Title: Miltifractal analysis for multimodal maps

Abstract:

Let \$f:1 \rightarrow 1\$ be a \$C^3\$ map of the interval \$1\$ with critical points. Given an equilibrium state $\sum u_{phi} for a H'older potential$ \$\phi:I \rightarrow \mathbb{R} the local dimension \$d {\mu \phi}(x)\$ measures how concentrated \$\mu \phi\$ is at this point. The dimension spectrum encodes the Hausdorff dimension of level sets of \$d {\mu \phi}\$. This spectrum can be understood via induced maps (X,F), where $F=f^{tau}$ for some inducing time \$\tau\$. A major challenge for maps with critical points is to find inducing schemes which `see' a sufficiently large subset of the space. In this talk I will explain how this problem can be overcome, and hence that the dimension spectrum is encoded by a function related to the pressure of some potentials involving \$\phi\$. These results apply to Collet-Eckmann maps, as well as to maps with much weaker growth conditions. We also consider the Lyapunov spectrum.