



2051-11

#### Workshop on High Resolution Climate Modelling

10 - 14 August 2009

Area of interest

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APEC Climate Center

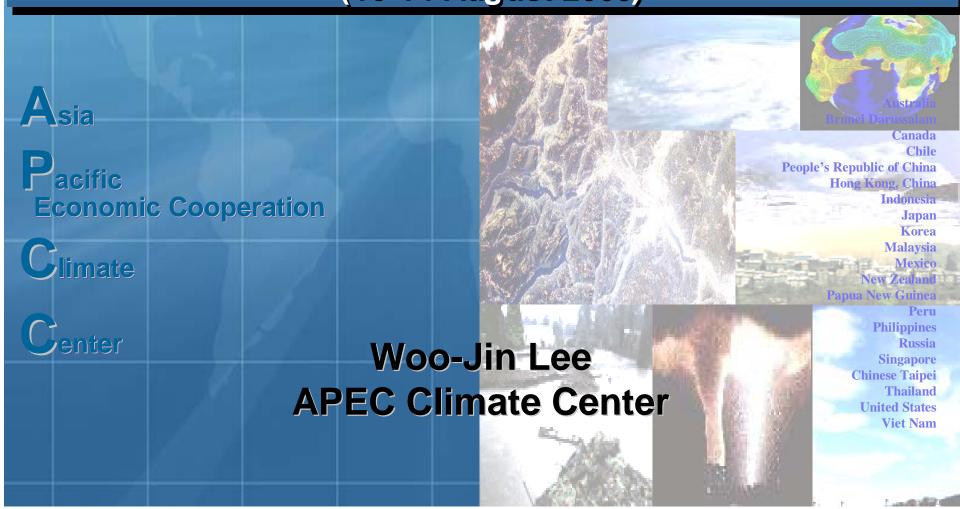
1463 U Dong, Haeundae gu

Busan 612 020

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## AREA OF INTEREST

Panel Discussion
Workshop on High-Resolution Climate Modelling
(10-14 August 2009)



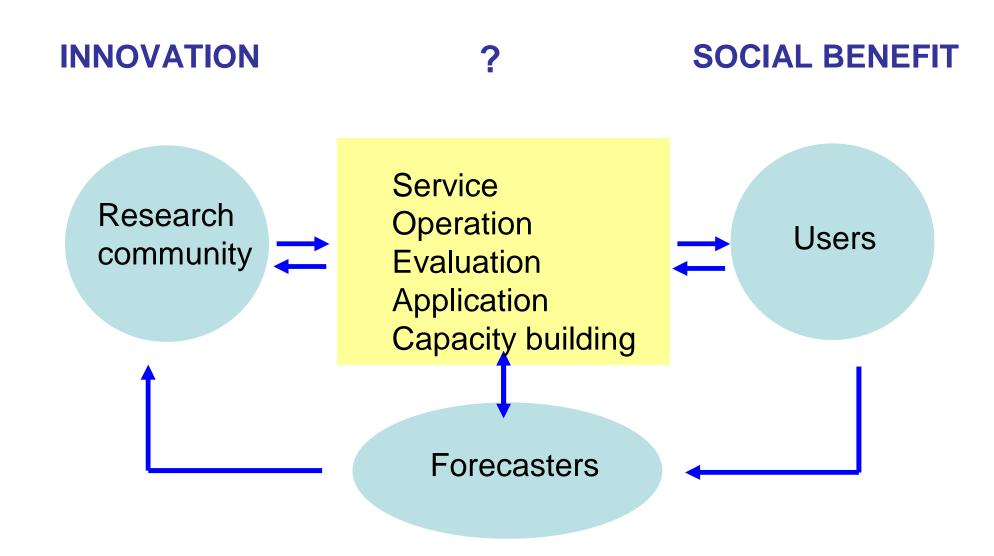


### **Contents**

- Introduction to APCC
- Area of interest
  - Model diagnostics
  - Testbed on extreme climate prediction
  - Data and information sharing
  - Others



### **Science and User Benefit**





### **Multi-Institutional Cooperation**





### **Operation and Service Schedule**

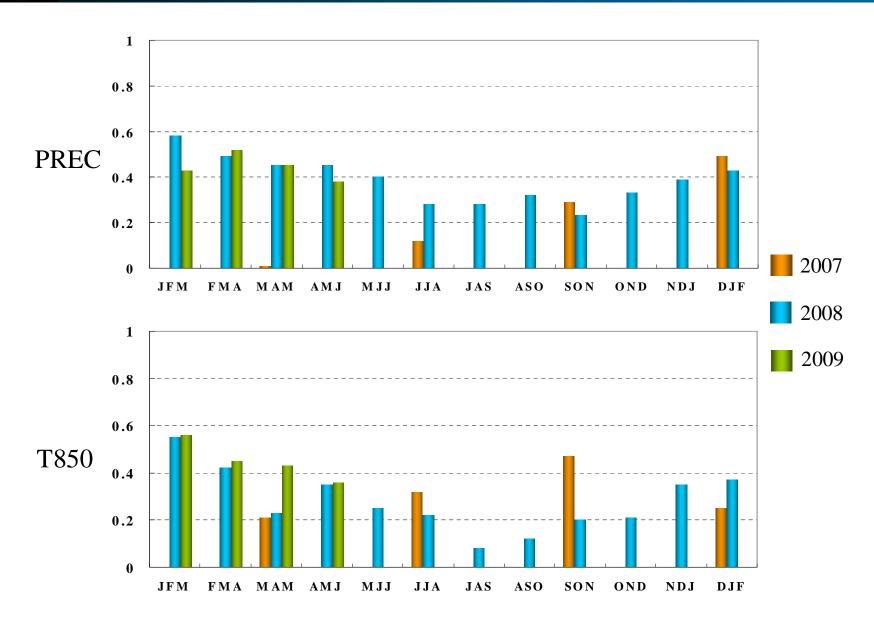
The day in the month before the season	1~10	11~15	16~21	22~23
Mission	data collection	Standardization & quality check	MME production	Outlook & upload to website



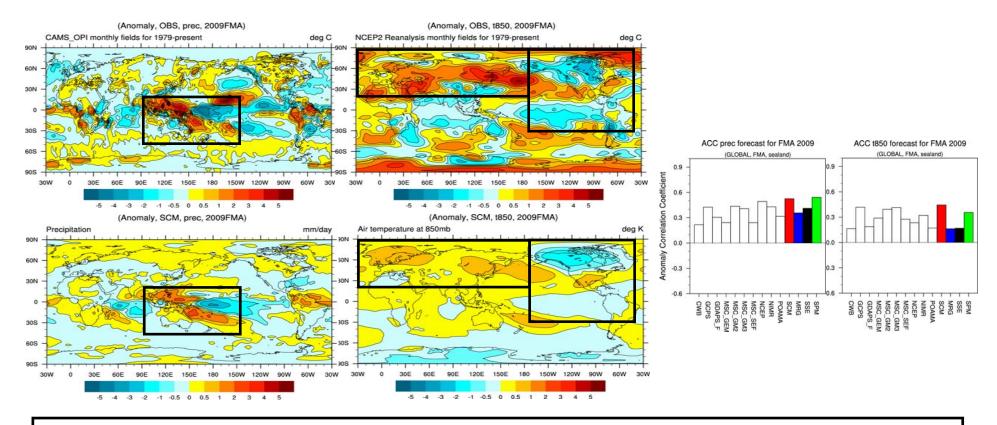
www.apcc21.net



### Anomaly correlation coefficient - gloal

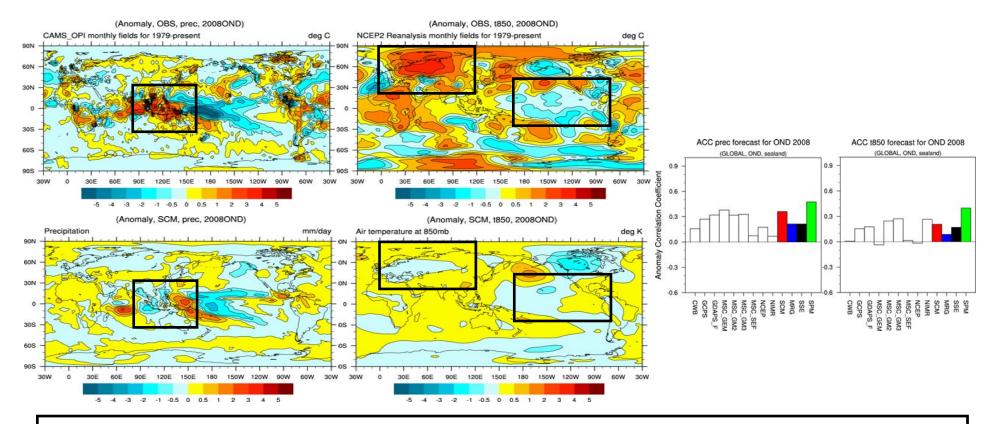


# Best Case: 2009 FMA



❖ This slide shows the best forecast case. For precipitation, SCM totally hit over the maritime continent and SPCZ showing more than normal rainfall. For temperature, Slightly La Nina event was observed over central and eastern tropical Pacific at observation. SCM also predicted slightly below than normal conditions. Over northern hemisphere, especially Europe and Russia, observation shows positive temperature. SCM also forecasted slightly warm condition at the same region. Additionally, SCM well predicted negative PNA pattern as compared with that of observation.

### Worst Case: 2008 OND



❖ This slide shows the worst forecast case. For precipitation, South Asia including the maritime continent experienced more than normal rainfall at observation. But SCM predicted dry condition. In this case, we totally failed to predict precipitation over South Asia. For temperature, there was slightly La Nina event over central and eastern tropical Pacific at observation. However SCM predicted slightly warm temperature over the same area. Warm condition was shown over Eurasia continent at observation. However, SCM forecasted slightly below than normal temperature at the same region.



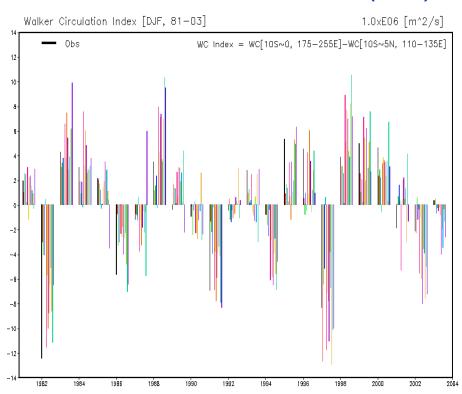
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### **Monitoring model performance – example**

#### **ENSO-related Walker circulation index (EWCI)**



$$\mathbf{EWCI} = [\mathbf{WC}]_{\mathbf{E}} - [\mathbf{WC}]_{\mathbf{W}}$$

The square bracket with a subscript represents the area-mean Walker circulation, averaged over one of the two regions specified as the eastern (E: 10°S-0°, 175°E-105°W) and western (W: 10°S-5°N, 110°-135°E). The choice of using the two regions to define the EWCI is based on the correlation analysis with Nino 3.4 index during the period of 1981-2003.

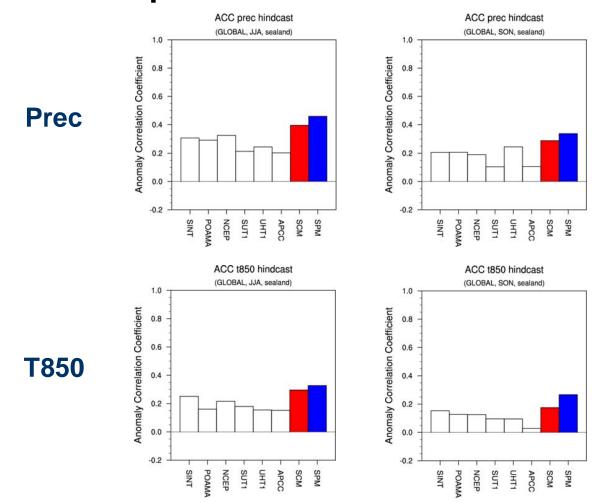
Figure: ENSO-related Walker circulation index for DJF season during the period of 1981-2003. Black bars indicate the EWCl of observation, color bars indicate that of the individual models.

Future extention to cyclone, Ex-cyclone activity, monsoon, MJO ...



### Testbed for extreme climate events prediction

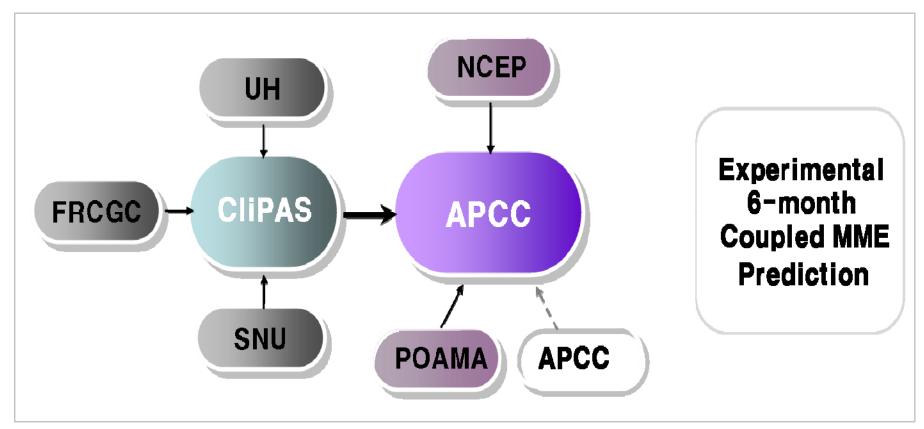
### Experimental 6-M coupled-model MME



Future extention to ISO, tropical cyclone ...



### **Potential Application of Coupled Models**

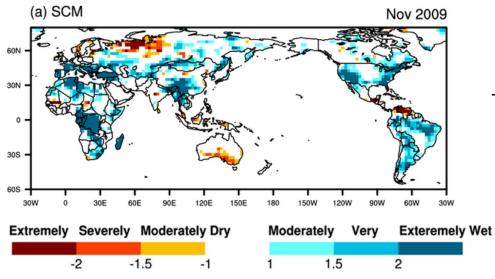


- Diagnosis of various climate indices in real-time basis
  - Monsoon and Indian Ocean Dipole
  - Rainfall and Drought Index
  - ISV index (MJO)
- Interpretation for extreme climate events
  - Application Dyn./Stat. MME downscaling
  - Analysis of daily output



## Supporting Emergency Preparedness: global hydrological extreme forecast

- Experimental monthly 3-month experimental drought/flood prediction is been carried out since January, 2009.
  - 7-month lead drought/flood prediction is been carried out since January, 2009



From a 6-month time scale (hydrologic)\* view

→ prediction indicates that most of inlands around the globe are likely to very wet conditions, while maritime continent, southern Australia, equatorial Latin America, and northern Europe may experience drought condition.

Forecast: global hydrological extremes based on 6-month SPI

 A global hydrological extreme drought/flood monitoring service has been launched since January 2009 (http://www.apcc21.net/climate/climate03\_11.php)



### **Sharing model data**

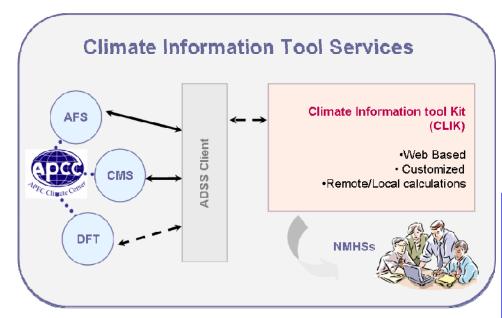
- APCC service to redistribute the data
  - Web based openDAP/http/ftp service
  - Climate Information Tool Kit
  - Command line client, DEX
- Support of Climate Historical Forecast Project (CHFP)
  - APCC participates CHFP as a distributed data center



- Future extention to:
  - Extreme Event Predictability Experiments
  - Long lead and ISV predictability
  - High-resolution climate model output ...
  - Observation and derived indices ...



### Online Tool and Technology Support



### http://clik.apcc21.net

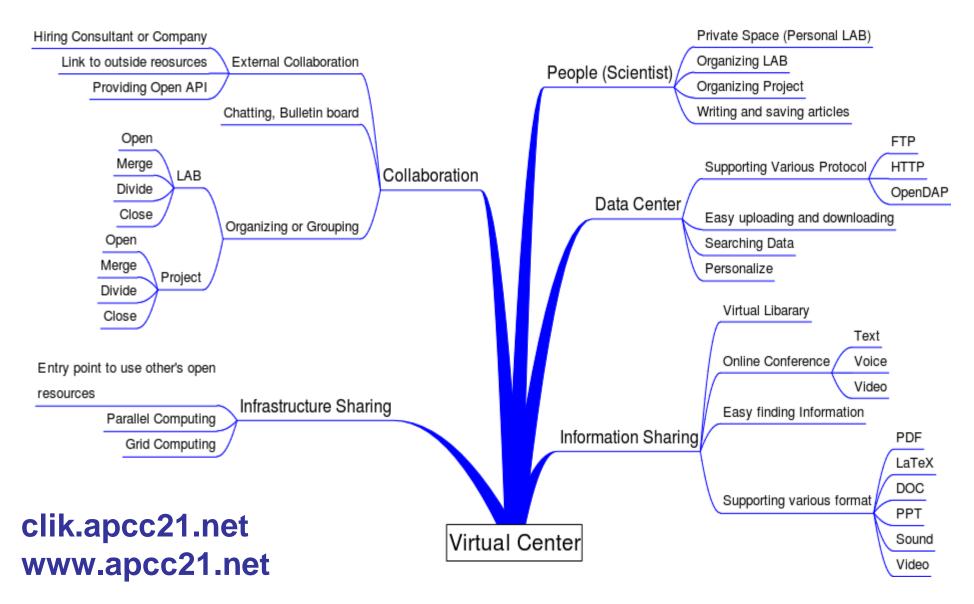


\* AFS: Automated Forecast System/ CMS: Climate Monitoring System/ DFT: Downscale Forecast Tool





### Facilitating information flow to users





### Opportunity for research and capacity building



**International Conference Hall** 90 seats



**Five seminar Rooms** 

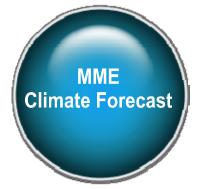


**APCC Busan office** 



**Share computing resources** 1Peta flops)

Intl. Symposium, Workshop, ...



**Statistical Downscaling** 







