

X-Ray imaging for Earth & Planetary Sciences

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WHY ? Nature is **heterogeneous**

Scale: l.y., psec, km, m, mm μm , **nm**

Nondestructive analysis:

- composition by quantification methods - **challenging**
- structure/morphology
- local chemistry

Access to:

- initial material (**interstellar**)
- Solar system **re-processed** – thermodynamics

Group work on similar samples needs:

- common strategy (methods, standards, databases)
- **round-robin** tests to evaluate accuracy

UJF: Masters « Terre, Univers et Environnement »

The « sample » community

- ★ crustal samples - feldspars, silicates
- ★ *in situ*: HP (< 300 Mb), HT < 4000°, bio, paleo
- ★ geo-material sciences: physico-chemical properties
- ★ hydrology: hydrated minerals; porosity; permeability
 - ★ atmospheric: aerosols, ultra trace elements
- ★ soil/river pollution; radioactive/chemical/biological
 - ★ planetary/interstellar return missions

EPS samples are complex...

EPS: sample is **everything**

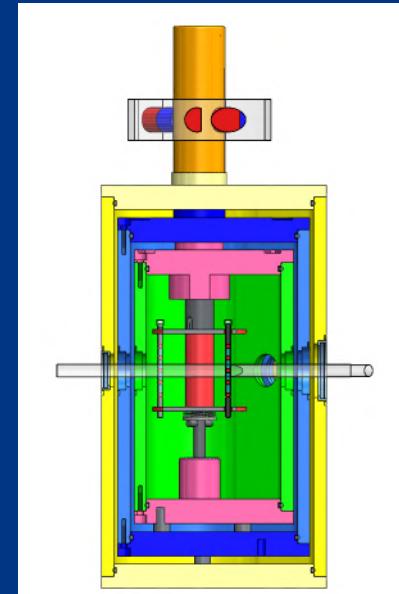
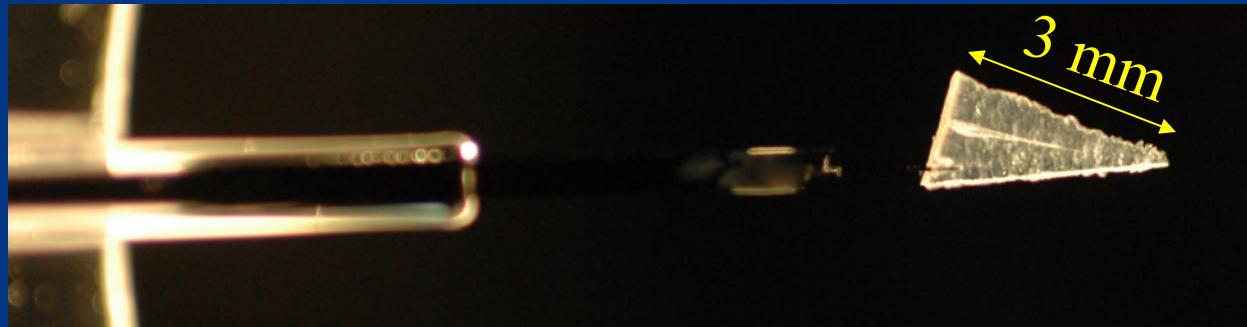
Unique, fragile, challenging samples

- ★ nondestructive, non-invasive analysis
- ★ sample environment: *in situ*, HP, HT, bio
- ★ hyperspectral analysis: 2-3 simultaneous analyses
- ★ multiscale: sample heterogeneity

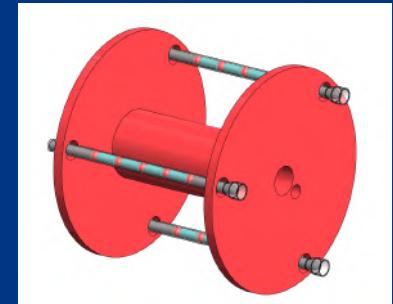
In situ

MSR

STARDUST aerogel keystones



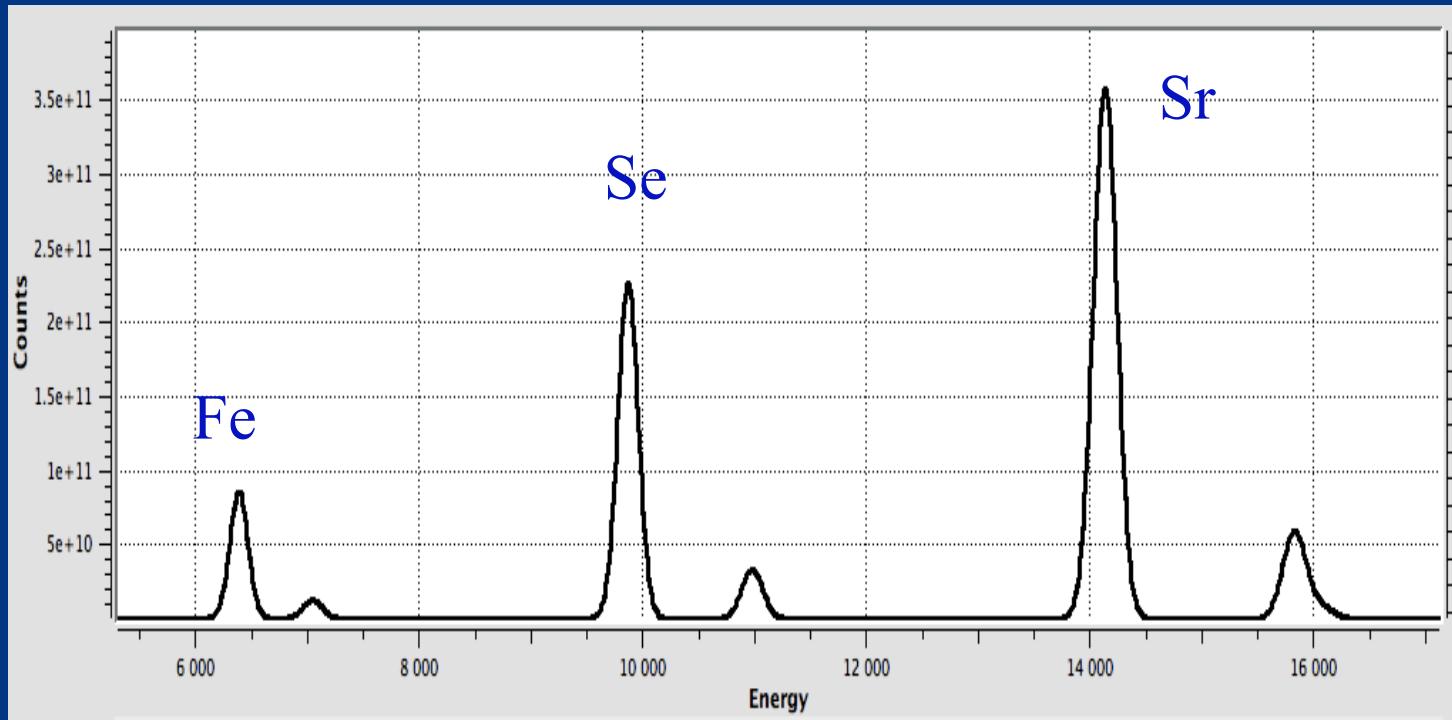
Diamond Anvil Cell



Missions with Sample
Return:

Mars > 2022

Example of quantification



$$E_0 = 18 \text{ keV}$$

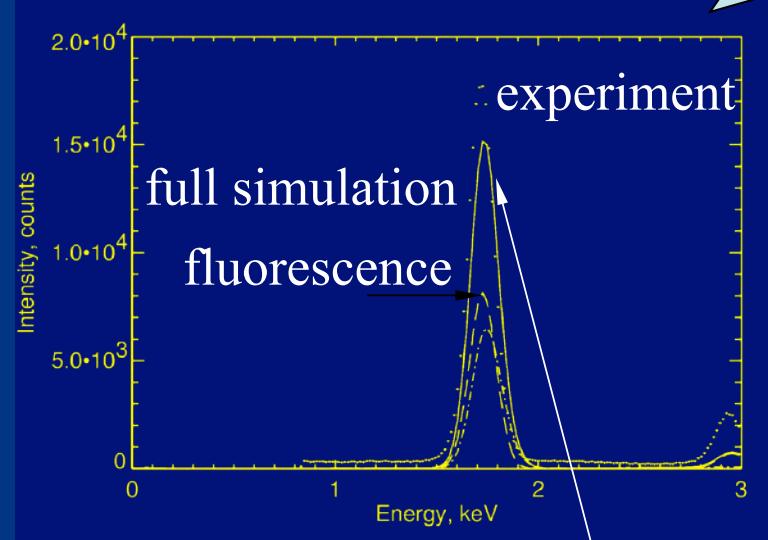
$$C_{\text{Fe}} = C_{\text{Se}} = C_{\text{Sr}} !!!!$$

Effect of Z, $(E_0 - E_K)$, ρ , A, ε , μ

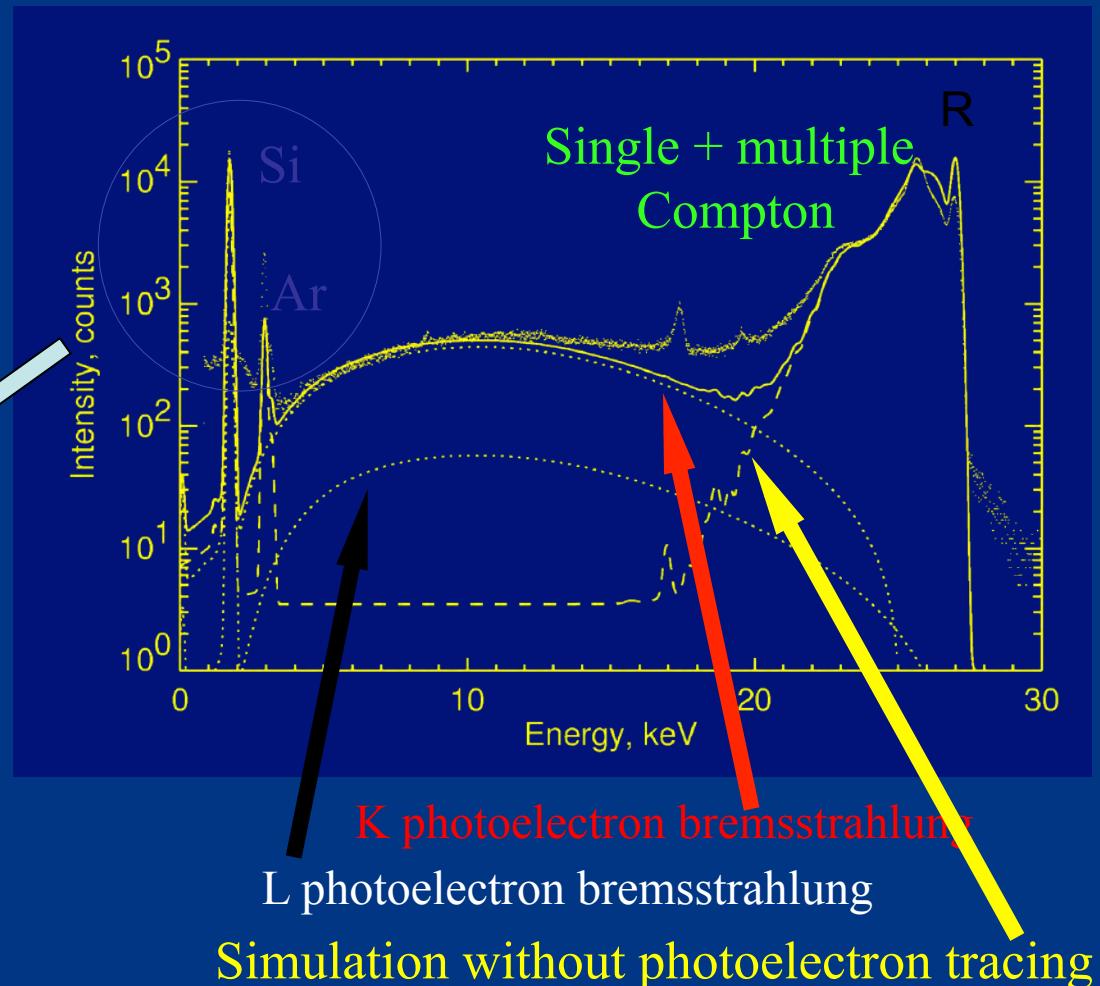
Relative intensities strongly **changed**

Accurate quantification by Monte-Carlo Collaboration L. Vincze, Univ. of Ghent

250 μm thick Si-wafer
Live time: 1000 s
Instrument: ID18F
 $E_0 = 27 \text{ keV}$
 $E_{\text{photoelectron}} = 25.16 \text{ keV}$



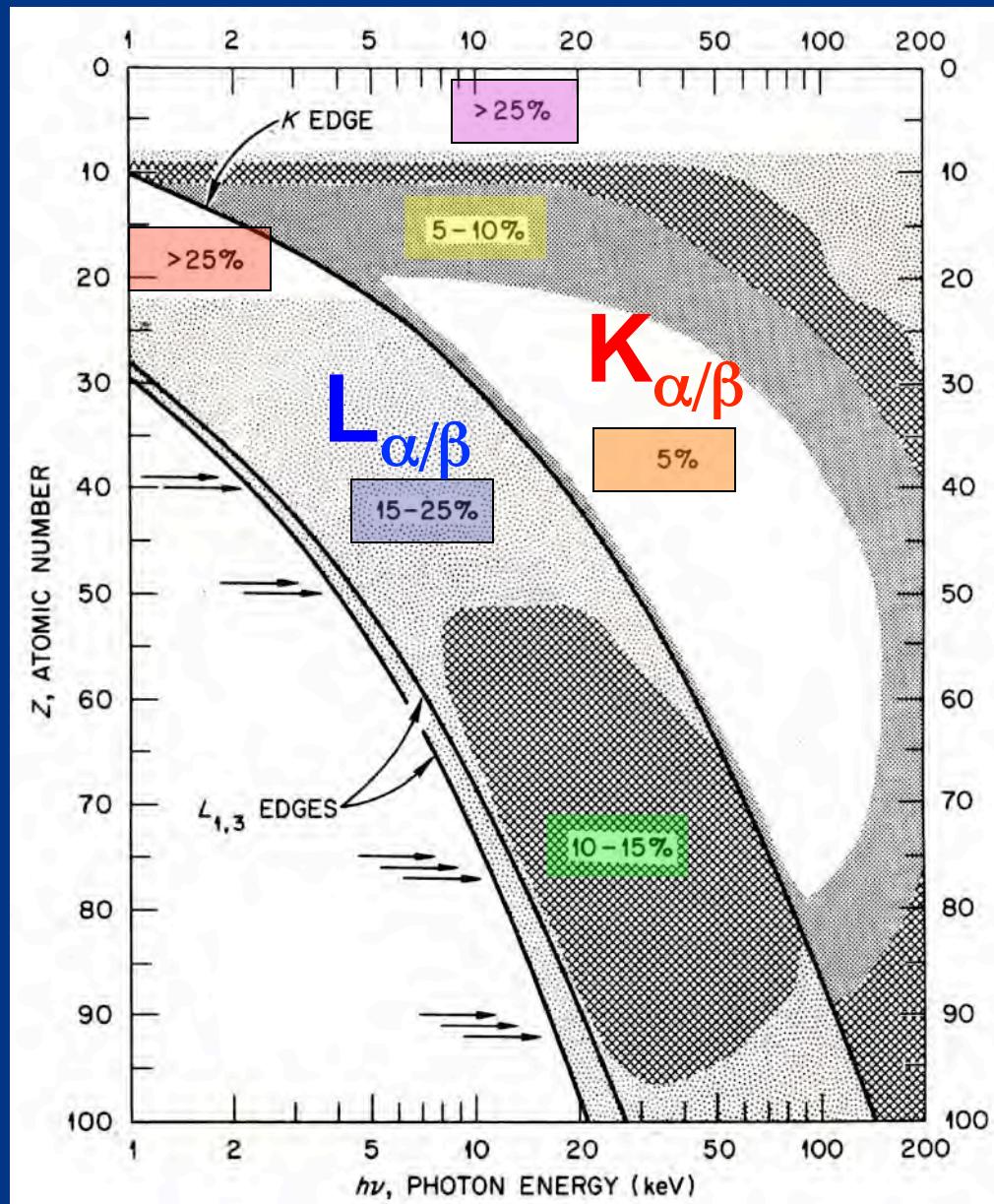
photoelectron impact ionization
CASINO



Fluorescence cross-sections σ

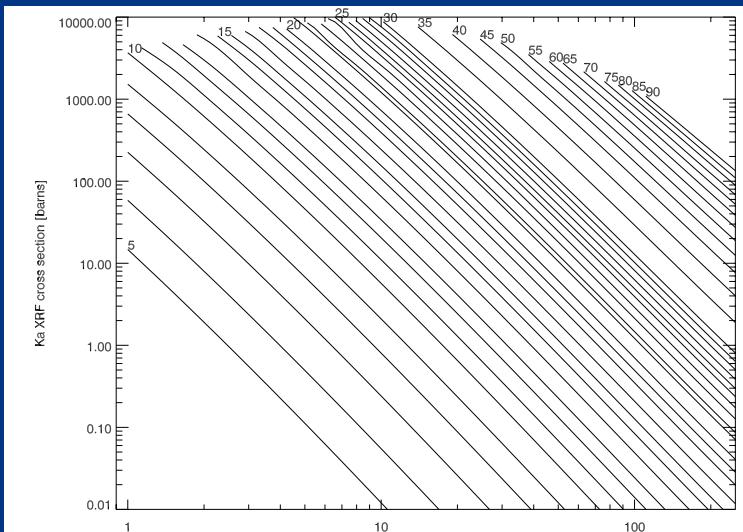
Uncertainties in the tabulated fluorescence cross-sections for the K_{α} and L_{α} lines

M.O. Krause *et al.*,
ORNL-5399



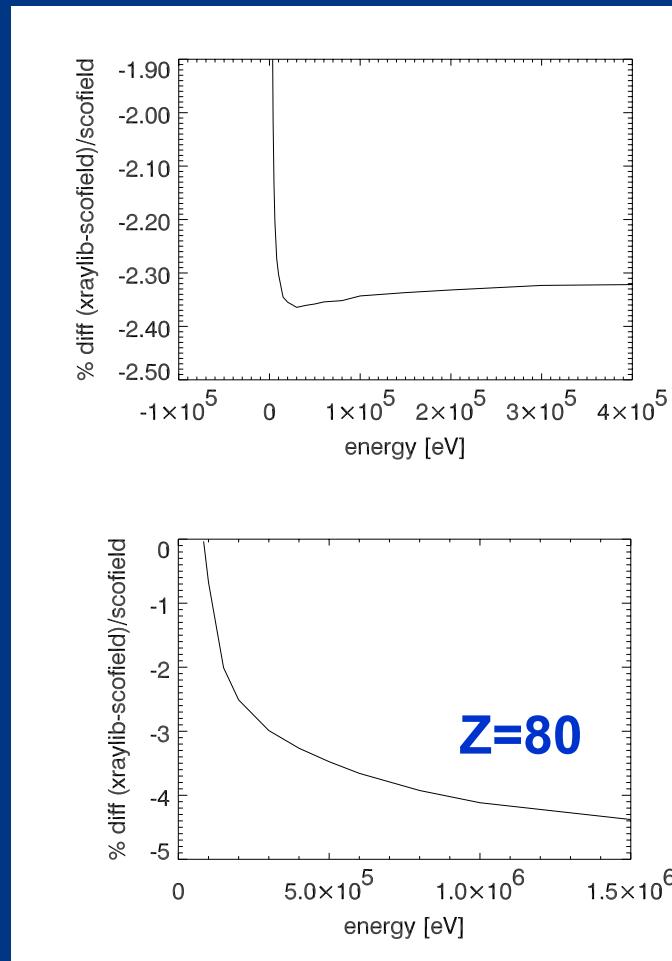
Tools:

X-ray database: XRAYLIB



- ✓ multi-OS/multi-language
- ✓ fluorescence/absorption
- ✓ Compton/Rayleigh (pol / non-pol)
- ✓ form-factor, scattering function
- ✓ transition/edge energies

<http://ftp.esrf.fr/pub/scisoft/xraylib/>



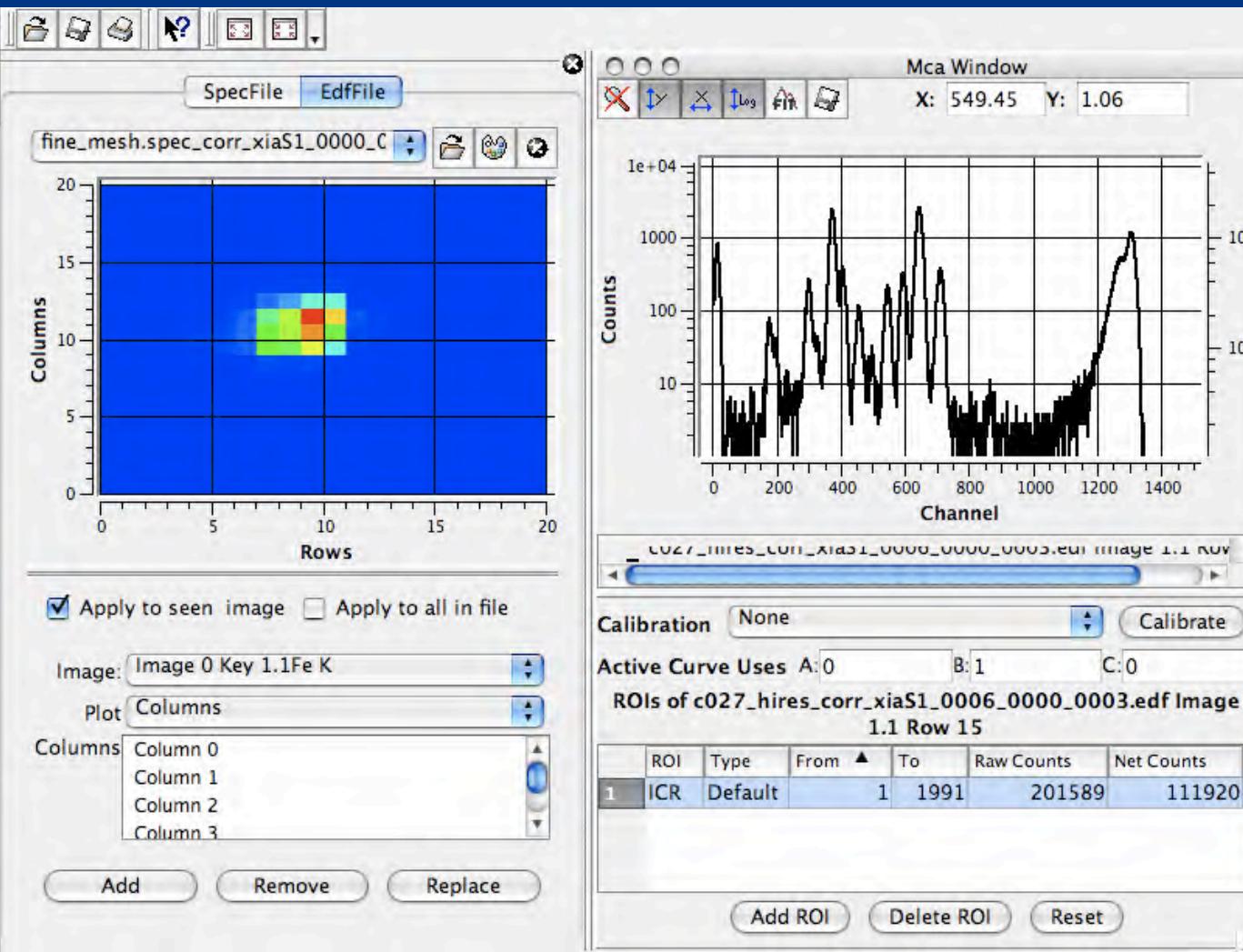
Brunetti, Sanchez del Rio, Golosio,
Simionovici, Somogyi
Spect. Acta B 59, 1725-1731, 2004

Tools:

PyMCA , hyperspectral XRF+XRD,
Spectrum fitting & quantification

ESRF BLISS group:
Armando Sole

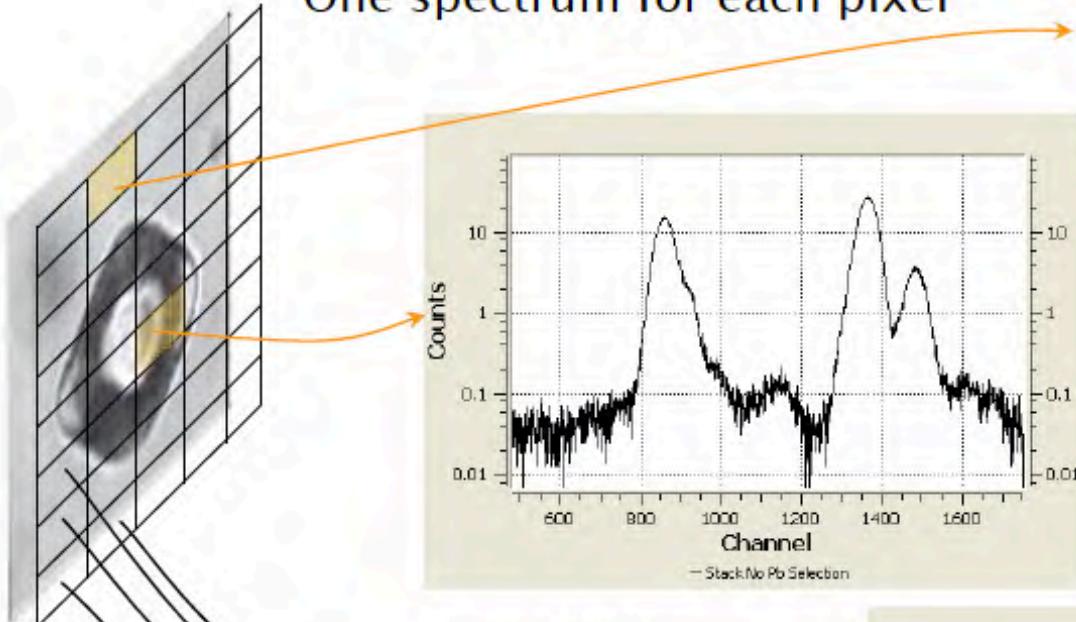
<http://pymca.sourceforge.net/download.html>



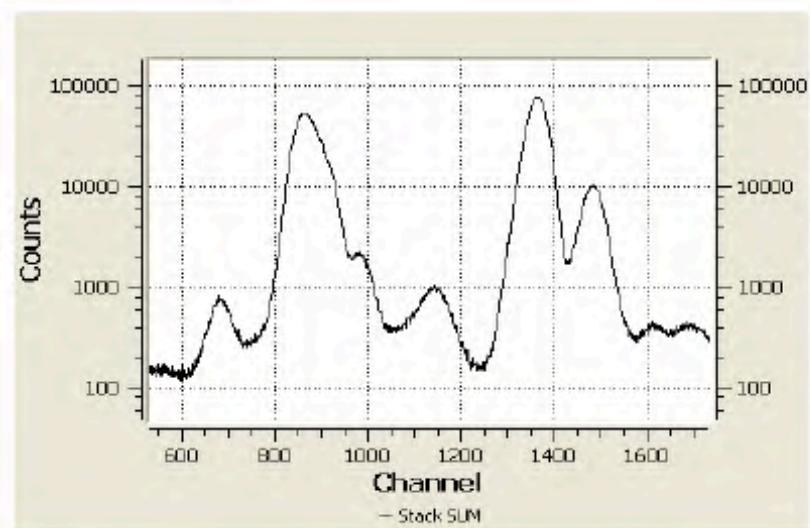
XRF+XRD
Soon
XRF+Raman
XRF+IR
XRF+Xanes
F-CT

2D Imaging

One spectrum for each pixel

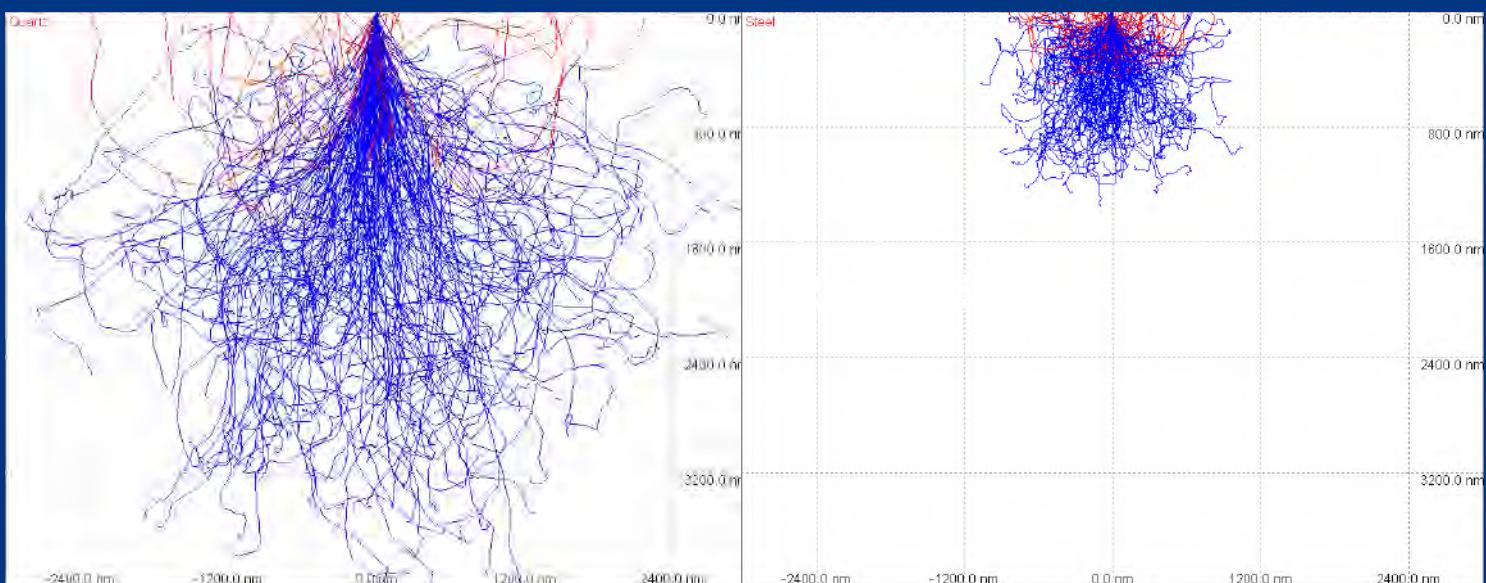
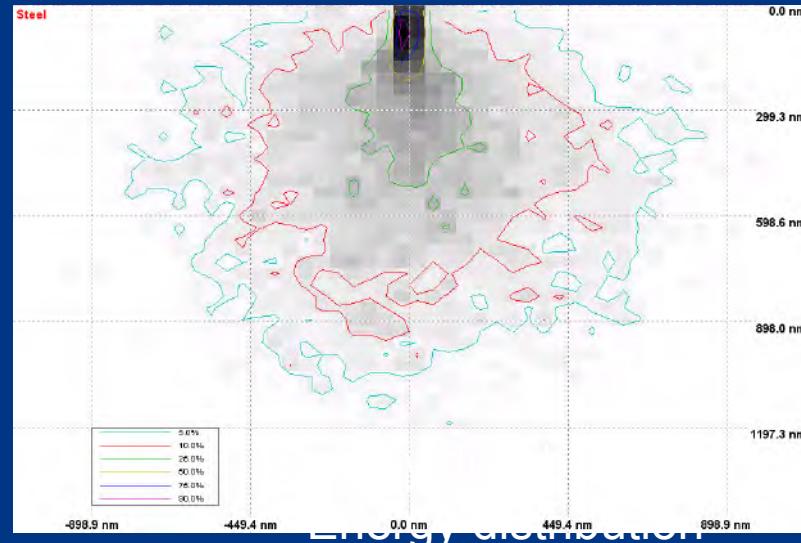


A sum spectrum for the whole image



e--beam mapping

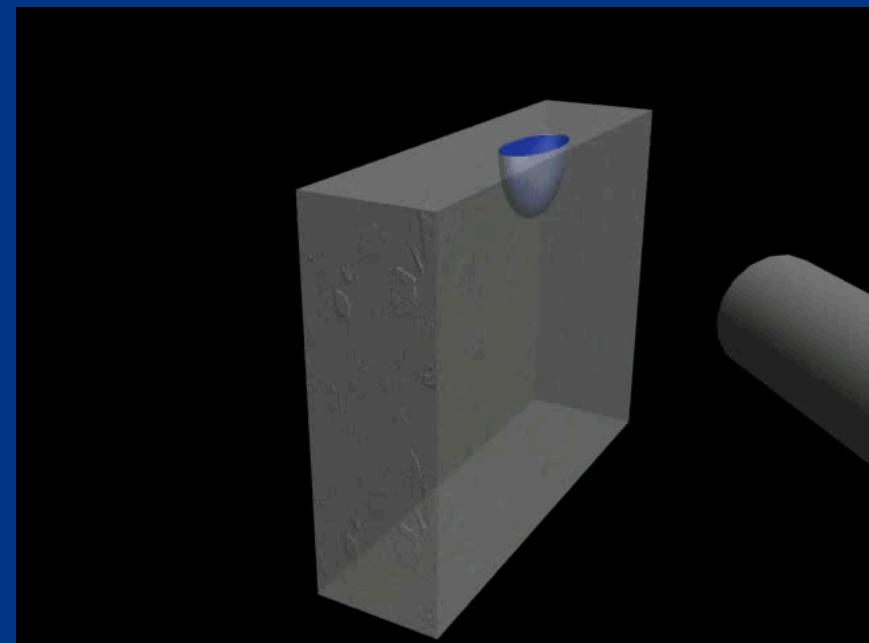
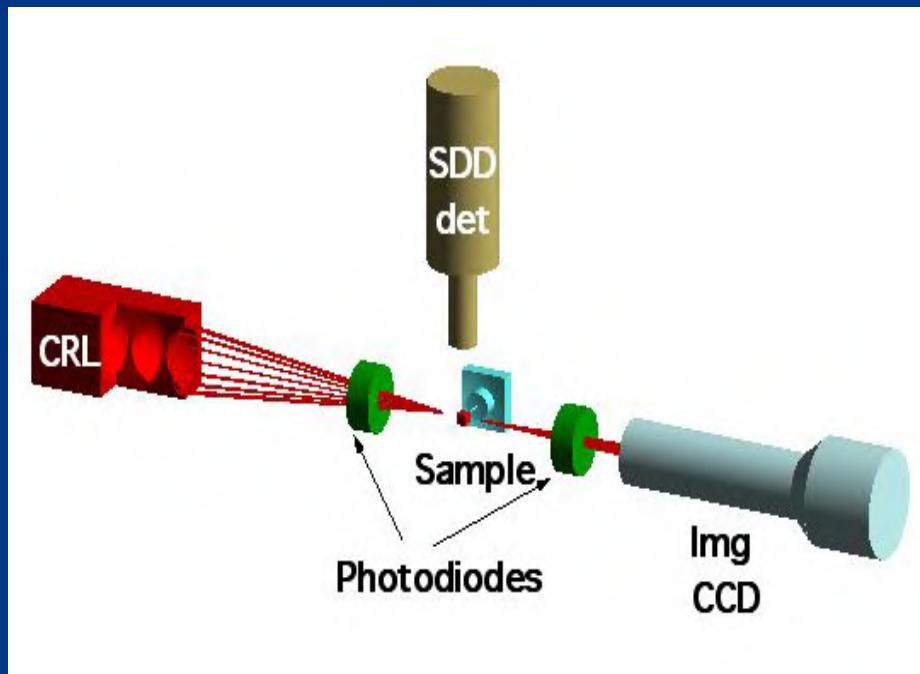
“skin” mapping
 $E = 20 \text{ keV}$



- ✓ resolution $\sim \mu\text{m}$
- ✓ local concentrations $> 1\%$

How to map thicker samples

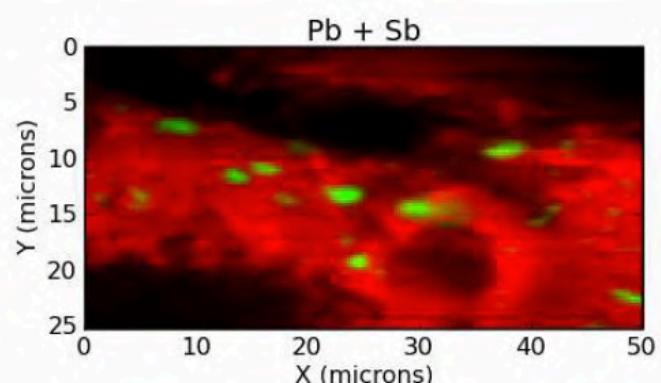
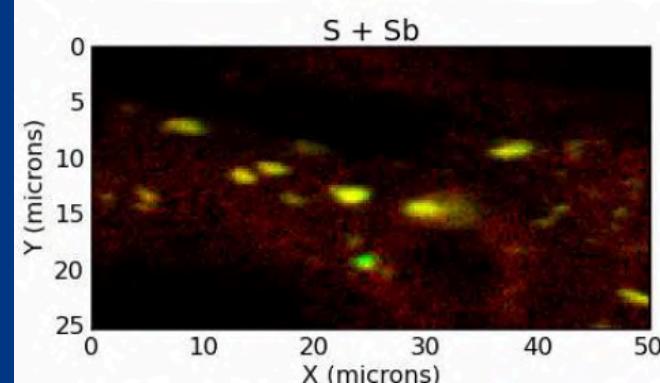
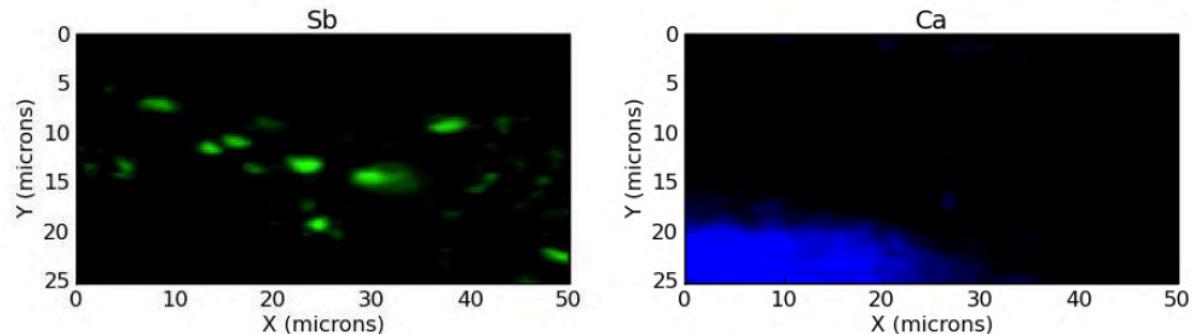
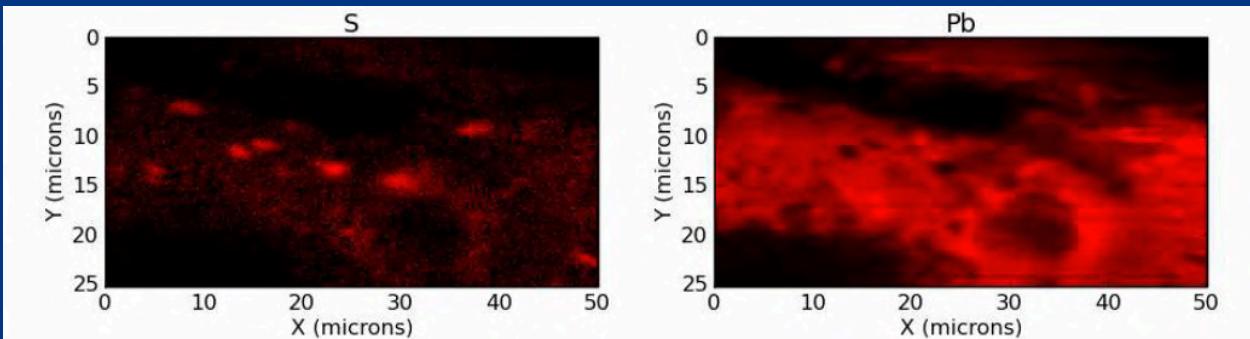
Solution : fluorescence tomography



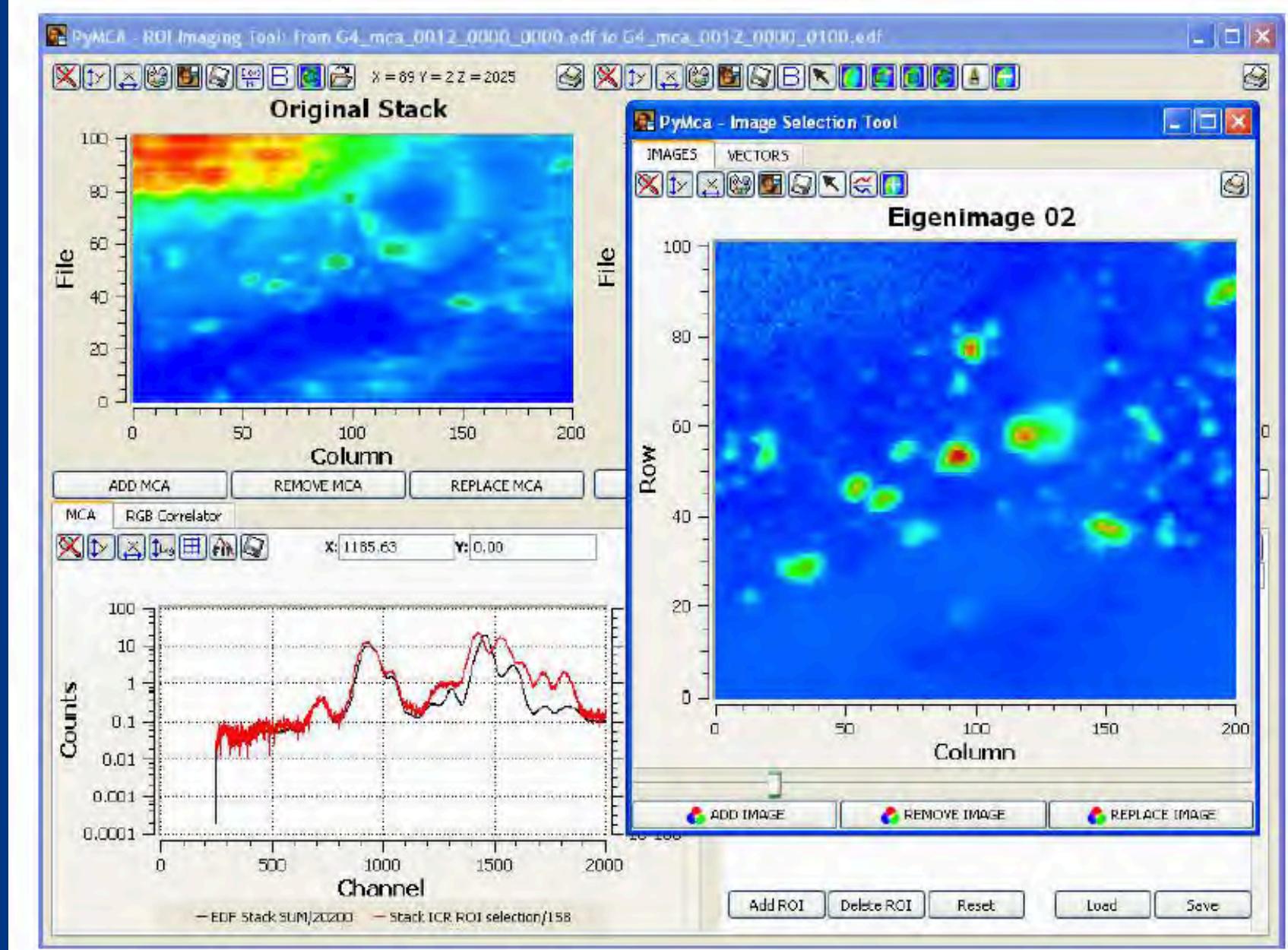
- ✓ polar scan z et θ
- ✓ long acquisition
- ✓ reconstruction : inverse problem

*Simionovici et al.,
IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci., 47,
2736-2740 (2000)
SPIE 3772, 304 (1999)
SPIE 5535, 232 (2004)*

Elemental correlations

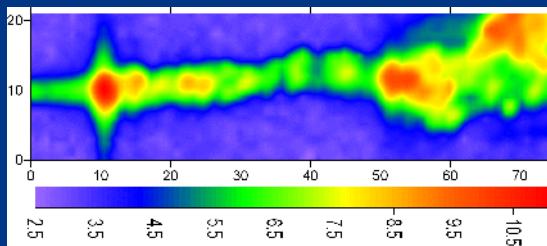


Multivariate analysis: PCA

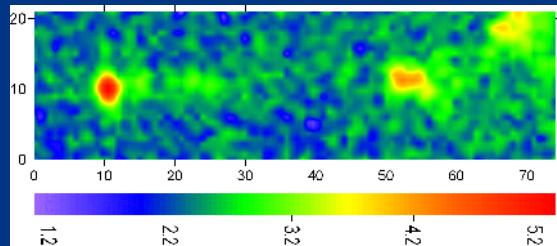


NASA Stardust cometary keystones

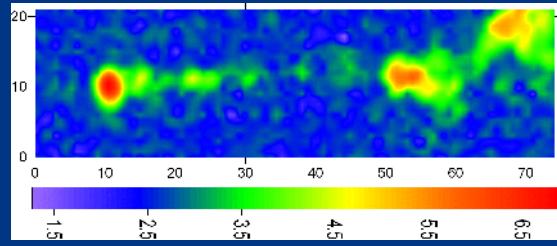
Fe



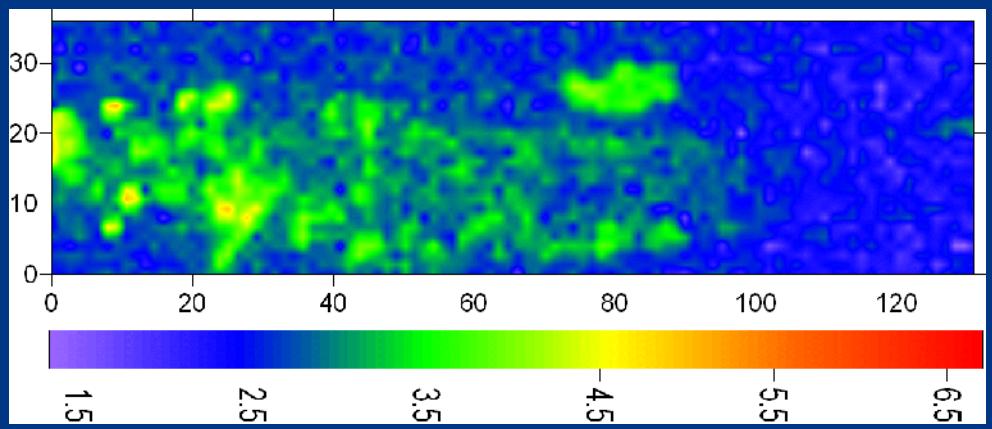
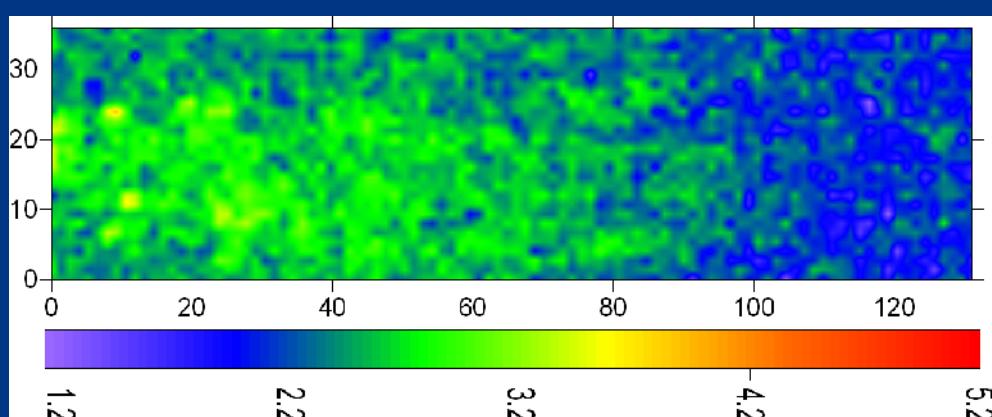
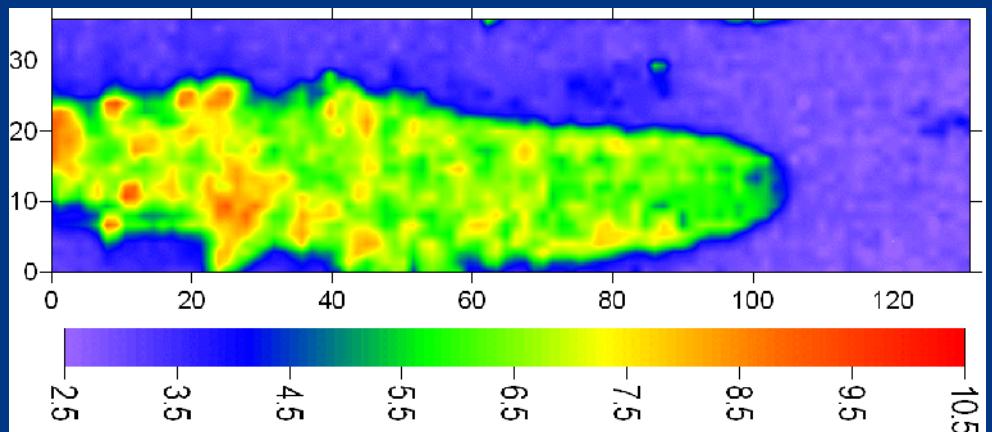
S



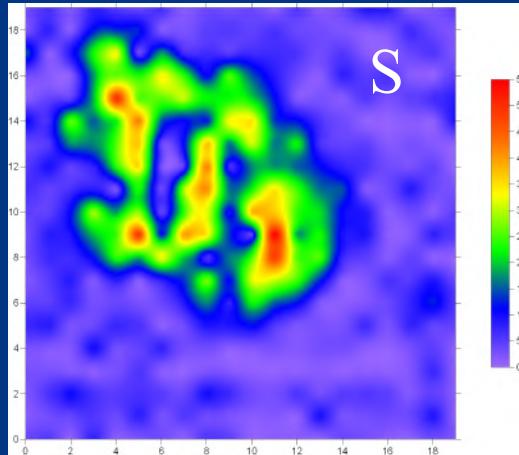
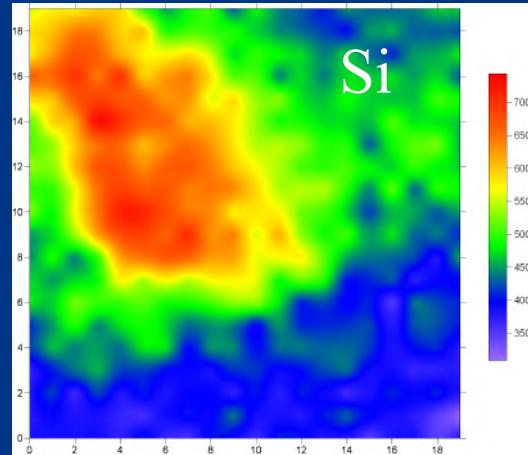
Cu



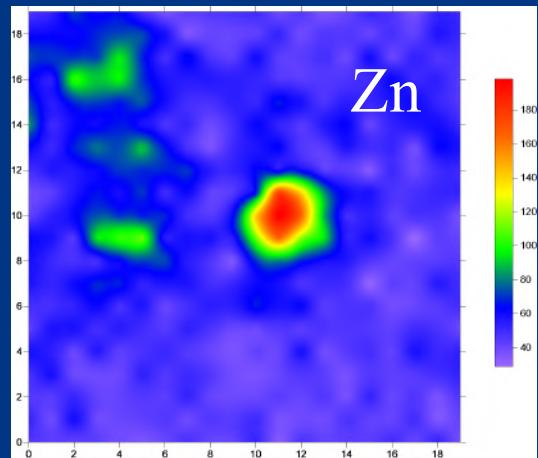
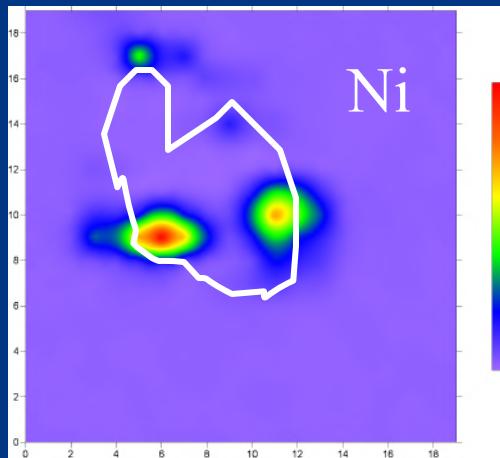
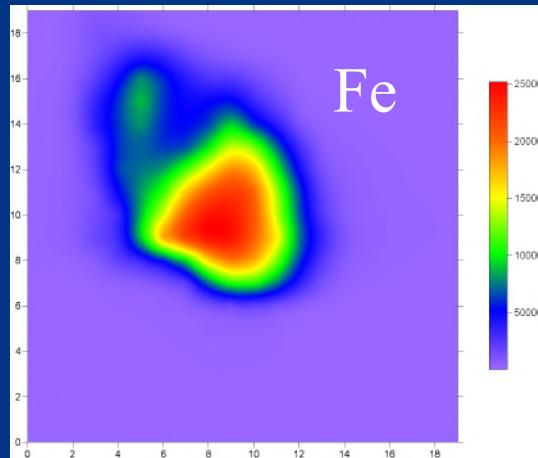
Fragmentation = $f(Z, \rho_Z, \rho_{\text{aer}})$



Heterogeneity of Terminal Particle



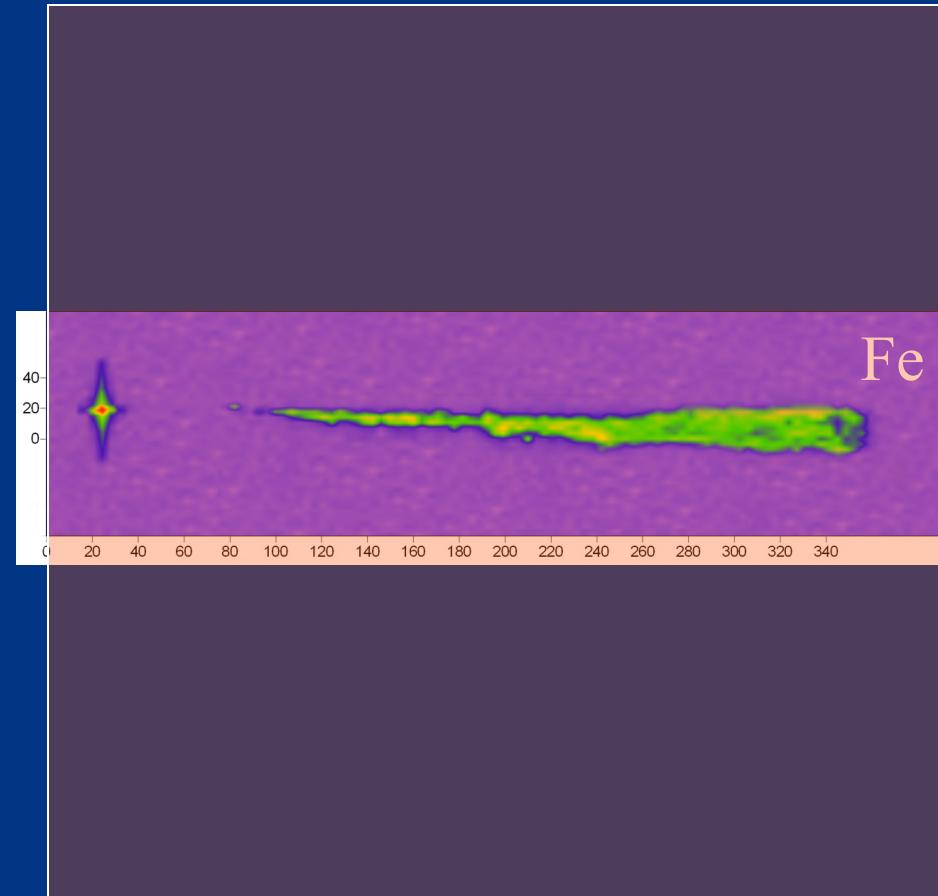
Resolution
 $1 \times 1 \mu\text{m}^2$



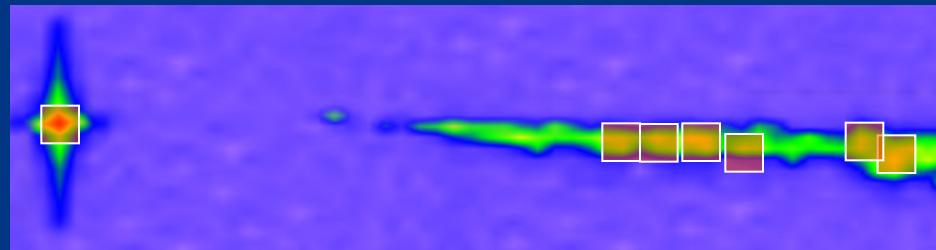
$$\text{Fe/Ni} \approx 21.5 !!!$$

$$\text{Fe/Ni} \approx 2 - 200$$

Spatial sampling: resolution effect



Low res single point
 $1 \text{ pix} = L_{\text{sample}}$
Fast but large error



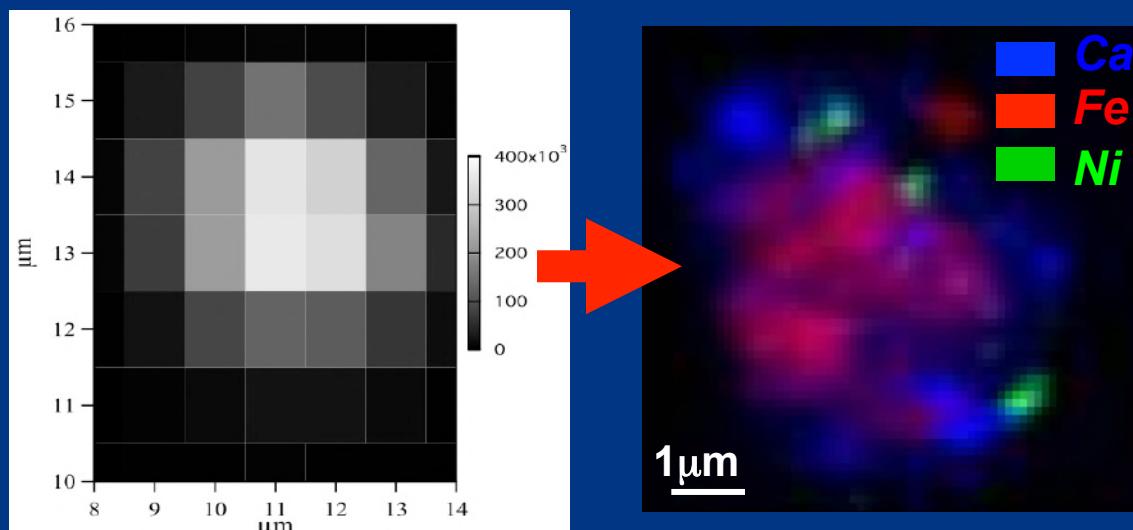
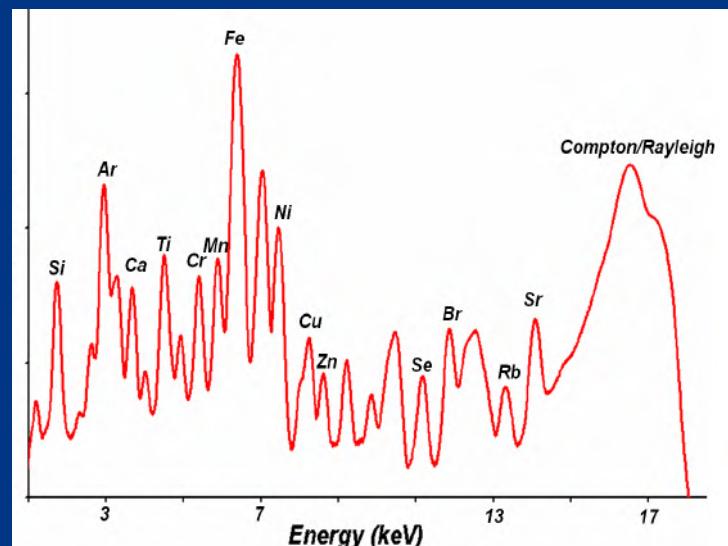
Hotspot mapping
Few pixels:
- miss signal

Fe - thresholding element

Spatial sampling: resolution effect

Resolution

- ✓ beamspot mm/ μm / nm
- ✓ scanning step - oversampling $\leq 30\%$
- ✓ mis-interpretations/mis-quantifications



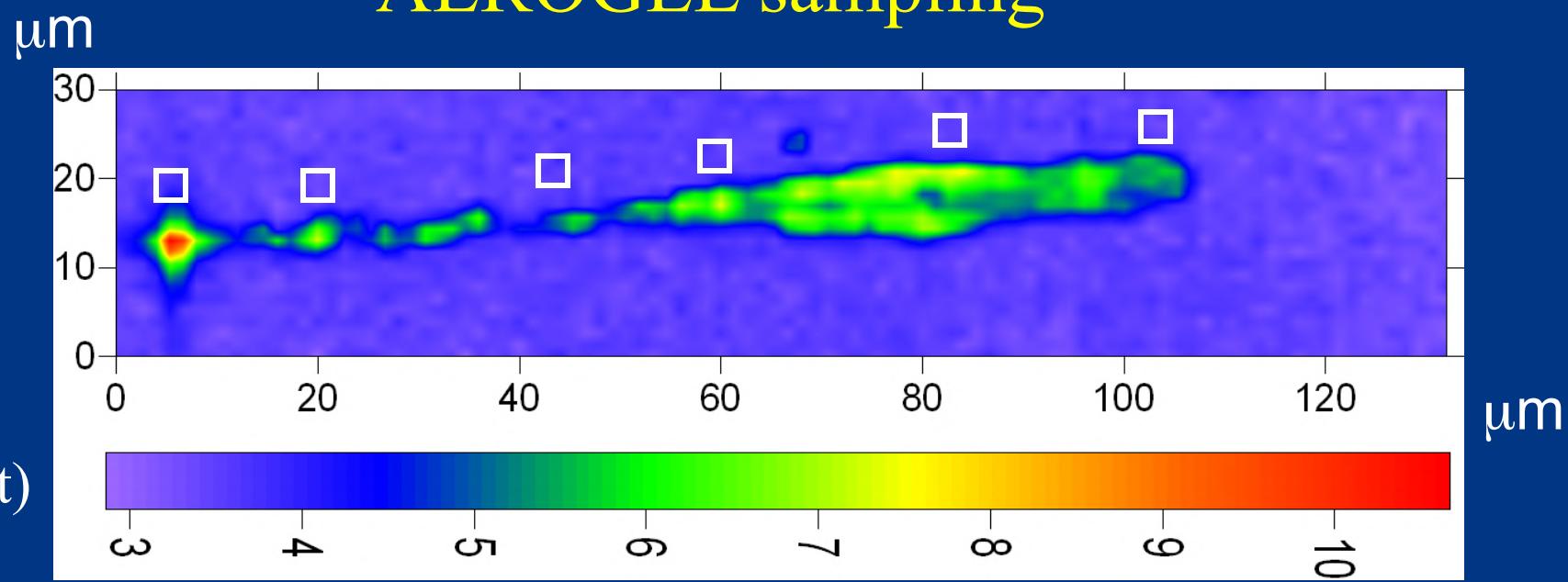
1 x 1 μm^2

200 x 150 nm²

Bleuet, Simionovici et al.,
App. Phys. Lett. 92,
213111-1–3, 2008

Aerogel composition

AEROGEL sampling



aerogel
“dirty”, heterogeneous, insulating medium

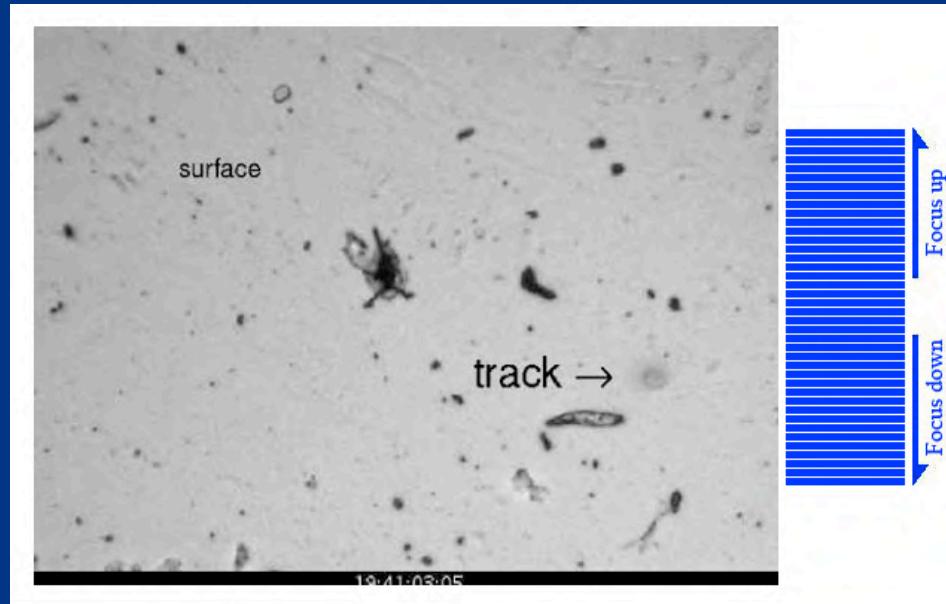
Aerogel sampling

- correlated by Si fluorescence
- longitudinal/radial density profiles - **gradient** (30 %)
- **no** density variation for **track** vs **aerogel**

ISPE: Preliminary Analysis of Interstellar Grains



- search for **Interstellar** grains
- nano-imaging (XRF, XRD, XCT)
- + **XAS** ?



- search grains $< 1 \mu\text{m}$
- **113000** “hunters”
- redundant reliability control

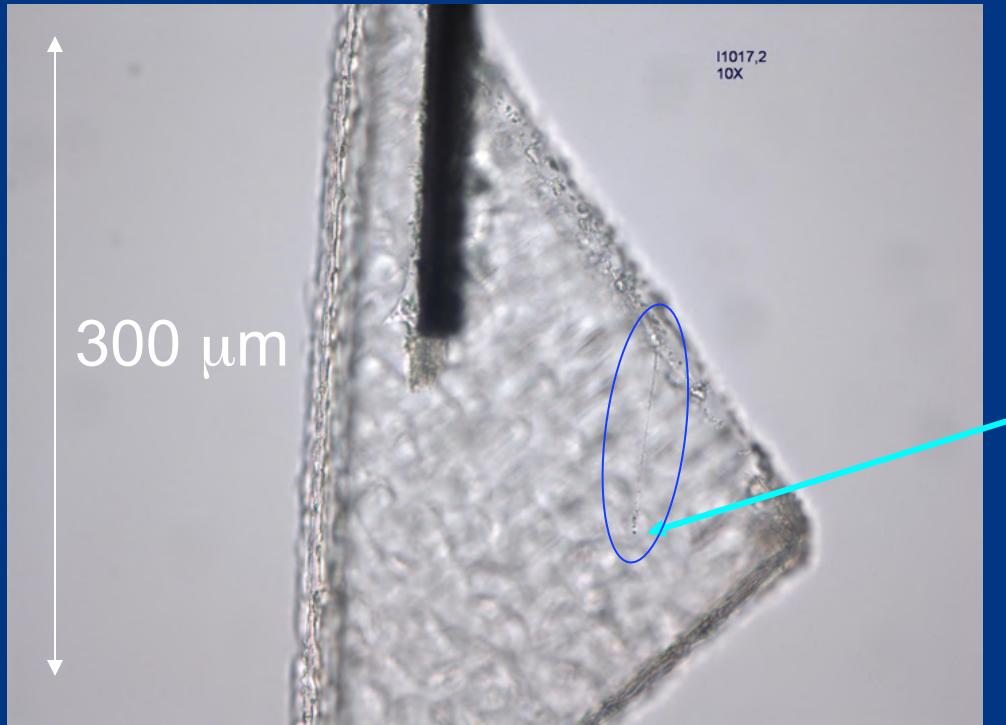
virtual microscope

ISPE Treasure Hunt in process

orders of magnitude more challenging than the cometary samples.

1000 times smaller in mass, 1% of the statistics

- “Look, but don’t touch” NEW policy?
- intact trajectory ?
- IS/IP impactors
- total mass distribution
- xtal ? ExTerr bio-organisms ???

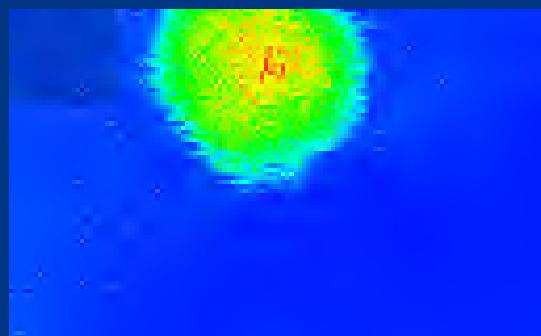


2 μm diameter track
Identified by >300
Stardust@home
“dusters”

ISPE: Beginning of a long story

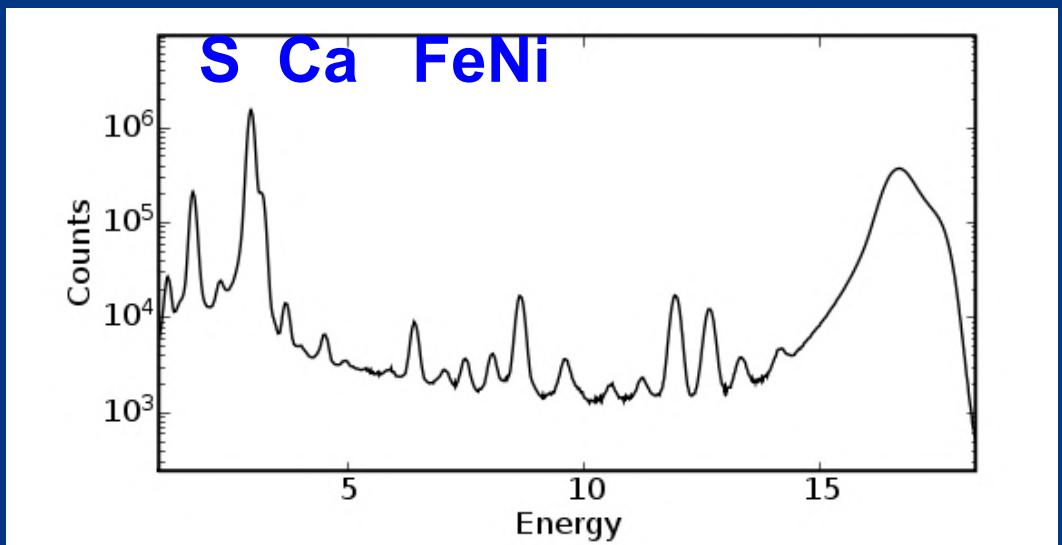
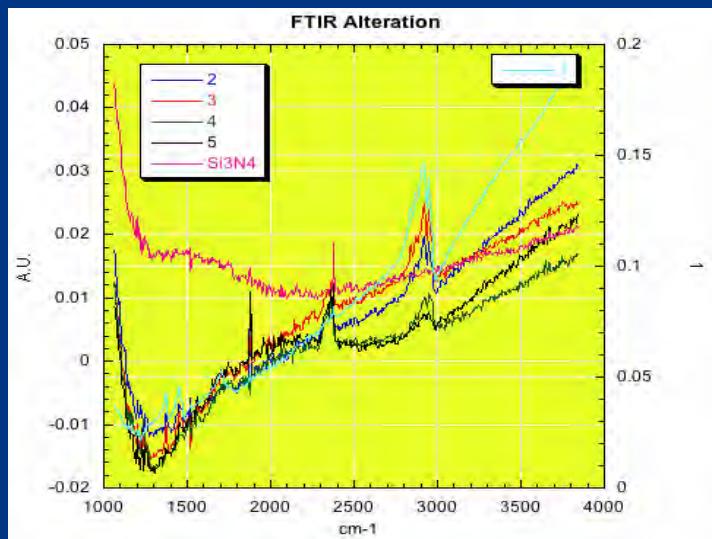
Work on FISC

Non – (**little**) destructive
(CH_2/CH_3 contamination
check by **SR-FTIR**)



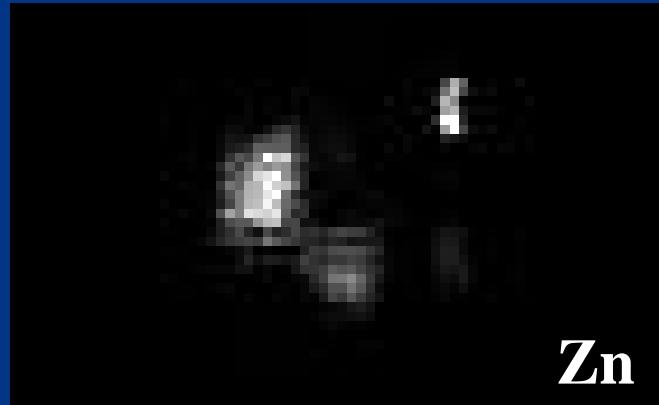
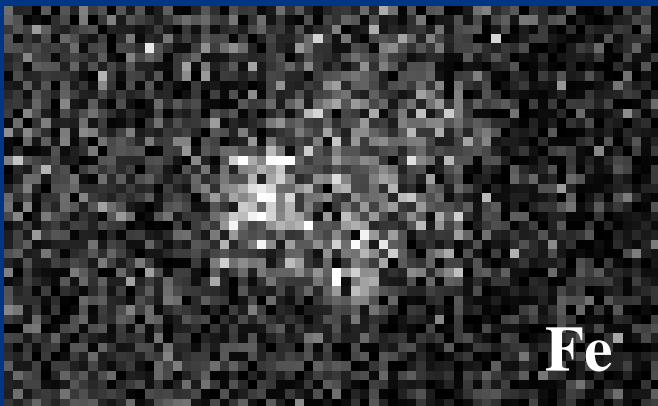
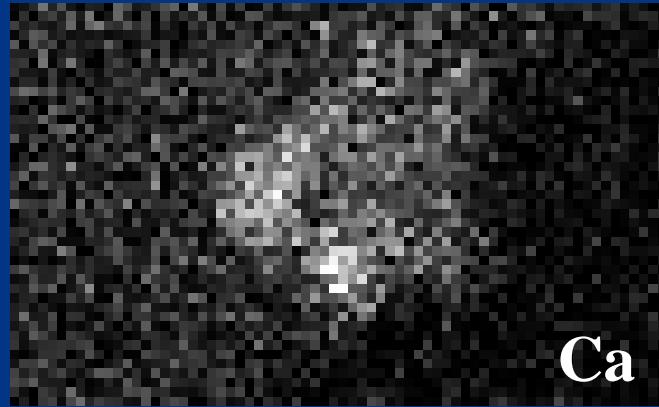
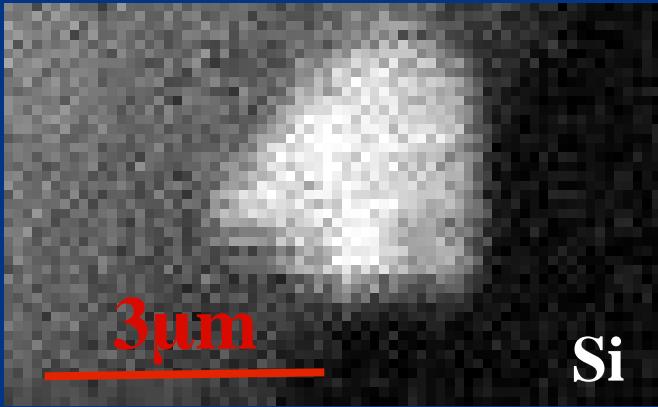
↔

1 μm



NO NEW ELEMENTS !!!

1027,1,9 (First interstellar candidate)



$$\text{Si/Fe} = 3661 \pm 239$$

$$\text{Ca/Fe} = 8.6 \pm 1.0$$

$$\text{Zn/Fe} = 6.5 \pm 0.4$$

Synchrotron: Wish list

To do

- ✓ beam stability $\leq 1/4$ beamspot = $f(\textcolor{red}{t}, \textcolor{green}{E})$
- ✓ XRF, XCT, XRD = OK but no **n-Xanes** yet
- ✓ larger E range ($7 \leq E \leq 52$ keV)
- ✓ beamspot ≤ 50 nm

To look into

- ✓ beam **damage** assessment (FTIR, AFM, repeats)
- ✓ mapping **point & click** contours
- ✓ n-goniometers (**sphere of confusion** = beamspot)
- ✓ **hyperspectral** treatment: XRF+XRD+Raman/IR (PyMCA)