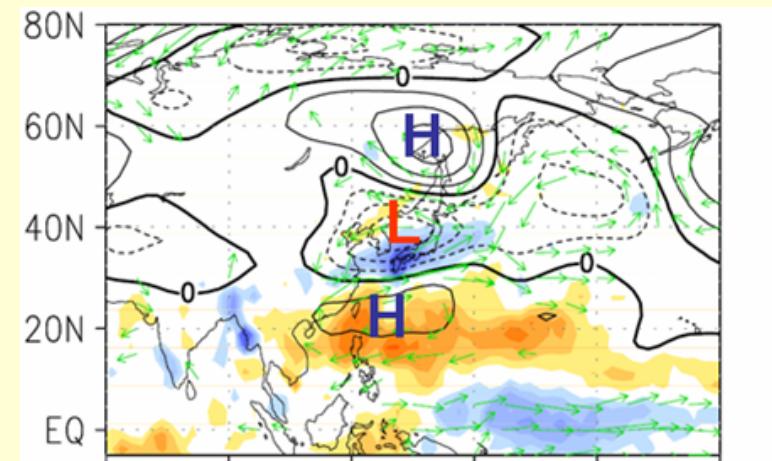
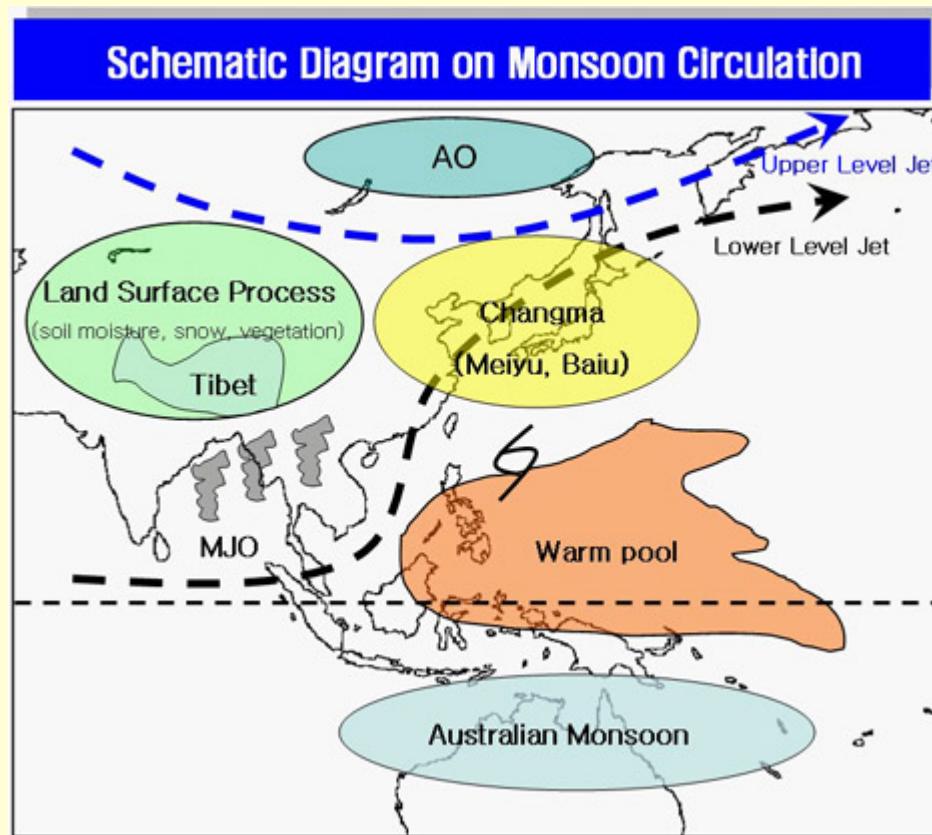


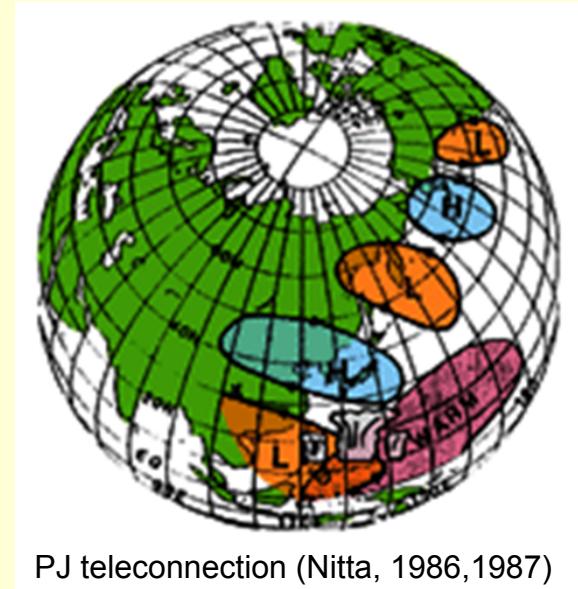
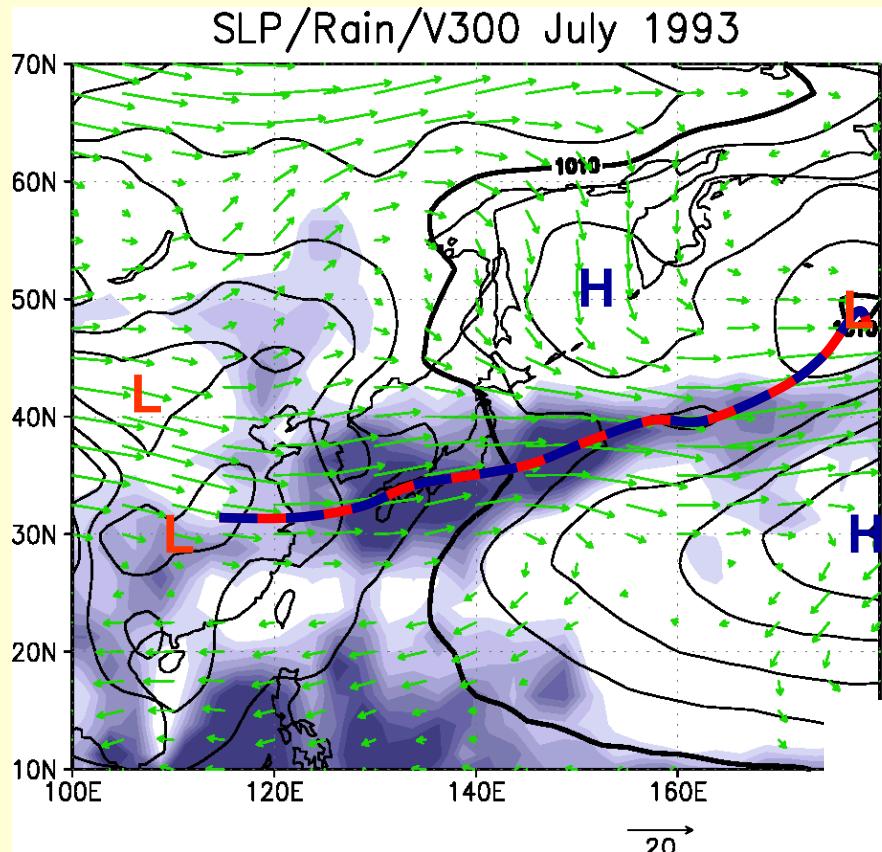


A Tripolar Variability of East Asian Summer Monsoon

Masahide Kimoto

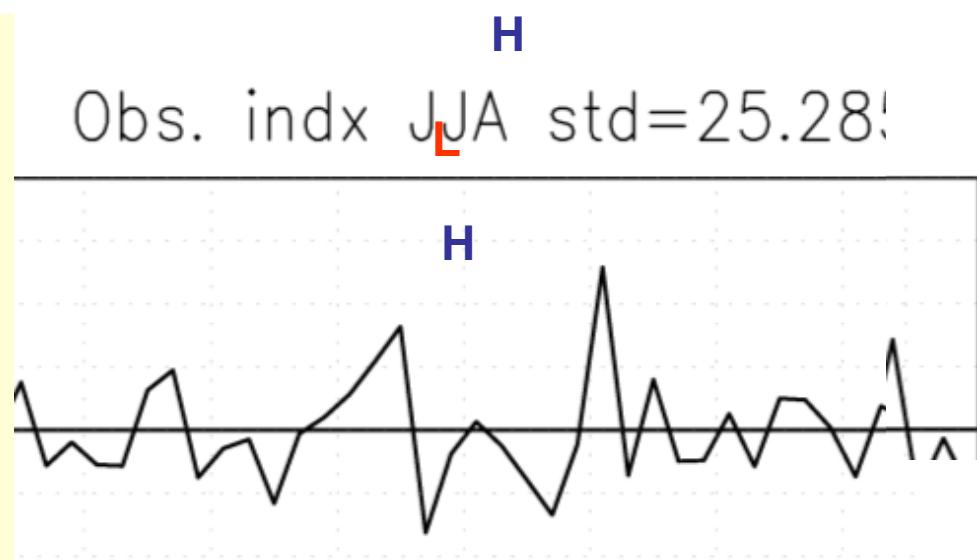
Atmosphere and Ocean Research Institute,
The University of Tokyo



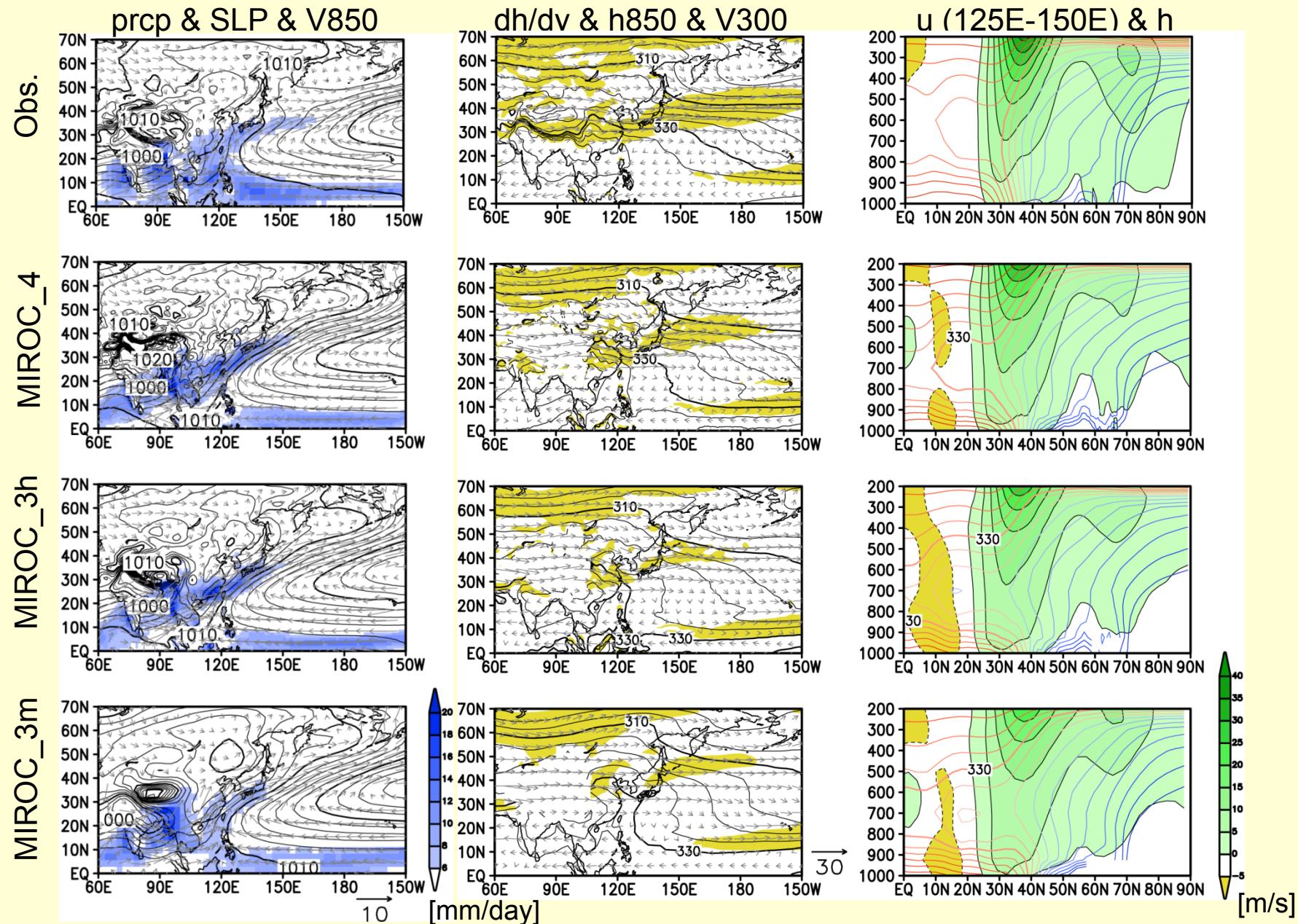


Rain, Z500 & V850 anomalies → regressed against western Japan percentage precipitation anomaly time series

The Tripolar Pattern



Climatology over East Asia (Jun)



Resolution dependence of “heavy rain” reproducibility

OBS

of days w/
 $R \geq 30 \text{ mm}/\text{day}$

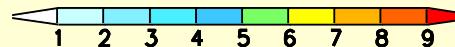
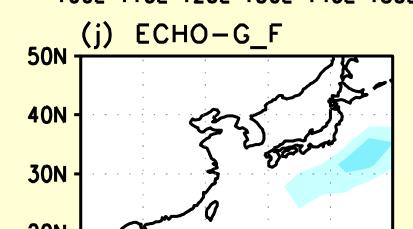
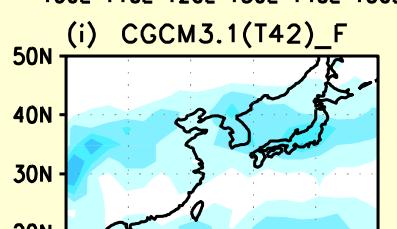
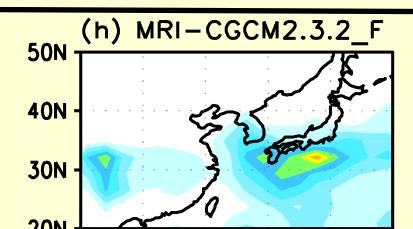
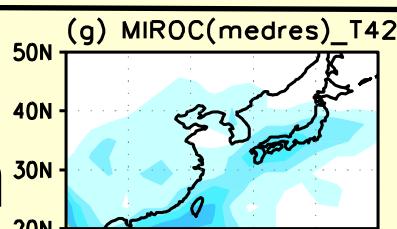
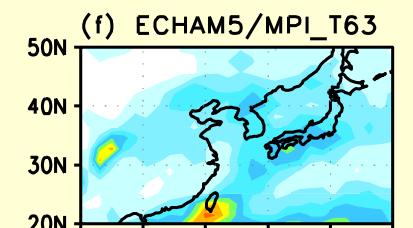
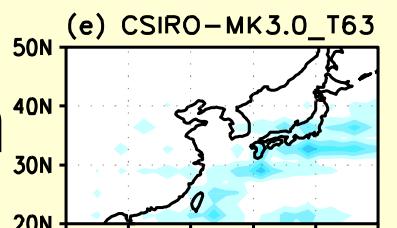
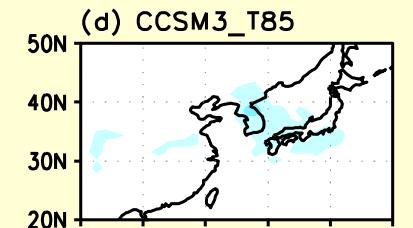
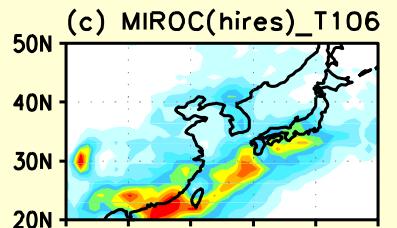
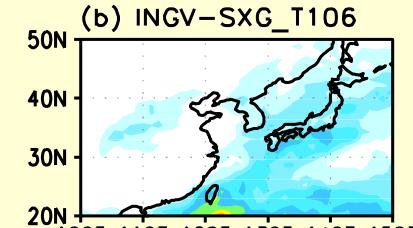
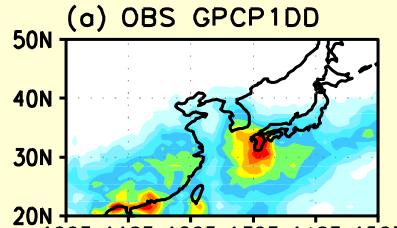
110km

180km

250km

or coarser

Days of rainfall $\geq 30 \text{ mm/day}$
IPCC AR4 20C3M
Month = 6 to 7



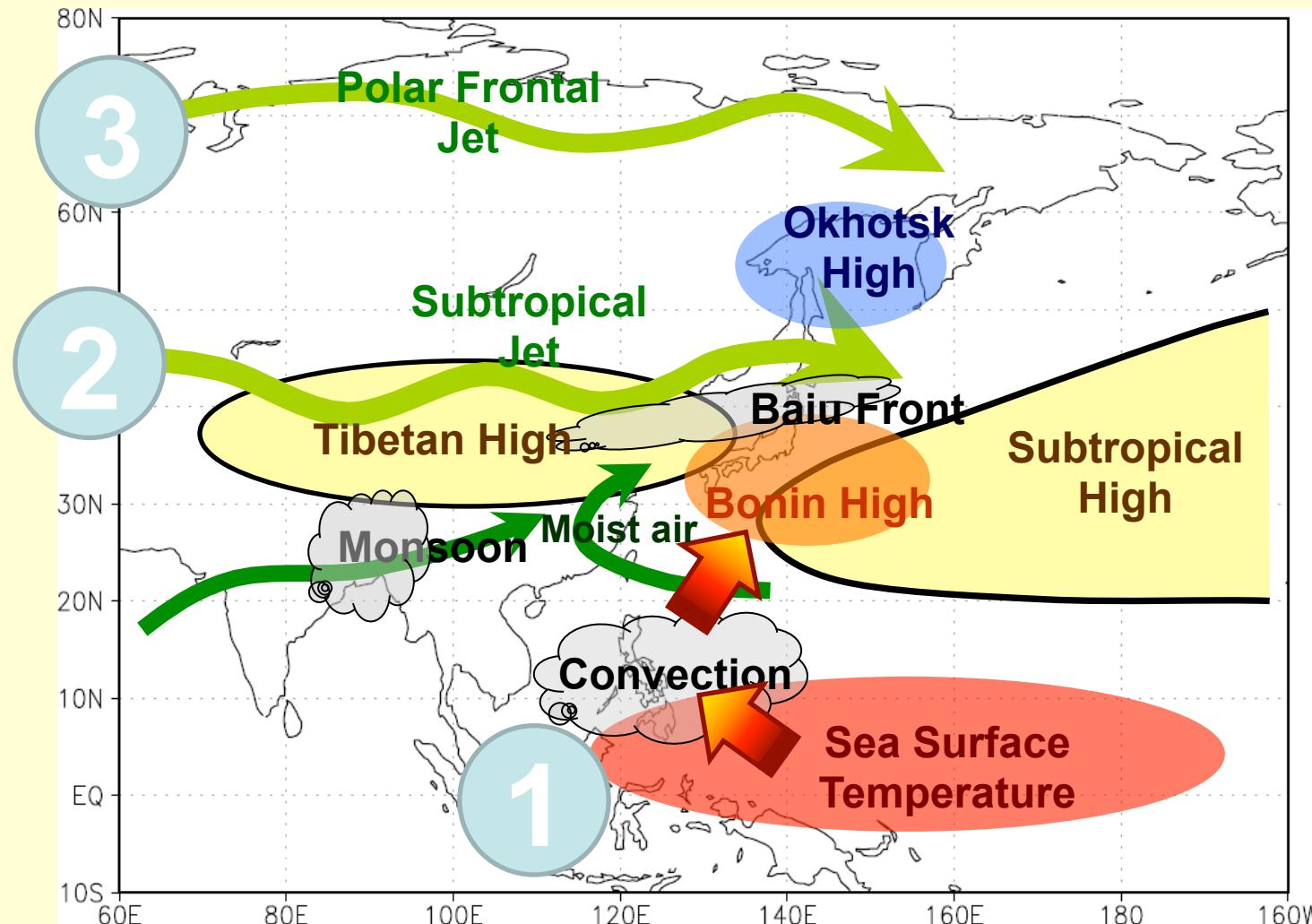
110km

150km

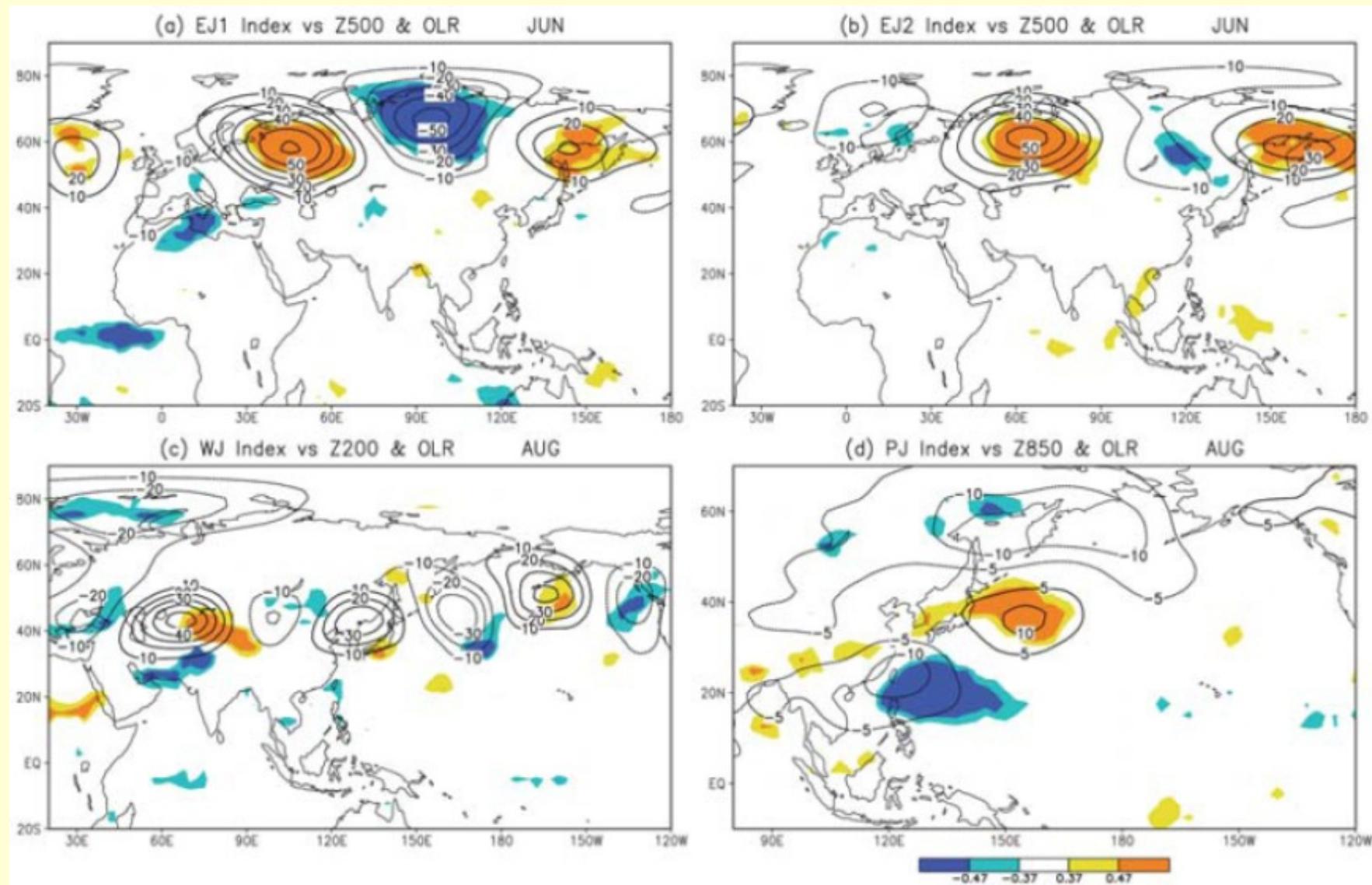
180km

Slide courtesy of Dr. Kusunoki (MRI)

Factors affecting East Asian Summer Climate

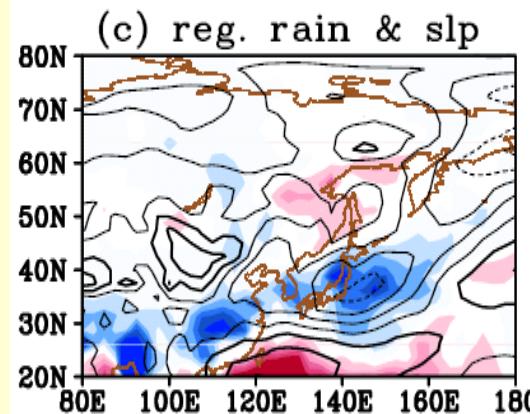
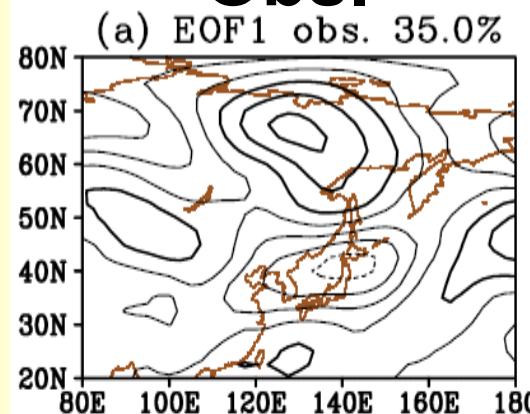


Teleconnection pathways affecting East Asia in summer

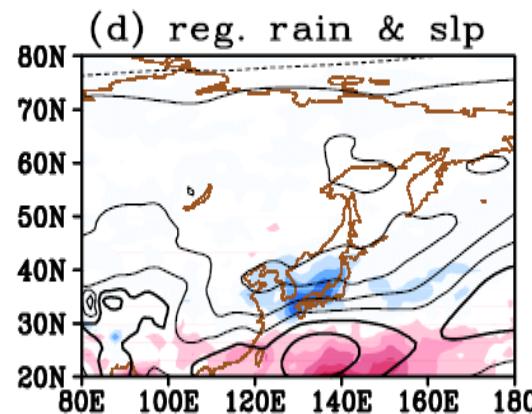
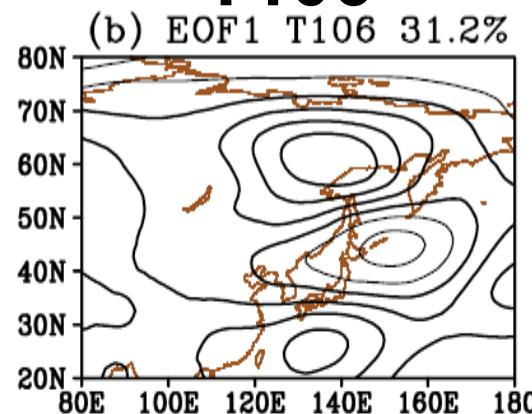


Wakabayashi and Kawamura (2004)

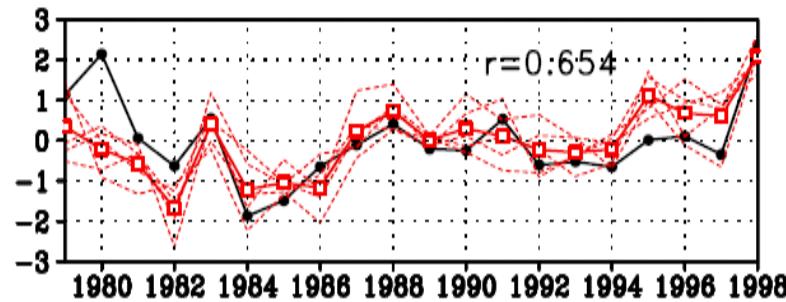
Obs.



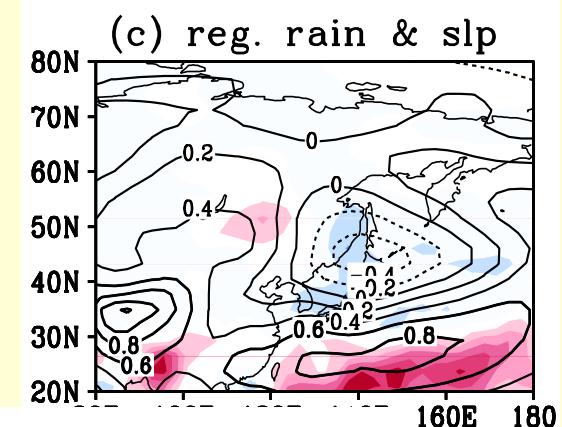
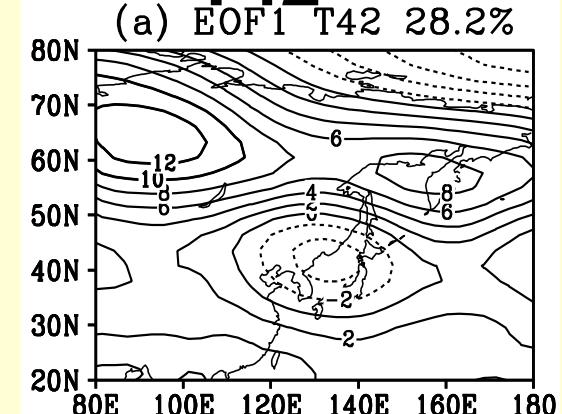
T106



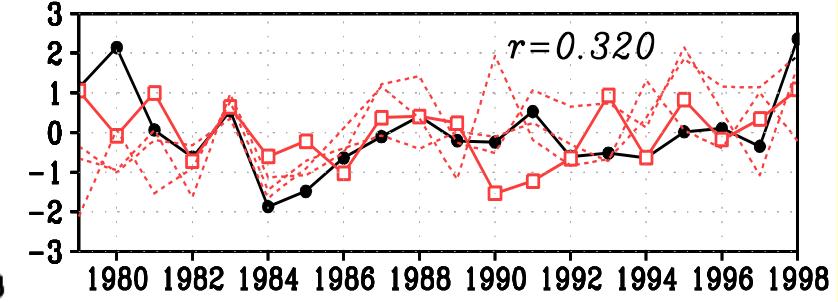
T106 vs. Obs.



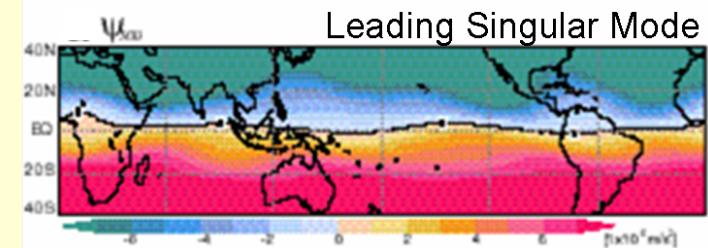
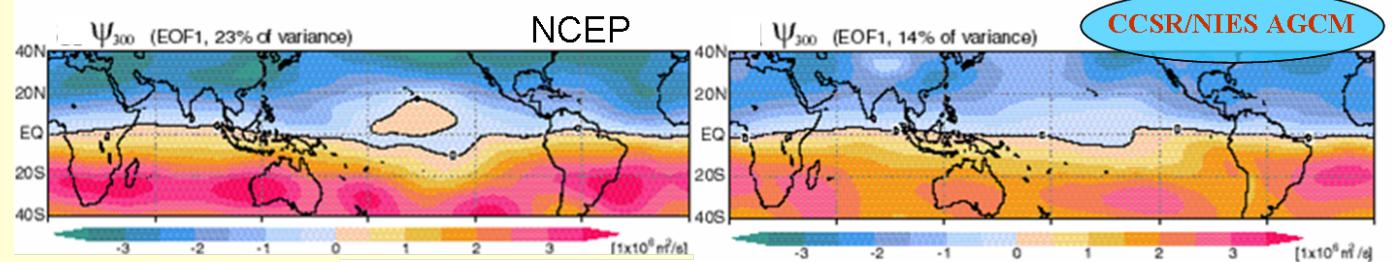
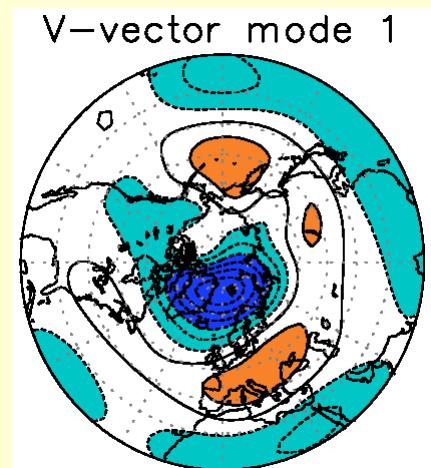
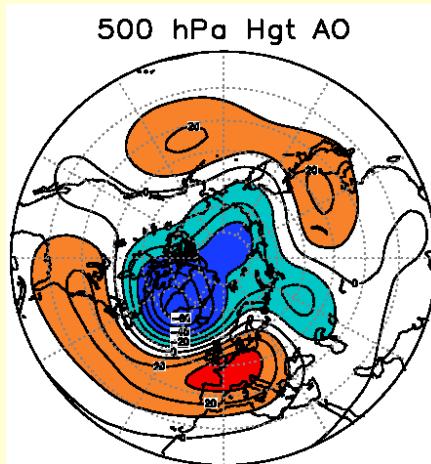
T42



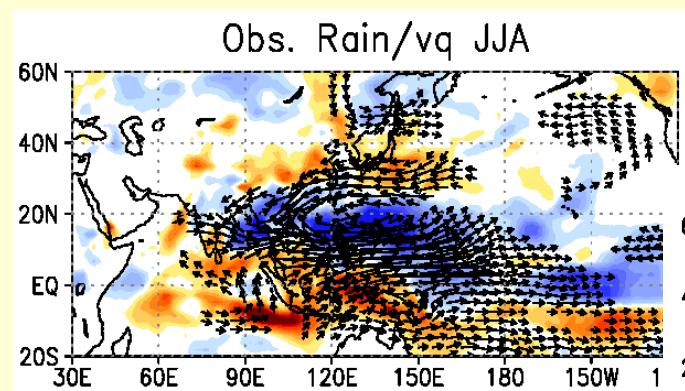
T42 vs. Obs.



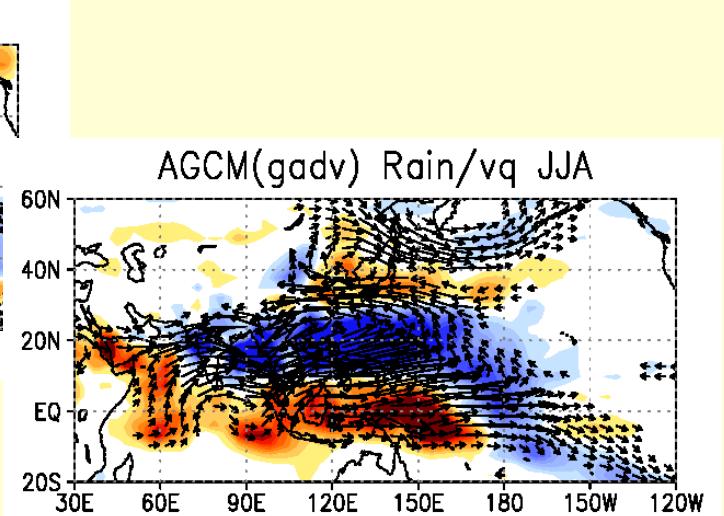
Dynamics and predictability of principal modes of climate variability



Tropical
Axisymmetric
Mode (TAM)
(Watanabe, Jin & Kimoto)



Pacific-Indo Dipole
(Yasutomi & Kimoto)



Zonal-eddy coupling and a neutral mode theory for the Arctic Oscillation

(Kimoto, Jin, Watanabe and Yasutomi 2001)

Neutral Modes

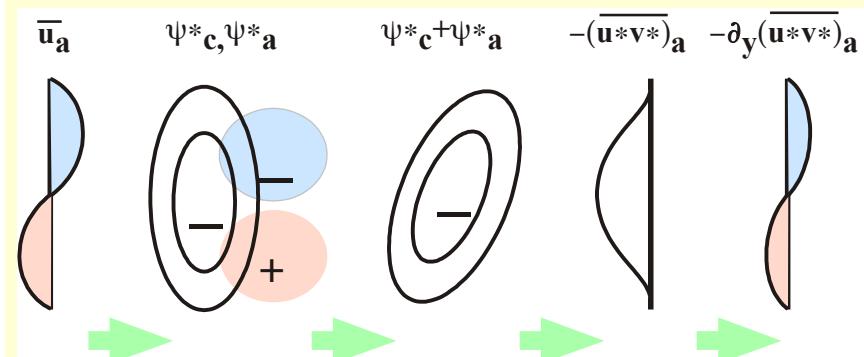
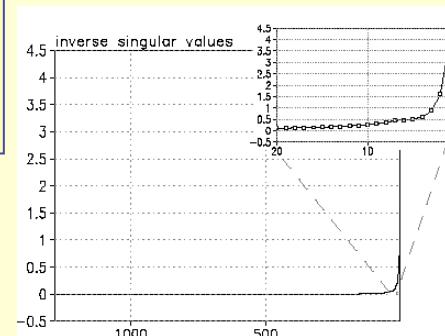
$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}}{dt} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{f} \approx \mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{U} \Sigma \mathbf{V}^T$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \sum_i \mathbf{v}_i \frac{\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{f}}{\sigma_i}$$

Navarra (1993)
Itoh & Kimoto (1999)

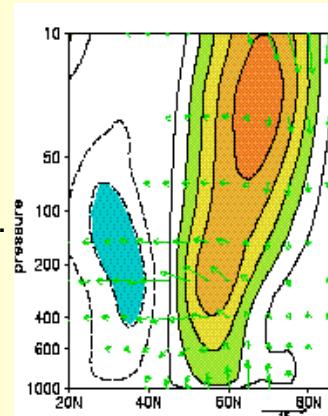
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla q &= 0 \\ q &= \bar{q} + q_L + q_H \\ \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \bar{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \nabla q_L + \mathbf{v}_L \cdot \nabla \bar{q} + \mathbf{v}_L \cdot \nabla q_L &= -\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{v}_H q_H)_L + f_L \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla q = 0$$

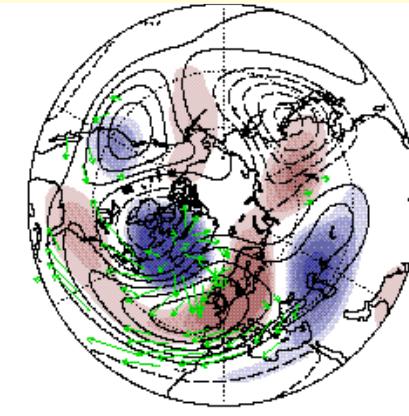
$$q = \bar{q} + q_L + q_H$$

Ubar & EP-flux

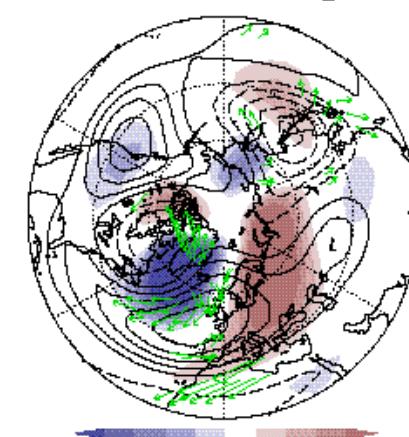
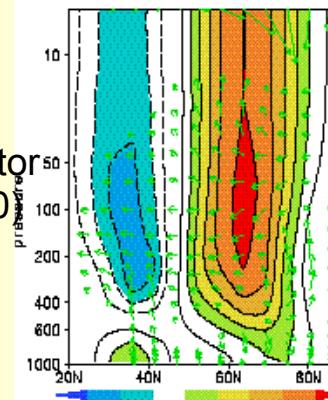


Obs.

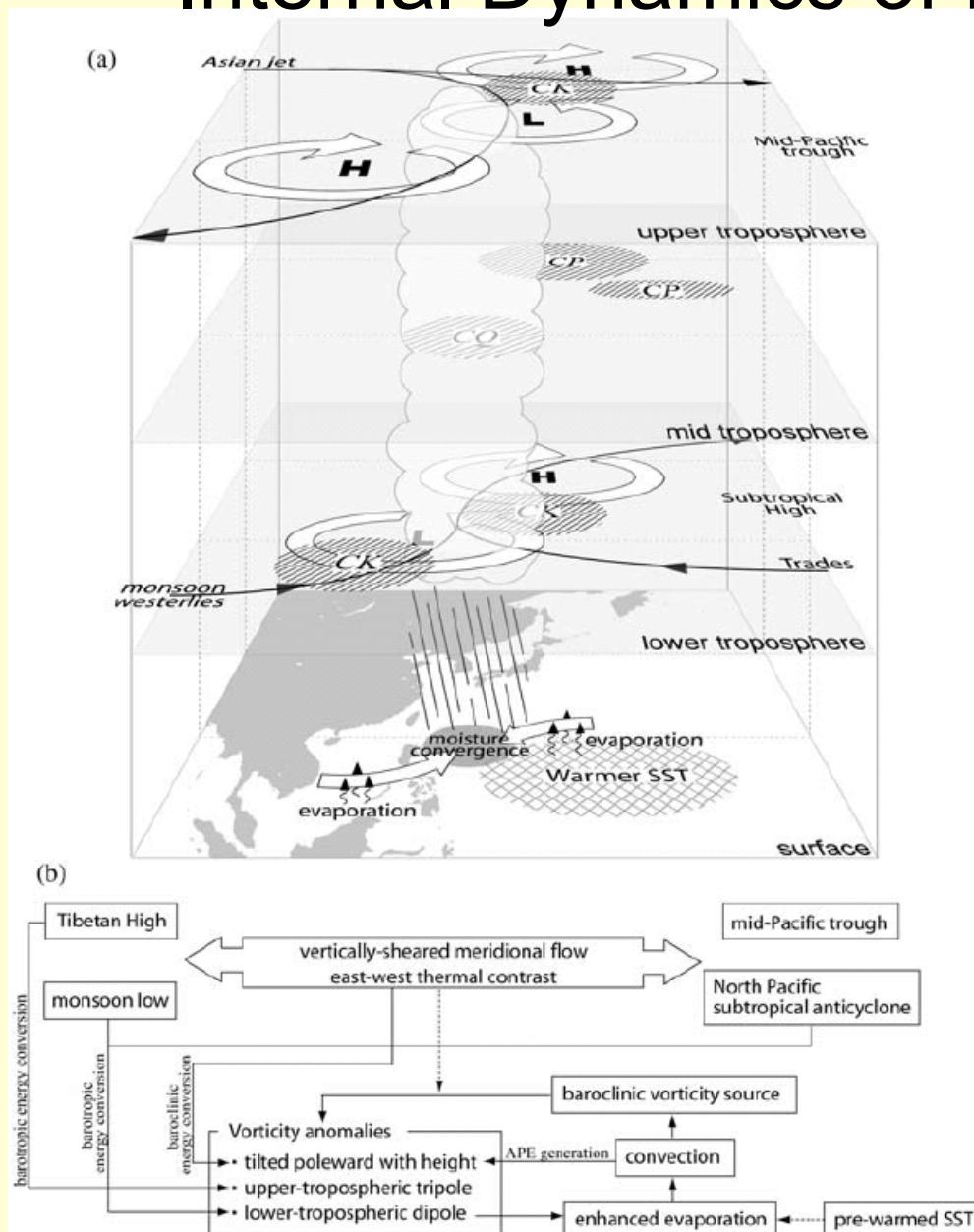
300hPa
Height & E-vector



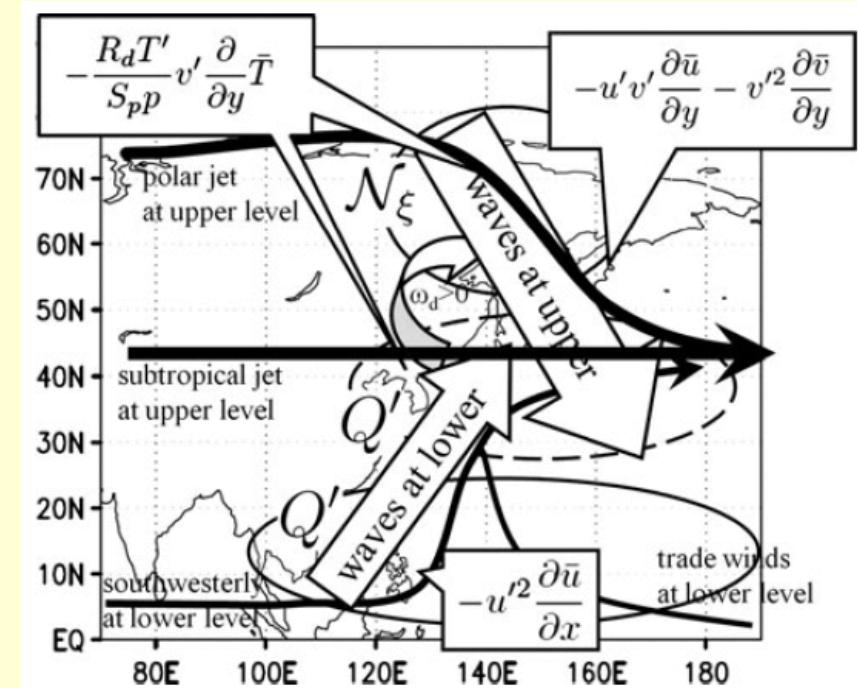
1st V-vector
(T10L20)



Internal Dynamics of PJ/Tripolar Pattern

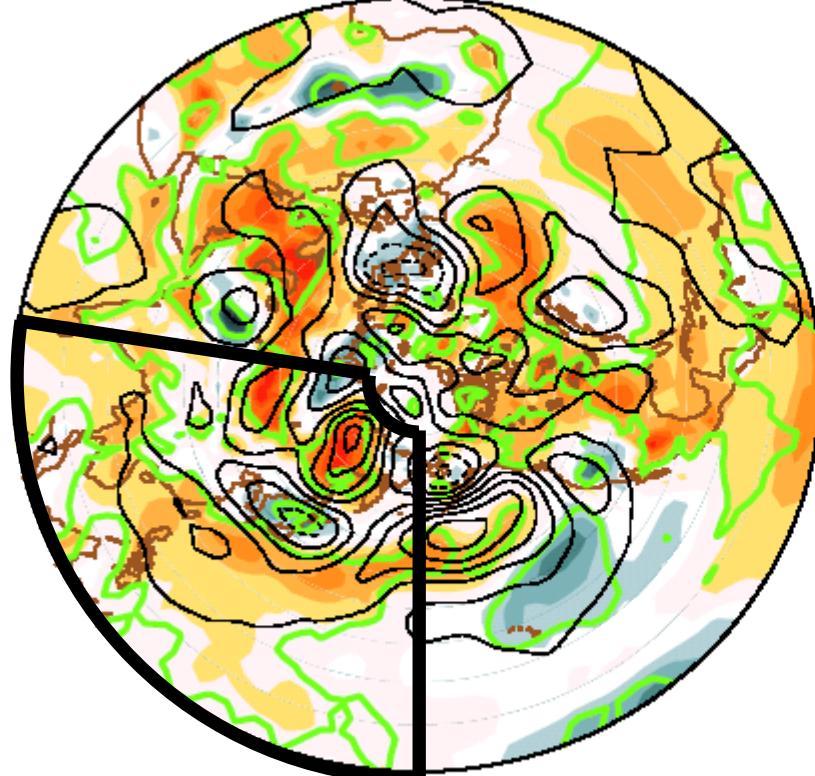


Kosaka and Nakamura (2006)

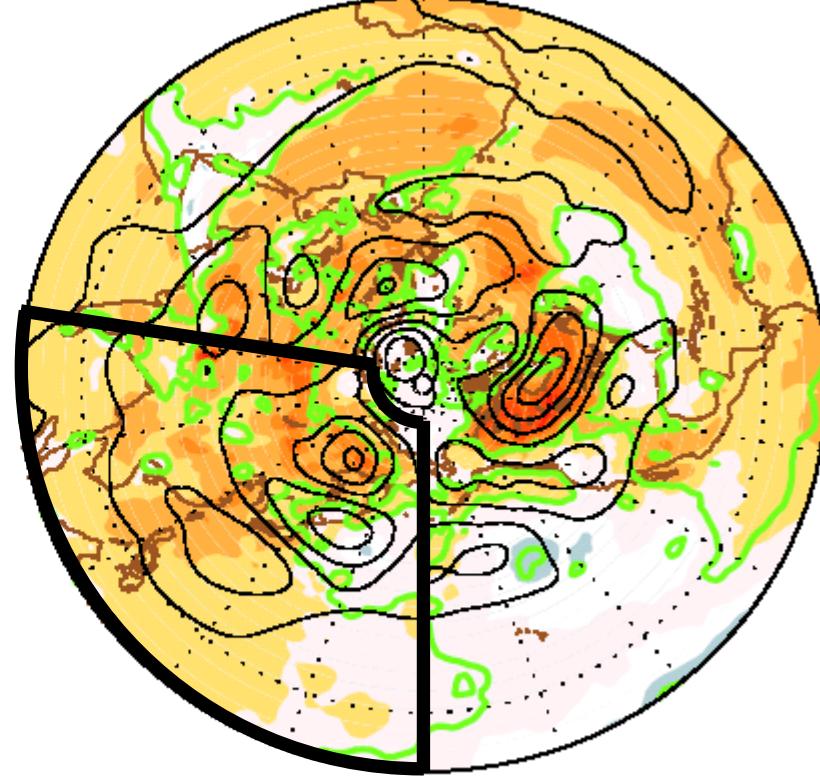


Hirota and Takahashi (2012)

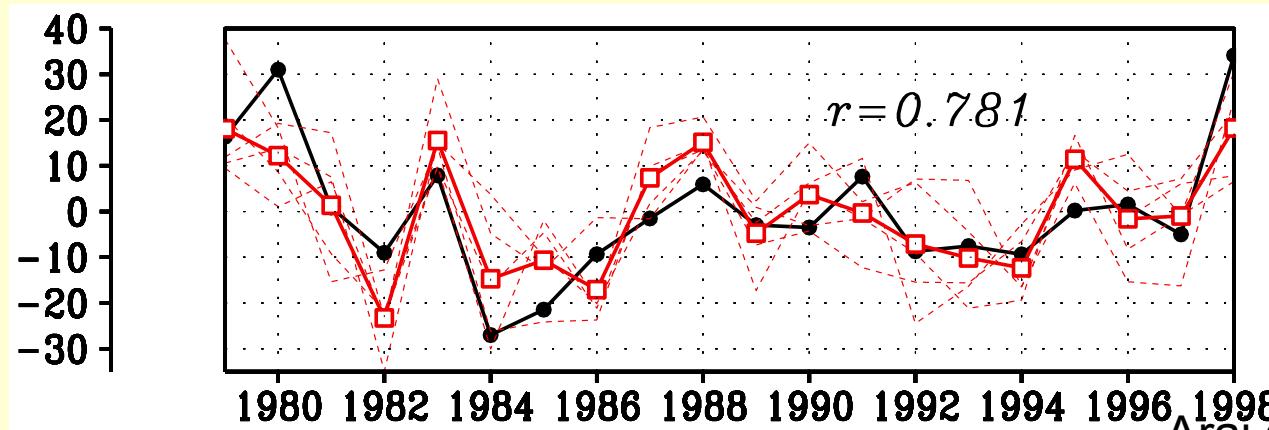
(a) T2 & Z500 obs.



(b) T2 & Z500 T106

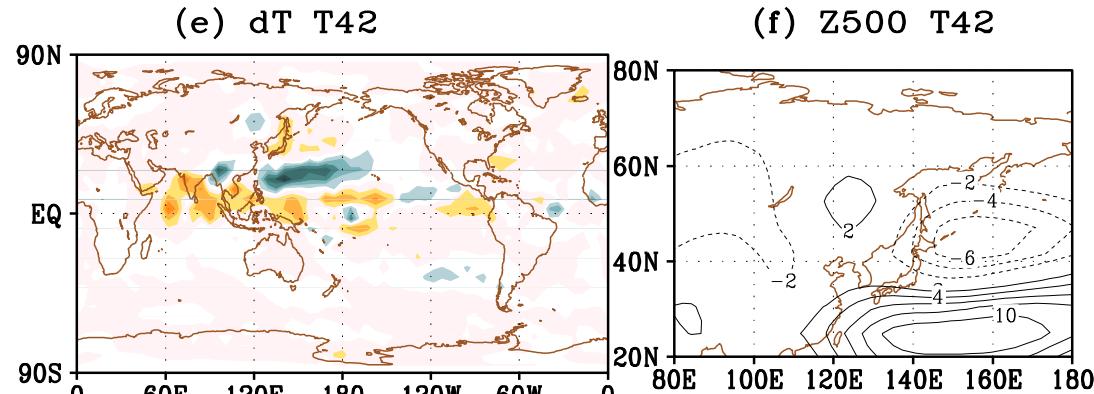
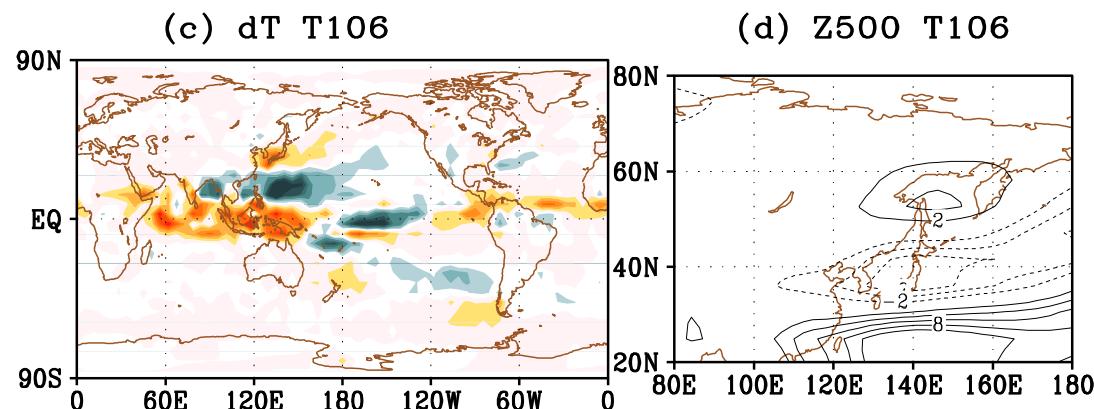
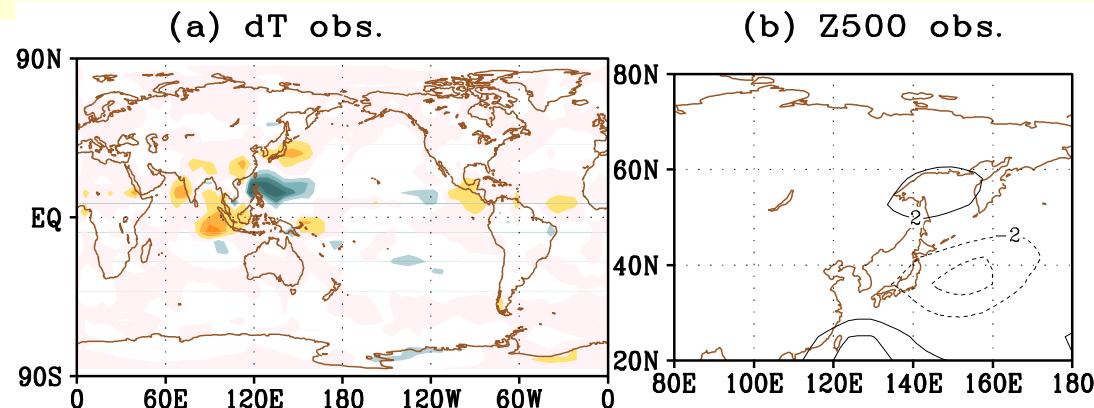
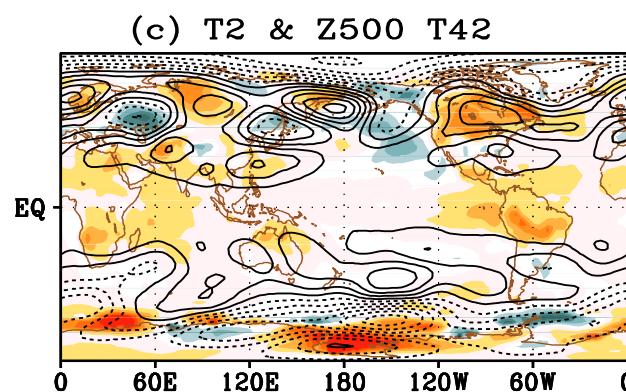
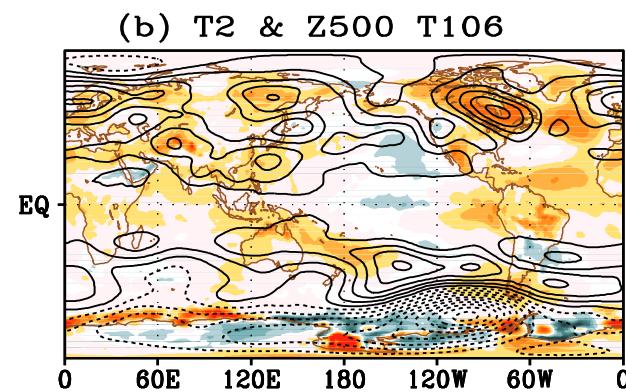
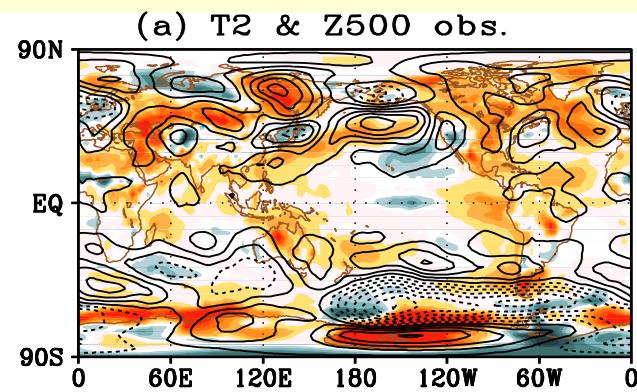


-0.6 -0.5 -0.4 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6



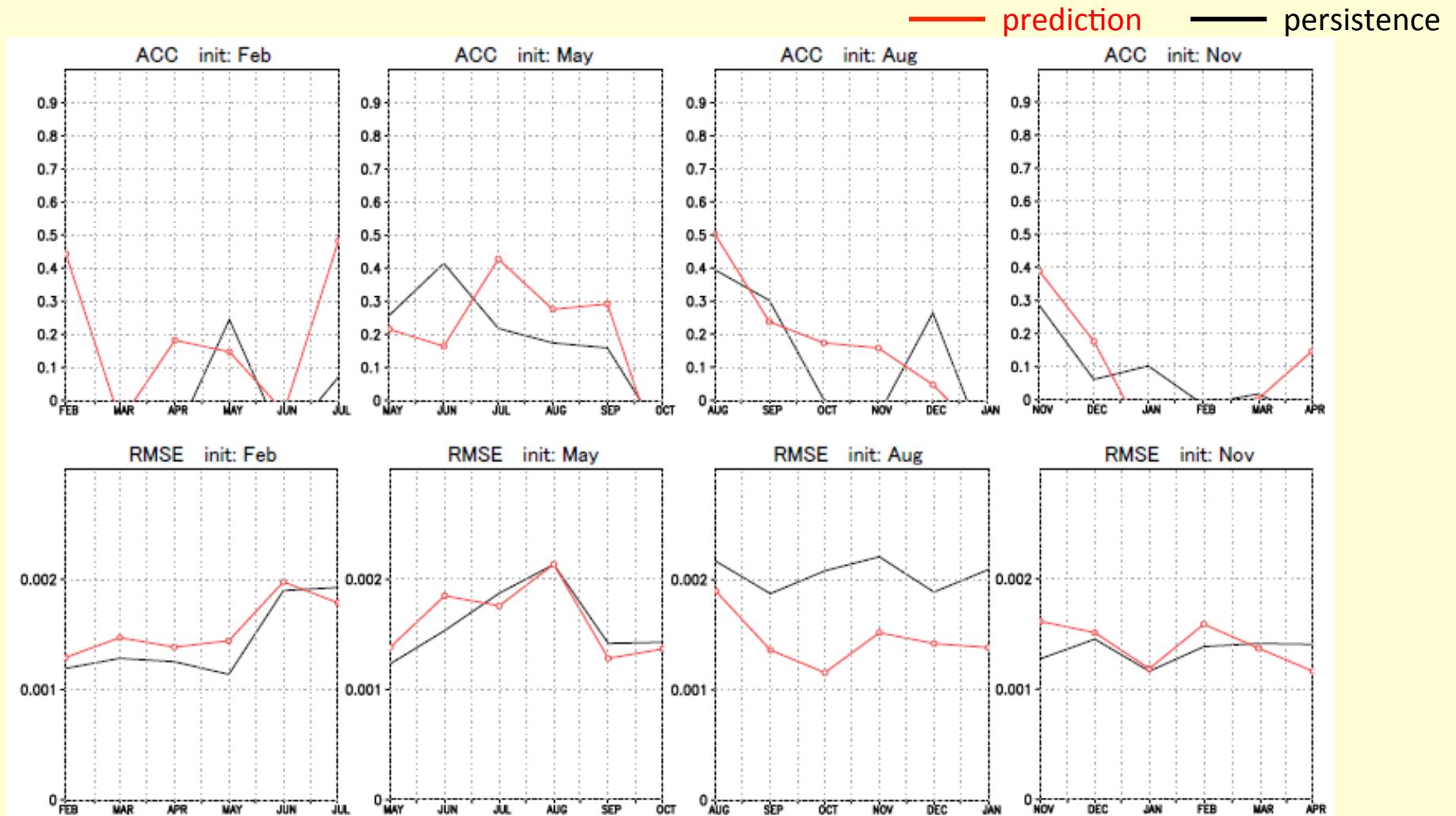
Arai and Kimoto (2007)

A linear model experiment



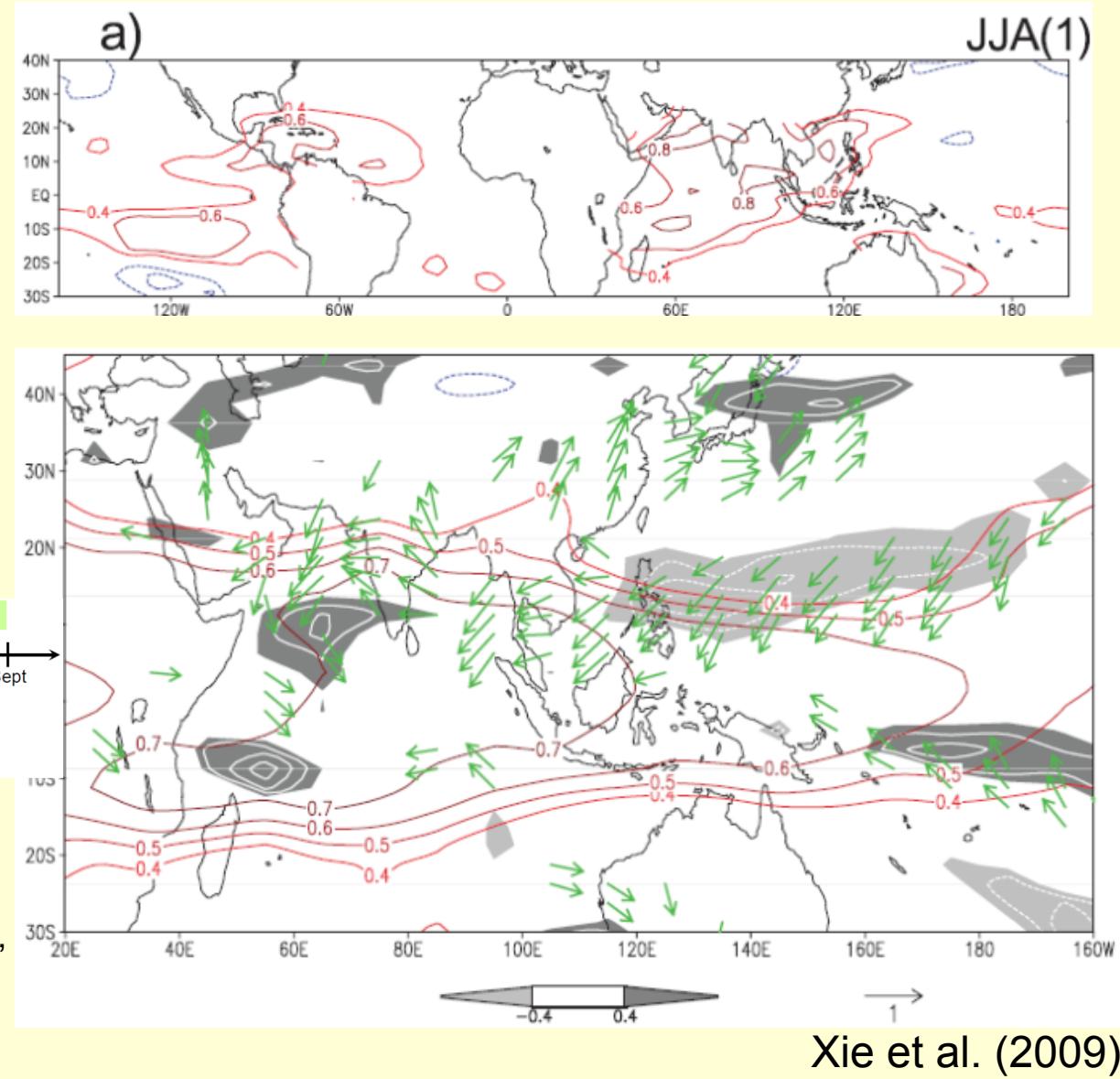
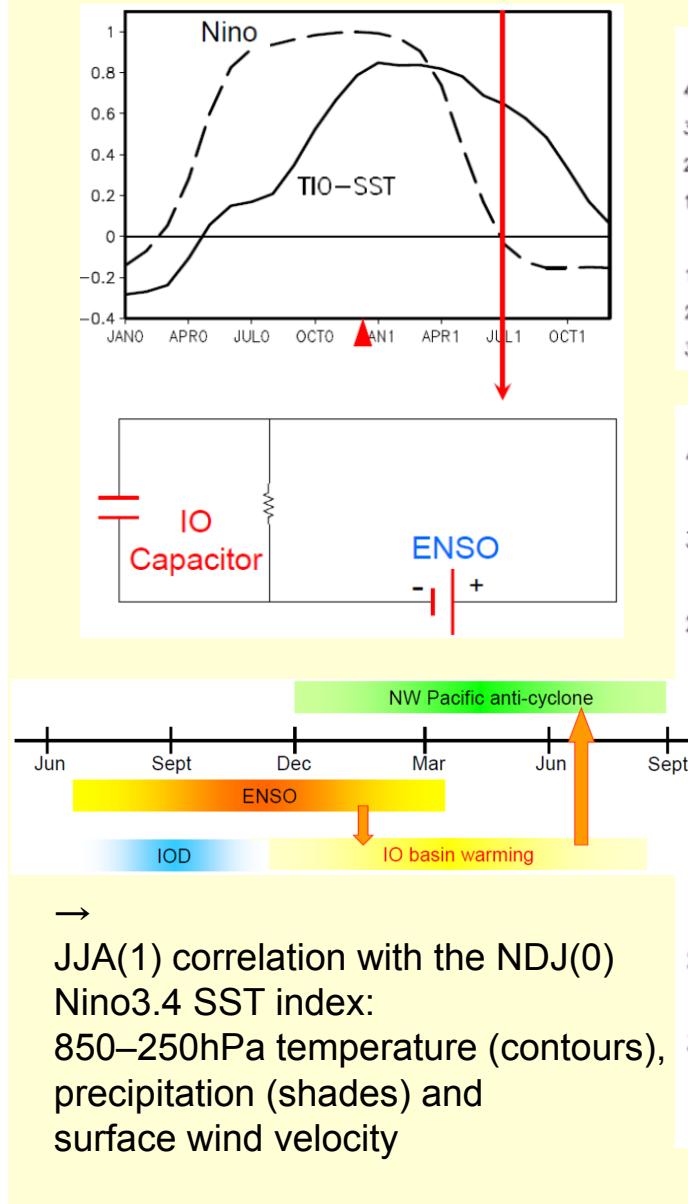
Arai and Kimoto (2007)

Initial-value predictability of the Tripolar Pattern (tentative)

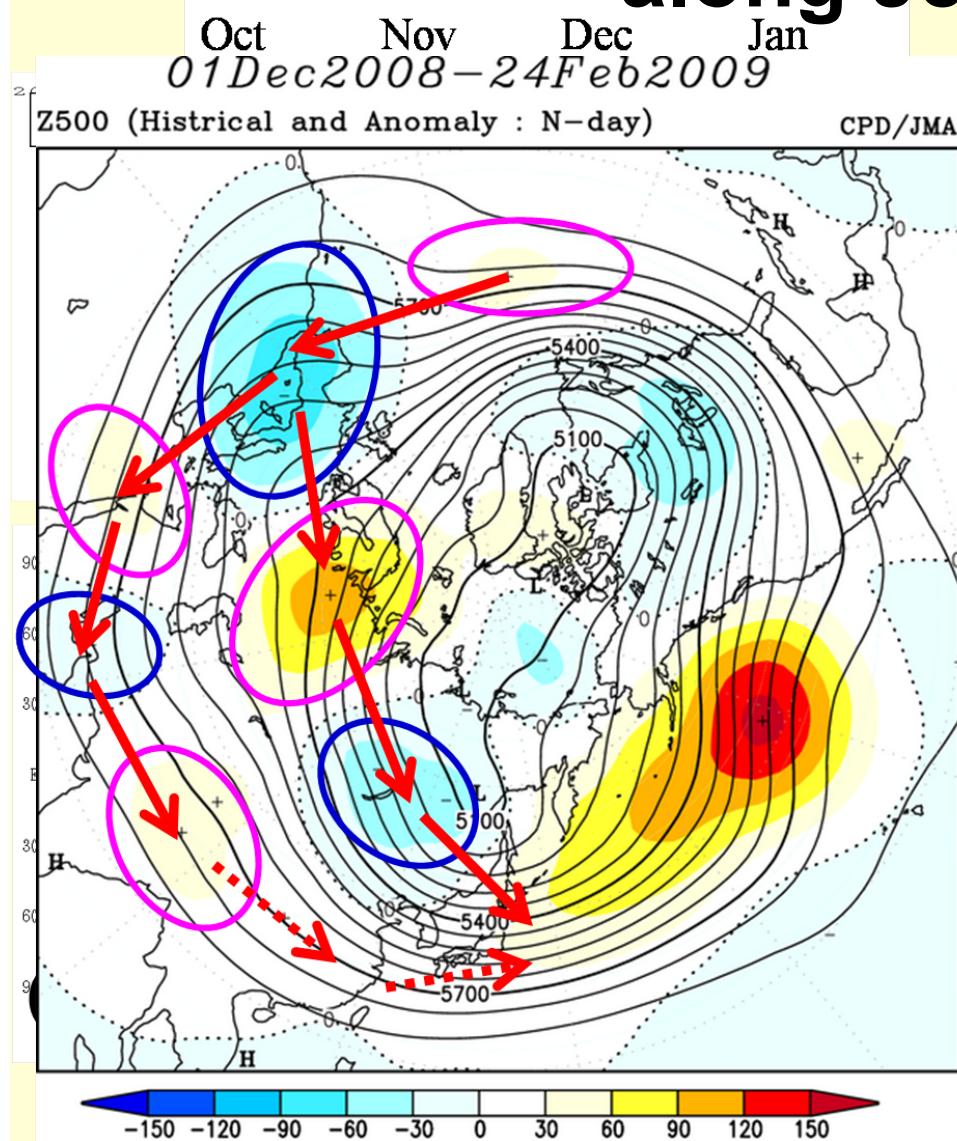


Preliminary results of SPAMseasons (Imada, 2012)

Indian Ocean Capacitor Effect



Quasi-stationary Rossby Wave propagation along Jet streams

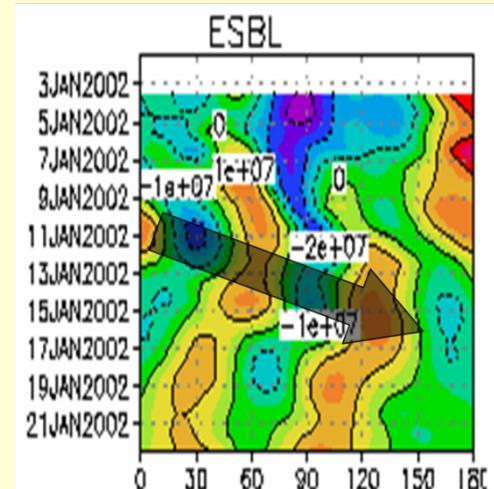
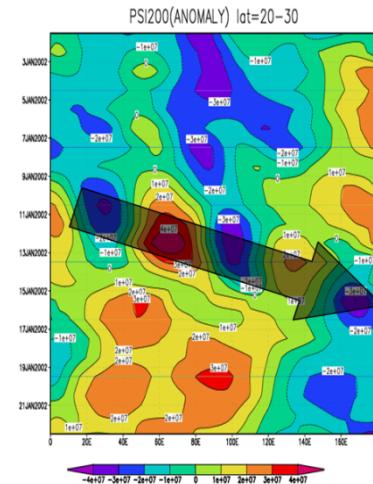


JRA-25 Japanese 25-year Reanalysis Project



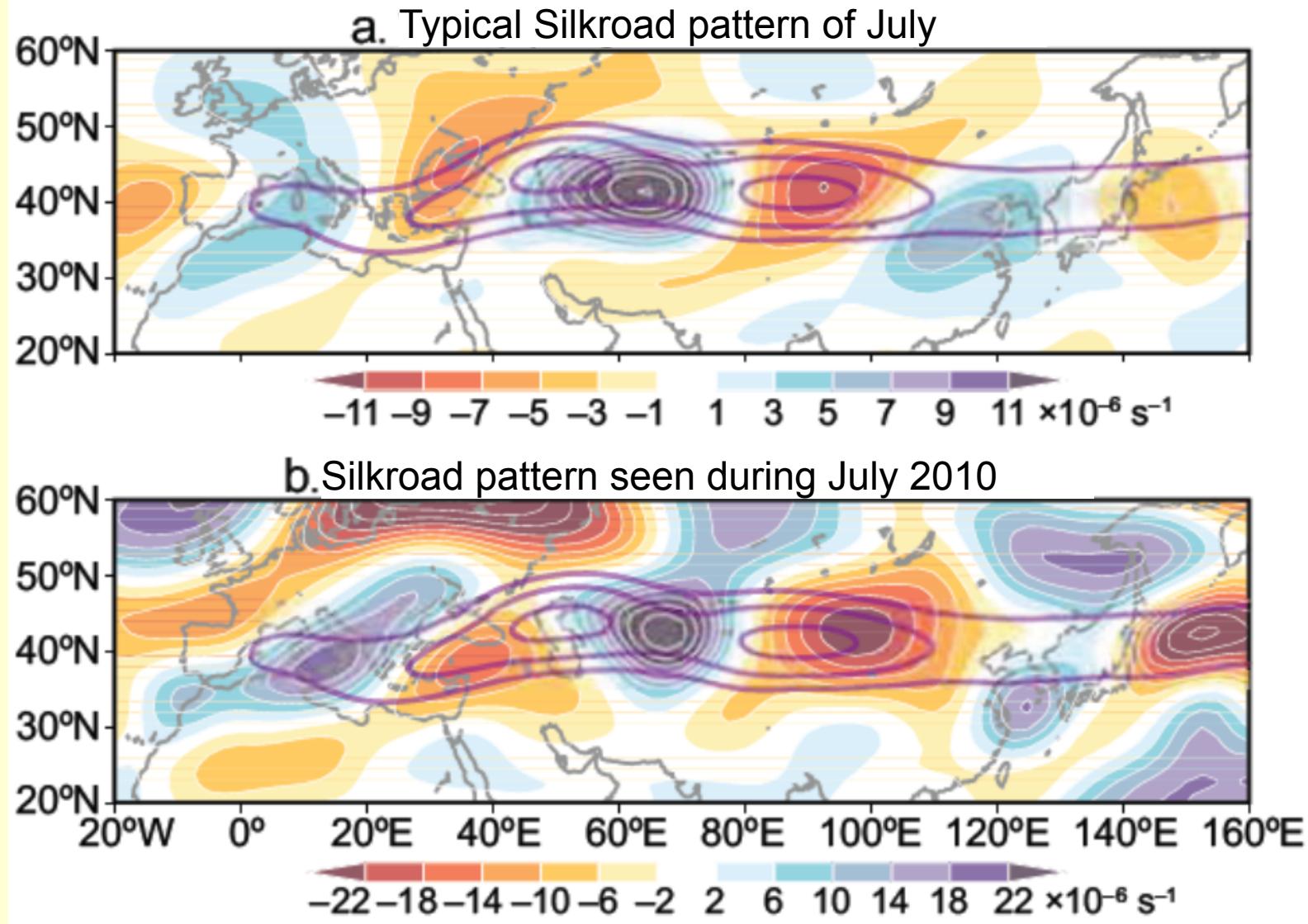
気象研究コンソーシアム

気象庁、(社)日本気象学会

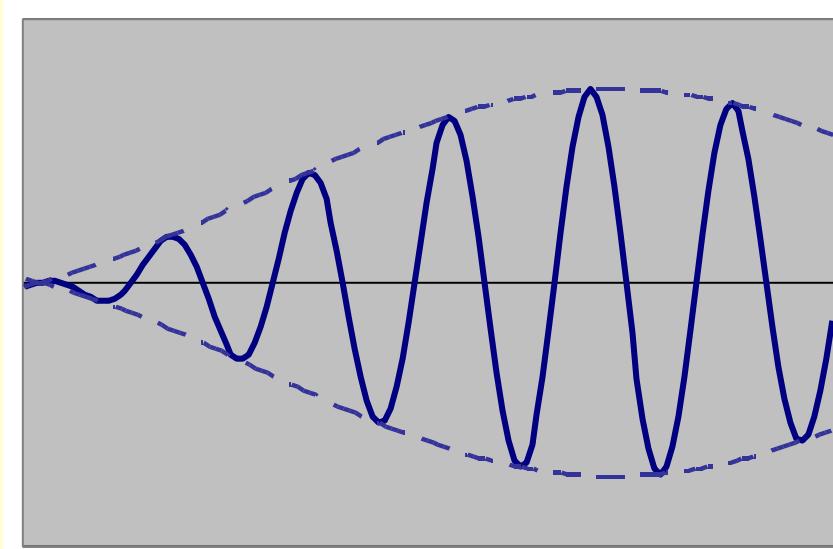


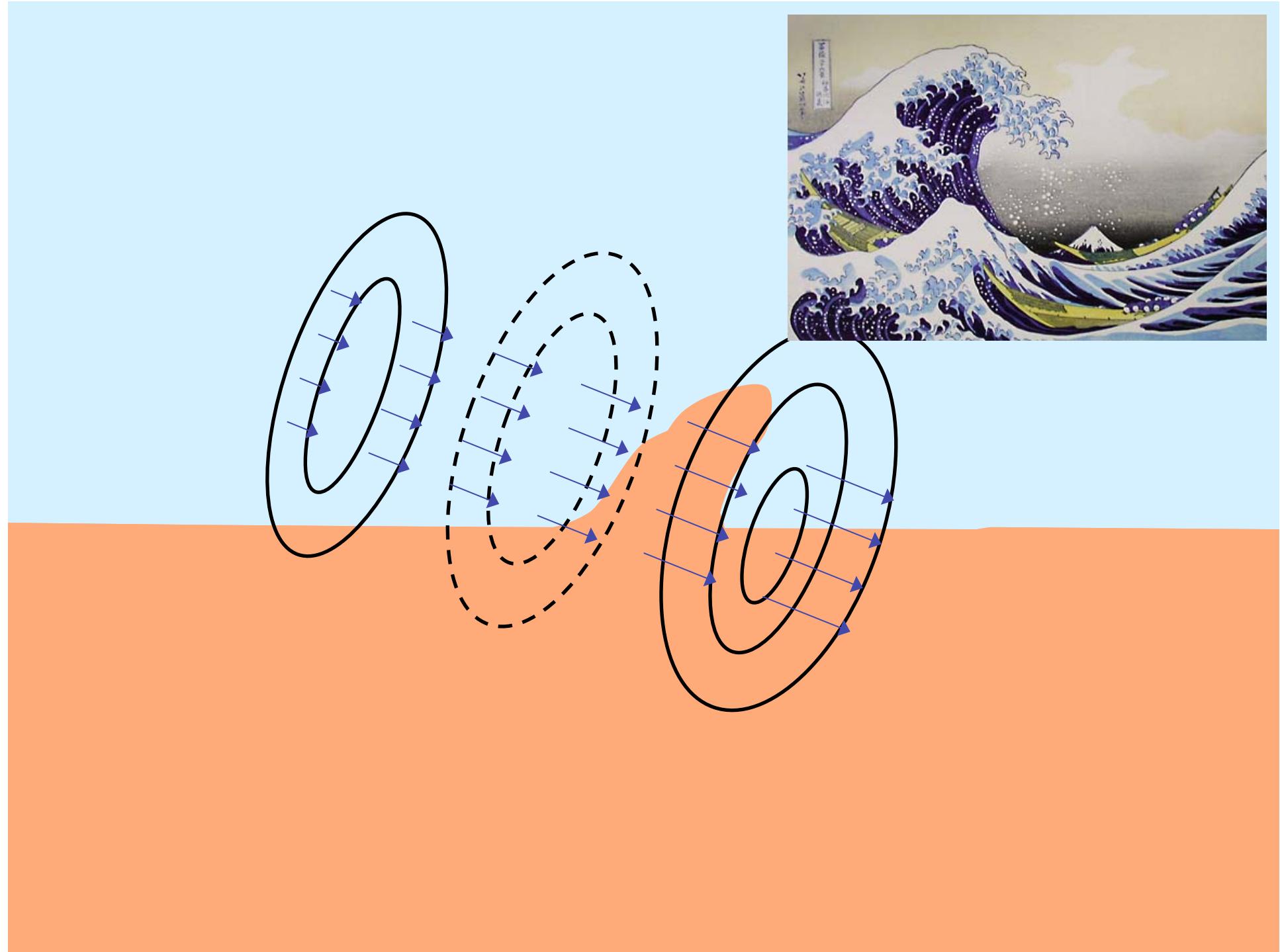
S. Maeda

The Silkroad Teleconnection

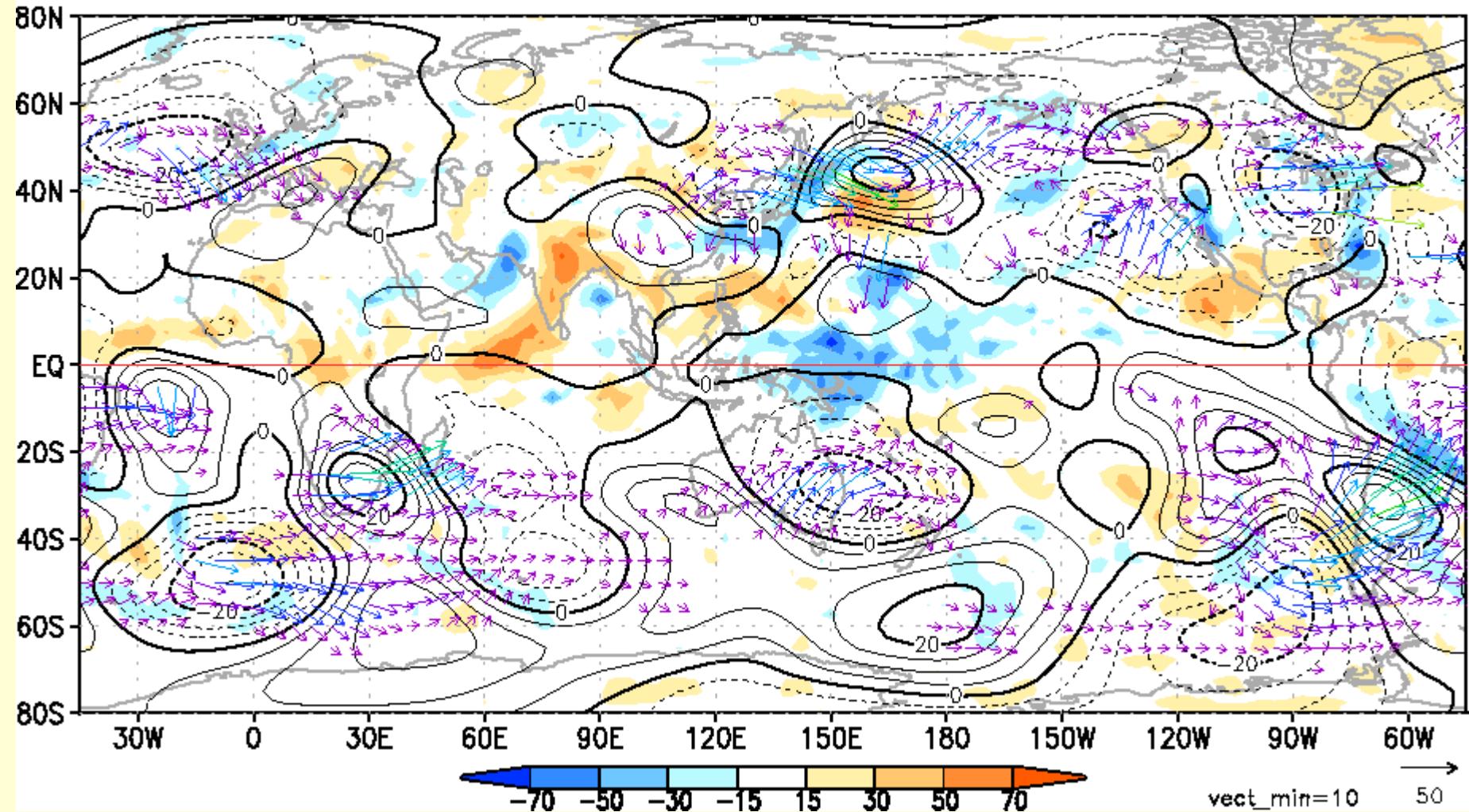


Enomoto et al. (2003), Enomoto (2004), Sato and Takahashi (2006), Kosaka et al. (2009)
cf. Circumglobal teleconnection; Branstator (2002), Ding and Wang (2005), Watanabe (2009)

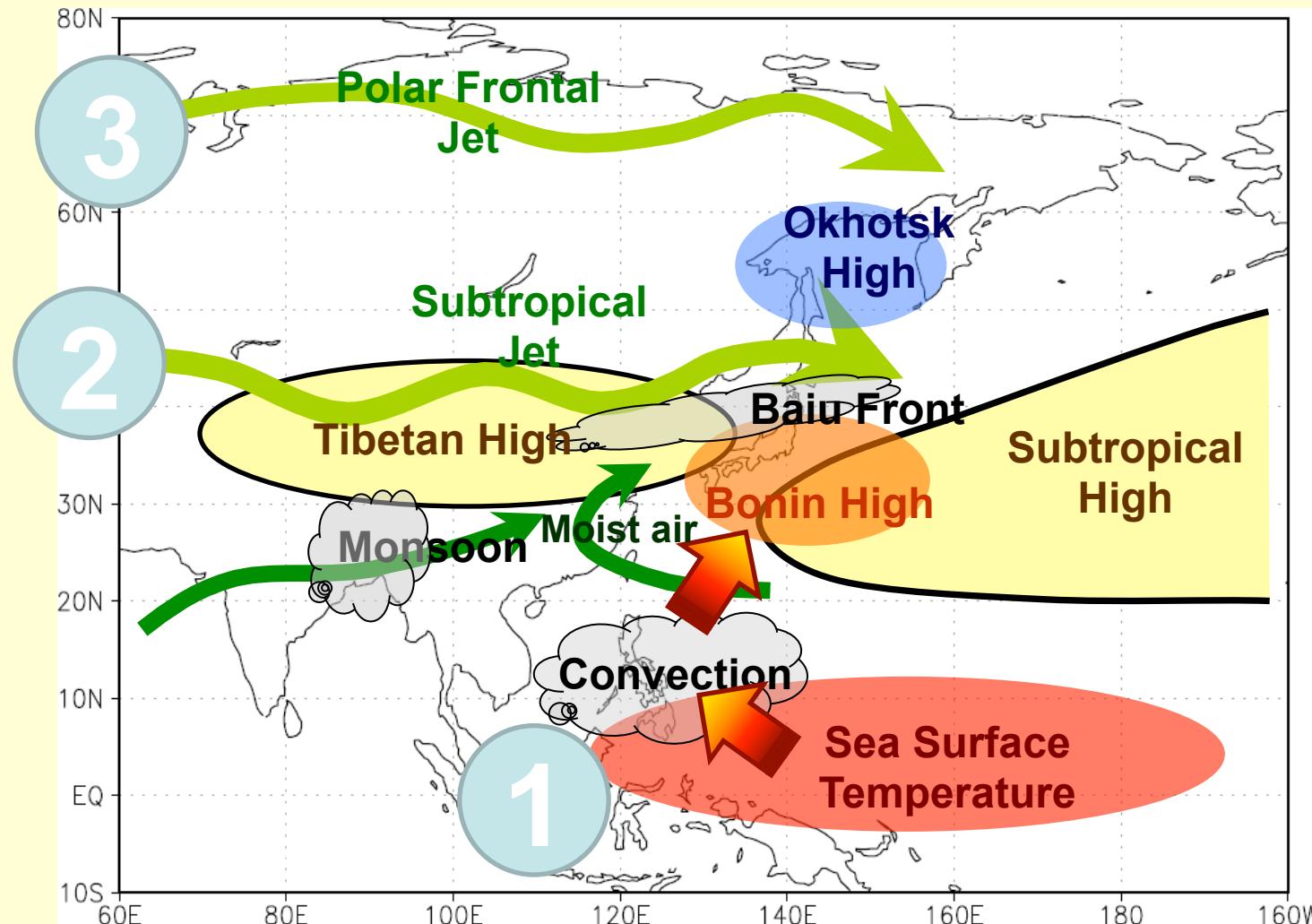




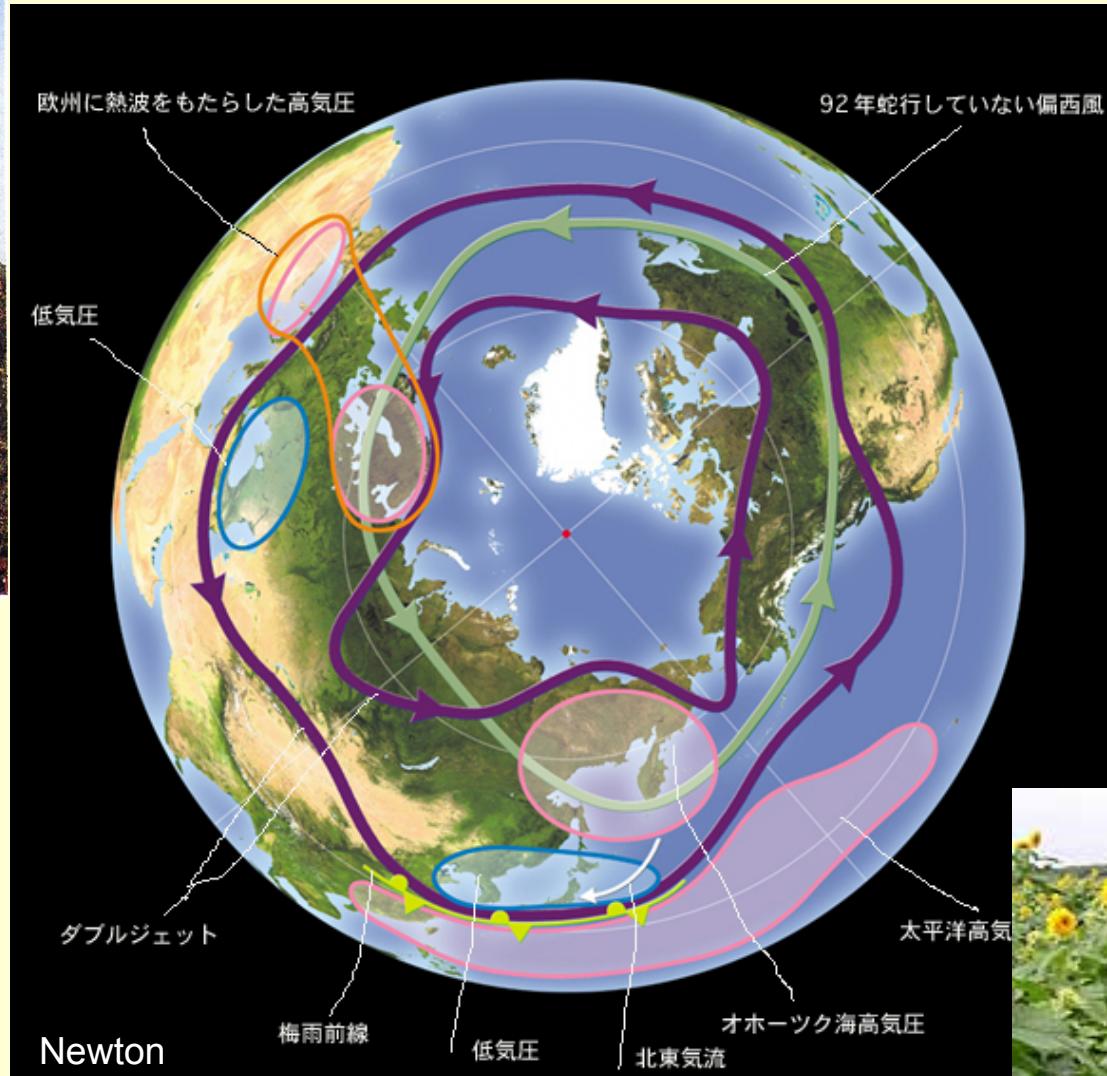
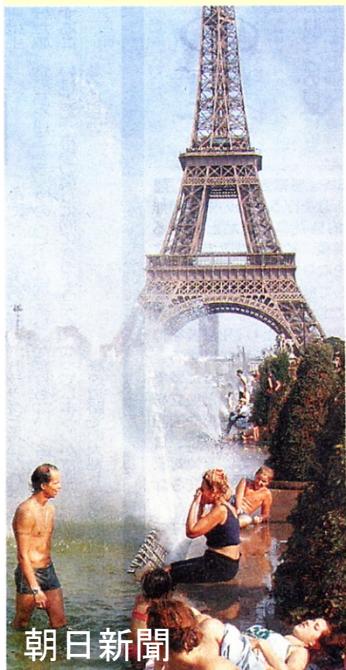
7.21 - 7.25

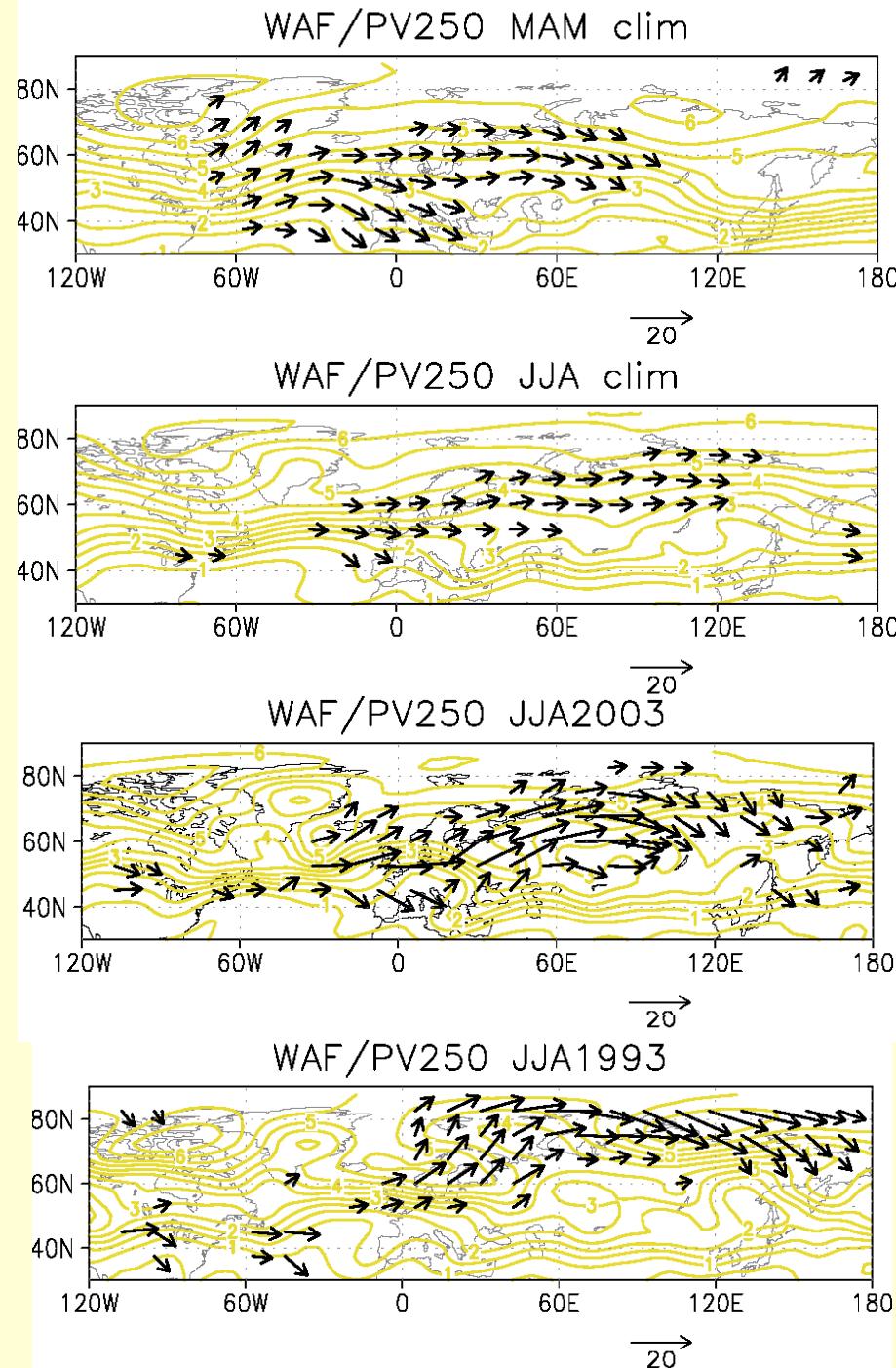


Factors affecting East Asian Summer Climate



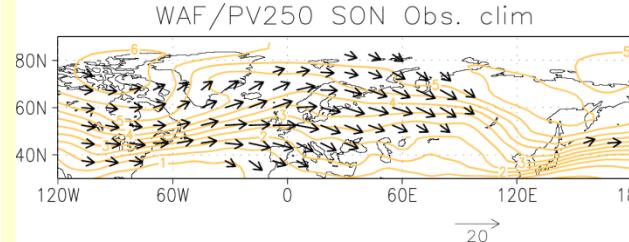
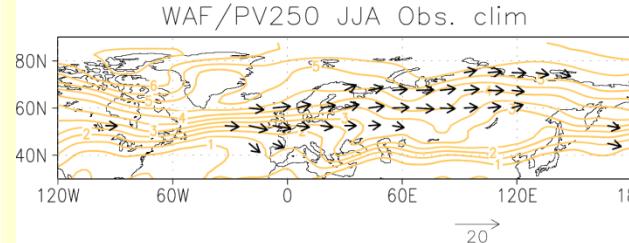
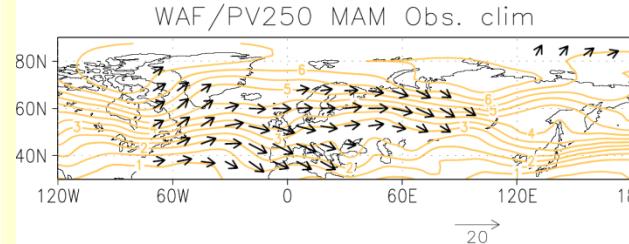
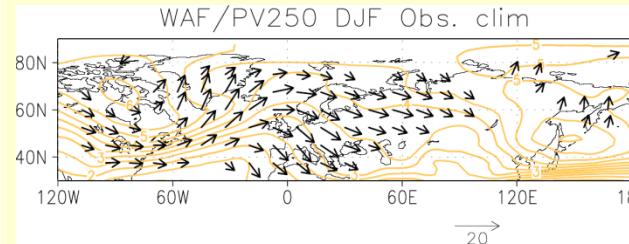
European Heat Wave and Japanese Cold Summer 2003



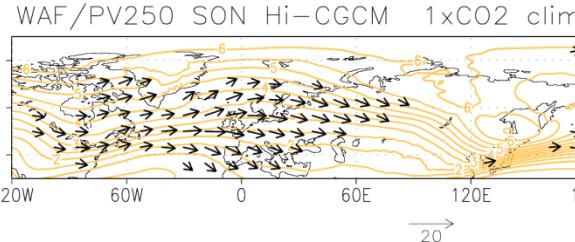
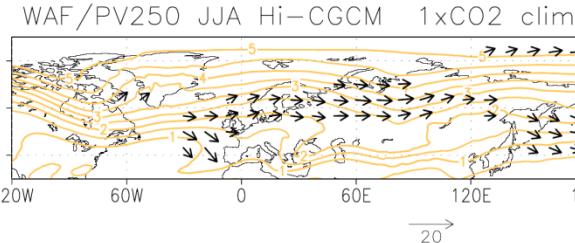
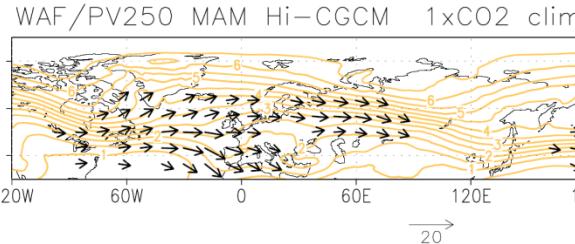
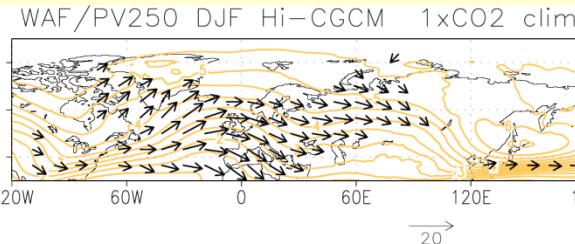


Seasonal Cycle of PV & Monthly-Eddy Wave Activity Flux at 250hPa

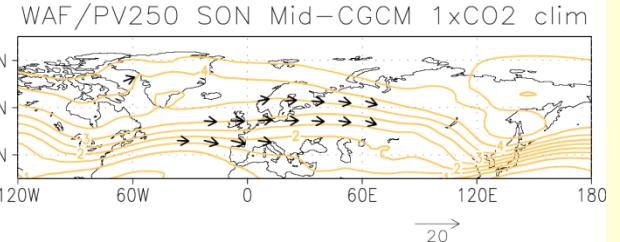
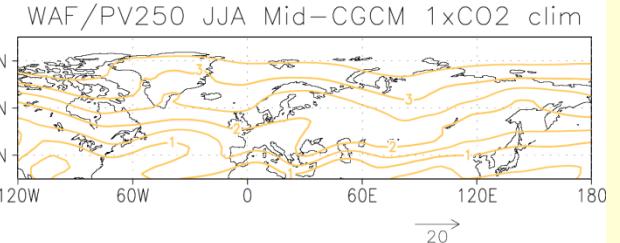
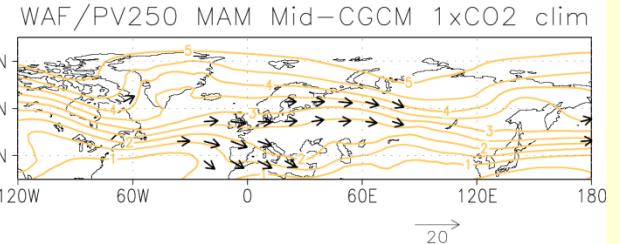
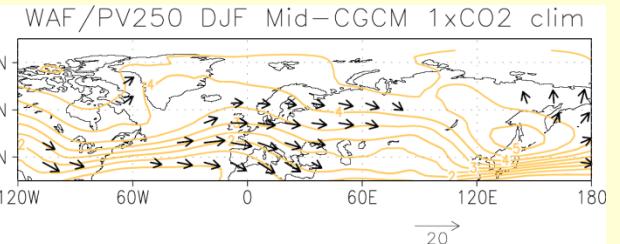
ERA40



Hi-CGCM

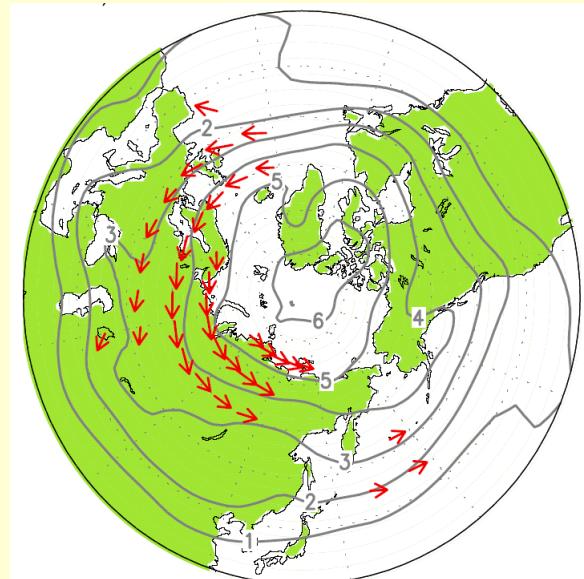


Mid-CGCM



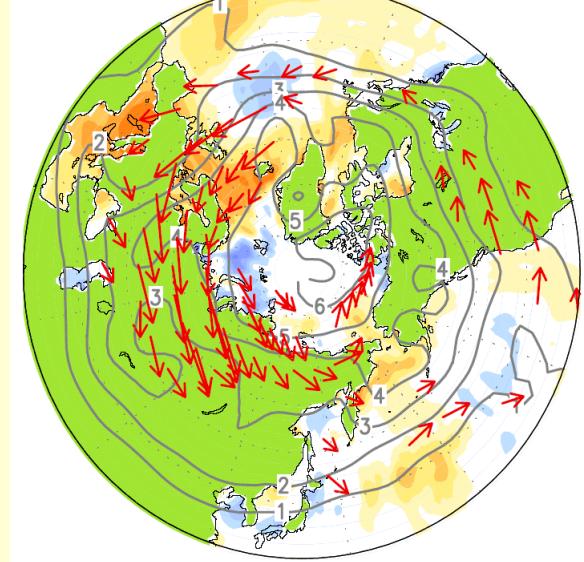
Clim.

Obs.



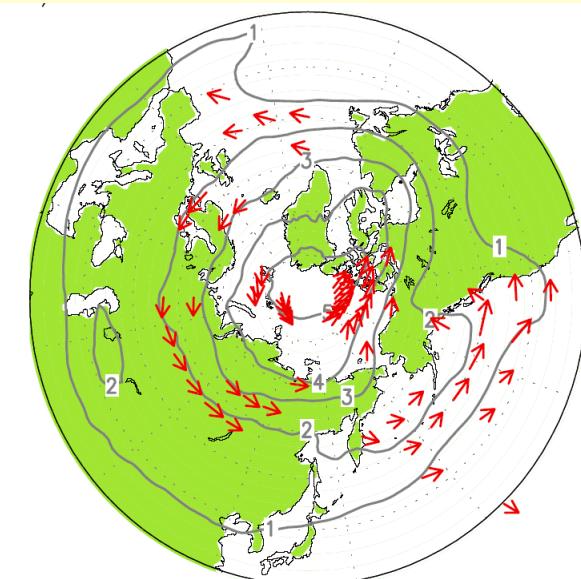
→
20

2003



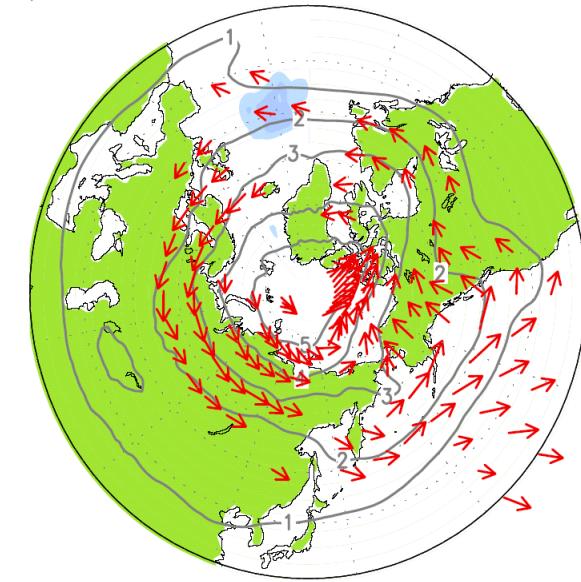
WAF/PV250 JJA Obs. 2003

AGCM



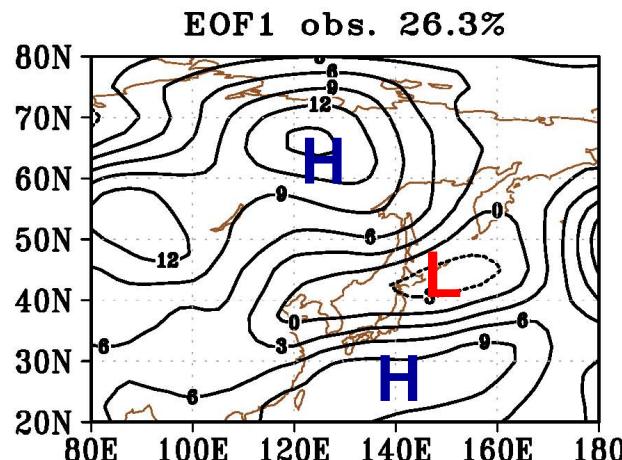
→
20

WAF/PV250 JJA T106 NATL 2003

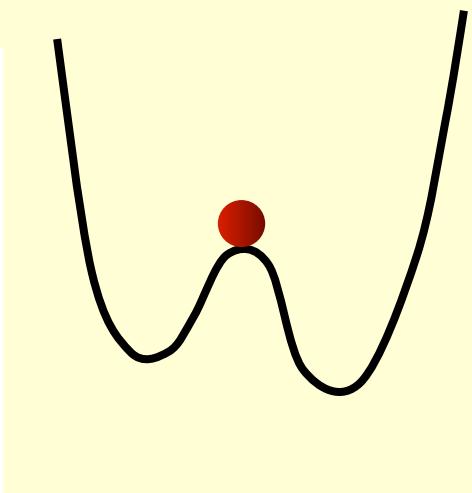
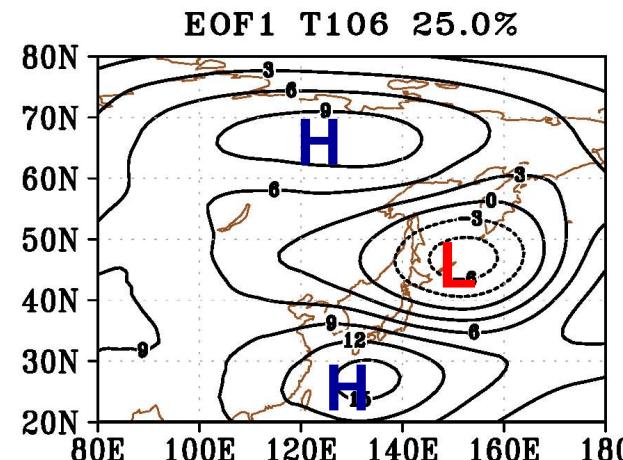


Natural variability

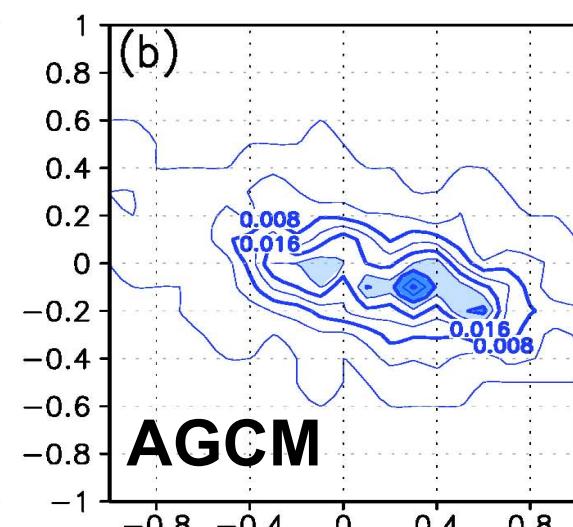
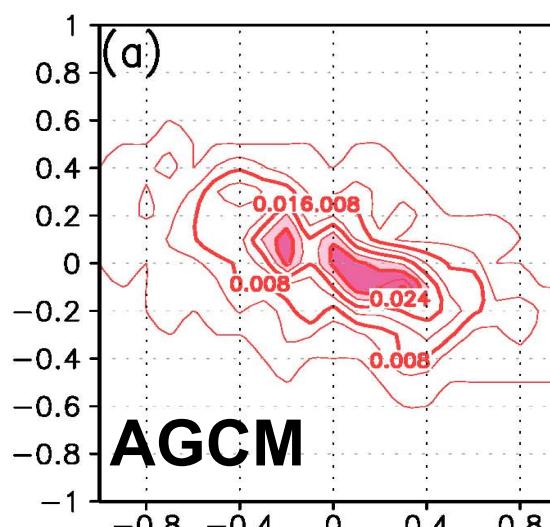
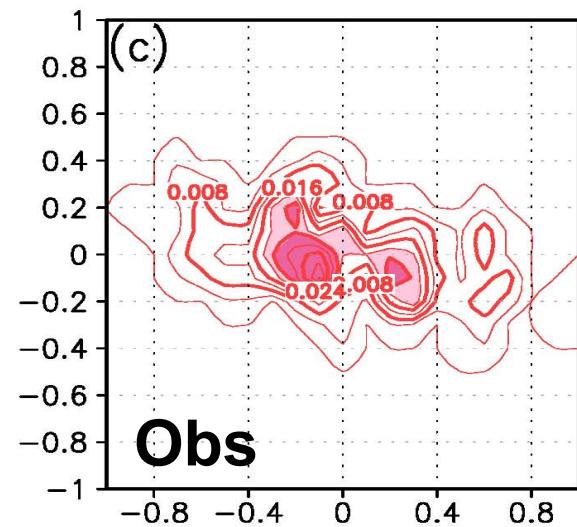
Observed



Simulated

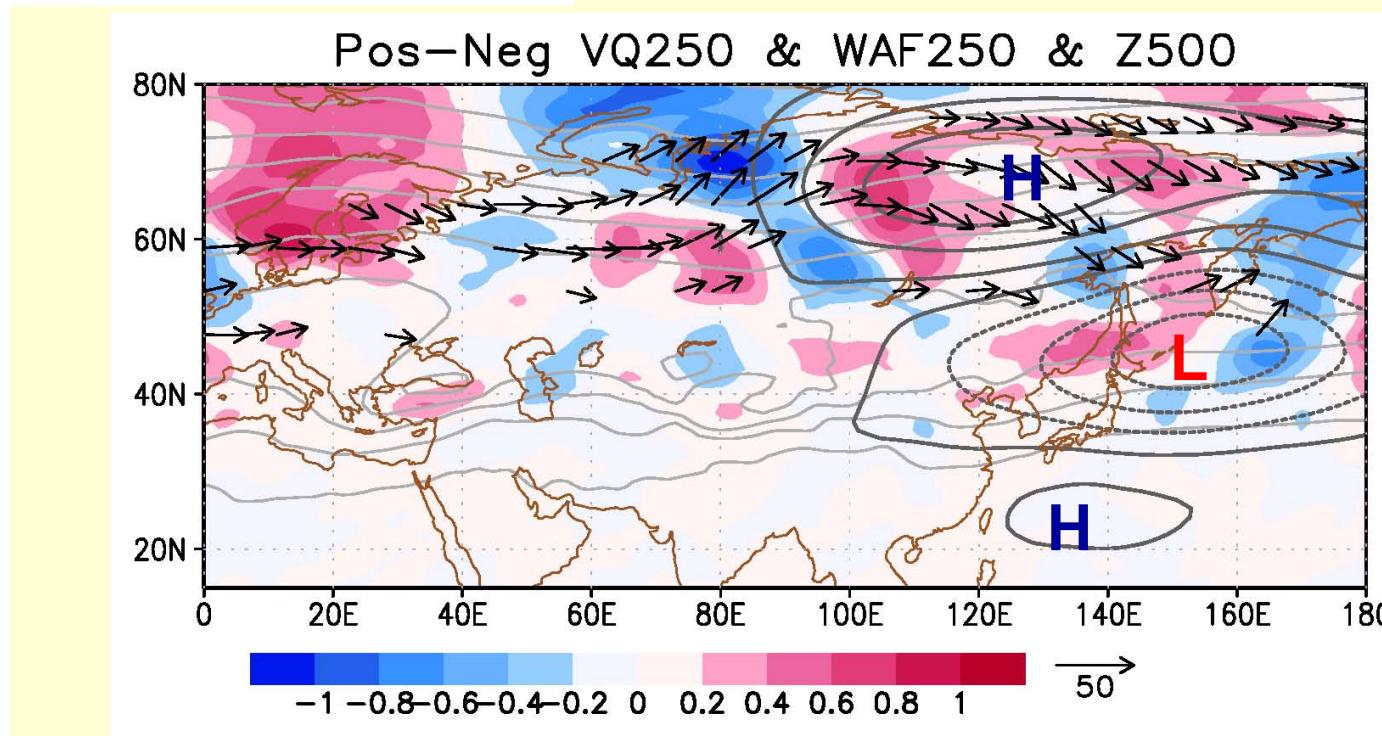
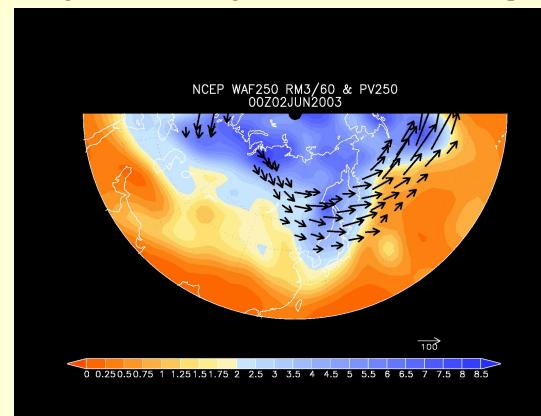
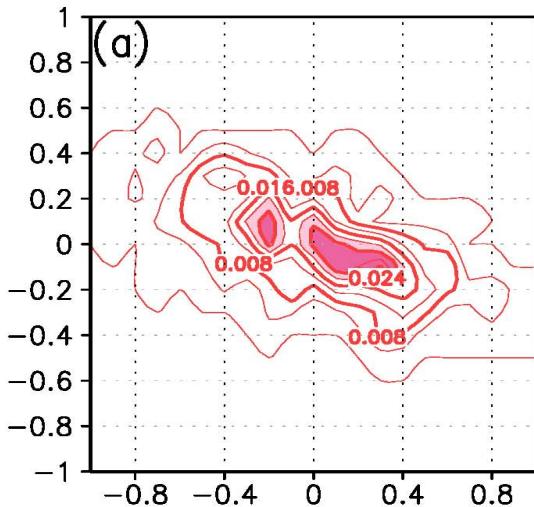


Present Climate

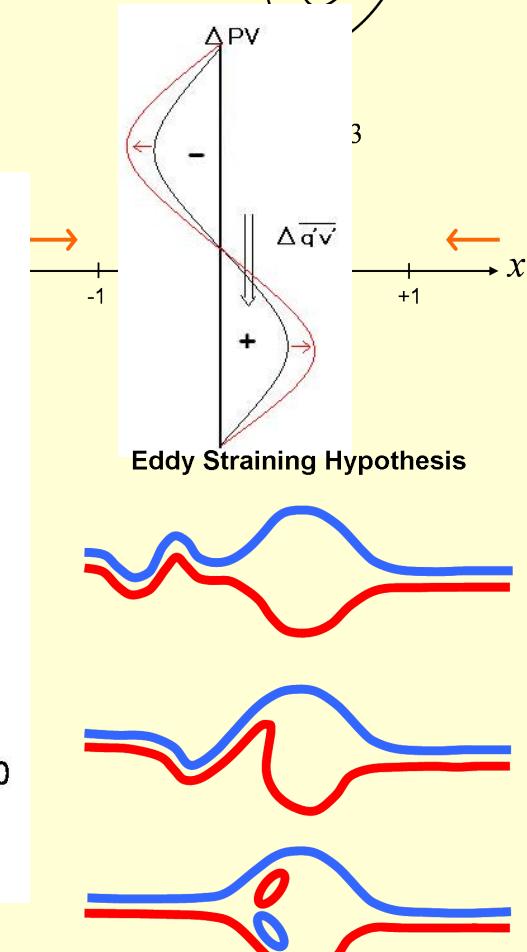


Arai and Kimoto (2007)

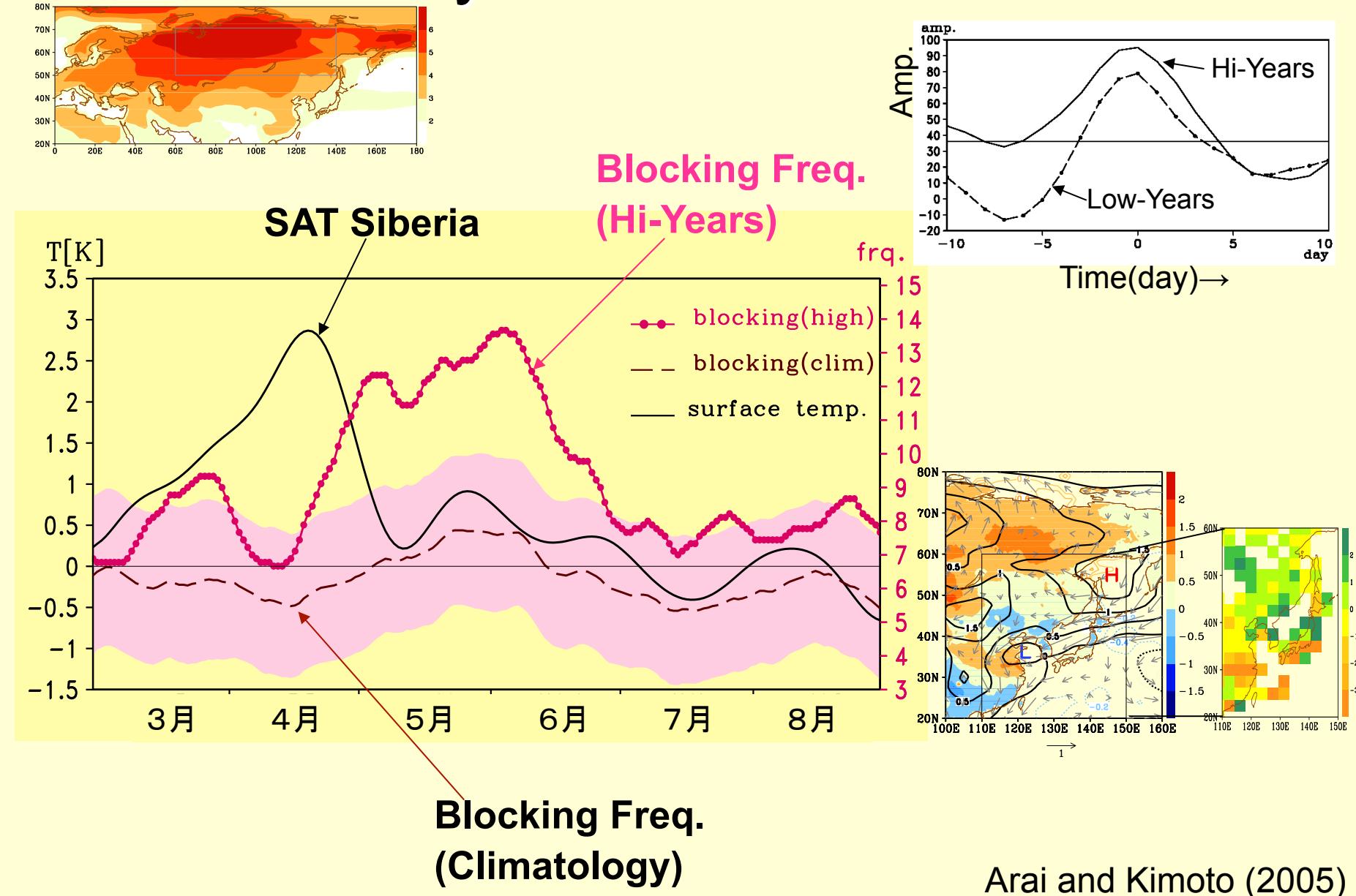
A Rossby-Eddy Straining Hypothesis



Arai and Kimoto (2008)

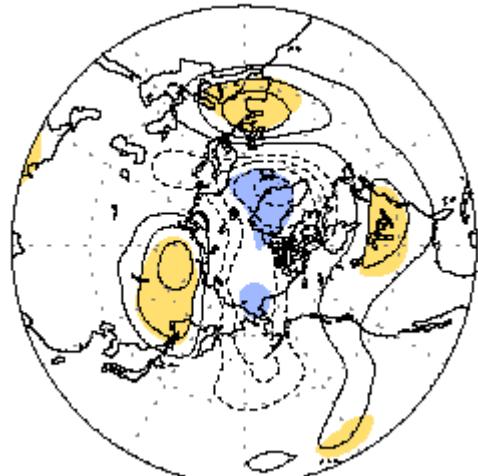


Apr. SAT affecting early summer blocking activity over East Siberia

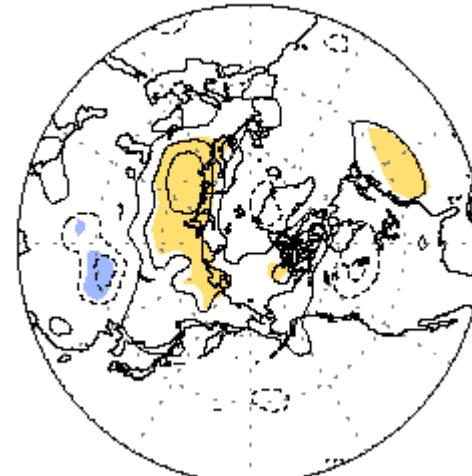


From Winter NAO to Early Summer Okhotsk High

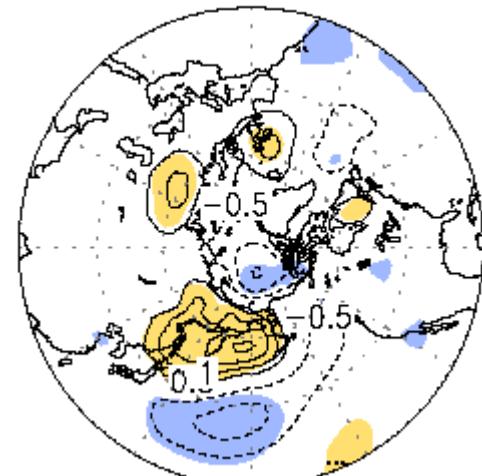
Z500 DJF



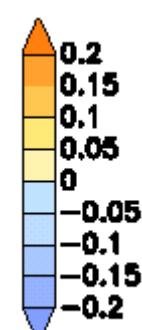
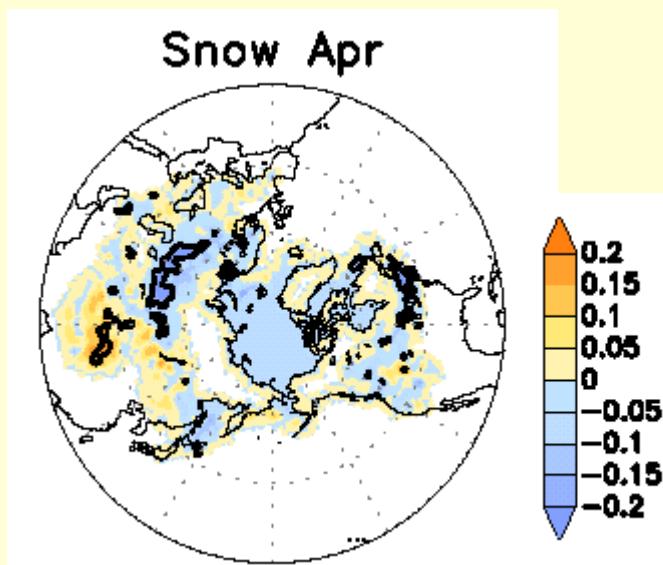
T850 MAM



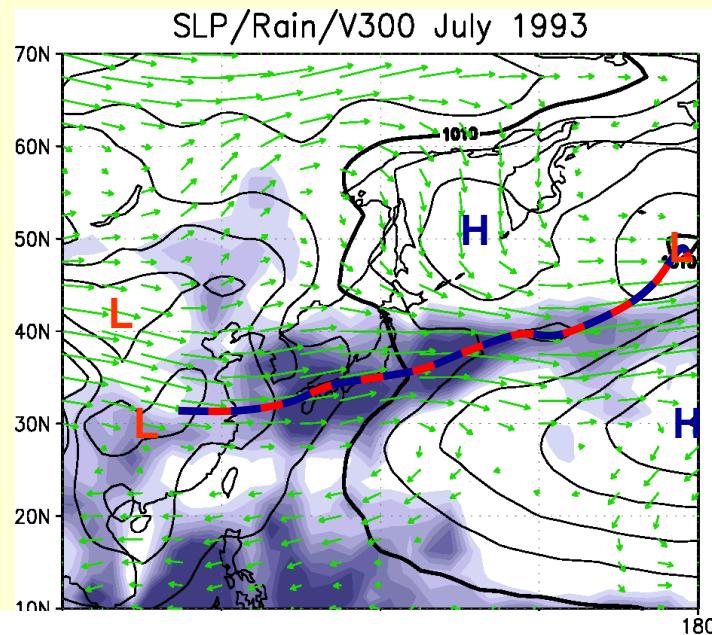
SLP Jun



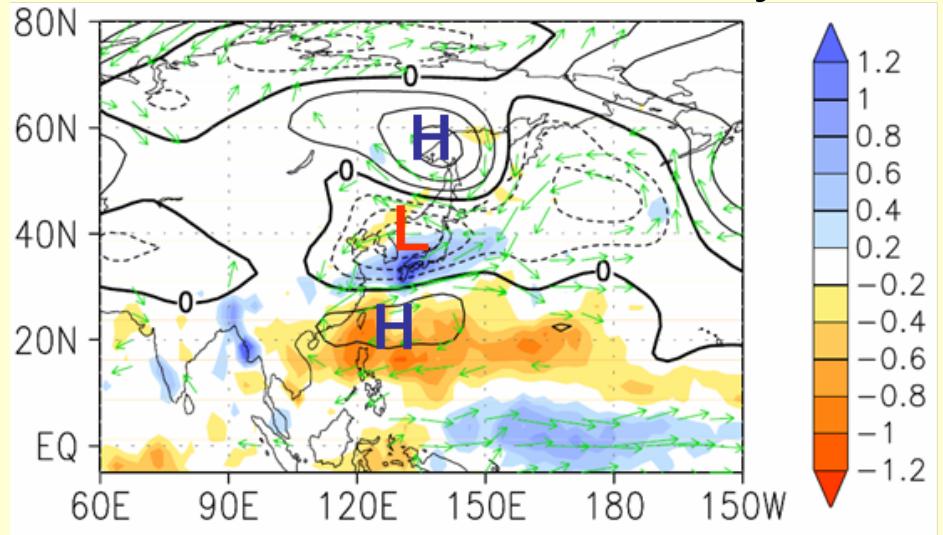
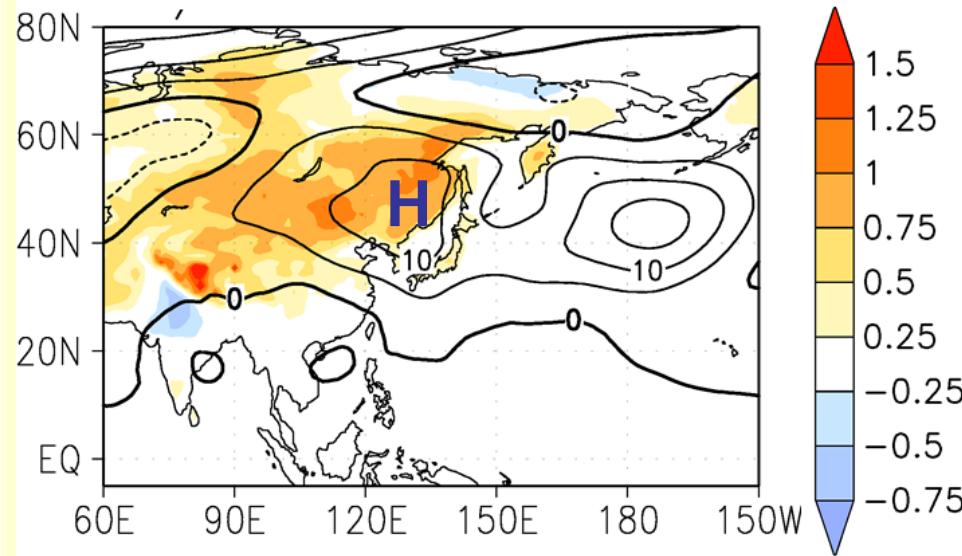
Snow Apr



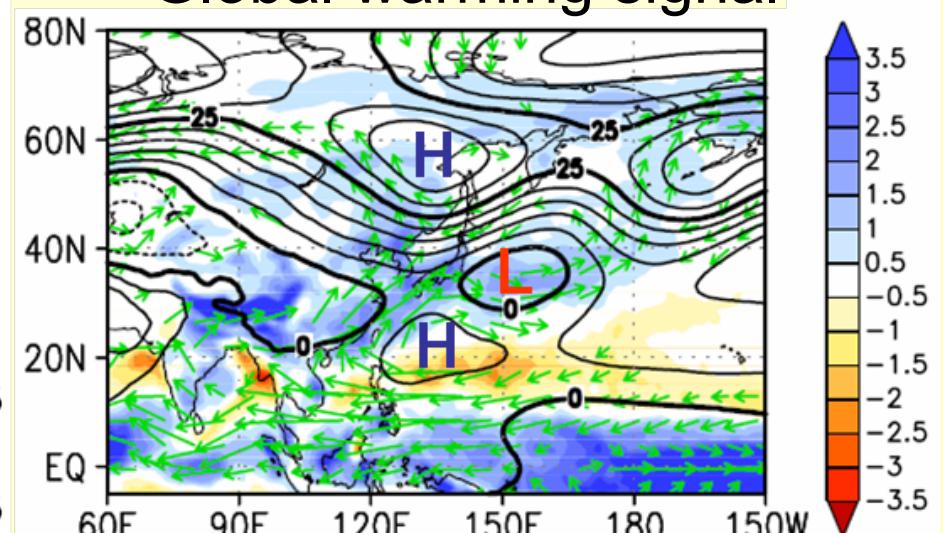
Tripolar pattern of E-Asian summer Interannual variability



Eurasian warming signal



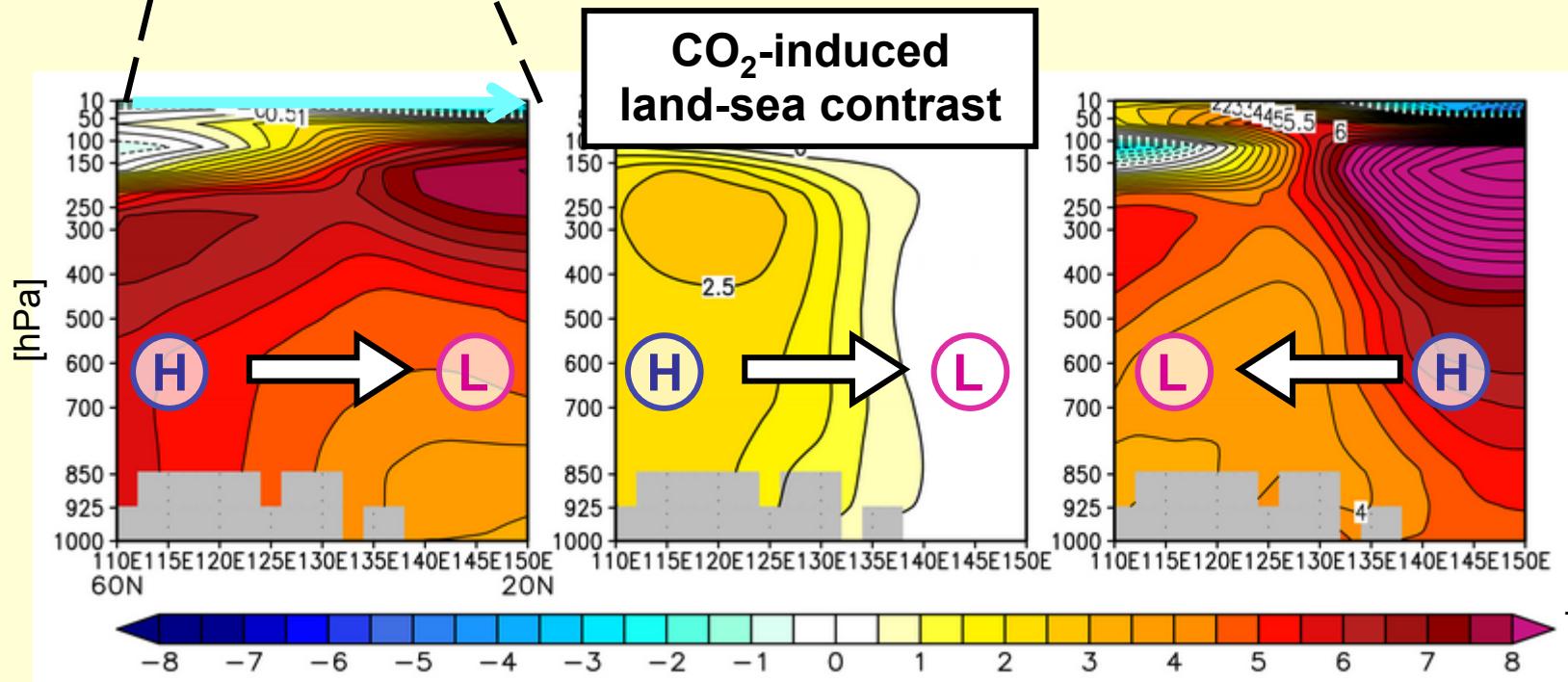
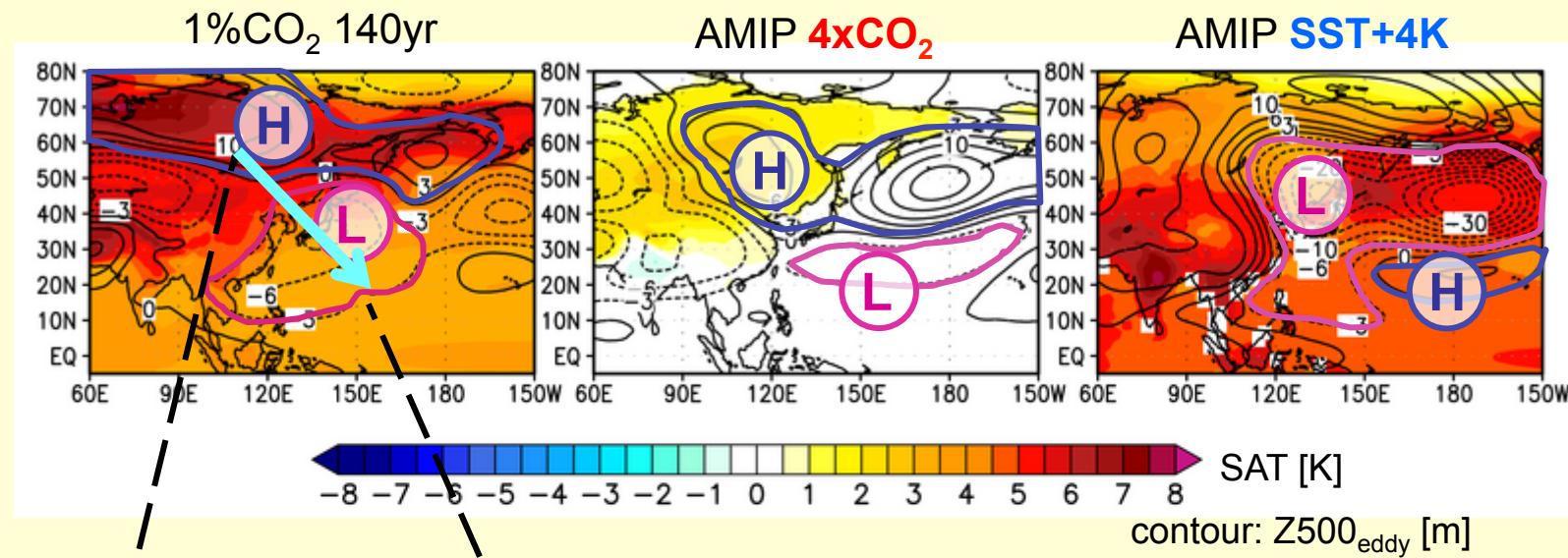
Global warming signal



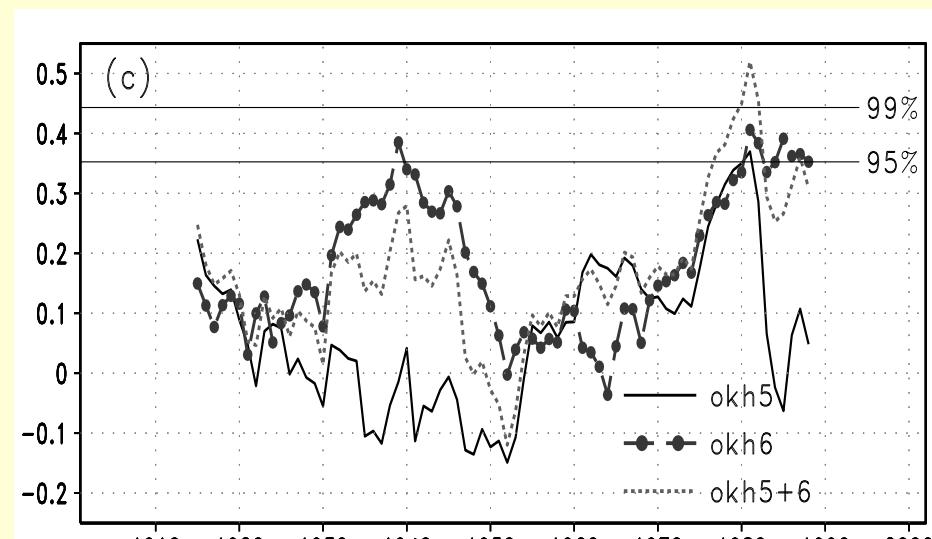
Kimoto (2005)

East Asian Summer

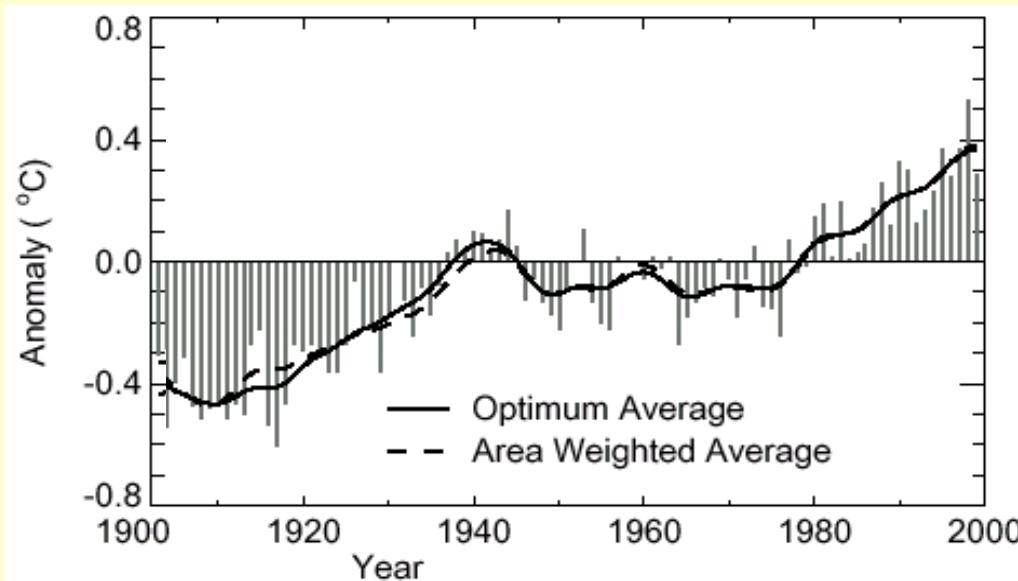
CMIP5 MME (9 models)



Correlation between
springtime surface
temperature anomaly
over northern Siberia
and Okhotsk High in
May/June



Global annual
mean surface air
temperature



Summary

- A tripolar pattern of East Asian summer monsoon variability
 - Subtropical high/Baiu rainband/
 - Okhotsk high
 - Moist neutral mode (?)
- Excitation/triggering
 - Tropical SST/subtropical convection
 - Rossby waves through subtropical jet
 - Rossby waves through polar-frontal jet/Siberian land surface influence
 - Global warming signal as shifted PDF of natural variability (?)

