



The Abdus Salam
International Centre for Theoretical Physics



2245-18

**Joint ICTP-IAEA Advanced School on the Role of Nuclear Technology
in Hydrogen-Based Energy Systems**

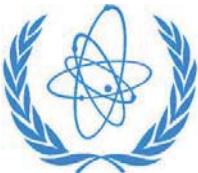
13 - 18 June 2011

**Large Scale Development for Stationary & Nomad Hydrogen Storage Units Metal
Hydrides: the Unique Solution for Intermediate and Mass Energy Storage**

Daniel Fruchart
*Institut Néel, CNRS
Grenoble
France*

LARGE SCALE DEVELOPMENT FOR STATIONNARY & NOMAD HYDROGEN STORAGE UNITS

METAL HYDRIDES : THE UNIQUE SOLUTION FOR INTERMEDIATE AND MASS ENERGY STORAGE



Daniel FRUCHART
Expert IEA – Observer IAEA

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Institut Néel – BP 166, 38042 Grenoble Cedex 9, France
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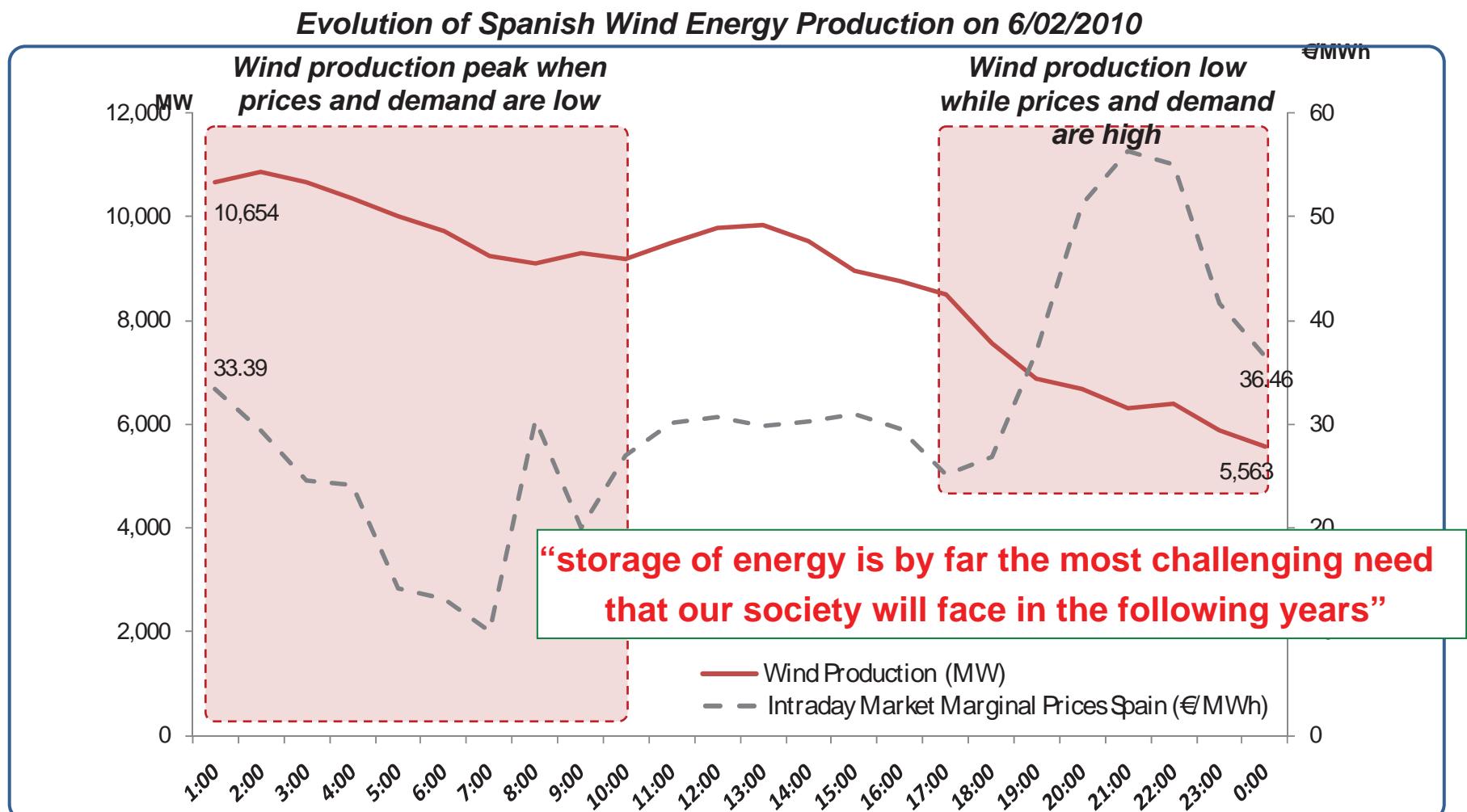
Research Manager
McPhy Energy - 26190 La Motte Fanjas, France - www.mcphy.com



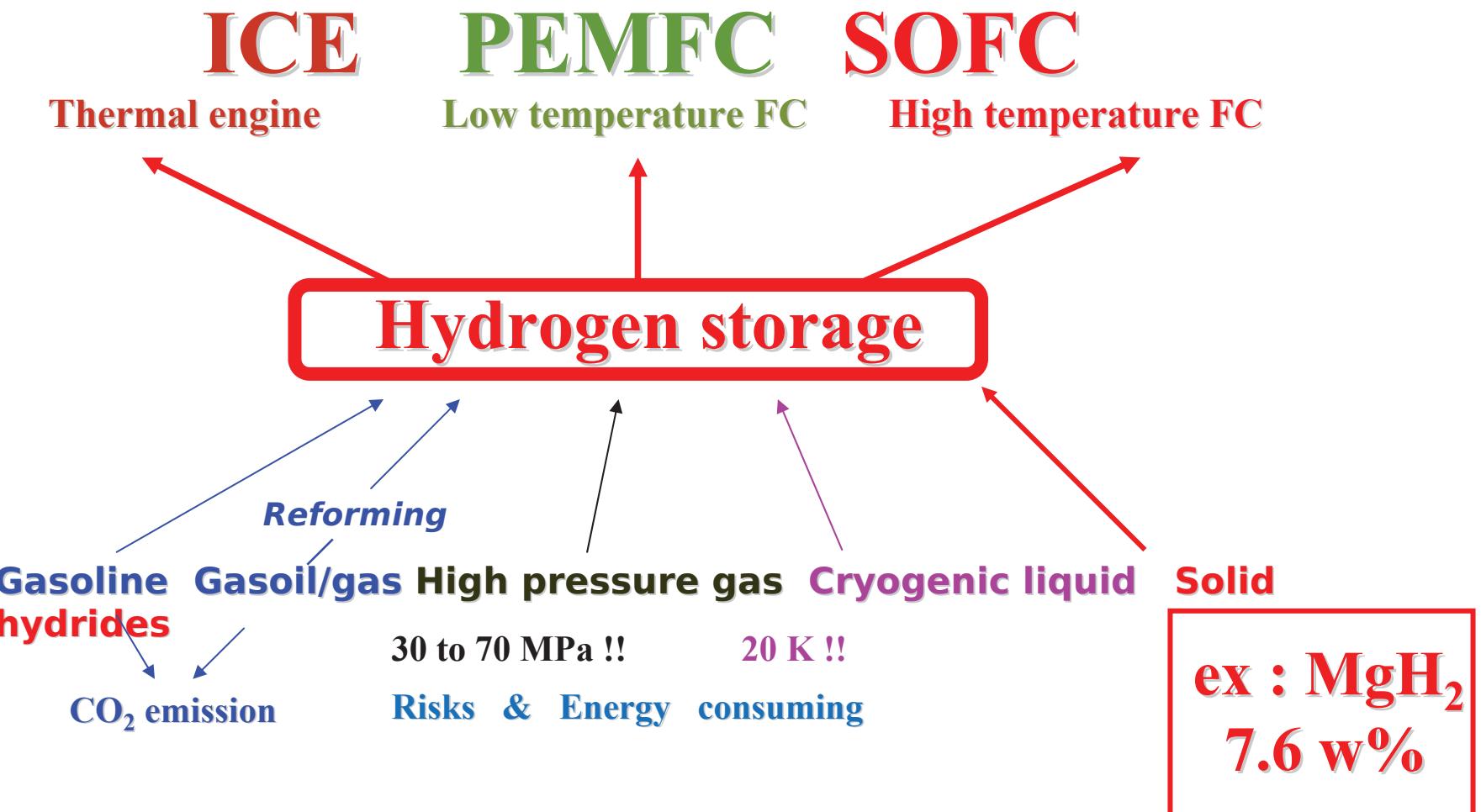
Joint ICTP-IAEA Advanced School on the Role of Nuclear Technology in Hydrogen Based Energy Systems

Where the error is ?...

Variable electricity production from Wind Power does not allow electricity to be produced when it is most needed, ie when demand is highest

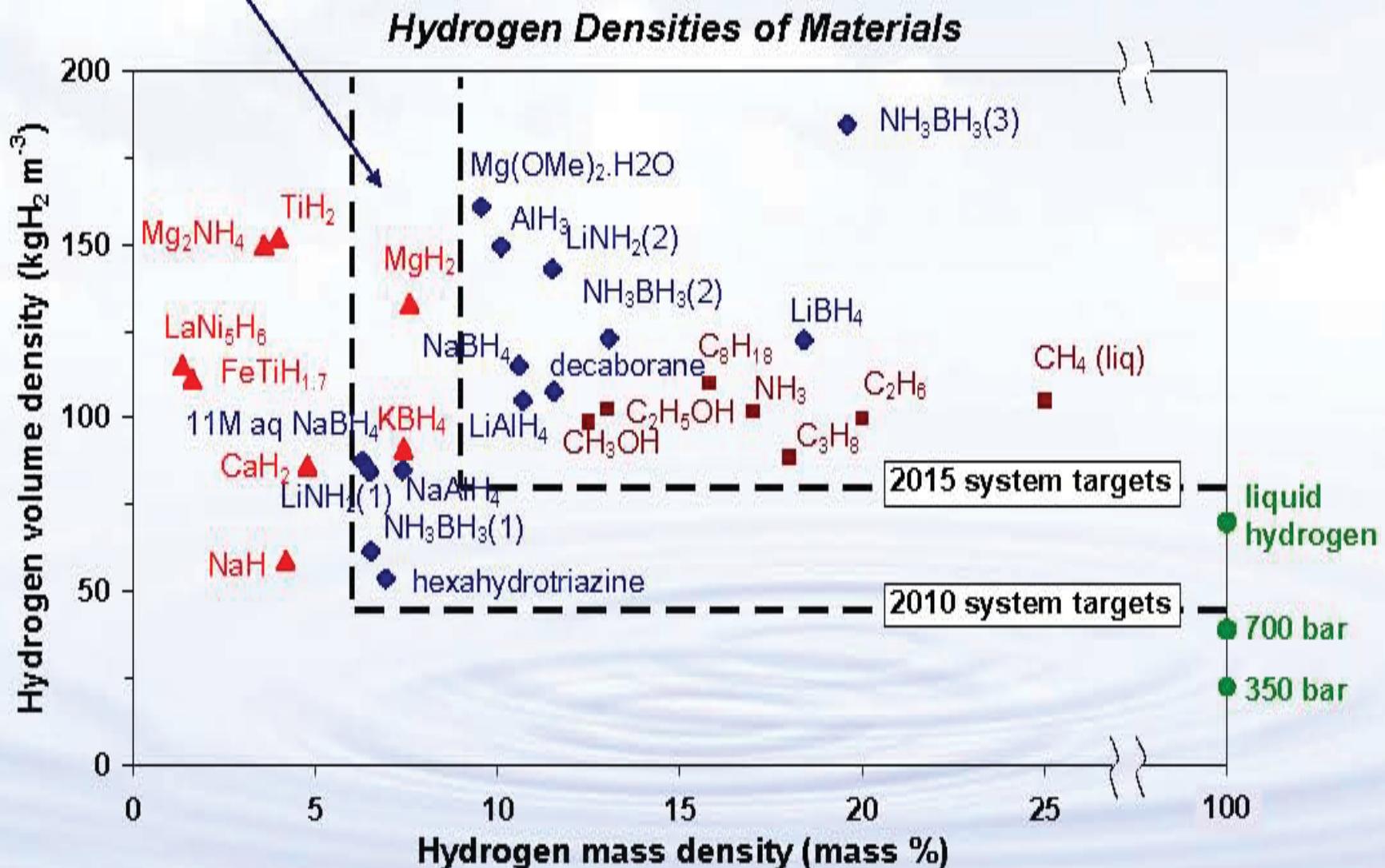


Fuel = Hydrogen



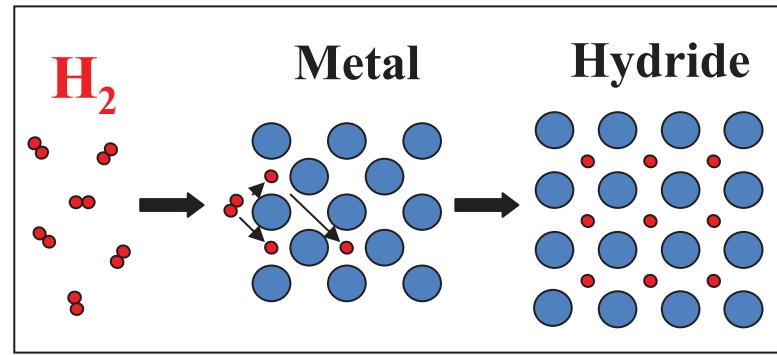
Mass and Volume Densities

Some of the materials under study in CoE's



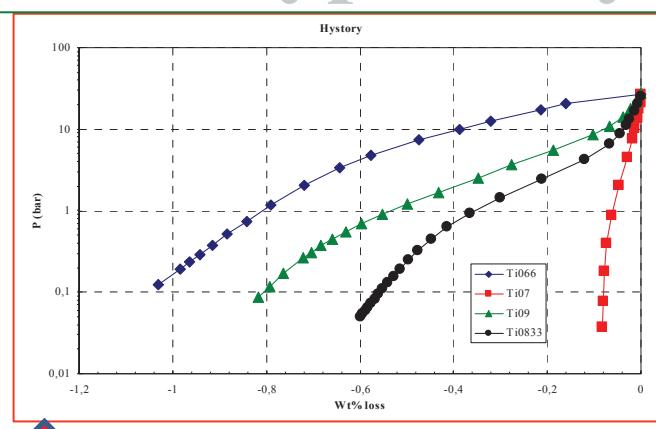
Reversible Metal Hydrides

- Safe storage
 - Low pressure + endothermal desorption
- High volume density
- High purity hydrogen
- Poor mass density... but



	kg H_2 / m^3	weight %
H_2 gas (700 b)	62	100
H_2 liq. (20 K)	70	100
$LaNi_5H_6$	123	1.4
Ti-V-Cr	205	3.7
$AlNaH_4$	96	7.5
MgH_2	106	7.6

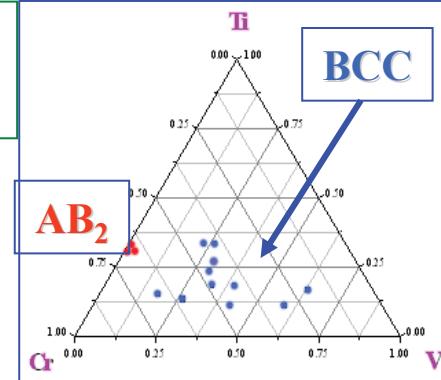
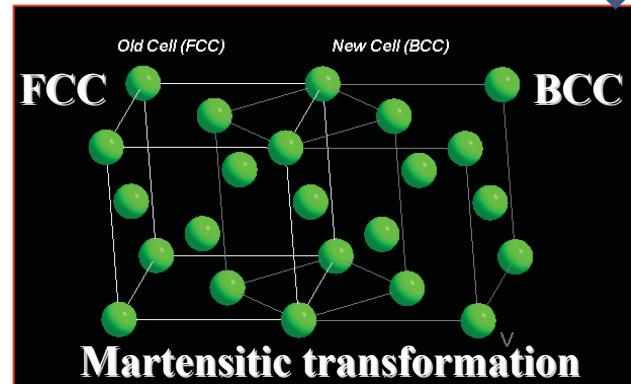
BCC type alloys



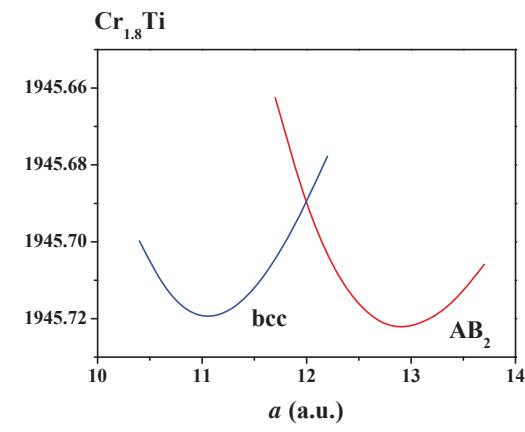
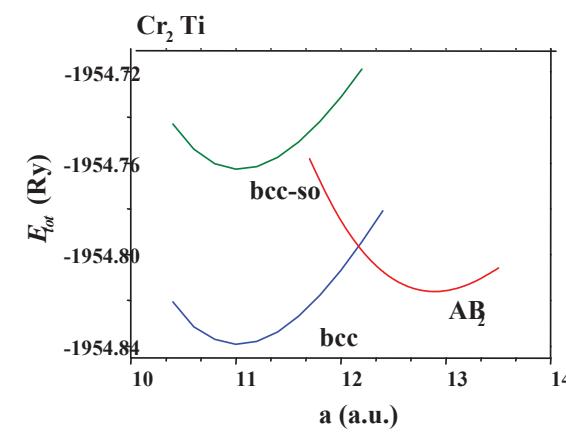
PCT (H/M vs pressure)

**BCC alloys form
FCC hydrides !**

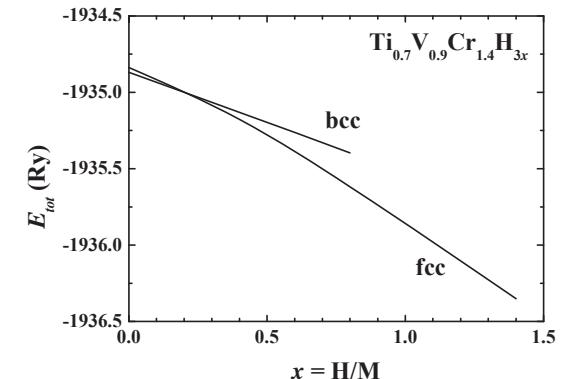
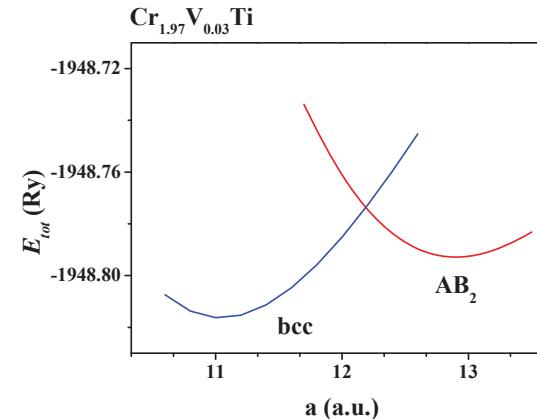
Martensitic transformation



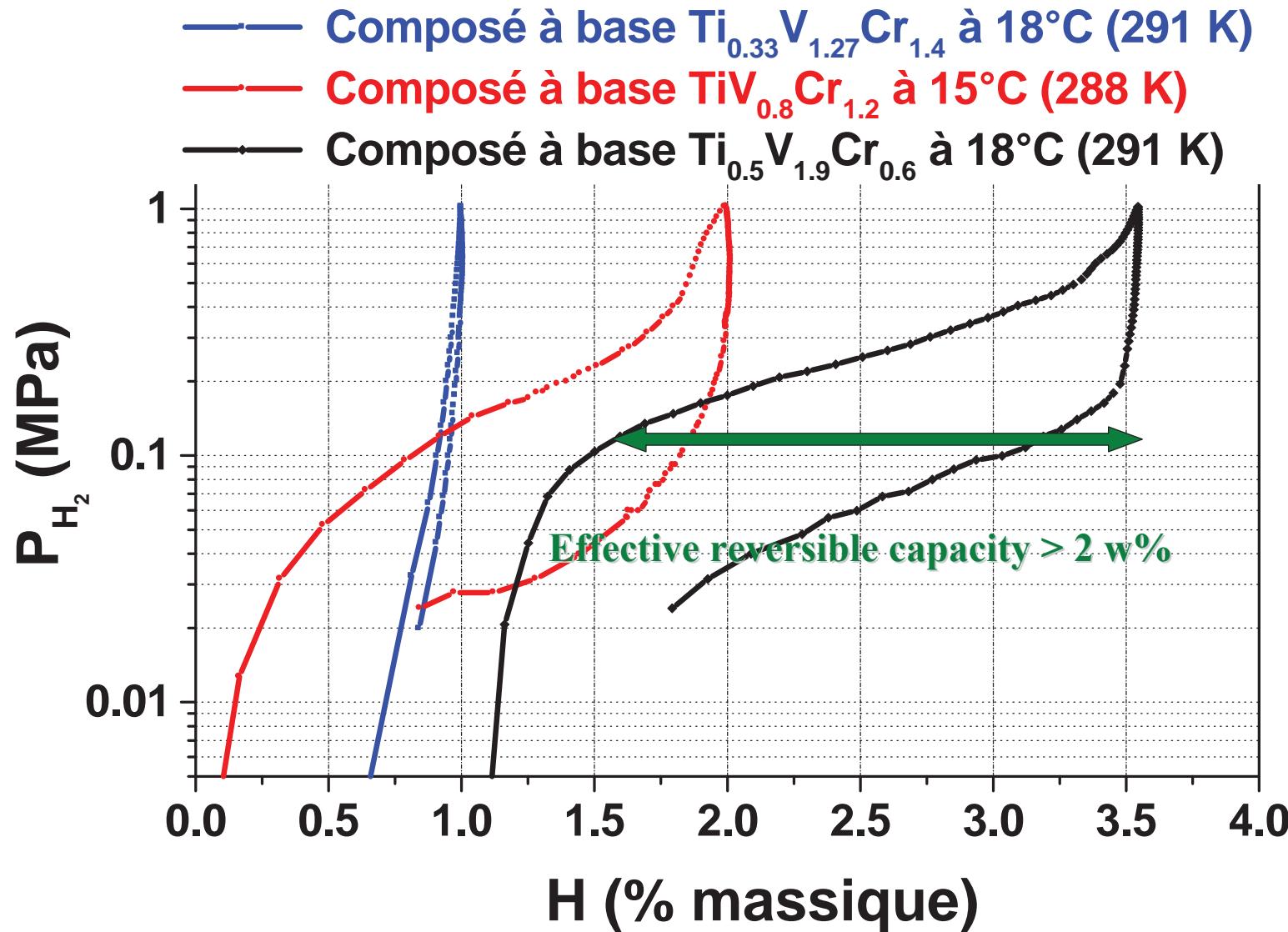
Relative stability : Experimental & Theoretical Approaches



FLAPW & KKR-CPA band structure calculations

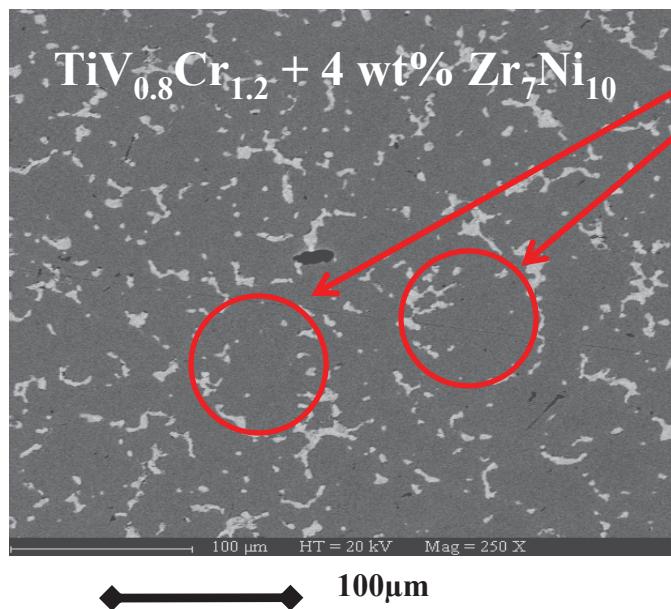


BCC based alloys : $Ti_xV_yCr_{1-x-y}$

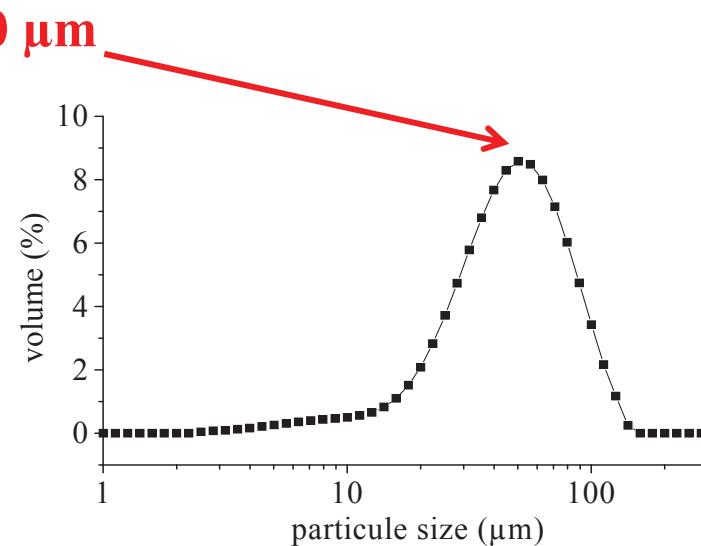


Fast reactivity of $Ti_xV_yCr_{1-x-y}$ alloys to hydrogen when composited with x% of Zr_7Ni_{10} additives

Reactive bulk microstructure



Decrepitated powders



Specific process : Patent WO 2007096527

Pseudo-cellular microstructure for a fast intergranular hydrogen diffusion and homogeneous powder size decrepitation

Targets : nomad and mobile applications

HyCan (= CNRS – McPHy – PaxiTech – Boxal - AdVanta)

Development of small cans to H-supply micro fuel cells

FUI

($P_{eq} < 13$ bars at 50°C)



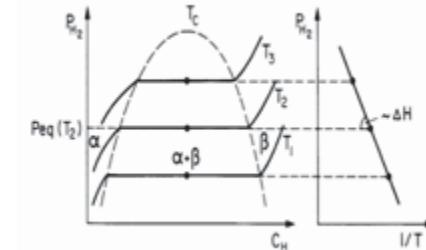
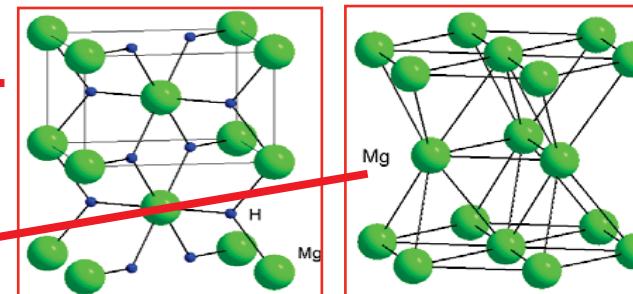
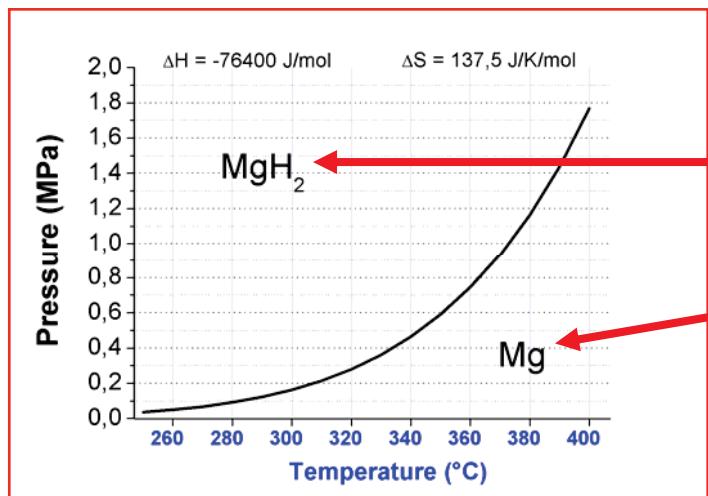
MODERNHy'T (CNRS - CEA-Liten - G-INP – SNCF - PSA)

Hybride storage for automotive applications

($P_{eq} > 100$ bars : gas + metal hydride)

Agence Nationale de la Recherche GIP
ANR

Mg vs MgH₂



Mg is the best ?

Mg is the 7th most abundant element on earth

Mg has ~ same cost as Al

Mg metallurgy is easy

Mg is bio-compatible

Mg is re-cyclable

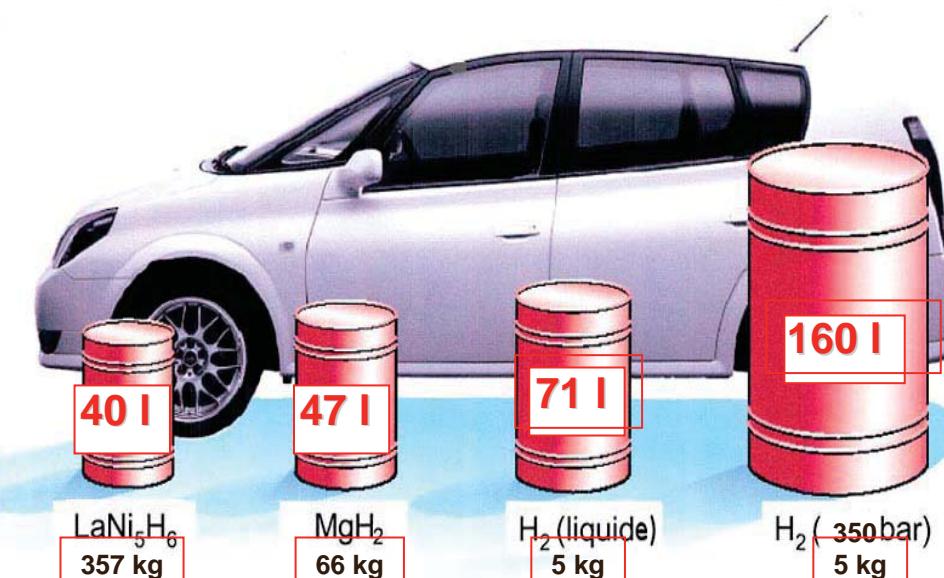
MgH₂ is monometal hydride system: no demixtion

MgH₂ uptake is 7.6 w%

So called difficulties with Mg

H-reaction kinetic are said low, but...

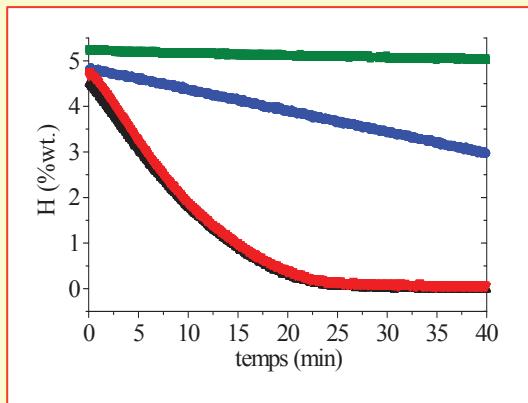
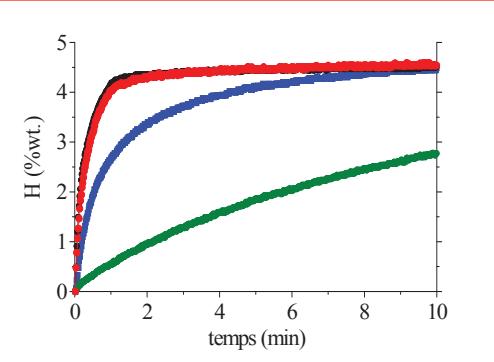
Temperature of reaction is high, but...



Tank : 5 kg H₂ = 300 km

Metal «catalyst» deposits on BM MgH₂ particules

- 1 h
- 5 h
- 10 h
- 20 h

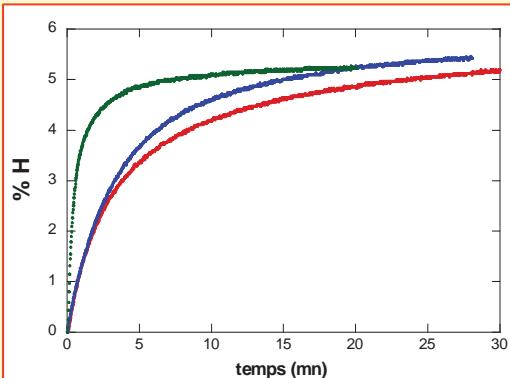


Energetic Ball-Milling is a common method used to prepare reactive powders : homogeneous nano-crystallites, high density of defects, doping with metal type catalysts®

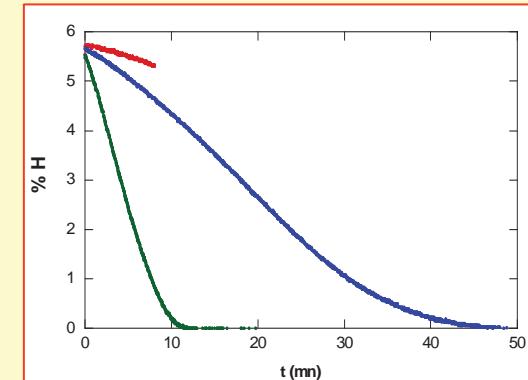
kPa

Absorption 240°C – 1 MPa

- 1 % at V
- 3 % at V
- 5 % at V

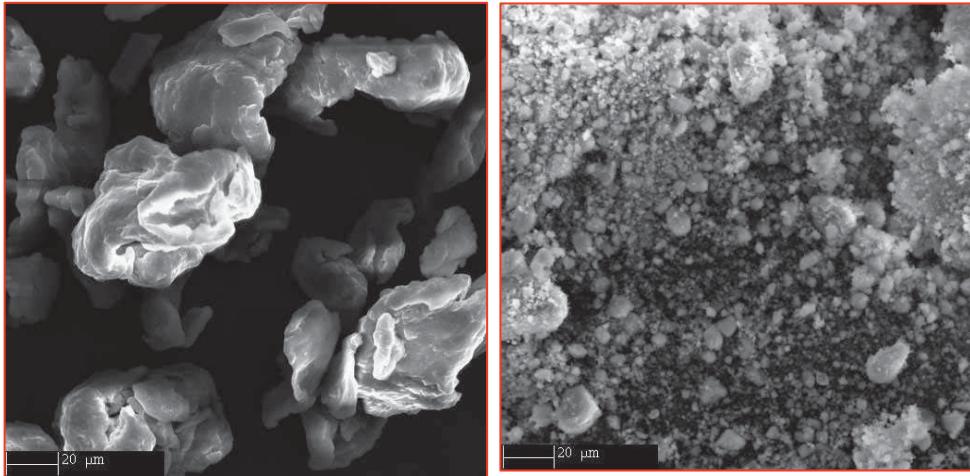


Desorption 300°C – 10 kPa



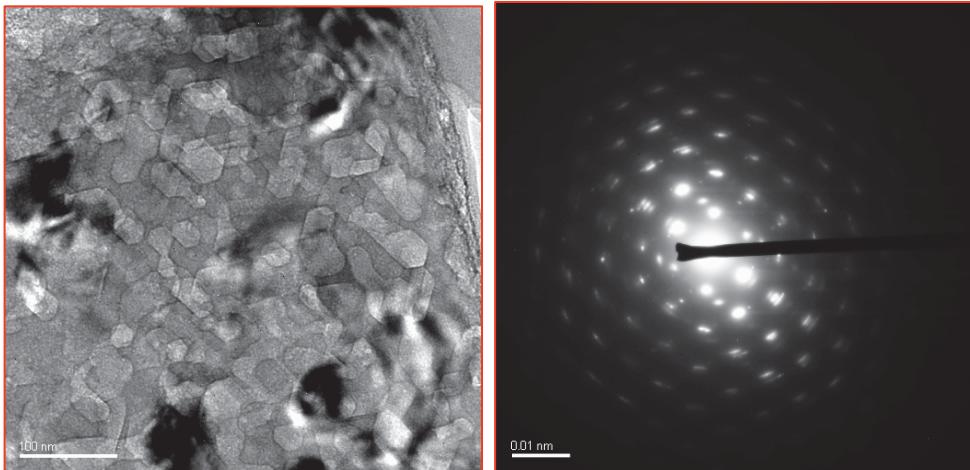
@ McPhy
Energy SA
France

Micro- to Nano-structure + high density defects



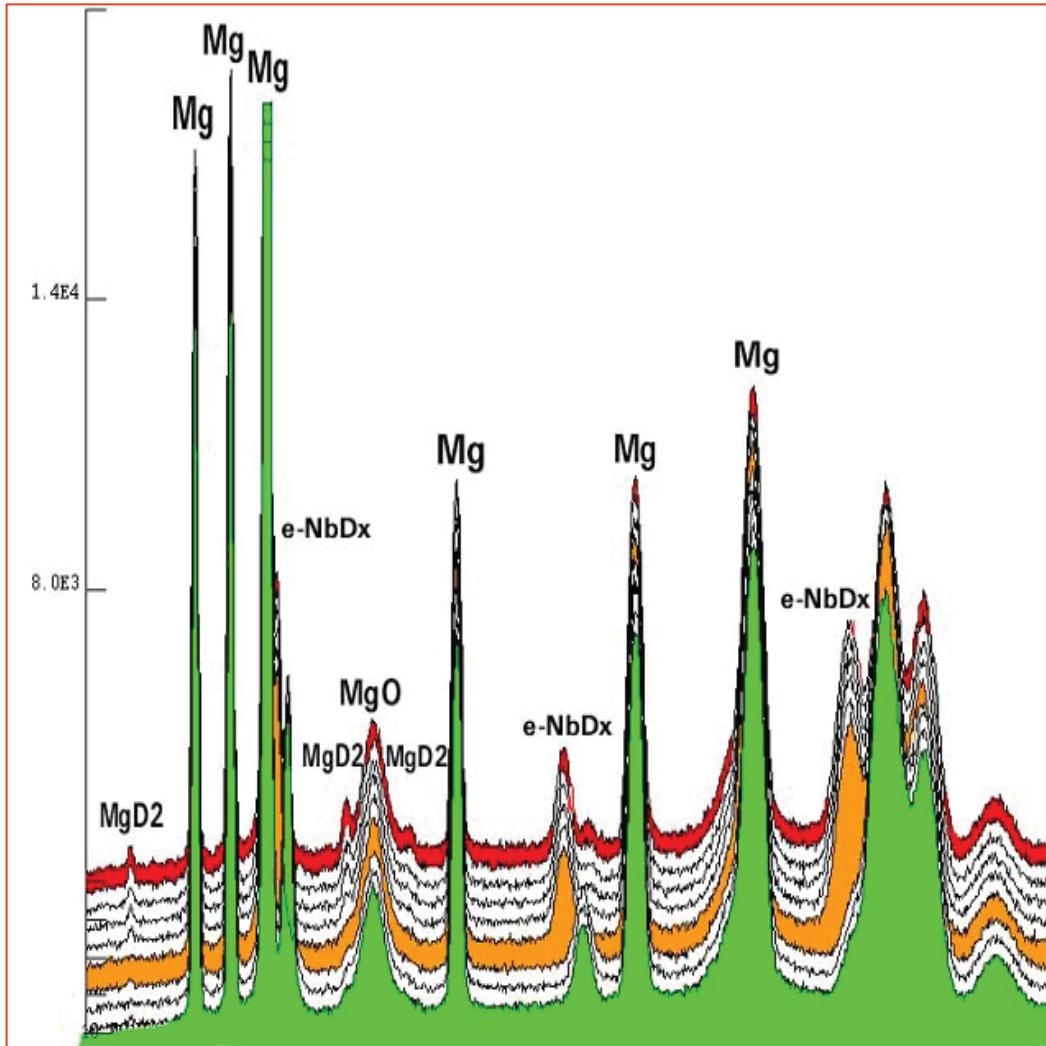
a - SEM picture of as received MgH_2 , the mean grain size is about 40 μm

b – SEM picture of a 10 hour ball-milled MgH_2 , the mean size distribution ranges from 0.2 to 10 μm



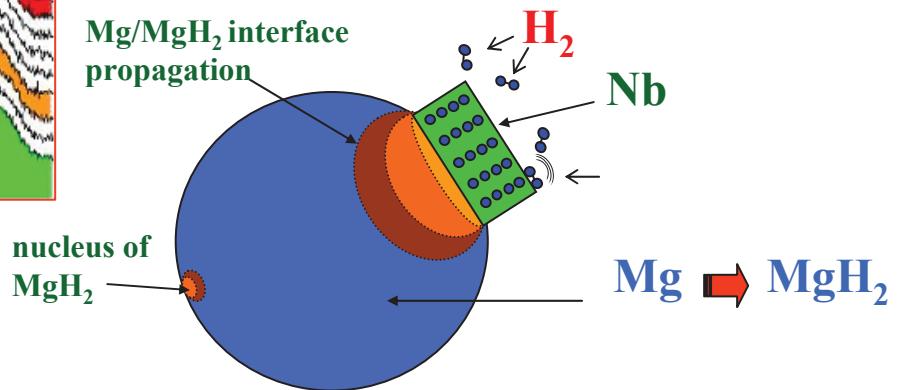
a - HREM picture of a 6 hour ball-milled MgH_2 , defects and nanocrystalline state transform to well shaped homogeneous sized crystals after evacuation under the e^- beam; mean grain size ~ 20 nm

b – Electron diffraction picture of in-situ well recrystallised Mg from the MgH_2 precursor

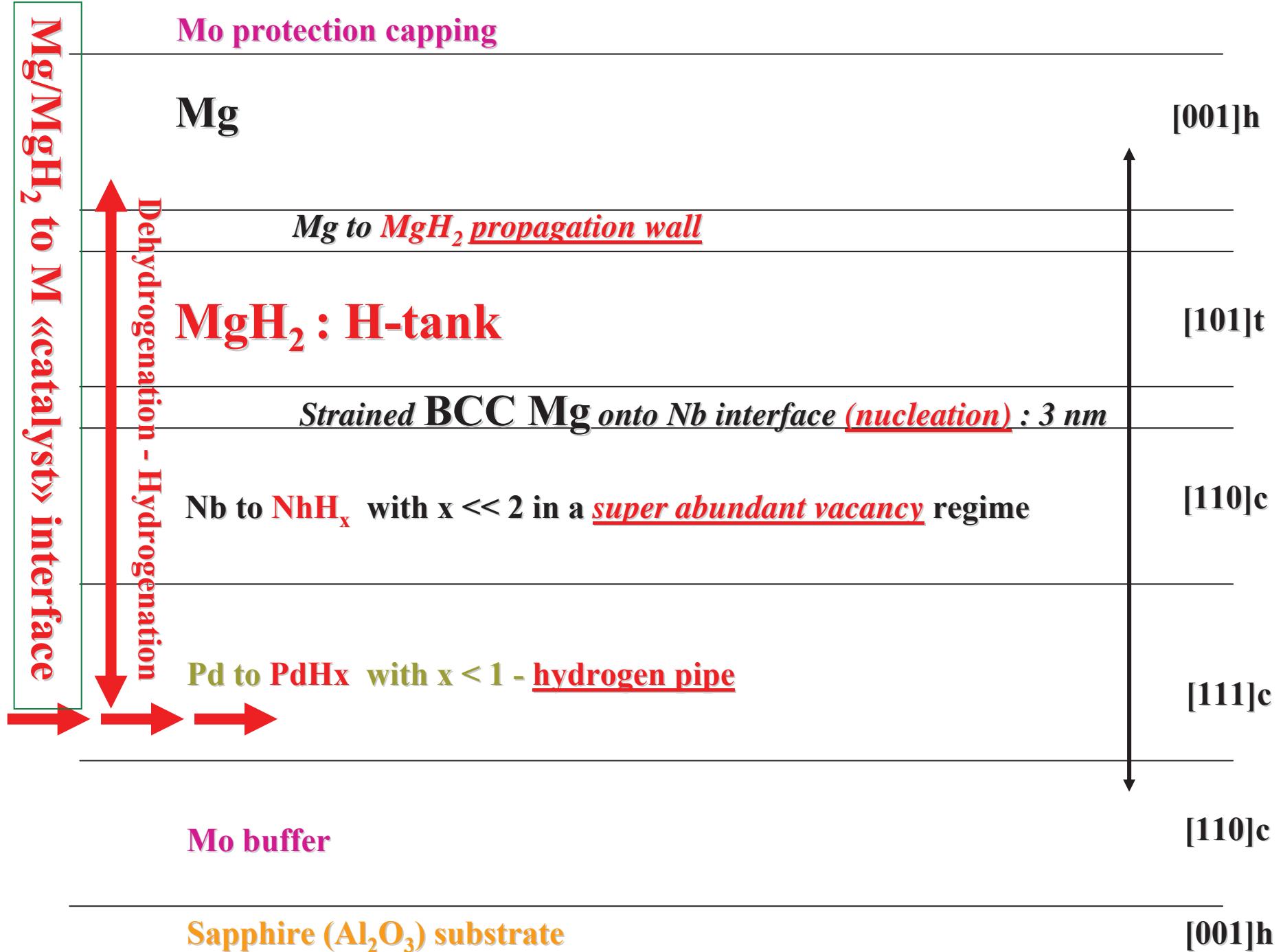


In-situ neutron diffraction
hydrogenation
of Mg via Nb/NbH_x
as « catalyst »

So-called «Catalytic» Effect ?



Scheme : a Nb nano-particle
interfacing a micrometric Mg grain



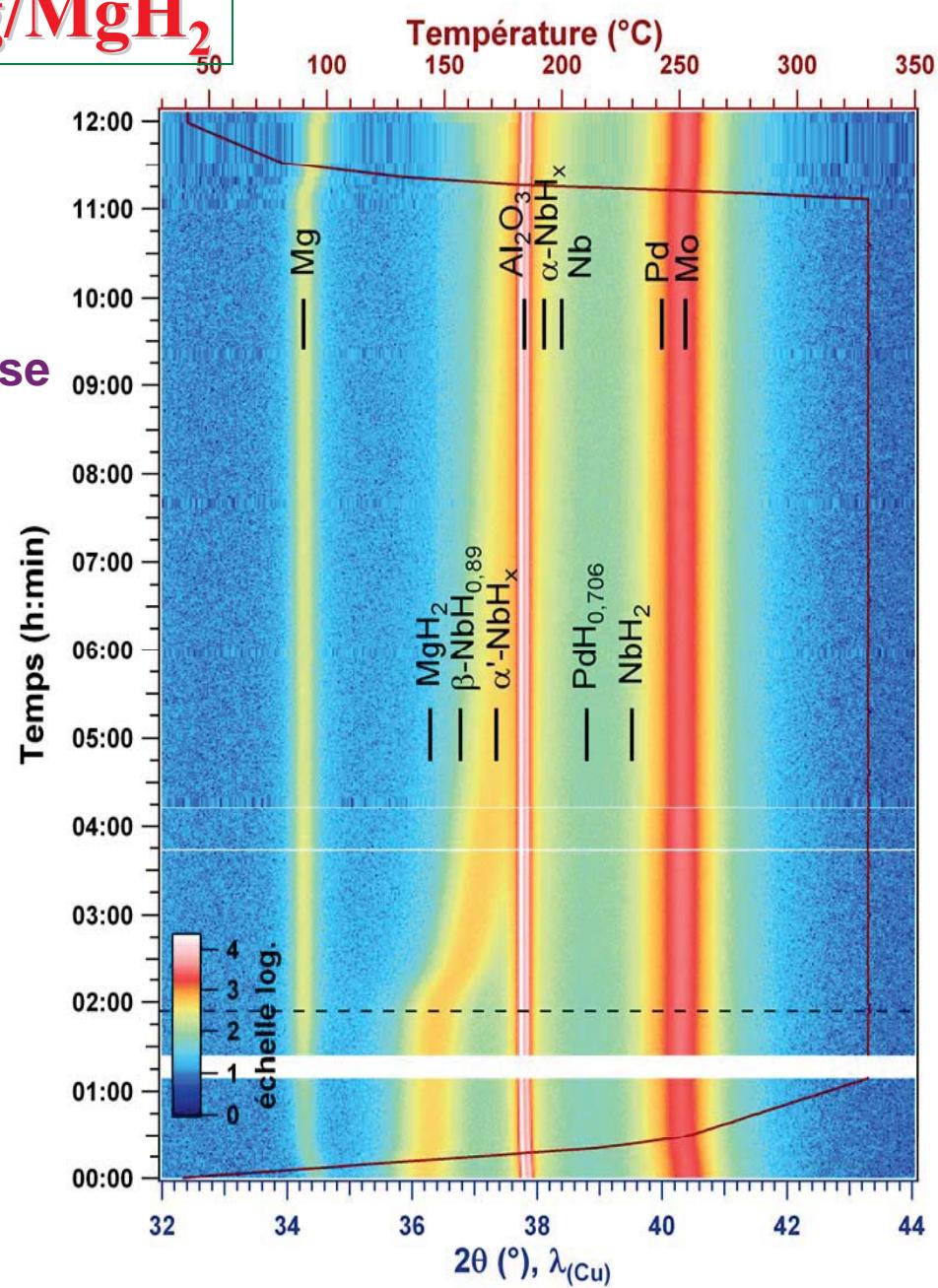
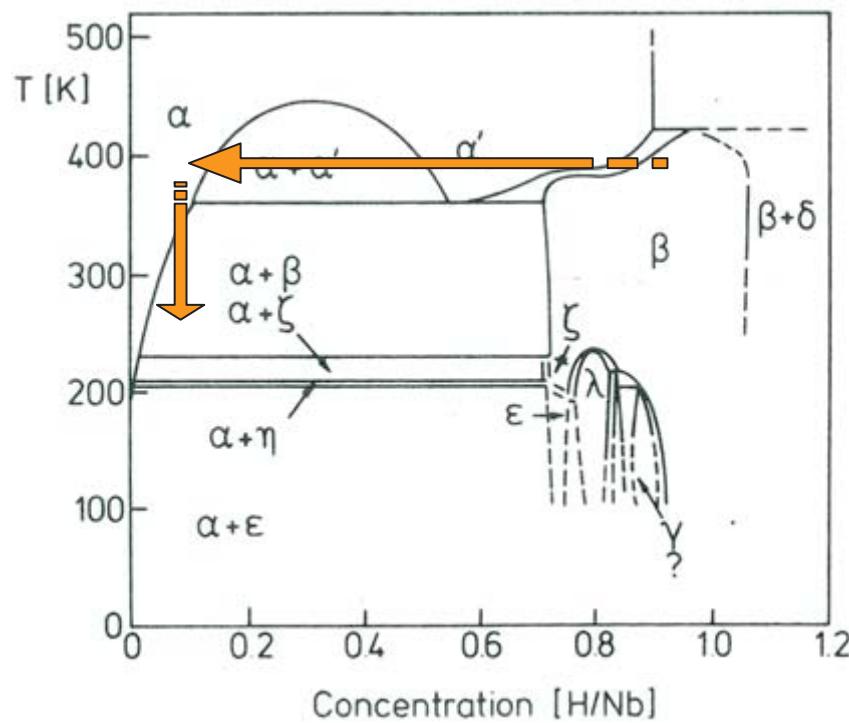
Interface M «catalyst» - Mg/MgH₂

Formation of β-NbH_{0,89}



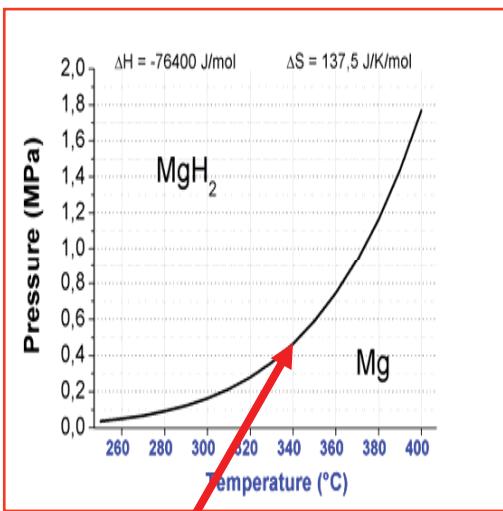
Orthorhombic Superstructure
Non mobile H

Disordered Cubic Phase
Mobile H (vacancies)



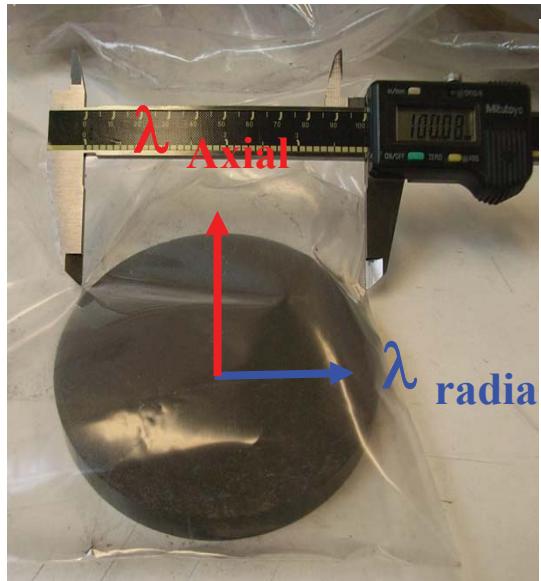
Heat of Reaction Management

Compacts $\text{MgH}_2 + \text{Expanded Natural Graphite}$

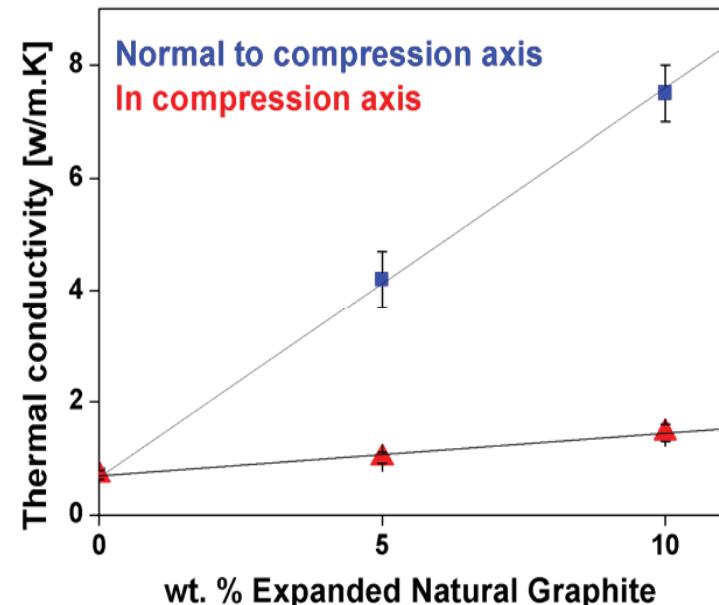


Heat of Formation !

~ 1/3 H_2 Combustion

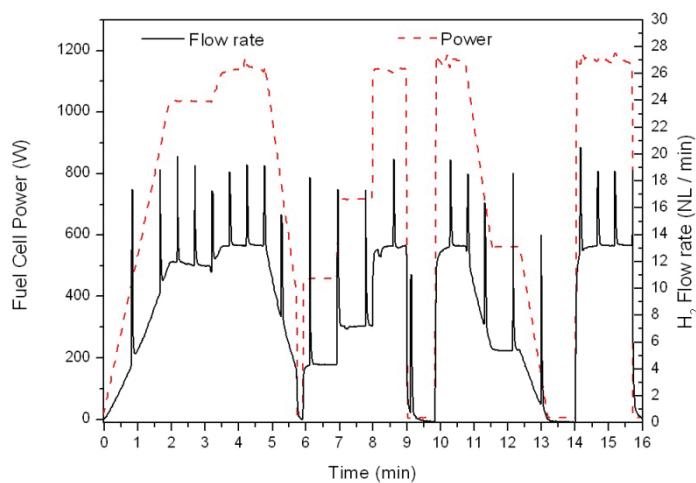
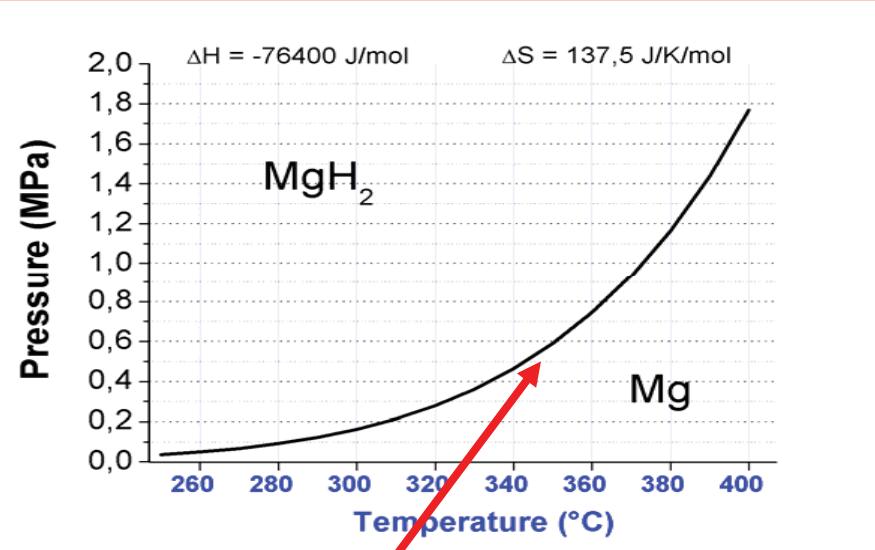


Compact $\Phi 10 \text{ cm}$
60 Ni H_2



Improve radial thermal conductivity (x 30 / free powder)
Homogeneous, mechanically stable on H_2 cycling
Improvement of H_2 volumetric capacity (x 3)
Very safe storage

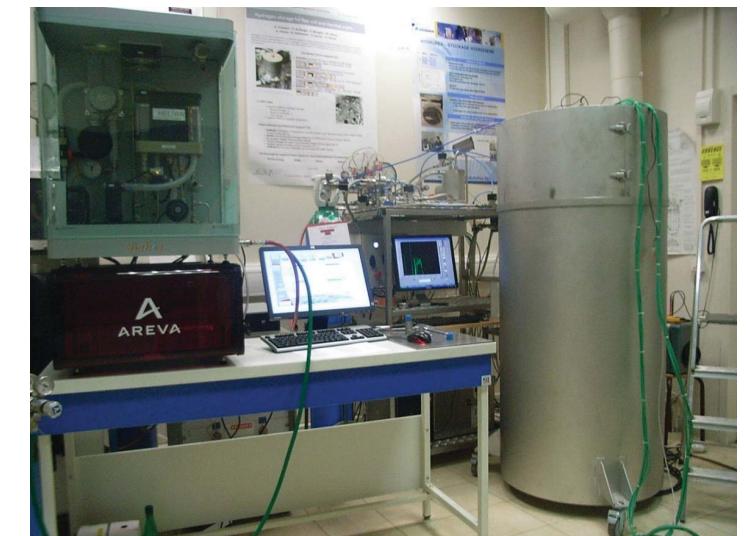
Adiabatic tank concept



Heat of Formation !
~ 1/3 H₂ Combustion

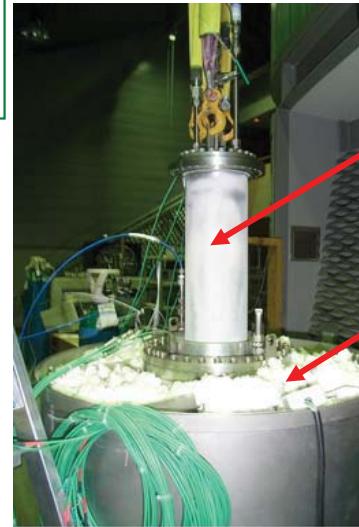
Stack : 73 disks / 13 cm
10 kg MgH₂ + 5 %wt ENG
126 kg CPM (Mg-Zn-Al)

Electrical power : 1.2 kW
Direct connexion between tank and FC
No H₂ buffer, no mass flow regulation
FC H₂ pressure limitation : 0.12 MPa
Autonomy > 10 h. at max. FC power



**LARGE REVERSIBLE SAVING ENERGY =
STORE REVERSIBLY HEAT WITH A CPM**

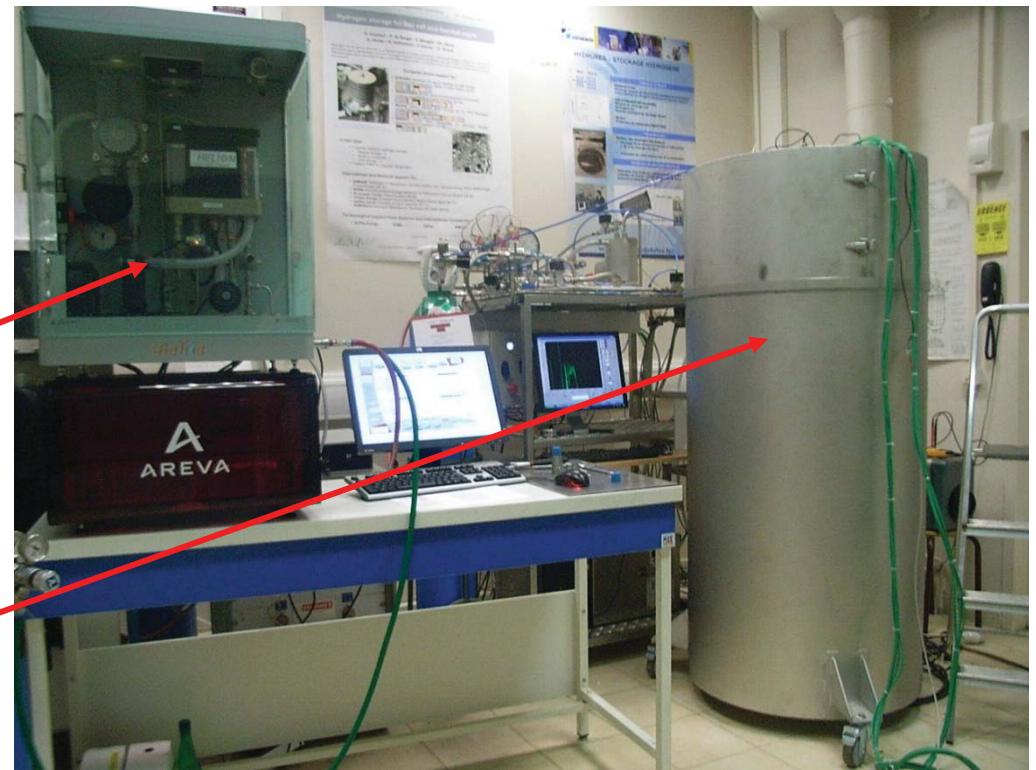
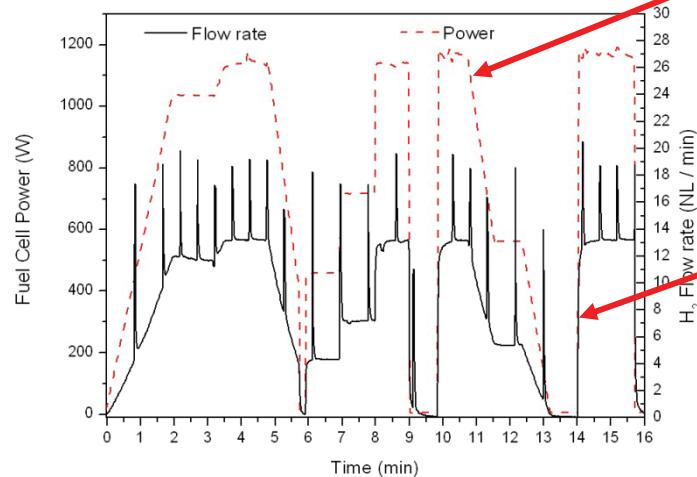
Adiabatic tank concept



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Electrical power : 1.2 kW

Direct connexion between tank and FC
No H₂ buffer, no mass flow regulation
FC H₂ pressure limitation : 0.12 MPa
Autonomy > 10 h. at max. FC power



Opening new routes for a mass production

Nanostructuration, high density of defects

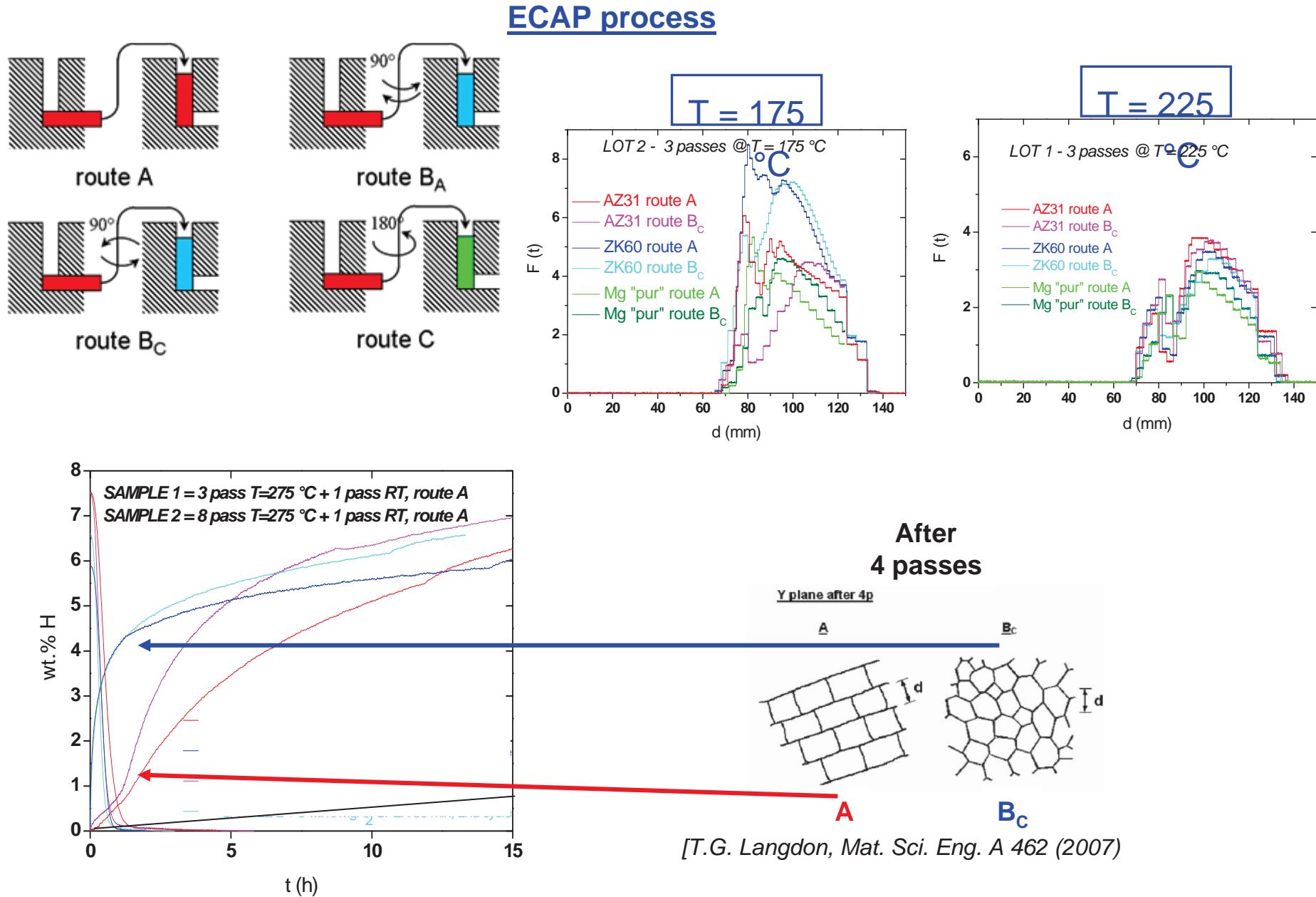
CNRS & UQTR

**Ball Milling is a traditionnal and very effective process,
but very expensive for a mass production in terms of
time, energy, manpower....
Unsafe since powder pyrophoricity**

**ECAP (as e.g. Cold Rolling, Fast Forging) allows better
understanding of metallurgy parameters than Ball Milling**

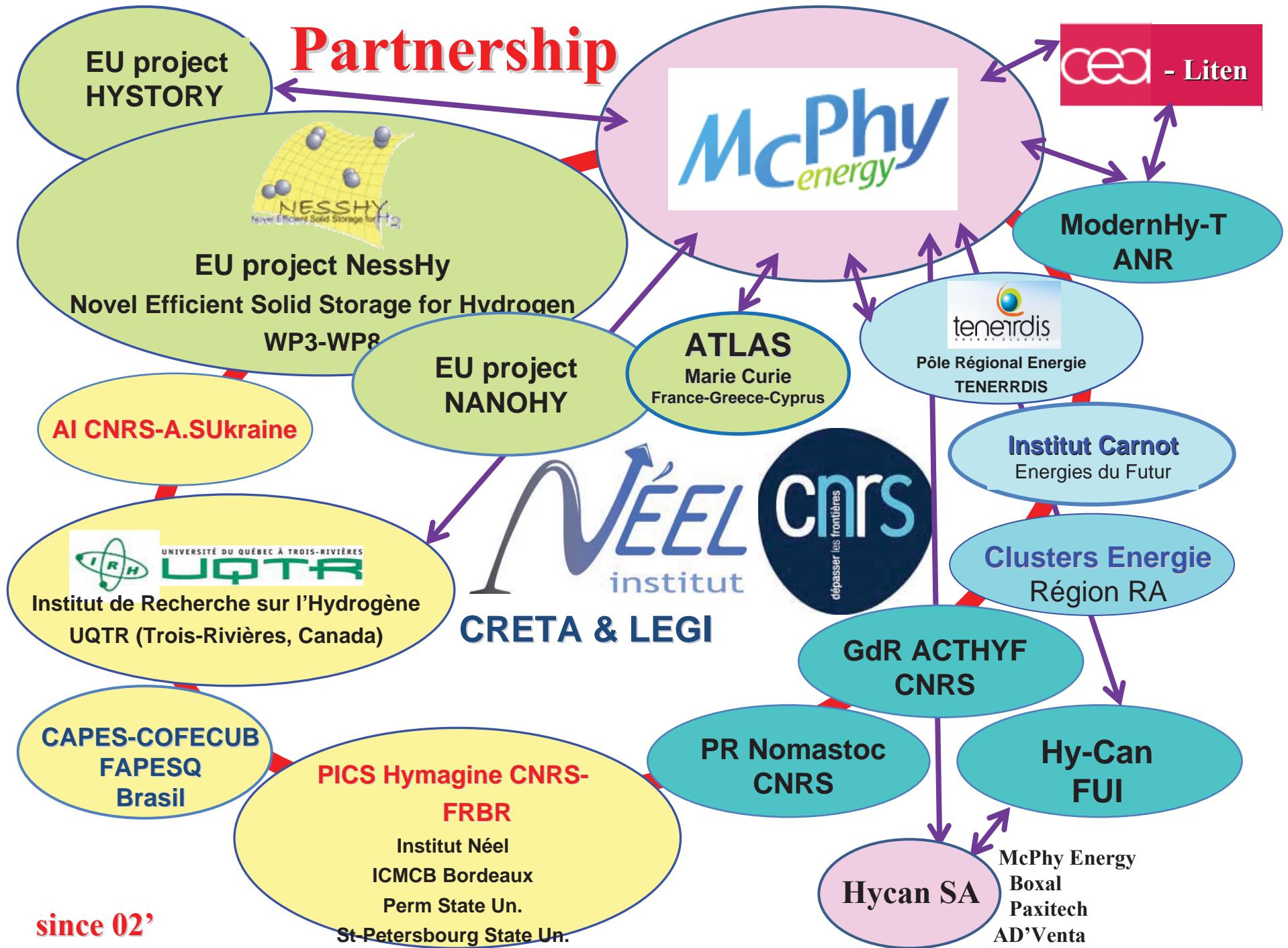
No «catalyst» additive => towards 7.6 w% !

Manufacture Mg-rich composites : temp., route, activation



Port-folio of Patents

- CNRS WO2007096527 : Pulverulent intermetallic material for the reversible storage of hydrogen - Charbonnier-J, de Rango-P, Fruchart-D, Miraglia-S, Rivoirard-S
- CNRS WO2007125253 : Nanocrystalline composite for storage of hydrogen- Fruchart-D, de Rango-P, Charbonnier-J, Miraglia-S, Rivoirard-S, Skryabina-N, Jehan-M
- CNRS WO2009080986 : Hydrogen storage material made of magnesium hydride - de Rango-P, Chaise-A, Fruchart-D, Miraglia-S, Olivès-R
- CNRS WO2009080975 : Hydrogen storage tank - de Rango-P, Chaise-A, Fruchart-D, Marty-P, Miraglia-S
- CNRS /McPhY Energy F08 07087: Réservoir adiabatique d'hydrure métallique - de Rango-P, Fruchart-D, Jehan-M, Miraglia-S, Marty-P, Chaise-A, Garrier-S, Bienvenu-G
- MCPhy /CNRS FR0904442 : Réservoir de stockage et de déstockage d'hydrogène et chaleur - Jehan-M, Peyraut-L, Bienvenu-G, de Rango-P, Marty-Ph
- CNRS/UQTR/McPhy Energy FR1002928 : Matériaux déformés plastiquement pour le stockage de l'hydrogène - Fruchart D., Miraglia S., de Rango P., Skryabina N. Jehan M., Huot J., Lang J., Pednault S.





3 sites (factory, office, design)

starts Feb. 2008

Metal Hydrides & Tank Systems

30 employees June 2011

McPhy Energy

**Société anonyme à Directoire et à Conseil de Surveillance
au capital de 129.136,60 euros
Siège social : La Riétière, 26190 La Motte Fanjas
502 205 917 RCS Romans**

Representatives

McPhy-Italy

McPhy-Spain

McPhy-Japan

McPhy-India

McPhy GmbH Germany

Directory :

P. Mauberger: COE, M. Jehan: Director, D. Fruchart: Sc. Manager, A. Screnzi: Business



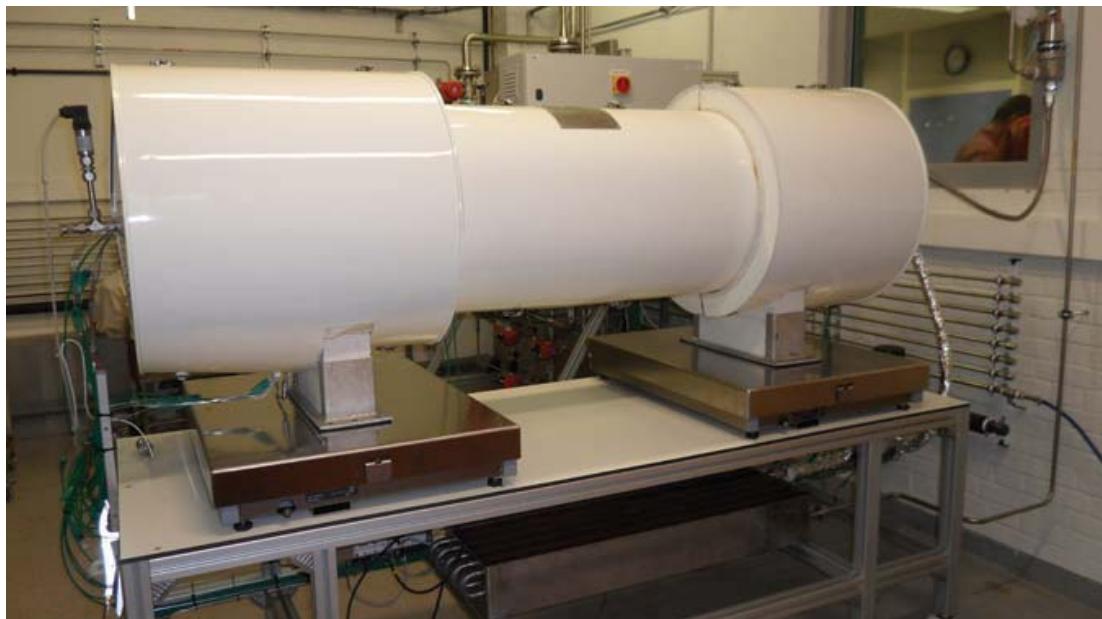
H_2 pressure ≈ 0.12 MPa
Electrical power : 1.2 kW



Direct connexion
between tank and FC
No H_2 buffer or
mass flow regulation

McPhy
energy

cea -Liten





~ 100 kg MgH₂ precursor / day



First-Hydrogenation Reactor



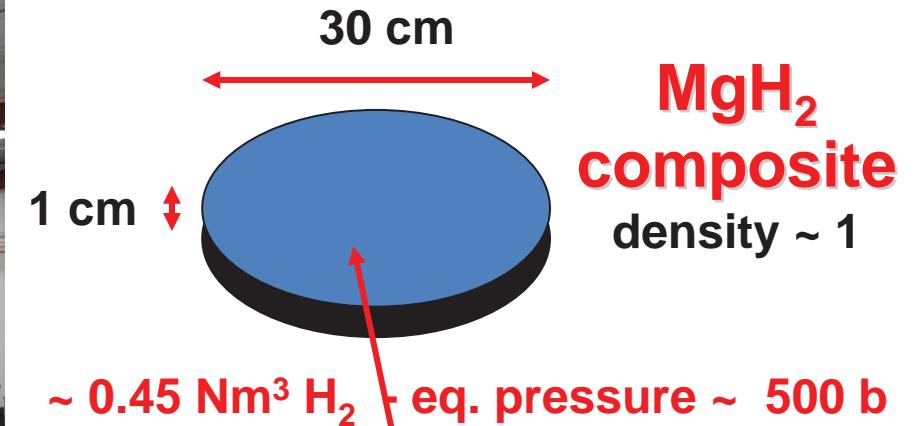
Ball Miller Hall

Milling capacity of
nanostructured and activated
reactive MgH₂

100 kg / day

reactive MgH₂

NGE



Dosing & Mixing Automate - Press



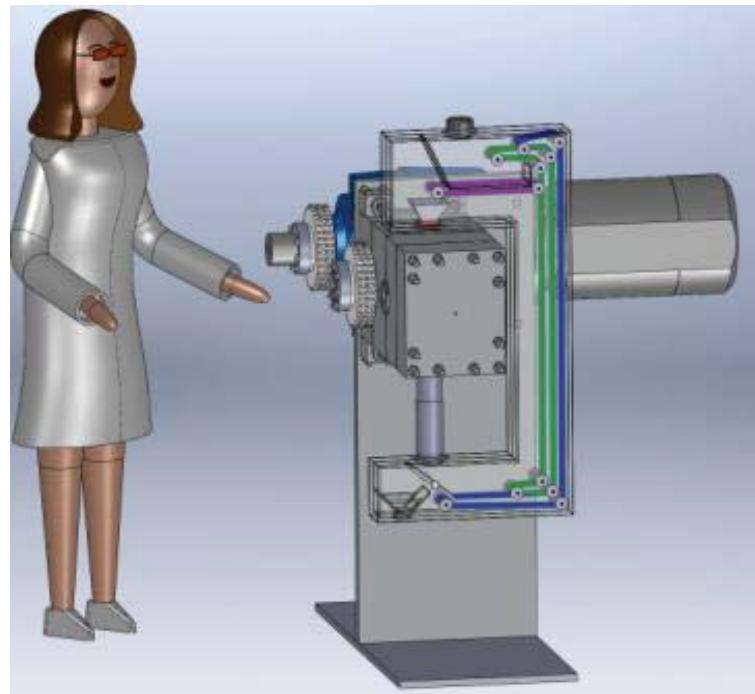
**HF synthesis
of TiVCr®
additives**



**CPM® melter and doser
to fill the heat storage tank**



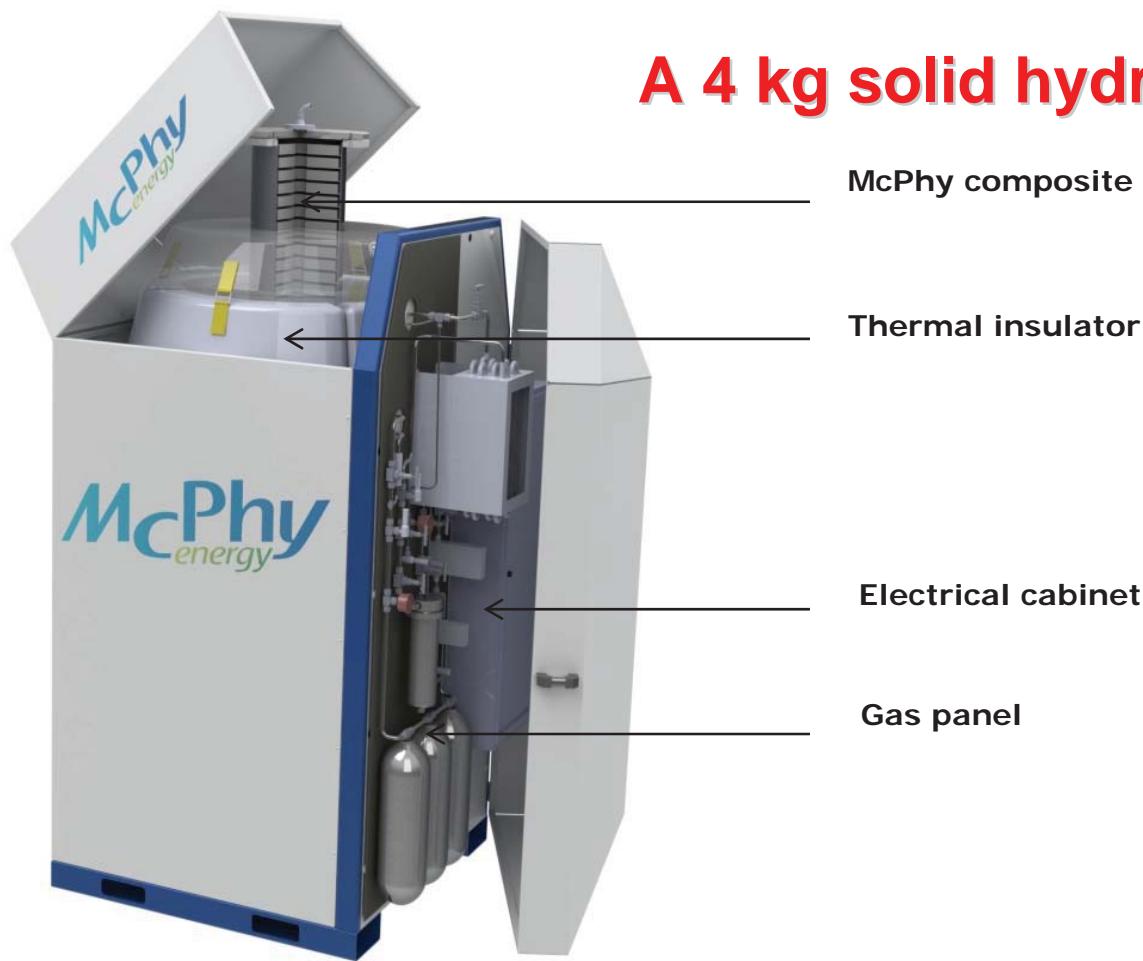
Automatic loading tank station



**Severe Plastic Deformation
Station (under development)**

Almost a reality...

A 4 kg solid hydrogen unit

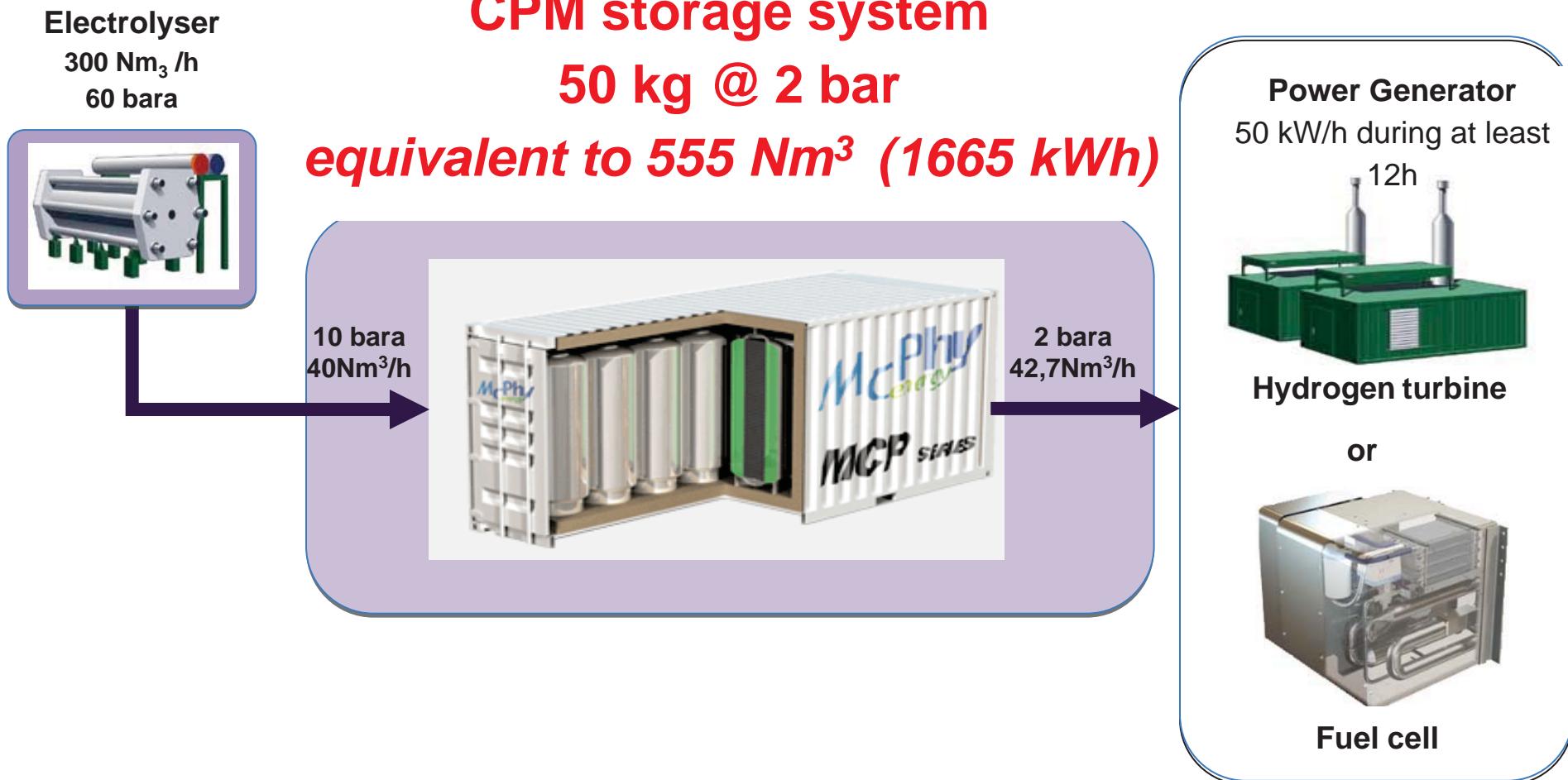


Design approved by ENEL: Feb. 7th & 8th, 2011

Design approved by Iwatani: March 1st, 2011

+ UK Clean Village + Hymage II + MYRTHE...

BACKUP POWER SUPPLY APPLICATION



HYDROGEN FUELING STATION

Electrolyser

300 Nm³ /h
60 bar



Medium Pressure storage
1800 kg @ 60 bar



Compressor
Suction : 60 bar
Flow : 300 Nm³/h
Discharge : 200 450 900 bar



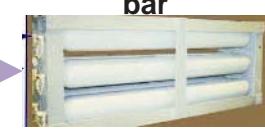
Fueling station



30 kg@900 bar



300 kg@450 bar



10 bara
160 Nm³/h



2 bara
160 Nm³/h

Compressor
2 to 60 bar
160 Nm³/h

MGH storage system

160 kg @ 2 bar

equivalent to 1760 Nm³ (5328 kWh)

Trailer station

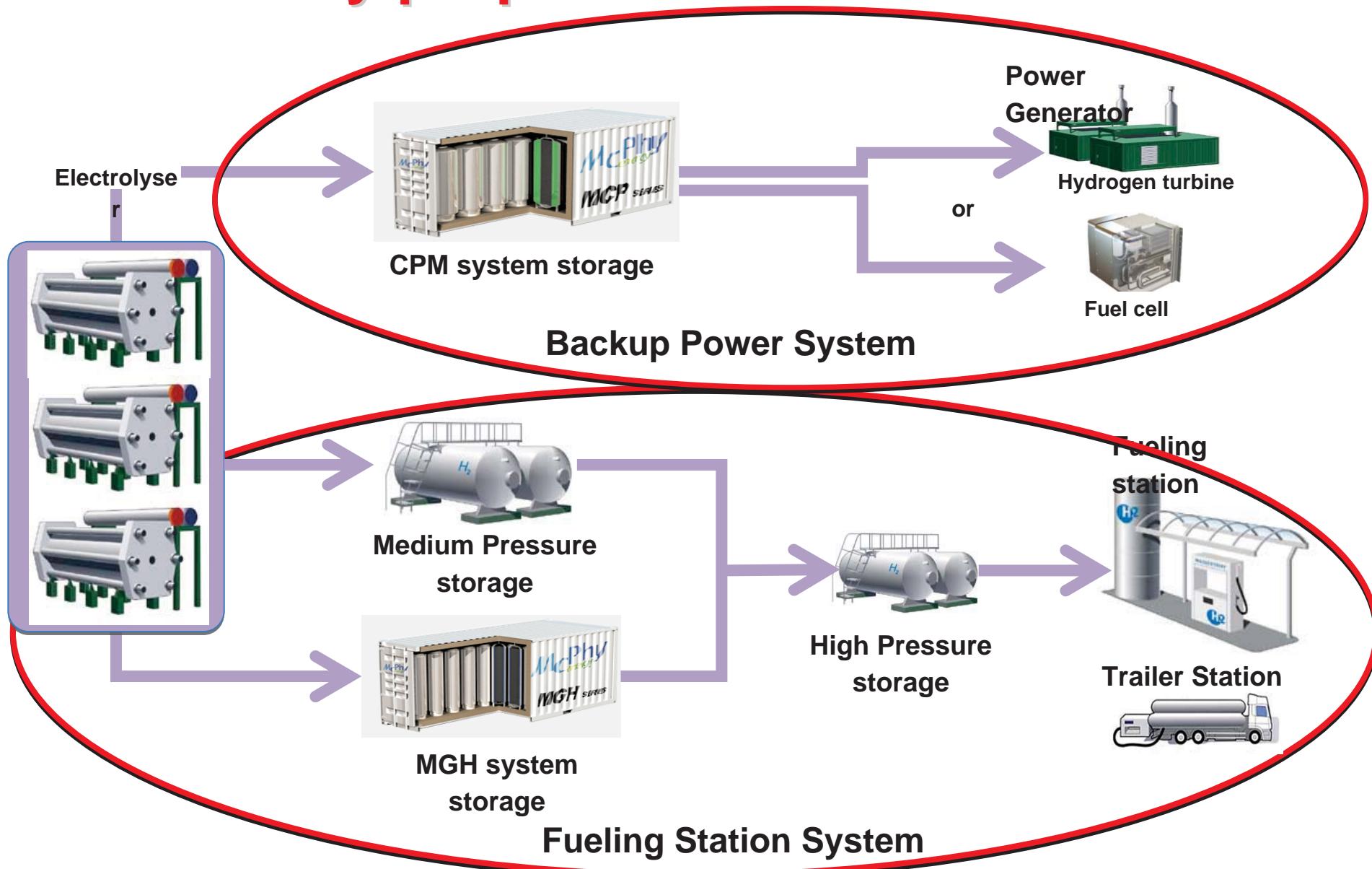


500 kg@200 bar

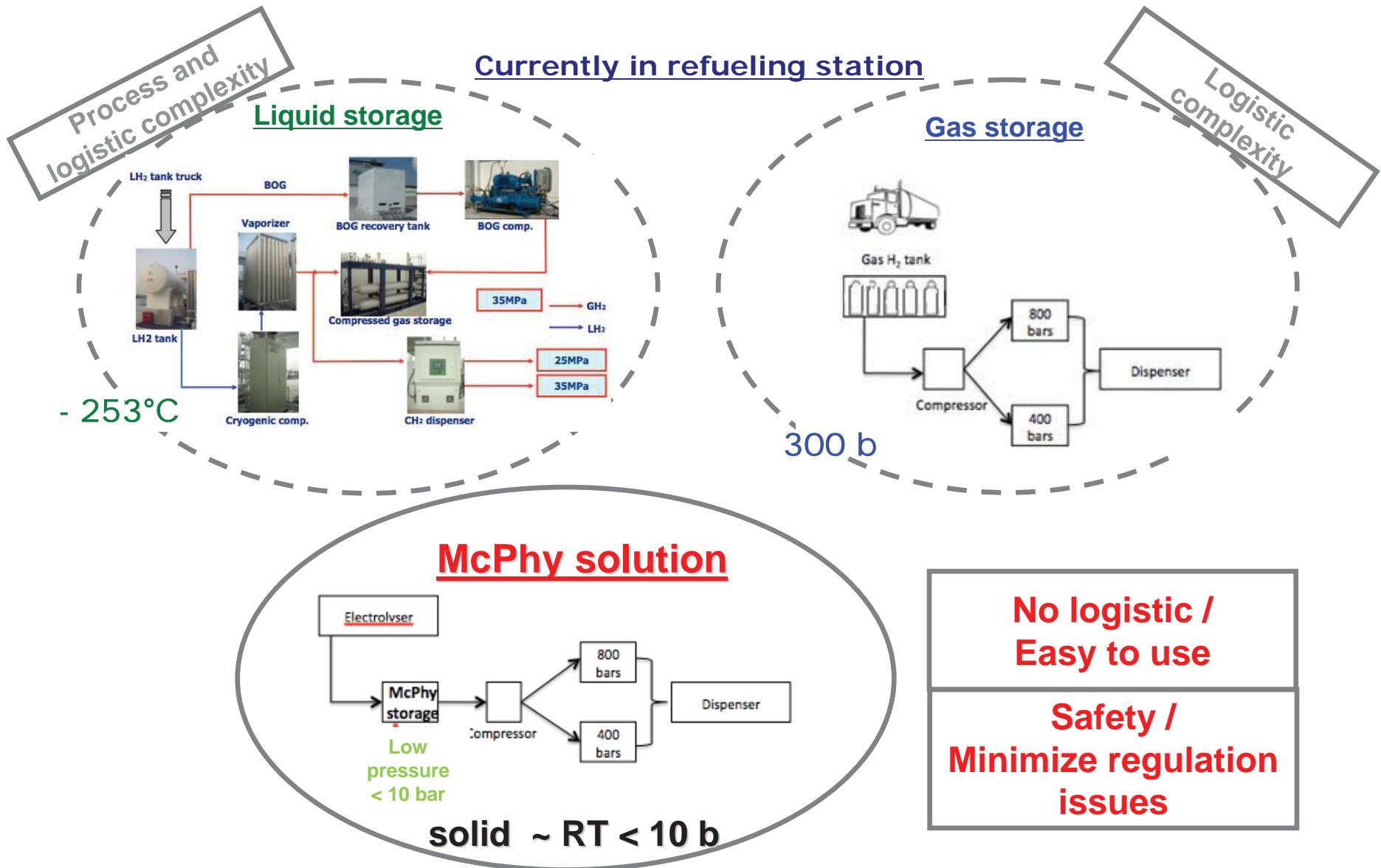


INTEGRATED PROJECT

McPhy proposal

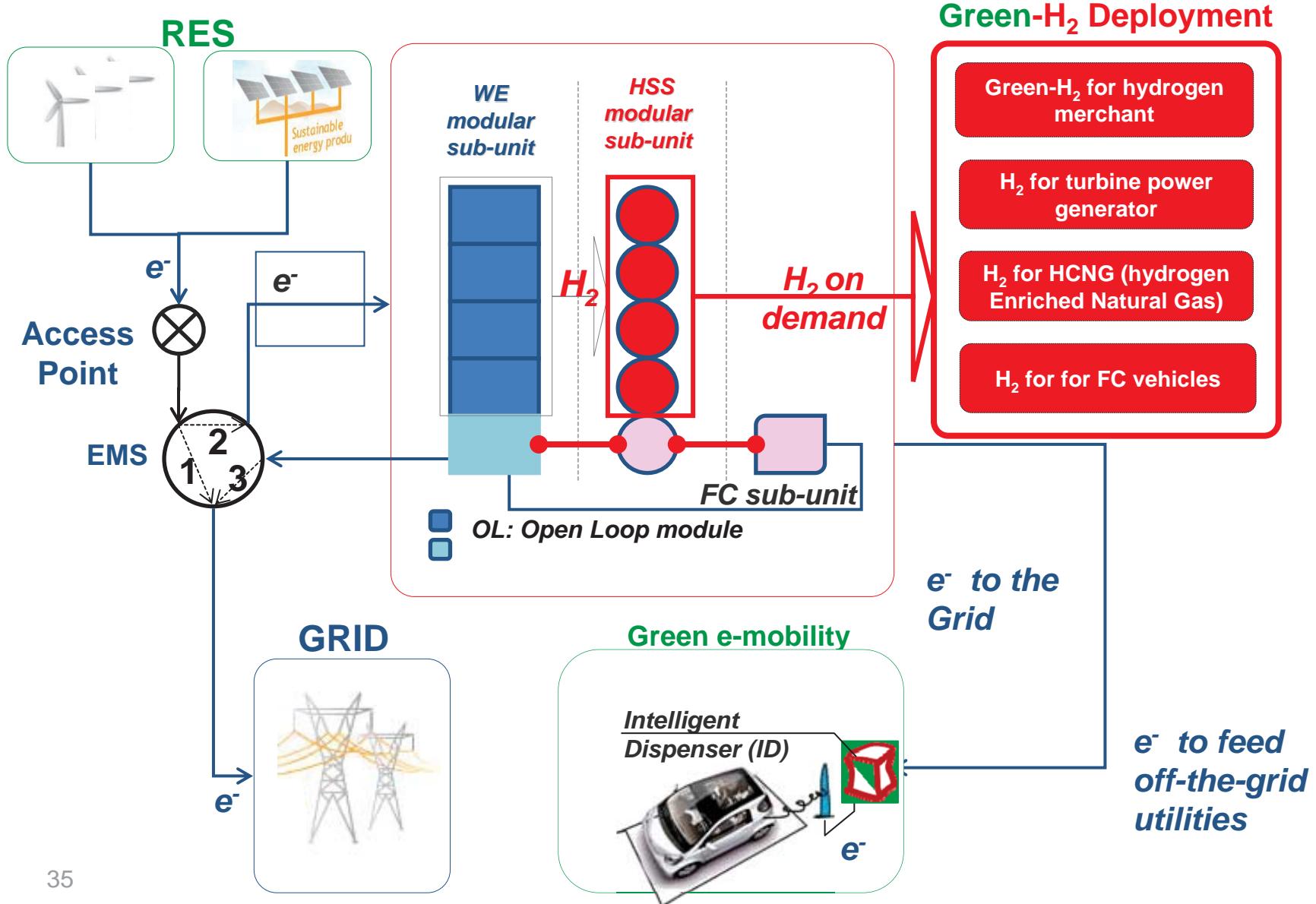


H₂ REFUELING STATION

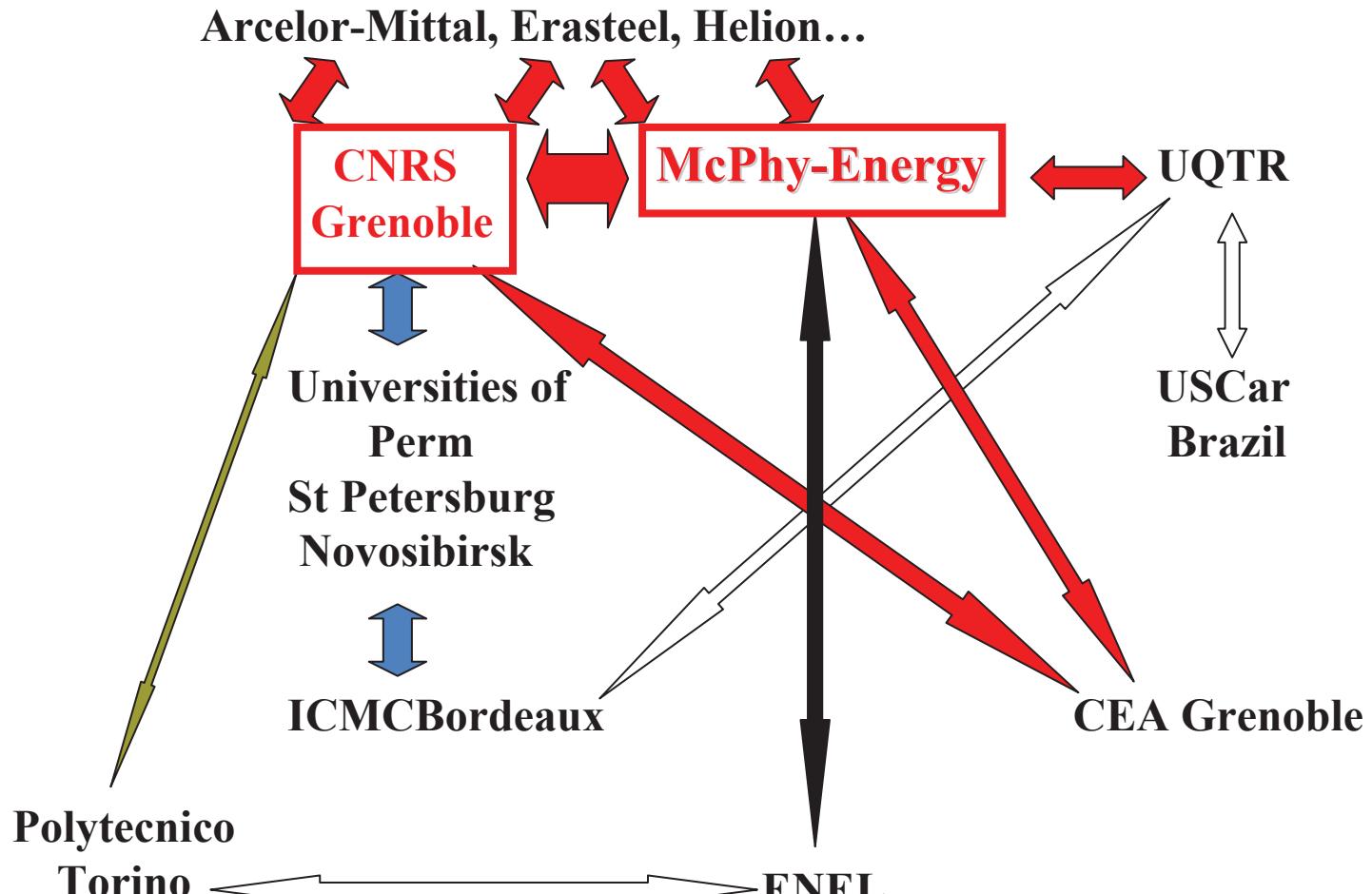


«Green» PROJECT

GES - Green Energy Storage System



SOME R & D COLLABORATIONS



OUR VISION

Stationnary Applications (heat management)

- Mass storage and transportation (up to GW)
- FC or turbine to grid - regulation of RE
- Refilling station (e.g. on site)
- On site industry applications
- Merchant hydrogen

Mobile applications (heat management)

- ICE fuelling
- Hybride ICE/FC/Electric

Nomad applications

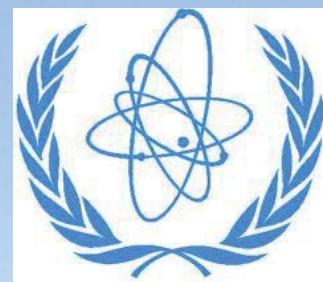
- All type hydrides

Thanks are due to

M. Artigas, G. Delhomme, A. Chaise, J. Charbonnier,
P. de Rango, S. Garrier, G. Girard, J. Huot, M. Jehan, P. Marty,
S. Miraglia, S. Rivoirard, M. Shelyapina, N. Skryabina

ESRF (Synchrotron)





Gracie

