



2335-7

Workshop on Entrepreneurship for Physicists and Engineers from Developing Countries

23 - 27 April 2012

Science, Technology and Innovation for Sustainable Development

Peter McGrath

TWAS, Trieste

Italy

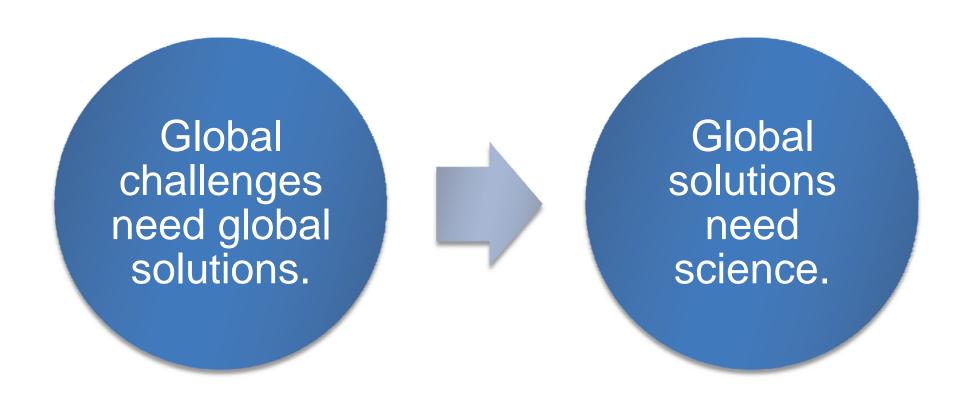
Science, Technology and Innovation for Sustainable Development

Peter McGrath, Programme Officer, TWAS

Global Challenges

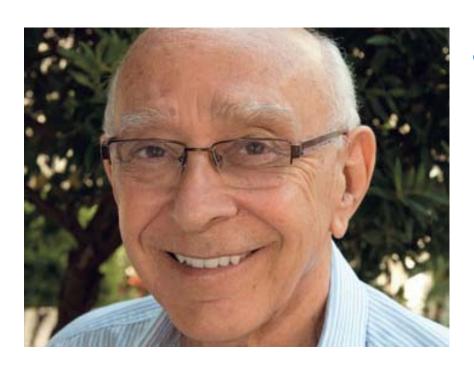
- Water: safe drinking water...
- Energy: energy security...
- Health: infectious diseases...
- Agriculture: land degradation...
- Biodiversity: ecosystem conservation...
- Climate Change: adaptation capacity...

Global Challenges

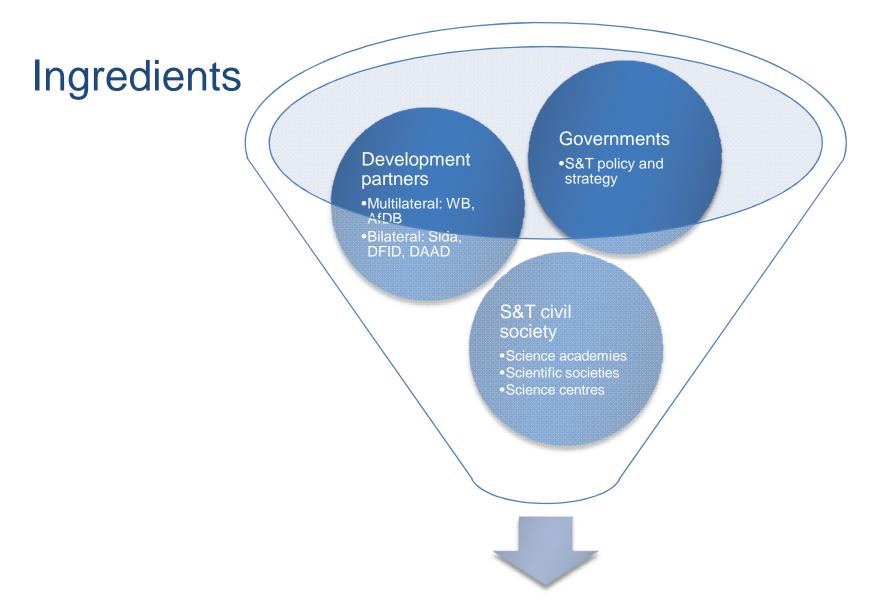


The role of S&T: José I. Vargas, Brazil

former minister of S&T of Brazil, and former president of TWAS



 The tool is science, the method is to build scientific capacity and knowledge networks, and the goal is sustainable development.



Science-based sustainable development

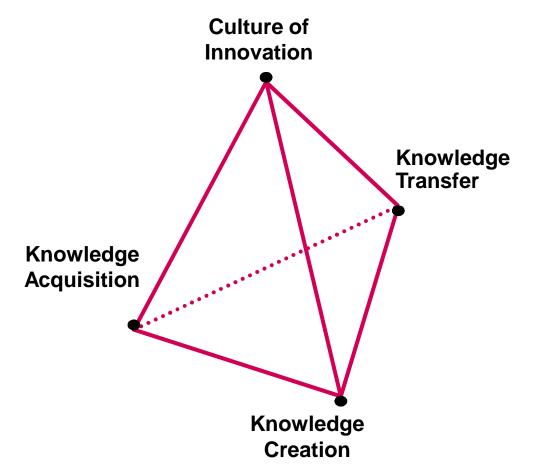
Bill Gates: "How to keep America competitive"

- "For centuries people assumed that economic growth resulted from the interplay between capital and labour.
 Today we know that these elements are outweighed by a single critical factor, Innovation.
- Innovation is the source of US economic leadership and the foundation for our competitiveness in the global economy.
- Government investment in research, strong intellectual property laws and efficient capital markets are among the reasons that America has for decades been transforming new ideas into successful businesses." (Washington Post)

Science, Technology and Innovation Policy

- Knowledge Acquisition Reinforce science and technology teaching and resources at all levels of education
- Knowledge Creation Develop research capability in all priority sectors of the economy
- Knowledge Transfer Reinforce science and Technology Capability in all priority sectors of the economy
- Innovation Culture Encourage innovation at all levels to help stimulate economic growth

Knowledge & Innovation Tetrahedron



- Often known as the knowledge triangle or innovation triangle
- Can also be represented as the knowledge and innovation tetrahedron
- Representation of elements of national STI policy with the three fundamental objectives:
 - Knowledge Acquisition
 - Knowledge Creation
 - Knowledge Transfer

and

Culture of Innovation

to build on the solid foundation of these three concepts.

TWAS-ISTIC Prize winner



Hipolito Ortiz Laurel, Postgraduate College, Montecillo, Mpio. de Texcoco, Mexico

For his design of the 'Kiss Me' harvester for picking the fruit of the prickly pear cactus, or 'tunas'.

TWAS-ISTIC Prize winner



Philippe Rasoanaivo, Institut Malgache de Recherches Appliquées, Madagascar

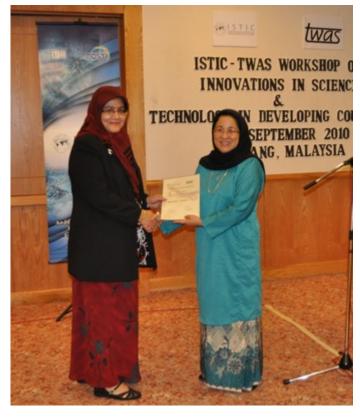
For his development of a potential blockbuster drug to treat erectile dysfunction from the roots of a native tree.

TWAS-ISTIC Prize winner



Rahmah Noordin, Universiti Sains Malaysia, Penang, Malaysia





For her work developing simple, rapid and effective diagnostic tests for filariasis

TWAS-ISTIC

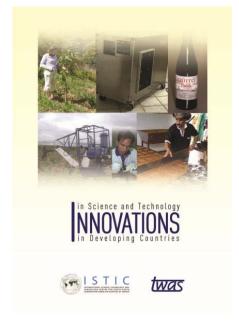
TWAS and ISTIC are collaborating on a project aimed at identifying, rewarding and disseminating best practices in the innovative use of science and technology in the development of new products, processes or services that have had impacts on economic development in the South.

Deadline for submission of abstracts: **Tuesday 15 May 2012**.

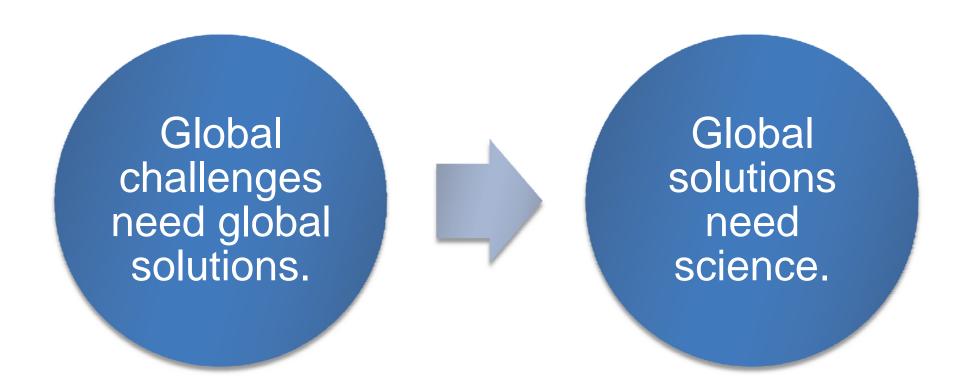
http://twas.ictp.it/news-in-home-page/programmatical/innovations-in-

science-and-technology-in-developing-countries





In conclusion



And entepreneurship!

In conclusion



 The capacity to develop sustainably begins – and ends – with the capacity to do good science.

Thank you

Peter McGrath, Programme Officer, TWAS m c g r a t h @ t w a s . o r g

www.twas.org