

Left-Right theory: From Majorana to Dirac via LHC

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From Majorana to LHC: workshop
on the origin of neutrino mass

What is the origin of neutrino mass...

...how to predict and test it?

“A model of leptons”

Weinberg '67

a single Higgs-
Weinberg boson

Higgs '64

$$h \rightarrow \nu$$

$$m_W = g v$$

$$m_h = \sqrt{\lambda} v$$

$$m_f = y v$$

A complete theory of mass origin...

introduction by Goran

predictions

$$\Gamma_{h \rightarrow pp} \propto m_p^2$$

test Br's once

$$m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$$

CMS, ATLAS '12

...for *nearly* all elementary particles

Neutrino mass

SM fermions	$Q_L = \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix}$	u_R d_R	charged fermions Dirac particles
			$\mathcal{L}_{m_D} = y \boldsymbol{v} \bar{f}_L f_R$
	$L_L = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix}$	e_R	clear prediction $m_\nu = 0$

neutrinos can be Majorana

$$\mathcal{L}_{m_M} = m_M \nu_L^T \nu_L$$

Majorana '37

Effective approach

$$y_{eff} \frac{Lh Lh}{\Lambda} \Rightarrow m_M = y_{eff} \frac{\boldsymbol{v}^2}{\Lambda}$$

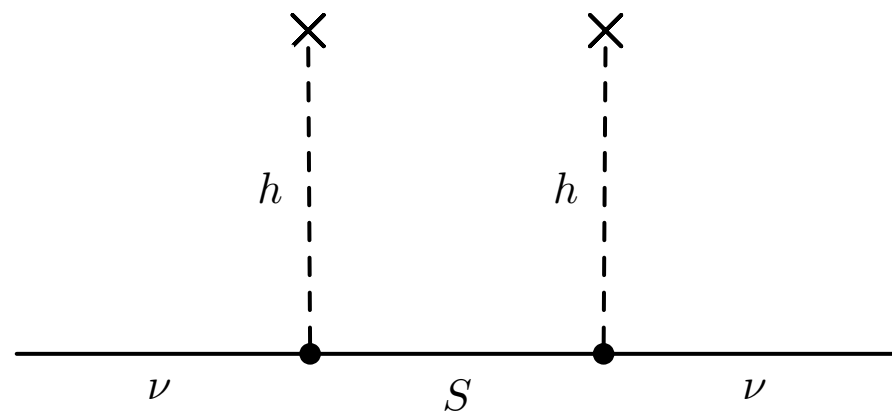
no dynamics, impossible to probe

Weinberg '79

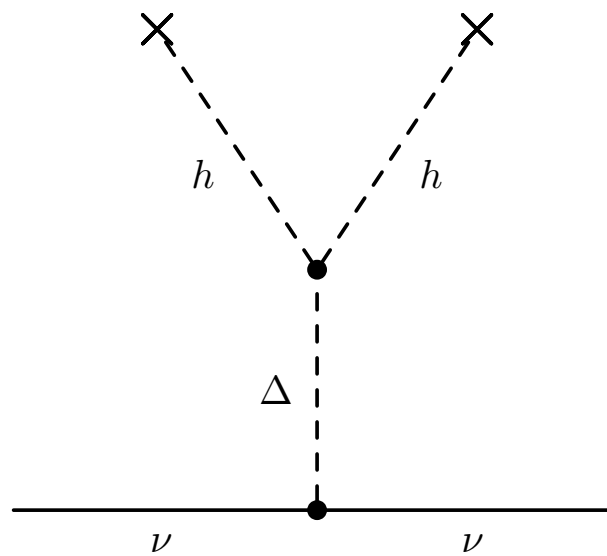
See-saw

*naive UV completion

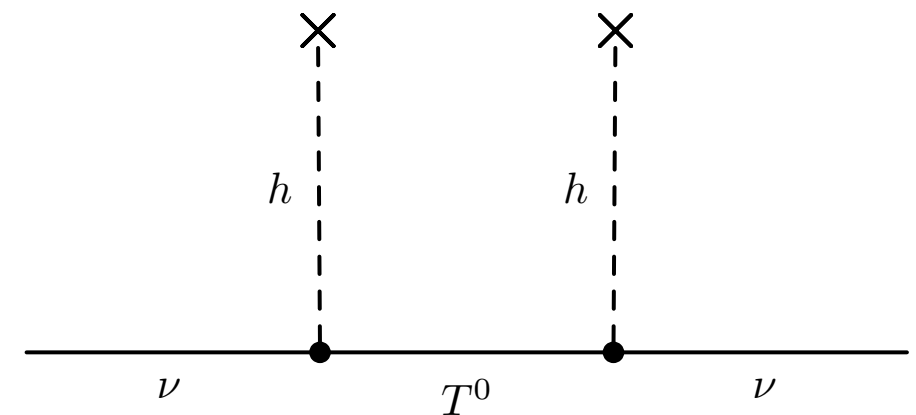
fermion singlets



boson triplet



fermionic triplets



Minkowski '77

Mohapatra, Senjanović '80

Yanagida '79, Glashow '79

Gell-Mann, Ramond, Slansky '79

Magg, Wetterich '80

Lazarides, Shafi, Wetterich '81

Mohapatra, Senjanović '81

Foot, Lew, He, Joshi '89

See-saw ambiguity

toy scenario - addition of fermion singlets or triplets

$$\mathcal{L}_m = M_D \bar{\nu}_L S + M_S S^T S$$

$$-M_D^T M_S^{-1} M_D = M_\nu = V_L^* m_\nu V_L^\dagger$$

$$M_D = i\sqrt{m_S} O \sqrt{m_\nu} V_L^\dagger$$

Casas, Ibarra '01

O arbitrary, disconnected from M_ν

Theory of see-saw

Glashow '79

Gell-Mann, Ramond, Slansky '79

$$SU(5) \text{ \& \ } SO(10)$$

Minkowski '77

Mohapatra, Senjanović '79

$$SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R$$

Yanagida '79

Grand Unified Theories

unification of forces

charge quantization

proton decay, monopoles

Left-Right Symmetry

symmetric interactions

spontaneous parity breaking

new V+A dynamics

Family Symmetries

Left-Right Symmetry

Pati, Salam '74 @ ICTP
Mohapatra, Pati '75

$$SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)_{B-L}$$

LR fermions

$$Q_{L,R} = \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{L,R}$$
$$L_{L,R} = \begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{L,R}$$

LR parity \mathcal{P} or \mathcal{C}
RH neutrino automatic
 L gauged

Minimal LR model

Minkowski '77
Mohapatra, Senjanović '79

$$\Phi(2, 2, 1), \quad \Delta_L(3, 1, 2), \quad \Delta_R(1, 3, 2)$$

contains the SM Higgs

induces a vev $v_L \equiv \langle \Delta_L \rangle$

$v_R \equiv \langle \Delta_R \rangle$ breaks parity and L

gives mass to W_R and ν_R

Parity and Flavor: Quarks

\mathcal{C} as LR parity: $f_L \leftrightarrow f_R^c, \quad \Phi \rightarrow \Phi^T, \quad \Delta_L \leftrightarrow \Delta_R^*$

$$\mathcal{L}_q = M_q \bar{Q}_L \Phi Q_R \Rightarrow M_q^T = M_q$$

$$V_R^q = V_{\text{ckm}}^*$$

*up to extra phases

Parity fixes flavor of new gauge interactions

Stringent constraints, K and B mixing

Beal, Bander, Soni '82...

many

...Maiezza, MN, Nesti, Senjanović '10

$$M_{W_R} > 1.8 \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_{W_R} > 2.5 \text{ TeV}$$

Guarantees production
at the LHC if W_R is light

also

Blanke, Buras, Gemmler, Heidsieck '11
Bertolini, Maiezza, Nesti, Eeg '12

Neutrino at colliders

Keung, Senjanović '83

talks by del Aguila and Han

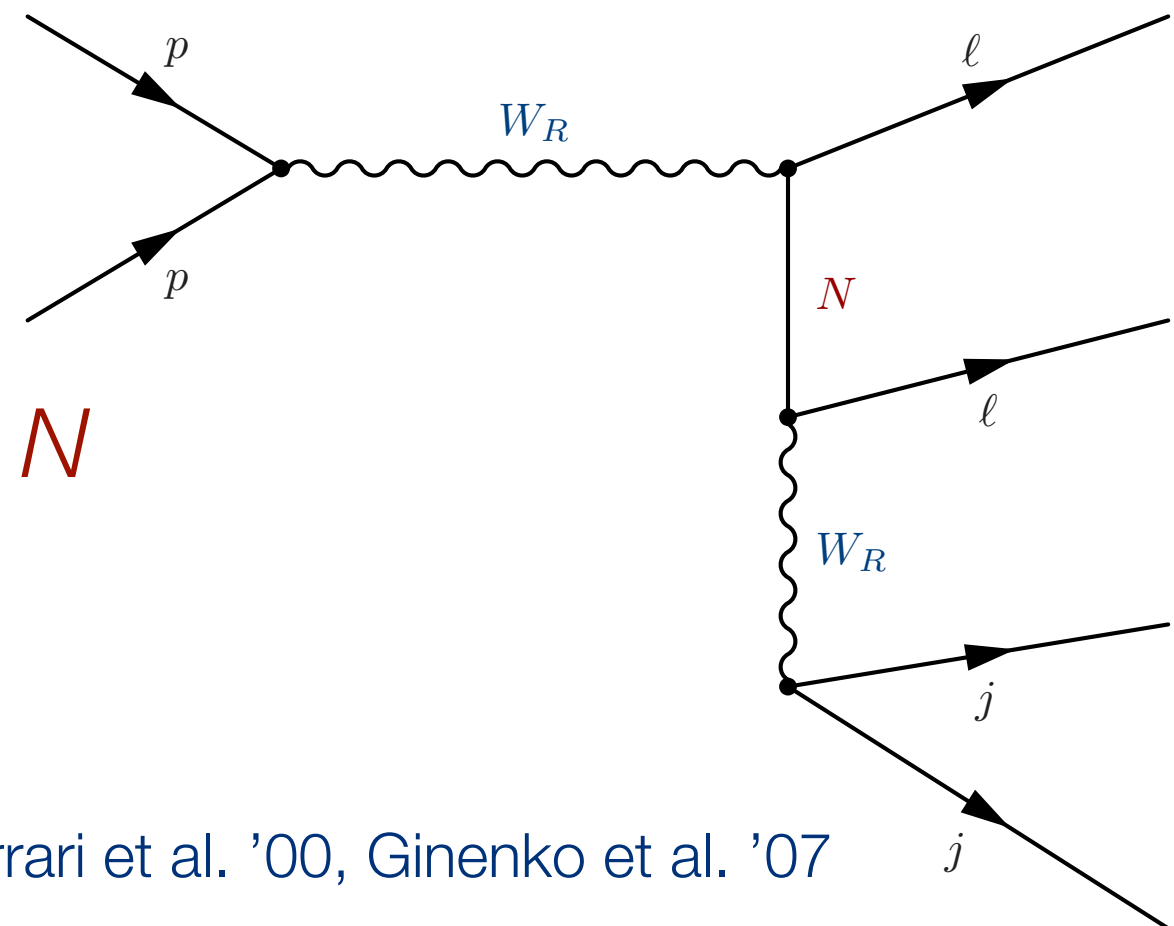
same and opposite sign
di-leptons and two jets,
no missing energy

LNV and Majorana nature of N
manifest at high energies

reach of $\sim 5-6$ TeV for W_R

Flavor studies

Multi-leptons

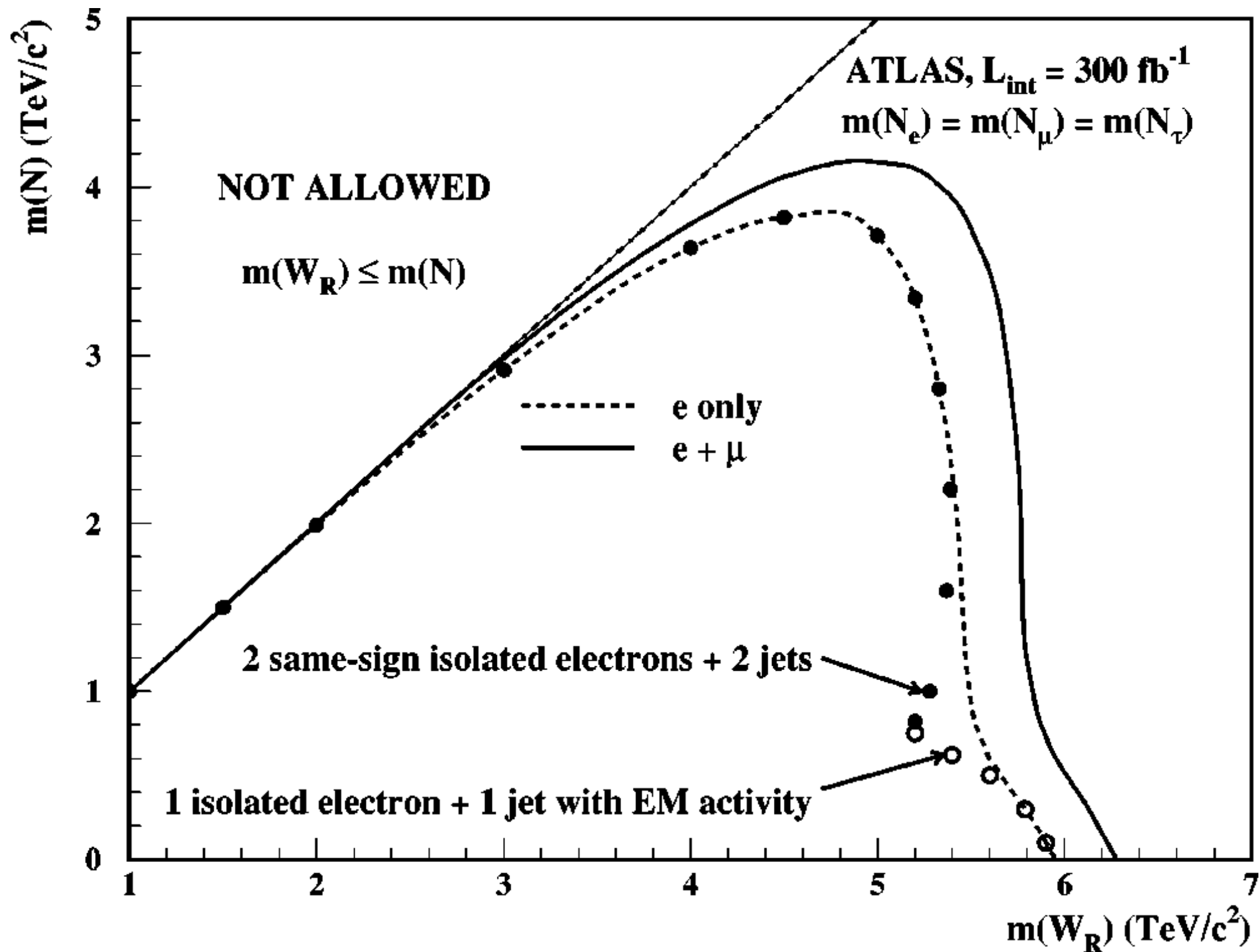


Ferrari et al. '00, Ginenko et al. '07

Das, Deppisch, Kittel, Valle '12

Aguilar-Saavedra, Joaquim '12

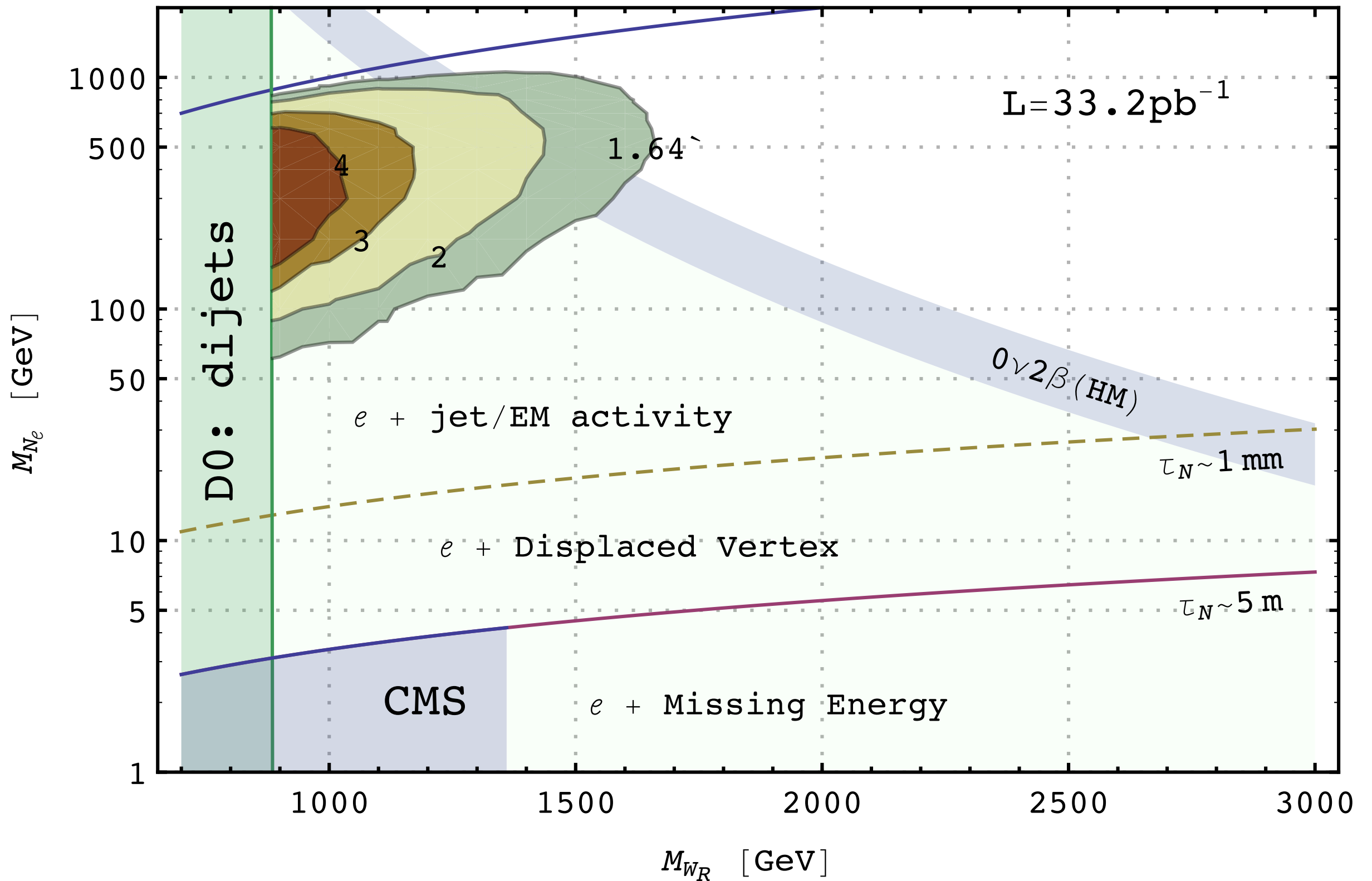
Chen, Dev '12



Heavy N landscape

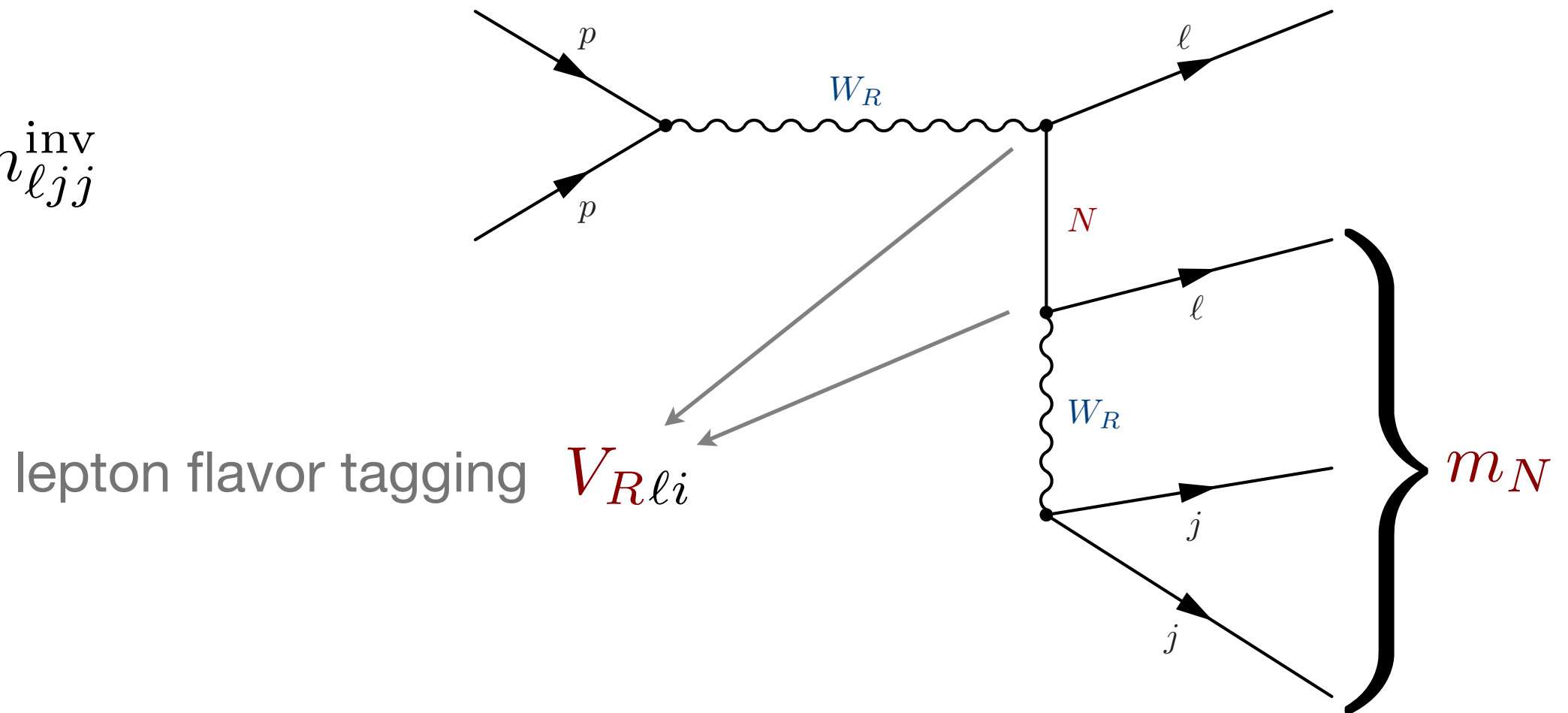
MN, Nesti, Senjanović, Zhang '11

talks by Leonidopoulos and Savinov



$$M_{W_R} = m_{\ell\ell jj}^{\text{inv}}$$

$$m_N = m_{\ell jj}^{\text{inv}}$$

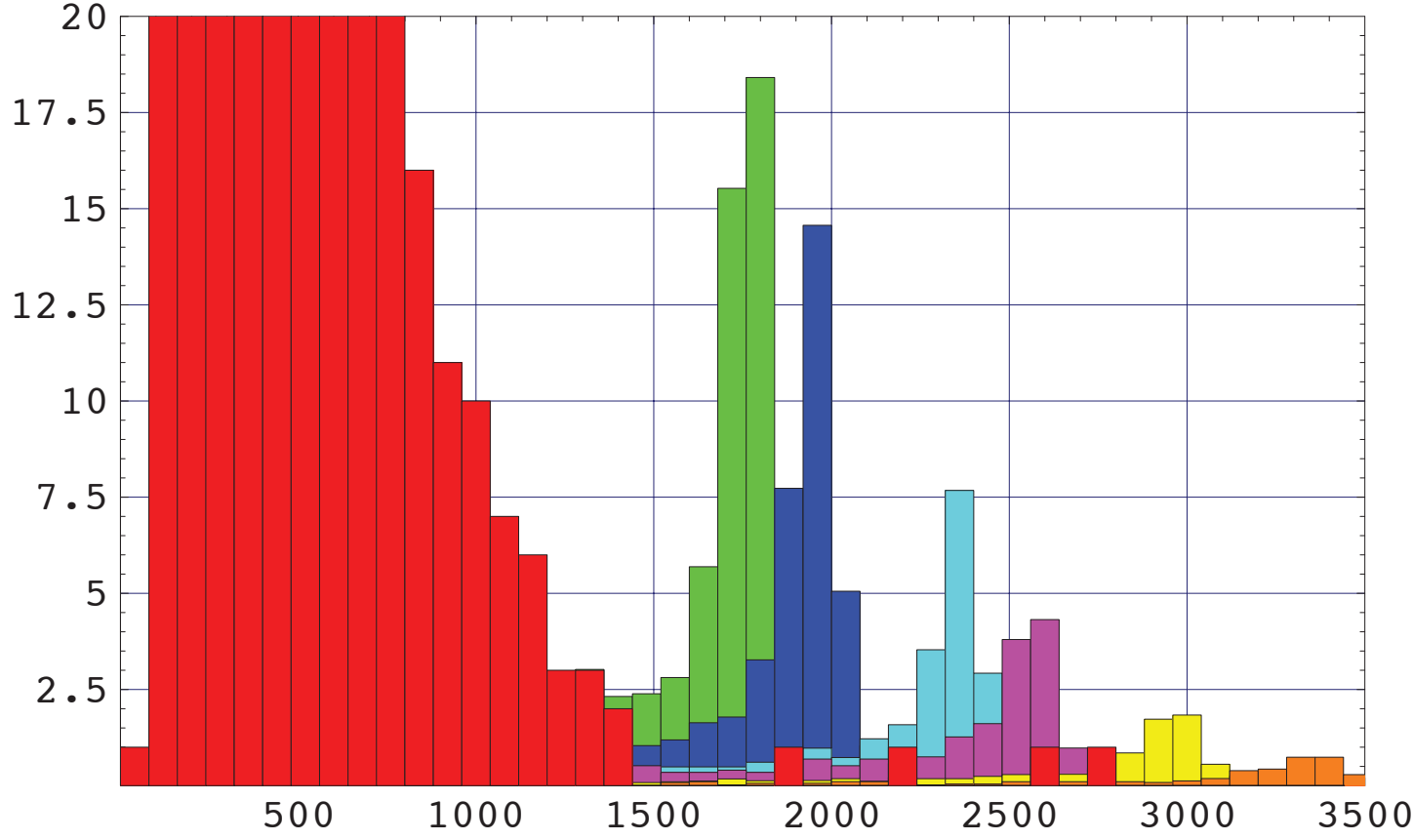


Masses and mixings of N obtainable from colliders...

$$M_N = V_R m_N V_R^T$$

...connect directly to low energies

l_l_jj or l+l+jj: ll+jj invariant mass



Maiezza, MN, Nesti, Senjanović '10

Pythia + PGS

14 TeV LHC w 10/fb

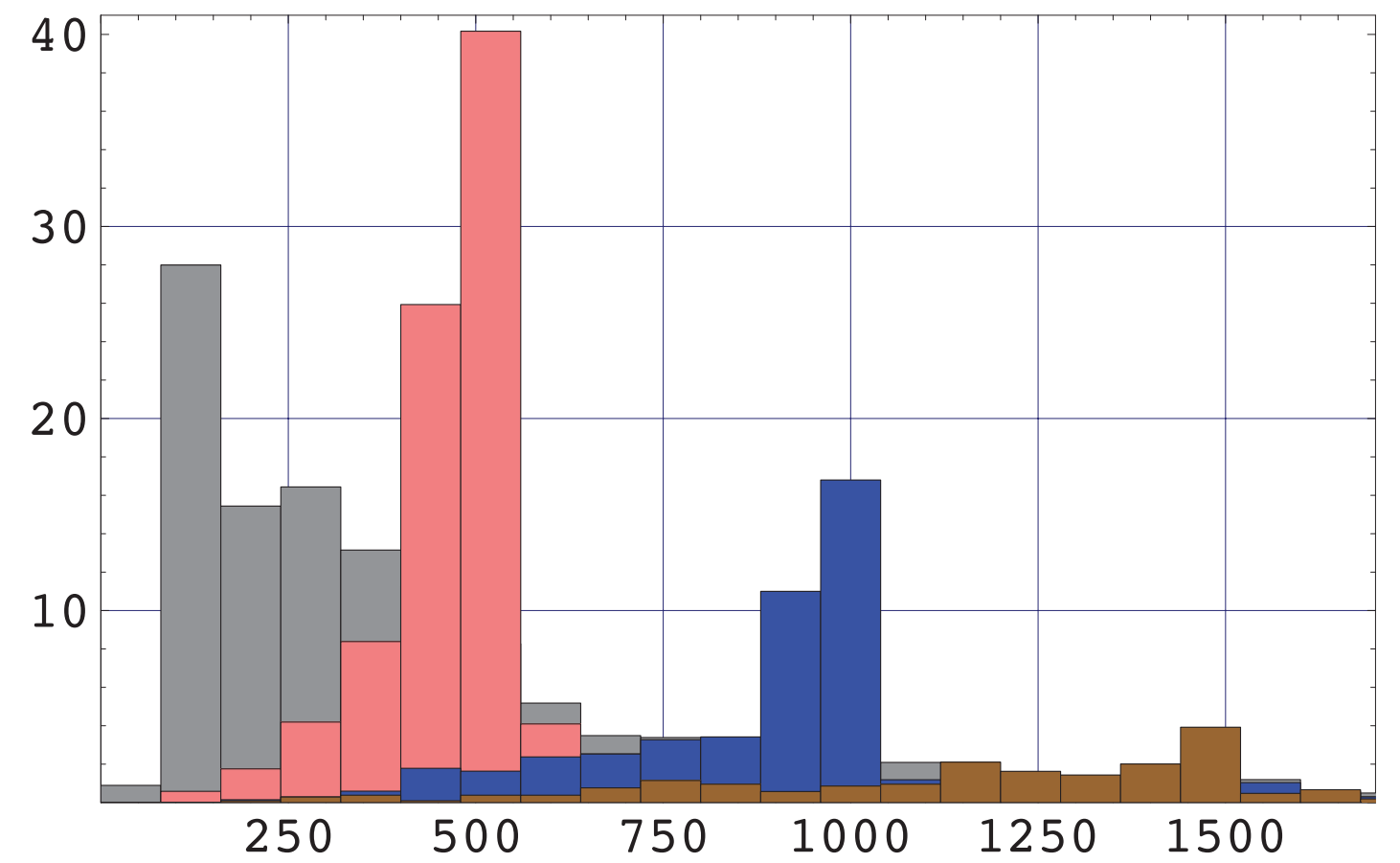
di-lepton peak

six flavor channels
per three *N*s

$$M_N = V_R m_N V_R^T$$

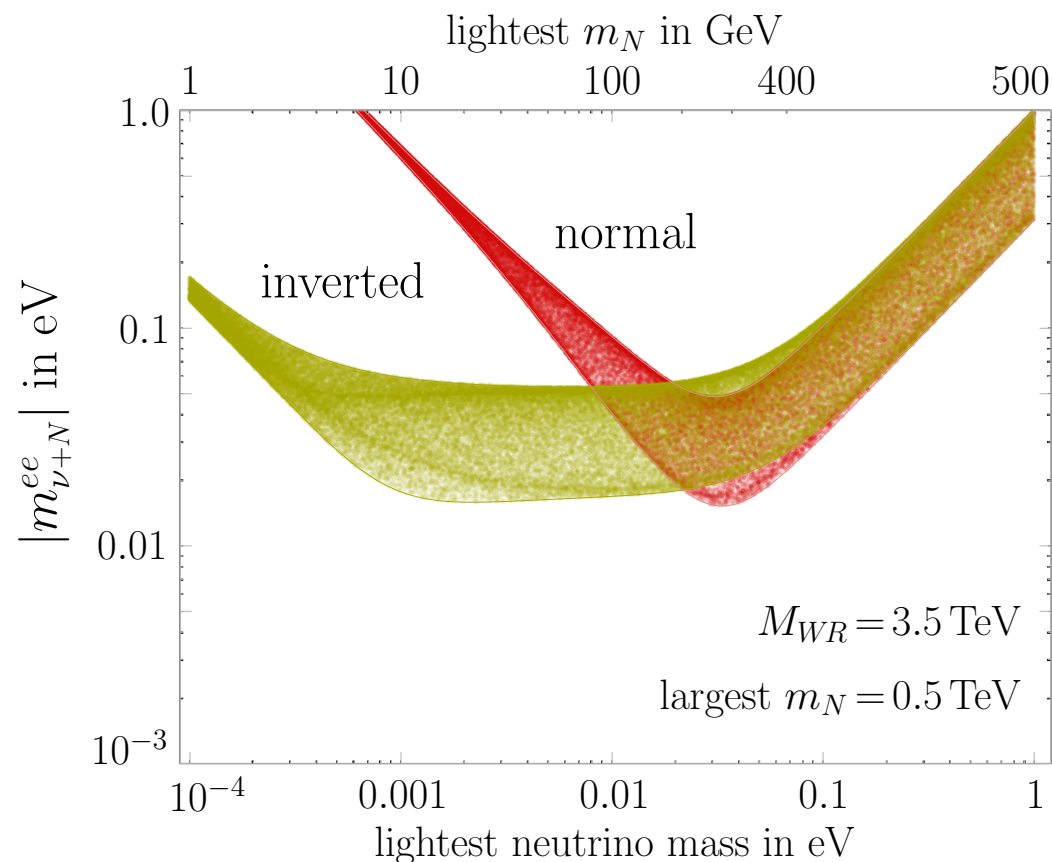
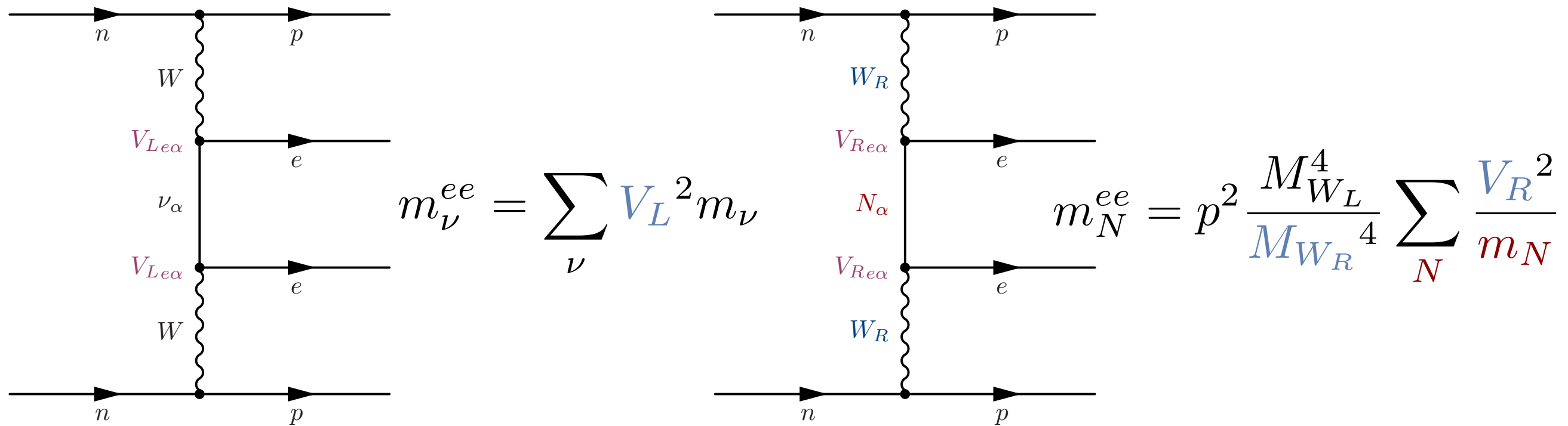
courtesy of Nesti

l_l_jj or l+l+jj: lj+jj invariant mass



Connection to $0\nu 2\beta$

Mohapatra, Senjanović '79 and '81



Tello, MN, Nesti, Senjanović, Vissani '10

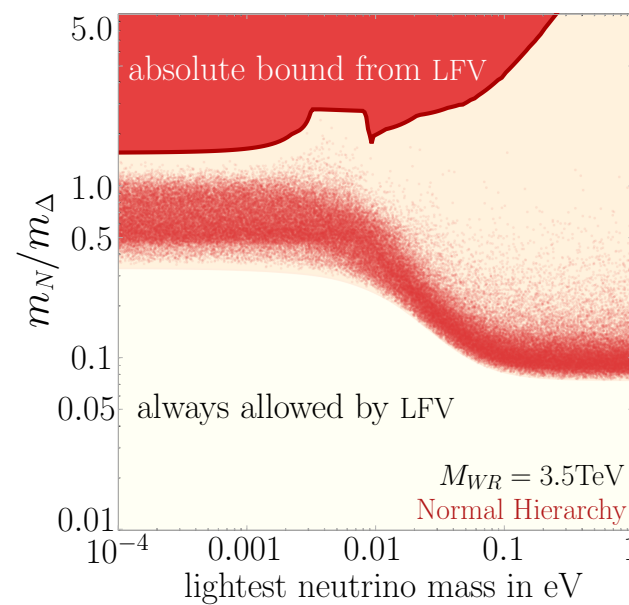
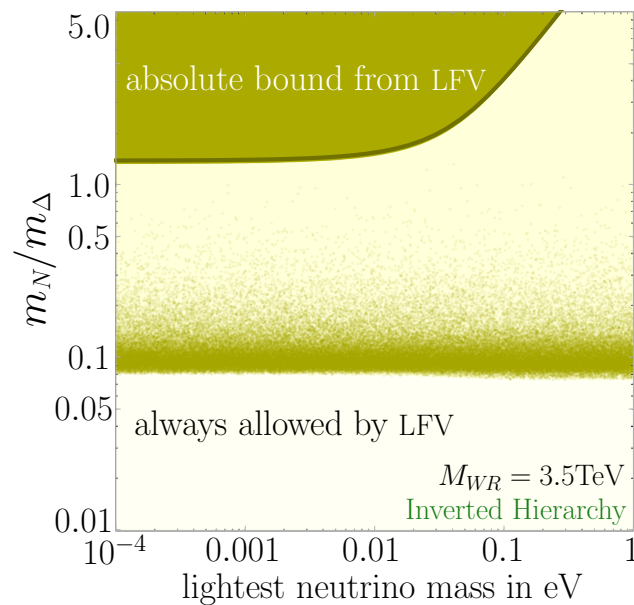
type II *illustration*

$$M_N \propto M_\nu$$

Connection to $0\nu 2\beta$

- Δ_L negligible, Δ_R constrained by LFV

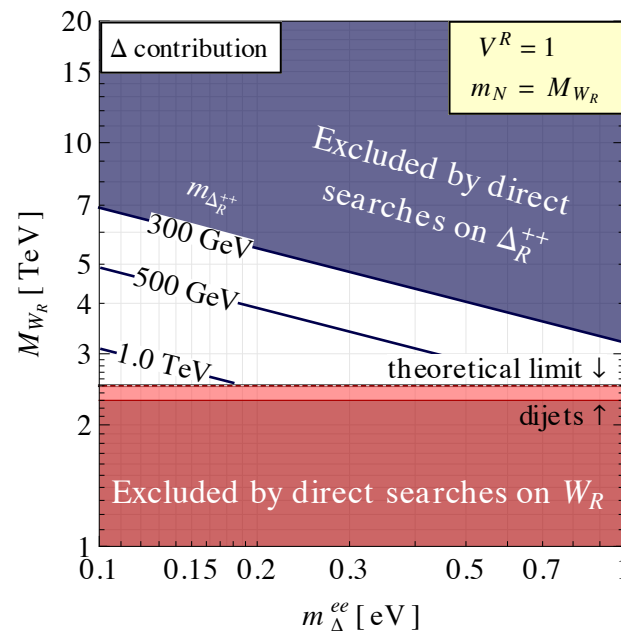
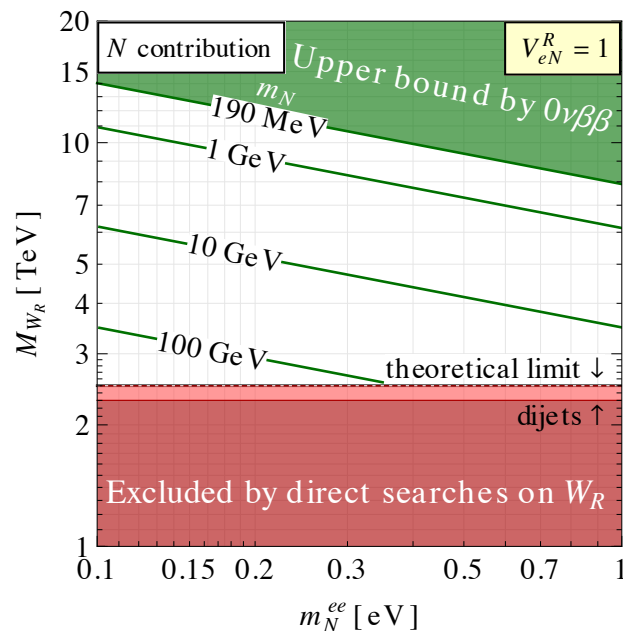
Tello, MN, Nesti, Senjanović, Vissani '10



$$m_{\Delta}^{ee} \simeq 2 \frac{m_N^2}{m_\Delta^2} m_N^{ee}$$

triplet sub-dominant

- LHC and $0\nu 2\beta$ probe same scales

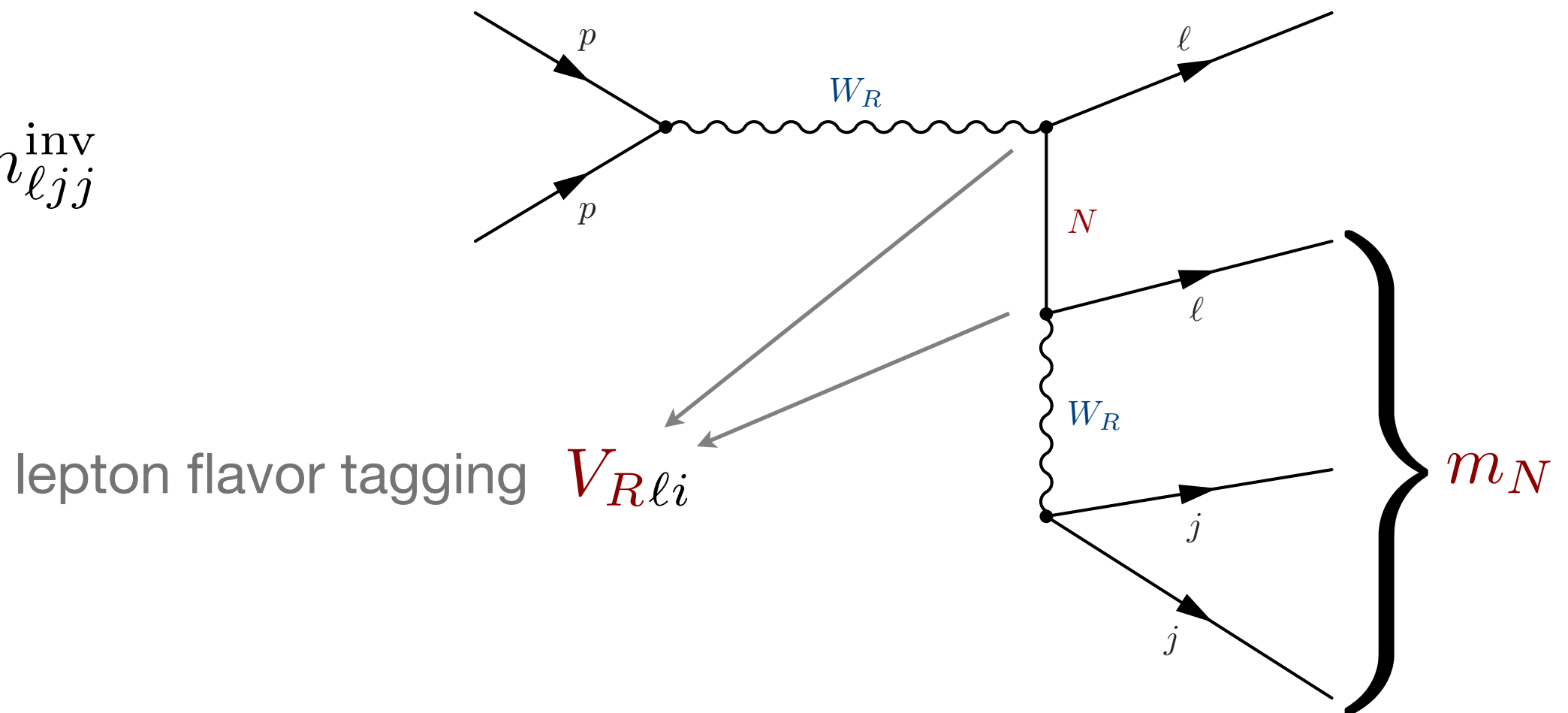


Tello, MN, Nesti, Senjanović '11

see talks on Thursday

$$M_{W_R} = m_{\ell\ell jj}^{\text{inv}}$$

$$m_N = m_{\ell jj}^{\text{inv}}$$



Masses and mixings of N obtainable from colliders...

$$M_N = V_R m_N V_R^T$$

...are crucial to compute the Dirac couplings

Parity and Flavor: Leptons

see also: Falcone '03

Akhmedov, Frigerio '05 and '06

Hosteins, Lavignac, Savoy '06

$$M_\nu = -M_D^T M_N^{-1} M_D + M_L$$

~to Quarks: Dirac mass symmetric

$$\mathcal{L}_\ell = M_\ell \bar{L}_L \Phi L_R \Rightarrow M_\ell^T = M_\ell$$

due to \mathcal{C} : $M_L = \frac{v_L}{v_R} M_N$ (similar for \mathcal{P})

$$M_\nu = -M_D M_N^{-1} M_D + \frac{v_L}{v_R} M_N$$

$$M_D = M_N \sqrt{\frac{v_L}{v_R} - M_N^{-1} M_\nu}$$

MN, Tello, Senjanović '12

Neutrino Higgs couplings

colliders

oscillations, cosmology?

$$M_D = M_N \sqrt{\frac{v_L}{v_R}} - M_N^{-1} M_\nu$$

MN, Tello, Senjanović '12

colliders, EDMs, $0\nu 2\beta$, X-ray, ...

Unambiguously predicted as in the SM

no continuous parameters, discrete ambiguity

large only with extreme fine-tuning

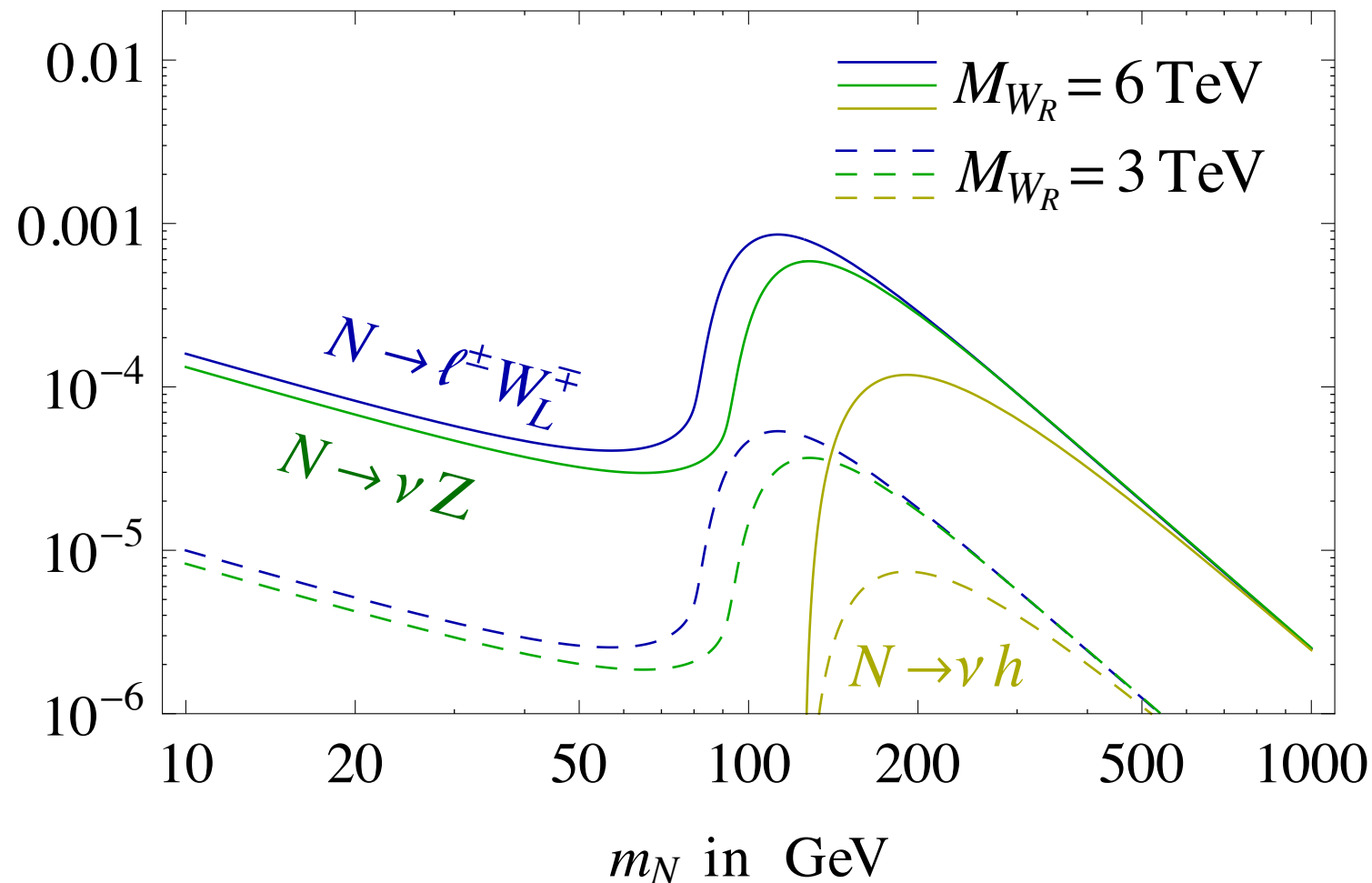
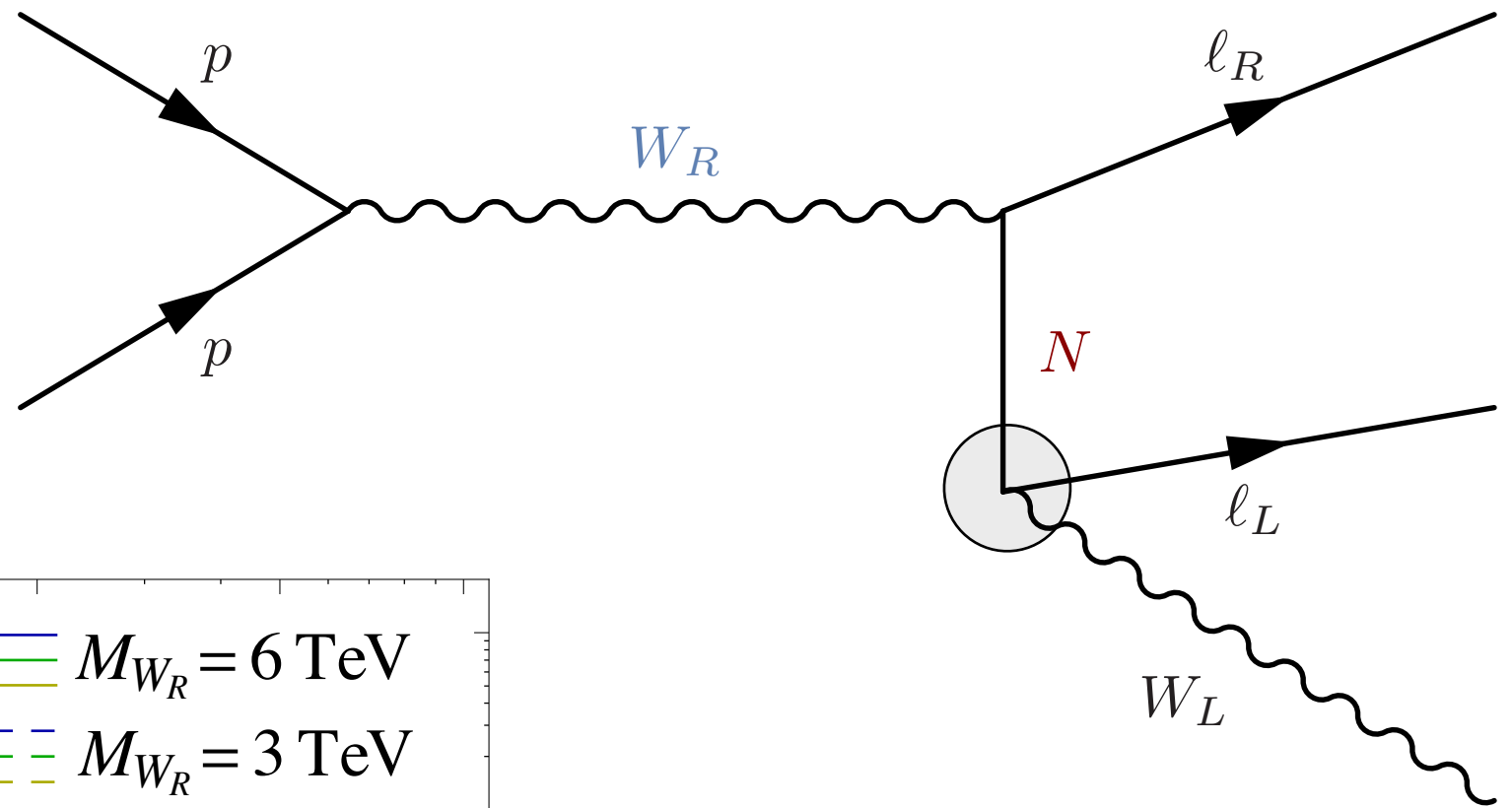
High energy probe

M_D at colliders

MN, Tello, Senjanović '12

A direct probe of predicted Dirac mass

~ Higgs in SM



subdominant, high \mathcal{L}

chirality Han, Luiz, Ruiz, Si '12

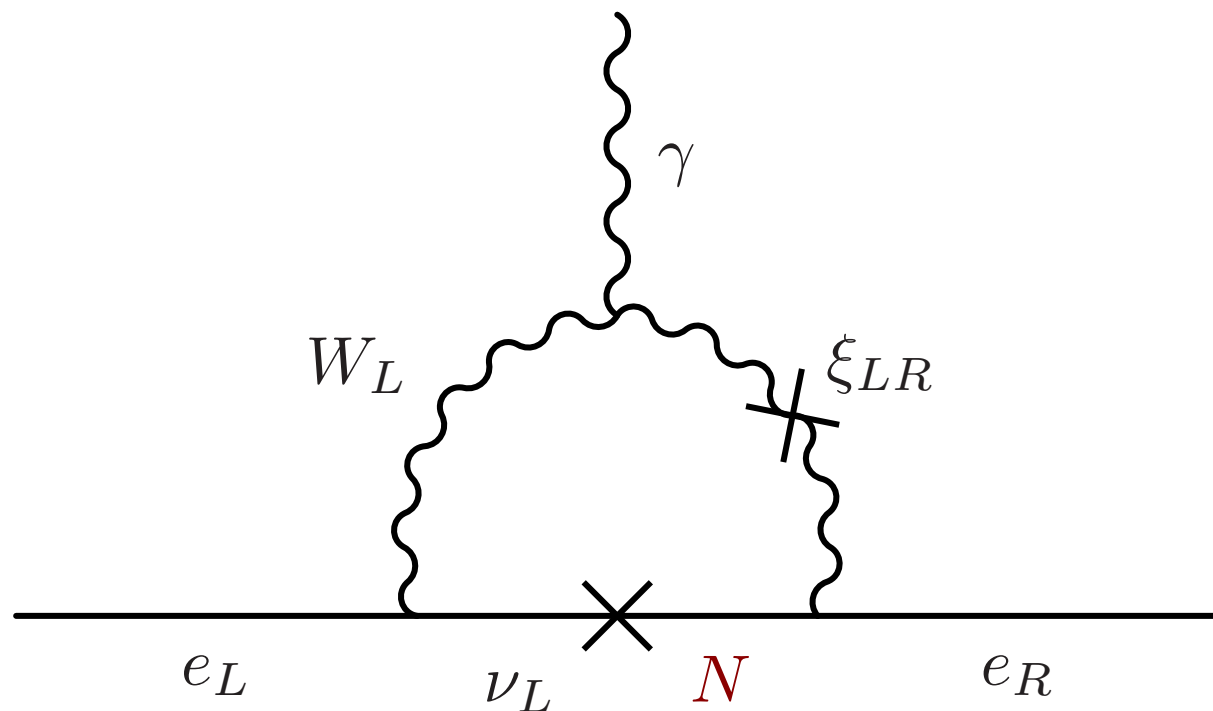
also Chen, Dev, Mohapatra '13

and talk by Dev

Low energies

Electron EDM

T -odd observable, sensitive to CP phases



extremely small in the SM (4 loops)

$$d_e^{\text{SM}} \lesssim 10^{-38} \text{ e cm} \quad \text{Pospelov, Ritz '05}$$

current sensitivity (YbF) Hudson et al. '11

$$d_e^{\text{exp}} < 10^{-27} \text{ e cm}$$

@ one loop in LR

Chang, Nieves, Pal '86

$$d_e = \frac{eG_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} \text{Im} \left[\xi_{LR} V_R F(t) V_R^\dagger M_D \right]_{ee}$$

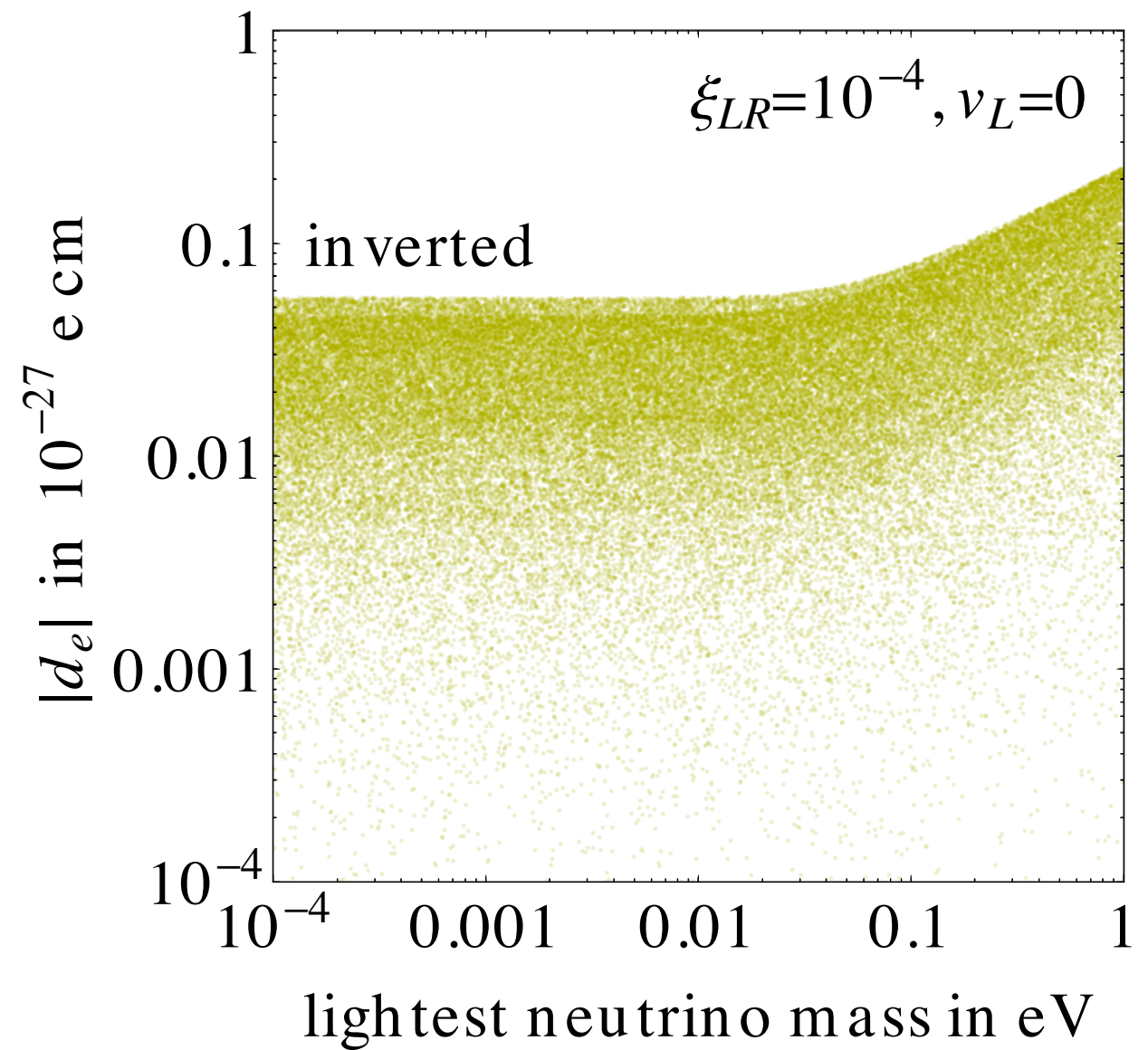
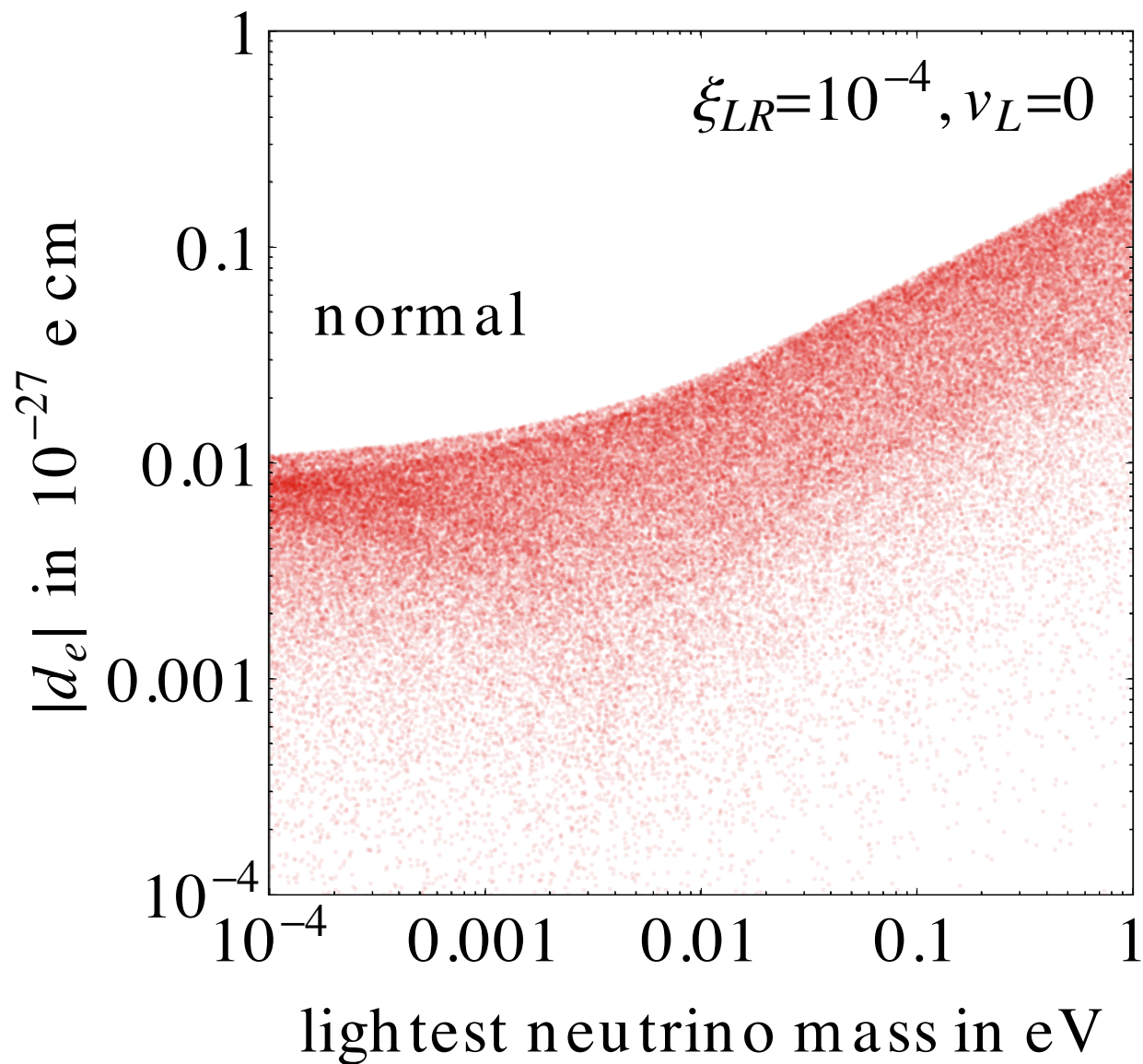
$$F(t) = (t^2 - 11t + 4 + (6t^2 \log t)/(t - 1))/2(t - 1)^2, t = (m_N/M_{W_L})^2$$

illustration

$$V_R = V_L^* \Rightarrow M_D = i V_L^* \sqrt{m_N m_\nu} V_L^\dagger$$

$$m_{N_{1,2,3}} = 0.5, 2, 2.5 \text{ TeV}$$

MN, Tello, Senjanović '12



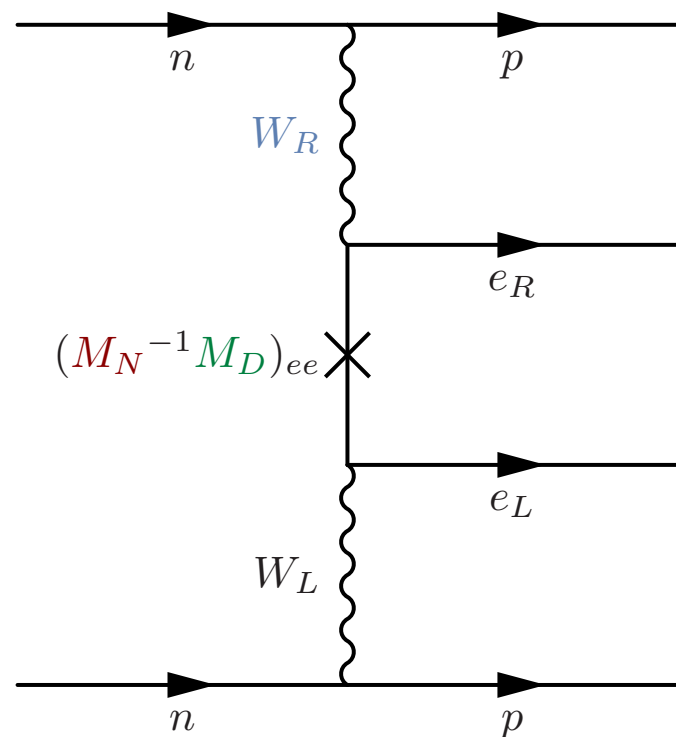
T-odd and sensitive to Majorana phases

More on $0\nu 2\beta$

Contributions through mixing

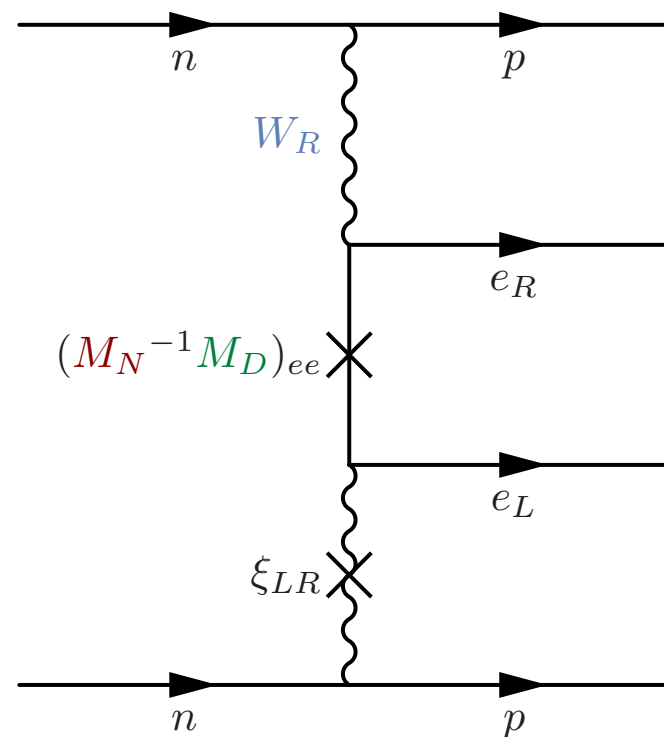
MN, Tello, Senjanović '12

$$m_{\nu N}^{ee} = \left(\xi_{LR} + \eta \frac{M_{W_L}^2}{M_{W_R}^2} \right) p (M_N^{-1} M_D)_{ee}$$



$$\eta \sim 10^{-2}$$

Doi, Kotani, Takasugi '85



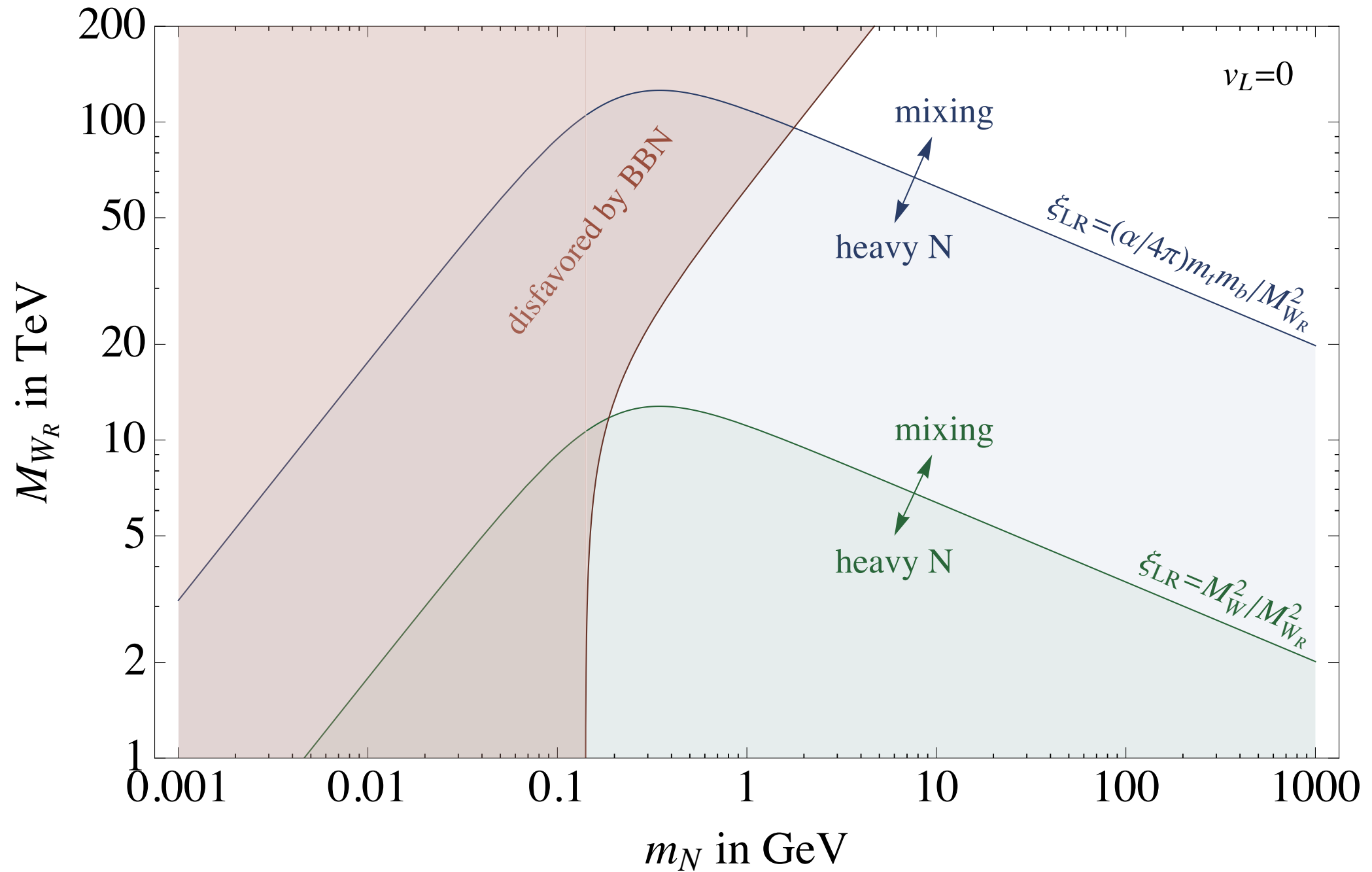
$$p \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$$

also

Chakraborty, Devi, Goswami, Patra '11

Barry, Rodejohann '13, Huang, Lopez-Pavon '13

Dominant contribution to $0\nu 2\beta$



gauge boson mixing

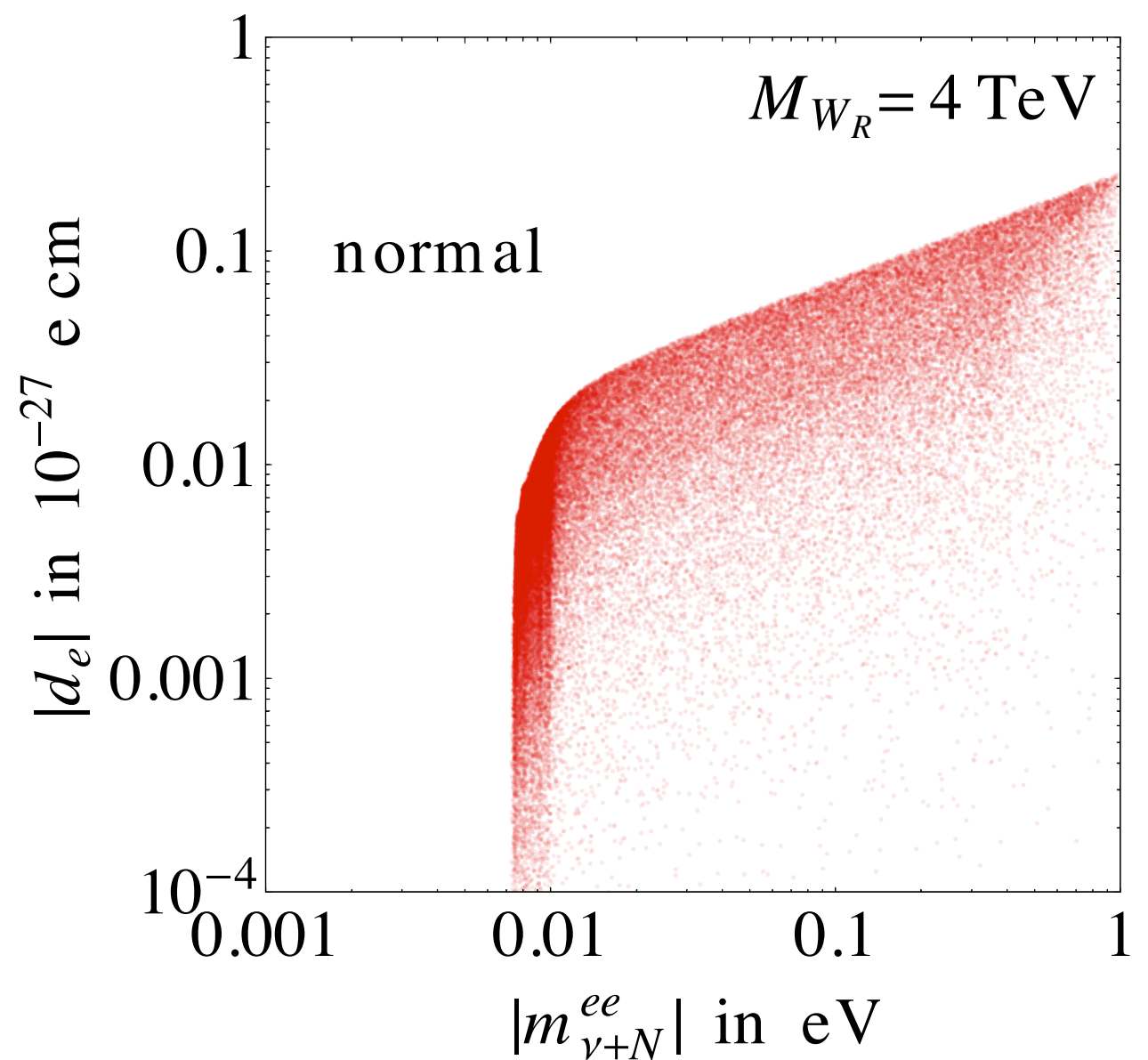
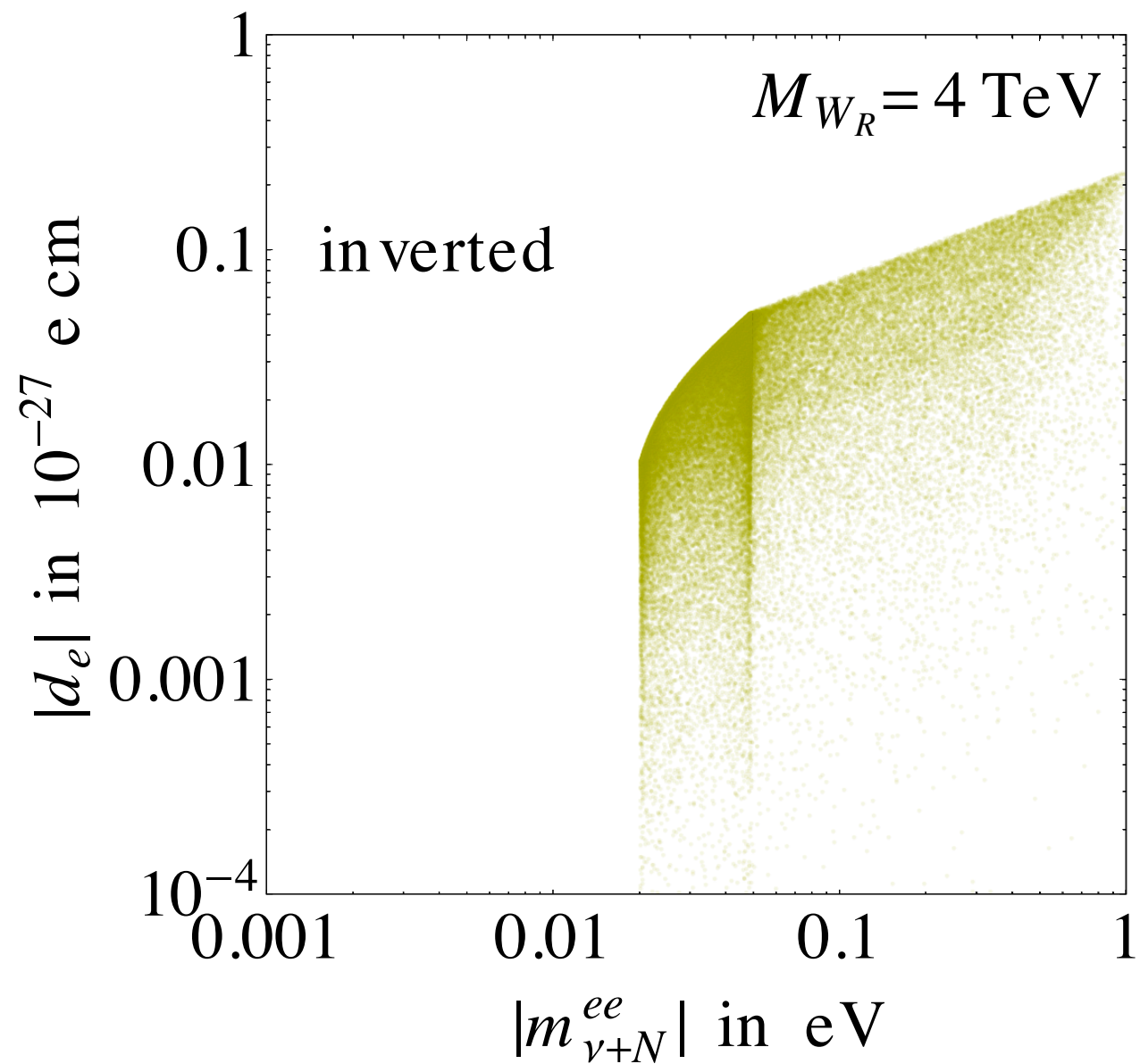
$$\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{m_t m_b}{M_{WR}^2} \lesssim |\xi_{LR}| \lesssim \frac{M_{WL}^2}{M_{WR}^2}$$

EDM vs. $0\nu 2\beta$

observed EDM $\rightsquigarrow 0\nu 2\beta$

MN, Tello, Senjanović '12

sensitive to Majorana CP phases



Conclusions

Complete theory of neutrino mass origin

see-saw disentangled and **Dirac mass** predicted

Higgs couplings as in the SM

gives direct testable relations

heavy **N** decay at the LHC

connects electron EDM, $0\nu 2\beta$ and X-ray in wDM

see talk by Bezrukov

Thank you