

Introduction to Random Matrix Theory and its various applications

Outline of the course:

(1) Reminder of basic mathematical tools: Fourier transform, Laplace transform, Saddle point method, large deviation functions etc.

(2) Independent and identically distributed (IID) random variables: laws of averages, laws of extremes. Limiting laws for the distribution of maximum: universality classes: Gumbel, Frechet and Weibull distributions

(3) Brief historical introduction to RMT: applications

Discussion of basic properties of matrices, different random matrix ensembles, rotationally invariant ensembles such as Gaussian ensembles etc.

(4) Gaussian ensembles: derivation of the joint probability distribution of eigenvalues, starting from the joint distribution of matrix entries.

(5) Analysis of the spectral properties of eigenvalues: given the joint distribution of eigenvalues, how to calculate various observables such as:

- (i) Average density of eigenvalues ----Wigner semi-circle law
- (ii) Counting statistics, spacings between eigenvalues etc.
- (iii) Distribution of the extreme (maximum or minimum eigenvalues)

(6) Two complementary approaches to study spectral statistics: (a) Large N (for an $N \times N$ matrix) method by the Coulomb gas approach: saddle point method (b) finite N method: for Gaussian unitary ensemble: orthogonal polynomial method (essentially quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillators)

(7) Tracy-Widom distribution: prob. distribution of the top eigenvalue. Its appearance in a large number of problems, universality and an associated third order phase transition

(8) Perspectives and summary.

Suggested readings/references:

(1) "Random matrices"...book by M. L. Mehta (particularly the introduction)

- (2) ``Log-gases and Random matrices" ...book by P.J. Forrester
- (3) S.N. Majumdar, Les Houches lecture notes (Complex systems, 2006), arXiv/cond-mat/0701193
- (4) ``Extreme Value statistics of correlated random variables", lecture notes for the GGI (Florence, 2014) workshop by S.N. Majumdar (notes taken by a student A. Pal), arXiv: 1406.6768
- (5) S.N. Majumdar, a book chapter in ``Handbook of random matrix theory" ed. by G. Akemann et.al. arXiv: 1005.4515
- (6) A recent review: S.N. Majumdar and G. Schehr, ``Top eigenvalue of a random matrix: large deviations and third order phase transition", J. Stat. Mech. P01012 (2014), arXiv: 1311.0580
- (7) Review article by Y. V. Fyodorov, arXiv: 0412017
- (8) Review ``Random matrix theory of quantum transport" by C.W.J. Beenakker, Rev. of Mod. Phys. 69, 731 (1997).

See also two recent popular articles:

- (1) ``Equivalence Principle" by M. Buchanan, Nature Phys. 10, 543 (2014)

http://www.nature.com/nphys/journal/v10/n8/full/nphys3064.html?WT.ec_id=NPHYS-201408

- (2) ``At the far ends of a new universal law" by N. Wolchover, Quanta magazine (October, 2014)

<https://www.quantamagazine.org/20141015-at-the-far-ends-of-a-new-universal-law/>