

Two-dimensional Fermi gases

Michael Köhl^{1,2}, L. A. Miller^{1,2}, E. C. Cocchi^{1,2}, J. Drewes¹, D. Pertot¹, M. Koschorreck¹, F. Brennecke¹

¹ *Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Wegelerstrasse 8, 53115 Bonn, Germany*

² *Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, JJ Thomson Avenue, Cambridge
CB30HE*

michael.koehl@uni-bonn.de

Systems of interacting Fermions are ubiquitous in nature. They exhibit fascinating phenomena like superconductivity, quantum magnetism, superfluidity of ^3He , and the anomalous rotation of neutron stars. Ultracold atomic Fermi gases allow for a particularly clean experimental realization of these quantum many-body systems and for addressing long-standing open questions. In this talk, we focus on situations in which the motion of particles is confined to two-dimensional layers. Such low-dimensional, interacting many-body systems bear subtle effects, which are not encountered in three dimensions. We will review our recent experiments regarding quasiparticle spectroscopy, spin diffusion measurements and in-situ observation of Mott-insulating domains.