

INTRODUCTION

Environmental Science: Challenge

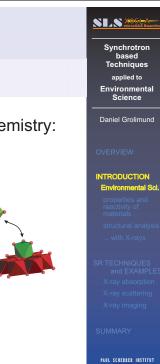
Most fundamental problem of environmental chemistry:

CHEMICAL SPECIATION

(chemical speciation = description of local geometry of atoms)

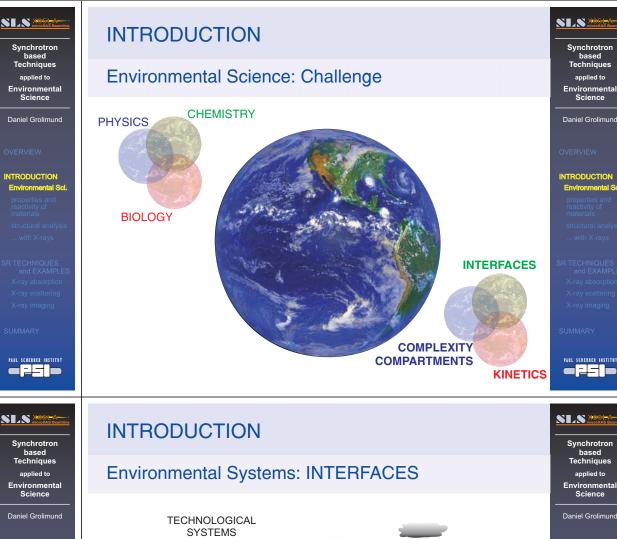
Chemical Speciation determines:

- Chemical Reactivity
- Materials Properties
- Chemical Toxicity
- Bioavailability
- Ecological/technical Fugacity



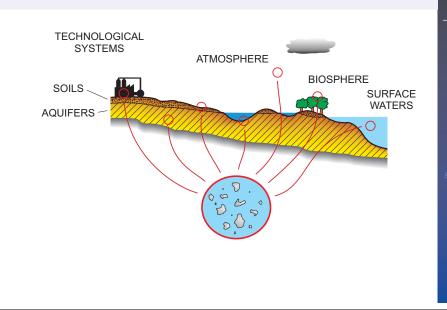
NTRODUCTION

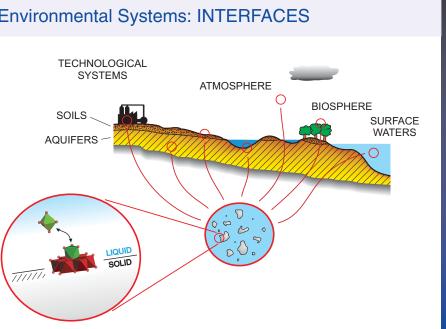
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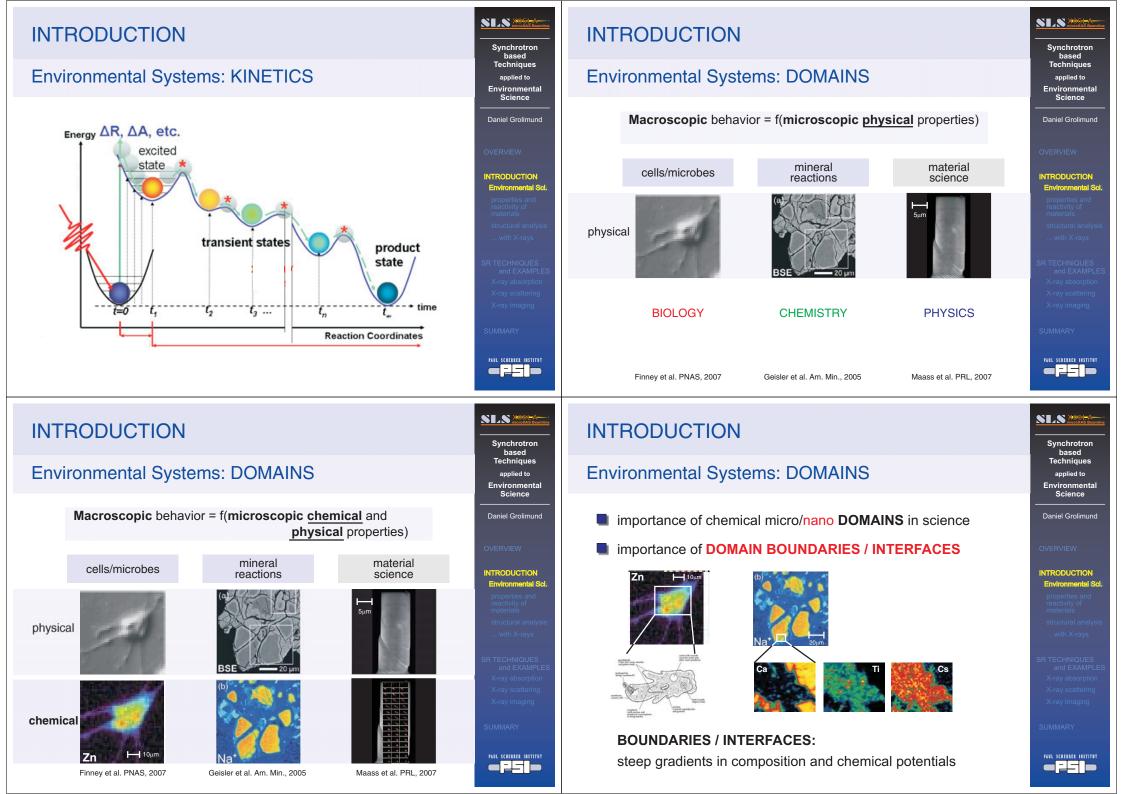
Environmental Systems: INTERFACES





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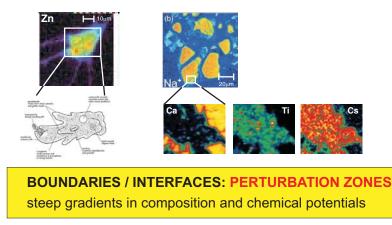
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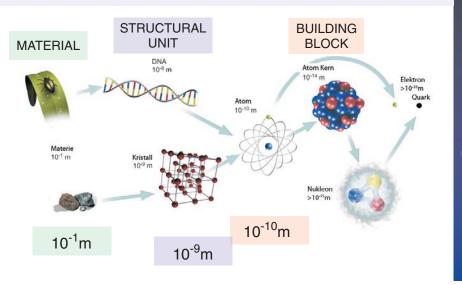
Environmental Systems: DOMAINS

- importance of chemical micro/nano DOMAINS in science
- importance of **DOMAIN BOUNDARIES / INTERFACES**



INTRODUCTION

GOAL: understand properties and reactivity of environmental 'materials' and systems



INTRODUCTION

Synchrotron

based

Techniques

applied to Environmental

Science Daniel Grolimund

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Synchrotron

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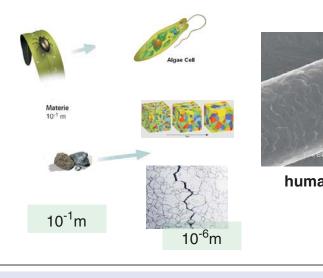
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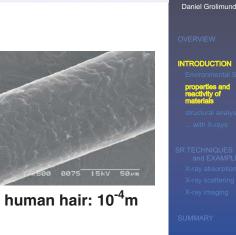
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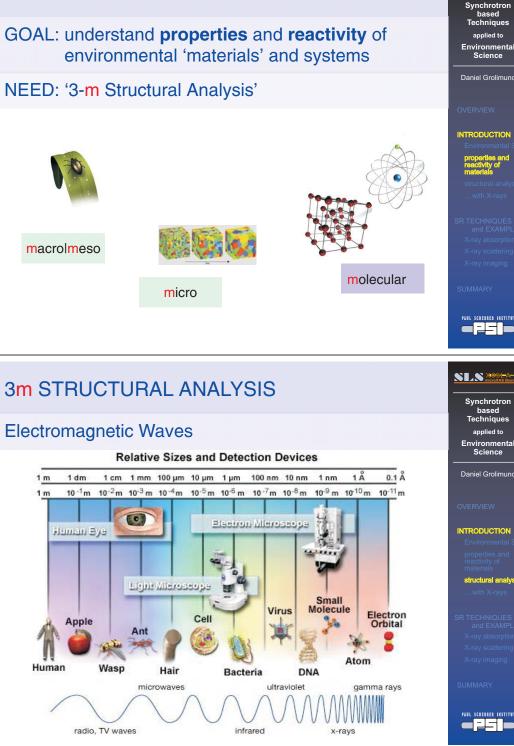
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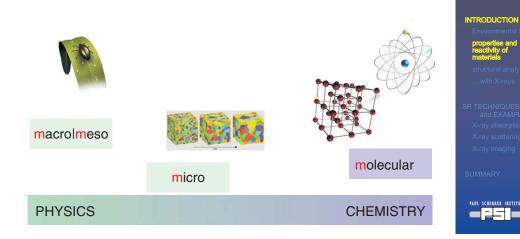
INTRODUCTION



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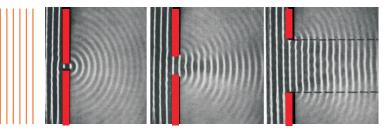
NEED: '3-m Structural Analysis'



3m STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

Waves, Diffraction, and Interferences

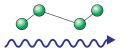


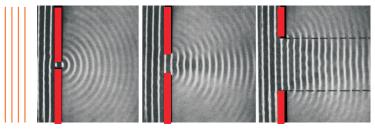


3m STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

Waves, Diffraction, and Interferences







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Waves, Diffraction, and Interferences



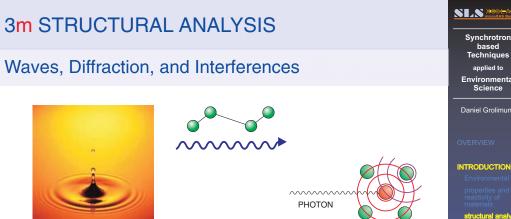
Synchrotron based Techniques applied to Environmental Science

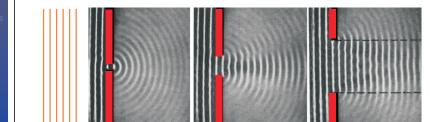
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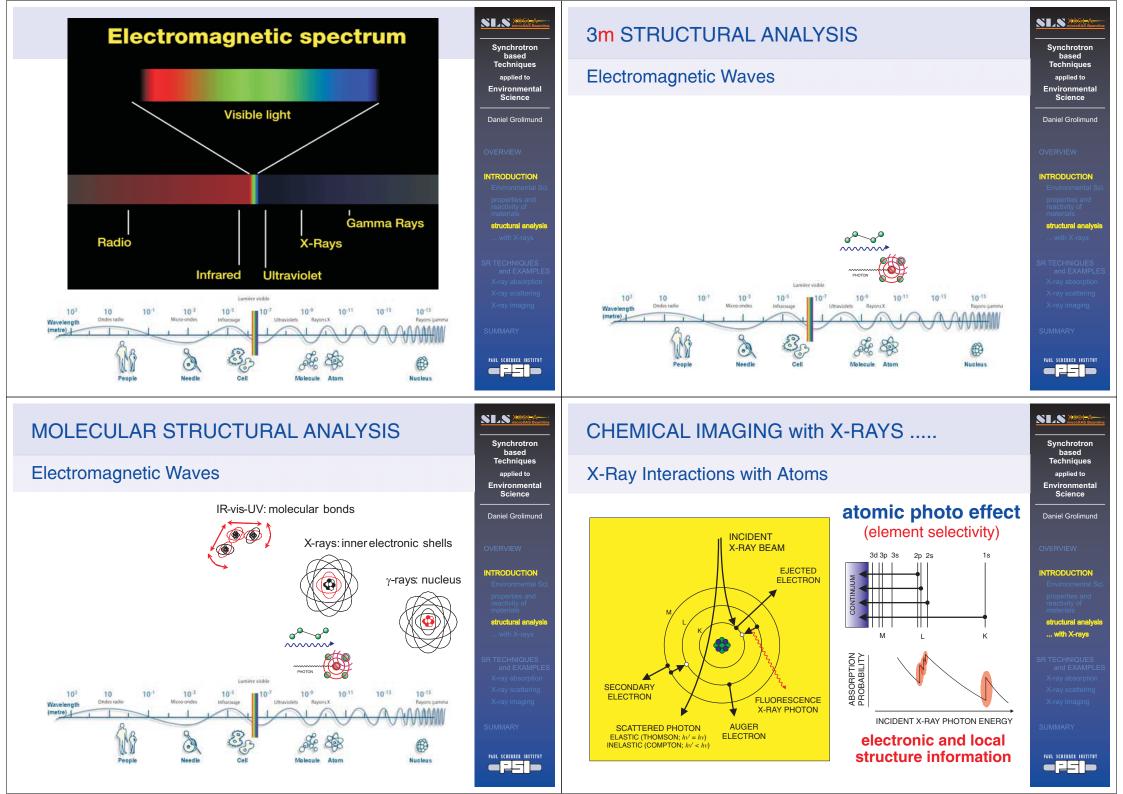




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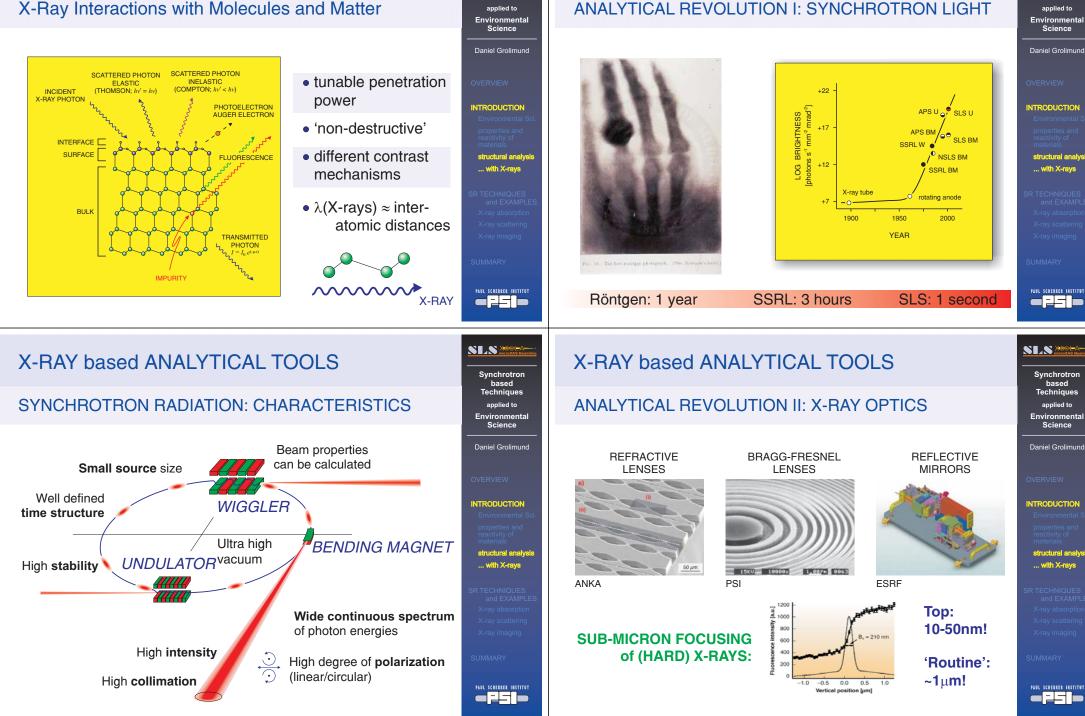
INTRODUCTION





X-RAYS

X-Ray Interactions with Molecules and Matter



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Techniaues

X-RAY based ANALYTICAL TOOLS

Synchrotron

based

Techniques

X-RAY based ANALYTICAL TOOLS

ANALYTICAL REVOLUTION III: METHODS

Phase retrieval and differential phasecontrast imaging

Pfeiffer, Weitkamp, Bunk, David Nature *Physics*, 2, 2006

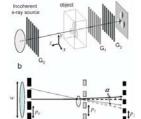


Figure 1: Talbot-Lau type interferometer. a,b, Principle: the source graing (Gg) creates an array of individually coherent, but mutually incoherent sources. A phase object causes a refraction, which is proportional to the local differential phase gradient of the object. This small angular deviation results in changes of the locally transmitted intensity through the combination of gratings G, . A standard x-ray imaging detector is used to record the final images

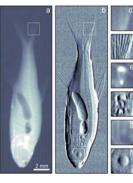


Figure 2: X-ray images of a small fish. Data recorded with a standard x-ray tube. a, Conventional X-ray transmission image. b, Differential phase contrast image. e-h, Two-times magnified and contrast optimized parts of the transmission (c,e,g) and the differential phase contrast image (d,fh).

small fish. Data x-ray tube. a, ion image. b, a ch Tupottuper

SUMMARY

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INTRODUCTION

structural analys

.. with X-rays

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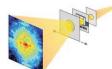
X-RAY based ANALYTICAL TOOLS

ANALYTICAL REVOLUTION III: METHODS

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Coherent Diffraction Imaging



ptychographic coherent imaging

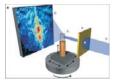


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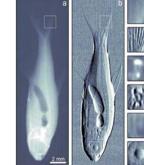


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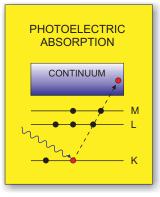
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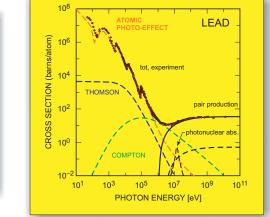
structural analy

... with X-rays

X-RAY ABSORPTION

X-Ray Interactions with Atoms





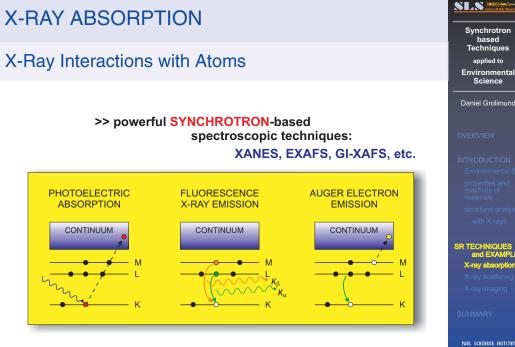
CXRO X-RAY DATA BOOKLET (2001); figure courtesy of J. H. Hubbell.)

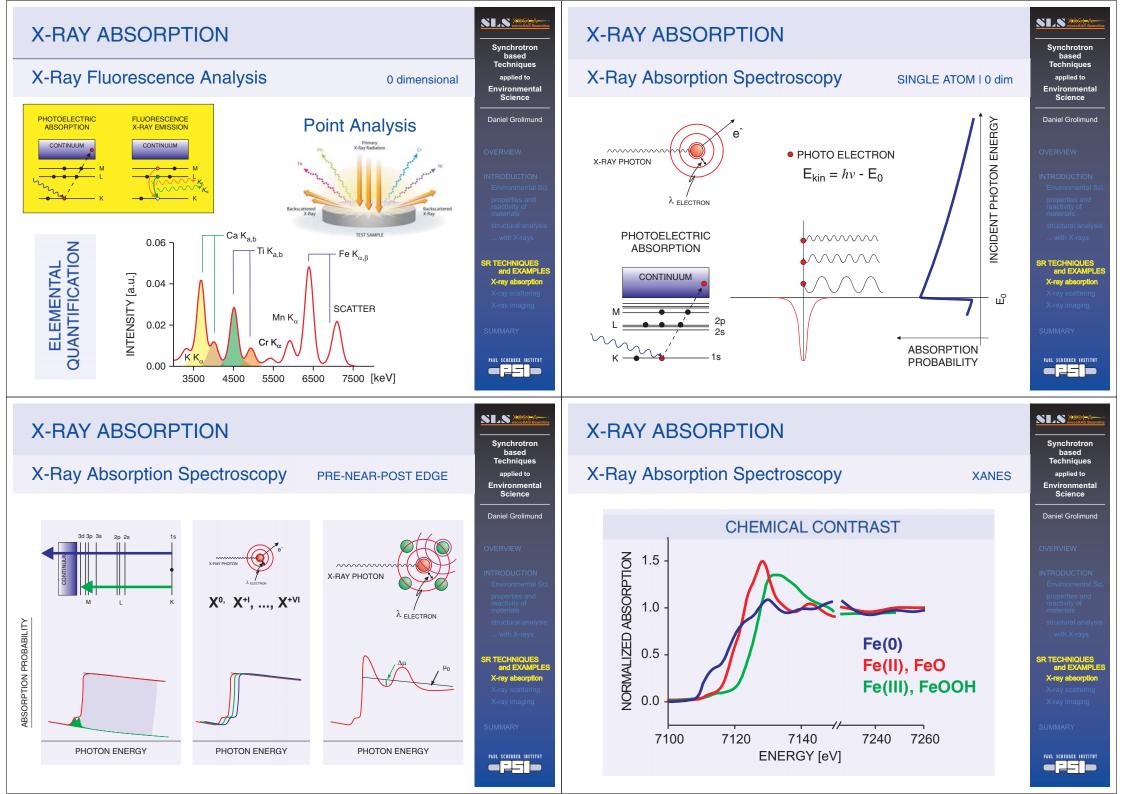


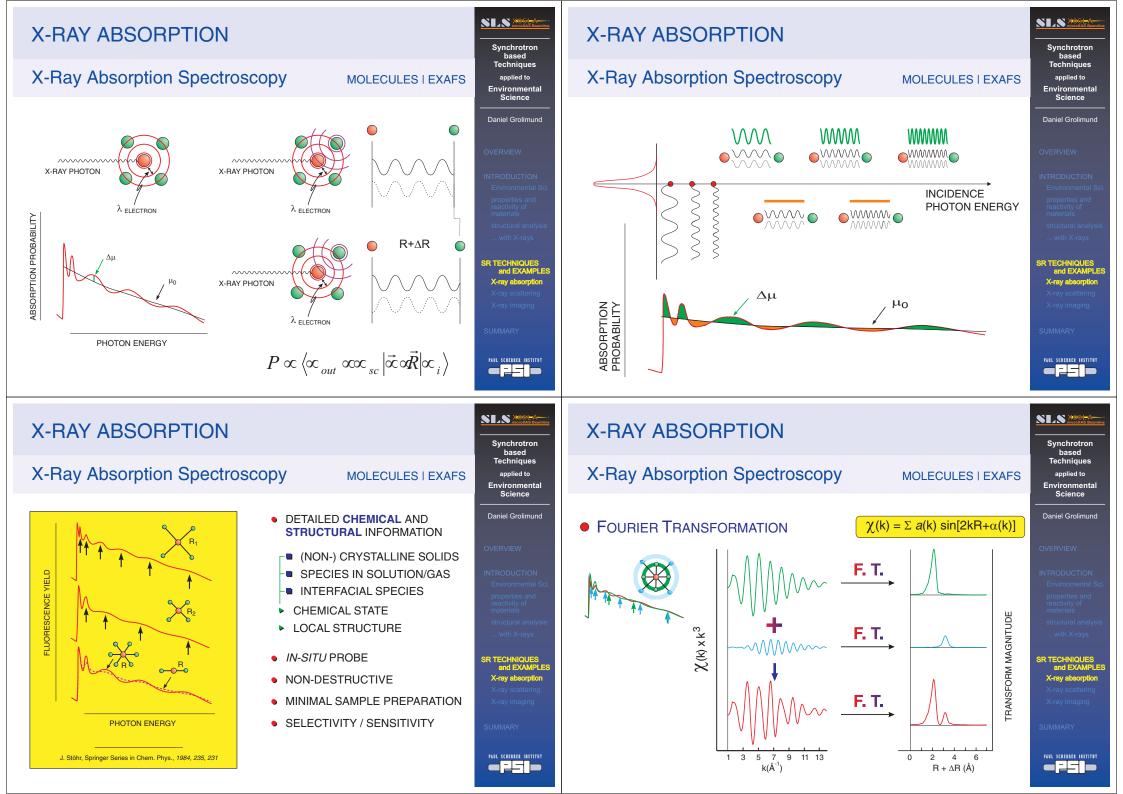
R TECHNIQUES and EXAMP

X-ray absorption

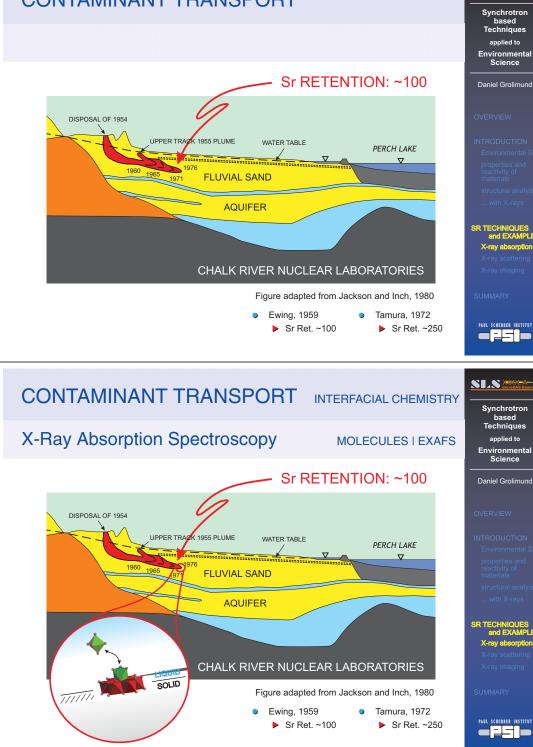
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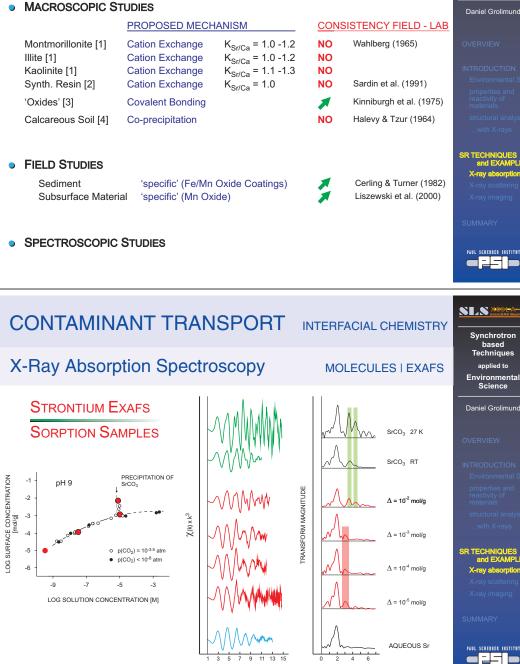


CONTAMINANT TRANSPORT



CONTAMINANT TRANSPORT

Proposed Geochemical Mechnanisms



k(Å⁻¹)

R + ∆R (Å)

Synchrotron

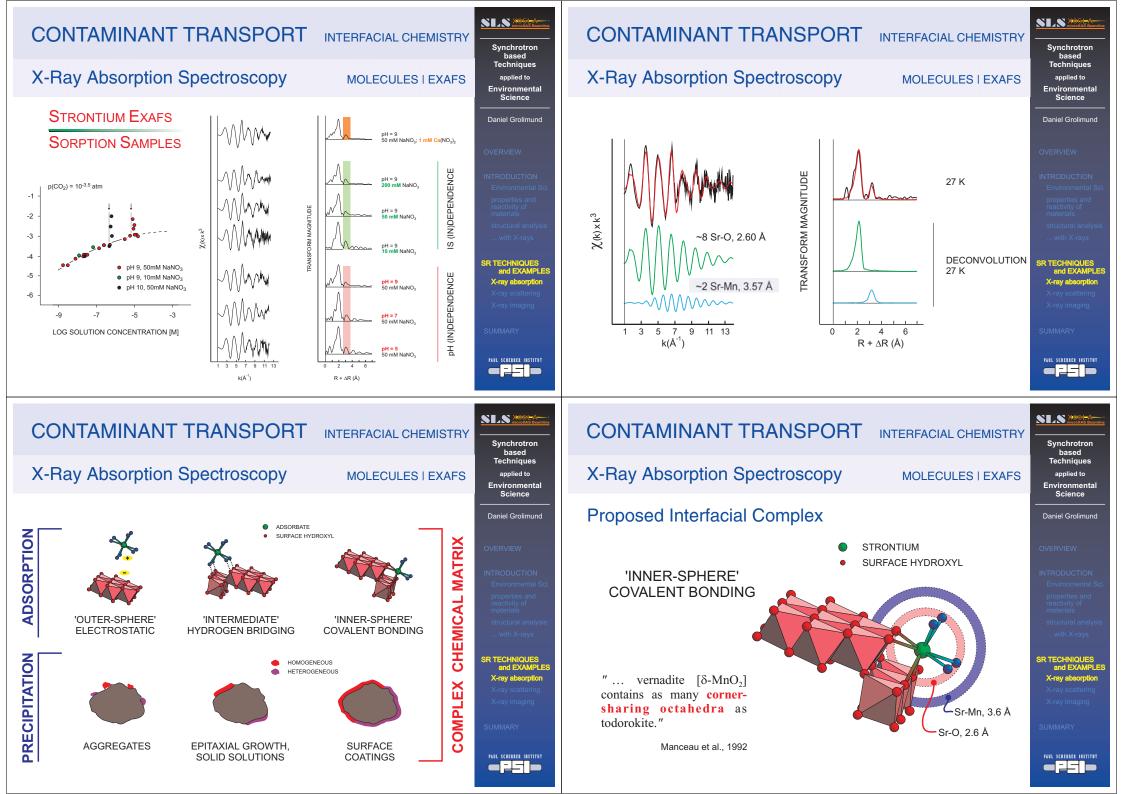
based

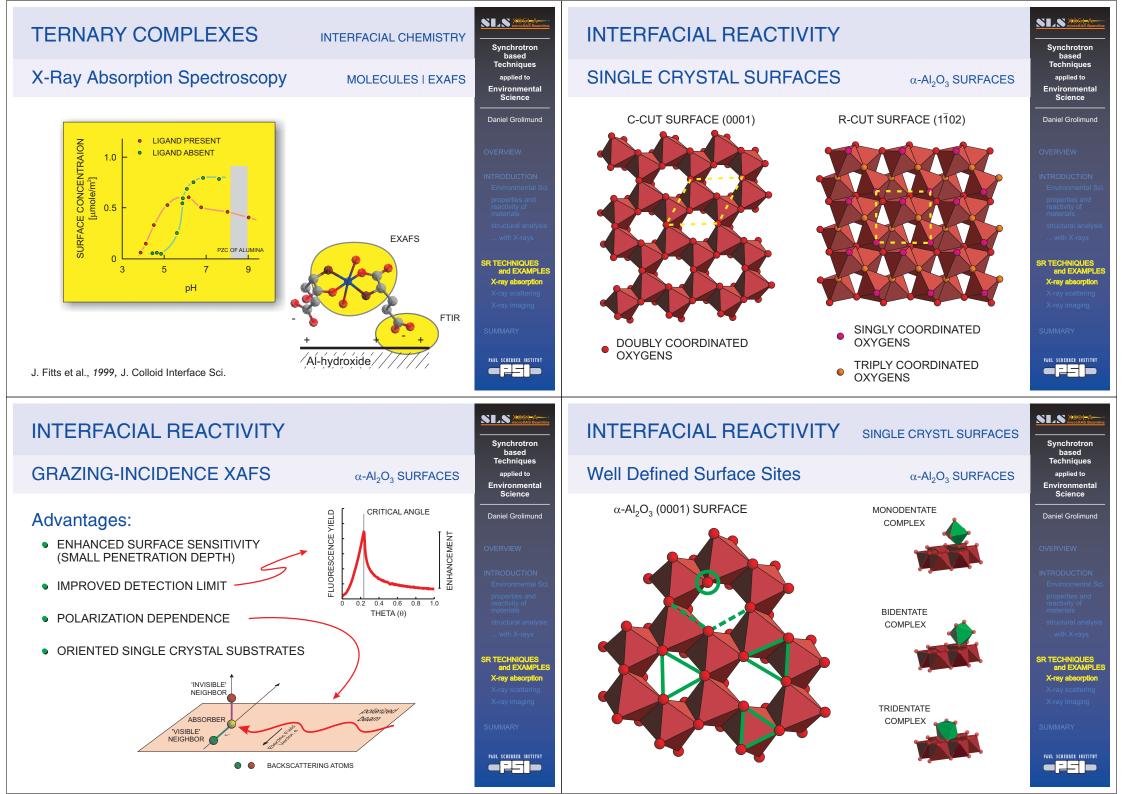
Techniques

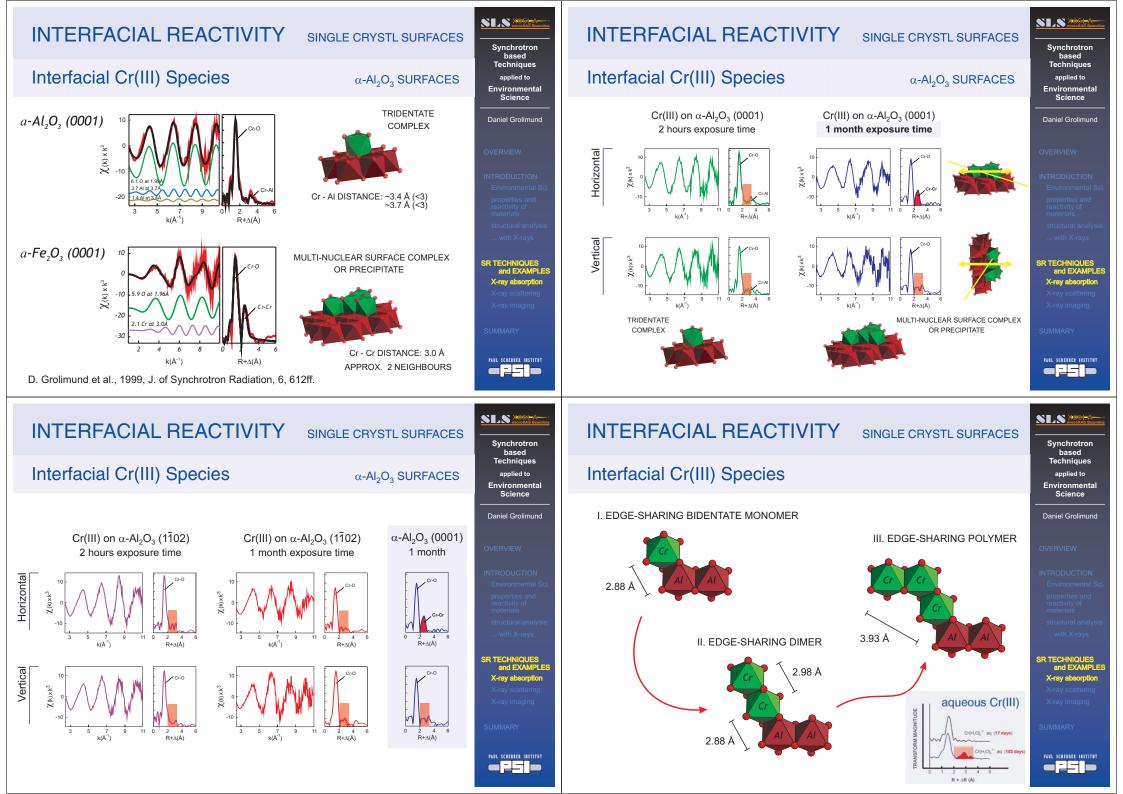
applied to

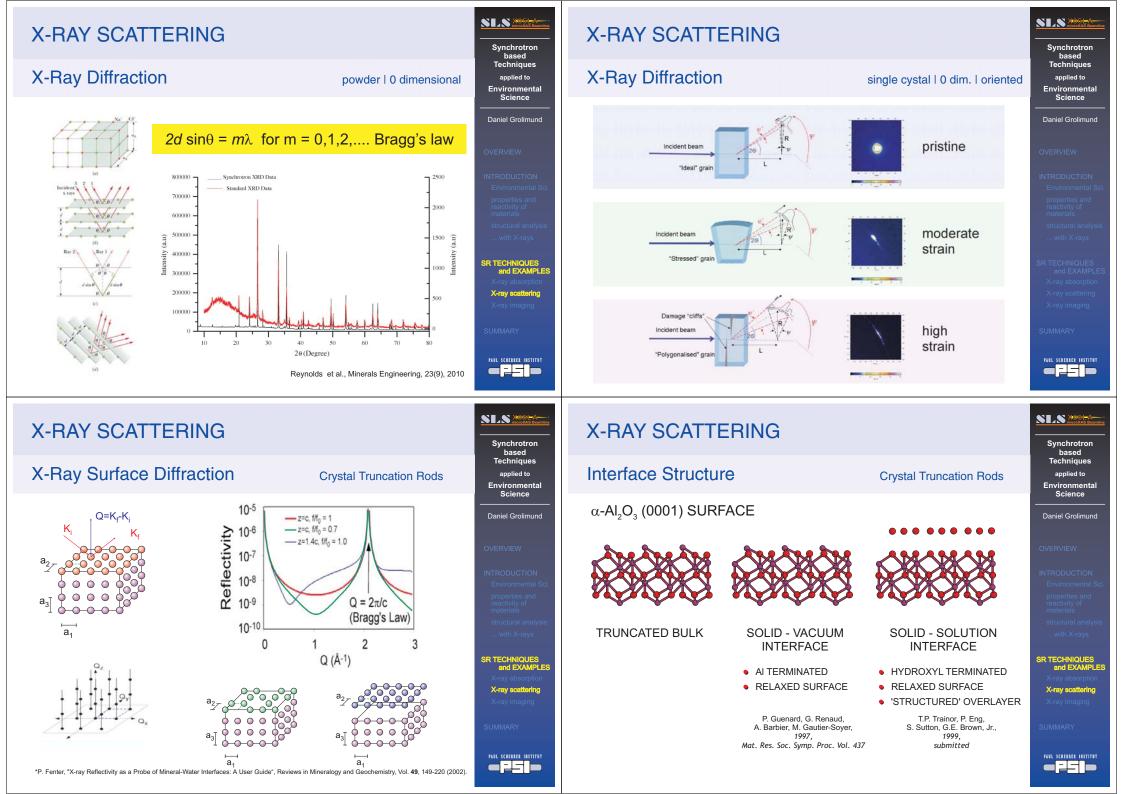
Environmental

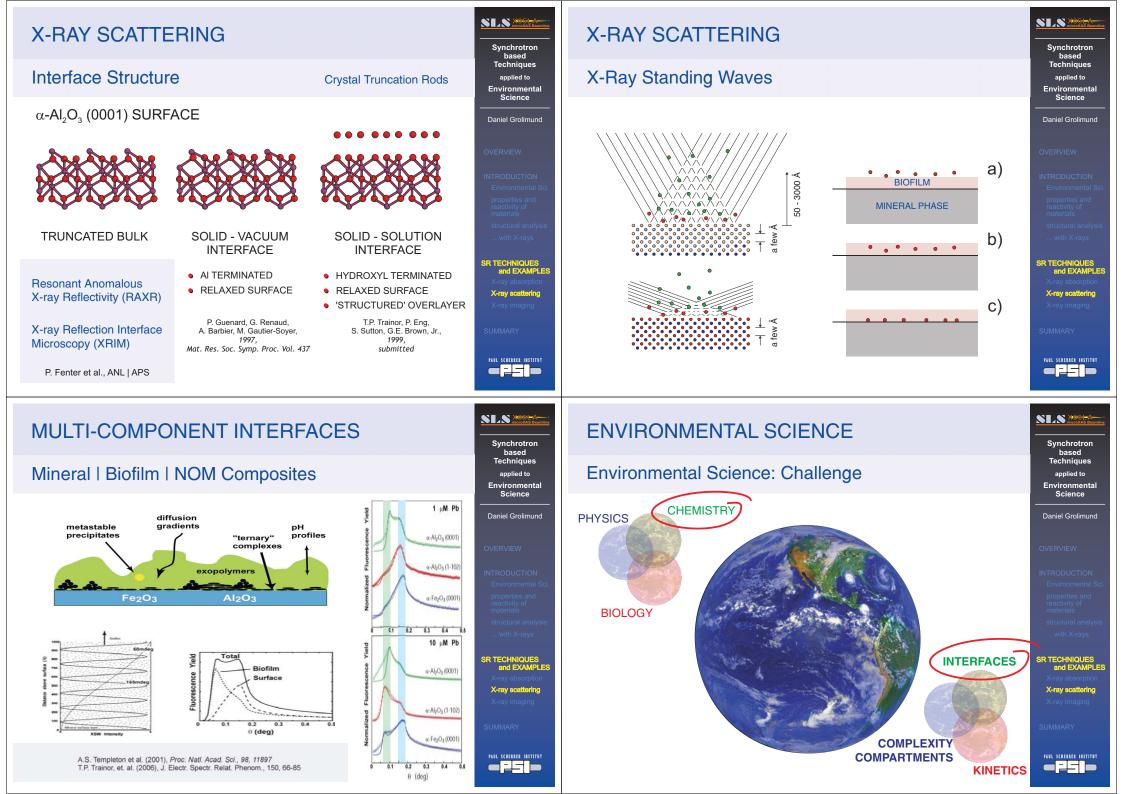
Science

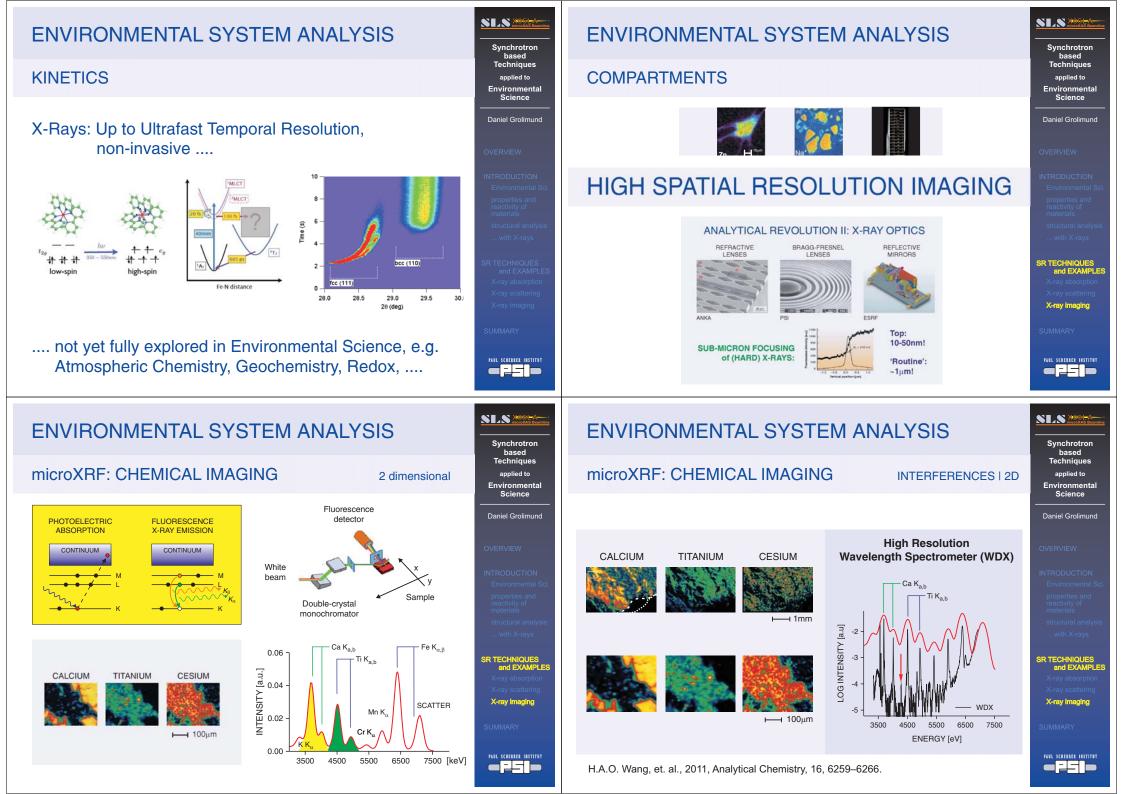


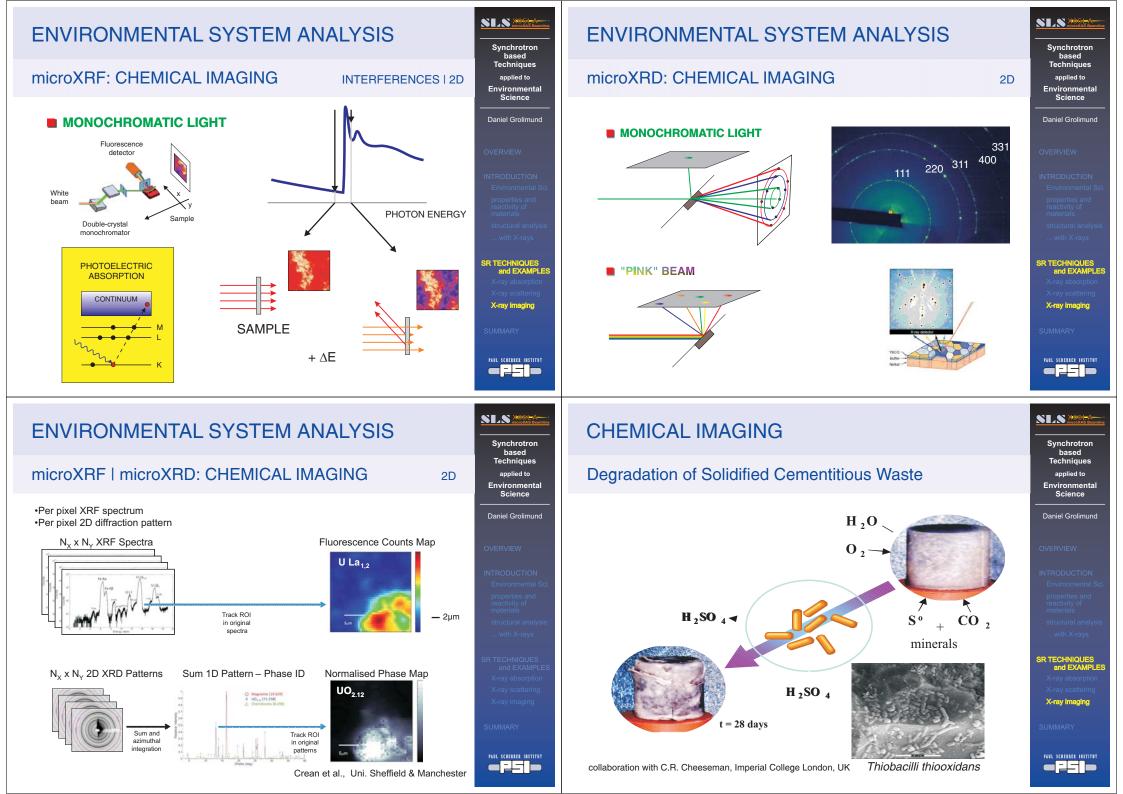


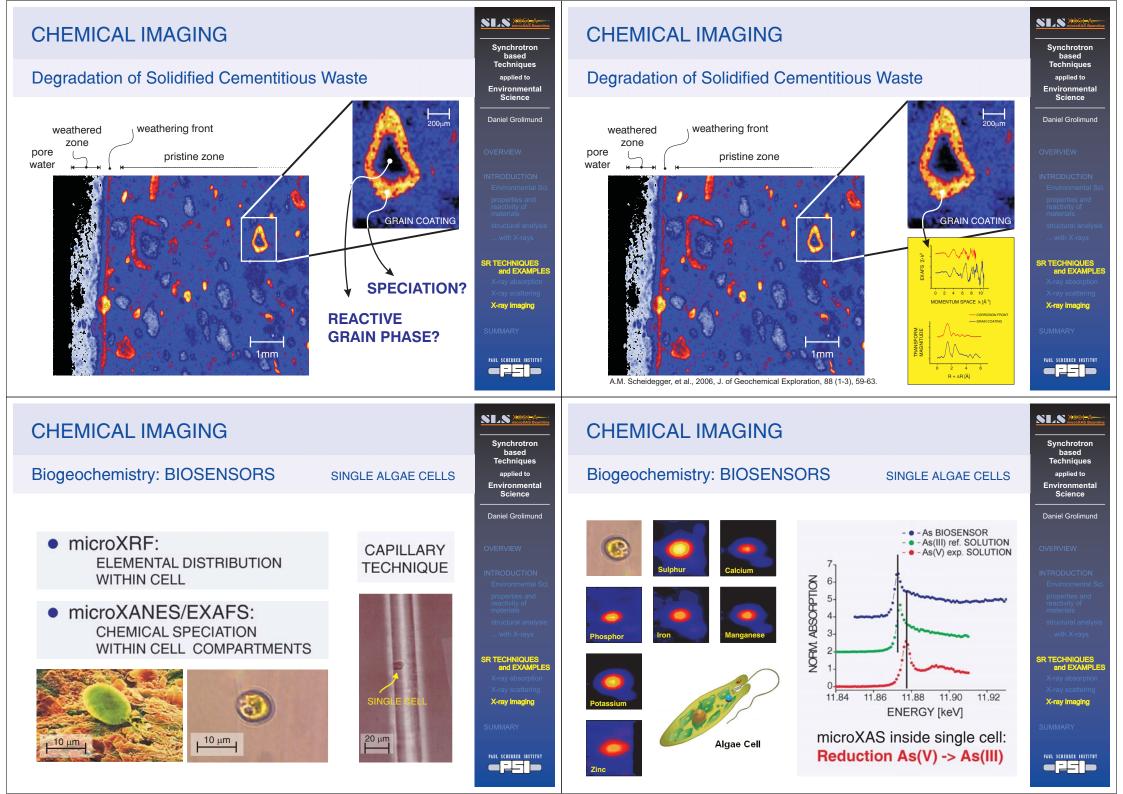


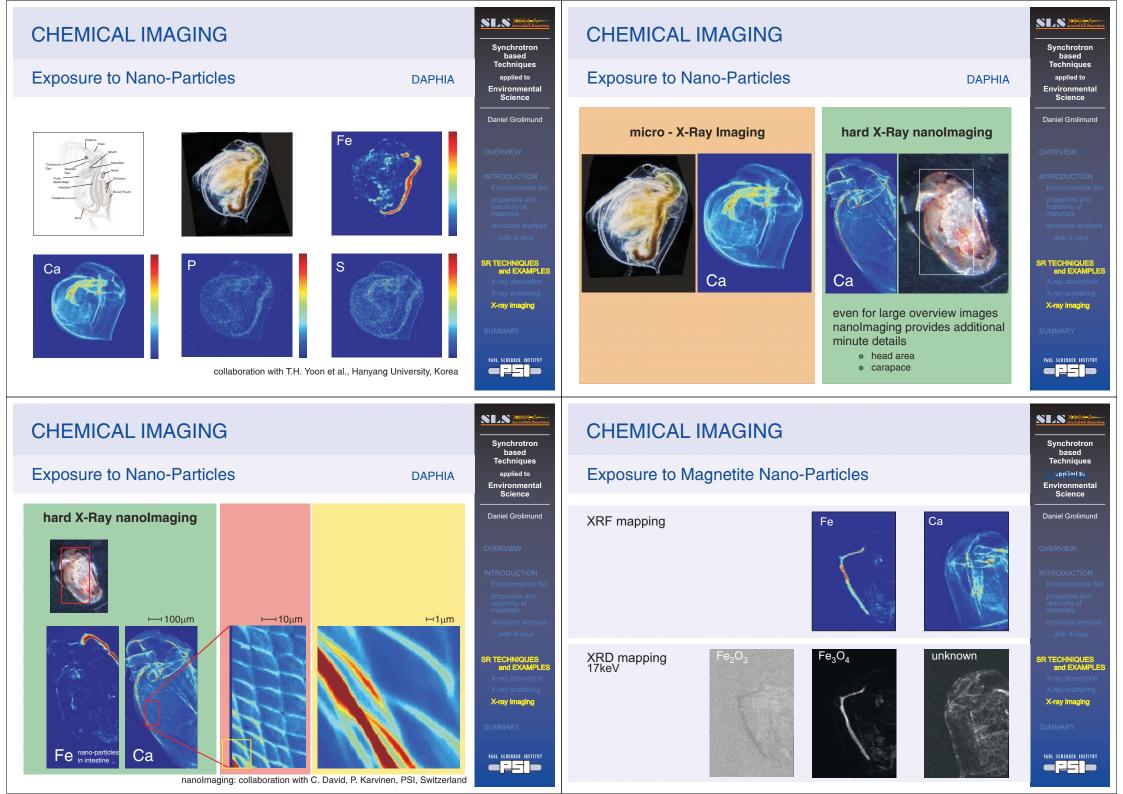


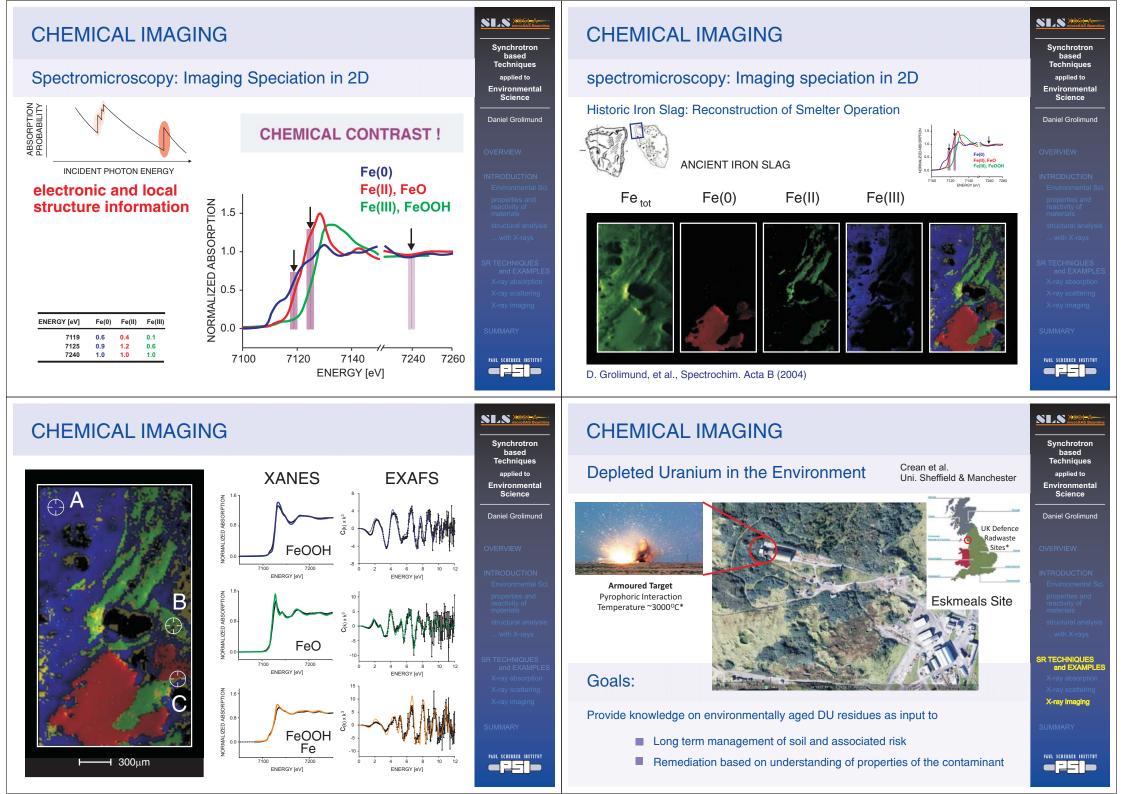


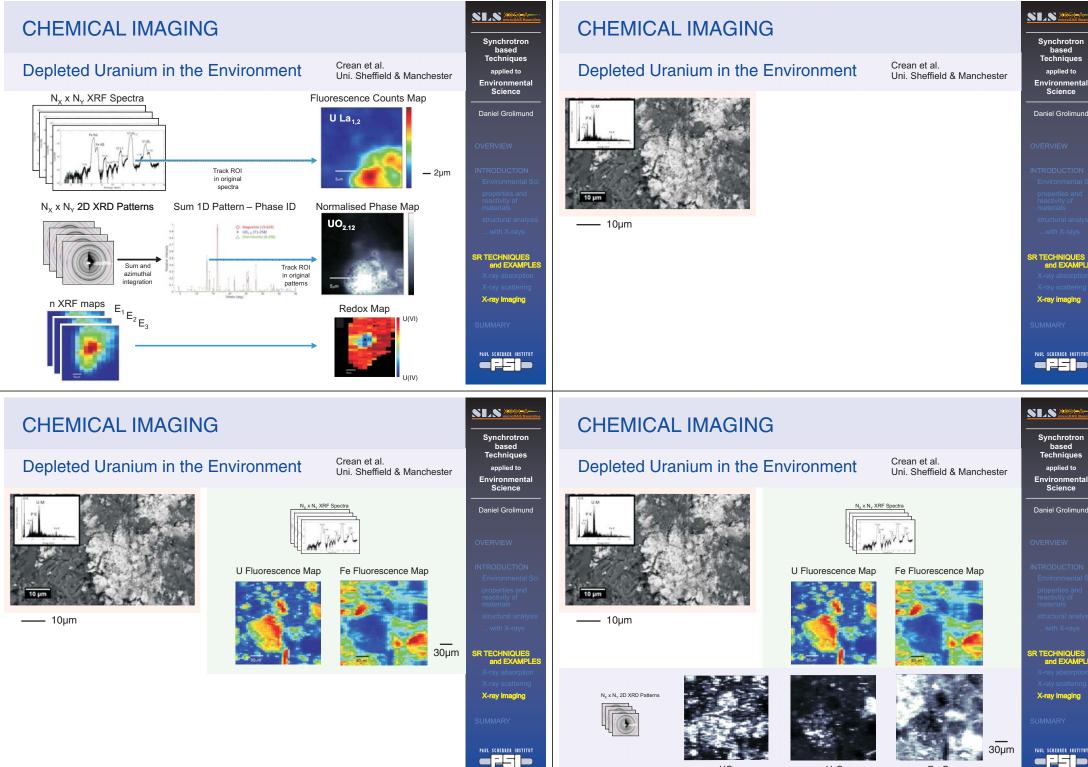








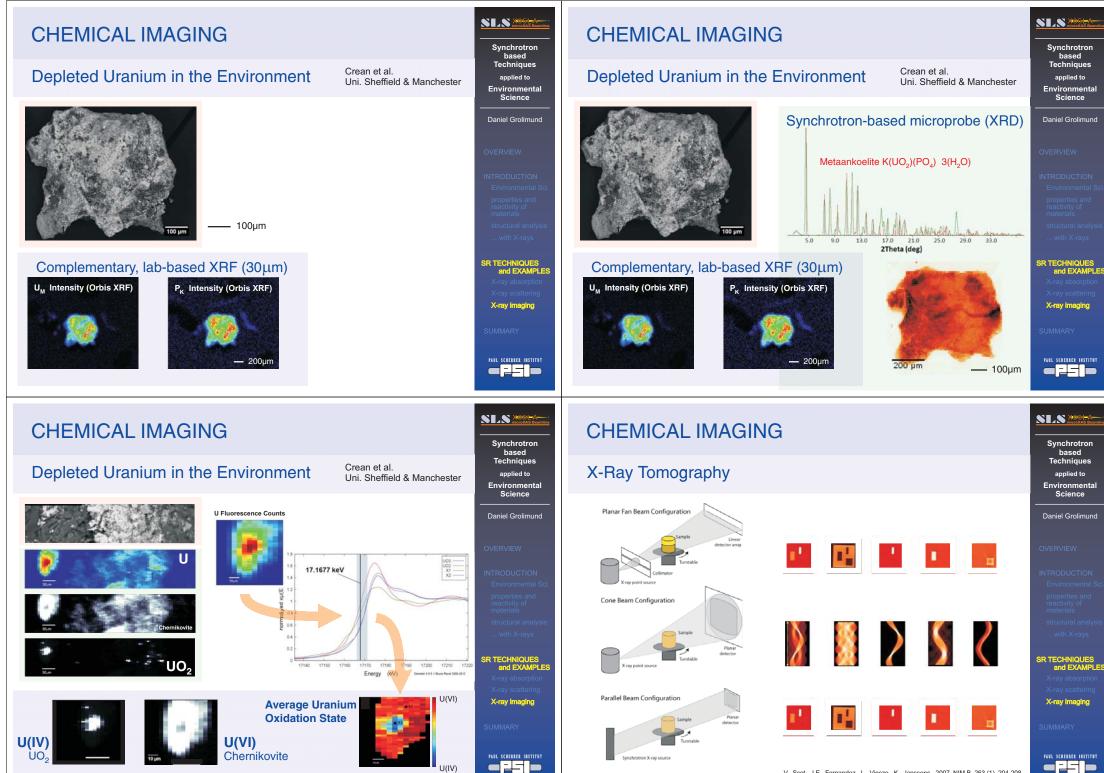




UO_{2.34}

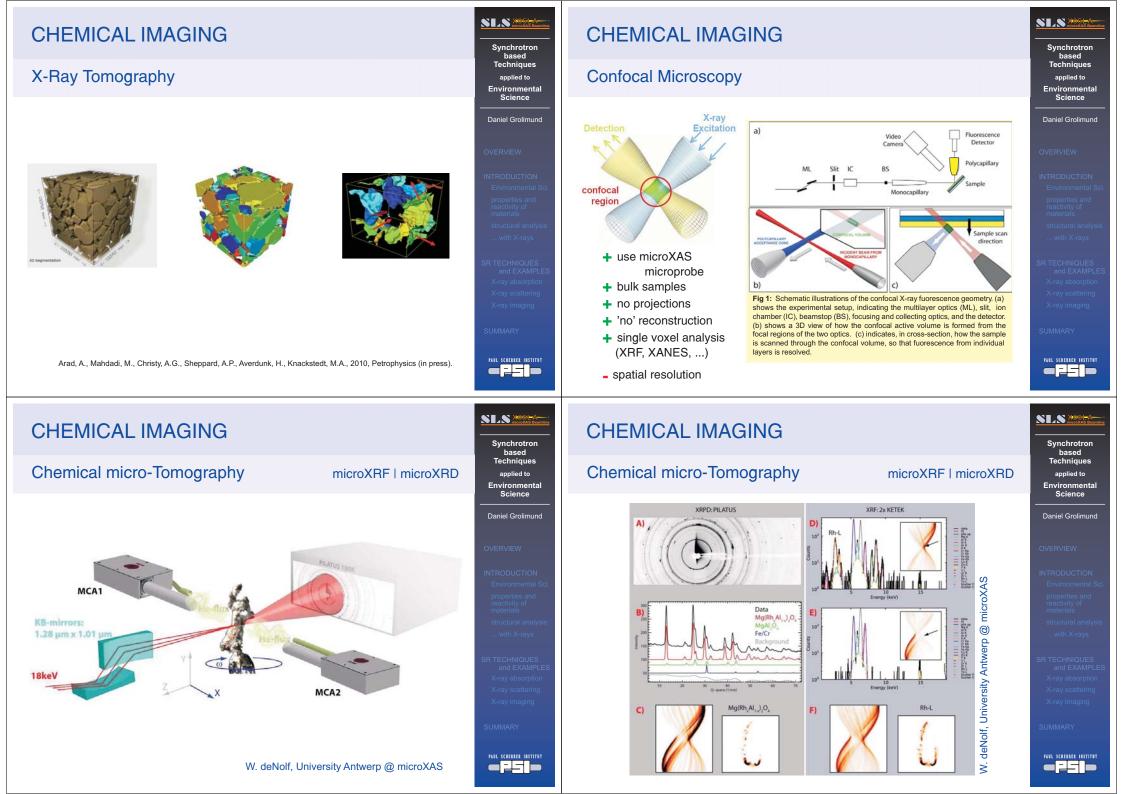
 U_3O_8

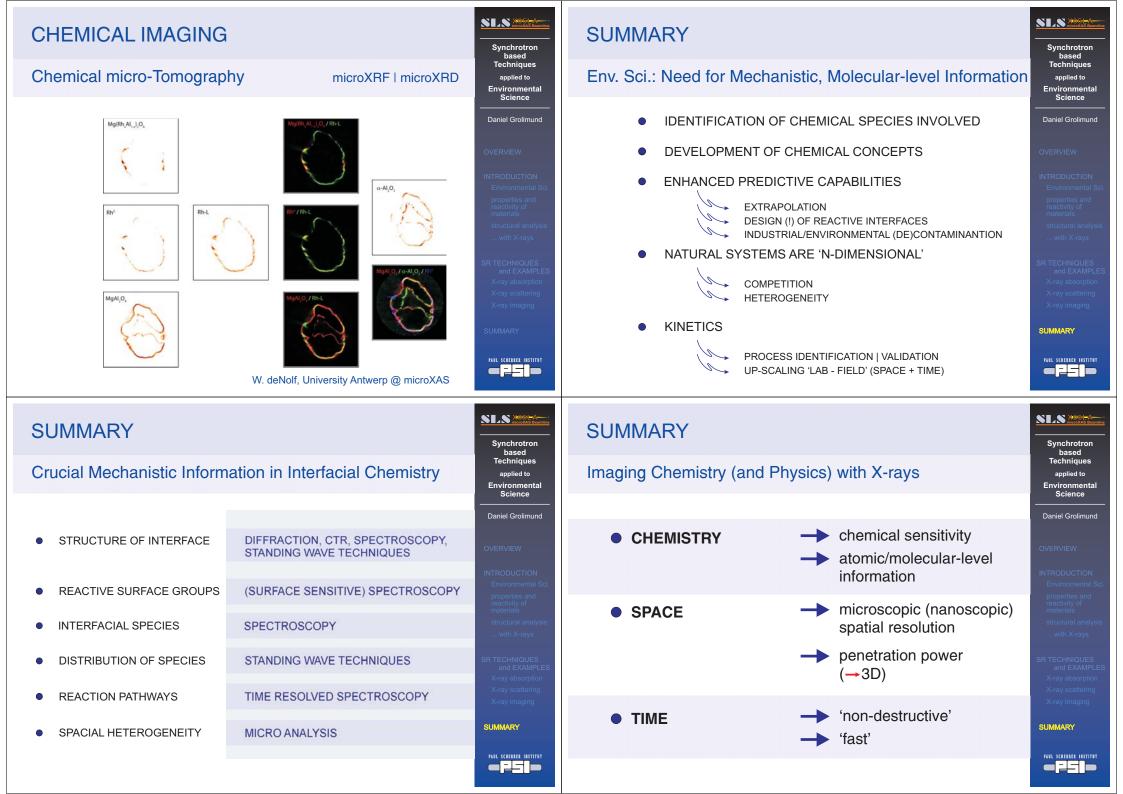
Fe₃O₄



D.E. Crean, F.R. Livens, M. Sajih, M.C. Stennett, D. Grolimund, C.N. Borca, N.C. Hyatt, J. Hazard. Mat., submitted (2013).

V. Scot, J.E. Fernandez, L. Vincze, K. Janssens, 2007, NIM B, 263 (1), 204-208





SUMMARY

