

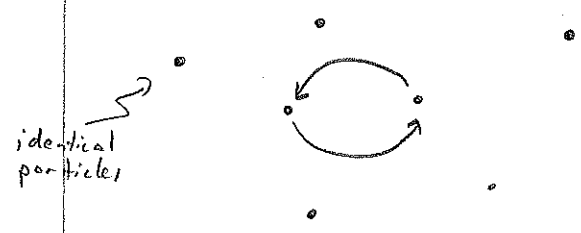
8-6-15

Majorana Models + Topo. SC's: Where we are + where we're headed

Outline

- I. Big Picture (non-Abelian anyons / TQC)
- II. Toy Models
 - A. Kitaev chain
 - B. 2D Topo. SC
- III. Experimental Blueprints
- IV. Majorana Detection
- V. Status + Future Milestones

Big Picture



Possible exchange statistics

$\Psi \rightarrow \pm \Psi$ (bosons/fermions; all elementary particles)

$\Psi \rightarrow e^{i\theta} \Psi$ (Abelian anyons)

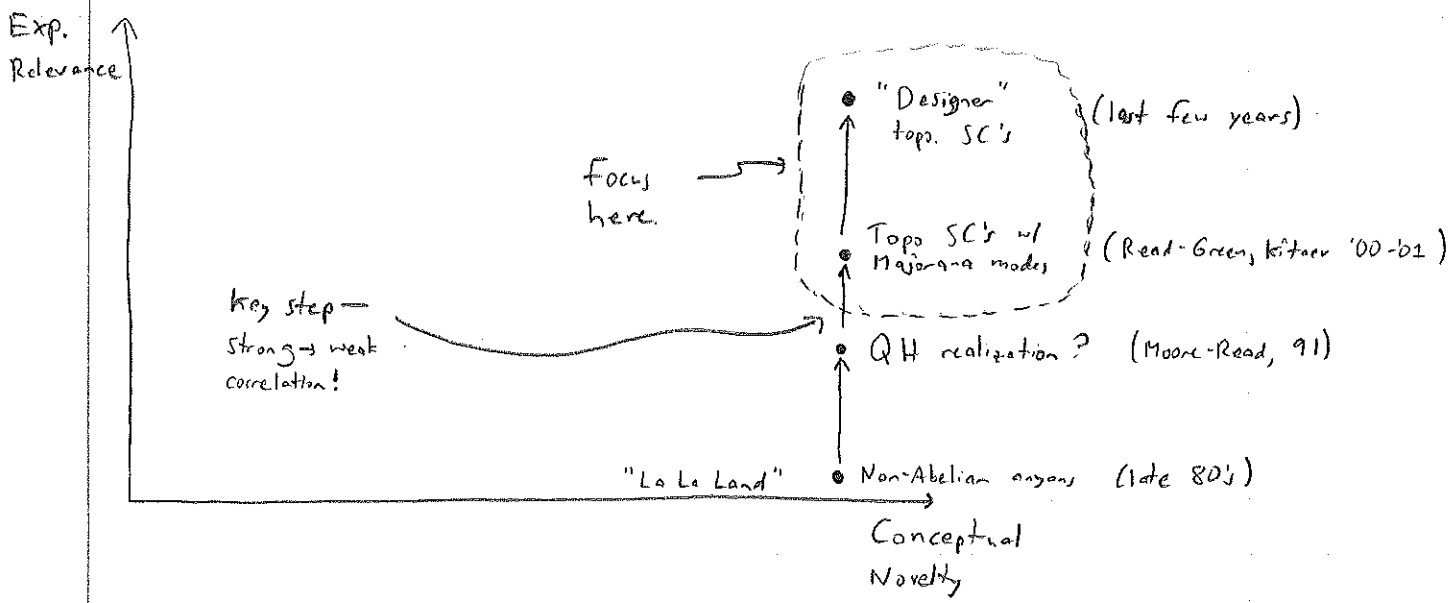
holy grail! \rightarrow $\Psi_i \rightarrow U_{ij} \Psi_j$ (non-Abelian anyons)

$\{\Psi_i\}$ = degenerate gd. sts. generated by anyons; locally indistinguishable!

U_{ij} = rotation w/in gd. st. manifold

Underlies "Topological Quantum Computation" (Kitaev)

"Fisher plot"



Toy Models I: Kitaev chain

Spinless fermions on N-site chain w/ P.B.C.'s (for now).

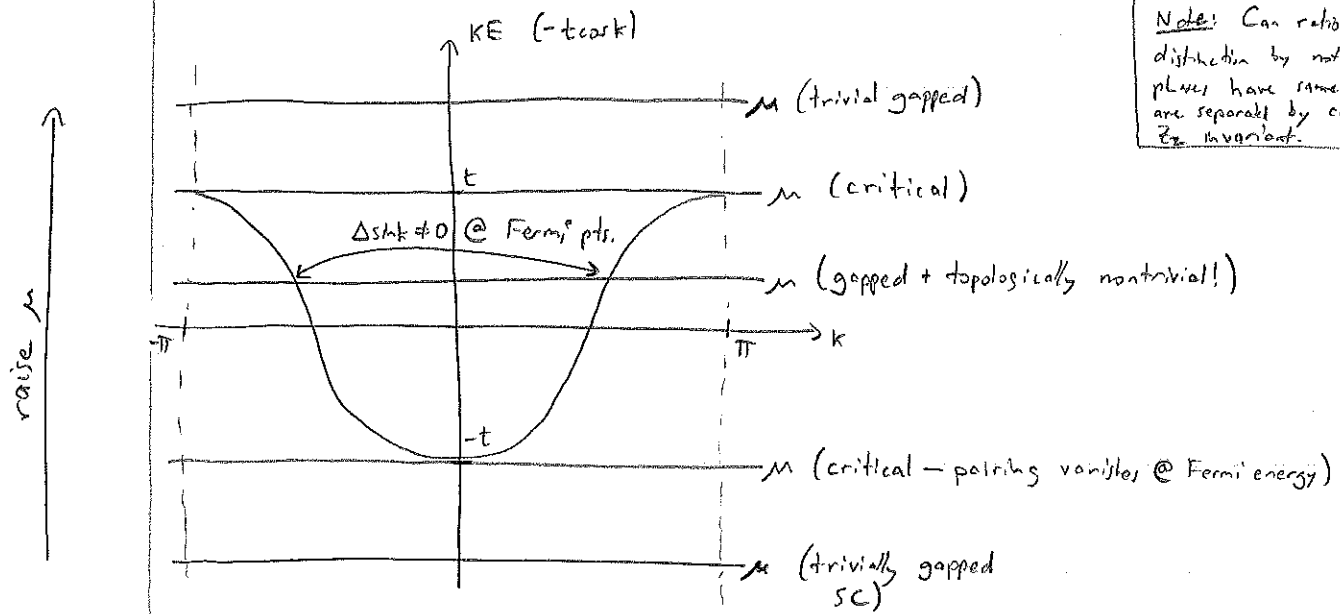


$$H = \sum_x \left[-\mu c_x^\dagger c_x - \frac{t}{2} (c_x^\dagger c_{x+2} + \Delta c_x c_{x+1} + h.c.) \right]$$

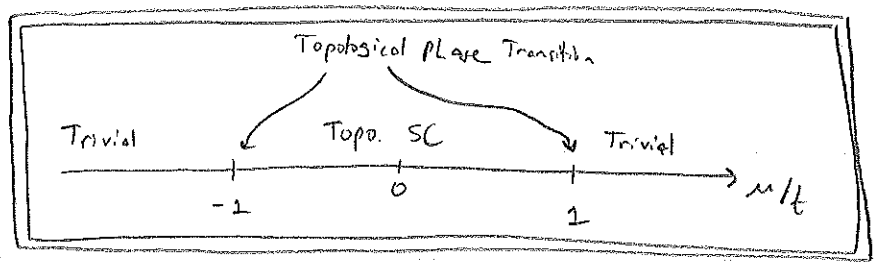
P.B.C. \Rightarrow go to k-space,

$$H = \sum_{k \in BZ} \left[(-\mu - t \cos k) c_k^\dagger c_k + \underbrace{\left(\frac{i\Delta}{2} \sin k c_k c_{-k} + h.c. \right)}_{\substack{\text{odd parity} \\ \text{(required by} \\ \text{spinlessness)}}} \right]$$

Phase Diagram as f² of μ ?



Note: Can rationalize topo distinction by noting that gapped phases have same symmetry, yet are separated by critical pt. Mention Z₂ invariant.



Want to explore universal properties of phases/transitions. Convenient to take

$\Delta = t$ hereafter.

$$\Rightarrow H = \sum_x \left[-m c_x^+ c_x - \frac{1}{2} t (c_x^+ + c_x)(c_{x+1} - c_{x+1}^+) \right]$$

hopping
pairing

Gapped phases

Take open B.C.'s now + use Majorana rep.:

$$c_x = \frac{1}{2} (\gamma_{B,x} + i\gamma_{A,x})$$

Majorana ops.
(only pairs have well-defined occupation #'s)

$$\gamma_\alpha = \gamma_\alpha^\dagger, \quad \gamma_\alpha^2 = \mathbb{I}$$

$$\{\gamma_\alpha, \gamma_{\alpha' \neq \alpha}\} = 0$$

(Majorana op. algebra — reproduces $c_x^2 = (c_x^\dagger)^2 = 0$,
 $\{c_x, c_{x'}^\dagger\} = \delta_{x,x'}$)

Note: this is always a legitimate rep. of any ordinary fermion op, like c_x . Does not however guarantee that a system supports Majorana-like excitations as we'll see!

Rewrite H:

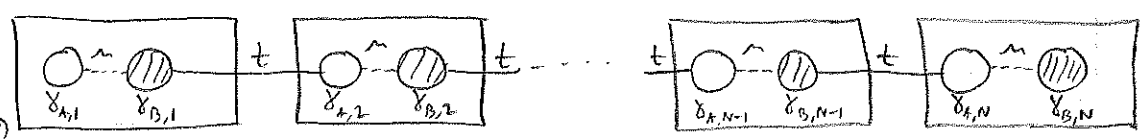
$$c_x^\dagger c_x = \frac{1}{4} (\gamma_{B,x} - i\gamma_{A,x})(\gamma_{B,x} + i\gamma_{A,x})$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (1 + 1 + i\gamma_{B,x}\gamma_{A,x} - i\gamma_{A,x}\gamma_{B,x})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1 + i\gamma_{B,x}\gamma_{A,x})$$

$$(c_x^\dagger + c_x)(c_{x+1} - c_{x+1}^\dagger) = i\gamma_{B,x}\gamma_{A,x+1}$$

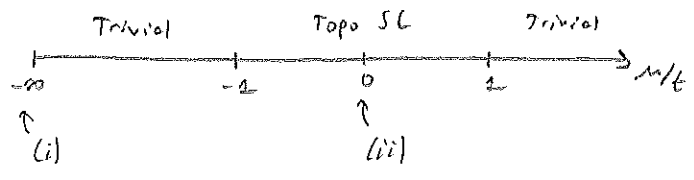
$$\Rightarrow H = -\frac{i}{2} \sum_x (m\gamma_{B,x}\gamma_{A,x} + t\gamma_{B,x}\gamma_{A,x+1})$$



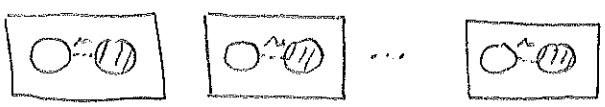
c_x fermion

Majorana chain w/ competing dimerizations $m, t!$

For revealing snapshots of gapped phases, examine 2 limits:



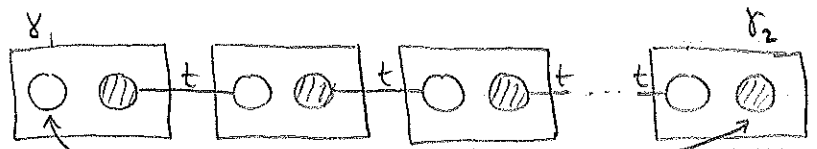
(i) $\mu < 0, t = 0$



Unique g.s. state. (Vacuum of c_x fermions.)

Trivial product state w/ no entanglement between sites.

(ii) $\mu = 0, t > 0$



unpaired Majorana ops - zero modes!

Several comments in order:

• $\gamma_1 = \frac{c_1 - c_1^\dagger}{i}, \gamma_2 = c_N + c_N^\dagger$. $[H, \gamma_{1,2}] = 0$

• Non-local fermion $d = \frac{\gamma_1 + i\gamma_2}{2}$ can be filled, empty w/ no energy cost.

\Rightarrow 2-fold topological g.s. state deg.!

$|0\rangle, d^\dagger|0\rangle \equiv |1\rangle$

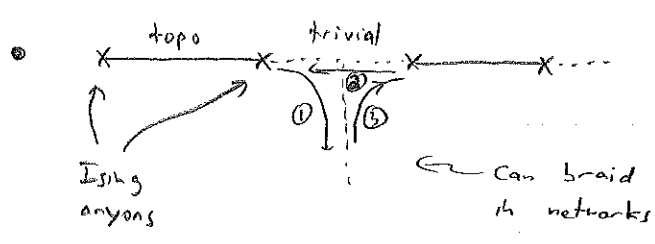
carry opposite fermion parity

[Very unusual - most SC's prefer even parity so that all e^- 's can pair. Excitation energy for unpaired e^- vanishes for topo. reasons here.]

• For $\mu \neq 0$ zero modes decay exponentially into bulk



- Deg. stable to local perturbations; no local measurement can distinguish gd. states. [contrast to deg. ↑, ↓ spin states]
- $\chi_{1,2}$ are not particles (or quasiparticles)!
- Ends of topo SC \cong "Ising non-Abelian anyons". Zero-modes are "internal" deg. of freedom that encode gd. state deg.

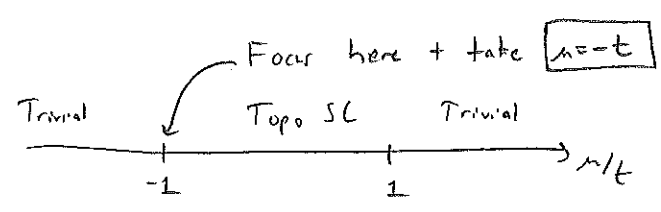


Each anyon pair gives 2 gd. states

$$\psi_i \rightarrow U_{ij} \psi_j$$

[Braids effectively exchange "half" of one fermion w/ "half" of another - hence nontriviality.]

Topo. Phase Transition



Low-energy physics @ criticality?

$$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow H_{\text{crit}} = \frac{-it}{2} \sum_x \left(-\gamma_{B,x} \gamma_{A,x} + \gamma_{B,x} \gamma_{A,x+1} \right) = \frac{-it}{2} \sum_x \gamma_{B,x} (\gamma_{A,x+1} - \gamma_{A,x})$$

$$\sim \frac{-it}{2} \int_x \gamma_B \partial_x \gamma_A$$

continuum limit

Write $\gamma_{A/B} = \gamma_R \pm \gamma_L \Rightarrow H_{crit} = \frac{-it}{2} \int_x (\gamma_R - \gamma_L) \partial_x (\gamma_R + \gamma_L)$

$$= \frac{-it}{2} \int_x (\gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_R - \gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_L + \underbrace{\gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_L - \gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_R}_{cancel})$$

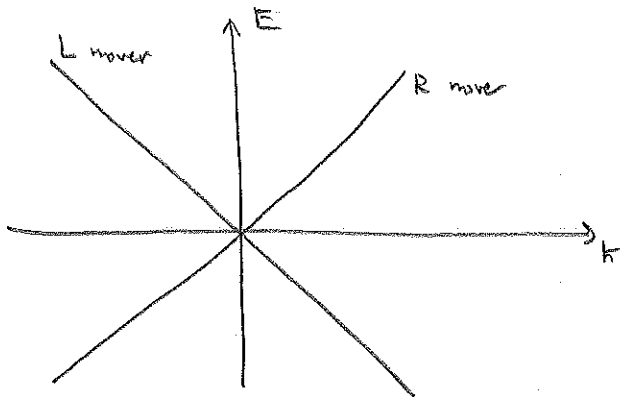
So we get $H_{crit} = \int_x (-iv \gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_R + iv \gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_L)$ ($v \propto t$)

chiral, gapless Majorana fermions!

Go to k-space: $\gamma_{R/L}(x) = \int_k e^{ikx} \gamma_{R/L}(k)$ [Implicitly thinking about P.B.C. again.]

Hermiticity $\Rightarrow \gamma_{R/L}(k) = \gamma_{R/L}^\dagger(-k)$ (*)

$\Rightarrow H_{crit} = \int_k [vk \gamma_R^\dagger(k) \gamma_R(k) - vk \gamma_L^\dagger(k) \gamma_L(k)]$



not distinct from $E > 0$ levels.

By (*), $E > 0$, ECD states not distinct!

\Rightarrow "half" of usual single-channel wire.

[can be made very precise; e.g., thermal transport exactly half that in a usual wire ($c = \frac{1}{2}$ vs. 1).]

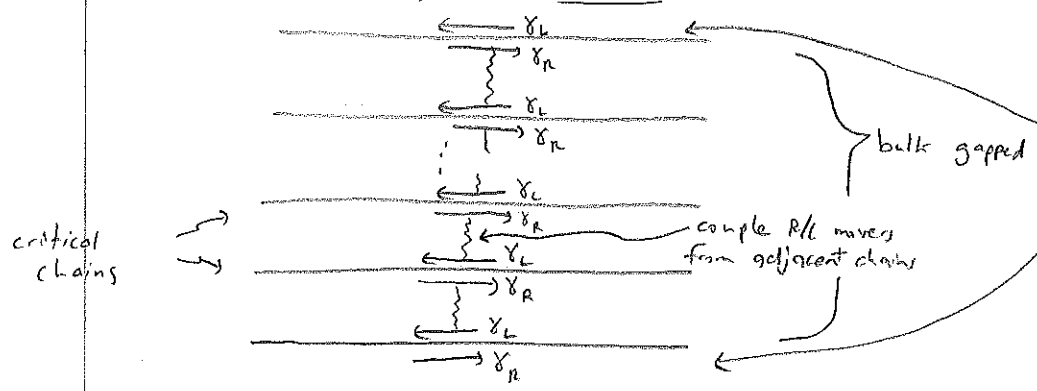
So Majorana physics in Kitaev chain appears in 2 ways:

- (i) Localized zero modes in top phase
- (ii) Gapped propagating deg. of freedom at criticality.

Toy Models II: 2D Topo. SC's

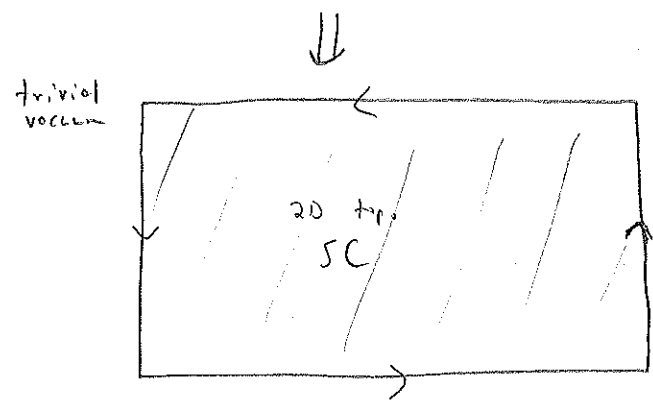
Build from array of critical Kitaev chains

[efficiently leverages our understanding of 1D case.]



unpaired chiral Majorana edge states!

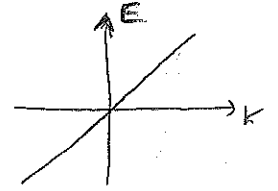
[hallmark of 2D topo SC. Note similarity to nontrivial dimerization in Kitaev chain.]



edge coord. chiral Majorana field

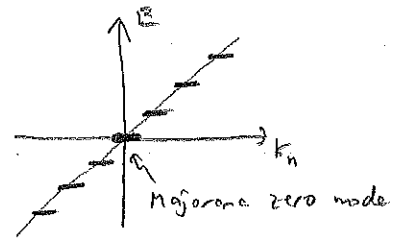
$$H_{\text{edge}} = \int dx (-iv \gamma \partial_x \gamma)$$

$$E = v k$$



Important Q: Spectrum for finite perimeter L?

i.e. is k quantized to (i) $k_n = \frac{2\pi}{L} n$ (PBC)

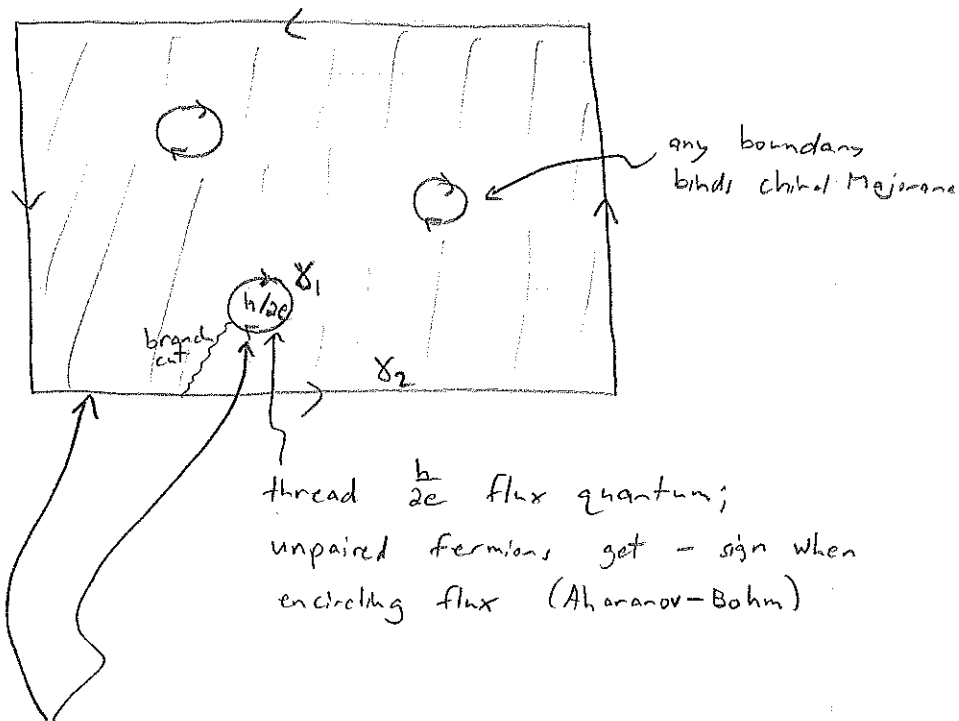


or

$$(ii) k_n = \frac{2\pi}{L} (n + \frac{1}{2}) \quad (\text{anti-PBC})$$

correct answer; PBC ruled out because you can't have just one Majorana zero mode! [Hilbert space wouldn't make sense.]

Drill holes:



Majorana B.C.'s shift from anti-periodic \rightarrow periodic!
 \Rightarrow zero modes $\gamma_1, \gamma_2!$

Lessons: (i) boundaries of 2D top SC host chiral Majorana fermions [causes of Majorana end-states in 1D]

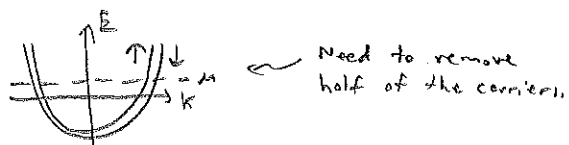
(ii) $\frac{h}{2e}$ flux localizes a Majorana zero mode [deeply related to (i)!]
 + i.e. forms Ising non-Abelian anyon

Experimental Blueprints

Wanted: "Spinless" 1D, 2D SC's \leftarrow [both harbor Ising anyons, albeit in different ways]

Challenges: (1) We live in 3D

(2) e^- 's carry spin



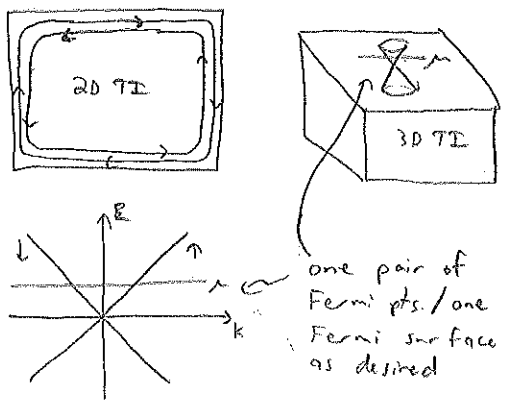
(3) Nearly all SC's arise from a singlet Cooper pairs.

Likely no "intrinsic" realizations in solid state - despite 1000's of known SC's!

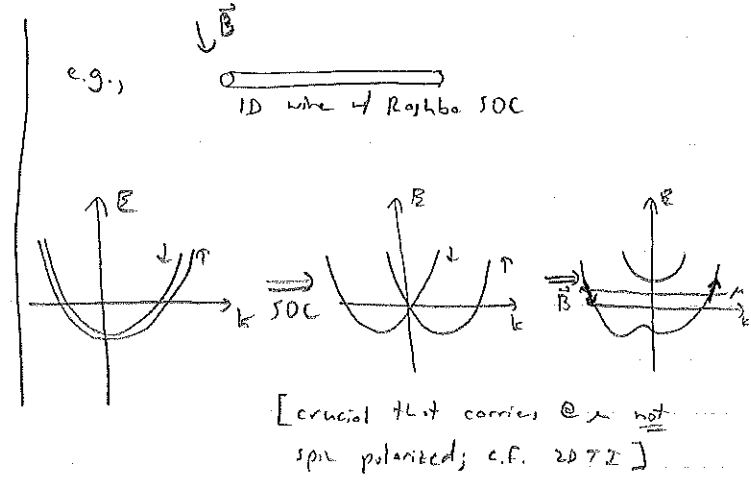
Can instead "engineer" topo. SC's! $O(100)$ papers revealing various strategies.
 Most follow a common recipe:

Step I

Use TI boundary



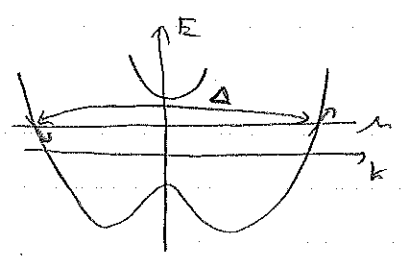
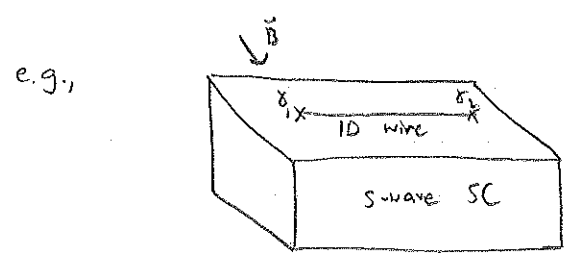
or Break J in low-D systems w/ SOC



Solves challenges 1, 2! [in a way that makes challenge 3 'easy']

Step II

Couple systems above to s-wave SC.



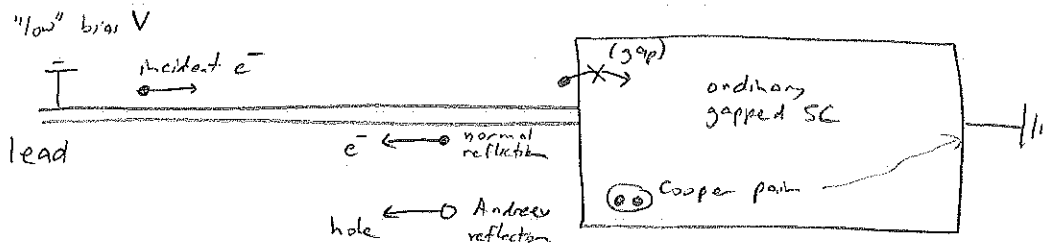
"proximity effect" drives 1D, 2D topo SC!!

Lots of expts followed, but first...

Majorana Detection

Focus on tunneling methods - most common so far.

Primer - SC tunneling as scattering problem



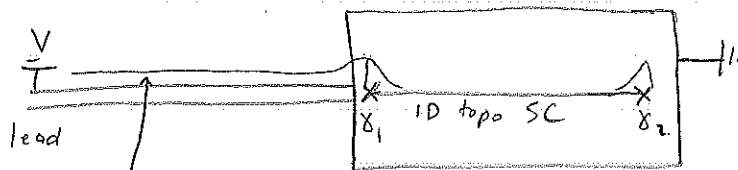
Conductance

$$G = \frac{dI}{dV} = 2 \times \frac{e^2}{h} \times (\text{Andreev ref. prob.})$$

↑ ↑
reflects conductance
pair injection quantum

Solve just like potential barrier scattering in intro QM
- get wavefn, extract normal/Andreev ref. coefficients.

Result for topo SC



δ_1 delocalizes into lead

[generic property of localized modes coupled to gapless deg. of freedom]

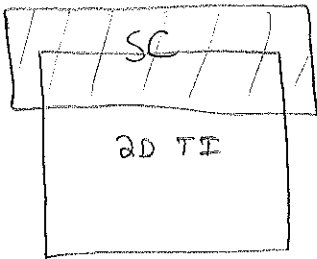
\Rightarrow low-energy wavefn acquire equal e^- /hole character

\Rightarrow Majorana-mediated "perfect Andreev reflection"!

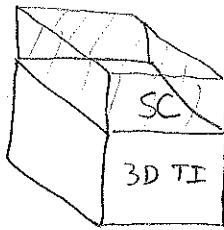
$$G = \frac{2e^2}{h} \quad (V \rightarrow 0)$$

Experimental Status

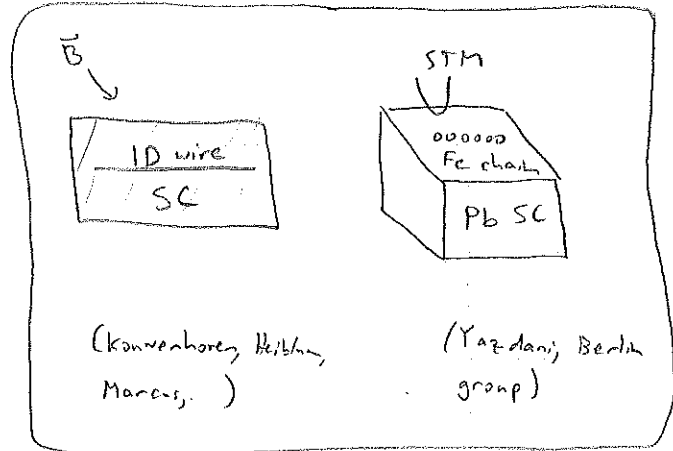
Devices built:



(Yacoby, Kouwenhoven, Du, ...)



(van Harlingen, Hasan, ...)



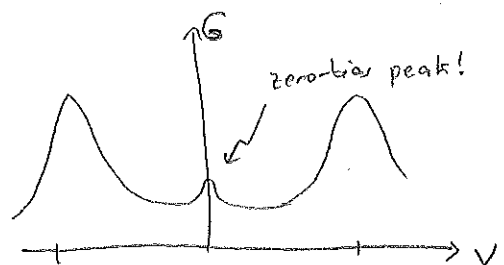
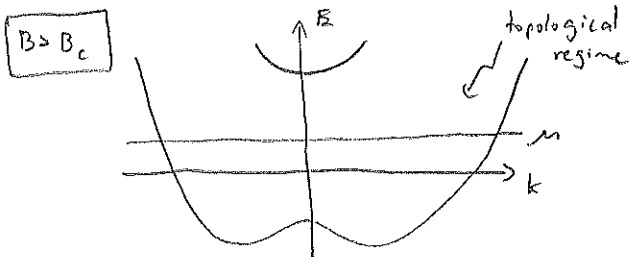
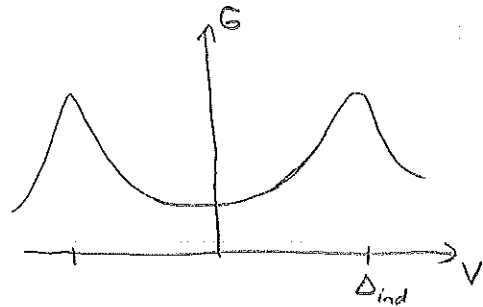
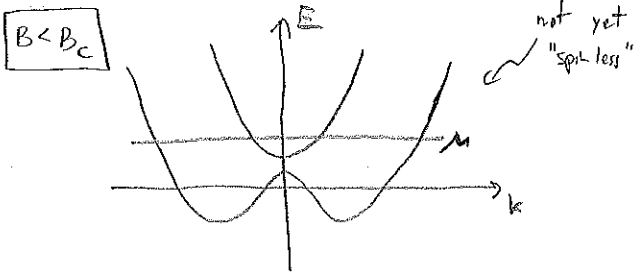
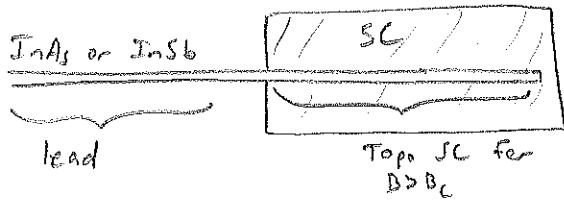
(Kouwenhoven, Heiblum, Marcus, ...)

(Yazdani, Bertaina group)

Majorana evidence via tunneling here.

ID wire expts

\vec{B} ↓

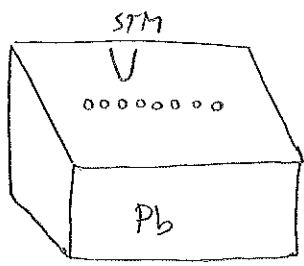


Consistent w/ Majorana zero-mode formation, but

- peak height far below $\frac{2e^2}{h}$
- no sign of phase transition
- other explanations proposed [but harder sell as device quality improves]

My take: analogous features in latest high quality devices likely of Majorana origin. Reasonable alternatives not obvious.

Fe chain expts



Huge virtue: spatial resolution of tunneling conductance.

Zero-bias peaks localized to edges.

Tantalizing Majorana evidence! Future exp/theory will be exciting.

Future Milestones

