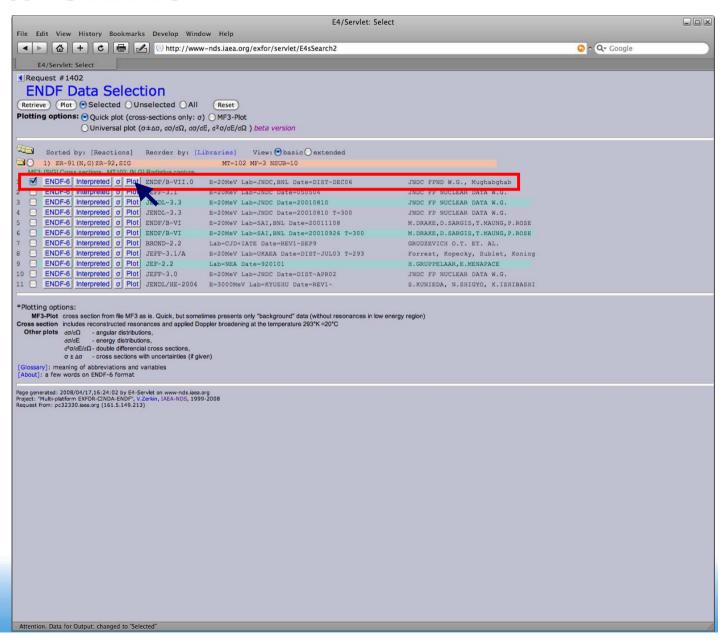


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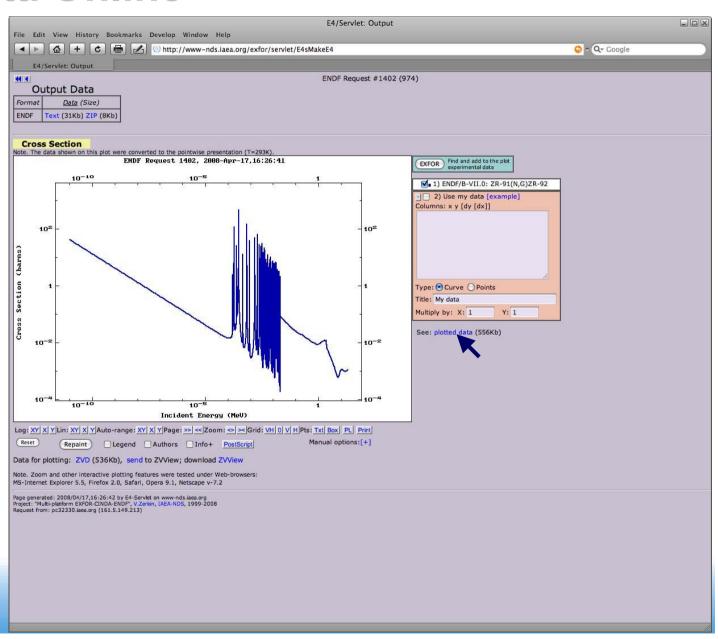




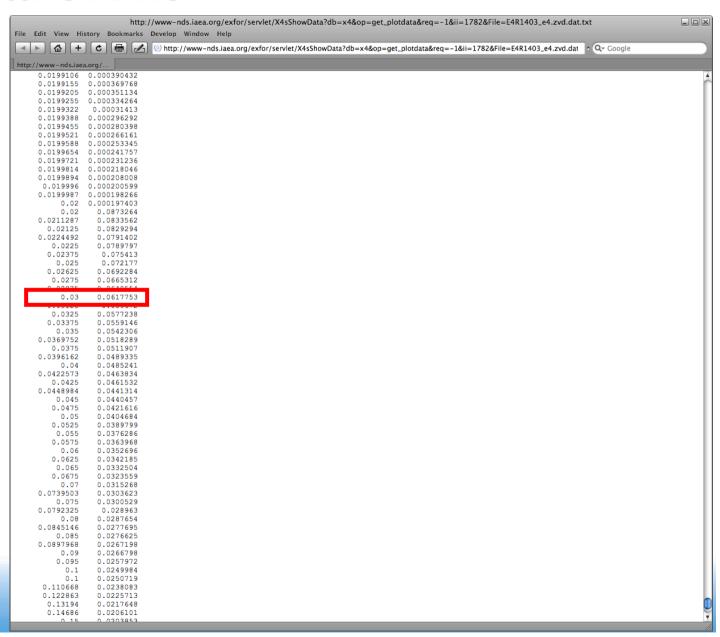
a.mengoni@iaea.org



a.mengoni@iaea.org

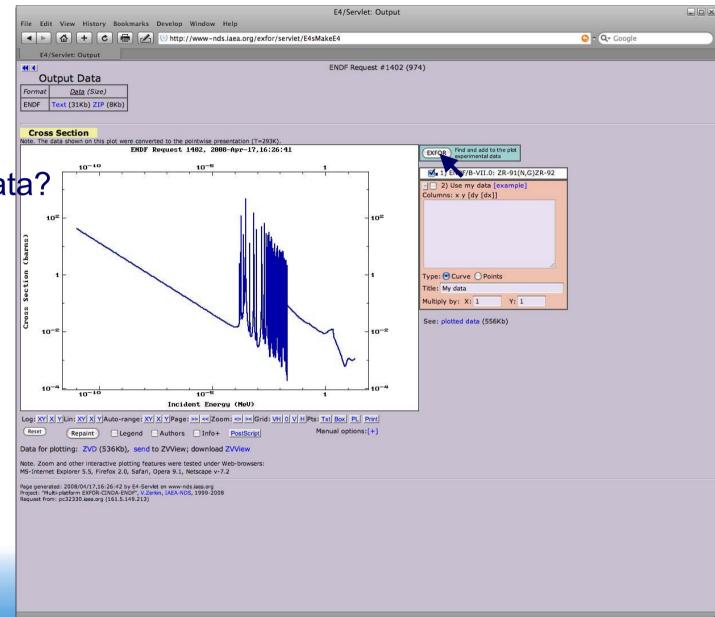


91Zr capture cross
section
at E_n=30 keV:
61.8 mb

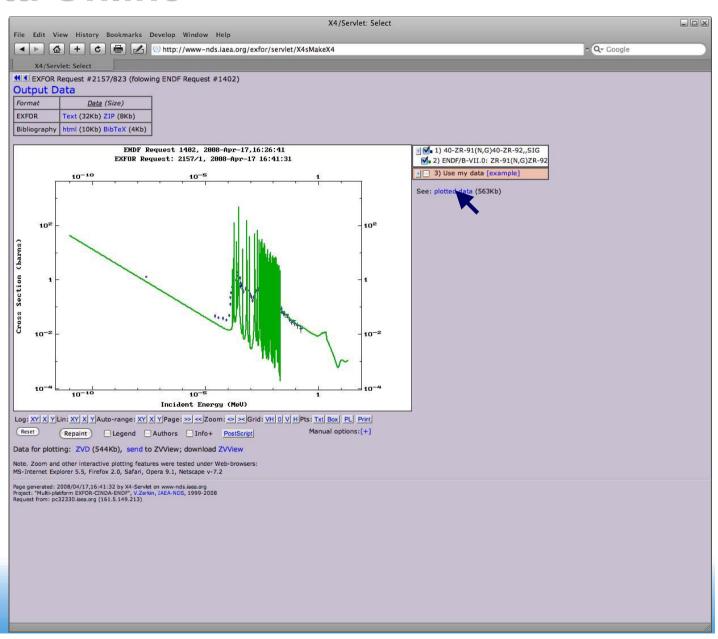


How about experimental data?

a.mengoni@iaea.org

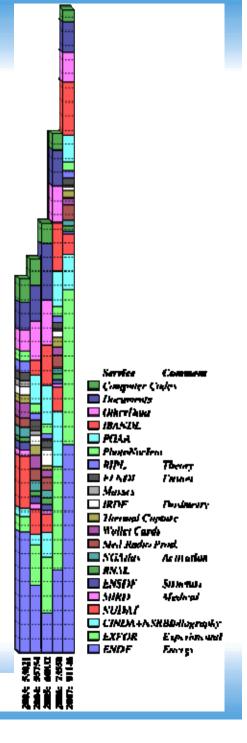


a.mengoni@iaea.org



Providing On-line Services: Access Statistics





source: NDS report to the INDC (2008)

Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

- 1. Nuclear Data Measurements
- 2. Theory/Modeling/Evaluation of Nuclear Data
- 3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

1. Nuclear Data Measurements

facility		driver and energy	repetition rate	n source	n energy range	flight path length
FZK TIT 	Karlsruhe Tokyo 	varii in the MeV range	MHz	⁷ Li(p,n) & others	few keV up to 1 MeV monoE above	10s cm
GELINA	EC-JRC Geel	electron linac 150 MeV	800 Hz	photo-n photo-f	10 meV – 20 MeV	10m to 400m
LANSCE	Los Alamos National Laboratory	proton linac 800 MeV	20 Hz	spallation	< 500 keV (DANCE)	20m
n_TOF	CERN	PS 20 GeV	0.4 Hz (average)	spallation	10 meV - 250 MeV (or wider)	200m

World scene for tof measurements



1. Nuclear Data Measurements

Franz Käppeler

Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe, GERMANY Capture Cross Section Measurements



Nicola Colonna

INFN, Sezione di Bari, ITALY Fission Measurements

Peter Schillebeeckx

EC-JRC-IRMM, Geel, BELGIUM

Cross Section Measurements and Uncertainties of Cross Section Data

Frank Gunsing

CEA, Saclay, FRANCE TBA

1. Nuclear Data Measurements

Alessandro Borella

EC-JRC-IRMM, Geel, BELGIUM

Cross Section Measurements and Uncertainties of Cross Section Data

Stefano Marrone

INFN, Sezione di Bari, ITALY Capture Cross Sections: Data Analysis

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

- 1. Nuclear Data Measurements
- 2. Theory/Modeling/Evaluation of Nuclear Data
 - 3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

2. Theory/Evaluation/Modeling Nuclear Data

Stephane Hilaire

CEA, Bruyeres-le-Chatel, FRANCE Statistical Modeling and Calculation (TALYS code)

Pierre Descouvement

Université Libre de Bruxelles, BELGIUM R-matrix theory of nuclear reactions

Anatoly Ignatyuk

Institute of Physics and Power Engineering, Obninsk, RUSSIAN FEDERATION Evaluation of Nuclear Reaction Data

Giuseppe Palmiotti

Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, USA Sensitivity and Uncertainty Analysis for the Neutronic Design of Advanced Nuclear Systems

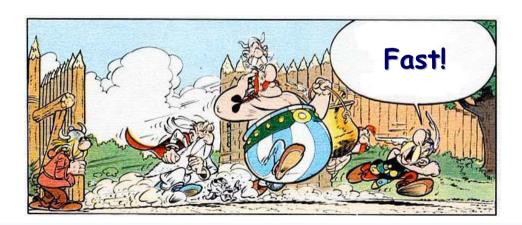


Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

- 1. Nuclear Data Measurements
- 2. Theory/Modeling/Evaluation of Nuclear Data
- 3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

Alex Stanculescu
IAEA, Vienna, AUSTRIA
Advanced Fast Reactors



3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

Jim Kendall

Global Virtual LLCC, Prescott, AZ, USA High Temperature Advanced Reactors



3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

Blair Bromley

AECL, Deep River, ON, CANADA Heavy Water Reactors



3. Applications: Advanced Reactor Systems

Vladimir Kuznetzov IAEA, Vienna, AUSTRIA Small and Medium Sized Advanced Reactors





Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

PROGRAM layout

Week 1	Monday, 19	Tuesday, 20	Wednesday, 21	Thursday, 22	Friday, 23	Weekend	
8:30 – 10:00	registration	P Schillebeeckx	P Schillebeeckx	TBA	ТВА		
10:00 – 10:30	Break						
10:30 – 12:00	Welcome & Introduction	N Colonna	N Colonna	A Borella	F Gunsing		
12:00 – 14:00	Lunch						
14:00 – 15:30	A Stanculescu	J Kendall	J Kendall	V Kuznetsov	V Kuznetsov		
15:30 – 16:00	Break						
16:00 – 17:30	Introduction to computational facilities and computer software	exercise P Schillebeeckx	exercise P Schillebeeckx	exercise A Borella	exercise S Marrone		

Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

PROGRAM layout

Week 2	Monday, 26	Tuesday, 27	Wednesday, 28	Thursday, 29	Friday, 30	Weekend	
8:30 – 10:00	P Descouvement	P Descouvement	S Hilaire	S Hilaire	A Mengoni		
10:00 – 10:30	Break		.1				
10:30 – 12:00	G Palmiotti	G Palmiotti	A Ignatyuk	A Ignatyuk	TBA		
12:00 – 14:00	Lunch						
14:00 – 15:30	BP Bromley	BP Bromley	Student's presentation	Student's presentations	Student's presentations		
15:30 – 16:00	Break						
16:00 – 17:30	exercise P Descouvement	exercise P Descouvement	exercise S Hilaire	exercise S Hilaire	Closing		

Exercises

J. Grassberger / K. McLaughlin

ICTP, Trieste / IAEA, Vienna, Austria Introduction to computational facilities and computer software

Student's presentations

- 2nd week: Wednesday, Thursday & Friday, from 2:00PM to 3:30PM
- typically 20min for each presentation

Please sign up to make a presentation on a topic (any), on which you are working!

Reception

Today, 19:00 hrs
Adriatico Cafeteria
in the terrace, ground floor
(or inside if bad weather...)

DIRECTORS: office no. 4, tel.ext. 954

LECTURERS/SPEAKERS: United Nations Room, tel.ext. 643

SECRETARIAT: Mrs. Ave Lusenti, office no. 2, tel.ext. 544

MAIL BOX AND E-MAIL ACCOUNT: A mail box has been prepared for you on the Lower Level 1, near Eklund Informatics Laboratory, Adriatico Guest House. An ICTP e-mail account has been created. Your login information will be given to you in a sealed envelope during registration. During your stay please check your mail box and e-mail account regularly, as these are the main channels of communication within the Campus and the only means of notifying you of urgent messages or correspondence which may arrive during your stay

<u>FOLDER & NAME BADGE</u>: In the Mail Box you will receive a conference Folder, containing information on the activity, Upon registration you will also receive a Name Badge, which you are kindly requested to wear, and which is required to borrow books from the Library.

<u>ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION</u> is posted on the notice boards situated in the reception areas of the Leonardo Building, Adriatico and Galileo Guest Houses. In-house information is sent through the Info Point by means of an automatic e-mail delivery service (ICTP Community Link Digest) available to all holders of an e-mail account at ICTP. There is also a mailing list (Trieste Scientific News Digest), which gives details of in-house scientific activities as well as those taking place in ICTP's neighbouring scientific institutes, like SISSA.

<u>INFO POINT</u> (located to the left of the main entrance hall of the Leonardo da Vinci Building) provides general information about the Centre, its activities and offices, as well as details about the city and its surroundings. Tel. Ext: 433; e-mail: info pt@ictp.it

ITALIAN PERMIT OF STAY: Your new ICTP e-mail account contains an important comprehensive message regarding the rules to be observed related to the permit of stay in Italy. The message is especially important to those whose stay exceeds 8 days and are not accommodated in the ICTP Guesthouses, and the deadlines mentioned are imperative! Questions on permit of stay issues can be raised with the ICTP Passport and Visa Information Office (room T4, E. Fermi Building 09:00 - 12:30 14:00 - 15:00).

<u>MEAL COUPONS</u> (for participants whose subsistence costs are covered by the Centre). Meal coupons are issued by the Operations Office (Fermi Building), upon presentation of the completed Registration form.

ICTP STAFF WORKING HOURS Monday to Friday, from 8.30 to 16.48

<u>CERTIFICATES OF ATTENDANCE</u> Unless already foreseen by the Activity itself, certificates can be requested via e-mail to the account: Attendance.Certificates@ictp.it Requests should be made well in advance of your departure date.

END OF STAY Only in exceptional cases of authorized anticipated departure and **always** for Associates and Affiliates the clearance is requested. For details please see the End-of-Stay Clearance Terms to be found on the last page of the Prearrival Information Booklet: http://www.ictp.it/pages/info/visiting.html

PLEASE SEE THE REVERSE SIDE FOR A SUMMARY OF INFORMATION ON ICTP OFFICES AND SERVICES

For more details, we draw your kind attention to the "**Visitor's Guide**" booklet, to be found in your conference folder. Special attention should be given to the sections regarding PASSPORTS AND VISAS and HEALTH INSURANCE.

08.30 - 12.00 and 13.30 - 14.30 (Mon - Fri) HOUSING OFFICE E. Fermi Building - Rooms T1/T2 (ground floor). OPERATIONS/TRAVEL CLAIMS OFFICE 08.30 - 12.00 and 13.30 - 14.30 (Mon-Fri) E. Fermi Building - Room T17 (ground floor) - For daily allowances/travel reimbursements. Note: reimburse- ments of over Euro 200 are done via bank cheque, cashed at UniCredit Banca (see timetable below). PASSPORT & VISA INFORMATION OFFICE 09.00 - 12.30 and 14.00 - 15.00 (Mon-Fri) E. Fermi Building - Room T4 (ground floor) BANK (UniCredit Banca) 08.30 - 12.30 (Mon-Fri) E. Fermi Building - Main Entrance (ground floor) - Kindly note that for all banking transactions you are required to exhibit your passport (or equivalent valid identification document). TRAVEL AGENCY (Carlson Wagonlit Travel) 08.30 - 12.30 and 13.00 - 15.00 (Mon-Fri) E. Fermi Building - Main Entrance (ground floor) (Tel.ext. 584) ______ MEDICAL SERVICE 09.00 - 12.00 and 15.00 - 16.30 (Mon-Fri) E. Fermi Building - Main Entrance (Room T9/T10 - ground floor) (Tel. ext. 500 and 600). Appointments with the Doctor should be arranged through the Nurse. HEALTH INSURANCE (Lloyd Adriatico Ins. Co.) 08.30 - 12.30 (Tuesday and Thursday) E. Fermi Building - Main Entrance (ground floor)

COMPUTERS Computers are located in the Leonardo da Vinci Building (1S level) and the Adriatico (Lower Level 1) and Galileo (near reception) questhouses, running Windows XP and Linux. As mentioned before, your login information will be given to you in a sealed envelope during registration. It is also needed for our wireless network. For more information, please see http://icts.ictp.it/. Computer help is available on workdays 10:30-12:00 and 13:30-15:00 in the Leonardo Building, Information and Communication Technology Section (ICTS), entrance level, room 2, or via internal phone 999. Diskettes, CD-Rs, network cables and printer transparencies can be bought at the Mail Counters (see below). Network cables can also be bought from the vending machines at the Adriatico and Galileo Guesthouses at the same price as at the Mail Counters (Euro 4.50)

STATIONERY and MAIL COUNTERS (Photographic services: only E. Fermi Bldg, Mail Office counter).

Leonardo Building - (IS Level, right-hand side)

13.30 - 15.30 (Mon-Fri)

E. Fermi Building - (Lower Level)

08.30 - 12.00 (Mon-Fri)

Basic stationery is included in the conference folder. Additional items can be requested from the above offices.

PHOTOCOPYING (SELF-SERVICE) Five self-service photocopying machines are available: two inside the ICTP Library, one at the AGH (Lower Level, inside the Eklund Informatic Lab.), one at the Galileo GH, one at the Enrico Fermi Building (outside the Associate area). The machines are operated by magnetic cards, obtainable from an automatic distributor outside the Library entrance, at a cost of Euro 1 (deposit for the card + 10 copies). These cards may be re-charged at Euro 0,03 per copy. The deposit (Euro 0,80) will be reimbursed if the card is returned, undamaged, to the mail counters. Exceptionally, cards are also available from the Mail Counters and at weekends from the AGH Reception.

TYPEWRITERS Available for the use of Visitors at: **E. Fermi Building** Lower Level, corridor.

Leonardo Building: right-hand side, Level 2S

TELEFAX Private messages can be sent, on payment, through:

Leonardo Buildina: Reception Desk (08.30 - 16.00, Mon-Fri)

Adriatico G.H.: Reception Desk

E. Fermi Building: Mail Counter (08.30 - 12.00, Mon-Fri)

LIBRARY 08.30 - 20.00 (Mon-Fri) 09.00 - 20.00 (Sat & Sun)

Leonardo Buildina first floor All first-time users must register at the loan desk.

SHUTTLE BUS SERVICE:

08:30	Galileo/Fermi	08.35 Leonardo Building	08:40	Adriatico	08:45	Galileo/Fermi
08:50	Galileo/Fermi	08:55 Leonardo Building	09:00	Adriatico	09:05	Galileo/Fermi
10:00	Galileo/Fermi	10:05 Leonardo Building	10:10	Adriatico	10:15	Galileo/Fermi
11:55	Galileo/Fermi	12:00 Leonardo Building	12:05	Adriatico	12:10	Galileo/Fermi
12:15	Galileo/Fermi	12:20 Leonardo Building	12:25	Adriatico	12:30	Galileo/Fermi
13:00	Galileo/Fermi	13:05 Leonardo Building	13:10	Adriatico	13:15	Galileo/Fermi
13:40	Galileo/Fermi	13:45 Leonardo Building	13:50	Adriatico	13:55	Galileo/Fermi
15:00	Galileo/Fermi	15:05 Leonardo Building	15:10	Adriatico	15:15	Galileo/Fermi
16:30	Galileo/Fermi	16:35 Leonardo Building	16:40	Adriatico	16:45	Galileo/Fermi

Joint IAEA-ICTP Workshop on

Nuclear Reaction Data for Advanced Reactor Technologies

Directors

Alberto Mengoni (IAEA, Vienna)

Alex Stanculescu (IAEA, Vienna)

Local Organizer

Claudio Tuniz (ICTP, Trieste)

Secretariat

Ave Lusenti (ICTP, Trieste)

The End

Title

to cover:

- -information on the location
- -exercises
- -student's presentations

Fast neutrons!

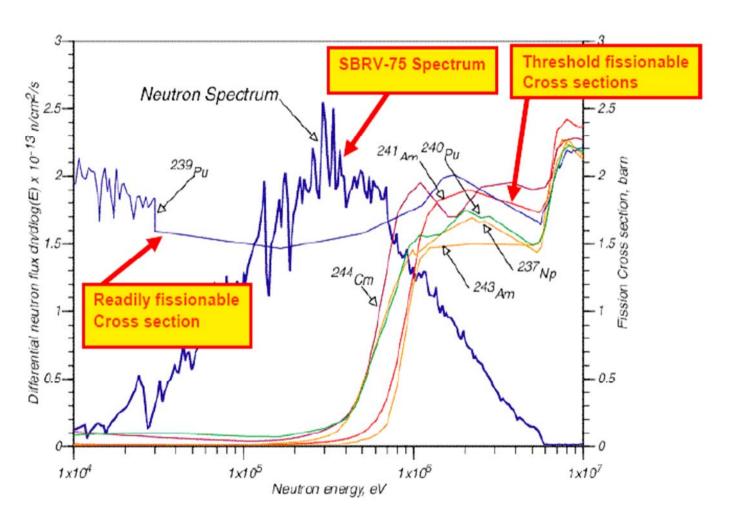


Figure 1: Simulation of the neutron spectrum in the SBRV-75 reactor [2], loaded with the Spiro MA fuel mixture (1/2 of ²⁴¹Am, 1/4 of ²⁴³Am and 1/4 of equal amount of ²⁴⁴Cm and ²³⁷Np). The fission cross sections of several MA in consideration here are shown. The fission cross section of ²³⁹Pu is also shown for a direct comparison with a non-threshold fission case.

source: C Rubbia

Neutron cross sections data are needed!

